

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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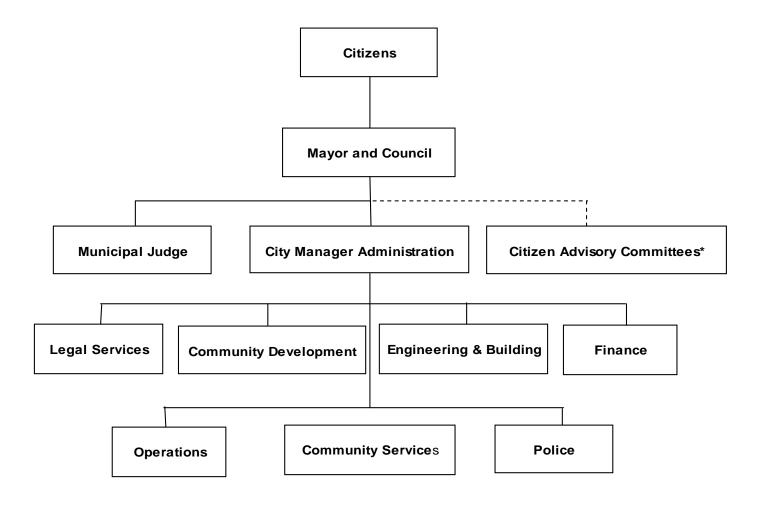
<u>City Council</u>	Term Expires
Lou Ogden, Mayor	December 31, 2018
Wade Brooksby, Position No. 1	December 31, 2018
Monique Beikman, Council President, Position No. 2	December 31, 2016
Frank Bubenik, Position No. 3	December 31, 2018
Ed Truax, Position No. 4	December 31, 2016
Nancy Grimes, Position No. 5	December 31, 2018
Joelle Davis, Position No. 6	December 31, 2016

Administrative

Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager Sean T. Brady, City Attorney Don Hudson, Finance Director

City Offices 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue Tualatin, Oregon 97062

City Council members may be contacted at the above City Offices address.



*The Citizen Advisory Committees include the Library Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Park Advisory Committee, the Urban Renewal Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Arts Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Planning Advisory Committee, the Core Area Parking District Board, the Architectural Review Board and the Budget Committee.



City of Tualatin

www.ci.tualatin.or.us

December 31, 2015

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Council, and Citizens of the City of Tualatin:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. These statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Tualatin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Tualatin has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Tualatin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Tualatin's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Merina & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Tualatin's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Tualatin for the year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Tualatin's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City of Tualatin

The City of Tualatin celebrated its centennial birthday in 2013 and is located in Northwestern Oregon in the Portland metropolitan area, in the counties of Washington and Clackamas, just twelve miles south of Portland's city center. The City of Tualatin currently occupies a land area of 7.9 square miles and serves a population of 26,590. The City of Tualatin is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term.

The City provides a full range of services including: police protection, community planning and building inspection, engineering and economic development, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, community library services, recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All department heads of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager (who acts as the City Budget Officer). After the Budget Officer prepares the proposed budget, notice of the first budget committee meeting is published. The budget committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of appointed citizen members) reviews and approves the budget after which notice of the public hearing for the City Council to adopt the budget is published. The budget must be adopted making appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year by June 30th of the previous year. Changes to the adopted budget are governed by Local Budget Law in state statute and require City Council approval.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, Building Fund and Park Development Fund, this comparison is presented as required supplementary information, following the notes to the basic financial statements. For non-major governmental funds, this comparison is presented as other supplementary information. Enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are included in the other supplementary information section of this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Factors which may be important in affecting financial conditions in the future for the City include:

Given the State of Oregon's property tax limitations and the City's low permanent tax rate for operations, smart, balanced growth is important to the economic health of the community. The economic slowdown slowed development down considerably between 2010 and 2013, causing assessed value growth to be the lowest since the property tax limitations were passed in the late 1980's. As the economy began to rebound, development activity also rebounded, bringing assessed value growth back up over 5% city-wide for tax years 2014-15, and 2015-16. The Tualatin area is experiencing continued development growth, and it is anticipated that assessed value growth will be between 4% and 5% for tax year 2016-2017.

During fiscal year 2014-15, at the intersection of I-5 and Nyberg Lane, the old K-Mart shopping center site continued its redevelopment by CenterCal Properties. This new project, Nyberg Rivers, has brought in over 245,000 sq. ft. of new leasable commercial space to the existing, underutilized shopping center site, turning it into a vibrant economic asset for the City. The redevelopment included construction of seven buildings, access and public facilities improvements, as well as parking, pedestrian and landscaping improvements. Construction began in earnest during fiscal year 2013-14, with Cabela's, New Seasons Market, Pieology Pizza, Home Goods and L.A. Fitness Center opening during fiscal year 2014-15. Additional restaurants and retail buildings are slated for construction during fiscal year 2015-16.

Additionally, the City embarked on a project we call the "Big 3", replacing our current financial software with a new system for financial and utility billing, a second system for Community Development and a third system for asset management. This upgrade of existing modules, along with the addition of new modules, has created significant improvements to our internal and external processes. When fully completed, the new solutions will allow the City to offer new on-line services, including online business license renewals, payment of municipal court fines and building permit fees, as well as other functionality to our residents and customers. The project will be completed during fiscal year 2015-16.

The City of Tualatin continues to be an active partner with numerous regional planning efforts that will have a future impact on Tualatin and our economic growth. While the potential costs and benefits of these plans are still unknown, future projects will be modeled for their financial impacts once the planning efforts near completion.

One of the significant regional and local efforts is to improve transit service in Tualatin. Specifically, there are three interrelated planning efforts aimed at increasing transit service in Tualatin. First, the SW Corridor Plan will identify a potential future high capacity transit (i.e. light rail or bus rapid transit) alignment between Portland, Tigard, and Tualatin. Second, while many eyes focus on high capacity transit in the long-term future, TriMet conducted a SW Service Enhancement Plan to outline near-term local bus improvements in this part of the region. During FY 2015-16, some of these improvements will be implemented by TriMet.

Another major regional planning effort is the Basalt Creek Concept Plan which outlines a vision for future growth in the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. In addition to the future land uses, the Basalt Creek Concept Plan evaluates the provision of urban services (i.e. transportation, water, sewer, storm, etc.) and delineates future city limit lines between Tualatin and Wilsonville.

Besides development, the other item that has a significant impact on the financial position of the City of Tualatin is the reforms to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) made by the Oregon Legislature during the 2013 legislative session, as well as the special session held in late September 2013. SB 822, passed during regular session, lowered the City's contribution rate (as a percentage of payroll) by 4.4%, a savings of approximately \$440,000 in fiscal year 2013-14. The overall unfunded actuarial liability of the Oregon PERS system was reduced by measures passed in both sessions, lowering anticipated future contribution rate increases. In April 2015, the Oregon Supreme Court rejected a large portion of the reforms. Since PERS rates are set on a biennial basis, the impact of the Supreme Court decision will not be realized until FY 2017-18, when rates are projected to increase over 4% of covered payroll.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tualatin for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 24th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both the GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to express our appreciation to members of other departments who assisted with contributions of information to be included in this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the entire City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in management of the City of Tualatin's and the Tualatin Development Commission's finances.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated hard work of the Finance Department Staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherilyn Lombos
City Manager

Don Hudson Finance Director Matt Warner

Accounting Supervisor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tualatin Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



PARTNERS
KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Tualatin, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, or the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 9 and Note 10 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents under the required supplementary information, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Merina & Company, LLP

Merina & Lompany

West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015

As management of the City of Tualatin (the City), we include this narrative presenting an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Tualatin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position, budget variances and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

We request readers to consider this information with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section following the Table of Contents.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled approximately \$201.5 million at June 30, 2015, and consisted of approximately \$40.4 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$153.0 million in capital assets and approximately \$8.1 million in other assets and deferred outflows of resources. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$7.4 million from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$25.5 million at June 30, 2015, consisting of \$14.9 million in long-term obligations, \$3.7 million in accounts payable and other liabilities, and \$6.9 million in deferred inflows related to pensions.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$176.0 million at the close of fiscal year 2015. Unrestricted net position totaled \$14.6 million, with the remainder of the City's net position invested in capital assets net of related debt (\$140.2 million) and restricted for building and engineering, street and roadside maintenance, debt service, capital projects, transportation, urban renewal, and capital improvements (\$21.2 million).
- For its governmental activities, the City generated \$7.0 million in charges for services and received \$0.5 million in operating and capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses, including interest on long-term debt for governmental activities were \$20.7 million for the year, resulting in a net expense of \$13.2 million. \$17.4 million of general revenues received and \$2.3 million of transfers in resulted in an increase in net position of \$6.5 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City generated \$17.0 million in charges for services and in capital grants and contributions to fund direct expenses of \$13.8 million.
- Fund balance in the City's governmental funds was \$23.9 million at June 30, 2015, up by \$3.6 million from June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the financial section of this annual report includes the *basic financial* statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information, including the combining statements and schedules of the nonmajor funds.

The basic financial statements also include *notes* that explain the information in the financial statements and provide additional details.

Each of these components serves an important purpose in providing information about the financial position and financial activities of the City of Tualatin.

The City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27* during fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement 68 established accounting and financial reporting standards for employers, including reporting of the net pension asset or liability on the statement of net position, and deferred inflows and outflows associated with investment, economic and demographic gains and losses associated with pension plans. GASB Statement 68 also provides guidance related to the calculation of pension expense (income). Fiscal year 2014 information reported in Tables 1 and 2 herein have been restated to conform to the new reporting and accounting standards.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad overview of the City's finances, operations and general health <u>as a whole</u>. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Position</u>. This statement presents information on all of the City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. In other words, this statement compares what the government *owns* to what it *owes* and, although there are differences and qualifiers, it is a loose parallel to what average citizens understand as "owner's equity" or "net worth".

Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other factors being equal, the extent by which assets exceed liabilities is a cushion to be called upon during stressful economic times.

Net position is comparable to owner's equity in for-profit businesses and this measure was developed to fill the void which existed before new accounting standards to measure the long-term viability of governmental units. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as the conditions of City infrastructure, in addition to the other financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>, which presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some times that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The obvious advantage to such an approach is to nurture a long-term perspective by emphasizing the effects of yearly budget decisions on long-term goals. Such a perspective enforces the need to use sound financial policies such as maintaining adequate reserves and paying current costs from current revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

Governmental activities at the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation.

The business-type activities include maintenance of water and sewer systems including pipes and lift stations. Water is purchased from the City of Portland. Clean Water Services and the City of Lake Oswego provide sewer treatment services; therefore, the City does not maintain treatment plants.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Tualatin itself (*the primary government*), but also the Urban Renewal Agency of the City, the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a <u>blended component unit</u> and, in substance is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. Separate financial statements of the Commission can be obtained from the City of Tualatin Finance Department at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062-7092.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated from specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. The use of fund financial statements is directly related to the budgeting process because some revenues are legally earmarked for certain kinds of expenditures. Fund financial statements ensure and demonstrate compliance with governmental finance-related laws and regulations.

In addition, the <u>total amount</u> of the budgeted appropriations for expenditures is considered in terms of the revenue available to fund the expenditures and the type of expenditures competing for the same dollars. The City of Tualatin's funds can be divided into two primary categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term *inflows* and *outflows*. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements (current liabilities).

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains eight proprietary funds. These funds are enterprise funds used to report the same functions presented in business type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds have been reported with accounting procedures similar to for-profit companies in the past, even before new accounting standards were adopted. Whereas, infrastructure accounting is relatively new for governmental funds, the City of Tualatin, like other cities, always maintained detailed records of the sewer and water systems, including the computation of related depreciation for the systems.

These proprietary funds include Water Fund, Water SDC Fund, Enterprise Bond Fund, Water Reservoir Fund, Sewer Fund and Sewer SDC Fund, Storm Drain Fund and Storm Drain SDC Fund.

The City's Internal Service Fund accounts for administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements. These notes not only provide additional detail, but also are required to fully understand the financial data as presented, as well as the financial condition of the City as a whole. The notes offer information not only to lay readers and citizens, but also those interested in a detailed study of the City's financial operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2015 and 2014 Statements of Net Position:

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30th

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2015	2014	2015	2015 2014		2014	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 31,109,294 99,732,467	\$ 24,099,169 102,213,419	\$ 15,705,750 53,276,638	\$ 15,420,165 52,368,884	\$ 46,815,044 153,009,105	\$ 39,519,334 154,582,303	
Total assets	130,841,761	126,312,588	68,982,388	67,789,049	199,824,149	194,101,637	
Deferred outflows of resources	1,340,056		355,635		1,695,691		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	8,269,787 3,700,108	7,691,763 3,824,403	4,777,803 1,921,752	4,735,000 1,315,692	13,047,590 5,621,860	12,426,763 5,140,095	
Total liabilities	11,969,895	11,516,166	6,699,555	6,050,692	18,669,450	17,566,858	
Deferred inflows of resources	6,333,070		518,722		6,851,792		
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	92,025,421 16,106,005 5,747,426	93,651,852 12,939,222 8,205,348	48,216,410 5,042,785 8,860,551	47,293,914 5,148,228 9,296,215	140,241,831 21,148,790 14,607,977	140,945,766 18,087,450 17,501,563	
Total net position	\$ 113,878,852	\$ 114,796,422	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 61,738,357	\$ 175,998,598	\$ 176,534,779	

The City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$176.0 million as of June 30, 2015. Of this amount, \$140.2 million, (80%) was invested in capital assets, (i.e. land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less the outstanding related debt used to acquire these assets. These assets are not a source for repaying liabilities now, or in the future, since such assets represent the "business of the City". Other resources must be used to pay for outstanding liabilities, some of which are restricted to only certain uses. This requires the City to not only acquire those capital assets necessary to provide for City services, but to retain the ability to finance these acquisitions and provide maintenance for these assets.

An additional portion of net position (\$21.1 million) is restricted as to how it may be used by budgetary, legal and external factors. The unrestricted amount of \$14.6 million (8% of net position) can be used to meet on-going obligations. Of the \$25.5 million of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end for governmental and business-type activities, \$13.0 million are due in more than one year. For the government as a whole, and for the separate governmental and business-type activities, all three categories showed a positive net position balance for fiscal year 2014-15, as they did for 2013-14.

Total net position decreased by \$.5 million during the fiscal year. The implementation of GASB Statement 68 accounts for a \$3.3 million decrease in net position, as the City recorded net pension liability of \$8.0 million at June 30, 2014 and net pension income of \$4.7 million at June 30, 2015; the resulting decrease was offset by the degree to which ongoing revenues have exceeded increase in ongoing expenses.

Statement of Activities

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2015 and 2014 Statement of Activities:

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 6,974,383	\$ 4,590,939	\$ 16,207,830	\$ 14,346,837	\$ 23,182,213	\$ 18,937,776		
Operating grants								
and contributions	482,911	629,043	-	-	482,911	629,043		
Capital grants								
and contributions	-	-	827,464	491,274	827,464	491,274		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	9,156,220	8,757,182	-	-	9,156,220	8,757,182		
Franchise fees	2,213,242	2,135,959	-	-	2,213,242	2,135,959		
Public service taxes	E 444 074	0.000.477			5 4 44 074	0.000.477		
and revenue sharing Interest and miscellaneous	5,141,871	3,968,177	- 00 200	404.044	5,141,871	3,968,177		
interest and miscellaneous	929,624	287,931	89,399	101,941	1,019,023	389,872		
Total revenues	24,898,251	20,369,231	17,124,693	14,940,052	42,022,944	35,309,283		
Expenses:								
General government	6,057,498	8,405,978	-	-	6,057,498	8,405,978		
Public safety	5,942,679	7,027,399	-	-	5,942,679	7,027,399		
Highways and streets	4,586,849	3,853,744	-	-	4,586,849	3,853,744		
Culture and recreation	3,769,534	5,200,979	-	-	3,769,534	5,200,979		
Interest on long-term debt	317,574	332,382	-	-	317,574	332,382		
Water Operations	-	-	4,973,697	4,354,918	4,973,697	4,354,918		
Sewer Operations	-	-	7,392,084	6,704,634	7,392,084	6,704,634		
Storm Drain Operations			1,449,680	1,298,184	1,449,680	1,298,184		
Total expenses	20,674,134	24,820,482	13,815,461	12,357,736	34,489,595	37,178,218		
Change in net assets before transfers	4,224,117	(4,451,251)	3,309,232	2,582,316	7,533,349	(1,868,935)		
Transfers	2,316,940	153,787	(2,316,940)	(153,787)				
Change in net position	6,541,057	(4,297,464)	992,292	2,428,529	7,533,349	(1,868,935)		
Net position - beginning	114,796,422	119,093,886	61,738,357	59,309,828	176,534,779	178,403,714		
Restatement	(7,458,627)		(610,903)		(8,069,530)			
Net position - beginning (restated)	107,337,795	119,093,886	61,127,454	59,309,828	168,465,249	178,403,714		
Net position - ending	\$ 113,878,852	\$ 114,796,422	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 61,738,357	\$ 175,998,598	\$ 176,534,779		

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2014-15, as compared to a \$4.3 million decrease in the prior fiscal year. Revenue, including transfers, increased by \$6.7 million and expenses decreased \$4.1 million. Key elements of this change, as illustrated in Table 2 above, include a reduction in general government, public safety, and culture and recreation expenses, largely as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

Business-Type activities total revenues increased approximately \$2.2 million from 2014, due mainly to increases in revenue earned from charges for services.

