

## MEETING AGENDA

## TUALATIN PLANNING COMMISSION

May 16, 2019; 6:30 p.m.
JUANITA POHL CENTER
8513 SW TUALATIN RD
TUALATIN, OR 97062

1. CALL TO ORDER \& ROLL CALL

Members: Bill Beers (Chair), Mona St. Clair, Alan Aplin, Travis Stout, and Janelle Thompson
Staff: Steve Koper, Planning Manager; Erin Engman, Associate Planner
2. APPROVAL OF MINUTES
A. Approval of April 18, 2019 TPC Minutes
3. COMMUNICATION FROM THE PUBLIC (NOT ON THE AGENDA) Limited to 3 minutes
4. ACTION ITEMS
A. Tualatin Service Center Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0002) and Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0002)
5. COMMUNICATION FROM CITY STAFF
6. FUTURE ACTION ITEMS
7. ANNOUNCEMENTS/PLANNING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION
8. ADJOURNMENT

## STAFF REPORT CITY OF TUALATIN

TO: Tualatin Planning Commissioners

FROM: Lynette Sanford, Office Coordinator
DATE: 05/16/2019

SUBJECT: Approval of April 18, 2019 TPC Minutes

ISSUE BEFORE TPC:

Attachments: TPC Minutes April 18, 2019

# City of Tualatin <br> www.tualatinoregon.gov 

UNOFFICIAL
TUALATIN PLANNING COMMISSION
MINUTES OF April 18, 2019
TPC MEMBERS PRESENT:
STAFF PRESENT
Bill Beers
Alan Aplin
Janelle Thompson
Steve Koper
Erin Engman
Travis Stout
Mona St. Clair
TPC Member Absent: Naomi White
GUESTS: None

1. CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL:

Mr. Beers called the meeting to order at 6:33 pm and reviewed the agenda. Roll call was taken.
2. ANNOUNCEMENTS/PLANNING COMMISSION COMMUNICATION:

## A. Introduction of new Planning Commissioner Naomi White

Steve Koper, Planning Manager, noted that we have a new Planning Commissioner, Naomi White. She was not present.

## 3. APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

Mr. Beers asked for approval of the March 21, 2019 TPC minutes. MOTION by Aplin SECONDED by Beers to approve the minutes as written. MOTION PASSED 5-0.
4. COMMUNICATION FROM THE PUBLIC (NOT ON THE AGENDA)

None

## 5. COMMUNICATION FROM CITY STAFF:

Erin Engman, Associate Planner, asked the Planning Commission to consider potential administrative amendments to land use procedures and application criteria from the Tualatin Development Code Chapters 32 and 33. Ms. Engman stated that identified potential code changes may form the basis for the Commission to make

These minutes are not verbatim. The meeting was recorded, and copies of the recording are retained for a period of one year from the date of the meeting and are available upon request.
recommendations on future on plan text amendments to City Council.
Ms. Engman stated that the development code modernization project included outreach efforts to applicants, which revealed that we do not have the best tools to proportionally size the application process to the scope of development projects. Our code lacks common exemptions to land use review and thresholds for application procedures are not clearly defined. Potential amendments to application exemptions and procedure thresholds is a small effort that will likely improve the customer service we deliver.

Ms. Engman presented the current land use review process and exceptions. Ms. Engman noted that a Type I procedure includes modification to previous architectural review approvals, Type II includes alteration to unimproved property, and Type III encompasses large-scale alterations to unimproved properties, which also requires Architectural Review Board (ARB) approval. Mr. Aplin asked for a recent example of a Type III approval. Ms. Engman responded that the Legacy Hospital expansion and the Majestic industrial building were the last two we reviewed. Ms. Engman added that an ARB decision is required for commercial buildings over 50,000 square feet, industrial buildings over 150,000 square feet, and new multifamily housing projects with 100 or more units.

Mr. Koper added that a Type I review does not include discretionary elements, yet sometimes it involves a Type II review due to the high thresholds in the code. Ms. Thompson asked if people are not submitting for projects due to the amount of paperwork involved. Ms. Engman replied that sometimes the work completed goes unpermitted. Mr. Koper added that the fees between Type I and Type II projects are substantial, which is frustrating to the public.

Ms. Engman noted that a Type II procedure is required for small improvements to unimproved property including the removal of more than four trees, any grading activity, minimal paving, and a new shed or storage building. Our code does not have flexible setback standards for accessory structures. Mr. Aplin asked if neighbor approval is required for retaining walls. Ms. Engman replied that it does not, but if a neighbor complains, code enforcement may get involved.

Mr. Beers inquired about the threshold for grading. Ms. Engman replied that Clean Water Services mandate grading. Their standards require review if you are within 200 feet of a wetland; an erosion control permit is required if you disturb more than 500 square feet of land.

Ms. St. Clair asked how the value of a project is determined regarding building permit fees. Ms. Engman responded that it is up to the applicant to determine.

Mr. Aplin stated that he believes most of the improvements discussed should require a simple review. Ms. Thompson inquired about the enforcement of projects completed. Mr. Koper replied that there is not a lot that filters back to us. In general, it is encouraged for neighbors to work things out.

Mr. Stout inquired about the percentage of Type 1 versus 2 and 3 reviews. Mr. Koper replied that the percentage is 5 to 1 .

Ms. St. Clair added that since the current code guidelines are frustrating, they should be revisited. Ms. Thompson added that she likes the idea of coming back with options and to explore comparisons with other cities.

It was determined that the direction is for staff to further explore the topic areas and return with draft code language and clarified exemptions.

## 5. FUTURE ACTION ITEMS

Mr. Koper stated that City Council voted to approve the Basalt Creek plan text and plan map amendments and the majority voted in favor to adopt the ordinance. Since the vote wasn't unanimous, the Council will return on April 22. A vote in favor will formally adopt the ordinance.

Mr. Koper commended Ms. St. Clair on her presentation of the TPC annual report to Council. Mr. Koper added that another part of the administrative amendment process is to increase visibility with the Council. Having a member of the Commission attend furthers the relationship.

Mr. Koper noted that we mailed Kenneth Ball a certificate to honor his service with the Planning Commission.

Mr. Koper stated that in June or July, we will be giving a formal update on the Tualatin 2040 project. Since the joint advisory meeting, we held 16 hour-long stakeholder interviews. A common theme included preference for a civic/performing arts space, a new City hall, and concerns regarding housing. Other topics of discussion were recreation, parks, trails, the downtown area, and the former Haggen's site.

Mr. Koper stated that there is an opportunity for continuing education. The Urbanism Next conference will be held on May 7-9. A session specifically for policy makers will conducted on May 7. If the Commissioners would like to attend, the City will cover the cost.

Mr. Koper noted that we have a vacancy on the Planning Commission. Our new Commission member, Naomi White, has not been attendance and we have been unsuccessful in contacting her. Ms. St. Clair offered to reach out.

## 8, ADJOURNMENT

MOTION by Thompson to adjourn the meeting at 7:30 pm.

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## STAFF REPORT <br> CITY OF TUALATIN

TO: Tualatin Planning Commissioners
FROM: Steve Koper, Planning Manager
Erin Engman, Associate Planner
DATE: 05/16/2019
SUBJECT: Tualatin Service Center Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0002) and Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0002)

## ISSUE BEFORE TPC:

The Planning Commission is asked to make a recommendation to the City Council on the Tualatin Service Center Plan Text and Plan Map Amendment applications.

## RECOMMENDATION:

Staff respectfully requests that the Planning Commission forward a recommendation of approval to the the City Council on the Tualatin Service Center Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0002) and Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0002).

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

## Proposal

- The subject proposal is a Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0001) and Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0001), which are quasi-judical amendments.
- The proposed amendments would update the Tualatin Comprehensive Plan (Map 9-1) and Development Code (Chapter 49).
- The applicant requests approval of a Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0002) that would add Government Offices and Public Works Storage Yard and Shop as Permitted uses in the Institutional Zone (IN).
- The applicant also requests approval of a Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0002) to change the zoning on an approximately 8.73 acre site is located on the northeast corner of Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue (10699 SW Herman Road) from Light Manufacturing (ML) to Institutional (IN).
-The subject site is presently developed with approximately four buildings, surface parking areas, and landscaping. Access is provided via one driveway located on Herman Road and two gated access points on 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue. The site is presently the home of the City's Public Works Department, and also supports the Street/Sewer/Storm, Water, and portions of the Engineering Division.
- The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of a government office building which would allow for the siting of a unified permitting and development services center on City-owned property. The building would house approximately 65 staff members
and would also be the future home of the City's Community Development Department (Planning and Building Divisions). Future structural and site development would be reviewed under a subsequent Architectural Review application.


## Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) Compliance

- Application of the Institutional Zone (IN) to the subject property has the theoretical potential to result in a "significant" impact as defined by Oregon Adminstrative Rules Chapter 660 Division 12 Section 0060, also known as the "Transportation Planning Rule" or TPR. The applicant proposes the addition of a "trip cap" which would limit fututure site development to not more than 80 additional PM "peak hour" trips, thereby satisfying the TPR by providing a mitigating measure that would result in the proposed amendments not having a "significant" impact. This trip cap provides more than enough trip generation for the site to accomodate the proposed service center addition.


## Compliance with Applicable Criteria

- As demonstrated within the attached Findings and Analysis, the proposed amendments comply with the the applicable criteria of: the Oregon Statewide Planning Goals; Oregon Administrative Rules; Metro Code; the Tualatin Comprehensive Plan; and, the Tualatin Development Code.


## Public Notice

- Notice of the proposed amendments was provided to the Oregon Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD), the required 35 days prior to the City Council public hearing. Notification of the upcoming City Council hearing was made consistent with Tualatin Development Code Section 32.240, which included: mailed notices to adjacent property owners, and published and posted notices.


## OUTCOMES OF DECISION:

A recommendation of approval of the proposed amendments (PTA-19-0002 and PMA-19-0002) to the City Council would support:

- An amendment to Chapter 49 (Institutional Zone (IN)) of the Tualatin Development Code to add Government Offices and Public Works Storage Yard and Shop as Permittted uses and a minor revision to locational standards relative to Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, a Permitted use, as well as several other minor text updates.
- An amendment to Map 9-1 of the Tualatin Comprehensive Plan to apply the Institutional Zone (IN) designation to the subject site.
- Future development of a a unifed permitting and development services center on City-owned property.


## ALTERNATIVES TO RECOMMENDATION:

The Planning Commission may alternatively:

- Recommend approval of the proposed amendments (PTA 19-0002 and PMA 19-0002) to the City Council with further amendments.
- Recommend dential of the proposed amendments (PTA 19-0002 and PMA 19-0002) to the City Council.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS:
N/A

Attachments: Findings and Analysis<br>Exhibit A - Proposed Amended Text - TDC Chapter 49<br>Exhibit B - Existing and Proposed Map 9-1<br>Exhibit C - Transportation Impact Analysis<br>Exhibit D - Transportation Planning Rule Analysis<br>Exhibit E - Metro Title 4 Map<br>Exhibit F - Metro Regional Freight Network Map

## City of Tualatin www.tualatinoregon.gov

May 16, 2019
Analysis and Findings for
PTA 19-0002 and PMA 19-0002


## I. INTRODUCTION

## A. Applicable Criteria

Applicable Statewide Planning Goals; Divisions 9 and 12 of the Oregon Administrative Rules; Title 4 of Metro Chapter 3.07 (Urban Growth Management Functional Plan); applicable Goals and Policies from the City of Tualatin Comprehensive Plan; applicable Sections of the City of Tualatin Development Code, including Section 33.070 (Plan Amendments).

## B. Project Description

The applicant also requests approval of a Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment (PTA 19-0002) that would add government offices and public works storage yard and shop as Permitted uses in the InstitutionalZone (IN). The applicant also requests approval of a Plan Map Amendment (PMA 19-0002) to change the zoning on an approximately 8.73 acre site is located on the northeast corner of Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue ( 10699 SW Herman Road) from Light Manufacturing (ML) to Institutional (IN).

The subject site is presently developed with approximately four buildings, surface parking areas, and landscaping. Access is provided via one driveway located on Herman Road and two gated access points on $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue. The site is presently the home of the City's Public Works Department, and also supports the Street/Sewer/Storm, Water, and portions of the Engineering Division.
The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of a government office building which would allow for the siting of a unified permitting and development services center on City-owned property. The building would house approximately 65 staff members and would also be the future home of the City's Community Development Department (Planning and Building Divisions). Future structural and site development would be reviewed under a subsequent Architectural Review application.

## C. Site Description and Surrounding Uses

Surrounding uses include a variety of industrial uses:
North: Light Manufacturing (ML)

- DOT Storage
- Ascentec Engineering

South: General Manufacturing (MG)

- Herman Road
- CFN Cardlock

West: Light Manufacturing (ML)

- $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue
- NW Metal Fab

East: Light Manufacturing (ML)

- Pacific Foods

Figure 1: Aerial view of subject site (highlighted)

D. Exhibit List

A: Draft amended Chapter 49 (Institutional Zone (IN)) text
B: Existing and proposed Community Plan (Map 9-1) excerpt
C: Transportation Impact Analysis (TIA)
D: Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) Analysis
E: Metro Title 4-Industrial and Other Employment Areas Map
F: Metro Regional Freight Map

## II. FINDINGS

## A. The following Oregon Statewide Planning Goals are applicable to the proposed amendments:

## Goal 1 - Citizen Involvement

To develop a citizen involvement program that insures the opportunity for citizens to be involved in all phases of the planning process.

## Finding:

Notice of the proposed amendments has been provided pursuant to Sections 32.240 and 33.070 . The Tualatin Planning Commission will hold a public meeting on May 16, 2019, and the City Council will hold a public hearing on the proposed amendments on June 10, 2019. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 1.

## Goal 2 - Land Use Planning

To establish a land use planning process and policy framework as a basis for all decision and actions related to use of land and to assure an adequate factual base for such decisions and actions.

## [...]

Finding:
The proposed amendments has been reviewed pursuant to the City's established land use planning process and procedures. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 2.

## Goal 5 - Open Spaces, Scenic and Historic Area, and Natural Resource

## Finding:

Applicability of Goal 5 to post-acknowledgment plan amendments is governed by OAR 660-023-0250. The proposed map amendments do not modify the acknowledged Goal 5 resource list, or a policy that addresses specific requirements of Goal 5 . The proposed amendments do not allow uses that would conflict with a particular Goal 5 resource site on an acknowledged resource list. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 5.

