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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2022



CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by the City of Tualatin – Department of Finance Don Hudson, Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

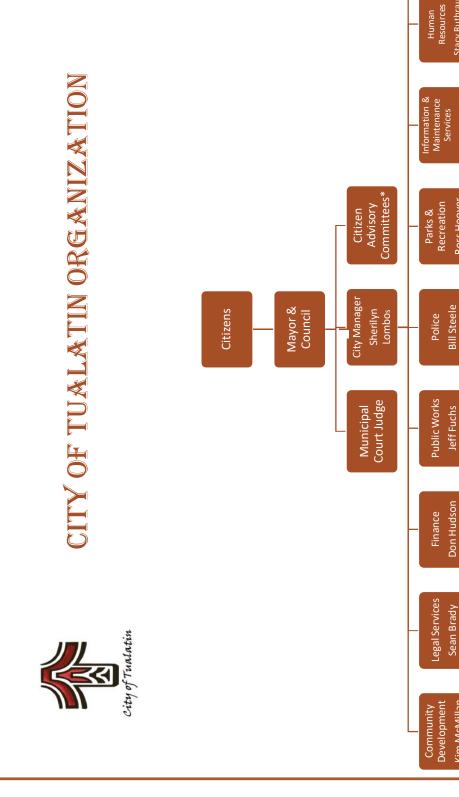
City Council **Term Expires** Frank Bubenik, Mayor December 31, 2022 Maria Reyes, Position No. 1 December 31, 2022 Christen Sacco, Position No. 2 December 31, 2024 Bridget Brooks, Position No. 3 December 31, 2022 Cyndy Hillier, Position No. 4 December 31, 2024 Nancy Grimes, Council President, Position No. 5 December 31, 2022 Valerie Pratt, Position No. 6 December 31, 2024

<u>Administrative</u>

Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager Sean T. Brady, City Attorney Don Hudson, Assistant City Manager/Finance Director

> City Offices 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue Tualatin, Oregon 97062

City Council members may be contacted at the above City Offices address.





Jerianne Thompson Library

Bates Russell

Ross Hoover

Kim McMillan



City of Tualatin

www.tualatinoregon.gov

January 31, 2023

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Council, and Residents of the City of Tualatin:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. These statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Tualatin, Oregon for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Tualatin has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Tualatin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Tualatin's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Merina & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Tualatin's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Tualatin for the year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Tualatin's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City of Tualatin

The City of Tualatin is located in Northwestern Oregon in the Portland metropolitan area, in the counties of Washington and Clackamas, just twelve miles south of Portland's city center. The City of Tualatin, incorporated in 1913, currently occupies a land area of 7.9 square miles and serves a population of 27,914. The City of Tualatin is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term.

The City provides a full range of services including: police protection, community planning and building inspection, engineering and economic development, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, community library services, recreational activities and cultural events.

Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District provides fire and emergency services to the community. The City is also part of Metro, the tri-county urban services district based in Portland, Oregon.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All department heads of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager (who acts as the City Budget Officer). After the Budget Officer prepares the proposed budget, notice of the first budget committee meeting is published. The budget committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of appointed citizen members) reviews and approves the budget after which notice of the public hearing for the City Council to adopt the budget is published. The budget must be adopted making appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year by June 30th of the previous year. Changes to the adopted budget are governed by Local Budget Law in state statute and require City Council approval.

For financial reporting purposes, this report includes all funds of the City that are subject to appropriation by the City Council. For financial planning and control, the City prepares and adopts an annual budget in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 294.305 through 294.565. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The comparisons are presented as required or other supplementary information as appropriate to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

Local economy

Factors which may be important in affecting financial conditions in the future for the City include:

The City's economy is linked with that of the entire Portland Metropolitan area, but is more insulated from economic downturns because of the high education and skill level of its population. Median household incomes within the City of Tualatin are significantly higher than for the state as a whole. Based on the 2017-2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, the City's median family income was \$97,931, the county's was \$92,025, while the state's was \$70,084.

Given the State of Oregon's property tax limitations and the City's low permanent tax rate for operations, smart, balanced growth is important to the economic health of the community. Because of its location in the region, Tualatin continues to be an attractive location for development as new businesses continue to come to town, and a number of existing businesses have either begun, or are planning expansion of their existing locations. These developments have a positive effect on the community and help increase the assessed property values. Not only does this account for additional property tax revenue, but it also adds jobs to the community.