Business-Type activities expenses, including transfers, increased approximately \$3.6 million, due to increases in the purchase of water and user charges passed through to Clean Water Services for sewer treatment.

The government-wide financial statements highlight some of the most important factors about the governmental funds, particularly the General Fund. The primary revenues for governmental funds are taxes, fees and licenses, and intergovernmental revenues. The two largest sources of revenues for the City of Tualatin's General Fund are property taxes and franchise fees.

The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax and there has been a long history of its citizens opposing one. This puts great stress on property taxes, franchise fees, and other revenue in the governmental sector. Property taxes are limited several ways by State law.

- Local governments' total share of property taxes cannot exceed \$10 per thousand of taxable assessed value; for school districts, the limit is \$5 per thousand.
- In 1998, taxpayers voted for a measure which limited assessed value increases from one year to the next to the lower of a 3% increase or the market value unless additional improvements or modifications have been made to a property.
- As a result of the same property tax reform measure, each local government was assigned a permanent tax rate. The City's rate is \$2.2665 per \$1,000 assessed value.

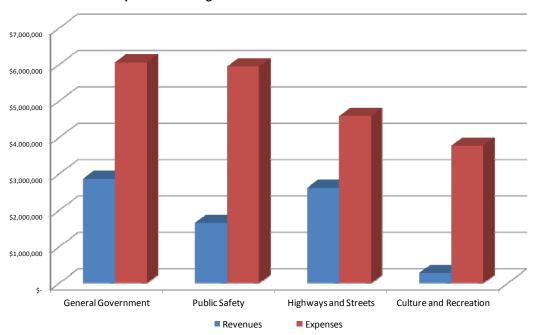
The City's permanent tax rate is relatively low in contrast to comparable cities in the State. The City has been able to maintain services by budgeting conservatively and providing quality services with lean budgets. The charts showing governmental expenses versus governmental activities demonstrate the funding challenges that Tualatin and other cities face.

Some of the important factors, which make allocation of resources difficult include:

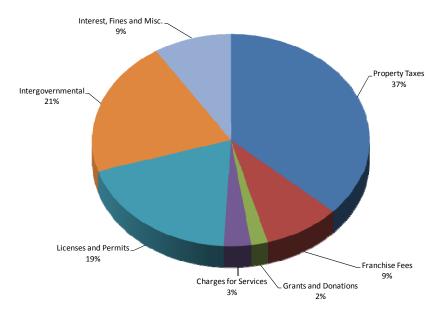
- Governmental resources are restricted in many ways: budgeting, legal and by public opinion.
- Programs funded by general resources typically result in hard choices, such as more police or a better library. Those services which are seen as most important and necessary are almost always least able or likely to assess charges for cost recovery even for direct services.

As build-out of the City occurs, it is likely to become more difficult to handle the inevitable rise in the cost of services. Regional transportation issues and the high development in the southwestern part of Washington County will continue to present challenges to the high quality of life that the citizens of Tualatin have experienced in the past. Concept plans that the City is currently working on for the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville will be vital to the City's long-term fiscal health.

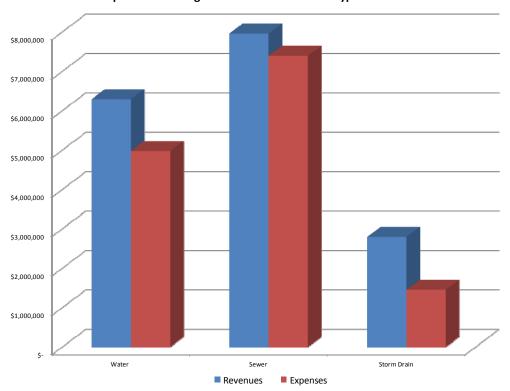
Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



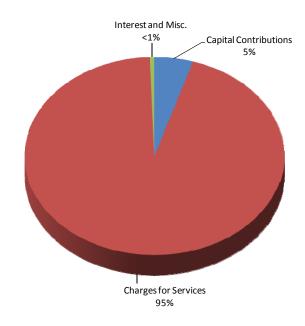
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$23.9 million, an increase of \$3.6 million when compared to the prior year. Unassigned fund balance combined with committed fund balance as of June 30, 2015, was \$7.7 million and is available for spending at the City's discretion.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2015, the total fund balance was \$7.6 million, of which \$7.5 million is considered unassigned, reflecting an increase of \$500,000 from the prior year. As a matter of course, the City strives to have enough reserves at the end of the fiscal year to provide cash for the first five months of operations, at which time the first installment of property taxes are received. The fund balance increase was primarily due to increases in property tax revenue received during the fiscal year. Expenditures in the general fund increased by \$800,000 in the current year, increasing from \$17.6 million to \$18.4 million.

Building Fund

This special revenue fund accounts for activities of the Building Division, which is responsible for reviewing building plans and issuing building permits for all structural, mechanical and plumbing applications within the City. At June 30, 2015, total fund balance remained constant at approximately \$1.7 million. The City's building fund continues to be funded by licenses and permits.

Park Development Fund

This capital projects funds accounts for activities for capital improvements to the City's parks and is funded by system development charges and other contributions. At June 30, 2015, the total fund balance increased approximately \$1.9 million, primarily as a result of contributions received for the Tualatin River Greenway Project.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original appropriated budget for the general fund for fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$21.7 million, including \$2.8 million for contingencies. There were transfers of appropriations of \$20,000 from contingency to information services.

The General Fund resources surpassed budgeted levels by approximately \$380,000. General Fund expenditures were \$3.4 million under appropriated levels. The primary reasons for this difference is due to contingency of \$2.8 million not being allocated for expenditures and budgeted expenditures for consultants within the Planning Division not being expended.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the City had invested \$153.0 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, in a range of asset types, including land, buildings, improvements and infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

The following is a comparison of capital assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

CITY OF TUALATIN'S NET CAPITAL ASSETS

	 Governmen	nental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total		
	2015		2014		2015		2014 2015		2015		2014
Land	\$ 13,821,291	\$	13,801,291	\$	880,144	\$	880,144	\$	14,701,435	\$	14,681,435
Construction in Progress	2,409,147		3,547,176		1,416,662		942,546		3,825,809		4,489,722
Buildings	20,137,903		19,971,431		367,755		367,755		20,505,658		20,339,186
Other Improvements	37,677,047		35,104,378		-		-		37,677,047		35,104,378
Machinery and Equipment	3,781,771		3,631,480		1,082,799		1,082,800		4,864,570		4,714,280
Utility System	-		-		79,202,842		77,098,399		79,202,842		77,098,399
Infrastructure	97,116,501		96,553,756		-		-		97,116,501		96,553,756
Accumulated Depreciation	(75,211,193)		(70,396,093)		(29,673,564)		(28,002,760)		(104,884,757)		(98,398,853)
Total net assets	\$ 99,732,467	\$	102,213,419	\$	53,276,638	\$	52,368,884	\$	153,009,105	\$	154,582,303

Net capital assets decreased by \$1.6 million due to the increased accumulated depreciation on the City's assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The governmental infrastructure category consists primarily of roads, signals and lighting. Capital assets in the business-type activities include water and sewer lines, lift stations and other portions of utility systems.

Additional information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Outstanding

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$12.7 million in long-term bonded debt obligations outstanding, a decrease of approximately 6% from the prior year. Approximately \$1.1 million of the debt at June 30, 2015, is due within one year.

CITY OF TUALATIN'S DEBT SERVICE Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Beginning		Additions		rincipal Paid	Ending		
Governmental:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 7,355,000	\$	-	\$	(675,000)	\$	6,680,000	
Full Faith & Credit	1,100,000		-		(88,012)		1,011,988	
Total Governmental	\$ 8,455,000	\$	-	\$	(763,012)	\$	7,691,988	
Business-type:								
Water Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,065,000	\$	-	\$	(4,720,000)	\$	345,000	
Full Faith & Credit	\$ -	\$	4,745,494	\$	(80,499)	\$	4,664,995	
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 13,520,000	\$	4,745,494	\$	(5,563,511)	\$	12,701,983	

The State of Oregon mandates a general obligation debt limit of 3 percent of true market value of taxable property within City boundaries. The City's general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 was \$6.7 million, which is well below the \$111 million maximum limitation.

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is presented in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Factors affecting financial conditions in the future include:

- The City continues to experience increased development activity, approaching the growth levels experienced prior to the economic downturn. The increased development described in the Letter of Transmittal accompanying this report will help drive increases in assessed value and property tax revenue in future years. With the City's low permanent tax rate of \$2.2665 per thousand of assessed value, though, future adjustments to maintain service levels of city services to our residents may be necessary.
- The City continues to plan for the future through a variety of long-term planning studies and processes to help provide economic stability. The City Council adopted the Southwest Concept Plan and city staff has been working on concept plans for the undeveloped area located between the cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. More information about these plans and new development activity are included in the Letter of Transmittal located earlier in this report.
- Tualatin's location in the Portland metropolitan area is very much affected by the transportation issues associated with urban areas. The City, along with TriMet, continues to look at increased transit options and we are involved with other regional partners in looking at transportation issues in and around Tualatin.
- The factors mentioned above have had a positive impact on the City's fiscal health. These impacts continue to be modeled in the City's Fiscal Health model to determine the impact on the City's General Fund on-going alignment. Council and staff will continue to use this tool to make strategic decisions about the City's future financial picture.

Requests for Information

The City's financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability of the resources it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, contact the Finance Department at City of Tualatin, 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, OR 97062-7092.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- ➤ Government-Wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

	G	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities			Total	
ASSETS:						
Current assets:					_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,460,231	\$	13,898,198	\$	40,358,429
Due from other governments		323,648		1 500 015		323,648
Accounts receivable		394,299		1,500,915		1,895,214
Property taxes receivable Prepaids		413,423 64,694		-		413,423 64,694
Inventories		117,959		37,813		155,772
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		52,967		57,015		52,967
Total current assets		27,827,221		15,436,926	-	43,264,147
		27,027,221		13,430,920		43,204,147
Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset		3,282,073		268,824		3,550,897
Capital assets:		3,202,073		200,024		3,330,697
Nondepreciable		16,230,438		2,296,806		18,527,244
Depreciable, net		83,502,029		50,979,832		134,481,861
Total noncurrent assets		103,014,540		53,545,462		156,560,002
TOTAL ASSETS		130,841,761		68,982,388		199,824,149
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,		, . , .
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred charge on refunding		=		245,876		245,876
Deferred outflows of resources - pension		1,340,056		109,759		1,449,815
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,340,056		355,635		1,695,691
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		1,539,188		1,390,793		2,929,981
Deposits		571,843		5,200		577,043
Retainage payable		15,058		50,234		65,292
Unearned revenue		27,000		117,970		144,970
Interest Payable		18,980		12,555		31,535
Current portion of long-term debt		1,528,039		345,000	_	1,873,039
Total current liabilities		3,700,108		1,921,752		5,621,860
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Pension transition liability		1,377,396		112,809		1,490,205
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations		6,892,391		4,664,994		11,557,385
Total noncurrent liabilities		8,269,787		4,777,803		13,047,590
TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,969,895		6,699,555		18,669,450
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		6,333,070		518,722		6,851,792
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets		92,025,421		48,216,410		140,241,831
Restricted for:		72,023,121		10,210,110		110,211,031
Building and engineering		1,744,129		-		1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance		1,040,146		-		1,040,146
Debt service payments		285,945		-		285,945
Capital projects		3,246,367		-		3,246,367
Transportation		5,439,306		-		5,439,306
Urban renewal projects Capital improvements		4,350,112		5,042,785		4,350,112 5,042,785
Unrestricted		5,747,426		8,860,551		14,607,977
TOTAL NET POSITION	Φ	113,878,852	\$	62,119,746	\$	175,998,598
TOTAL NET FOSITION	\$	113,070,034	Ф	02,119,740	Þ	112,770,378

					Net Expense Revenue and				
			Program Reven	ues	Change in Net Position				
			Operating	Capital		Business			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Type			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 6,057,498	\$ 2,497,798	\$ 365,295	\$ -	\$ (3,194,405)	\$ -	\$ (3,194,405)		
Public safety	5,942,679	1,583,770	69,778	φ -	(4,289,131)	φ -	(4,289,131)		
Highways and streets	4,586,849	2,613,764	09,776	-	(1,973,085)	-	(1,973,085)		
Culture and recreation			47.020	-		-			
	3,769,534	279,051	47,838	-	(3,442,645)	-	(3,442,645)		
Interest on long-term debt	317,574				(317,574)		(317,574)		
Total governmental									
activities	20,674,134	6,974,383	482,911		(13,216,840)		(13,216,840)		
Business type activities:									
Water Operations	4,973,697	6,116,285		172,076		1,314,664	1,314,664		
Sewer Operations	7,392,084	7,771,356	-	185,475	-	564,747	564,747		
Storm Drain Operations	1,449,680	2,320,189	-	469,913	-	1,340,422	1,340,422		
Storiii Drain Operations	1,449,060	2,320,189		409,913		1,340,422	1,340,422		
Total business type									
activities	13,815,461	16,207,830		827,464		3,219,833	3,219,833		
Total government	\$ 34,489,595	\$23,182,213	\$ 482,911	\$ 827,464	(13,216,840)	3,219,833	(9,997,007)		
	General revenues	:							
	Taxes:								
	Property taxe	s			9,156,220	_	9,156,220		
	Franchise tax				2,213,242	_	2,213,242		
		e taxes and reven	ue sharing		5,141,871	_	5,141,871		
		vestment earnings	_		144,854	73,419	218,273		
	Miscellaneous	U			784,770	15,980	800,750		
	Transfers in (ou				2,316,940	(2,316,940)	-		
	Transfers in (or				2,310,740	(2,310,740)			
	Total gener	al revenues and tr	ansfers		19,757,897	(2,227,541)	17,530,356		
	Change	in net position			6,541,057	992,292	7,533,349		
	Net position - beg	rinning			114,796,422	61,738,357	176,534,779		
	Restatement (see				(7,458,627)	(610,903)	(8,069,530)		
	Net Position - beg				107,337,795	61,127,454	168,465,249		
	Net position - end	ling			\$ 113,878,852	\$62,119,746	\$175,998,598		

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, and state and county shared revenue. Primary expenditures are for culture and recreation, general government and public safety.

Building Fund

The Building Fund accounts for revenues from various fees collected from building for construction of buildings and expended for services rendered primarily in the City's building division.

Park Development Fund

The Park Development Fund accounts for capital improvements to parks funded by system development charges and other contributions.