## Goal 6 - Air, Water and Land Resources Quality

## Finding:

The proposal does not affect policies associated with Goal 6 established by the Comprehensive Plan. As reported in the previous findings for Goal 5, the proposed Comprehensive Plan/Zoning Map Amendment will continue to preserve environmentally sensitive lands. The Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) regulates air, water and land with Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 401 Water Quality, Water Quality Certificate, State 303(d) listed waters, Hazardous Wastes, Clean Air Act (CAA), and Section 402 NPDES Construction and Stormwater Permits. The Oregon Department of State Lands and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers regulate jurisdictional wetlands and CWA Section 404 water of the state and the country respectively. Clean Water Services (SWC) coordinates storm water
management, water quality and stream enhancement projects throughout the city. Future development will still need to comply with these state, national and regional regulations and protections for air, water and land resources. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 6.

## Goal 7 - Areas Subject to Natural Disasters and Hazards

## Finding:

The proposed amendments do not affect policies associated with Goal 7 established by the Comprehensive Plan. Approval of the proposed amendments will not eliminate the requirement for future development to meet the requirements of the Chapters 70 and 72 of the Tualatin Development Code. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 7.

## Goal 9 - Economy of the State

To provide adequate opportunities throughout the state for a variety of economic activities vital to the health, welfare, and prosperity of Oregon's citizens.

## [...]

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of with government offices employing approximately 65 people, which will increase economic opportunities relative to the existing site development. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 9.

## Goal 11 - Public Facilities and Services

## Finding:

The subject site is adequately served by publicfacilitates and services. The development that would be facilitated by the proposed amendments is not anticipated to result in a "significant" impact to the transportation system. No amendments to the public facilities plans are necessary in order to accommodate the proposed map amendment. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 12.

## Goal 12 - Transportation

To provide and encourage a safe, convenient and economic transportation system.

## [...]

Goal 12 requires the provision and encouragement of a safe, convenient, multimodal and economic transportation system. The proposed amendments are consistent with the City's acknowledged policies and strategies for the provision of transportation facilitie s and services as required by Goal 12 the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR), the findings for which are found under Oregon Administrative Rules Chapter660, Division 12. The proposed amendments conform to Goal 12.
B. The following Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR) are applicable to the proposed amendments:

OAR Chapter 660, Division 9 (Economic Development)
660-009-0010
Application
[...]
(4) For a post-acknowledgement plan amendment under OAR chapter 660, division 18, that changes the plan designation of land in excess of two acres within an existing urban growth boundary from an industrial use designation to a non-industrial use designation, or another employment use designation to any other use designation, a city or county must address all applicable planning requirements, and:
(a) Demonstrate that the proposed amendment is consistent with its most recent economic opportunities analysis and the parts of its acknowledged comprehensive plan which address the requirements of this division; or
(b) Amend its comprehensive plan to incorporate the proposed amendment, consistent with the requirements of this division; or
(c) Adopt a combination of the above, consistent with the requirements of this division.
(5) The effort necessary to comply with OAR 660-009-0015 through 660-009-0030 will vary depending upon the size of the jurisdiction, the detail of previous economic development planning efforts, and the extent of new information on national, state, regional, county, and local economic trends. A jurisdiction's planning effort is adequate if it uses the best available or readily collectable information to respond to the requirements of this division.
(6) The amendments to this division are effective January 1, 2007. A city or county may voluntarily follow adopted amendments to this division prior to the effective date of the adopted amendments.

## [...]

## Finding:

Although the proposed amendment would change the plan designation of land in excess of two acres within an existing urban growth boundary from an industrial use designation (Light Manufacturing Zone (ML)) to a non-industrial use designation (Institutional Zone(IN)), the proposed amendments are otherwise consistent with the City's acknowledged comprehensive plan and would facilitate future development of government offices employing approximately 65 people, which willincreaseeconomic opportunities relative to the existing site development. The proposed amendments are consistent with these requirements.

OAR Chapter 660, Division 12 (Transportation Planning)
[...]
660-012-0060
Plan and Land Use Regulation Amendments
(1) If an amendment to a functional plan, an acknowledged comprehensive plan, or a land use regulation (including a zoning map) would significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility, then the local government must put in place measures as provided in section (2) of this rule, unless the amendment is allowed under section (3), (9) or (10) of this rule. A plan or land use regulation amendment significantly affects a transportation facility if it would:
(a) Change the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility (exclusive of correction of map errors in an adopted plan);
(b) Change standards implementing a functional classification system; or
(c) Result in any of the effects listed in paragraphs (A) through (C) of this subsection based on projected conditions measured at the end of the planning period identified in the adopted TSP. As part of evaluating projected conditions, the amount of traffic projected to be generated within the area of the amendment may be reduced if the amendment includes an enforceable, ongoing requirement that would demonstrably limit traffic generation, including, but not limited to, transportation demand management. This reduction may diminish or completely eliminate the significant effect of the amendment.
(A) Types or levels of travel or access that are inconsistent with the functional classification of an existing or planned transportation facility;
(B) Degrade the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility such that it would not meet the performance standards identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan; or
(C) Degrade the performance of an existing or planned transportation facility that is otherwise projected to not meet the performance standards identified in the TSP or comprehensive plan.
(2) If a local government determines that there would be a significant effect, then the local government must ensure that allowed land uses are consistent with the identified function, capacity, and performance standards of the facility measured at the end of the planning periodidentified in the adopted TSP through one or a combination of the remedies listed in (a) through (e) below, unless the amendment meets the balancing test in subsection (2)(e) of this section or qualifies for partial mitigation in section (11) of this rule. A local government using subsection (2)(e), section (3), section (10) or section (11) to approve an amendment recognizes that additional motor vehicle traffic congestion may result and that otherfacility providers would not be expected to provide additional capacity for motor vehicles in response to this congestion.
(a) Adopting measures that demonstrate allowed land uses are consistent with the planned function, capacity, and performance standards of the transportation facility.
(b) Amending the TSP or comprehensive plan to provide transportation facilities, improvements or services adequate to support the proposed land uses consistent with the requirements of this division; such amendments shall include a funding plan or mechanism consistent with section (4) or include an amendment to the transportation finance plan so that the facility, improvement, or service will be provided by the end of the planning period.
(c) Amending the TSP to modify the planned function, capacity or performance standards of the transportation facility.
(d) Providing other measures as a condition of development or through a development agreement or similar funding method, including, but not limited to, transportation system management measures or minor transportation improvements. Local governments shall, as part of the amendment, specify when measures or improvements provided pursuant to this subsection will be provided.
(e) Providing improvements that would benefit modes other than the significantly affected mode, improvements to facilities other than the significantly affected facility, or improvements at other locations, if:
(A) The provider of the significantly affected facility provides a written statement that the systemwide benefits are sufficient to balance the significant effect, even though the improvements would not result in consistency for all performance standards;
(B) The providers of facilities being improved at other locations provide written statements of approval; and
(C) The local jurisdictions where facilities are being improved provide written statements of approval.
(3) Notwithstanding sections (1) and (2) of this rule, a local government may approve an amendment that would significantly affect an existing transportation facility without assuring that the allowed land uses are consistent with the function, capacity and performance standards of the facility where:
(a) In the absence of the amendment, planned transportation facilities, improvements and services as set forth in section (4) of this rule would not be adequate to achieve consistency with the identified function, capacity or performance standard for that facility by the end of the planning period identified in the adopted TSP;
(b) Development resulting from the amendment will, at a minimum, mitigate the impacts of the amendment in a manner that avoids further degradation to the performance of the facility by the time of the development through one or a combination of transportation improvements or measures;
(c) The amendment does not involve property located in an interchange area as defined in paragraph (4)(d)(C); and
(d) For affected state highways, ODOT provides a written statement that the proposed funding and timing for the identified mitigation improvements or measures are, at a minimum, sufficient to avoid further degradation to the performance of the affected state highway. However, if a local government provides the appropriate ODOT regional office with written notice of a proposed amendment in a manner that provides ODOT reasonable opportunity to submit a written statement into the record of the local government proceeding, and ODOT does not provide a written statement, then the local government may proceed with applying subsections (a) through (c) of this section.
(4) Determinations under sections (1)-(3) of this rule shall be coordinated with affected transportation facility and service providers and other affected local governments.
(a) In determining whether an amendment has a significant effect on an existing or planned transportation facility under subsection (1)(c) of this rule, local governments shall rely on existing transportation facilities and services and on the planned transportation facilities, improvements and services set forth in subsections (b) and (c) below.
(b) Outside of interstate interchange areas, the following are considered planned facilities, improvements and services:
(A) Transportation facilities, improvements or services that are funded for construction or implementation in the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program or a locally or regionally adopted transportation improvement program or capital improvement plan or program of a transportation service provider.
(B) Transportation facilities, improvements or services that are authorized in a local transportation system plan and for which a funding plan or mechanism is in place or approved. These include, but are not limited to, transportation facilities, improvements or services for which: transportation systems development charge revenues are being collected; a local improvement district or reimbursement district has been established or will be established prior to development; a development agreement has been adopted; or conditions of approval to fund the improvement have been adopted.
(C) Transportation facilities, improvements or services in a metropolitan planning organization (MPO) area that are part of the area's federally-approved, financially constrained regional transportation system plan.
(D) Improvements to state highways that are included as planned improvements in a regional or local transportation system plan or comprehensive plan when ODOT provides a written statement that the improvements are reasonably likely to be provided by the end of the planning period.
(E) Improvements to regional and local roads, streets or other transportation facilities or services that are included as planned improvements in a regional or local transportation system plan or comprehensive plan when the local government(s) or transportation service provider(s) responsible for the facility, improvement or service provides a written statement that the facility, improvement or service is reasonably likely to be provided by the end of the planning period.
(c) Within interstate interchange areas, the improvements included in (b)(A)-(C) are considered planned facilities, improvements and services, except where:
(A) ODOT provides a written statement that the proposed funding and timing of mitigation measures are sufficient to avoid a significant adverse impact on the Interstate Highway system, then local governments may also rely on the improvements identified in paragraphs (b)(D) and (E) of this section; or
(B) There is an adopted interchange area management plan, then local governments may also rely on the improvements identified in that plan and which are also identified in paragraphs (b)(D) and (E) of this section.
(d) As used in this section and section (3):
(A) Planned interchange means new interchanges and relocation of existing interchanges that are authorized in an adopted transportation system plan or comprehensive plan;
(B) Interstate highway means Interstates 5, 82, 84, 105, 205 and 405; and
(C) Interstate interchange area means:
(i) Property within one-quarter mile of the ramp terminal intersection of an existing or planned interchange on an Interstate Highway; or
(ii) The interchange area as defined in the Interchange Area Management Plan adopted as an amendment to the Oregon Highway Plan.
(e) For purposes of this section, a written statement provided pursuant to paragraphs (b)(D), (b)(E) or (c)(A) provided by ODOT, a local government or transportation facility provider, as appropriate, shall be conclusive in determining whether a transportation facility, improvement or service is a planned transportation facility, improvement or service. In the absence of a written statement, a local government can only rely upon planned transportation facilities, improvements and services identified in paragraphs (b)(A)-(C) to determine whether there is a significant effect that requires application of the remedies in section (2).
(5) The presence of a transportation facility or improvement shall not be a basis for an exception to allow residential, commercial, institutional or industrial development on rural lands under this division or OAR 660-004-0022 and 660-004-0028.
(6) In determining whether proposed land uses would affect or be consistent with planned transportation facilities as provided in sections (1) and (2), local governments shall give full credit for potential reduction in vehicle trips for uses located in mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly centers, and neighborhoods as provided in subsections (a)-(d) below;
(a) Absent adopted local standards or detailed information about the vehicle trip reduction benefits of mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly development, local governments shall assume that uses located within a mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly center, or neighborhood, will generate $10 \%$ fewer daily and peak hour trips than are specified in available published estimates, such as those provided by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual that do not spe cifically account for the effects of mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly development. The $10 \%$ reduction allowed for by this section shall be available only if uses which rely solely on auto trips, such as gas stations, car washes, storage facilities, and motels are prohibited;
(b) Local governments shall use detailed or local information about the trip reduction benefits of mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly development where such information is available and presented to the local government. Local governments may, based on such information, allow reductions greater than the $10 \%$ reduction required in subsection (a) above;
(c) Where a local government assumes or estimates lower vehicle trip generation as provided in subsection (a) or (b) above, it shall assure through conditions of approval, site plans, or approval standards that subsequent development approvals support the development of a mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly center or neighborhood and provide for on-site bike and pedestrian connectivity and access to transit as provided for in OAR 660-012-0045(3) and (4). The provision of on-site bike and pedestrian connectivity and access to transit may be accomplished through application of acknowledged ordinance provisions which comply with 660-012-0045(3) and (4) or through conditions of approval or findings adopted with the plan amendment that assure compliance with these rule requirements at the time of development approval; and
(d) The purpose of this section is to provide an incentive for the designation and implementation of pedestrian-friendly, mixed-use centers and neighborhoods by lowering the regulatory barriers to plan amendments which accomplish this type of development. The actual trip reduction benefits of mixeduse, pedestrian-friendly development will vary from case to case and may be somewhat higher or lower than presumed pursuant to subsection (a) above. The Commission concludes that this assumption is warranted given general information about the expected effects of mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly development and its intent to encourage changes to plans and development
patterns. Nothing in this section is intended to affect the application of provisions in local plans or ordinances which provide for the calculation or assessment of systems development charges or in preparing conformity determinations required under the federal Clean Air Act.
(7) Amendments to acknowledged comprehensive plans and land use regulations which meet all of the criteria listed in subsections (a)-(c) below shall include an amendment to the comprehensive plan, transportation system plan the adoption of a local street plan, access management plan, future street plan or other binding local transportation plan to provide for on-site alignment of streets or accessways with existing and planned arterial, collector, and local streets surrounding the site as necessary to implement the requirements in OAR 660-012-0020(2)(b) and 660-012-0045(3):
(a) The plan or land use regulation amendment results in designation of two or more acres of land for commercial use;
(b) The local government has not adopted a TSP or local street plan which complies with OAR 660-012-0020(2)(b) or, in the Portland Metropolitan Area, has not complied with Metro's requirement for street connectivity as contained in Title 6, Section 3 of the Urban Growth Management Functional Plan; and
(c) The proposed amendment would significantly affect a transportation facility as provided in section (1).
(8) A "mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly center or neighborhood" for the purposes of this rule, means:
(a) Any one of the following:
(A) An existing central business district or downtown;
(B) An area designated as a central city, regional center, town center or main street in the Portland Metro 2040 Regional Growth Concept;
(C) An area designated in an acknowledged comprehensive plan as a transit oriented development or a pedestrian district; or
(D) An area designated as a special transportation area as provided for in the Oregon Highway Plan.
(b) An area other than those listed in subsection (a) above which includes or is planned to include the following characteristics:
(A) A concentration of a variety of land uses in a well-defined area, including the following:
(i) Medium to high density residential development (12 or more units per acre);
(ii) Offices or office buildings;
(iii) Retail stores and services;
(iv) Restaurants; and
(v) Public open space or private open space which is available for public use, such as a park or plaza.
(B) Generally include civic or cultural uses;
(C) A core commercial area where multi-story buildings are permitted;
(D) Buildings and building entrances oriented to streets;
(E) Street connections and crossings that make the center safe and conveniently accessible from adjacent areas;
(F) A network of streets and, where appropriate, accessways and major driveways that make it attractive and highly convenient for people to walk between uses within the center or neighborhood, including streets and major driveways within the center with wide sidewalks and other features, including pedestrian-oriented street crossings, street trees, pedestrian-scale lighting and on-street parking;
(G) One or more transit stops (in urban areas with fixed route transit service); and
(H) Limit or do not allow low-intensity or land extensive uses, such as most industrial uses, automobile sales and services, and drive-through services.
(9) Notwithstanding section (1) of this rule, a local government may find that an amendment to a zoning map does not significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility if all of the following requirements are met.
(a) The proposed zoning is consistent with the existing comprehensive plan map designation and the amendment does not change the comprehensive plan map;
(b) The local government has an acknowledged TSP and the proposed zoning is consistent with the TSP; and
(c) The area subject to the zoning map amendment was not exempted from this rule at the time of an urban growth boundary amendment as permitted in OAR 660-024-0020(1)(d), or the area was exempted from this rule but the local government has a subsequently acknowledged TSP amendment that accounted for urbanization of the area.
(10) Notwithstanding sections (1) and (2) of this rule, a local government may amend a functional plan, a comprehensive plan or a land use regulation without applying performance standards related to motor vehicle traffic congestion (e.g. volume to capacity ratio or V/C), delay or travel time if the amendment meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section. This section does not exempt a proposed amendment from other transportation performance standards or policies that may apply including, but not limited to, safety for all modes, network connectivity for all modes (e.g. sidewalks, bicycle lanes) and accessibility for freight vehicles of a size and frequency required by the development.
(a) A proposed amendment qualifies for this section if it:
(A) Is a map or text amendment affecting only land entirely within a multimodal mixed-use area (MMA); and
(B) Is consistent with the definition of an MMA and consistent with the function of the MMA as described in the findings designating the MMA.
(b) For the purpose of this rule, "multimodal mixed-use area" or "MMA" means an area:
(A) With a boundary adopted by a local government as provided in subsection (d) or (e) of this section and that has been acknowledged;
(B) Entirely within an urban growth boundary;
(C) With adopted plans and development regulations that allow the uses listed in paragraphs (8)(b)(A) through (C) of this rule and that require new development to be consistent with the characteristics listed in paragraphs (8)(b)(D) through (H) of this rule;
(D) With land use regulations that do not require the provision of off-street parking, or regulations that require lower levels of off-street parking than required in other areas and allow flexibility to meet the parking requirements (e.g. count on-street parking, allow long-term leases, allow shared parking); and
(E) Located in one or more of the categories below:
(i) At least one-quarter mile from any ramp terminal intersection of existing or planned interchanges;
(ii) Within the area of an adopted Interchange Area Management Plan (IAMP) and consistent with the IAMP; or
(iii) Within one-quarter mile of a ramp terminal intersection of an existing or planned interchange if the mainline facility provider has provided written concurrence with the MMA designation as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
(c) When a mainline facility provider reviews an MMA designation as provided in subparagraph (b)(E)(iii) of this section, the provider must consider the factors listed in paragraph (A) of this subsection.
(A) The potential for operational or safety effects to the interchange area and the mainline highway, specifically considering:
(i) Whether the interchange area has a crash rate that is higher than the statewide crash rate for similarfacilities;
(ii) Whether the interchange area is in the top ten percent of locations identified by the safety priority index system (SPIS) developed by ODOT; and
(iii) Whether existing or potential future traffic queues on the interchange exit ramps extend onto the mainline highway or the portion of the ramp needed to safely accommodate deceleration.
(B) If there are operational or safety effects as described in paragraph (A) of this subsection, the effects may be addressed by an agreement between the local government and the facility provider regarding traffic management plans favoring traffic movements away from the interchange, particularly those facilitating clearing traffic queues on the interchange exit ramps.
(d) A local government may designate an MMA by adopting an amendment to the comprehensive plan or land use regulations to delineate the boundary following an existing zone, multiple existing zones, an urban renewal area, other existing boundary, or establishing a new boundary. The designation must be accompanied by findings showing how the area meets the definition of an MMA. Designation of an MMA is not subject to the requirements in sections (1) and (2) of this rule.
(e) A local government may designate an MMA on an area where comprehensive plan map designations or land use regulations do not meet the definition, if all of the other elements meet the definition, by concurrently adopting comprehensive plan or land use regulation amendments necessary to meet the definition. Such amendments are not subject to performance standards related to motor vehicle traffic congestion, delay or travel time.
(11) A local government may approve an amendment with partial mitigation as provided in section (2) of this rule if the amendment complies with subsection (a) of this section, the amendment meets the balancing test in subsection (b) of this section, and the local government coordinates as provided in subsection (c) of this section.
(a) The amendment must meet paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subsection or meet paragraph (D) of this subsection.
(A) Create direct benefits in terms of industrial or traded-sector jobs created or retained by limiting uses to industrial or traded-sector industries.
(B) Not allow retail uses, except limited retail incidental to industrial or traded sector development, not to exceed five percent of the net developable area.
(C) For the purpose of this section:
(i) "Industrial" means employment activities generating income from the production, handling or distribution of goods including, but not limited to, manufacturing, assembly, fabrication, processing, storage, logistics, warehousing, importation, distribution and transshipment and research and development.
(ii) "Traded-sector" means industries in which member firms sell their goods or services into markets for which national or international competition exists.
(D) Notwithstanding paragraphs (A) and (B) of this subsection, an amendment complies with subsection (a) if all of the following conditions are met:
(i) The amendment is within a city with a population less than 10,000 and outside of a Metropolitan Planning Organization.
(ii) The amendment would provide land for "Other Employment Use" or "Prime Industrial Land" as those terms are defined in OAR 660-009-0005.
(iii) The amendment is located outside of the Willamette Valley as defined in ORS 215.010.
(E) The provisions of paragraph (D) of this subsection are repealed on January 1, 2017.
(b) A local government may accept partial mitigation only if the local government determines that the benefits outweigh the negative effects on local transportation facilities and the local government receives from the provider of any transportation facility that would be significantly affected written concurrence that the benefits outweigh the negative effects on their transportation facilities. If the amendment significantly affects a state highway, then ODOT must coordinate with the Oregon Business Development Department regarding the economic and job creation benefits of the proposed amendment as defined in subsection (a) of this section. The requirement to obtain concurrence from a provider is satisfied if the local government provides notice as required by subsection (c) of this section and the provider does not respond in writing (either concurring or non-concurring) within forty-five days.
(c) A local government that proposes to use this section must coordinate with Oregon Business Development Department, Department of Land Conservation and Development, area commission on transportation, metropolitan planning organization, and transportation providers and local governments directly impacted by the proposal to allow opportunities for comments on whether the
proposed amendment meets the definition of economic development, how it would affect transportation facilities and the adequacy of proposed mitigation. Informal consultation is encouraged throughout the process starting with pre-application meetings. Coordination has the meaning given in ORS 197.015 and Goal 2 and must include notice at least 45 days before the first evidentiary hearing. Notice must include the following:
(A) Proposed amendment.
(B) Proposed mitigating actions from section (2) of this rule.
(C) Analysis and projections of the extent to which the proposed amendment in combination with proposed mitigating actions would fall short of being consistent with the function, capacity, and performance standards of transportation facilities.
(D) Findings showing how the proposed amendment meets the requirements of subsection (a) of this section.
(E) Findings showing that the benefits of the proposed amendment outweigh the negative effects on transportation facilities.