Development activity has continued within the City, contributing to increases in assessed value growth of approximately 5.0% for tax year 2021-22 and approximately 5.0% for tax year 2022-2023. It is anticipated that assessed value growth will be between 3% and 4% in the following year.

The City of Tualatin continues to be an active partner with numerous regional planning efforts that will have a future impact on Tualatin and our economic growth. While the potential costs and benefits of these plans are still unknown, future projects will be modeled for their financial impacts once the planning efforts near completion.

Another major regional planning effort is the Basalt Creek Concept Plan, adopted August 2018, which outlines a vision for future growth of 847 acres located in Washington County between the cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. After years of planning (going back as far as 2004), the Basalt Creek Concept Plan was included in the Comprehensive Plan and a new Urban Planning Area Agreement was established between Tualatin and Washington County. The area includes the development by Community Partners for Affordable Housing of a 116 unit multi-family development on a 4.66 acre site zoned High Density Residential. Additionally, construction has begun on a 62 acre site within the Basalt Creek Planning Area that will bring 400 single family attached and detached homes into the City. Once completed, the Basalt Creek Planning Area is expected to accommodate about 1,200 new housing units and 2,300 new jobs (mostly industrial, with some service jobs and few retail jobs).

Escalating PERS costs continue to put increased pressure on the City's personnel costs. However, the City was able to minimize rate increases by participation in the PERS Employer Incentive Fund (EIF) program. The program, part of legislation passed by the State Legislature in 2017, and funded during the 2019 Legislative Session, allowed entities to set up side accounts that were eligible for 25% match. The City made a \$2,000,000 contribution to the program, paying off a transitional liability from the time that the City joined PERS and the remaining funds were put towards a side account, with 25% of that amount being matched by PERS. Side accounts help lower the employer contribution rate to PERS. By participating in this program, the City recognized a 0.62% reduction in the contribution for the 2021-2023 biennium and will recognize a 0.72% reduction in the 2023-2025 biennial contribution rates.

In April 2021, City Council approved a Parks Utility Fee to fund the management and maintenance of the Parks System. The fee is a \$5 per month fee to utility customers and is estimated to generate approximately \$685k in annual charges for services revenue.

On August 8th, 2022, Tualatin City Council passed a resolution to include a parks bond on the November ballot for improvements to the City's parks system. The bond measure was approved by voters in November, 2022 and authorizes up to \$25,000,000 in principal amount of general obligation bonds to finance capital costs related to trails, natural areas, sports fields, parks, and river access; and is expected to include a new east-west trail corridor and public access point on the Tualatin River, new and improved sports fields, and parks improvements citywide.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Annual Comprehensive Financial Reporting Award. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the 31st consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Popular Annual Financial Reporting Award. The City has submitted its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 to GFOA for consideration of the Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting. At the time of publishing, the application for this award is pending review. If received, this will be the fourth year that the City published this report and achieved this prestigious award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government popular reports. In order to receive this award, a government must publish a PAFR, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appear.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Award. The GFOA presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the City for its annual budget for the year beginning July 1, 2022. This was the 10th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communication device. This award is valid for a period of one year only. We will continue to submit future budgets to GFOA for the award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort, and dedication of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to members of other departments who assisted with contributions of information to be included in this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the entire City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in management of the City of Tualatin's and the Tualatin Development Commission's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Don Hudson Finance Director

an Wa

Matt Warner Assistant Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tualatin Oregon

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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FINANCIAL SECTION

7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Tualatin, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Tualatin, Oregon's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Tualatin, Oregon, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Tualatin, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 12 to the financial statements, the City of Tualatin adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City of Tualatin, Oregon's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Tualatin's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tualatin's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Tualatin's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability Oregon public employees retirement system, retirement health insurance account, schedule of City OPEB contributions Oregon public employees retirement system, retirement health insurance account, schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios implicit rate subsidy plan, schedule of City OPEB contributions implicit rate subsidy plan, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability, and schedule of City pension plan contributions, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements.

themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Tualatin, Oregon's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents including the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023 on our consideration of City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023, on our consideration of City of Tualatin, Oregon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Jonge Will

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon January 31, 2023

As management of the City of Tualatin (the City), we offer readers of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position, budget variances and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

We request readers to consider this information with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section following the Table of Contents.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled approximately \$247.4 million at June 30, 2022, and consisted of approximately \$81.9 million in cash and investments, \$149.6 million in capital assets and approximately \$15.9 million in other assets and deferred outflows of resources. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$10.1 million from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$62.5 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of approximately \$42.0 million in long-term obligations, \$6.2 million in accounts payable and other liabilities, and \$14.4 million in deferred inflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefit obligations.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$184.9 million at the close of fiscal year 2022. Unrestricted net position totaled \$27.5 million, with the remainder of the City's net position reported as net investment in capital assets (\$132.6 million) and restricted for building and engineering, street and roadside maintenance, debt service, capital projects, transportation, urban renewal, and capital improvements (\$24.8 million).
- For its governmental activities, the City generated \$10.6 million in charges for services and received \$3.6 million in operating and capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses, including interest on long-term debt for governmental activities were \$32.4 million for the year, resulting in a net expense of \$18.3 million. \$23.6 million of general revenues received and \$3.2 million of transfers in resulted in an increase in net position of \$8.5 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City generated \$23.6 million in charges for services and capital grants and contributions to fund direct expenses of \$18.4 million.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the financial section of this annual report includes the *basic financial statements, required supplementary information,* and *other supplementary information,* including the *combining statements and schedules* of the nonmajor funds.

The basic financial statements also include *notes* that explain the information in the financial statements and provide additional details.

Each of these components serves an important purpose in providing information about the financial position and financial activities of the City of Tualatin.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad overview of the City's finances, operations and general health <u>as a whole</u>. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Position</u>. This statement presents information on all of the City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. In other words, this statement compares what the government *owns* to what it *owes* and, although there are differences and qualifiers, it is a loose parallel to what average citizens understand as "owner's equity" or "net worth".

Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other factors being equal, the extent by which assets exceed liabilities is a cushion to be called upon during stressful economic times.

Net position is comparable to owner's equity in for-profit businesses and this measure was developed to fill the void which existed before new accounting standards to measure the long-term viability of governmental units. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as the conditions of City infrastructure, in addition to the other financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>, which presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The obvious advantage to such an approach is to nurture a long-term perspective by emphasizing the effects of yearly budget decisions on long-term goals. Such a perspective enforces the need to use sound financial policies such as maintaining adequate reserves and paying current costs from current revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

Governmental activities at the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation.

The business-type activities include maintenance of water, sewer and stormwater systems including pipes and lift stations. Water is purchased from the City of Portland. Clean Water Services and the City of Lake Oswego provide sewer treatment services; therefore, the City does not maintain treatment plants.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Tualatin itself (*the primary government*), but also the Urban Renewal Agency of the City, the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a <u>blended component unit</u> and, in substance is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. Separate financial statements of the Commission can be obtained from the City of Tualatin Finance Department at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062-7092.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated from specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. The use of fund financial statements is directly related to the budgeting process because some revenues are legally earmarked for certain kinds of expenditures. Fund financial statements ensure and demonstrate compliance with governmental finance-related laws and regulations.

In addition, the <u>total amount</u> of the budgeted appropriations for expenditures is considered in terms of the revenue available to fund the expenditures and the type of expenditures competing for the same dollars. The City of Tualatin's funds can be divided into two primary categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term *inflows* and *outflows*. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements (current liabilities).