			Park		
	General Fund	Building Fund	Development Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
A COTOTO.					
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,362,151	\$ 2,151,151	\$ 2,573,350	\$ 12,095,740	\$ 25,182,392
Due from other governments	235,848	-	87,800	-	323,648
Accounts receivable	29,723	-	-	356,216	385,939
Property taxes receivable Due from other funds	369,707 915	-	-	43,716 4,032	413,423 4,947
Inventories	81,795	-	-	36,164	117,959
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	52,967	-	-	-	52,967
Total assets	\$ 9,133,106	\$ 2,151,151	\$ 2,661,150	\$ 12,535,868	\$ 26,481,275
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,044,474	\$ 74,162 332,860	\$ 17,514	\$ 209,139 55,324	\$ 1,345,289
Deposits Due to other funds	183,659 4,032	332,800	-	33,324 915	571,843 4,947
Retainage payable	-,032	-	-	3,231	3,231
Unearned revenue	7,000			20,000	27,000
Total liabilities	1,239,165	407,022	17,514	288,609	1,952,310
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	227 410			20.000	277 217
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue Unavailable revenue - assessments	337,419	-	-	39,898 247,353	377,317 247,353
Total deferred inflows of resources	337,419			287,251	624,670
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory Restricted for:	81,795	-	-	36,164	117,959
Building and engineering		1,744,129	_	_	1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance	-	-	-	1,040,146	1,040,146
Debt service payments	-	-	-	285,945	285,945
Capital projects	-	-	2,643,636	602,731	3,246,367
Transportation Urban renewal projects	-	-	-	5,439,306 4,304,445	5,439,306 4,304,445
Committed to:	_		-	4,304,443	4,304,443
Pavement maintenance and street lighting	-	-	-	54,279	54,279
Parking maintenance	-	-	-	146,188	146,188
Assigned to:				E0 904	£0.904
Scholarships Unassigned:	7,474,727	-	-	50,804	50,804 7,474,727
Total fund balances	7,556,522	1,744,129	2,643,636	11,960,008	23,904,295
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 9,133,106	\$ 2,151,151	\$ 2,661,150	\$ 12,535,868	
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, the	refore, are not repor	ted in the funds.			98,798,521
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures ar	nd, therefore, are def	erred in the funds.			624,670
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operation of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement	•	lividual funds. The	assets and liabilities	S	2,025,494
The following items related to the net pension activity do not provide (use) curre in the funds.	nt resources and, the	refore, are not repor	ted		
Net pension asset Deferred outflows after measurement dat Deferred inflows of assumed and actual investment earnings and City's proportio Pension transition liability	nate share				3,282,073 1,340,056 (6,333,070) (1,377,396)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the cur Long-term debt Interest payable	rrent period and ther	efore are not reporte	d in the funds.		(8,366,811) (18,980)
Net position of governmental activities					\$ 113,878,852

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

DEVENIUG.	General Fund	Building Fund	Park Development Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES:	¢ 0.201.065	¢	ф	f 000 922	¢ 0.171.600
Property taxes	\$ 8,201,865	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 969,823	\$ 9,171,688
Franchise fees	2,213,242	-	-	275 001	2,213,242
Charges for service	414,390	1 145 021	9.67.292	375,801	790,191
Licenses and permits	555,309	1,145,031	867,282	2,286,394	4,854,016
Intergovernmental	2,559,328	-	975,059	1,607,484	5,141,871
Fines and forfeitures	1,359,978	-	10.566	-	1,359,978
Interest	41,572	10,959	10,566	75,783	138,880
Miscellaneous	119,418	38	600,000	39,013	758,469
Total revenues	15,465,102	1,156,028	2,452,907	5,354,298	24,428,335
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	6,038,947	-	-	50,276	6,089,223
Public safety	6,923,284	728,638	-	-	7,651,922
Highways and streets	1,089,249	-	=	1,159,874	2,249,123
Culture and recreation	3,936,035	-	=	=	3,936,035
Capital outlay	368,831	211,929	558,855	775,692	1,915,307
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	675,000	675,000
Interest				286,719	286,719
Total expenditures	18,356,346	940,567	558,855	2,947,561	22,803,329
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,891,244)	215,461	1,894,052	2,406,737	1,625,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S):				
Transfers in	3,393,300	20,000	14,000	93,820	3,521,120
Transfers out	(14,000)	(289,190)	(25,970)	(1,260,760)	(1,589,920)
			(-) /		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,379,300	(269,190)	(11,970)	(1,166,940)	1,931,200
Net change in fund balances	488,056	(53,729)	1,882,082	1,239,797	3,556,206
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7,068,466	1,797,858	761,554	10,720,211	20,348,089
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 7,556,522	\$ 1,744,129	\$ 2,643,636	\$ 11,960,008	\$ 23,904,295

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported is	the statement	of activities	are different b	ecanse.
Amounts reported i	i uic statement	or activities	are uniterent t	ccause.

Net change in fund balances		\$ 3,556,206
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
Depreciation	(4,823,952)	
Capital asset additions	1,855,398	(2,968,554)
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current		
financial resources in the governmental funds.		434,462
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest expense	69,630	
Amortization of transitional pension liability	40,065	
Pension expense	4,330,225	
	1,330,223	4,439,920
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the administrative services department to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental		
activities.		474,667
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the		501075
amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		604,356
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,541,057

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the genera public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent three segments of operations – Water, Sewer, and Storm Drain. Included in these segments are:

Water Operations

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of water facilities and services. The primary source of revenues consists of water sales and related charges.

Water Development Fund

The Water Development Fund accounts for system development fees charged on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansions of the water system.

Water Reservoir Fund

The Water Reservoir Fund accounts for the construction of a 5-million gallon A-2 Reservoir and to upgrade existing facilities

Enterprise Bond Fund

The Enterprise Bond Fund accounts for debt service financing for the water reservoir construction and other improvement to the water system.

Sewer Operations

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer system. The primary source of revenue consists of charges for sewer services.

Sewer Development Fund

The Sewer Development Fund accounts for the system development fees on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansion of the sewer system.

Storm Drain Operations

Storm Drain Fund

The Storm Drain Fund accounts for storm drain services for residents of the City. The principal revenue source is from user fees.

Storm Drain Development Fund

The Storm Drain Development Funds accounts for system development charges assessed to finance expansion of the storm water system

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, these aforementioned funds are consolidated and included as three separate Enterprises funds.

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement

Operations Fund

This Operations Fund accounts for the administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm, and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities
	Water	Sewer	Storm Drain		Operations
	Operations	Operations	Operations	Total	Fund
ASSETS:					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,667,399	\$ 6,738,808	\$ 1,491,991	\$ 13,898,198	\$ 1,277,839
Accounts receivables, net	608,092	689,499	203,324	1,500,915	8,360
Inventories	37,207	606	-	37,813	-
Prepaid items					64,694
Total current assets	6,312,698	7,428,913	1,695,315	15,436,926	1,350,893
Noncurrent Assets					
Net pension asset	160,122	70,179	38,523	268,824	_
Capital assets, net	32,195,454	16,968,562	4,112,622	53,276,638	933,946
Total noncurrent assets	32,355,576	17,038,741	4,151,145	53,545,462	933,946
Total assets	38,668,274	24,467,654	5,846,460	68,982,388	2,284,839
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	245,876	_	_	245,876	_
. Deferred outflows of resources - pension	65,377	28,653	15,729	109,759	_
Total deferred outflows of resources	311,253	28,653	15,729	355,635	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	802,793	525,646	62,354	1,390,793	50,062
Accrued liabilities	502,793	323,040	02,334	1,390,793	143,837
Compensated absences	_	_	_	_	53,619
Retainage payable	40,265	9,969	_	50,234	11,827
Deposits payable	5,200	-	_	5,200	-
Accrued interest payable	12,555	-	_	12,555	_
Bonds payable - current	345,000	-	_	345,000	_
Unearned revenue	47,458	-	70,512	117,970	-
Total current liabilities	1,253,271	535,615	132,866	1,921,752	259,345
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds Payable	4,664,994	_	_	4,664,994	_
Pension transition liability	67,194	29,446	16,169	112,809	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,732,188	29,446	16,169	4,777,803	
Total liabilities	5,985,459	565,061	149,035	6,699,555	259,345
DEFEDDED INELOWS OF DESCRIBERS					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources - pension	308,971	125 /17	74 224	518,722	
Deferred fifflows of resources - pension	300,971	135,417	74,334	310,722	
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	27,145,195	16,958,593	4,112,622	48,216,410	922,119
Restricted for:	702 000	2.00=.0==	150.010	E 0 10 E0=	
Capital improvements	702,809	3,887,057	452,919	5,042,785	1 100 075
Unrestricted	4,837,093	2,950,179	1,073,279	\$,860,551	1,103,375
Total net position	\$ 32,685,097	\$ 23,795,829	\$ 5,638,820	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 2,025,494

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Storm Drain Operations	Total	Operations Fund
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for service Fines and forfeitures	\$ 6,116,285	\$ 7,771,356	\$ 2,320,189	\$ 16,207,830	\$ 2,452,570 3,179
Miscellaneous	15,580		400	15,980	26,301
Total operating revenues	6,131,865	7,771,356	2,320,589	16,223,810	2,482,050
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personal services Materials and services	- 3,913,677	6,831,502	1,273,698	- 12,018,877	1,481,845 948,267
Depreciation	934,241	560,582	175,982	1,670,805	56,998
Total operating expenses	4,847,918	7,392,084	1,449,680	13,689,682	2,487,110
Operating income (loss)	1,283,947	379,272	870,909	2,534,128	(5,060)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income Interest expense	32,467 (125,779)	34,324	6,628	73,419 (125,779)	5,974
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(93,312)	34,324	6,628	(52,360)	5,974
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	1,190,635	413,596	877,537	2,481,768	914
OPERATING TRANSFERS:					
Transfers in (out)	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
Net income (loss) before contributions	266,345	(486,484)	384,967	164,828	386,654
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions	172,076	185,475	469,913	827,464	<u> </u>
Change in net position	438,421	(301,009)	854,880	992,292	386,654
NET POSITION - beginning	32,610,554	24,256,316	4,871,487	61,738,357	1,638,840
RESTATEMENT (see note)	(363,878)	(159,478)	(87,547)	(610,903)	
NET POSITION - beginning, restated	32,246,676	24,096,838	4,783,940	61,127,454	1,638,840
NET POSITION - ending	\$ 32,685,097	\$ 23,795,829	\$ 5,638,820	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 2,025,494

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Bu	siness-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise l	Funds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Storm Drain Operations	Total	Operations Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees and others for salaries/benefits	\$ 6,108,517	\$ 7,684,215	\$ 2,289,012	\$ 16,081,744	\$ 2,409,499 (1,491,334)
Cash paid to employees and others	(3,488,665)	(6,925,681)	(1,374,091)	(11,788,437)	(934,506)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,619,852	758,534	914,921	4,293,307	(16,341)
CASH FLOWS FROM					
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in (out)	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Purchase of capital assets	(1,692,065)	-	(59,030)	(1,751,095)	(61,689)
Debt principal payments	(55,006)	-	-	(55,006)	-
Interest paid	(131,138)	-	-	(131,138)	-
Deferred charge on refunding	(245,876)			(245,876)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,124,085)		(59,030)	(2,183,115)	(61,689)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	32,467	34,324	6,628	73,419	5,974
interest received	32,407	34,324	0,028	75,417	3,774
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	32,467	34,324	6,628	73,419	5,974
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(396,056)	(107,222)	369,949	(133,329)	313,684
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	6,063,455	6,846,030	1,122,042	14,031,527	964,155
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 5,667,399	\$ 6,738,808	\$ 1,491,991	\$ 13,898,198	\$ 1,277,839
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income	\$ 1,283,947	\$ 379,272	\$ 870,909	\$ 2,534,128	\$ (5,060)
Adjustments					
Depreciation	934,241	560,582	175,982	1,670,805	56,998
Pension expense (income) Decrease (increase) in:	(213,212)	(93,448)	(51,295)	(357,955)	-
Accounts receivable	(37,084)	(87,141)	(31,577)	(155,802)	(7,857)
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	(64,694)
Inventories	5,768	(56)	-	5,712	-
Increase (decrease) in:		((40,000)	500 400	10 = 11
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits	632,456 3,680	(675)	(49,098)	582,683 3,680	13,761
Deferred revenue	10,056	-	-	10,056	_
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	-	-	(9,489)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,619,852	\$ 758,534	\$ 914,921	\$ 4,293,307	\$ (16,341)
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 172,076	\$ 185,476	\$ 469,913	\$ 827,465	\$ -
Total non-cash capital financing activities	\$ 172,076	\$ 185,476	\$ 469,913	\$ 827,465	\$ -

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member council. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the government and its component unit (Tualatin Development Commission).

<u>Tualatin Development Commission</u> – The Commission was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Tualatin. Pursuant to ORS 457.055, the City Council has been appointed governing body of the Commission. The Commission's funds are reported as governmental fund types.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Tualatin Development Commission has a June 30 year-end. The Tualatin Development Commission is governed by the City Council of the City of Tualatin. Complete financial statements for Tualatin Development Commission can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City, 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon 97062.

B. Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the City, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

These statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds for 2015:

- •General Fund
- •Building Fund
- •Park Development Fund

The City reports each of its three proprietary funds as major funds. These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent three segments of operations – Water, Wastewater, and Storm Drain. The City reports the following proprietary funds:

- •Water Operations
- •Wastewater Operations
- •Storm Drain Operations

The City's Internal Service Fund accounts for administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm, and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *full accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, long-term compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to financial operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and bases of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expended to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized, thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods

in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Wastewater, and Storm Drain Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The City invests in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, which is authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Interest earned from pooled investments is allocated based on a fund's portion of the total investment balance. The City maintains depository insurance under Federal depository insurance funds and state and financial institution collateral pools for its cash deposits and investments, except the Local Government Investment Pool, which is exempt from statutes requiring such insurance.

F. Receivables

Uncollected property taxes receivable collected within sixty days following year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other uncollected property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Assessments receivable expected to be collected within sixty days following year end and are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for grants and state shared revenues, included in accounts receivable are recorded as revenues in governmental fund types as earned. Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenues as earned, including services earned but not billed.

G. Interfund Loans Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to and due from other funds". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable" and "interfund loan payable".

H. Inventories

Inventories for governmental fund types are stated at cost (average cost basis) and are charged to expenditures as they are used. Inventories in the enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost (average cost basis) or market value and are charged to expenses as they are used, consistent with the consumption method.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements	10-50
Infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Utility Systems	25-50

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resource

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of

resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, accumulated vested vacation pay is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences included the general fund, building fund, and the operations fund.

M. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represent net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The nonexpendable portion of permanent funds is reported as a component of restricted net position. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

N. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposed by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager or Finance Director to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category.

Use of restricted resources, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015 investments included in cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Weighted			
	Average	Fair		
	Maturity (Years)	Value		
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local				
Government Investment Pool	0.00	\$ 39,913,035		

A. Interest rate risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Currently, the City maintains excess cash in the Local Government Investment Pool.

B. Credit risk

State statutes authorize the City of Tualatin to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated.

The City's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

C. Concentration of credit risk

All investments of the City shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus finds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

D. Custodial credit risk – deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all deposit accounts at each financial institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are considered fully collateralized. As of June 30, 2015, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Property Taxes and Assessments Receivable

Property taxes receivable, which have been collected within sixty days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenue.

All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Real and personal property taxes are levied as of July 1 of each fiscal year on values assessed as of that date. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on both real and personal property as of July 1 and are due and payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. All property taxes are billed and collected by Clackamas and Washington Counties and remitted to the City.

Assessments receivable are amounts billed to property owners upon completion of the benefiting project.

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 13,801,291	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 13,821,291
Construction in Progress	3,547,176	1,654,275	(2,792,304)	2,409,147
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	17,348,467	1,674,275	(2,792,304)	16,230,438
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	131,658,134	3,135,414	-	134,793,548
Buildings	19,971,431	166,472	-	20,137,903
Machinery & Equipment	3,631,480	216,140	(65,849)	3,781,771
Total capital assets, depreciable	155,261,045	3,518,026	(65,849)	158,713,222
Total	172,609,512	5,192,301	(2,858,153)	174,943,660
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	(61,506,187)	(3,928,685)	-	(65,434,872)
Buildings	(6,277,494)	(660,310)	-	(6,937,804)
Machinery & Equipment	(2,612,412)	(291,954)	65,849	(2,838,517)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,396,093)	(4,880,949)	65,849	(75,211,193)
Net depreciable capital assets	84,864,952	(1,362,923)		83,502,029
Net capital assets	\$ 102,213,419	\$ 311,352	\$ (2,792,304)	\$ 99,732,467

Governmental activities:	Depreciation
General government	1,103,817
Public safety	244,891
Highways and streets	2,757,278
Culture and recreation	774,963
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	4,880,949

Business-type activities totals	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 880,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 880,144
Construction in Progress	942,546	1,783,706	(1,309,590)	1,416,662
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	1,822,690	1,783,706	(1,309,590)	2,296,806
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	77,098,399	2,104,443	-	79,202,842
Buildings	367,755	-	-	367,755
Machinery & Equipment	1,082,799	-	-	1,082,799
	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets, depreciable	78,548,953	2,104,443		80,653,396
Total	80,371,643	3,888,149	(1,309,590)	82,950,202
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	(26,873,001)	(1,633,665)	-	(28,506,666)
Buildings	(342,083)	(1,692)	-	(343,775)
Machinery & Equipment	(787,675)	(35,448)	-	(823,123)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,002,759)	(1,670,805)		(29,673,564)
Net depreciable capital assets	50,546,195	433,638		50,979,833
Net capital assets	\$ 52,368,884	\$ 2,217,344	\$ (1,309,590)	\$ 53,276,638
Business-type activities:			Depreciation	
Water			934,241	
Sewer			560,582	
Stormwater			175,982	
Total depreciation expense - business	-type activities		1,670,805	

5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Interfund Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 3,393,300	\$ 14,000
Building Fund	20,000	289,190
Total Major Governmental Funds	3,413,300	303,190
Non-major Governmental Funds		
Operations Fund	2,838,310	-
Road Utility Fee Fund	-	343,270
Road Gas Tax Fund	93,820	759,300
Core Area Parking District Fund	-	23,470
Park Development Fund	14,000	25,970
Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund	-	80,180
Leveton Project Fund	-	54,540
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	2,946,130	1,286,730
Proprietary Funds		
Water Fund	450,000	2,846,350
Water Development Fund	-	452,560
Enterprise Bond Fund	517,050	-
Sewer Fund	-	1,331,660
Sewer Development Fund	-	9,770
Storm Drain Fund	-	1,096,220
Total Proprietary Funds	967,050	5,736,560
Total Government Wide	\$ 7,326,480	\$ 7,326,480

Interfund transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, contribute to the cost of capital projects and provide operational resources.