## [...]

## Finding:

As identified in the provided Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) analysis, the trip generation potential for the existing zoning (ML) and proposed zoning (IN) was calculated using site redevelopment assumptions for a reasonable worst-case use and ITE trip generation rates. Applying the reasonable worst case scenario to the subject site, the proposed Plan Map Amendment (from ML to IN) would have the potential to add an increase of approximately 155 (219-64) p.m. peak hour vehicle trips, which would potentially create a significant effect on the transportation system.

In order to mitigate for this potential effect, the applicant proposes a trip cap with the amendments that would limit site trips and not further degrade the transportation system. The provided TPR analysis indicates that a trip cap of 80 p.m. peak hour trips would result in the proposed amendment not having a significant effect on the transportation system. Subject to imposition of the aforementioned trip cap, these criteria are met.
C. The following Chapter and Titles of Metro Code are applicable to the proposed amendments:

Chapter 3.07, Urban Growth Management Functional Plan
[...]
Title 4: Industrial and Other Employment Areas
[...]
3.07.450 Employment and Industrial Areas Map
(a) The Employment and Industrial Areas Map is the official depiction of the boundaries of Regionally Significant Industrial Areas, Industrial Areas and Employment Areas.
[...]
(c) A city or county may amend its comprehensive plan or zoning regulations to change its designation of land on the Employment and Industrial Areas Map in order to allow uses not allowed by this title upon a demonstration that:
(1) The property is not surrounded by land designated on the map as Industrial Area, Regionally

Significant Industrial Area or a combination of the two;

## Finding:

The subject site is adjacent to Herman Road to the south, south of which is railroad right-of-way, and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue to the west and is therefore not "surrounding" by properties designated as Industrial or Regionally Significant Industrial Area. This criterion is met.
(2) The amendment will not reduce the employment capacity of the city or county;

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of government offices employing approximately 65 people, which will increase the employment capacity of the subject site and the City overall. This criterion is met.
(3) If the map designates the property as Regionally Significant Industrial Area, the subject property does not have access to specialized services, such as redundant electrical power or industrial gases, and is not proximate to freight loading and unloading facilities, such as trans-shipment facilities;

## Finding:

The site is designated as Industrial not Regionally Significant Industrial Area. This criterion is not applicable.
(4) The amendment would not allow uses that would reduce off-peak performance on Main Roadway Routes and Roadway Connectors shown on the Regional Freight Network Map in the RTP below volume-to capacity standards in the plan, unless mitigating action is taken that will restore performance to RTP standards within two years after approval of uses;

## [...]

Finding:
Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue are not designated as Main Roadway Routes or Roadway Connectors on the Regional Freight Network Map. This criterion is not applicable.
(6) If the map designates the property as Regionally Significant Industrial Area, the property subject to the amendment is ten acres or less; if designated Industrial Area, the property subject to the amendment is 20 acres or less; if designated Employment Area, the property subject to the amendment is 40 acres or less.

## [...]

Finding:
The subject site is a less than 20 acre site, designated as Industrial on the Employment and Industrial Areas Map. This criterion is met.

## D. The following Chapters of the Tualatin Comprehensive Plan are applicable to the proposed amendments:

Chapter 9. Plan Map

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would apply the IN designation to the subject site and amend Community Plan Map 9-1. This objective is met.

## Chapter 11. Transportation

## Section 11.610. Transportation Goals and Objectives

## (2) Goal 1: Mobility and access

Maintain and enhance the transportation system to reduce travel times, provide travel-time reliability, provide a functional and smooth transportation system, and promote access for all users.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments have been determined to be in compliance with OAR Chapter 660 Division 12 and therefore, comply with the above goal. This objective is met.
(3) Goal 2: Safety, improve safety for all users, all modes, all ages, and all abilities within the City of Tualatin.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would not impact safety relative to the transportation system. The provided transportation analysis demonstrates that the government office use would not negatively impact road users in the vicinity of the subject site. This objective is met.
(4) Goal 3: Vibrant Community. Allow for a variety of alternative transportation choices for citizens of and visitors to Tualatin to support a high quality of life and community livability.

Finding:
The proposed amendments would facilitate development of a government office on the subject site, which would support alternative transportation options by providing bicycle parking areas and spaces for vanpools. This objective is met.
(5) Goal 4: Equity. Consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from potential transportation options, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments do not reflect a significant change to the existing transportation system and rather have been determined to be in compliance with the City's existing TSP, which is reflective of this
goal. Further, all transportation and pedestrian facilities will comply with accessibility requirements upon construction. This objective is met.
(6) Goal 5: Economy. Support local employment, local businesses, and a prosperous community while recognizing Tualatin's role in the regional economy.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of government offices employing approximately 65 people, which will increase the employment capacity of the subject site and the City overall. These employees will support local businesses as well as provide permitting services to local businesses helping to support the overall prosperity of the community. This objective is met.
(7) Goal 6: Health/Environment. Provide active transportation options to improve the health of citizens in Tualatin. Ensure that transportation does not adversely affect publichealth or the environment.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments identify a transportation system, including streets, pedestrian and bicycle facilities. Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue both have both sidewalks and bike lanes. This objective is met.
(8) Goal 7: Ability to Be Implemented. Promote potential options that are able to be implemented because they have community and political support and are likely to be funded.

## Finding:

The proposed amendments would facilitate future development of government offices employing approximately 65 people, for which a plan and budget have been developed. This objective is met.

## E. The following Chapters of the Tualatin Development Code are applicable to the proposed amendments:

## Chapter 33: Applications and Approval Criteria

## Section 33.070 Plan Amendments

[...]
(2) Applicability. Quasi-judicial amendments may be initiated by the City Council, the City staff, or by a property owner or person authorized in writing by the property owner. Legislative amendments may only be initiated by the City Council.

## Finding:

A Plan Text Amendment and Plan Text Amendment are proposed. This proposal is quasi-judicial in nature and therefore has been processed consistent with the Type IV-A procedures in Chapter 32. This criterion is met.
[...]

## (5) Approval Criteria.

(a) Granting the amendment is in the public interest.

## Finding:

The Tualatin Comprehensive Plan and Development Code implement the Oregon Statewide Planning Goals. Statewide Planning Goal 2 requires all parcels in each city and county to be designated with a planning district. The proposed amendment would rezone the subject site from Light Manufacturing (ML) to Institutional (IN) and government offices and public works yard and storage area as Permitted uses in the IN district.

The site is currently functions as the City's Public Works and Operations center. An objective of the Institutional Planning District is to accommodate campus-style development, owned and operated by governmental entities consisting of multiple structures or facilities, which may serve multiple purposes and provide multiple services to the community, perTDC 8.100.

Approval of the proposed amendments would facilitate the development government offices employing approximately 65 people, which willincrease economic opportunities relative to the existing site development and provide permitting and development services in one location for the community. The proposed Plan Map Amendment to rezone the property from ML to IN and the proposed Plan Text Amendment to add government offices as a Permitted use in the Institutional District is therefore consistent with the public interest. This criterion is met.