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities where the emphasis is placed on net position determination. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds - enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Enterprise funds account for the City's water utility, sewer utility and stormwater utility. All of the City's enterprise funds are major funds of the City, and they are reported separately in the proprietary fund financial statements in the basic financial statements.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the costs of replacement of the City's vehicles.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements. These notes not only provide additional detail, but also are required to fully understand the financial data as presented, as well as the financial condition of the City as a whole. The notes offer information not only to lay readers and citizens, but also those interested in a detailed study of the City's financial operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2022 and 2021 Statements of Net Position:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Current and other assets Capital assets Leased assets	\$ 60,179,682 102,147,893 77,155	\$ 55,822,652 99,382,167 -	\$ 26,871,617 47,486,865	\$ 24,295,133 48,170,890 -	\$ 87,051,299 149,634,758 77,155	\$ 80,117,785 147,553,057 -		
Total assets	162,404,730	155,204,819	74,358,482	72,466,023	236,763,212	227,670,842		
Deferred outflows of resources	10,041,616	9,128,768	656,608	597,277	10,698,224	9,726,045		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	39,070,130 4,723,557	51,662,123 3,387,978	2,972,306 1,427,476	3,927,284 1,530,511	42,042,436 6,151,033	55,589,407 4,918,489		
Total liabilities	43,793,687	55,050,101	4,399,782	5,457,795	48,193,469	60,507,896		
Deferred inflows of resources	13,623,459	2,771,569	731,411	151,478	14,354,870	2,923,047		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	87,045,666 23,298,531 4,685,003 \$ 115,029,200	88,344,914 19,707,511 (1,540,508) \$ 106,511,917	45,529,130 1,512,487 22,842,280 \$ 69,883,897	45,767,242 1,326,070 20,360,715 \$ 67,454,027	132,574,796 24,811,018 27,527,283 \$ 184,913,097	134,112,156 21,033,581 18,820,207 \$ 173,965,944		

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30th

The City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$184.9 million as of June 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$132.6 million, (71.7%) is the City's net investment in capital assets. These assets are not a source for repaying liabilities now, or in the future, since such assets represent the "business of the City". Other resources must be used to pay for outstanding liabilities, some of which are restricted to only certain uses. This requires the City to not only acquire those capital assets necessary to provide for City services, but to retain the ability to finance these acquisitions and provide maintenance for these assets.

An additional portion of net position (\$24.8 million) is restricted as to how it may be used by budgetary, legal and external factors. The unrestricted amount of \$27.5 million (14.9% of net position) can be used to meet on-going obligations. Of the \$62.5 million of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end for governmental and business-type activities, \$42.0 million are due in more than one year. For the government as a whole, and for the separate governmental and business-type activities, all three categories showed a positive net position balance for fiscal year 2021-22, as they did for 2020-21.

Total net position increased by \$10.9 million during the fiscal year, primarily attributable to the reduction of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability by \$10.3 million when compared with the prior year.

Statement of Activities

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2022 and 2021 Statement of Activities:

			Idi	ble z - Change	5 11 1	Net Position						
	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total		
	202	22		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 10,5	98,749	\$	4,791,978	\$	23,515,214	\$	19,860,658	\$	34,113,963	\$	24,652,636
Operating grants												
and contributions	3,2	56,692		1,306,028		-		-		3,256,692		1,306,028
Capital grants												
and contributions	3	05,433		479,582		100,000		313,549		405,433		793,131
General revenues:												
Property taxes	,	59,834		13,767,393		-		-		14,459,834		13,767,393
Franchise fees	2,7	03,505		2,619,480		-		-		2,703,505		2,619,480
Public service taxes												
and revenue sharing	,	19,037		6,741,903		-		-		6,719,037		6,741,903
Interest and miscellaneous	(2	97,902)		483,383		455,198		217,361		157,296		700,744
Total revenues	37,7	45,348		30,189,747		24,070,412		20,391,568		61,815,760		50,581,315
Expenses:												
General government	9,8	21,910		10,333,740		-		-		9,821,910		10,333,740
Public safety	9,7	58,499		10,956,022		-		-		9,758,499		10,956,022
Highways and streets	,	60,718		6,540,062		-		-		6,560,718		6,540,062
Culture and recreation	5,7	24,066		6,089,919		-		-		5,724,066		6,089,919
Interest on long-term debt	5	82,242		677,480		-		-		582,242		677,480
Water Operations		-		-		5,686,173		6,043,124		5,686,173		6,043,124
Sewer Operations		-		-		10,735,959		8,656,337		10,735,959		8,656,337
Stormwater Operations		-		-		1,999,040		1,601,097		1,999,040		1,601,097
Total expenses	32,4	47,435		34,597,223		18,421,172		16,300,558		50,868,607		50,897,781
Change in net position before transfers	5,2	97,913		(4,407,476)		5,649,240		4,091,010		10,947,153		(316,466)
Transfers	3,2	19,370		3,194,570		(3,219,370)		(3,194,570)				
Change in net position	8.5	17,283		(1,212,906)		2,429,870		896,440		10,947,153		(316,466)
		,200		(.,212,000)		_, 120,010		000,110				(010,100)
Net position - beginning	106.5	11,917		107,724,823		67,454,027		66,557,587		173,965,944		174,282,410
Net position - ending	,	29,200		106,511,917	\$	69,883,897	\$	67,454,027	\$	184,913,097	\$	173,965,944
					_				_		_	