6. Long Term Debt Obligations

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. As compensated absences are due and payable on demand, they are considered due within one year.

	Beginning balance as of July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance as of June 30, 2015	Due within one year
Governmental activities: General Obligation bonds Series 2008, Police Refunding, interest at 3.75-5.0%,					
original issue of \$2,575,000, due 2018 Series 2005, Parks Improvement, interest at 2.5-	\$ 1,650,000	\$ -	\$ (305,000)	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 310,000
4.125%, original issue of \$3,785,000, due 2025 Series 2006, Library Improvement, interest at 3.75-	2,455,000	-	(180,000)	2,275,000	190,000
4.25%, original issue of \$4,225,000, due 2027	3,250,000	-	(190,000)	3,060,000	200,000
Full Faith and Credit obligations Series 2013, Operations Warehouse, interest at 3.0%, original issue of \$1,100,000, due 2024	1,100,000	_	(88,012)	1,011,988	99,597
Long-term bonded debt obligations	8.455.000		(763,012)	7,691,988	799,597
Compensated absences	667,288	442,379	(381,225)	728,442	728,442
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,122,288	\$ 442,379	\$ (1,144,237)	\$ 8,420,430	\$ 1,528,039
Business-type activities: Revenue Bonds Series 2005 Water Revenue, interest at 3.75-4.5% original issue of \$7,305,000, due 2025	\$ 5,065,000	\$ -	\$ (4,720,000)	\$ 345,000	\$ 345,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series 2014, Full Faith and Credit Refunding, interest at 2.0-4.0%, original issue of \$4,300,000, due 2025	-	4,300,000	(40,000)	4,260,000	-
Plus: Bond issuance premium Total business-type activities	\$ 5,065,000	\$ 4,745,494	\$ (4,800,499)	\$ 5,009,995	\$ 345,000
Total long-term debt obligations					
General Obligation bonds Full Faith and Credit obligations Revenue bonds Plus: Bond issuance premium	\$ 7,355,000 1,100,000 5,065,000	\$ - 4,300,000 - 445,494	\$ (675,000) (128,012) (4,720,000) (40,499)	\$ 6,680,000 5,271,988 345,000 404,995	\$ 700,000 99,597 345,000
Long-term bonded debt obligations Compensated absences	13,520,000 667,288	4,745,494 442,379	(5,563,511) (381,225)	12,701,983 728,442	1,144,597 728,442
Total long-term debt obligations	\$14,187,288	\$5,187,873	(\$5,944,736)	\$13,430,425	\$1,873,039

Future Principal and Interest. Future maturities of bond principal and interest at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	 Governmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-type Activities			Total				
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2016	\$ 799,597	\$	289,352	\$	345,000	\$	157,550	\$	1,144,597	\$	446,902
2017 2018	837,572 870,793		257,165 222,225		360,000 370,000		147,050 137,900		1,197,572 1,240,793		404,215 360,125
2019 2020	909,035 567,377		184,708 154,923		380,000 395,000		126,650 113,050		1,289,035 962,377		311,358 267,973
2021-2025 2026-2027	3,082,614 625,000		428,676 25,300		2,250,000 505,000		308,150 7,575		5,332,614 1,130,000		736,826 32,875
	\$ 7,691,988	\$	1,562,349	\$	4,605,000	\$	997,925	\$	12,296,988	\$	2,560,274

Advance Refunding

The City issued \$4,300,0000 in full faith and credit bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$4,390,000 of outstanding Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.5%. The net proceeds of \$4,707,821 (including a premium of \$445,494 and after payment of \$37,673 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$270,463. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The City advance refunded the Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds to reduce is total debt service payments over 11 years by \$374,583 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$332,321.

7. Pension Plan

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

Benefits provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee

benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes

After Retirement Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final

average salary. Normal retirement age for police members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by 2013 legislated changes in benefit provisions. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2013. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$1,439,922, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were 16.92 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 16.92 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police, 12.11 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 14.84 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police Members, and 6 percent for OPSRP Individual Account Program.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset of \$3,550,897 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2012 rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the City's proportion was 0.1567 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City's recognized pension income of \$4,684,899. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ - -	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		6,851,792	
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	9,894		-	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,439,922			
Total	\$ 1,449,816	\$	6,851,792	

\$1,439,922 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2016	\$ (1,710,797)
2017	(1,710,797)
2018	(1,710,797)
2019	(1,710,797)
2020	1,290
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2012 rolled forward to June
	30, 2014
Experience Study Report	2012, published September 18, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll
	as layered amortization bases over a closed
	period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized
	over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is
	amortized over 16 years.
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent overall payroll growth
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: PF-2000
	Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA,
	with collar adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage of the RP-2000 statistic combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2012 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2012.

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was

invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.70%
Intermediate -Term Bonds	3.00%	4.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.80%	6.66%
Large Cap US Equities	11.65%	7.20%
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88%	7.30%
Small Cap US Equities	2.27%	7.45%
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21%	6.90%
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49%	7.40%
Private Equities	20.00%	8.26%
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00%	6.01%
Real Estate (Property)	13.75%	6.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.76%
Commodities	1.25%	6.07%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.75%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75).

percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% De	crease (6.75%)	Discou	nt Rate (7.75%)	1% Ir	crease (8.75%)
City's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,519,517	\$	(3,550,897)	\$	(12,913,870)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

The Oregon Supreme Court on April 30, 2015, ruled that the provisions of Senate Bill 861, signed into law in October 2013, that limited the post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law was unconstitutional. Benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results in a 2% increase annually. OPERS will make restoration payments to those benefit recipients.

OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective dates of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire.

This is a change in benefit terms subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014, and has not been included in the net pension liability (asset) proportionate shares provided by OPERS.

8. Retirement Health Insurance Account

Plan Description. As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if

the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a OPERS-sponsored health plan. An eligible surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree may receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991. Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, currently 0.59 percent of annual covered payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2, and 0.49 percent for OPSRP. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employers, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

9. New Accounting Pronouncement – GASB Statement No. 68 and 71

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. GASB Statement No. 71 addresses an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 in the year ending June 30, 2015. Additional information can be found in Note 7 - Pension Plan and Note 10 - Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Restatement.

10. Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Restatement

Based on implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 71, the City restated the beginning net position for the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities.

Additionally, subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2014, the City corrected an error related to its accounting for a transitional liability. This transitional liability is associated with the OPERS plan and principal repayment is funded through an adder to the pension rates paid by the City to OPERS. This information came to management's attention during the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. A transitional liability of \$1,533,552 is included as part of the cumulative effect of restatement and decrease in beginning unrestricted position as of July 1, 2014.

Net position has been restated as follows:

	 Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Net position - beginning (as originally reported) Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle Cumulative effect of prior period correction	\$ 114,796,422 (6,041,166) (1,417,461)	\$	61,738,357 (494,812) (116,091)	\$ 176,534,779 (6,535,978) (1,533,552)
Net position - beginning (as restated)	\$ 107,337,795	\$	61,127,454	\$ 168,465,249

11. Risk Management

The City is subject to the ordinary risks of loss to which similar entities are exposed. These risks are handled through the purchase of commercial insurance and participation in a worker's compensation self-insurance pool and a property/liability self-insurance pool. These pools are administered by the City/County Insurance Service Trust (CCIS). The City has no significant claims against it that are in excess of its coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City pays an annual premium to CCIS for its insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and pool, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or the City may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy.

12. Contingencies and Commitments

Management of the City believes that total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the City beyond that, which is covered by insurance, would not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

Federal and state grants are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Building Fund
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) / Liability
- > Schedule of City Pension Plan Contributions

	Buo	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 7,963,655	\$ 7,963,655	\$ 8,201,865	\$ 238,210
Franchise fees	2,144,400	2,144,400	2,213,242	68,842
Charges for service	481,900	481,900	555,309	73,409
Licenses and permits	277,800	277,800	414,390	136,590
Intergovernmental	2,710,070	2,710,070	2,559,328	(150,742)
Fines and forfeitures	1,373,500	1,373,500	1,359,978	(13,522)
Interest	40,000	40,000	41,572	1,572
Miscellaneous	93,000	93,000	119,418	26,418
Total revenues	15,084,325	15,084,325	15,465,102	380,777
EXPENDITURES:				
City Council	179,295	179,295	129,934	49,361
Administration	910,265	910,265	928,639	(18,374)
Finance	904,955	904,955	899,028	5,927
Municipal Court	362,815	362,815	340,184	22,631
Legal	255,505	255,505	236,550	18,955
Information Services	1,167,955	1,187,955	1,187,678	277
Planning	940,145	940,145	872,263	67,882
Engineering	1,166,915	1,166,915	1,089,249	77,666
Police	6,840,025	6,840,025	6,733,709	106,316
Community Services - Admin	965,480	965,480	934,130	31,350
Community Services - Library	1,814,755	1,814,755	1,792,066	22,689
Fleet Maintenance	477,665	477,665	417,838	59,827
Building Maintenance	779,535	779,535	775,082	4,453
Parks Maintenance	1,295,235	1,295,235	1,237,525	57,710
Nondepartmental	1,273,233	1,273,233	1,237,323	37,710
General Services	857,800	857,800	782,471	75,329
Contingency	2,823,050	2,803,050	702,471	2,803,050
	, ,	, ,		,,
Total expenditures	21,741,395	21,741,395	18,356,346	3,385,049
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,657,070)	(6,657,070)	(2,891,244)	3,765,826
(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(-)	(-,,,	7 7	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	3,393,300	3,393,300	3,393,300	-
Transfers out	(14,000)	(14,000)	(14,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,379,300	3,379,300	3,379,300	
Net changes in fund balance	(3,277,770)	(3,277,770)	488,056	3,765,826
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	6,410,000	6,410,000	7,068,466	658,466
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 3,132,230	\$ 3,132,230	\$ 7,556,522	\$ 4,424,292

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget				Var	iance with	
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Charges for service	\$	100	\$	100	\$ -	\$	(100)
Licenses and permits		894,000		894,000	1,145,031		251,031
Interest		8,000		8,000	10,959		2,959
Miscellaneous		200		200	38		(162)
Total revenues		902,300		902,300	 1,156,028		253,728
EXPENDITURES:							
Personal Services		677,655		677,655	635,824		41,831
Materials and service		89,030		89,030	92,814		(3,784)
Capital outlay		190,760		190,760	211,929		(21,169)
Contingency		187,000		187,000	 		187,000
Total expenditures		1,144,445		1,144,445	 940,567		203,878
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(242,145)		(242,145)	 215,461		457,606
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		20,000		20,000	20,000		-
Transfers out		(289,190)		(289,190)	 (289,190)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(269,190)		(269,190)	(269,190)		
Net changes in fund balance		(511,335)		(511,335)	(53,729)		457,606
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,299,010		1,299,010	 1,797,858		498,848
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	787,675	\$	787,675	\$ 1,744,129	\$	956,454

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) / LIABILITY

For the Last Two Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of t	(b) City's ortionate share he net pension bility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2015	0.15665389%	\$	(3,550,897)	\$ 10,850,834	-32.72%	103.60%
2014	0.15665389%		7,994,278	10,217,980	78.24%	91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

For the Last Two Fiscal Years

				(b)				(b/c)
		(a)	Cor	tributions in	(a-b)	(c)	Contributions
Year	,	Statutorily	rel	ation to the	Cont	ribution	City's	as a percent
Ended		required	statu	torily required	defi	ciency	covered	of covered
June 30,	<u> </u>	ontribution	C	ontribution	(ex	ccess)	payroll	payroll
2015	\$	1,439,922	\$	1,439,922	\$	_	\$ 10,850,834	13.27%
2014		1,458,300		1,458,300		_	10,217,980	14.27%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. The City's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis as GAAP.

Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Expenditure categories of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. Management may not amend the budget without seeking the approval of the Council. The City had appropriation transfers during the year-ended June 30, 2015. The city had a supplemental budget during the year-ended June 30, 2015. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015:

<u>Fund</u>	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure
General fund	Administration	\$18,374
Building fund	Materials & services	3,784
Building fund	Capital outlay	\$21,169
Water fund	Materials & services	\$78,006
Enterprise bond fund	Materials & services	\$43,998
Sewer development fund	Materials & services	\$ 108,270

Changes in Plan Provisions

A summary of key changes in plan provisions are described in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's GASB 68 Disclosure Information which can be found at: <a href="http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/docs/er_general_information/opers_gasb_68_disclosure_information-op

CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2015

Changes of assumptions

A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2011 valuation are described in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's GASB 68 Disclosure Information which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/docs/er_general_information/opers_gasb_68_disclosure_information_revised.pdf

Additional details and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2012 Experience Study for the System, which was published on September 18, 2013, and can be found at: http://www.oregon.gov/pers/docs/2012%20Exp%20Study%20Updated.pdf

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other Major Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Internal Service Fund
- Other Financial Schedules

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Road Utility Fee Fund

The Road Utility Fee Fund accounts for road utility fees from the property located within the City and business owners to maintain pavement maintenance and street lighting.

Road Gas Tax Fund

The Road Gas Tax Fund accounts for gas taxes received from the State of Oregon and Washington County for the operation and maintenance of the street system, traffic signals, bike paths and landscaping of roadside areas.

Core Area Parking District Fund

The Core Area Parking District Fund accounts for parking fees from the property located within the City and business owners to develop additional downtown parking areas and maintain existing parking areas.

Tualatin Scholarship Fund

The Tualatin Science and Technology Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship awards.

Road Development Fund

The Road Development Fund accounts for funds received from system development charges and restricted for system improvements.

Economic Development Administration Fund

The Urban Redevelopment Administration Fund accounts for the general operations of the City's Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of Tualatin.

Transportation Development Tax Fund

The Transportation Development Tax Fund accounts for the collection and use of the transportation development tax.

Debt Service Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

General Obligation Bond Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Resources are provided by property taxes.

Bancroft Bond Fund

The Bancroft Bonded Debt Fund accounts for the collection of special assessments and the payment of debt principal and interest on special assessment bonded debt.

Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund

The Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund accounts for property taxes collected by the Central Urban Renewal district for payment of bond principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. Funds included in this category are:

Local Improvement District Fund

The Local Improvement District Fund accounts for improvements made to properties that will be assessed to property owners.

Parks Improvement Fund

The Parks Improvement Fund accounts for improvements to City parks not funded by system development charges.

Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund

The Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund accounts for resources provided from the sale of tax increment bonds and interest earnings used for construction with the Urban Renewal Agency's boundary.

Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of tax or construction increment bonds which are used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets with the urban renewal district.