## (b) The public interest is best protected by granting the amendment at this time.

## Finding:

The Operations center anticipates future expansion to provide community development operations in addition to the existing public works operations. Chapter 8 addresses these semi-public and miscellaneous uses as not neatly fitting into traditional use categories, such as Industrial. The proposed Plan Map Amendment to IN provides clarity that the site provides community services. Chapter 8 of the Community Plan recognizes government offices as a use that is compatible with the Intuitional Planning District objectives. This criterion is met.
(c) The proposed amendment is in conformity with the applicable objectives of the Tualatin Community Plan.

## Finding:

The City's Operations Center is recognized as a government service, in Chapter 8: Public Land Use, Section 8.020 of the Tualatin Community Plan. Additionally, the Institutional Planning District objectives of 8.100 state that, "The district may be applied to land that is able to accommodate large-scale campus-style development and operation of related uses, as follows: (a) Contiguous land one and onehalf acre in size or greater; (b) Access to a collector or arterial street; and (c) Adequate public facilities are available to the property. The operations center is (a) approximately 8.73 acres in size, (b) served by two major arterial streets: Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, and (c) is served by public utilities. This criterion is met.
(d) The following factors were consciously considered:
(i) The various characteristics of the areas in the City;

## Finding:

The site is bordered by Light Manufacturing uses to the west, north, and east; and General Manufacturing uses to the south. The existing public works functions and operations are compatible with surrounding industrial uses. The proposed amendments would facilitate development of a government office building on the site which would be the future home to permitting and development review services for the City, which is a use that is compatible with the uses presently on the subject site as well as those on neighboring properties. This criterion is met.
(ii) The suitability of the areas for particular land uses and improvements in the areas;

## Finding:

The subject site is located in Neighborhood Planning Area 7 as shown on Map 9-2. This area comprises the majority of the City's industrial land. The site is located in area designated light industrial to buffer residential uses to the north. Rezoning the land from ML to IN will preserve the campus-style development needs of the Operations Center while remaining harmonious with surround land uses. This criterion is met.
(iii) Trends in land improvement and development;

## Finding:

The subject site is located in an area designated as Industrial Area by Metro's Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (TDC Map 9-4). The proposed zone change will comply with Metro's Title 4. The IN zone does not permit retail or professional services uses. This criterion is met.
(iv) Property values;

## Finding:

The subject site is a City-owned property. The proposed amendments would accommodate future development of government offices on the subject site, a proposal which would be reviewed through further Architectural Review for a demonstration of compliance with applicable development standards. Overall, the nature of the existing and proposed site development are harmonious with the subject site as well as surrounding properties. This criterion is met.
(v) The needs of economic enterprises and the future development of the area; needed right-of-way and access for and to particular sites in the area;

## Finding:

Rezoning the land to IN will benefit the City in capturing a more accurate Industrial land inventory. Impacts to the transportation system are addressed in ( f ) and ( h ). This criterion is met.
(vi) Natural resources of the City and the protection and conservation of said resources;

## Finding:

Natural resources are identified and protected through applicable regulations of the TDC, and protection and conservation of said resources is implemented by Clean WaterServices. No amendments are proposed that would affect the protection and conservation of natural resources. This criterion is not applicable.
(vii)Prospective requirements for the development of natural resources in the City;

## Finding:

No development of natural resources is proposed as part of the propose $d$ amendments. This criterion is not applicable.
(viii)The public need for healthful, safe, esthetic surroundings and conditions; and

## Finding:

The proposed amendments satisfy the public need for healthful, safe, esthetic surroundings and conditions by applying a land use designation that ensures compatibilitywith adjoining industrial lands, implement transportation improvements, prescribe required infrastructure to serve the area and address environmental protection requirements. Further, Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 2 requires all parcels in each city and county to be designated with a planning district. Therefore, the public need for healthful, safe, aesthetic surroundings and conditions will best be served by granting the amendments at this time. This criterion is met.
(ix) Proof of change in a neighborhood or area, or a mistake in the Plan Text or Plan Map for the property under consideration are additional relevant factors to consider.

## Finding:

The proposed Plan Map amendment to IN provides clarity that the City Operations site provides community services. The proposed Plan Text amendment would correct a Scribner's error, in which public buildings, facilities, and operations where unintentionally omitted from the permitted use categories in the IN zone- Chapter 49, Table 49-1. Chapter 8 of the Community Plan recognizes government offices as a use that is compatible with the Intuitional Planni ng District objectives. This criterion is met.
(e) If the amendment involves residential uses, then the appropriate school district or districts must be able to reasonably accommodate additional residential capacity by means determined by any affected school district.

## Finding:

The amendment does not involve residential uses. This criterion is not applicable.
(f) Granting the amendment is consistent with the applicable State of Oregon Planning Goals and applicable Oregon Administrative Rules, including compliance with the Transportation Planning Rule TPR (OAR 660-012-0060).

## Finding:

Findings addressing the applicable Oregon Statewide Planning Goals and TPR have been addressed above. This criterion is met.
(g) Granting the amendment is consistent with the Metropolitan Service District's Urban Growth Management Functional Plan.

## Finding:

Findings addressing the applicable Titles of the Metro Urban Growth Management Functional Plan have been addressed above. This criterion is met.
(h) Granting the amendment is consistent with Level of Service $F$ for the p.m. peak hour and $E$ for the one-half hour before and after the p.m. peak hour for the Town Center 2040 Design Type (TDC Map 9-4), and E/E for the rest of the 2040 Design Types in the City's planning area.

## Finding:

The subject site is outside of the Town Center 2040 Design Type area. As identified Table 7 of the Transportation Impact Analysis (Exhibit C), the proposed amendment would facilitatefuture development of a government office building on the site. The additional trip generation from this this use would result in a LOS of D or greaterfor the weekday PMpeak hour, at the nearby study intersections. This criterion is met.
(i) Granting the amendment is consistent with the objectives and policies regarding potable water, sanitary sewer, and surface water management pursuant to TDC 12.020, water management issues are adequately addressed during development or redevelopment anticipated to follow the granting of a plan amendment.
[...]
Finding:
The subject site is presently served with utilities such as potable water, sanitary sewer, and stormwater management. Future structure development on the site will require approval of an Architectural Review land use application, at which time these issues will be addressed in greater detail. This criterion is met.

## TDC 49: Institutional Zone (IN)

## Development Code:

Chapter 49: Institutional Zone (IN)

## Details

Section 49.100 - Purpose. The purpose of the Institutional (IN) Zone is to provide areas of the City that are suitable for public, educational, religious, recreational, and incidental support facilities to serve the community. The Zone is intended to:
(1) Be consistent with the Institutional land use designation in the Tualatin Community Plan;
(2) Support lands and facilities that are owned and operated by governmental or nonprofit entities and that serve and benefit the community; and
(3) Provide for location and development of permitted and conditionally permitted uses in a manner that is harmonious with adjacent and nearby residential, commercial, or manufacturing planning zones and uses; and protects the health, safety, and general welfare of adjacent residential, commercial, and manufacturing uses.

## Section 49.200 - Use Categories.

(1) Use Categories. Table 49-1 lists use categories Permitted Outright (P) or

Conditionally Permitted (C) in the $\mathbb{N}$ zone. Use categories may also be designated as Limited (L) and subject to the limitations listed in Table 49-1 and restrictions identified in TDC 49.210. Limitations may restrict the specific type of use, location, size, or other characteristics of the use category. Use categories which are not listed are prohibited within the zone, except for uses which are found by the City Manager or appointee to be of a similar character and to meet the purpose of this zone, as provided in TDC 31.070.
(2) Overlay Zones. Additional uses may be allowed in a particular overlay zone. See the overlay zone Chapters for additional uses.

Table 49-1
Use Categories in the IN Zone

| USE CATEGORY | STATUS | LIMITATIONS AND CODE REFERENCES |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INSTITUTIONAL USE CATEGORIES |  |  |
| Assembly Facilities | $\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{L})$ | Permitted uses limited to places of religious <br> worship. |
| Community <br> Services | P/C (L) | Permitted uses limited to public recreation <br> buildings and facilities: <br> o |
| Community recreation building; |  |  |


| USE CATEGORY | STATUS | LIMITATIONS AND CODE REFERENCES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Indoor community aquatic centers. <br> Conditional uses limited to outdoor public community aquatic centers |
| Schools | P | -- |
| Offices | $\underline{P}$ (L) | Permitted uses limited to government offices. |
| INFRASTRUCTURE AND UTILITIES USE CATEGORIES |  |  |
| Public Safety and Utility Facilities | $\underline{P}$ (L) | Permitted uses limited to public works storage yard and shop. |
| Basic Utilities | P/C (L) | Permitted uses limited to water or sewage pump stations and pressure reading stations. Conditional uses limited to: <br> Water reservoirs; <br> Electrical substation; and <br> Natural gas pumping station. |
| Greenways and Natural Areas | P | -- |
| Parks and Open Space | P (L) | Permitted uses limited to: <br> Government-owned parks; and <br> Sports fields and tennis courts. |
| Transportation Facilities | P | -- |
| Wireless Communication Facility | P (L) | Must be located within 300 feet of the centerline of Interstate 5 and Ssubject to maximum height and minimum setback standards defined by TDC Chap er 73F. |

Section 49.210 - Additional Limitations on Uses.
(1) Accessory Uses Conditionally Permitted. The following uses may be permitted as a conditional use when incidental and subordinate to a permitted or conditionally permitted primary use:
(a) Child day care center;
(b) Exterior lighting, if the height of the fixture or standard is greater than the tallest permitted building on the site; and
(c) Outdoor public address or audio amplification system.; and
(d) Wireless Communication Facility.
[...]


# Tualatin City Operations Site 

## Traffic Impact Analysis

Prepared for:
SRG Partnership, Inc.

Prepared by:
DKS Associates

December 2018


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## Introduction

The purpose of this study is to identify potential transportation system impacts and mitigations needed to support a proposed city operations site for the City of Tualatin. The proposed site is located at the northeast corner of Herman Road and 108th Avenue in Tualatin, Oregon. The current zoning of the site is Light Manufacturing (ML) ${ }^{1}$, and the proposed land use is a government office building, which is similar to the existing use of the site but may vary in operational function with inclusion of visits from individuals that are not employed at the site.

While general office buildings is allowed under the existing zoning, a government office building is not directly allowed and would ultimately require findings to address Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) requirements. The specific analysis required to address TPR requirements would vary based on the proposed action (minor modification to zoning, significant map change, or significant text change) and is not included in this analysis. The traffic analysis summarized in this TIA focuses on the direct impacts to the transportation system related to the proposed site development.

Assumptions related to the proposed site (relative to conservative vehicle trip generation assumptions) include:

- The building will have up to 20,000 square feet of gross floor area.
- The building will accommodate up to 60 employees in addition to the current employees.


## Study Area

Figure 1: Study Area


[^1]The study area (Figure 1) for traffic analysis was defined by reviewing the City of Tualatin Traffic Study Requirements ${ }^{2}$, coordination with City staff, and identifying intersections that may be significantly impacted by the development of the proposed site. These intersections include:

1. SW Tualatin Road/SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue
2. SW Leveton Drive/SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue
3. SW Herman Road/SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue
4. SW Herman Road/SW Teton Avenue
5. SW Herman Road/SW Tualatin Road

## Existing Conditions

This section summarizes current (year 2018) transportation conditions in the study area, including an inventory of the existing roadway network, identification of transit, pedestrian, and bicycle facilities, an analysis of recent study area collision history, and an operational analysis of study intersections.

## Roadway Network

Table 1 summarizes the characteristics of the study area streets including functional classification, crosssection, posted speed, and presence of parking, sidewalks, and bike lanes.

Table 1: Existing Roadway Network Characteristics

| Roadway | Functional Classification | Travel <br> Lanes | Posted <br> Speed <br> (mph) | On-Street Parking | Sidewalks | Bike <br> Lanes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SW Tualatin Road | Major Collector | 3 Lanes | 35 | No | Yes | Yes |
| SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue $^{1}$ | Major/Minor Collector | 2 Lanes | 35 | No | Yes | Yes |
| SW Leveton Drive ${ }^{2}$ | Major Arterial | 2 Lanes | 40 | No | Yes | Yes |
| SW Herman Road ${ }^{3}$ | Major Arterial/ Major Collector | 3 Lanes | 45 | No | Partial | Yes |
| SW Teton Avenue | Major Collector | 2 Lanes | 35 | No | Partial | Yes |

${ }^{1}$ SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue is classified as a minor collector between Tualatin Road and Leveton Drive, and a major collector between Leveton Drive and Herman Road.
${ }^{2}$ SW Leveton Drive is classified as a major arterial between $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue and $118^{\text {th }}$ Avenues.
${ }^{3}$ SW Herman Road is classified as a major arterial between Teton Avenue and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, and a major collector elsewhere.

## Public Transit

Currently there is one public transit line that operates in the study area. Tualatin Shuttle Blue Line provides fixed-route service linking WES Station to employment destinations along SW $124^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, SW Leveton Drive, SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue, SW Herman Road, SW Teton Avenue, and SW Boones Ferry Road. Tualatin WES station provides commuter connections to Wilsonville Transit Center, Tigard Transit Center, and Beaverton Transit Center which provides regional connections to TriMet and SMART's transit systems in the Portland Metropolitan Area.

[^2]
## Pedestrian Environment

Sidewalks are generally available on both sides of the streets within the study area and provide connectivity for pedestrians. One larger gap in sidewalk availability exists along the south side of SW Herman Road due to the proximity to the railroad tracks. In addition, there is a lack of sidewalk for approximately 440 feet on the west side of SW Teton Avenue south of Herman Road. Sidewalks are available elsewhere within the study area.

Pedestrian crosswalks exist on all legs at the unsignalized intersections within the study area. All signalized intersections have striped pedestrian crosswalks with push button controls and pedestrian signal heads to indicate "Walk" and "Don't Walk" periods of time, with the exceptions at the following locations where crosswalks are closed with the indication of "Crosswalk Closed" signs:

- The west and east legs of SW Herman Road/SW 108th Avenue (no sidewalk present on south side of SW Herman Road due to rail proximity)
- The west and east legs of SW Herman Road/SW Tualatin Road (no sidewalk present on south side of SW Herman Road due to rail proximity)

Pedestrian activity counts for each of the legs of the study area intersections were collected during the weekday AM and PM peak hour. The heaviest utilized intersection (in aggregated pedestrian activity) was at Teton Avenue/Herman Road (4 total pedestrians during the AM peak hour).

## Bicycle Environment

There are dedicated on-street bicycle facilities within most of the study area. Bicycle activity counts for each approach at study area intersections were collected during the weekday AM and PM peak hour. The heaviest utilized intersection (in aggregated bicycle activity) was at Tualatin Road/Herman Road (11 total bikes during the weekday PM peak hour), with the heaviest approach activity on the west leg ( 5 bikes).