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$8.5 million in fiscal year 2021-22, as compared to a \$1.2 million decrease in the prior fiscal year. Revenue, excluding transfers, increased by \$7.6 million and expenses, excluding transfers, decreased by \$2.1 million decrease. Key elements of this change, as illustrated in Table 2 above, is primarily the result of increased charges for services, primarily building fees and permits, as well as a new Parks Utility Fee implemented in July 2021, generating an additional \$690k in revenue. System Development charges also increased as a result of several large development projects happening through the City. Lastly, grants and contributions increased as a result of the City receiving \$3.0 million in American Rescue Plan Funds in FY22.

Business-Type activities total revenues, excluding transfers, increased approximately \$3.7 million from fiscal year 2020-2021, due mainly to increases in system development charges on several large development projects happening through the City.

Business-Type activities expenses, excluding transfers, increased an approximate \$2.1 million when compared to prior year. The increase is attributable to the increase in the development charges received as the majority of the development charges are passed on to Clean Water Services.

The government-wide financial statements highlight some of the most important factors about the governmental funds, particularly the General Fund. The primary revenues for governmental funds are taxes, fees and licenses, and intergovernmental revenues. The two largest sources of revenues for the City of Tualatin's General Fund are property taxes and franchise fees.

The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax and there has been a long history of its citizens opposing one. This puts great stress on property taxes, franchise fees, and other revenue in the governmental sector. Property taxes are limited several ways by State law.

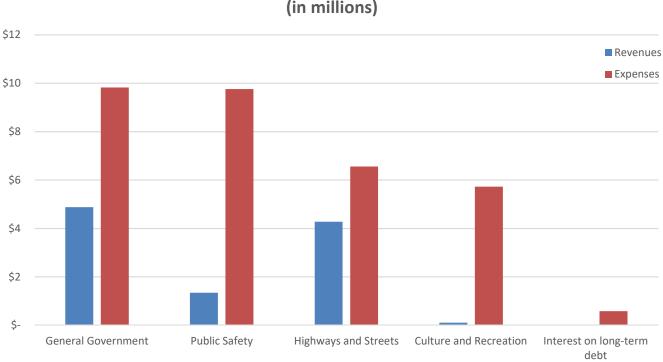
- Local governments' total share of property taxes cannot exceed \$10 per thousand of taxable assessed value; for school districts, the limit is \$5 per thousand.
- In 1998, taxpayers voted for a measure which limited assessed value increases from one year to the next to the lower of a 3% increase or the market value unless additional improvements or modifications have been made to a property.
- As a result of the same property tax reform measure, each local government was assigned a permanent tax rate. The City's rate is \$2.2665 per \$1,000 assessed value.

The City's permanent tax rate is relatively low in contrast to comparable cities in the State. The City has been able to maintain services by budgeting conservatively and providing quality services with lean budgets. The charts showing governmental expenses versus governmental activities demonstrate the funding challenges that Tualatin and other cities face.

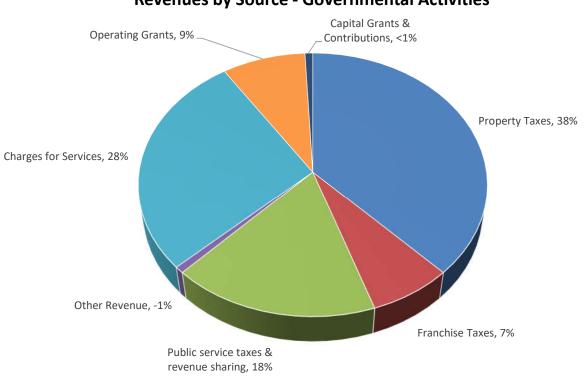
Some of the important factors, which make allocation of resources difficult include:

- Governmental resources are restricted in many ways: budgeting, legal and by public opinion.
- Programs funded by general resources typically result in hard choices, such as more police or a better library. Those services which are seen as most important and necessary are almost always least able or likely to assess charges for cost recovery even for direct services.