Operations Warehouse Project Fund

The Operations Warehouse Project Fund accounts for the resources provided and used for the operations warehouse building. Resources are provided by other City Funds.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget				_		Variance with		
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fi	inal Budget	
REVENUES:									
Licenses and permits	\$	20,570	\$	20,570	\$	867,282	\$	846,712	
Intergovernmental		221,860		221,860		975,059		753,199	
Interest		2,000		2,000		10,566		8,566	
Miscellaneous						600,000		600,000	
Total revenues		244,430		244,430		2,452,907		2,208,477	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and service		21,000		21,000		-		21,000	
Capital outlay		956,130		956,130		558,855		397,275	
Total expenditures		977,130		977,130		558,855		418,275	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(732,700)		(732,700)		1,894,052		2,626,752	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		14,000		14,000		14,000		-	
Transfers out		(25,970)		(25,970)		(25,970)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,970)		(11,970)		(11,970)			
Net changes in fund balance		(744,670)		(744,670)		1,882,082		2,626,752	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		744,670		744,670		761,554		16,884	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	2,643,636	\$	2,643,636	

		Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds		Total Nonmajor ebt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds		Total
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,023,308	\$	339,355	\$	4,733,077	\$	12,095,740
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		353,444		2,772		-		356,216
Property taxes receivable Due from other funds		-		43,716		4,032		43,716 4,032
Inventories		36,164		-		4,032		36,164
inventories		30,104	-		-			30,104
Total assets	\$	7,412,916	\$	385,843	\$	4,737,109	\$	12,535,868
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	89,516	\$	60,000	\$	59,623	\$	209,139
Deposits	Ψ	55,324	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	55,324
Due to other funds		360		-		555		915
Retainage payable		3,231		-		-		3,231
Unearned revenue		20,000					_	20,000
Total liabilities		168,431		60,000		60,178		288,609
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue		_		39,898		_		39,898
Unavailable revenue - assessments		247,353		-		-		247,353
Total deferred inflows of resources		247 252		20.909				207.251
Total deferred inflows of resources		247,353		39,898				287,251
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		36,164		-		-		36,164
Restricted for:								
Street and roadside maintenance		1,040,146		205.045		-		1,040,146
Debt service payments		-		285,945		602,731		285,945
Capital projects Transportation		5,439,306		-		602,731		602,731
Urban renewal projects		230,245		-		4,074,200		5,439,306 4,304,445
Committed to:		230,243		-		4,074,200		4,304,443
Pavement maintenance and street lighting		54,279		_		_		54,279
Parking maintenance		146,188		_		_		146,188
Assigned to:		-,						-,
Scholarships		50,804						50,804
Total fund balances		6,997,132		285,945		4,676,931		11,960,008
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	7,412,916	\$	385,843	\$	4,737,109	\$	12,535,868

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 969,823	\$ -	\$ 969,823
Charges for service	375,801	-	-	375,801
Licenses and permits	2,286,394	106	-	2,286,394
Intergovernmental Interest	1,607,378		27,075	1,607,484
	47,125	1,583	27,075	75,783
Miscellaneous	38,102	911		39,013
Total revenues	4,354,800	972,423	27,075	5,354,298
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	50,276	-	-	50,276
Highways and streets	1,159,874	-	-	1,159,874
Capital outlay	70,716	-	704,976	775,692
Debt service:				
Principal	-	675,000	-	675,000
Interest		286,719		286,719
Total expenditures	1,280,866	961,719	704,976	2,947,561
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,073,934	10,704	(677,901)	2,406,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	93,820	-	-	93,820
Transfers out	(1,126,040)		(134,720)	(1,260,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,032,220)	-	(134,720)	(1,166,940)
Net change in fund balances	2,041,714	10,704	(812,621)	1,239,797
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	4,955,418	275,241	5,489,552	10,720,211
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 6,997,132	\$ 285,945	\$ 4,676,931	\$ 11,960,008

ASSETS	Road	Utility Fee Fund	Ro	oad Gas Tax Fund	Core Area king District Fund	Tualatin olarship Fund	 Road Development Fund	De	Economic evelopment ministration Fund	ransportation relopment Tax Fund	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,787	\$	1,132,669	\$ 146,265	\$ 50,804	\$ 1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,352,939	\$ 7,023,308
Accounts receivable Inventories		96,723		9,368 36,164	 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>	 - -		<u>-</u>	 247,353	 353,444 36,164
Total assets	\$	99,510	\$	1,178,201	\$ 146,265	\$ 50,804	\$ 1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,600,292	\$ 7,412,916
LIABILITIES:											
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	43,236	\$	45,028	\$ 77	\$ -	\$ - 18,461	\$	1,175	\$ -	\$ 89,516 55,324
Deposits Due to other funds		-		36,863	-	-	18,461		360	-	35,324 360
Retainage payable		1,995		_	-	_	1,236		-	_	3,231
Unearned revenue				20,000	 	 	 -			 	 20,000
Total liabilities		45,231		101,891	 77	 	 19,697		1,535	 	 168,431
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:											
Unavailable revenue - assessments					 	 	 			 247,353	 247,353
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 <u>-</u>	 	 -		-	 247,353	 247,353
FUND BALANCES:											
Nonspendable:				25151							25151
Inventory Restricted for:		-		36,164	-	-	-		-	-	36,164
Street and roadside maintenance		_		1,040,146	_	_	_		_	_	1,040,146
Transportation		_		-	_	_	1,086,367		_	4,352,939	5,439,306
Urban renewal projects		-		-	-	-	-		230,245	-	230,245
Committed to: Pavement maintenance and street lighting		54,279									54,279
Parking maintenance		34,219		_	146,188	_	-		-	-	146,188
Assigned to:					110,100						110,100
Scholarships		-			 	 50,804	 			 	 50,804
Total fund balances		54,279		1,076,310	146,188	50,804	1,086,367		230,245	 4,352,939	 6,997,132
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and											
fund balances	\$	99,510	\$	1,178,201	\$ 146,265	\$ 50,804	\$ 1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,600,292	\$ 7,412,916

	Road	Utility Fee Fund	Road Gas Tax Fund	Area Parking trict Fund	ualatin arship Fund	Road Development Fund	Economic Developmen Administration Fund	nt	Transportation Development Tax Fund	 Total
REVENUES:										
Charges for service	\$	326,712	\$ -	\$ 49,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 375,801
Licenses and permits		674,296	1 607 270	-	-	3,076		-	1,609,022	2,286,394
Intergovernmental		-	1,607,378 4,532	699	257	5,725	1,2	- 02	34,630	1,607,378 47,125
Interest Miscellaneous		-	4,532 19,500	699	257	5,725 462	1,2	82	34,630 18,140	47,125 38,102
Miscenaneous			19,500	 	 	402		_	10,140	 36,102
Total revenues		1,001,008	1,631,410	 49,788	 257	9,263	1,2	82	1,661,792	 4,354,800
EXPENDITURES:										
General government		_	_	14,810	_	_	35,4	66	-	50,276
Highways and streets		764,816	395,058	-	_	-	,	_	-	1,159,874
Capital outlay		-	70,716	-	-	-		-	-	70,716
							'			
Total expenditures		764,816	465,774	 14,810			35,4	66		 1,280,866
Revenues over (under) expenditures		236,192	1,165,636	34,978	257	9,263	(34,1	84)	1,661,792	3,073,934
-					,					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in		-	93,820	-	-	-		-	-	93,820
Transfers out		(343,270)	(759,300)	 (23,470)	-			_		 (1,126,040)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(343,270)	(665,480)	 (23,470)	 					 (1,032,220)
Net change in fund balances		(107,078)	500,156	11,508	257	9,263	(34,1	84)	1,661,792	2,041,714
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		161,357	576,154	 134,680	 50,547	1,077,104	264,4	29	2,691,147	 4,955,418
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	54,279	\$ 1,076,310	\$ 146,188	\$ 50,804	\$ 1,086,367	\$ 230,24	45	\$ 4,352,939	\$ 6,997,132

L GGPPPPG		General Obligation Bond Fund		ncroft Bond Fund	Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund			Total
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,406	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	339,355
Accounts receivable	φ	2,772	φ	100,949	φ	-	φ	2,772
Property taxes receivable		43,716						43,716
Total assets	\$	144,894	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	385,843
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	60,000	\$	60,000
Total liabilities						60,000		60,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue		39,898						39,898
Total deferred outflows of resources		39,898						39,898
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:								
Debt service payments		104,996		180,949				285,945
Total fund balances		104,996		180,949				285,945
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund	ф	144.00 /	ф	100.040	ф	<0.00°	Φ.	205.046
balances	\$	144,894	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	385,843

	General Obligation Bond Fund		Ban	croft Bond Fund	Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund		 Total
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$	969,823	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 969,823
Intergovernmental		106		-		-	106
Interest		666		917		-	1,583
Miscellaneous		911					 911
Total revenues		971,506		917			972,423
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal		675,000		-		-	675,000
Interest		286,719					 286,719
Total expenditures		961,719					 961,719
Revenues over (under) expenditures		9,787		917			 10,704
Net change in fund balances		9,787		917		-	10,704
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		95,209		180,032			275,241
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	104,996	\$	180,949	\$	-	\$ 285,945

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

	Local provement strict Fund	Imp	Parks rovement Fund		ntral Urban Renewal District oject Fund	Incre	eveton Tax ement District roject Fund	W	perations Varehouse oject Fund	Total
ASSETS:	 			_						
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments	\$ 476,943	\$	745	\$	166,952	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	\$ 4,733,077
Due from other funds	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		4,032				<u>-</u>	4,032
Total assets	\$ 476,943	\$	745	\$	170,984	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	\$ 4,737,109
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ -	\$	-	\$	50,547	\$	9,076	\$	-	\$ 59,623
Due to other funds	 				555		-			 555
Total liabilities	 				51,102		9,076			60,178
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:										
Capital projects	476,943		745		-		-		125,043	602,731
Urban renewal projects	 				119,882		3,954,318			 4,074,200
Total fund balances	 476,943		745		119,882		3,954,318		125,043	4,676,931
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 476,943	\$	745	\$	170,984	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	\$ 4,737,109

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Local Improvement District Fund	Parks Improvement Fund	Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund	Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund	Operations Warehouse Project Fund	Total
REVENUES: Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 2,416.00	\$ -	\$ 3,323.00	\$ 20,642.00	\$ 694.00	\$ 27,075.00
Total revenues	2,416		3,323	20,642	694	27,075
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay			684,000	20,976		704,976
Total expenditures			684,000	20,976		704,976
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,416		(680,677)	(334)	694	(677,901)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	-	-	- (80,180)	- (54,540)	-	- (134,720)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(80,180)	(54,540)		(134,720)
Net change in fund balances	2,416	-	(760,857)	(54,874)	694	(812,621)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	474,527	745	880,739	4,009,192	124,349	5,489,552
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 476,943	\$ 745	\$ 119,882	\$ 3,954,318	\$ 125,043	\$ 4,676,931

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison Schedules included the following:

- ➤ Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 - Road Utility Fee Fund
 - Road Gas Tax Fund
 - Core Area Parking District Fund
 - Tualatin Scholarship Fund
 - Road Development Fund
 - Economic Development Administration Fund
 - Transportation Development Tax Fund
- ➤ Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 - General Obligation Bond Fund
 - Bancroft Bond Fund
- Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
 - Local Improvement District Fund
 - Parks Improvement Fund
 - Infrastructure Reserve Fund
 - Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund
 - Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund
 - Operations Warehouse Project Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budget				iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for service	\$ 328,680	\$	328,680	\$ 326,712	\$	(1,968)
Licenses and permits	656,755		656,755	674,296		17,541
Interest	 2,500		2,500	 	-	(2,500)
Total revenues	 987,935		987,935	 1,001,008		13,073
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	838,380		838,380	764,816		73,564
Total expenditures	 838,380		838,380	 764,816		73,564
Revenues over (under) expenditures	149,555		149,555	236,192		86,637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (343,270)		(343,270)	 (343,270)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(343,270)		(343,270)	 (343,270)		
Net changes in fund balance	(193,715)		(193,715)	(107,078)		86,637
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 223,090		223,090	 161,357		(61,733)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 29,375	\$	29,375	\$ 54,279	\$	24,904

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD GAS TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget					Variance with			
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget		
REVENUES:									
Intergovernmental	\$	1,607,170	\$	1,607,170	\$ 1,607,378	\$	208		
Interest		4,000		4,000	4,532		532		
Miscellaneous		36,865		36,865	 19,500		(17,365)		
Total revenues		1,648,035		1,648,035	 1,631,410		(16,625)		
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and service		549,500		549,500	395,058		154,442		
Capital outlay		180,000		180,000	70,716		109,284		
Contingency		196,320		196,320	 -		196,320		
Total expenditures		925,820		925,820	 465,774		460,046		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		722,215		722,215	1,165,636		443,421		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		93,820		93,820	93,820		-		
Transfers out		(759,300)		(759,300)	 (759,300)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(665,480)		(665,480)	 (665,480)				
Net changes in fund balance		56,735		56,735	500,156		443,421		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		263,720		263,720	 576,154		312,434		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	320,455	\$	320,455	\$ 1,076,310	\$	755,855		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CORE AREA PARKING DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget				_		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:									
Charges for service	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	49,089	\$	(911)	
Interest		1,000		1,000		699		(301)	
Total revenues		51,000		51,000		49,788		(1,212)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and service		24,160		24,160		14,810		9,350	
Contingency		10,000		10,000		-		10,000	
- ,									
Total expenditures		34,160		34,160		14,810		19,350	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		16,840		16,840		34,978		18,138	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(23,470)		(23,470)		(23,470)		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(23,470)		(23,470)		(23,470)			
Net changes in fund balance		(6,630)		(6,630)		11,508		18,138	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		128,860		128,860		134,680		5,820	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	122,230	\$	122,230	\$	146,188	\$	23,958	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN SCHOLARSHIP FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For	tne	Fiscal	y ear	Enaea .	June	<i>3</i> 0, <i>2</i> 015

		dget			Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:	_			_		
Interest	\$ 250	\$	250	\$ 257	\$	7
Total revenues	 250		250	 257		7
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	 400		400	 		400
Total expenditures	 400		400	 		400
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(150)		(150)	257		407
Net changes in fund balance	(150)		(150)	257		407
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	50,635		50,635	50,547		(88)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 50,485	\$	50,485	\$ 50,804	\$	319

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budge	et		Va	Variance with	
	Origir	nal	Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
Licenses and permits	\$	- \$	-	\$ 3,076	\$	3,076	
Interest		3,000	3,000	5,725		2,725	
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>		 462		462	
Total revenues		3,000	3,000	 9,263		6,263	
EXPENDITURES:							
Contingency	602	2,925	602,925	 		602,925	
Total expenditures	602	2,925	602,925	<u>-</u>		602,925	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(599	9,925)	(599,925)	9,263		609,188	
Net changes in fund balance	(599	9,925)	(599,925)	9,263		609,188	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	599	9,925	599,925	 1,077,104		477,179	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,086,367	\$	1,086,367	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Bud	get				Variance with	
	Origin	al		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:					_		_	
Interest	\$	875	\$	875	\$ 1,282	\$	407	
Total revenues		875		875	1,282		407	
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and service	64	4,225		64,225	35,466		28,759	
Contingency	7	3,275		78,275	-		78,275	
Total expenditures	142	2,500		142,500	 35,466		107,034	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(14	1,625)		(141,625)	(34,184)		107,441	
Net changes in fund balance	(14	1,625)		(141,625)	(34,184)		107,441	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	141,625			141,625	 264,429		122,804	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$	_	\$ 230,245	\$	230,245	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Buc	lget				Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:									
Licenses and permits	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	1,609,022	\$	1,409,022	
Interest		22,680		22,680		34,630		11,950	
Miscellaneous		_				18,140		18,140	
Total revenues		222,680		222,680		1,661,792		1,439,112	
EXPENDITURES:									
Contingency		1,947,000		1,947,000				1,947,000	
Total expenditures		1,947,000		1,947,000				1,947,000	
D (1) I'		(1.704.220)		(1.724.220)		1 661 702		2 20 6 1 1 2	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,724,320)		(1,724,320)		1,661,792		3,386,112	
Net changes in fund balance		(1,724,320)		(1,724,320)		1,661,792		3,386,112	
Net changes in fund barance		(1,724,320)		(1,724,320)		1,001,792		3,360,112	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,724,320	1,724,320		2,691,147		966,827		
FUND DALANCE, DEGINATIO	-	1,724,320		1,724,320		2,071,147		700,027	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,352,939	\$	4,352,939	
,					_	, ,		, ,	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget			Var	iance with
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$ 950,000	\$	950,000	\$ 969,823	\$	19,823
Intergovernmental	-		-	106		106
Interest	1,000		1,000	666		(334)
Miscellaneous	 			 911		911
Total revenues	 951,000		951,000	 971,506		20,506
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal	675,000		675,000	675,000		-
Interest	286,725		286,725	 286,719		6
Total expenditures	961,725		961,725	 961,719		6
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,725)		(10,725)	9,787		20,512
Net changes in fund balance	(10,725)		(10,725)	9,787		20,512
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	90,130		90,130	 95,209		5,079
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 79,405	\$	79,405	\$ 104,996	\$	25,591

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BANCROFT BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Bu	dget				Variance with	
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fina	l Budget
REVENUES:				_	,	_	'	_
Interest		\$ 1,000		1,000	\$	917	\$	(83)
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		917		(83)
EXPENDITURES:								
Total expenditures								
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,000		1,000		917		(83)
Net changes in fund balance		1,000		1,000		917		(83)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		180,000		180,000		180,032	-	32
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	181,000	\$	181,000	\$	180,949	\$	(51)