## Safety Analysis

Crash rates at study intersections were analyzed to identify potential safety issues. Collision history at study area intersections was obtained from ODOT spanning the most recent five-year period from October 2012 to September 2017. Table 2 summarizes the crash history at study intersections. There was a total of 17 crashes in the study area over the five years.

Crash rates at study intersections were also calculated to identify problem areas in need of further investigation. The total number of crashes experienced at an intersection is often proportional to the number of vehicles entering it. Therefore, a crash rate describing the frequency of crashes per million entering vehicles (MEV) is used to evaluate the intersection.

The observed crash rate at each site is compared to the critical crash rate, which is unique to each intersection and based on the critical crash rate procedure in the Highway Safety Manual (HSM) ${ }^{3}$. However, due to the small study area, there is an insufficient reference population of comparison

[^3]intersections from which to calculate a critical crash rate. Therefore, to broaden the field of comparison, study area crash rates were compared to $90^{\text {th }}$ percentile crash rates for similar intersections in a statewide database provided in ODOT's Analysis Procedures Manual (Table 4-1). An observed crash rate greater than the $90^{\text {th }}$ percentile crash rate is an indication that further investigation may be warranted. As listed in Table 2, all the study intersections have an observed crash rate less than the $90^{\text {th }}$ percentile crash rates, indicating that the number of crashes experienced would be no more than expected.

Table 2: Study Area Intersection Collisions (October 2012 - September 2017)

| Intersection | Total Collisions | Collision Severity |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Observed } \\ & \text { Crash } \\ & \text { Rate } \\ & \text { (per MEV) } \end{aligned}$ | $90^{\text {th }}$ <br> Percentile <br> Crash Rate <br> (per MEV) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fatal | Injury | Property Damage Only |  |  |
| SW Tualatin Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | 5 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0.20 | 0.293 |
| SW Leveton Drive/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {TH }}$ Avenue | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.14 | 0.293 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0.09 | 0.509 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Teton Avenue | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.860 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Tualatin Road | 8 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 0.23 | 0.509 |

SOURCE: Oregon Department of Transportation

## Intersection Operations

This section describes the existing intersection operating conditions in the study area.

## Intersection Performance Measures

All the study intersections fall under the jurisdiction of the City of Tualatin. Level of service (LOS) and volume-to-capacity ( $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{C}$ ) ratio are the two performance measures utilized in this analysis for determining intersection operations. A description of each is outlined below.

## Level of Service

An intersection's level of service is similar to a "report card" rating (A through F), based on average vehicle delay. LOS A, B, and C indicate conditions where vehicles can move freely. LOS D and E are progressively worse. LOS F represents conditions where average vehicle delay has become excessive and demand has exceeded capacity. This condition is typically evident in long queues and delays.

## V/C Ratio

A volume-to-capacity ( $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ) ratio is a measure of effectiveness that takes into account the total volume entering an intersection and compares it to the overall capacity at that intersection to determine a ratio on a scale of 0.0 to 1.0 for the intersection. As an intersection's $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ ratio becomes closer to 1.0 , the intersection becomes more congested and performance is reduced. If the ratio is greater than 1.00, this indicates that demand is greater than the available capacity and the turn movement, approach leg, or intersection is oversaturated and typically experiences excessive queues and long delays.

## Jurisdictional Operational Standards

The City of Tualatin has adopted a level-of-service (LOS) standard that is based on the average delay calculated at intersections. The operating standard is LOS D for signalized intersections and LOS E for unsignalized intersections ${ }^{4}$.

## Existing Traffic Volumes

Intersection turn movement counts were collected in August and September of 2018 during the weekday morning peak period (7:00 to 9:00 AM) and evening peak period (4:00 to 6:00 PM). Morning counts were collected when schools were in session. Figure 2 shows the balanced existing AM and PM hour traffic volumes.

## Existing Operating Conditions

The existing traffic operating conditions at the study intersections were determined for the weekday AM and PM peak hour based on the 2000 Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) methodology for all signalized intersections and based on the 2010 HCM methodologies for intersections that are unsignalized. As listed in Table 3, all study intersections are currently operating in LOS D or better. However, the intersection of SW Herman Road/SW Teton Avenue is currently approaching LOS E (achieved at 55 seconds delay) during the AM peak hour.

Table 3: 2018 Existing Weekday AM and PM Peak Hour Intersection Performance

| Intersection | Control Type | Intersection Performance |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AM Peak |  |  | PM Peak |  |  |
|  |  | Delay (sec) | v/c | LOS | Delay <br> (sec) | $\mathrm{v} / \mathrm{c}$ | LOS |
| SW Tualatin Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | 30.7 | 0.14 | D | 25.6 | 0.32 | D |
| SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue/ SW Leveton Drive | Two-way stop control | 10.2 | 0.15 | B | 10.5 | 0.31 | B |
| SW Herman Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Signal | 8.6 | 0.62 | A | 18.4 | 0.79 | B |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Teton Avenue | Signal | 53.8 | 0.93 | D | 33.4 | 0.84 | C |
| SW Herman/ SW Tualatin Road | Signal | 25.8 | 0.87 | C | 15.1 | 0.66 | B |
| Site driveway on SW Herman Road | Two-way stop control | 17.7 | 0.05 | C | 24.8 | 0.19 | C |

Delay and volume-to-capacity ratio for two-way stop intersections reported for the worst movement.
LOS for two-way stop control intersection reported for the worst major street/worst minor street movements.

[^4]

The HCM methodologies used to estimate intersection delay do not account for the interaction between adjacent intersections and the potential impact of queue spillbacks. Therefore, it is necessary to evaluate how the traffic moves between intersections. Queuing analysis was conducted for the study area to provide further information regarding transportation operations. SimTraffic microsimulation analysis was used to estimate the $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile vehicle queues for each of the study area intersection approach movements under the existing conditions scenario. Table 4 indicates that queues in the study area during both the weekday AM and PM peak hours generally do not spill back into adjacent intersections or through travel lanes, with single exception of the southbound approach of SW Herman Road/SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue. Detailed queuing reports are included in the Appendix.

Table 4: 2018 Existing Weekday AM and PM Peak Hour Motor Vehicle 95th Percentile Queueing

| Intersection | Movement | Available Storage Length (ft.) | 95th Percentile Queue (ft)* |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | AM Peak | PM Peak |
| SW Tualatin Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Westbound L | 350 | 75 | 25 |
|  | Northbound L/R | >1000 | 50 | 75 |
| SW Leveton Drive/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Eastbound L/R | >1000 | 75 | 100 |
|  | Northbound L/T | 800 | 75 | 50 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW 108th Avenue | Eastbound L | 660 | 50 | 25 |
|  | Southbound L | 170 | 75 | 175 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Teton Avenue | Westbound L | 150 | 150 | 100 |
|  | Southbound L | 140 | 50 | 75 |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Tualatin Road | Eastbound L | 140 | 50 | 100 |
|  | Westbound R | 250 | 200 | 100 |
|  | Southbound L | >700 | 400 | 225 |

Note: This table only contains the movements in the study area that have potential queuing issues.
*The $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile queue lengths are rounded up to the closest multiples of 25 feet.

## Growth and Development Assumptions

The following section documents assumptions describing background traffic growth in future years and trip growth related to the proposed redevelopment.

## Background Traffic

The amount of local and regional traffic growth independent of the project site is referred to as background traffic growth. Based on the historical traffic counts used in City of Tualatin's Transportation System Plan, the annual growth rates on the streets within the study area are in the range of 1 percent to 2 percent. The higher end of the range, a 2 percent annual growth rate, was applied to all intersection volumes within the study area to determine background traffic conditions for the 2021 future year scenarios.

There are no "in-process" trips assumed in the vicinity of the proposed site (related to approved but not yet built developments) that may impact the traffic conditions within the study area ${ }^{5}$. The background traffic growth was added to the 2018 existing traffic volumes to create 2021 "No Build" scenarios representing conditions that would exist if the project area did not develop as proposed. The 2021 No Build traffic volumes used in the traffic analysis are provided in Figure 3.

## Trip Generation

The following section describes motor vehicle trip generations estimates for the proposed site. The trip estimate assumes the addition of a government office building with up to 20,000 square feet of gross floor area. The two access driveways to the site are assumed to be located on SW Herman Road and SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue.

The number of vehicle trips generated by a proposed land use is typically estimated using trip rates published in Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation. The ITE trip rates for Government Office (ITE land use code 730) were used to calculate the expected number of daily vehicle trips and AM peak hour vehicle trips generated with full buildout of the proposed site. The daily trip generation for the project is 452 vehicle trips. The AM peak hour trip generation is 67 vehicle trips.

In addition, a custom vehicle trip generation rate was also used to estimate the vehicle trips to and from the proposed City office during the PM peak hour. After consultation with the City of Tualatin staff, it was determined that applying the ITE trip rate alone may result in underestimating the motor vehicle trip generation potential of the site. The ITE trip rate for Government Office Building was used to calculate the baseline for expected number of vehicle trips generated with full buildout of 20,000 square feet of office space. On-site visitor (customer) arrival data was previously collected by City staff and used to supplement the ITE trip generation estimate. The custom rate adds additional 'customer' trips (based on the site survey) to 'employee' trips (based on the published ITE rate). The result is a higher vehicle trip generation estimate for the PM peak hour due to potential for "double counting" (customer trips included in the base ITE rate), which provides a conservative estimate for the potential traffic impacts at the proposed site. The estimated daily and peak hour trip generation is listed in Table 5.

[^5]Table 5: Daily and Peak Hour Trip Generation Estimates

| Description | Land Use | Quantity | Units | Average Trips |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Daily |  | AM Peak Hour |  |  |  | PM Peak Hour |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Rate | Total | Rate | Enter | Exit | Total | Rate | Enter | Exit | Total |
| City of <br> Tualatin <br> Operations | ITE Code 730 (Government Office Building) | 20 | KSF | 22.59 | 452 | 3.34 | 50 | 17 | 67 | 1.71 | 9 | 26 | 35 |
| Site <br> Custom <br> Trip <br> Generation <br> Estimates | Customer Trips (based on site survey; 12 customer trips for 30 employees) | 60 | \# of Added Employees | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.4 | 12 | 12 | 24 |
|  |  |  | Total Trips | - | 452 | - | 50 | 17 | 67 | - | 21 | 38 | 59 |

Source: ITE Trip Generations Manual, 10th Edition

## Trip Distribution

Trip distribution reflects how site generated traffic will arrive and leave the proposed site and what roads those trips will use. The trip distribution for the proposed project was estimated based on a review of the regional travel demand model, existing traffic flows, and consideration for potential employees and customers. Rounding adjustments (within 5\%) were applied based on existing travel patterns and likely travel paths of expected users. The site traffic was assigned to the street network using the trip distribution patterns shown in Figure 4. These trips, also illustrated in Figure 4, were added to the base "No Build" traffic volumes to develop the "Build" scenarios for the year of 2021. The Build scenario represents conditions that would exist with the proposed development in place. The Build scenario traffic volumes are shown in Figures 5.


Figure 4: Weekday AM and PM Peak Hour Trip Distribution and Project Added Trips



## Future Conditions

The following section summarizes the future weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic operating conditions for the expected year of opening (2021). Future traffic operating conditions were analyzed at the study intersections, as well as the site driveways, to determine if the transportation network can support traffic generated by the proposed development. The study area intersection operations were evaluated for both No Build and Build scenarios to determine if the proposed redevelopment would cause any intersections to not meet jurisdictional standards.

## Intersection Operations

Table 6 and Table 7 list the future 2021 No Build and Build intersection performance, for the AM and PM peak hour, respectively. As listed, all intersections would operate within the acceptable mobility standards of City of Tualatin, except for the intersection of Herman Road/Teton Avenue. Under both 2021 No Build and Build scenarios, the intersection would operate at LOS E during AM peak hour and exceed the LOS D standard with existing signal timing parameters.

The intersection of Herman Road/Teton Avenue was analyzed to determine potential improvements to address performance standards. The intersection is currently approaching the performance standard ${ }^{6}$ and would be exceeded in the 2021 No Build condition without project traffic. Based on projected traffic flows and the intersection configuration, adding an eastbound right turn lane would directly address the capacity needs at the intersection. However, this improvement would require significant cost and impact to adjacent properties to achieve given the proximity to the rail and reconfiguration required to construct the right turn lane. Therefore, this turn lane is not a recommended solution. A review of the current signal timing parameters indicated that minor adjustments to the signal timing (extending maximum duration of the eastbound phase) will help this intersection continue to meet performance standards with or without the proposed project. Given that the intersection is currently approaching the performance threshold, it is recommended that the performance continue to be monitored and signal timing adjustments made, regardless of project development.

[^6]Table 6: 2021 Weekday AM Peak Hour Intersection Performance

| Intersection | Intersection Control | 2021 No Build (AM) |  |  | 2021 Build (AM) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Delay (sec) | v/c | LOS | Delay (sec) | v/c | LOS |
| SW Tualatin Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | 36.4 | 0.15 | E | 39.5 | 0.15 | E |
| SW Leveton Drive/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | 10.4 | 0.16 | B | 10.5 | 0.16 | B |
| SW Herman Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Signal | 8.9 | 0.65 | A | 9.0 | 0.65 | A |
| SW Herman Road/ <br> SW Teton Avenue* | Signal | $\begin{gathered} 59.1 \\ (51.6) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.96 \\ (0.95) \end{gathered}$ | E <br> (D) | $\begin{gathered} 57.3 \\ (51.4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.97 \\ (0.96) \end{gathered}$ | E <br> (D) |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Tualatin Road | Signal | 28.7 | 0.91 | C | 30.1 | 0.92 | C |
| Site driveway on SW Herman Road | Two-way stop control | 20.6 | 0.09 | C | 26.2 | 0.18 | D |
| Site driveway on SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | - | - | - | 10.0 | 0.01 | B |

Delay and volume-to-capacity ratio for two-way stop intersections reported for the worst movement. LOS for two-way stop control intersection reported for the worst major street/worst minor street movements.
*The performance measures in parenthesis are under mitigated conditions with adjusted east/west max green.