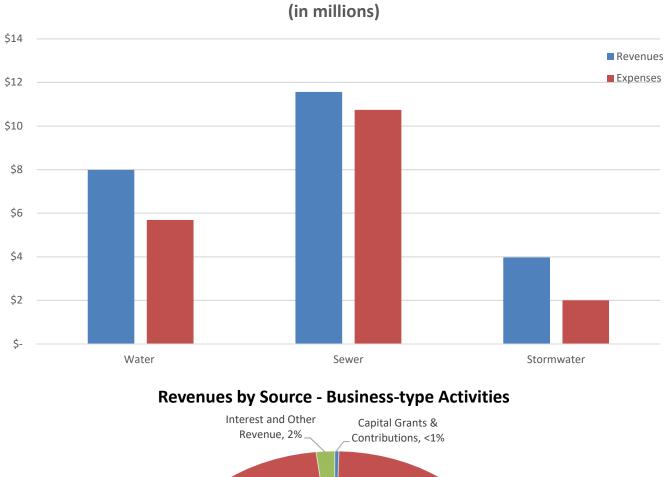
As build-out of the City occurs, it is likely to become more difficult to handle the inevitable rise in the cost of services. Regional transportation issues and the high development in the southwestern part of Washington County will continue to present challenges to the high quality of life that the citizens of Tualatin have experienced in the past. Concept plans that the City is currently working on for the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville will be vital to the City's long-term fiscal health.







Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities (in millions)

11

Charges for Services, 98%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$53.1 million, an increase of \$1.6 million when compared to the prior year. Unassigned fund balance combined with committed fund balance as of June 30, 2022, was \$29.6 million and is available for spending at the City's discretion.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2022, the total fund balance was \$14.3 million, of which \$14.2 million is considered unassigned, reflecting an increase of \$1.0 million from the prior year. As a matter of course, the City strives to have enough reserves at the end of the fiscal year to provide cash for the first five months of operations, at which time the first installment of property taxes are received. The fund balance increase was primarily due to increased property tax revenue received as a result of increases in assessed value.

Transportation Project Fund

This capital project fund accounts for expenditures on high priority transportation projects throughout the City that are financed by the City's Series 2018 Transportation Bonds. Resources for the fund include general obligation bond proceeds and interest revenue. At June 30, 2022, total fund balance was approximately \$10.2 million, a decrease of approximately \$6.2 million. The decrease is attributable to project costs on the Tualatin Moving Forward transportation projects. The fund balance will continue to decline as projects continue.

Transportation Development Tax Fund

This special revenue fund accounts for the collection and use of the transportation development tax. At June 30, 2022, total fund balance was approximately \$12.5 million, reflecting an increase of approximately \$0.8 million from the prior year. The increase is attributable to additional development in the City resulting in the collection of additional fees & charges.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original appropriated budget for the general fund for fiscal year 2022 amounted to \$29.5 million, including \$3.8 million for contingencies. There were amendments to the adopted budget during the year to appropriate funds for several grants awarded during the year including funding for the Tualatin River Greenway Trail project, Cyber Security grants, and Crisis Intervention.

The General Fund resources exceeded the original budgeted levels by approximately \$1.2 million due to additional property tax received in excess of the budgeted amount because of assessed value being higher than expected, as well as increases in franchise fees and transient lodging tax revenue. This favorable variance in revenue, in conjunction with total expenditures remaining fairly consistent, increasing by \$0.4 million over the prior year resulted in a fund balance increase of \$1.3 million.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2022, the City had invested \$149.6 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, in a range of asset types, including land, buildings, improvements and infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