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:						
Interest	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,416	\$ (284)		
Total revenues	2,700	2,700	2,416	(284)		
EXPENDITURES:						
Contingency	477,575	477,575		477,575		
Total expenditures	477,575	477,575		477,575		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(474,875)	(474,875)	2,416	477,291		
Net changes in fund balance	(474,875)	(474,875)	2,416	477,291		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	474,875	474,875	474,527	(348)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 476,943	\$ 476,943		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARKS IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budget					Variance with	
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES:		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						745		745
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	745	\$	745

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CENTRAL URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buo	lget				Variance with	
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Interest	\$ 4,845	\$	4,845	\$	3,323	\$	(1,522)
Total revenues	 4,845		4,845		3,323		(1,522)
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	450,000		684,180		684,000		180
Contingency	369,520		135,340		<u> </u>		135,340
Total expenditures	 819,520		819,520		684,000		135,520
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(814,675)		(814,675)		(680,677)		133,998
Transfers out	 (80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)		
Net changes in fund balance	(894,855)		(894,855)		(760,857)		133,998
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 894,855		894,855		880,739		(14,116)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$	-	\$	119,882	\$	119,882

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LEVETON TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			dget				Va	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:									
Interest	\$	15,820	\$	15,820	\$ 20,642		\$	4,822	
Total revenues		15,820		15,820		20,642		4,822	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay	50,000			50,000		20,976		29,024	
Contingency		16,365		16,365				16,365	
Total expenditures		66,365		66,365		20,976		45,389	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(50,545)		(50,545)		(334)		50,211	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(54,540)		(54,540)		(54,540)		<u>-</u> _	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(54,540)	-	(54,540)		(54,540)	-		
Net changes in fund balance		(105,085)		(105,085)		(54,874)		50,211	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,140,680			3,140,680	4,009,192			868,512	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	3,035,595	\$	3,035,595	\$	3,954,318	\$	918,723	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON OPERATIONS WAREHOUSE PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Bud	lget			Vai	riance with
		Original	Final		 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES: Interest	\$		\$		\$ 694	\$	694
Total revenues					 694		694
EXPENDITURES:							
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-	694		694
		_	-		 		_
Net changes in fund balance		-		-	694		694
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING					 124,349		124,349
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 125,043	\$	125,043

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Operations
 - Water Fund
 - Water Development Fund
 - Water Reservoir Fund
 - Enterprise Bond Fund
- Sewer Operations
 - Sewer Fund
 - Sewer Development Fund
- Storm Drain Operations
 - Storm Drain Fund
 - Storm Drain Development Fund

Water Fund	Water Development Fund	Water Reservoir Fund	Enterprise Bond Fund	Total Water Operations
\$ 5,759,077	\$ 357,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,116,285
	3,935	-	980	32,467
15,580				15,580
5,802,209	361,143		980	6,164,332
2,062,306	-	-	44,223	2,106,529
2,174,856	130,000	-	-	2,304,856
-	-	-	,	370,000
			147,050	147,050
4,237,162	130,000		561,273	4,928,435
1,565,047	231,143		(560,293)	1,235,897
):				
-	_	-	4,300,000	4,300,000
-	-	-	445,494	445,494
-	-	-	(4,660,463)	(4,660,463)
450,000	-	-	517,050	967,050
(2,846,350)	(452,560)			(3,298,910)
(2,396,350)	(452,560)		602,081	(2,246,829)
(831,303)	(221,417)	-	41,788	(1,010,932)
5,058,604	924,226	162	444,922	6,427,914
\$ 4,227,301	\$ 702,809	\$ 162	\$ 486,710	\$ 5,416,982
cerued putflows of resource flows of resource crued epreciated mulated depreciation	s being accrued			160,122 65,377 (308,971) (67,194) (12,555) 2,109,716 30,085,738 (345,000) (4,260,000)
	\$ 5,759,077 27,552 15,580 5,802,209 2,062,306 2,174,856 4,237,162 1,565,047 1,565,047 1,565,047 2,396,350) (2,396,350) (831,303) 5,058,604 \$ 4,227,301 GAAP BASIS cerued outflows of resource of crued epreciated	Water Fund Development Fund \$ 5,759,077	Water Fund	Water Fund Development Fund Reservoir Fund Enterprise Bond Fund \$ 5,759,077 \$ 357,208 - - 27,552 3,935 - 980 15,580 - - - 5,802,209 361,143 - 980 2,062,306 - - - 44,223 2,174,856 130,000 - - - - - - - - 370,000 - </td

	Buc	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 5,180,840	\$ 5,480,840	\$ 5,759,077	\$ 278,237	
Interest	33,035	33,035	27,552	(5,483)	
Miscellaneous	18,890	18,890	15,580	(3,310)	
Total revenues	5,232,765	5,532,765	5,802,209	269,444	
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and service	1,684,300	1,984,300	2,062,306	(78,006)	
Capital outlay	2,340,000	2,340,000	2,174,856	165,144	
Contingency	682,400	682,400		682,400	
Total expenditures	4,706,700	5,006,700	4,237,162	769,538	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	526,065	526,065	1,565,047	1,038,982	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	450,000	450,000	450,000	-	
Transfers out	(2,865,065)	(2,865,065)	(2,846,350)	18,715	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,415,065)	(2,415,065)	(2,396,350)	18,715	
Net changes in fund balance	(1,889,000)	(1,889,000)	(831,303)	1,057,697	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,046,640	7,046,640	5,058,604	(1,988,036)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 5,157,640	\$ 5,157,640	\$ 4,227,301	\$ (930,339)	

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Charges for service	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	357,208	\$	257,208
Interest		3,135		3,135		3,935		800
Total revenues		103,135		103,135		361,143		258,008
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000		130,000		70,000
Contingency		327,290		327,290				327,290
Total expenditures		527,290		527,290		130,000		397,290
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(424,155)		(424,155)		231,143		655,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(452,560)		(452,560)		(452,560)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(452,560)		(452,560)		(452,560)		
Net changes in fund balance		(876,715)		(876,715)		(221,417)		655,298
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		876,715		876,715		924,226		47,511
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	702,809	\$	702,809

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER RESERVOIR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget						Variance with	
	<u>Orig</u>	Original		Final		ctual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES:						<u>-</u>		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING						162		162
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$	_	\$	162	\$	162

	Budget							Variance with	
	Original Final		Final	Actual		Final Budget			
REVENUES:	<u> </u>								
Interest	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	980	\$	(1,020)	
Total revenues		2,000		2,000		980		(1,020)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Materials and service		225		225		44,223		(43,998)	
Debt service:									
Principal		330,000		330,000		370,000		(40,000)	
Interest		208,365		208,365		147,050		61,315	
Total expenditures		538,590		538,590		561,273		(22,683)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	((536,590)		(536,590)		(560,293)		(23,703)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Refunding bonds issued		_		_	4	4,300,000	۷	1,300,000	
Premium on bonds issued		_		_		445,494		445,494	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		_	(4	4,660,463)	(4	1,660,463)	
Transfers in		535,765		535,765		517,050		(18,715)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		535,765		535,765		602,081		66,316	
Net changes in fund balance		(825)		(825)		41,788		42,613	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		444,615	-	444,615		444,922		307	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	443,790	\$	443,790	\$	486,710	\$	42,920	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER OPERATIONS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Sewer Fund		Sewer Development Fund Fund			Cotal Sewer Operations	
REVENUES: Charges for service Interest	\$	7,015,427 14,488	\$	755,930 19,836	\$	7,771,357 34,324	
Total revenues		7,029,915		775,766		7,805,681	
EXPENDITURES: Materials and service		5,708,330		775,270		6,483,600	
Total expenditures		5,708,330		775,270		6,483,600	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,321,585		496		1,322,081	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances		(1,331,660) (1,331,660) (10,075)		(9,770) (9,770) (9,274)		(1,341,430) (1,341,430) (19,349)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		3,016,316		3,896,331		6,912,647	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	3,006,241	\$	3,887,057	\$	6,893,298	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for net pension asset being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resources being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resources being accrued Adjustment for pension transition liability Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS							

	Bud	lget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 7,034,080	\$ 7,034,080	\$ 7,015,427	\$ (18,653)	
Interest	18,555	18,555	14,488	(4,067)	
Miscellaneous	500	500		(500)	
Total revenues	7,053,135	7,053,135	7,029,915	(23,220)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and service	5,911,615	5,911,615	5,708,330	203,285	
Contingency	1,086,490	1,086,490	<u> </u>	1,086,490	
Total expenditures	6,998,105	6,998,105	5,708,330	1,289,775	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	55,030	55,030	1,321,585	1,266,555	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers out	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)		
Net changes in fund balance	(1,276,630)	(1,276,630)	(10,075)	1,266,555	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,687,900	3,687,900	3,016,316	(671,584)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 2,411,270	\$ 2,411,270	\$ 3,006,241	\$ 594,971	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for service	\$ 200,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 755,930	\$ 80,930
Interest	20,000	20,000	19,836	(164)
Total revenues	220,000	695,000	775,766	80,766
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	192,000	667,000	775,270	(108,270)
Contingency	3,676,450	3,676,450		3,676,450
Total expenditures	3,868,450	4,343,450	775,270	3,568,180
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,648,450)	(3,648,450)	496	3,648,946
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(9,770)	(9,770)	(9,770)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,770)	(9,770)	(9,770)	
Net changes in fund balance	(3,658,220)	(3,658,220)	(9,274)	3,648,946
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,658,220	3,658,220	3,896,331	238,111
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,887,057	\$ 3,887,057

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN OPERATIONS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	S	torm Drain Fund	Storm Drain Development Fund			otal Storm Drain Operations
REVENUES:						
Charges for service	\$	2,197,050	\$	123,139	\$	2,320,189
Interest		4,519		2,109		6,628
Miscellaneous		400				400
Total revenues		2,201,969		125,248		2,327,217
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service		651,222		_		651,222
Capital outlay		129,152		-		129,152
Total expenditures		780,374		-		780,374
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,421,595		125,248		1,546,843
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		(1,096,220)		_		(1,096,220)
Transiers out		(1,090,220)				(1,090,220)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,096,220)				(1,096,220)
Net change in fund balances		325,375		125,248		450,623
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		784,155		327,671		1,111,826
		704,133		327,071	-	1,111,020
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	1,109,530	\$	452,919	\$	1,562,449
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for net pension asset being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resour Adjustment for pension transition liability Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated deprecia		38,523 15,729 (74,334) (16,169) 61,498 4,051,124				
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS					\$	5,638,820

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for service	\$ 2,158,730	\$ 2,158,730	\$ 2,197,050	\$ 38,320
Interest	1,800	1,800	4,519	2,719
Miscellaneous			400	400
Total revenues	2,160,530	2,160,530	2,201,969	41,439
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	786,165	786,165	651,222	134,943
Capital outlay	357,500	357,500	129,152	228,348
Contingency	282,360	282,360		282,360
Total expenditures	1,426,025	1,426,025	780,374	645,651
Revenues over (under) expenditures	734,505	734,505	1,421,595	687,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	
Net changes in fund balance	(361,715)	(361,715)	325,375	687,090
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	639,550	639,550	784,155	144,605
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 277,835	\$ 277,835	\$ 1,109,530	\$ 831,695

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,139	\$ 123,139
Interest	1,500	1,500	2,109	609
Total revenues	1,500	1,500	125,248	123,748
EXPENDITURES:				
Contingency	279,900	279,900		279,900
Total expenditures	279,900	279,900		279,900
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(278,400)	(278,400)	125,248	403,648
Net changes in fund balance	(278,400)	(278,400)	125,248	403,648
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	278,400	278,400	327,671	49,271
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 452,919	\$ 452,919

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Internal Service Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Operations Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON OPERATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	ıdget		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,179	3,179
Interest	8,000	8,000	5,974	(2,026)
Miscellaneous	16,410	16,410	26,301	9,891
Total revenues	24,410	24,410	35,454	11,044
EXPENDITURES:				
Administration	512,975	512,975	495,463	17,512
Water Division	985,020	985,020	903,147	81,873
Sewer Division	397,725	397,725	345,111	52,614
Street Division	565,460	565,460	546,526	18,934
Nondepartmental				
General Services	477,060	477,060	218,222	258,838
Contingency	334,000	334,000		334,000
Total expenditures	3,272,240	3,272,240	2,508,469	763,771
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,247,830)	(3,247,830)	(2,473,015)	774,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	2,838,310	2,838,310	2,838,310	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,838,310	2,838,310	2,838,310	
Changes in fund balances	(409,520)	(409,520)	365,295	774,815
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	580,735	580,735	779,872	199,137
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 171,215	\$ 171,215	1,145,167	\$ 973,952
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for compensated absences being accrued Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated deprecia	ation		(53,619) 933,946	
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS			\$ 2,025,494	

OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2014	Levy as Extended By Assessor	Discount]	Interest	Ac	ljustments	Collections	ncollected Balance ne 30, 2015
2014-2015	\$ -	\$ 9,414,934	\$ (248,174)	\$	2,395	\$	(9,672)	\$ (8,993,693)	\$ 165,790
2013-2014	184,628	_	(285)		5,461		(2,642)	(101,353)	85,809
2012-2013	92,479	_	(101)		4,298		(4,515)	(30,519)	61,642
2011-2012	67,390	_	(87)		6,496		(7,881)	(28,087)	37,831
2010-2011	45,717	-	(77)		3,135		(8,201)	(10,007)	30,567
2009-2010	30,012	_	1		914		(643)	(2,840)	27,444
Prior years	6,631				1,316		(313)	(3,294)	4,340
Totals	\$ 426,857	\$ 9,414,934	\$ (248,723)	\$	24,015	\$	(33,867)	\$ (9,169,793)	\$ 413,423

Taxes receivable classified by fund:
General Fund \$ 369,707
General Obligation Bond Fund \$ 43,716

\$ 413,423

		2011		2012		2013	 2014	 2015
REVENUES:								
Charges for service	\$	5,122,223	\$	5,309,078	\$	5,237,638	\$ 5,227,628	\$ 5,759,077
Interest		28,879		31,556		34,700	36,959	27,552
Miscellaneous		14,532	_	12,720		17,899	 15,804	 15,580
Total revenues		5,165,634		5,353,354	_	5,290,237	 5,280,391	 5,802,209
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and service		1,901,777		2,096,342		2,006,693	1,892,131	2,062,306
Capital outlay		186,658		197,415		248,006	 870,468	 2,174,856
Total expenditures		2,088,435		2,293,757	_	2,254,699	 2,762,599	 4,237,162
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		3,077,199		3,059,597		3,035,538	 2,517,792	 1,565,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)):							
Transfers in		-		-		-	-	450,000
Transfers out		(2,684,889)		(2,416,663)		(2,386,995)	 (2,861,555)	 (2,846,350)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,684,889)		(2,416,663)		(2,386,995)	 (2,861,555)	 (2,396,350)
Net change in fund balances		392,310		642,934		648,543	(343,763)	(831,303)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		3,718,580		4,110,890		4,753,824	5,402,367	 5,058,604
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	4,110,890	\$	4,753,824	\$	5,402,367	\$ 5,058,604	\$ 4,227,301

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City of Tualatin.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF TUALATIN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014 (restated)	2015
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special purposes Unrestricted	\$ 83,109,505 27,135,766 8,324,105	\$ 85,434,995 31,870,363 7,944,380	\$ 90,759,532 32,543,974 4,200,284	\$ 96,393,624 21,641,579 9,736,010	\$ 97,164,924 20,700,327 8,359,281	\$ 95,531,501 15,947,020 10,794,402	\$ 96,704,593 13,101,042 11,416,369	\$ 95,303,048 12,773,161 11,017,677	\$ 93,651,852 12,939,222 746,721	\$ 92,025,421 16,106,005 5,747,426
Total governmental activities	\$ 118,569,376	\$ 125,249,738	\$ 127,503,790	\$ 127,771,213	\$ 126,224,532	\$ 122,272,923	\$ 121,222,004	\$ 119,093,886	\$ 107,337,795	\$ 113,878,852
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special purposes Unrestricted	\$ 38,662,415 4,661,750 3,529,390	\$ 40,095,770 6,142,789 4,088,260	\$ 40,499,850 7,386,077 4,453,310	\$ 43,875,845 4,070,822 6,618,208	\$ 47,581,590 4,172,155 5,574,907	\$ 47,186,247 4,373,171 6,047,100	\$ 47,026,375 4,679,232 6,802,003	\$ 46,626,072 5,057,107 7,626,649	\$ 47,293,914 5,148,228 8,685,312	\$ 48,216,410 5,042,785 8,860,551
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 46,853,555	\$ 50,326,819	\$ 52,339,237	\$ 54,564,875	\$ 57,328,652	\$ 57,606,518	\$ 58,507,610	\$ 59,309,828	\$ 61,127,454	\$ 62,119,746
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special purposes Unrestricted	\$ 121,771,920 31,797,516 11,853,495	\$ 125,530,765 38,013,152 12,032,640	\$ 131,259,382 39,930,051 8,653,594	\$ 140,269,469 25,712,401 16,354,218	\$ 144,746,514 24,872,482 13,934,188	\$ 142,717,748 20,320,191 16,841,502	\$ 143,730,968 17,780,274 18,218,372	\$ 141,929,120 17,830,268 18,644,326	\$ 140,945,766 18,087,450 9,432,033	\$ 140,241,831 21,148,790 14,607,977
Total primary government net position	\$ 165,422,931	\$ 175,576,557	\$ 179,843,027	\$ 182,336,088	\$ 183,553,184	\$ 179,879,441	\$ 179,729,614	\$ 178,403,714	\$ 168,465,249	\$ 175,998,598