Table 7: 2021 Weekday PM Peak Hour Intersection Performance

| Intersection | Intersection Control | 2021 No Build (PM) |  |  | 2021 Build (PM) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Delay (sec) | v/c | LOS | Delay <br> (sec) | v/c | LOS |
| SW Tualatin Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | 30.1 | 0.37 | D | 31.8 | 0.41 | D |
| SW Leveton Drive/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | 10.8 | 0.33 | B | 10.9 | 0.33 | B |
| SW Herman Road/ SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Signal | 19.8 | 0.81 | B | 19.8 | 0.81 | B |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Teton Avenue | Signal | 39.5 | 0.90 | D | 45.0 | 0.93 | D |
| SW Herman Road/ SW Tualatin Road | Signal | 16.0 | 0.69 | B | 16.1 | 0.70 | B |
| Site driveway on SW Herman Road | Two-way stop control | 27.4 | 0.21 | D | 39.9 | 0.43 | E |
| Site driveway on SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Two-way stop control | - | - | - | 9.2 | 0.01 | A |

Delay and volume-to-capacity ratio for two-way stop intersections reported for the worst movement.
LOS for two-way stop control intersection reported for the worst major street/worst minor street movements.
Queuing analysis was also conducted for the study area, with detailed reports included in the Appendix.
Table 8 lists the $95^{\text {th }}$-percentile vehicle queue lengths for the study intersections. Vehicle queuing at
most locations under the No Build scenario is not substantially different than existing conditions. Build conditions also do not change significantly compared to No Build conditions, with the queue lengths generally increasing by less than two-car length (approximately 50 feet). The only location with a queue that is projected to exceed storage (by approximately one vehicle length) is the southbound left turn at the Herman Road $/ 108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue intersection. This location would experience the same $95^{\text {th }}$-percentile queue for both the No Build and Build condition and the project would not add any trips to this movement. This indicates that the proposed site does not have significant impact on the traffic conditions within the study area.

Table 8: 2021 Weekday AM and PM Peak Hour Motor Vehicle 95th Percentile Queueing

| Intersection | Movement | Available Storage (ft.) | 95th Percentile Queue (ft)* |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 2021 AM Peak |  | 2021 PM Peak |  |
|  |  |  | No Build | Build | No Build | Build |
| SW Tualatin Road/ | Westbound L | 350 | 75 | 100 | 25 | 25 |
| SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Northbound L/R | >1000 | 50 | 50 | 125 | 100 |
| SW Leveton Drive/ | Eastbound L/R | >1000 | 75 | 75 | 100 | 100 |
| SW 108 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Avenue | Northbound L/T | 800 | 75 | 75 | 50 | 50 |
| SW Herman Road/ | Eastbound L | 660 | 100 | 75 | 50 | 50 |
| SW 108th Avenue | Southbound L | 170 | 100 | 125 | 200 | 200 |
| SW Herman Road/ | Westbound L | 150 | 150 | 150 | 125 | 100 |
| SW Teton Avenue | Southbound L | 140 | 50 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
|  | Eastbound L | 140 | 75 | 50 | 100 | 100 |
|  | Westbound $R$ | 250 | 200 | 250 | 100 | 125 |
|  | Southbound L | >700 | 400 | 425 | 250 | 250 |

Note: *The $95^{\text {th }}$ percentile queue lengths are rounded up to the closest multiples of 25 feet.

## Driveway Interaction

The site is assumed to continue using the existing driveways on both Herman Road and $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue. The southern site driveway located on the east side of SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue is within 100 feet of the closest opposing driveway on the west side of $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue. The proximity and configuration of these driveways have the potential to create vehicle interaction between the opposing driveways if there are left turning vehicles exiting from each driveway simultaneously. However, the existing site driveways on $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue are gated and during the data collection on weekday AM and PM peak hours, no driveway use was observed. Assuming the driveways on $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue remain gated and the access remain unchanged after the proposed city operations building is completed, the potential interaction with opposing driveways on $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue will remain minimal. Further, if the gate is removed from the driveway on $108^{\text {th }}$, the vehicle activity (and potential for conflicts) is anticipated to remain minimal due to the distribution of site trips and minimal use of the driveway (primarily entry/exit to/from the north on $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue).

## Findings and Recommendations

Based on the analysis of existing transportation conditions and potential site traffic, no improvements were identified to mitigate the site development impacts. However, one traffic mobility need was noted
at the intersection of SW Herman Road/SW Teton Avenue. This traffic mobility item is not related to site development and should be monitored/addressed separately (regardless) of the proposed development. The intersection of SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Avenue/SW Teton Avenue is currently approaching intersection performance standards during the AM peak hour and is projected to exceed standards by the 2021 No Build condition with minimal added growth. Continue to monitor the operations of the intersection and consider optimizing the existing signal timing parameters to reduce delay for the eastbound approach. Increasing the maximum green duration for these approaches would likely address performance needs at this intersection.

## Appendix

The following items are included in the Appendix:

- Traffic Counts
- Intersection Operations Worksheets
- Intersection Queuing Worksheets






| LOCATION: SW Tualatin Rd -- SW Herman Rd | QC JOB \#: 14768947 |
| :--- | :--- |
| CITY/STATE: Washington, OR | DATE: Tue, Sep 112018 |







QC JOB \#: 14768938
CITY/STATE: Tualatin, OR DATE: Thu, Aug 162018



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  | 1 | 4 | ric |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 813 | 35 | 82 | 321 | 5 | 7 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 813 | 35 | 82 | 321 | 5 | 7 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | 300 | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 33 | 33 |
| Mvmt Flow | 934 | 40 | 94 | 369 | 6 | 8 |


| Major/Minor M | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 0 | 0 | 976 | 0 | 1514 | 956 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 956 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 558 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | - | - | 4.15 | - | 6.73 | 6.53 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.73 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.73 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | - | - | 2.245 | - | 3.797 | 3.597 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 695 | - | 112 | 274 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 329 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 516 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | - | - | 693 | - | 96 | 273 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 96 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 328 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 445 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | NB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0 |  | 2.2 |  | 30.7 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | D |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBLn1 | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 154 | - | - | 693 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.09 | - | - | 0.136 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 30.7 | - | - | 11 | - |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | D | - | - | B | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.3 | - | - | 0.5 | - |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |


| Major/Minor | Minor2 | Major1 Major2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 559 | 70 | 114 | 0 | - | 0 |  |
| Stage 1 | 70 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Stage 2 | 489 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.48 | 6.28 | 4.12 | - | - | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.48 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.48 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.572 | 3.372 | 2.218 | - | - | - |  |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 480 | 976 | 1475 | - | - | - |  |
| Stage 1 | 938 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Stage 2 | 604 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  |  | - | - | - |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 405 | 975 | 1474 | - | - | - |  |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 405 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Stage 1 | 793 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| Stage 2 | 603 | - |  | - | - | - |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | NB |  | SB |  |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.2 |  | 6.6 |  | 0 |  |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBL | NBT | EBLn1 | SBT | SBR |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1474 |  | 777 | - | - |  |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.151 |  | 0.104 | - | - |  |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 7.9 | 0 | 10.2 | - | - |  |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | A | B | - | - |  |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.5 |  | 0.3 | - | - |  |






| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 570 | 0 | - | 0 | 1248 | 566 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - |  | 566 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 682 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 1002 | - | - | - | 191 | 524 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - |  | 568 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - |  | 502 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 1002 | - | - | - | 190 | 524 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 190 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 564 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - |  | 502 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 |  | 0 |  | 17.7 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1002 | - | - | - | 299 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.007 | - | - | - | 0.051 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 8.6 | - | - | - | 17.7 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 0.2 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  |  | 4 | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 417 | 4 | 11 | 862 | 37 | 39 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 417 | 4 | 11 | 862 | 37 | 39 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | 300 | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Mvmt Flow | 439 | 4 | 12 | 907 | 39 | 41 |



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | Mr |  |  | $\uparrow$ | $\mathbf{F}^{\prime}$ |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 52 | 211 | 80 | 28 | 32 | 18 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 52 | 211 | 80 | 28 | 32 | 18 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 57 | 232 | 88 | 31 | 35 | 20 |


| Major/Minor | Minor2 |  | Major1 |  | Major2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 253 | 46 | 56 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 46 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 207 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.41 | 6.21 | 4.13 | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.41 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.41 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.509 | 3.309 | 2.227 | - | - | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 738 | 1026 | 1542 | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 979 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 830 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  |  | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 694 | 1025 | 1541 | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 694 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 921 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 829 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.5 |  | 5.5 |  | 0 |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBL | NBT | BLn1 | SBT |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1541 | - | 937 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.057 | - | 0.308 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 7.5 | 0 | 10.5 | - | - |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | A | B | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.2 | - | 1.3 | - | - |






| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 685 | 0 | - | 0 | 1316 | 680 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 680 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 636 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 908 | - | - | - | 174 | 451 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 503 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 527 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 908 | - | - | - | 173 | 451 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 173 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 500 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 527 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 |  | 0 |  | 24.8 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT WBR SBLn1 |  |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 908 | - | - | - | 225 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.006 | - | - | - | 0.193 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 9 | - | - | - | 24.8 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 0.7 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  | 1 | 4 | ric |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 860 | 35 | 85 | 340 | 5 | 5 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 860 | 35 | 85 | 340 | 5 | 5 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | 300 | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 33 | 33 |
| Mvmt Flow | 989 | 40 | 98 | 391 | 6 | 6 |



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 5.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | Mr |  |  | -1 | $\mathbf{F}$ |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 15 | 65 | 210 | 40 | 20 | 85 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 15 | 65 | 210 | 40 | 20 | 85 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 8 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Mvmt Flow | 17 | 73 | 236 | 45 | 22 | 96 |


| Major/Minor | Minor2 |  | Major1 |  | Major2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 588 | 71 | 119 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 71 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 517 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.48 | 6.28 | 4.12 | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.48 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.48 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.572 | 3.372 | 2.218 | - | - | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 462 | 975 | 1469 | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 937 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 586 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  |  | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 385 | 974 | 1468 | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 385 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 781 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 585 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.4 |  | 6.7 |  | 0 |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBL | NBT EBLn1 |  | SBT | SBR |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1468 | - | 757 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.161 | - | 0.119 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 7.9 | 0 | 10.4 | - | - |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | A | B | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | - | - |



[^7]



| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 603 | 0 | - | 0 | 1327 | 598 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 598 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 729 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - |  | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 975 | - | - | - | 171 | 502 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - |  | 549 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - |  | 477 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 975 | - | - | - | 169 | 502 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 169 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - |  | 543 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - |  | 477 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 |  | 0 |  | 20.6 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | C |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT | WBR SBLn1 |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 975 | - | - | - | 253 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.011 | - | - | - | 0.086 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 8.7 | - | - | - | 20.6 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | C |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 0.3 |


|  | 4 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 7 | $4$ |  | 4 | $\dagger$ | $p$ | , | $\dagger$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{7}$ | 个 |  | ${ }^{*}$ | F |  | \% | $\uparrow$ |  | ${ }^{*}$ | $\dagger$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 10 | 325 | 325 | 70 | 275 | 25 | 270 | 145 | 35 | 20 | 225 | 10 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 10 | 325 | 325 | 70 | 275 | 25 | 270 | 145 | 35 | 20 | 225 | 10 |
| Ideal Flow (vphpl) | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 |
| Total Lost time (s) | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  |
| Lane Util. Factor | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Frpb, ped/bikes | 1.00 | 0.98 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Flpb, ped/bikes | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Frt | 1.00 | 0.93 |  | 1.00 | 0.99 |  | 1.00 | 0.97 |  | 1.00 | 0.99 |  |
| Flt Protected | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1597 | 1532 |  | 1687 | 1750 |  | 1656 | 1693 |  | 1770 | 1849 |  |
| Flt Permitted | 0.51 | 1.00 |  | 0.07 | 1.00 |  | 0.25 | 1.00 |  | 0.63 | 1.00 |  |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 852 | 1532 |  | 123 | 1750 |  | 437 | 1693 |  | 1170 | 1849 |  |
| Peak-hour factor, PHF | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| Adj. Flow (vph) | 11 | 374 | 374 | 80 | 316 | 29 | 310 | 167 | 40 | 23 | 259 | 11 |
| RTOR Reduction (vph) | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 11 | 692 | 0 | 80 | 343 | 0 | 310 | 202 | 0 | 23 | 269 | 0 |
| Confl. Peds. (\#/hr) |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Confl. Bikes (\#/hr) |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heavy Vehicles (\%) | 13\% | 13\% | 13\% | 7\% | 7\% | 7\% | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | 6 |  | 3 | 8 |  | 7 | 4 |  |
| Permitted Phases | 2 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| Actuated Green, G (s) | 54.8 | 53.6 |  | 63.8 | 58.6 |  | 47.8 | 40.4 |  | 27.6 | 24.2 |  |
| Effective Green, g (s) | 54.8 | 53.6 |  | 63.8 | 58.6 |  | 47.8 | 40.4 |  | 27.6 | 24.2 |  |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.45 | 0.44 |  | 0.52 | 0.48 |  | 0.39 | 0.33 |  | 0.23 | 0.20 |  |
| Clearance Time (s) | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  |
| Vehicle Extension (s) | 3.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  |
| Lane Grp Cap (vph) | 389 | 672 |  | 143 | 839 |  | 366 | 560 |  | 281 | 366 |  |
| v/s Ratio Prot | 0.00 | c0.45 |  | c0.03 | 0.20 |  | c0.14 | 0.12 |  | 0.00 | 0.15 |  |
| v/s Ratio Perm | 0.01 |  |  | 0.26 |  |  | c0.20 |  |  | 0.02 |  |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.03 | 1.03 |  | 0.56 | 0.41 |  | 0.85 | 0.36 |  | 0.08 | 0.74 |  |
| Uniform Delay, d1 | 18.8 | 34.2 |  | 24.9 | 20.5 |  | 29.4 | 31.0 |  | 37.1 | 45.9 |  |
| Progression Factor | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Incremental Delay, d2 | 0.0 | 42.5 |  | 2.7 | 0.3 |  | 15.8 | 0.4 |  | 0.0 | 7.6 |  |
| Delay (s) | 18.8 | 76.8 |  | 27.6 | 20.9 |  | 45.1 | 31.5 |  | 37.1 | 53.5 |  |
| Level of Service | B | E |  | C | C |  | D | C |  | D | D |  |
| Approach Delay (s) |  | 75.9 |  |  | 22.2 |  |  | 39.7 |  |  | 52.2 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | E |  |  | C |  |  | D |  |  | D |  |


| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| HCM 2000 Control Delay | 51.6 | HCM 2000 Level of Service | D |
| HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio | 0.95 |  | 18.5 |
| Actuated Cycle Length (s) | 122.1 | Sum of lost time (s) | E |
| Intersection Capacity Utilization | $84.1 \%$ | ICU Level of Service |  |
| Analysis Period (min) | 15 |  |  |
| C Critical Lane Group |  |  |  |






|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |





| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 728 | 0 | - | 0 | 1396 | 723 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 723 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 673 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 876 | - | - | - | 156 | 426 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 481 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 507 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 876 | - | - | - | 155 | 426 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 155 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 478 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 507 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 |  | 0 |  | 27.4 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | D |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT WBR SBLn1 |  |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 876 | - | - | - | 204 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.006 | - | - | - | 0.213 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 9.1 | - | - | - | 27.4 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | D |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 0.8 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\uparrow$ |  | 1 | 4 | Y |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 860 | 40 | 88 | 340 | 7 | 6 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 860 | 40 | 88 | 340 | 7 | 6 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | 300 | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 33 | 33 |
| Mvmt Flow | 989 | 46 | 101 | 391 | 8 | 7 |



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 5.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | Mr |  |  | -1 | F |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 15 | 65 | 210 | 43 | 28 | 85 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 15 | 65 | 210 | 43 | 28 | 85 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 8 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Mvmt Flow | 17 | 73 | 236 | 48 | 31 | 96 |




[^8]


[^9]

| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 645 | 0 | - | 0 | 1354 | 619 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 619 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 735 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 940 | - | - | - | 165 | 489 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 537 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 474 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 940 | - | - | - | 163 | 489 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 163 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 529 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 474 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.2 |  | 0 |  | 26.6 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | D |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT WBR SBLn1 |  |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 940 | - | - | - | 203 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.015 | - | - | - | 0.182 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 8.9 | - | - | - | 26.6 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | D |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 0.6 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | WBL | WBR | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | F |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 3 | 250 | 0 | 8 | 85 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 3 | 250 | 0 | 8 | 85 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 3 | 272 | 0 | 9 | 92 |


| Major/Minor | Minor1 |  | Major1 |  | Major2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 382 | 272 | 0 | 0 | 272 | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 272 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 110 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.42 | 6.22 | - | - | 4.12 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.42 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.42 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.518 | 3.318 | - | - | 2.218 | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 620 | 767 | - | - | 1291 | - |
| Stage 1 | 774 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 915 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  | - | - |  | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 616 | 767 | - | - | 1291 | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 616 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 774 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 909 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10 |  | 0 |  | 0.7 |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBT | NBRWBLn1 |  | SBL | SBT |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | - | - | 723 | 1291 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | - | - | 0.006 | 0.007 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | - | - | 10 | 7.8 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | - | - | B | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |


|  | 4 | $\rightarrow$ |  | 7 | $4$ |  | 4 | $\dagger$ | $p$ | , | $\dagger$ | $\downarrow$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Movement | EBL | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | WBR | NBL | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | ${ }^{7}$ | 个 |  | ${ }^{*}$ | F |  | \% | $\uparrow$ |  | ${ }^{*}$ | $\dagger$ |  |
| Traffic Volume (vph) | 10 | 325 | 325 | 70 | 275 | 25 | 270 | 145 | 35 | 20 | 225 | 10 |
| Future Volume (vph) | 10 | 325 | 325 | 70 | 275 | 25 | 270 | 145 | 35 | 20 | 225 | 10 |
| Ideal Flow (vphpl) | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 | 1900 |
| Total Lost time (s) | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  |
| Lane Util. Factor | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Frpb, ped/bikes | 1.00 | 0.98 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Flpb, ped/bikes | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Frt | 1.00 | 0.93 |  | 1.00 | 0.99 |  | 1.00 | 0.97 |  | 1.00 | 0.99 |  |
| Flt Protected | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  | 0.95 | 1.00 |  |
| Satd. Flow (prot) | 1597 | 1532 |  | 1687 | 1750 |  | 1656 | 1693 |  | 1770 | 1849 |  |
| Flt Permitted | 0.51 | 1.00 |  | 0.07 | 1.00 |  | 0.25 | 1.00 |  | 0.63 | 1.00 |  |
| Satd. Flow (perm) | 852 | 1532 |  | 123 | 1750 |  | 437 | 1693 |  | 1170 | 1849 |  |
| Peak-hour factor, PHF | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.87 |
| Adj. Flow (vph) | 11 | 374 | 374 | 80 | 316 | 29 | 310 | 167 | 40 | 23 | 259 | 11 |
| RTOR Reduction (vph) | 0 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Lane Group Flow (vph) | 11 | 692 | 0 | 80 | 343 | 0 | 310 | 202 | 0 | 23 | 269 | 0 |
| Confl. Peds. (\#/hr) |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| Confl. Bikes (\#/hr) |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heavy Vehicles (\%) | 13\% | 13\% | 13\% | 7\% | 7\% | 7\% | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 2\% | 2\% | 2\% |
| Turn Type | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  | pm+pt | NA |  |
| Protected Phases | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | 6 |  | 3 | 8 |  | 7 | 4 |  |
| Permitted Phases | 2 |  |  | 6 |  |  | 8 |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| Actuated Green, G (s) | 54.8 | 53.6 |  | 63.8 | 58.6 |  | 47.8 | 40.4 |  | 27.6 | 24.2 |  |
| Effective Green, g (s) | 54.8 | 53.6 |  | 63.8 | 58.6 |  | 47.8 | 40.4 |  | 27.6 | 24.2 |  |
| Actuated g/C Ratio | 0.45 | 0.44 |  | 0.52 | 0.48 |  | 0.39 | 0.33 |  | 0.23 | 0.20 |  |
| Clearance Time (s) | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.5 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  | 4.0 | 5.0 |  |
| Vehicle Extension (s) | 3.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  | 2.0 | 3.2 |  |
| Lane Grp Cap (vph) | 389 | 672 |  | 143 | 839 |  | 366 | 560 |  | 281 | 366 |  |
| v/s Ratio Prot | 0.00 | c0.45 |  | c0.03 | 0.20 |  | c0.14 | 0.12 |  | 0.00 | 0.15 |  |
| v/s Ratio Perm | 0.01 |  |  | 0.26 |  |  | c0.20 |  |  | 0.02 |  |  |
| v/c Ratio | 0.03 | 1.03 |  | 0.56 | 0.41 |  | 0.85 | 0.36 |  | 0.08 | 0.74 |  |
| Uniform Delay, d1 | 18.8 | 34.2 |  | 24.9 | 20.5 |  | 29.4 | 31.0 |  | 37.1 | 45.9 |  |
| Progression Factor | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |
| Incremental Delay, d2 | 0.0 | 42.5 |  | 2.7 | 0.3 |  | 15.8 | 0.4 |  | 0.0 | 7.6 |  |
| Delay (s) | 18.8 | 76.8 |  | 27.6 | 20.9 |  | 45.1 | 31.5 |  | 37.1 | 53.5 |  |
| Level of Service | B | E |  | C | C |  | D | C |  | D | D |  |
| Approach Delay (s) |  | 75.9 |  |  | 22.2 |  |  | 39.7 |  |  | 52.2 |  |
| Approach LOS |  | E |  |  | C |  |  | D |  |  | D |  |


| Intersection Summary |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| HCM 2000 Control Delay | 51.6 | HCM 2000 Level of Service | D |
| HCM 2000 Volume to Capacity ratio | 0.95 |  | 18.5 |
| Actuated Cycle Length (s) | 122.1 | Sum of lost time (s) | E |
| Intersection Capacity Utilization | $84.1 \%$ | ICU Level of Service |  |
| Analysis Period (min) | 15 |  |  |
| C Critical Lane Group |  |  |  |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBT | EBR | WBL | WBT | NBL | NBR |
| Lane Configurations | $\boldsymbol{F}$ |  |  | 4 | Mr |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 440 | 7 | 11 | 915 | 44 | 42 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 440 | 7 | 11 | 915 | 44 | 42 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Free | Free | Free | Free | Stop | Stop |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | - | - | 300 | - | 0 | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 4 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Mvmt Flow | 463 | 7 | 12 | 963 | 46 | 44 |



| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | EBL | EBR | NBL | NBT | SBT | SBR |
| Lane Configurations | Mr |  |  | $\uparrow$ | $\mathbf{F}^{\prime}$ |  |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 55 | 225 | 85 | 36 | 38 | 20 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 55 | 225 | 85 | 36 | 38 | 20 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| Peak Hour Factor | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 60 | 247 | 93 | 40 | 42 | 22 |


| Major/Minor | Minor2 |  | Major1 |  | Major2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 280 | 54 | 65 | 0 | - | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 54 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 226 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.41 | 6.21 | 4.13 | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.41 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.41 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.509 | 3.309 | 2.227 | - | - | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 712 | 1016 | 1531 | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 971 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 814 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  |  | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 666 | 1015 | 1530 | - | - | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 666 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 910 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 813 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 10.9 |  | 5.3 |  | 0 |  |
| HCM LOS | B |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NB | NBT EBLn1 |  | SBT | SBR |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 1530 | - | 920 | - | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.061 | - | 0.334 | - | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 7.5 | 0 | 10.9 | - | - |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | A | B | - | - |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0.2 | - | 1.5 | - | - |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $\rightarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |





| Major/Minor | Major1 |  | Major2 |  | Minor2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 746 | 0 | - | 0 | 1409 | 732 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 732 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 677 | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 4.12 | - | - | - | 6.42 | 6.22 |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | - | - | - | - | 5.42 | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 2.218 | - | - | - | 3.518 | 3.318 |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 862 | - | - | - | 153 | 421 |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 476 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 505 | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  | - | - | - |  |  |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 862 | - | - | - | 152 | 421 |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | - | - | - | - | 152 | - |
| Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | 472 | - |
| Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | 505 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | EB |  | WB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 0.1 |  | 0 |  | 39.9 |  |
| HCM LOS |  |  |  |  | E |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | EBL | EBT | WBT WBR SBLn1 |  |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | 862 | - | - | - | 178 |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | 0.008 | - | - | - | 0.434 |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | 9.2 | - | - | - | 39.9 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | A | - | - | - | E |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | 0 | - | - | - | 2 |


| Intersection |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Int Delay, s/veh | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movement | WBL | WBR | NBT | NBR | SBL | SBT |
| Lane Configurations | r |  | $\uparrow$ |  |  | $\uparrow$ |
| Traffic Vol, veh/h | 1 | 6 | 115 | 0 | 3 | 260 |
| Future Vol, veh/h | 1 | 6 | 115 | 0 | 3 | 260 |
| Conflicting Peds, \#/hr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sign Control | Stop | Stop | Free | Free | Free | Free |
| RT Channelized | - | None | - | None | - | None |
| Storage Length | 0 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veh in Median Storage, \# | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Grade, \% | 0 | - | 0 | - | - | 0 |
| Peak Hour Factor | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| Heavy Vehicles, \% | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Mvmt Flow | 1 | 7 | 125 | 0 | 3 | 283 |


| Major/Minor | Minor1 |  | Major1 |  | Major2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conflicting Flow All | 414 | 125 | 0 | 0 | 125 | 0 |
| Stage 1 | 125 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 289 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy | 6.42 | 6.22 |  | - | 4.12 | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 1 | 5.42 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Critical Hdwy Stg 2 | 5.42 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Follow-up Hdwy | 3.518 | 3.318 |  | - | 2.218 | - |
| Pot Cap-1 Maneuver | 595 | 926 | - | - | 1462 | - |
| Stage 1 | 901 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 760 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Platoon blocked, \% |  |  | - | - |  | - |
| Mov Cap-1 Maneuver | 594 | 926 | - | - | 1462 | - |
| Mov Cap-2 Maneuver | 594 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 1 | 901 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stage 2 | 758 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approach | WB |  | NB |  | SB |  |
| HCM Control Delay, s | 9.2 |  | 0 |  | 0.1 |  |
| HCM LOS | A |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minor Lane/Major Mvmt |  | NBT | NBRV | VBLn1 | SBL |  |
| Capacity (veh/h) |  | - | - | 858 | 1462 | - |
| HCM Lane V/C Ratio |  | - | - | 0.009 | 0.002 | - |
| HCM Control Delay (s) |  | - | - | 9.2 | 7.5 | 0 |
| HCM Lane LOS |  | - | - | A | A | A |
| HCM 95th \%tile Q(veh) |  | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 22 | 94 | 72 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 1 | 36 | 13 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 13 | 74 | 49 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3156 |  | 588 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 300 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 86 | 69 | 5 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 38 | 21 | 0 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 68 | 56 | 4 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1898 | 746 | 658 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 57 | 277 | 240 | 102 | 28 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 9 | 86 | 91 | 33 | 4 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 39 | 231 | 191 | 73 | 18 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4736 | 432 |  | 746 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  | 150 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 4 |  | 0 |  |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 131 | 531 | 211 | 357 | 268 | 308 | 51 | 257 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 10 | 393 | 51 | 154 | 144 | 84 | 13 | 128 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 82 | 619 | 137 | 294 | 246 | 221 | 38 | 226 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 517 |  | 996 |  | 1985 |  | 846 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 50 |  |  |  |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 18 | 0 | 13 | 7 | 0 |  | 4 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 2 | 1 | 9 | 11 | 0 |  | 1 |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 104 | 327 | 526 | 314 | 427 | 52 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 7 | 156 | 195 | 30 | 223 | 9 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 44 | 274 | 382 | 191 | 379 | 35 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 896 | 1377 |  |  | 1084 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 19 | 5 |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 1 | 21 |  |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 60 | 363 | 54 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 4 | 72 | 16 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 36 | 272 | 47 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 432 | 180 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 1 |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 4 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 4 |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 0 |  |

Zone Summary
Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 101

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 6 | 35 | 12 | 99 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 0 | 4 | 1 | 39 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 5 | 23 | 8 | 73 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3152 |  | 1572 | 584 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 300 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 105 | 56 | 2 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 59 | 6 | 0 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 89 | 31 | 2 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1894 | 737 | 654 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 38 | 200 | 344 | 166 | 140 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 4 | 80 | 160 | 91 | 12 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 22 | 159 | 292 | 156 | 89 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4732 | 424 |  | 737 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 150 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 3 |  | 2 | 0 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 77 | 518 | 152 | 424 | 268 | 356 | 91 | 186 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 7 | 330 | 32 | 166 | 143 | 135 | 22 | 83 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 78 | 571 | 99 | 320 | 244 | 265 | 60 | 159 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 508 |  | 991 |  | 1981 |  | 842 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 11 |  | 14 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 1 |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 134 | 288 | 281 | 180 | 252 | 34 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 31 | 143 | 125 | 12 | 130 | 6 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 89 | 249 | 223 | 96 | 211 | 27 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 892 | 1373 |  |  | 1080 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 12 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 4 | 5 | 0 |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 50 | 289 | 25 | 145 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 4 | 45 | 1 | 45 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 37 | 227 | 19 | 122 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 424 | 508 | 216 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 1 |  | 2 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 4 |  | 0 |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 4 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 0 |  |  |

Zone Summary
Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 74

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 31 | 90 | 16 | 77 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 1 | 36 | 1 | 12 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 15 | 73 | 9 | 48 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3156 |  | 1576 | 592 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 300 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 80 | 72 | 3 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 39 | 23 | 0 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 65 | 60 | 4 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1898 | 746 | 662 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 96 | 589 | 288 | 98 | 28 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 11 | 189 | 101 | 40 | 4 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 57 | 570 | 223 | 81 | 16 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4736 | 430 |  | 746 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 2 |  |  |  |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 87 | 535 | 186 | 375 | 272 | 335 | 48 | 296 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 9 | 509 | 53 | 149 | 154 | 109 | 14 | 149 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 62 | 575 | 136 | 290 | 253 | 255 | 40 | 251 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 519 |  | 1000 |  | 1986 |  | 846 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 136 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 39 | 1 | 15 | 8 | 1 |  | 7 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 4 | 2 | 11 | 15 | 2 | 1 |  |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 95 | 368 | 514 | 279 | 472 | 47 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 10 | 169 | 202 | 31 | 234 | 8 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 60 | 300 | 397 | 196 | 389 | 34 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 900 | 1377 |  |  | 1084 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 19 | 6 |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 1 | 23 |  |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 193 | 444 | 128 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 12 | 216 | 47 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 94 | 502 | 147 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 430 | 236 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 5 | 4 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 36 | 0 |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 20 |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 2 |  |