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Expenses				<u>.</u>						
Governmental activities:										
General government Public Safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt Unallocated depreciation	\$ 8,684,836 4,614,719 2,131,876 1,502,076 561,234 123,973	\$ 8,928,490 5,160,680 3,331,787 1,960,442 453,084	\$ 9,076,098 5,164,134 3,671,693 3,521,904 658,450	\$ 9,887,477 5,702,703 4,242,622 3,289,432 489,308	\$ 9,651,970 6,127,811 4,667,832 3,280,537 341,346	\$ 6,837,983 5,986,000 3,722,074 4,647,624 419,382	\$ 7,400,702 6,561,167 3,746,471 4,973,304 380,608	\$ 8,325,468 6,904,444 3,843,497 5,080,438 376,864	\$ 8,405,978 7,027,399 3,853,744 5,200,979 332,382	\$ 6,057,498 5,942,679 4,586,849 3,769,534 317,574
Total governmental activities expenses	17,618,714	19,834,483	22,092,279	23,611,542	24,069,496	21,613,063	23,062,252	24,530,711	24,820,482	20,674,134
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Storm drain	4,386,891 5,360,593	2,992,876 5,046,003	2,916,971 4,774,164	3,099,432 5,028,317 653,308	3,396,759 5,878,803 514,149	4,089,731 6,086,241 1,124,748	4,353,652 6,276,559 1,215,940	4,252,446 7,703,971 1,243,066	4,354,918 6,704,634 1,298,184	4,973,697 7,392,084 1,449,680
Total business-type activities expenses	9,747,484	8,038,879	7,691,135	8,781,057	9,789,711	11,300,720	11,846,151	13,199,483	12,357,736	13,815,461
Total Expenses	\$ 27,366,198	\$ 27,873,362	\$ 29,783,414	\$ 32,392,599	\$ 33,859,207	\$ 32,913,783	\$ 34,908,403	\$ 37,730,194	\$ 37,178,218	\$ 34,489,595
Program revenues Governmental activities Charges for services General government Public Safety Highways and streets Culture and recreation Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$ 5,290,160 67,170 2,955,457 593,856 89,616 2,374,411	\$ 1,934,054 232,124 2,223,073 482,031 1,298,980 1,772,517	\$ 1,691,801 105,751 2,175,610 201,591 3,103,806 1,249,916	\$ 1,318,629 95,828 971,088 151,605 3,252,434 719,868	\$ 1,047,095 141,268 1,628,577 161,797 3,676,768 278,919	\$ 1,142,028 888,469 1,720,495 254,597 712,304	\$ 1,304,925 1,666,113 1,736,117 179,021 476,439	\$ 2,407,130 1,496,395 1,326,187 227,660 427,283	\$ 1,540,697 1,496,395 1,326,187 227,660 629,043	\$ 2,497,798 1,583,770 2,613,764 279,051 482,911
Total governmental activities program revenues	11,370,670	7,942,779	8,528,475	6,509,452	6,934,424	4,717,893	5,362,615	5,884,655	5,219,982	7,457,294
Business-type activities Charges for services Water Sewer Storm drain Capital grants and contributions	4,547,080 4,496,251 - 1,844,442	5,134,440 4,690,369 - 3,156,077	5,575,361 5,413,845 - 782,470	5,708,067 5,317,122 1,234,114 396,168	5,654,088 5,457,101 1,326,802 338,803	5,242,442 6,276,381 1,612,020 348,695	5,523,032 6,539,373 1,775,519 348,375	5,512,366 8,036,187 1,887,080 124,076	5,321,434 7,083,579 1,941,824 491,274	6,116,285 7,771,356 2,320,189 827,464
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,887,773	12,980,886	11,771,676	12,655,471	12,776,794	13,479,538	14,186,299	15,559,709	14,838,111	17,035,294
Total program revenues	\$ 22,258,443	\$ 20,923,665	\$ 20,300,151	\$ 19,164,923	\$ 19,711,218	\$ 18,197,431	\$ 19,548,914	\$ 21,444,364	\$ 20,058,093	\$ 24,492,588
Net (expense)/revenues Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (6,248,044) 1,140,289	\$ (11,891,704) 4,942,007	\$ (13,563,804) 4,080,541	\$ (17,102,090) 3,874,414	\$ (17,135,072) 2,987,083	\$ (16,895,170) 2,178,818	\$ (17,699,637) 2,340,148	\$ (18,646,056) 2,360,226	\$ (19,600,500) 2,480,375	\$ (13,216,840) 3,219,833
Total net expenses	\$ (5,107,755)	\$ (6,949,697)	\$ (9,483,263)	\$ (13,227,676)	\$ (14,147,989)	\$ (14,716,352)	\$ (15,359,489)	\$ (16,285,830)	\$ (17,120,125)	\$ (9,997,007)
		·		·		·		·	 ·	·

	2006	2007	2008	2009	 2010	 2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits Miscellaneous Transfers	\$ 10,812,528 2,014,126 1,557,636 100,000	\$ 10,925,950 2,126,101 3,528,863 1,991,150	\$ 12,071,782 2,242,346 2,160,780 2,573,058	\$ 12,009,941 2,404,323 1,029,369 3,099,069	\$ 12,464,195 2,428,585 382,515 313,096	\$ 11,760,533 \$ 2,091,937 574,472 (1,392,357)	12,547,363 2,205,176 379,396 1,516,783	\$ 12,462,040 2,071,040 331,603 1,653,255	\$ 12,725,359 2,135,959 287,931 153,787	\$ 14,298,091 2,213,242 929,624 2,316,940
Total governmental activities Business-type activities	14,484,290	18,572,064	19,047,966	18,542,702	15,588,391	13,034,585	16,648,718	16,517,938	15,303,036	19,757,897
Miscellaneous Transfers	 361,929 (100,000)	 522,407 (1,991,150)	 504,936 (2,573,058)	 277,102 (3,099,069)	 89,790 (313,096)	 74,773 (1,775,215)	77,727 (1,516,783)	 95,247 (1,653,255)	 101,941 (153,787)	89,399 (2,316,940)
Total business-type activities	261,929	(1,468,743)	(2,068,122)	(2,821,967)	(223,306)	(1,700,442)	(1,439,056)	(1,558,008)	(51,846)	(2,227,541)
Total	\$ 14,746,219	\$ 17,103,321	\$ 16,979,844	\$ 15,720,735	\$ 15,365,085	\$ 11,334,143 \$	15,209,662	\$ 14,959,930	\$ 15,251,190	\$ 17,530,356
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 8,236,246 1,402,218	\$ 6,680,360 3,473,264	\$ 5,484,162 2,012,419	\$ 1,440,612 1,052,447	\$ (1,546,681) 2,763,777	\$ (3,860,585) \$ 478,376	(1,050,919) 901,092	\$ (2,128,118) 802,218	\$ (4,297,464) 2,428,529	\$ 6,541,057 992,292
Total	\$ 9,638,464	\$ 10,153,624	\$ 7,496,581	\$ 2,493,059	\$ 1,217,096	\$ (3,382,209) \$	(149,827)	\$ (1,325,900)	\$ (1,868,935)	\$ 7,533,349

CITY OF TUALATIN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2006	 2007	 2008	 2009	 2010	2011	 2012		2013	 2014	 2015
General Fund Reserved / Nonspendable Unreserved / Unassigned	\$	65,617 5,125,815	\$ - 4,520,546	\$ - 4,565,418	\$ 38,287 4,647,513	\$ 29,333 4,514,767	\$ 63,306 5,523,545	\$ 70,154 6,421,650	\$	78,833 6,625,950	\$ 97,206 6,971,206	\$ 81,795 7,474,727
Total general fund	\$	5,191,432	\$ 4,520,546	\$ 4,565,418	\$ 4,685,800	\$ 4,544,100	\$ 5,586,851	\$ 6,491,804	\$	6,704,783	\$ 7,068,412	\$ 7,556,522
All other governmental funds												
Reserved	\$	92,898	\$ 92,680	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,980	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds		7,644,037	8,514,792	9,633,900	6,576,782	5,750,061						
Capital projects funds		19,239,160	23,319,543	20,419,390	18,093,125	15,533,420	-	-		-	-	-
Debt service funds		3,292,344	3,066,830	1,825,045	1,963,454	3,398,353						
Nonspendable		3,232,344	3,000,030	1,023,043	1,303,434	3,330,333						
Inventory							35,639	34,920		37,235	39,484	36,164
Restricted for:							00,000	01,020		0.,200	00, 10 1	00,101
Building and engineering							1,458,274	1,526,018		1,830,952	1,797,858	1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance							428,600	605,858		834,061	536,670	1,040,146
Debt service payments							485,846	398,174		267,171	275,241	285,945
Capital projects							612,569	623,276		1,232,131	1,361,175	3,246,367
Transportation							1,850,125	2,701,857		3,080,265	3,768,251	5,439,306
Urban renewal projects							10,960,389	7,094,642		5,482,914	5,154,360	4,304,445
Committed to:												
Pavement maintenace and street lighting							1,290,242	1,097,706		574,753	161,357	54,279
Parking maintenance							223,508	187,915		127,049	134,680	146,188
Assigned to:												
Scholarships							51,485	50,745		50,579	50,547	50,804
Capital projects	_		 	 	 	 	 2,506,069	 2,310,656	_	2,028,522	 	
Total all other governmental funds	\$	30,268,439	\$ 34,993,845	\$ 31,878,335	\$ 26,633,361	\$ 24,717,814	\$ 19,902,746	\$ 16,631,767	\$	15,545,632	\$ 13,279,623	\$ 16,347,773

Note: FY2010/11 GASB 54 change in Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions.

	20	06		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
REVENUES																				
Property taxes	\$ 10,	885,890	\$	11,100,992	\$	12,073,721	\$	12,178,186	\$	13,248,979	\$	8,345,567	\$	8,259,442	\$	8,438,011	\$	8,738,296	\$	9,171,688
Licenses and permits	2,	466,535		1,955,143		3,926,256		2,295,281		1,978,115		1,916,087		2,620,698		2,926,323		2,096,220		4,854,016
Intergovernmental	3,	253,950		2,777,905		3,101,583		3,272,279		3,657,138		3,396,857		4,190,756		4,043,726		3,968,177		5,141,871
Franchise tax		-		2,126,101		2,242,346		2,404,323		2,428,585		2,091,937		2,205,176		2,071,040		2,135,959		2,213,242
Charges for services	4,	809,174		4,125,236		5,949,678		48,472		116,237		1,306,725		754,994		960,510		1,267,023		790,191
Fines and forfeitures		170,315		234,169		229,180		237,831		277,535		639,098		1,371,896		1,224,329		1,256,196		1,359,978
Miscellaneous	2,	854,334		2,263,577		2,176,803		1,068,765		401,179		1,116,761		751,752		698,074		512,718		897,349
Total Revenue	24,	440,198		24,583,123		29,699,567		21,505,137		22,107,768		18,813,032		20,154,714		20,362,013		19,974,589		24,428,335
EXPENDITURES																				
Current operating:																				
General government	7,	213,176		8,942,086		8,734,604		8,347,961		8,708,125		6,003,505		6,609,300		7,073,285		7,071,708		6,089,223
Public safety	4,	427,287		4,871,925		5,193,903		5,342,795		5,724,373		5,959,615		6,345,089		6,689,136		6,798,353		7,651,922
Public works		277,299		1,167,548		954,187		2,303,118		1,451,564		1,116,838		1,103,448		1,054,388		1,056,047		2,249,123
Culture and recreation	1,	220,536		1,300,643		3,037,178		3,258,911		3,198,392		3,901,649		4,201,940		4,304,274		4,429,718		3,936,035
Capital outlay	12,	672,121		8,333,879		10,115,467		8,022,366		6,597,787		2,106,987		4,295,957		2,224,530		3,507,138		1,915,307
Debt service																				
Interest	2,	382,696		457,575		1,346,829		581,624		454,696		407,692		380,448		348,621		312,863		286,719
Principal	4,	558,359		5,949,323		1,430,000		5,493,703		1,396,915		570,000		765,000		845,000		650,000		675,000
Total expenditures	32,	751,474		31,022,979		30,812,168		33,350,478		27,531,852		20,066,286		23,701,182		22,539,234		23,825,827		22,803,329
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)																				
EXPENDITURES	(8,	311,276)		(6,439,856)		(1,112,601)		(11,845,341)		(5,424,084)		(1,253,254)		(3,546,468)		(2,177,221)		(3,851,238)		1,625,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																				
Transfers in	2	920,381		7,293,764		11,854,026		6,127,978		8,828,428		3,569,611		3,404,503		3,187,850		4,382,439		3,521,120
Transfers out		820,381)		(5,302,614)		(13,975,213)		(2,453,654)		(5,517,435)		(5,062,121)		(2,224,061)		(1,883,785)		(3,533,527)		(1,589,920)
Bond Refunding	(3,	020,301)		(3,302,014)		(2,575,000)		(2,433,034)		(3,317,433)		(3,002,121)		(2,224,001)		(1,000,700)		(3,333,321)		(1,309,920)
Issuance of debt	4.	809,483		8,503,194		2,738,150		4,253,703		21,757		_		-		_		1,100,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		909,483		10,494,344		(1,958,037)		7,928,027		3,332,750		(1,492,510)		1,180,442		1,304,065		1,948,912		1,931,200
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		401,793)	\$	4,054,488	\$	(3,070,638)	\$	(3,917,314)	\$	(2,091,334)	\$	(2,745,764)	\$	(2,366,026)	\$	(873,156)	\$	(1,902,326)	\$	3,556,206
	Ψ (0,	.51,750)	Ψ	.,00-,-00	Ψ	(3,070,000)	Ψ	(3,517,514)	Ψ	(=,001,004)	Ψ	(2,170,104)	Ψ	(=,000,020)	Ψ	(070,100)	Ψ	(1,002,020)	Ψ	3,000,200
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		34.83%		28.89%		13.42%		23.99%		8.84%		5.37%		5.87%		5.82%		4.71%		4.59%

CITY OF TUALATIN TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Fiscal		Special	
Year	Property 1	Assessments ²	Total
2006	11,214,234	123,731	11,337,965
2007	11,012,986	88,006	11,100,992
2008	11,802,861	87,036	11,889,897
2009	12,009,941	87,036	12,096,977
2010	12,464,195	87,036	12,551,231
2011	8,363,676	87,036	8,450,712
2012	8,356,607	87,036	8,443,643
2013	8,418,314	87,036	8,505,350
2014	8,757,182	-	8,757,182
2015	9,156,220	-	9,156,220
Change			
2006-2015	-18.4%	-100.0%	-19.2%

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

¹ Includes current and prior property tax revenue and interest earned; deducts write offs for general property taxes and tax increment revenues.

² Special assessment billings are for local improvement district assessments which are paid to the City by the benefited property owners over a ten to fifteen year period.