Zone Summary
Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 237

Queuing and Blocking Report Future No Build PM

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 12 | 31 | 16 | 140 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 0 | 3 | 1 | 49 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 8 | 20 | 9 | 101 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3152 |  | 1572 | 584 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  | 300 |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 114 | 54 | 5 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 64 | 7 | 0 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 96 | 34 | 3 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1894 | 737 | 654 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 61 | 406 | 430 | 174 | 345 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 5 | 127 | 229 | 108 | 52 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 30 | 347 | 427 | 179 | 250 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4732 | 424 |  | 737 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  | 16 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 150 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 12 |  | 11 | 0 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 1 |  | 2 | 0 |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 78 | 523 | 167 | 472 | 269 | 476 | 82 | 215 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 6 | 464 | 34 | 172 | 175 | 173 | 22 | 97 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 56 | 640 | 106 | 341 | 281 | 365 | 59 | 174 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 508 |  | 991 |  | 1981 |  | 842 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 123 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 38 | 0 | 15 | 12 | 4 |  | 1 |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 116 | 367 | 296 | 160 | 265 | 44 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 30 | 159 | 138 | 9 | 142 | 7 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 79 | 287 | 240 | 89 | 230 | 30 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 892 | 1373 |  |  | 1080 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 14 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 4 | 7 | 0 |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 112 | 432 | 225 | 240 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 6 | 191 | 24 | 127 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 55 | 474 | 145 | 285 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 424 | 508 | 237 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 4 | 0 | 26 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 28 | 0 | 0 |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 20 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 1 |  |  |

Zone Summary
Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 242

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | T | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 32 | 122 | 12 | 74 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 2 | 41 | 0 | 15 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 17 | 90 | 9 | 50 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3152 |  | 1572 | 584 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 300 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 86 | 66 | 26 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 39 | 25 | 1 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 69 | 61 | 11 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1896 | 327 | 654 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 115 | 1347 | 346 | 145 | 83 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 15 | 595 | 139 | 54 | 7 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 71 | 1339 | 297 | 117 | 50 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4732 | 421 |  | 352 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  | 0 |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 150 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 48 |  | 1 |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 5 |  | 0 |  |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 222 | 526 | 174 | 370 | 268 | 359 | 114 | 316 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 23 | 516 | 56 | 168 | 168 | 122 | 15 | 156 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 174 | 531 | 139 | 317 | 269 | 274 | 65 | 274 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 511 |  | 991 |  | 1982 |  | 842 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 250 |  |  |  |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  | 1 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 61 | 0 | 16 | 11 | 1 |  | 7 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 6 | 1 | 12 | 20 | 4 |  | 2 |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 79 | 304 | 662 | 336 | 504 | 46 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 6 | 160 | 249 | 38 | 249 | 7 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 43 | 274 | 576 | 235 | 418 | 30 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 892 | 1373 |  |  | 1080 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 19 | 11 |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 1 | 46 |  |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 224 | 437 | 20 | 176 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 28 | 380 | 1 | 138 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 140 | 555 | 18 | 213 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 421 | 511 | 156 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 21 |  | 72 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 137 | 0 |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  | 0 |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 55 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 7 |  |  |

Intersection: 7: Site Driveway \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 31 | 31 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 4 | 2 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 21 | 17 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 241 | 327 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |

## Zone Summary

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Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 490
```

Intersection: 1: SW 108th Ave \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | WB | NB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | TR | L | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 7 | 37 | 108 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 0 | 4 | 47 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 5 | 24 | 86 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 3152 |  | 584 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 2: SW 108th Ave \& SW Leveton Dr

| Movement | EB | NB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 114 | 48 | 3 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 64 | 7 | 0 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 97 | 32 | 3 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 1897 | 327 | 654 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |  |

Intersection: 3: SW Herman Rd/SW 108th Ave

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 84 | 569 | 425 | 171 | 303 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 9 | 187 | 235 | 117 | 75 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 50 | 474 | 425 | 193 | 286 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 4732 | 421 |  | 352 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  | 11 |  | 6 |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 150 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 25 |  | 17 | 0 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |

Intersection: 4: SW Teton Ave \& SW Herman Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | NB | NB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR | L | TR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 123 | 526 | 174 | 423 | 269 | 468 | 93 | 221 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 6 | 506 | 34 | 183 | 177 | 181 | 20 | 94 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 77 | 575 | 100 | 349 | 282 | 386 | 61 | 180 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 511 |  | 991 |  | 1982 |  | 842 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 176 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 450 |  | 125 |  | 180 |  | 170 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  | 49 |  | 17 | 12 | 4 |  | 1 |

Intersection: 5: SW Herman Rd \& SW Tualatin Rd

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | WB | SB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | T | R | L | R |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 134 | 344 | 296 | 217 | 292 | 36 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 31 | 155 | 137 | 14 | 138 | 5 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 86 | 281 | 232 | 111 | 233 | 25 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 892 | 1373 |  |  | 1080 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 100 |  |  | 250 | 800 |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 13 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 4 | 6 | 1 |  |  |

Intersection: 6: SW Herman Rd \& Site Driveway

| Movement | EB | EB | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | L | T | TR | LR |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 186 | 437 | 190 | 194 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 12 | 271 | 18 | 160 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 87 | 546 | 116 | 207 |
| Link Distance (ft) |  | 421 | 511 | 156 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  | 10 |  | 91 |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  | 61 |  | 0 |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) | 200 |  |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) | 0 | 34 |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) | 0 | 2 |  |  |

Intersection: 7: Site Driveway \& SW 108th Ave

| Movement | WB | SB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Directions Served | LR | LT |
| Maximum Queue (ft) | 35 | 64 |
| Average Queue (ft) | 8 | 6 |
| 95th Queue (ft) | 31 | 49 |
| Link Distance (ft) | 241 | 327 |
| Upstream Blk Time (\%) |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |
| Storage Bay Dist (ft) |  |  |
| Storage Blk Time (\%) |  |  |
| Queuing Penalty (veh) |  |  |

## Zone Summary

[^10]
## MEMORANDUM (DRAFT)

DATE: April 26, 2019
TO: Gary Danielson, SRG Partnership, Inc
FROM: $\quad$ Garth Appanaitis, PE
SUBJECT: Tualatin Ops Site Transportation Planning Rule Analysis
The purpose of this memorandum is to address Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 660-012-0060, Transportation Planning Rule (TPR), requirements for a map change amendment to rezone two parcels near SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Ave/SW Herman Rd in Tualatin. The change in zoning may be pursued to support additional development on the site. Prior traffic analysis conducted for the site ${ }^{1}$ addressed the additional traffic that would be added with the actual proposed development use but did not address TPR requirements.

## TPR Overview

The TPR provides a means for ensuring that future land use and traffic growth is consistent with transportation system planning. The TPR requires that a change of allowable land uses do not create a significant impact on the transportation system beyond currently allowed (planned) uses. The TPR can be addressed through a variety of means, but typically compares the change in trip potential (simply trip generation or traffic impacts) between the allowed use (existing zoning) and proposed use (proposed zoning). In many cases the reasonable worst-case use (for either the existing or propose zoning) will not reflect the actual existing use for a site or the specific use that may ultimately be developed on a site. Rather, the reasonable worst case considers the allowed trip potential for either zoning condition and is rarely development specific (e.g., no site plan, nor intent to use the site for that purpose). In some cases, a "trip cap" or limit to the maximum trips generated by a site will be imposed with a change in zoning in order to limit the future trip potential while still allowing for the intended development.

## Site Traffic Potential

The City of Tualatin Public Works Department is located in the northeast quadrant of SW $108^{\text {th }}$ Ave/SW Herman Rd. The site is currently zoned as Light Manufacturing (ML) and composed of two parcels:

- 2S122AD00200 (approximately 5.18 acres)
- 2S122AD00300 (approximately 3.54 acres)

[^11]Page 2
For purposes of the TPR analysis, the existing uses on the site are ignored and redevelopment options allowed within zoning designations are considered. Applying typical industrial development assumptions, the combined size of the site ( 8.72 acres) could provide approximately 95,000 feet of floor area ${ }^{2}$ based on overall size and not considering other site-specific limitations (topography, etc.) that may be identified through a site design process. This development potential of 95 ksf is considered for both the existing and proposed zoning designations.

## Existing Zoning (ML) Traffic Potential

The existing ML zoning ${ }^{3}$ allows several industrial uses, including manufacturing and warehousing. Some components of commercial uses are allowed as ancillary components of the site. ITE Trip Generation, $10^{\text {th }}$ Edition was used to determine traffic potential for allowed uses. The allowed industrial use with the highest trip generation rate for the p.m. peak hour is 155 High-Cube Fulfilment Center Warehouse ( 1.37 trips/ksf). However, data in the ITE manual indicates that these uses typically exceed 500 ksf and would not be reasonable for the site given the size.
Under the existing ML zoning, the reasonable worst-case trip potential (that would scale to the size of the site) would fall under ITE Category 140 - Manufacturing, which generates approximately $0.67 \mathrm{trips} / \mathrm{ksf}$ during the p.m. peak hour. Therefore, the reasonable worst-case trip potential for a 95 ksf building would generate approximately 64 p.m. peak hour trips. Further, this trip potential is approximately the same as the government office building documented and analyzed in the related TIA ( 59 p.m. peak hour trips) ${ }^{4}$.

## Proposed Zoning (IN) Traffic Potential

The proposed Institutional (IN) zoning allows uses that serve the community, such as educational, religious, recreational, and government uses. The Community Services category within IN includes community recreation building, which is the reasonable worst-case use from a trip potential standpoint. ITE category 495 Recreational Community Center would generate approximately 2.31 p.m. peak hour vehicle trips/ksf. Therefore, a 95 ksf building would generate approximately 219 p.m. peak hour trips.

## Text Amendment Impacts

While the government office building analyzed in the prior TIA would fit within the general intent of the IN zone, it is not currently listed as an allowed use. A text amendment to specifically allow government office buildings in the IN zone may be required in addition to a map amendment for the site.

The potential text amendment action would not create a significant effect for TPR purposes. While a text amendment would affect all locations with IN zone designation, allowing government office uses would not increase the reasonable worst-case trip potential for IN zoning designation. The ITE trip rate for 730 Government Office Building is 1.71 trips/ksf ${ }^{5}$ during the p.m. peak hour, which is less trips than a

[^12]
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recreational community center ( 2.31 trips/ksf) and would not increase the trip potential for zones designated IN to allow this additional use.

## FINDINGS

The TPR analysis addressed two potential actions, which, while related, include separate findings.

## Map Amendment (ML to IN)

The trip generation potential for the existing zoning (ML) and proposed zoning (IN) was calculated using site redevelopment assumptions for a reasonable worst-case use and ITE trip generation rates. For the two subject parcels, a map amendment to change the zoning designation from ML to IN has the potential to add an increase of approximately 155 (219-64) p.m. peak hour vehicle trips. This action has the potential to create a significant effect on the transportation system, but can be resolved through either of the following actions:

1) Conduct additional traffic analysis to address TPR requirements and determine if additional offsite transportation improvements would be required to offset the impacts of the map amendment. This analysis would identify specific potential impacts related to adding 155 vehicle trips to the transportation system for the p.m. peak hour (during the future year Transportation System Plan horizon). This action would maximize flexibility for future uses allowed for the zoning designation, but would require additional analysis, and (pending the results of the analysis) may lead to unnecessary transportation system investments if the reasonable worst-case use is not developed.
--or--
2) Include a trip cap with the map amendment that would limit site trips and not further degrade the transportation system. The analysis indicates that the existing zoning would allow approximately 64 p.m. peak hour trips, which would exceed the number of trips required for the government office building included in the TIA ( 59 p.m. peak hour trips). A trip cap of 80 p.m. peak hour trips would provide some flexibility for the site design to add a nominal portion of trips, while not creating a significant increase above the reasonable worst-case trip potential of the existing ML zoning.

## Text Amendment (Allow Government Office use in IN)

The potential text amendment to allow government office buildings in any IN zone would not increase the reasonable worst-case trip potential for IN zones beyond what is currently allowed for recreational community center. Therefore, such action would meet TPR requirements.

If you have any questions, please call.




[^0]:    Lynette Sanford, Office Coordinator

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tualatin Development Code, City of Tualatin.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ City of Tualatin Traffic Study Requirements, 2016.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3} 2010$ Highway Safety Manual (HSM), Chapter 4, Page 4-11: The critical crash rate is a threshold value that allows for relative comparison among sites with similar characteristics. The critical crash rate depends on the average crash rate at similar sites, traffic volume, and a statistical constant that represents a desired level of significance.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ Tualatin Development Code 74.420 (17)

[^5]:    ${ }^{5}$ Per email communications with Tony Doran, Engineering Associate at City of Tualatin on August $24^{\text {th }}, 2018$.

[^6]:    ${ }^{6}$ Table 4 indicates that the current intersection delay is 53.8 seconds during the AM peak hour, narrowly under the threshold of 55 seconds to maintain LOS D.

[^7]:    Tualatin Operation Building Traffic Impact Study 7:25 am 09/11/2018 Future No Build AM DKS Associates

[^8]:    Tualatin Operation Building Traffic Impact Study 7:25 am 09/11/2018 Future Build AM DKS Associates

[^9]:    Tualatin Operation Building Traffic Impact Study 7:25 am 09/11/2018 Future Build AM DKS Associates

[^10]:    Zone wide Queuing Penalty: 333

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tualatin City Operation Site Traffic Impact Analysis, prepared by DKS Associates, December 2018.

[^12]:    ${ }^{2} 8.72$ acres * 0.25 FAR $=95 \mathrm{ksf}$
    
    ${ }^{4}$ TIA Table 5 lists 59 p.m. peak hour trips for the additional government office building.
    ${ }^{5}$ A higher effective trip rate of approximately 2.95 trips/ksf ( 59 trips/ 20 ksf ) was used for the smaller 20 ksf building in the TIA to provide a conservative estimate and account for potential public service counter trips. However, for consideration of larger building sizes and reasonable worst-case trip potential, the overall ITE average rate of 1.71 (which includes building sizes approaching 80 ksf ) is appropriate.