CITY OF TUALATIN ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Real Pa Assessed Value	roperty Estimated Actual Value	Personal P Assessed Value	roperty* Estimated Actual Value	Public Utility Assessed Value	y Property Estimated Actual Value	Total Assessed ** Value	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ratio of Total Assessed to Total Estimated Actual Value
2006	2,389,116,066	3,282,945,576	152,327,937	155,450,518	60,322,100	62,292,124	2,601,766,103	3,500,688,218	2.5021	74%
2007	2,544,355,372	3,934,269,023	165,481,887	165,715,577	58,823,500	59,078,972	2,768,660,759	4,159,063,572	2.4737	67%
2008	2,707,538,796	4,402,217,809	181,669,845	181,960,795	59,886,520	60,707,570	2,949,095,161	4,644,886,174	2.5954	63%
2009	2,865,581,818	4,688,302,195	198,044,531	198,400,161	55,855,290	56,100,151	3,119,481,639	4,942,802,507	2.4578	63%
2010	2,950,206,208	4,456,903,432	201,428,582	201,824,139	76,063,750	76,257,231	3,227,698,540	4,734,984,802	2.4888	68%
2011	3,026,333,673	4,132,089,955	195,430,864	195,870,560	78,161,000	78,508,787	3,299,925,537	4,406,469,302	2.5317	75%
2012	3,068,906,152	3,893,021,654	190,156,648	190,515,810	77,667,490	80,231,026	3,336,730,290	4,163,768,490	2.5639	80%
2013	3,138,684,805	3,808,264,330	191,518,337	191,822,756	71,574,586	78,819,910	3,401,777,728	4,078,906,996	2.5589	83%
2014	3,257,830,943	4,002,490,680	198,872,324	199,275,785	75,207,720	83,074,370	3,531,910,987	4,284,840,835	2.5482	82%
2015	3,403,125,302	4,405,515,513	213,357,477	213,747,197	95,219,900	101,133,802	3,711,702,679	4,720,396,512	2.5345	79%

^{*} Tax limitation Measure 50 results in a larger difference between market assessed value than were reportable in previous years.

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ Assessed value includes assessed value in the Urban Renewal Area.

CITY OF TUALATIN
PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
City of Tualatin:										
General Government	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.95	\$ 1.96	\$ 1.96	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27
G.O. Bond	0.21	0.19	0.31	0.19	0.22	0.27	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.27
Total City	2.13	2.13	2.26	2.15	2.18	2.53	2.56	2.56	2.55	2.53
OVERLAPPING RATES:										
Washington County										
Washington County	2.35	2.05	2.65	2.62	2.62	2.98	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.84
	2.35	2.05	2.65	2.62	2.62	2.98	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.84
School District										
NW Regional ESD*	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
Portland Community College	0.38	0.41	0.43	0.43	0.56	0.64	0.60	0.67	0.73	0.72
Tigard-Tualatin School District #23J	6.39	6.90	6.86	7.02	7.00	7.37	7.44	7.41	7.41	7.46
	6.88	7.44	7.42	7.58	7.70	8.16	8.19	8.23	8.29	8.34
Special District										
Clean Water Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	1.58	1.60	1.65	1.63	1.69	1.88	1.93	1.91	1.91	1.89
Port of Portland	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Metro Service District	0.24	0.24	0.39	0.36	0.40	0.41	0.32	0.40	0.47	0.46
Tri-Met Transport District	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.06	-	-	-
Tigard Tualatin Aquatic	-	-	-	-	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Urban Renewal - Tualatin	2.13	1.89	1.81	1.73	1.70	-	-	-	-	-
	4.11	3.87	3.99	3.85	3.93	2.54	2.46	2.48	2.53	2.51
Total Overlapping	13.34	13.37	14.06	14.04	14.25	13.68	13.63	13.68	13.79	13.69
TOTAL	\$ 15.47	\$ 15.50	\$ 16.32	\$ 16.19	\$ 16.43	\$ 16.21	\$ 16.19	\$ 16.24	\$ 16.34	\$ 16.22

These rates are based on the tax code area of Tualatin which has the highest percentage of the City's Assessed Value (Tax Code 023.76). Rates within the City differ somewhat according to the other tax code categories which apply.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO June 30, 2015

		2015				2006			
	1		% of Total City			% of Total City			
Taxpayer	¹ Assessed Value	Rank	Taxable Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Taxable Assessed Value			
BV Centercal LLC	\$ 108,523,100	1	3.07%	\$ 43,245,980	2	1.78%			
Lam Research Corporation	93,080,900	2	2.64%	-	_	0.00%			
Pacific Foods of Oregon Inc.	51,555,660	3	1.46%	-	_	0.00%			
Tuala Northeast LLC	43,279,140	4	1.23%	-	_	0.00%			
Portland General Electric	42,542,245	5	1.20%	-	_	0.00%			
South Center Investors LLC	33,324,110	6	0.94%	-	_	0.00%			
JAE Oregon, Inc	27,632,450	7	0.78%	27,645,430	3	1.14%			
CR Rivercrest Meadows Communities LLC	27,767,310	8	0.79%	-	-	0.00%			
SVF Hedges Creek Tualatin LLC	27,737,760	9	0.79%	-	-	0.00%			
Zian Limited Partnership	27,484,390	10	0.78%	21,399,590	5	0.88%			
Novellus Systems Inc.				124,255,920	1	5.11%			
Riggs Bank NA	-	-	-	21,461,120	4	0.88%			
Simpson Finance LP	-	-	-	21,281,420	6	0.87%			
Monadnock Property Trust LLC	-	-	-	21,258,780	7	0.87%			
Fujimi Corporation	-	-	-	21,188,780	8	0.87%			
Legacy Health System	-	-	-	18,732,416	9	0.77%			
Verizon Northwest Inc.	-	-	-	18,193,200	10	0.75%			
	\$ 482,927,065		13.67%	\$ 338,662,636		13.92%			

¹ Source: Washington and Clackamas County Assessor's records

CITY OF TUALATIN

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent Delinquent Taxes To Tax Levy
2006	11,121,440	10,575,968	95.10%	194,300	10,770,268	96.84%	366,964	3.30%
2007	11,343,364	11,101,678	97.87%	158,390	11,260,068	99.27%	386,341	3.41%
2008	12,263,107	11,632,607	94.86%	226,738	11,859,345	96.71%	483,528	3.94%
2009	12,434,861	12,040,279	96.83%	263,960	12,304,239	98.95%	559,937	4.50%
2010	12,860,698	12,134,294	94.35%	334,105	12,468,399	96.95%	592,842	4.61%
2011	8,380,679	7,923,989	94.55%	223,708	8,147,697	97.22%	346,617	4.14%
2012	8,576,510	8,148,078	95.00%	151,847	8,299,925	96.78%	432,429	5.04%
2013	8,725,937	8,319,844	95.35%	144,560	8,464,404	97.00%	413,077	4.73%
2014	9,024,595	8,581,851	95.09%	184,734	8,766,585	97.14%	426,995	4.73%
2015	9,414,934	8,993,693	95.53%	176,099	9,169,792	97.40%	413,423	4.39%

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

CITY OF TUALATIN BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Business-type Governmental Activities Activities Urban General **Full Faith** Limited Renewal **Full Faith** Water Fiscal **Obligation** and Credit Capital Tax and Credit Revenue Per Agency Population | Bonds **Obligations Bonds** Bonds **Obligations Bonds** Year Leases Total Capita 2006 7,380,000 62,646 700,000 4,250,000 7,305,000 19,697,646 25,594 769.62 3,030,000 2007 7,025,000 620,000 17,781,517 693.24 46,517 7,060,000 25,650 2008 10,220,000 29,030 620,000 1,970,000 6,805,000 19,644,030 25,650 765.85 2009 9,950,000 10,071 620,000 1,000,000 18,120,071 695.86 6,540,000 26,040 2010 9,645,000 19,913 540,000 6,265,000 16,469,913 26,130 630.31 2011 9,235,000 7,490 380,000 5,980,000 15,602,490 26,160 596.43 2012 8,630,000 220,000 5,685,000 14,535,000 26,170 555.41 2013 8,005,000 5,380,000 13,385,000 26,510 504.90 2014 7,355,000 1,100,000 5,065,000 13,520,000 26,925 502.14 2015 6,680,000 1,011,988 4,664,994 345,000 12,701,982 26,590 477.70

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Personal income data and unemployment rate data for the City is not available

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Estimated Actual Value of Property	General Obligation Debt as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
2006	7,380,000	3,500,688,218	0.21%
2007	7,025,000	4,159,063,572	0.17%
2008	10,220,000	4,644,886,174	0.22%
2009	9,950,000	4,942,802,507	0.20%
2010	9,645,000	4,734,984,802	0.20%
2011	9,235,000	4,406,469,302	0.21%
2012	8,630,000	4,163,768,490	0.21%
2013	8,005,000	4,078,906,996	0.20%
2014	7,355,000	4,284,840,835	0.17%
2015	6,680,000	4,720,396,512	0.14%

Source: Current and previous CAFR's

CITY OF TUALATIN
COMPUTATION OF OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT
June 30, 2015

Jurisdiction		ax-supported ot Outstanding	Percent Applicable Inside City of Tualatin	Amount Applicable Inside City of Tualatin		
City of Tualatin	\$	7,691,988	86.8436%	\$	6,680,000	
Clackamas County		98,780,000	1.5652% *		1,546,105	
Clackamas County District 3J (West Linn/Wilsonville)		252,766,741	1.2262%		3,099,426	
Clackamas County School District 7J (Lake Oswego)		101,024,917	1.5172%		1,532,750	
Clackamas Community College		66,116,012	1.9455%		1,286,287	
Metro		193,205,000	2.6461%		5,112,398	
Port of Portland		2,609,405	2.4312%		63,440	
Portland Community College		160,095,000	2.8766%		4,605,293	
Washington County		20,523,415	6.7452%		1,384,345	
Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District		55,020,000	8.9748%		4,937,935	
Washington County School District 23J (Tigard-Tualatin)		97,837,628	35.4280%		34,661,915	
Washington County School District 88J (Sherwood)		105,472,683	15.2072%		16,039,442	
Subtotal overlapping debt					74,269,336	
Direct and overlapping debt				\$	80,949,336	

Overlapping debt percentage is determined by the percentage of assessed value of the overlapping district that is within the City limits of Tualatin applied.

Source: Municipal Debt Management, State of Oregon

^{*}The percentage of the City of Tualatin in Clackamas County is very small, as is the property-tax backed debt, and produces an immaterial amount.

CITY OF TUALATIN COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2015

ORS 287.004 provides a debt limit of 3% of true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries:

True Cash Value	\$ 3,711,702,679
Rate	x 3%
Debt limit	111,351,080
Debt applicable to limit	6,575,004
	\$ 104,776,076

Legal debt margin

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	Debt limit	Debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin
2006	92.03%	81,279,915	6,479,517	74,800,398
2007	87.41%	83,059,823	10,458,584	72,601,239
2008	88.75%	88,472,855	9,955,038	78,517,817
2009	89.42%	93,584,449	9,900,544	83,683,905
2010	90.45%	95,030,956	9,075,365	85,955,591
2011	90.76%	98,997,766	9,146,899	89,850,867
2012	91.46%	100,101,909	8,549,103	91,552,806
2013	92.24%	102,053,332	7,916,907	94,136,425
2014	93.15%	105,957,330	7,259,791	98,697,539
2015	94.10%	111,351,080	6,575,004	104,776,076

Cash value stated above is equal to that value which is "taxable assessed value" as defined by Oregon law. This value is not the same value as market value, but is the value used for levy purposes.

CITY OF TUALATIN DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Population	Taxable Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income
		_	
2006	25,594	672,377	26,271
2007	25,650	761,596	29,692
2008	25,650	685,340	26,719
2009	26,040	629,753	24,184
2010	26,130	677,618	25,933
2011	26,160	681,114	26,036
2012	26,170	750,529	28,679
2013	26,510	785,646	29,636
2014	26,925	*	*
2015	26,590	*	*
	(i	in thousands)	

^{*} Information unavailable at this time.

Source: State of Oregon

Department of Revenue Research and Statistical Reports

CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2015

	2015			2006			
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Legacy Meridian Park Hospital	905	1	3.72%	823	1	3.39%	
Lam Research Corporation	669	2	2.75%	400	4	1.65%	
United Parcel Service	512	3	2.11%	512	2	2.11%	
Portland General Electric	478	4	1.97%	335	6	1.38%	
CES Group LLC	460	5	1.89%	-	_	-	
Precision Wire Components	457	6	1.88%	-	_	-	
Columbia Corrugated	320	7	1.32%	-	-	-	
DPI Specialty Foods Northwest	300	8	1.23%	300	7	1.23%	
Cabela's	290	9	1.19%	-	-	-	
Pacific Foods of Oregon, Inc	280	10	1.15%	-	-	-	
GE Security	-	-	-	500	3	2.06%	
Milgard Windows	-	-	-	275	8	1.13%	
Fred Meyer	-	-	-	273	9	1.12%	
Cyberrep	-	-	-	250	10	1.03%	
	4.671	•		2 222			
	4,671	<u>.</u>		3,333			
Total City ampleyment			24 200				
Total City employment			24,299				

Information derived from 2015 Business License data provided to the City of Tualatin.

CITY OF TUALATIN SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

Fiscal Year Ended	Assessment Principal	Deb	Debt Service Requirements					
June 30,	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2006	123,731	80,000	36,660	116,660	106.06%			
2007	121,086	80,000	32,900	112,900	107.25%			
2008	115,254	_	29,140	29,140	395.52%			
2009	119,941	_	29,140	29,140	411.60%			
2010	108,773	80,000	29,140	109,140	99.66%			
2011	102,982	160,000	25,380	185,380	55.55%			
2012	97,691	160,000	17,860	177,860	54.93%			
2013	92,441	220,000	10,340	230,340	40.13%			
2014	-	_	-	-	0.00%			
2015	-	-	-	-	0.00%			

As of June 30, 2006, only two parcels had assessments. In 1997 the only outstanding assessment had been previously paid. In 1999 of the four land parcels outstanding, two were redeemed in full.

CITY OF TUALATIN

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government	31.88	33.38	33.88	34.63	35.50	35.13	33.38	36.25	36.85	39.60
Public safety	40.63	43.63	44.63	45.63	46.50	47.63	48.63	50.50	50.50	50.00
Highways and streets	19.75	20.50	21.50	21.50	21.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
Culture and recreation	24.00	26.00	29.75	30.13	30.13	30.13	30.13	31.13	32.38	33.50
Sewer	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Water	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Total	123.76	131.00	137.25	139.38	141.13	138.88	138.13	143.88	145.73	149.10

Data from current and previous budgets

CITY OF TUALATIN OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Police										
Arrests	1,039	1,200	896	944	909	824	772	964	1,259	951
Traffic violations	2,810	3,813	3,736	3,636	2,509	3,015	4,847	4,305	3,971	3,794
*Municipal Court cases	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,105	2,058	5,443	11,430	10,895	9,000	9,724
Building activity										
Permits issued	1,691	1,706	1,428	1,260	1,046	1,023	1,124	1,114	1,053	1,354
Estimated value (000's)	\$ 80,107	\$ 94,643	\$ 84,407	\$ 35,918	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,000	\$ 49,925	\$ 86,594	\$ 63,672	\$ 86,340
Planning applications	128	300	206	219	203	203	178	149	218	249
Library circulation	427,222	416,179	443,963	606,734	696,733	751,126	766,848	790,066	705,222	677,279
Miles of streets maintained	76	76	76	76	77	77	77	77	78	78
Water connections	6,500	6,628	6,686	6,658	6,740	6,784	6,779	6,753	6,689	6,823
Sewer connections	6,192	6,346	6,301	6,380	6,471	6,488	6,435	6,632	6,568	6,702

n/a = information not available

Data acquired from various City of Tualatin departments.

^{*}Several years ago the City of Tualatin decided to disband its Municipal Court. Felonies are tried by the county in which the alleged crime occurs. Non-criminal traffic violations are now heard in Tualatin Municipal Court, beginning in January 2009.

CITY OF TUALATIN CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety										
Patrol units	18	15	22	22	18	18	18	18	18	18
Highways and streets										
	76	76	76	76	76	77	77	77	78	78
Culture and recreation										
Number of parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Acreage	284	310	310	310	286	285	285	289	289	289
*Sewage disposal										
Max daily capacity	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a						
Water										
Max daily capacity	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Fire hydrants	931	953	960	960	982	982	1,001	1,005	1,005	1,005

^{*}Sewage treatment for The City of Tualatin is provided by Clean Water Services (CWS) of Washington County. For a small portion of the City (east of I-5 and north of the Tualatin River) the service is provided by City of Lake Oswego.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon

Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* with the following exceptions:

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015:

<u>Fund</u>	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure
General fund	Administration	\$18,374
Building fund	Materials & services	\$3,784
Building fund	Capital outlay	\$21,169
Water fund	Materials & services	\$78,006
Enterprise bond fund	Materials & services	\$43,998
Sewer development fund	Materials & services	\$108,270

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor and City Council, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Merina & Company, LLP

Merina & Lompany

West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015