The following is a comparison of capital assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2022	2021	2022 2021 2022		2022	2021		
Land	\$ 14,500,035	\$ 14,237,913	\$ 938,443	\$ 880,144	\$ 15,438,478	\$ 15,118,057		
Construction in Progress	6,098,331	7,184,018	1,124,744	282,841	7,223,075	7,466,859		
Buildings	27,624,618	27,472,411	367,755	367,755	27,992,373	27,840,166		
Machinery and Equipment	6,350,910	5,808,803	1,900,003	1,802,027	8,250,913	7,610,830		
Utility System	-	-	85,395,082	85,219,484	85,395,082	85,219,484		
Improvements & Infrastructure	155,743,323	147,662,971	-	-	155,743,323	147,662,971		
Accumulated Depreciation	(108,169,324)	(102,983,949)	(42,239,162)	(40,381,361)	(150,408,486)	(143,365,310)		
Total net assets	\$ 102,147,893	\$ 99,382,167	\$ 47,486,865	\$ 48,170,890	\$ 149,634,758	\$ 147,553,057		

CITY OF TUALATIN'S NET CAPITAL ASSETS

Net capital assets increased by \$2.8 million due primarily to the completion of several capital projects funded by the Tualatin Moving Forward bond program, which was offset by accumulated depreciation on the City's assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The governmental infrastructure category consists primarily of roads, signals and lighting. Capital assets in the business-type activities include water and sewer lines, lift stations and other portions of utility systems.

Additional information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Outstanding

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$25.1 million in long-term bonded debt obligations outstanding, a decrease of approximately \$3.3 million from the prior year. The decrease is primarily attributable to the payment of outstanding principal on the Series 2018 General Obligation and Refunding bonds for transportation improvement projects.

CITY OF TUALATIN'S DEBT SERVICE Year Ended June 30, 2022 Additions Principal Paid Ending Beginning Governmental: General Obligation Bonds \$ 21,135,864 \$ \$ (2,396,807)\$ 18,739,057 Full faith and credit obligations 4,691,292 (393,746) 4,297,546 **Total Governmental** 25,827,156 \$ (2,790,553)23.036.603 Business-type: Full Faith & Credit 2,501,998 (470,499) 2,031,499 \$ \$ \$ **Total Bonds Payable** 28,329,154 \$ (3,261,052) 25,068,102 \$ \$

The State of Oregon mandates a general obligation debt limit of 3 percent of true market value of taxable property within City boundaries. The City's general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 was \$21.1 million, which is well below the \$155 million maximum limitation.

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is presented in Note 8 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Factors affecting financial conditions in the future include:

- The governmental funds' largest revenue sources are property taxes, franchise fees, fees for charges and services, and state shared revenues. The State does not have a sales tax, resulting in local government's heavy reliance on property taxes and other self-generated revenues including franchise fees, business license, etc. In 2022, the City's assessed value increased by 5.03% as a result of continued development within the City.
- The City continues to experience strong development activity, which will help drive increases in assessed value and property tax revenue in future years. With the City's low permanent tax rate of \$2.2665 per thousand of assessed value, though, future adjustments to maintain service levels of city services to our residents may be necessary.
- The City, along with local governments across the State, continues to pay larger sums of employee retirement costs of the State-run pension fund. The Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) sets the contribution rates biannually. Fiscal year 2021-22 was the first year of the current biennium rates. The rates for the current biennium are as follows: TierI/II employee at 26.85%, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) general employees at 20.13% and OPSRP Police/Fire employees at 24.49%. PERS rates for the next biennium, beginning July 1, 2023, will increase to the following rates, respectively: 28.01%, 21.43%, and 26.22%. These increases have been factored into forecasts by the City. Additionally, the City funded a PERS Side Account for \$1.01 million in 2019, which is helping to reduce and stabilize the impact of future increases to the City's pension contribution rates.
- Business-Type Activities are funded through water, sewer, and stormwater rates and system development charges. The City has the ability to increase rates to keep pace with growing costs as well as increasing demands on the systems. The City generally increases water rates annually. Sewer and surface water management rates are set by Clean Water Services and are generally increased annually in July. The City also collects a local service fee for sewer and surface water management that, if needed, can be adjusted.
- Uncertainties about future economic changes and financial impacts are common in all cities. To deal with the swings in the economy and to plan for future capital expansion, the City routinely sets aside portions of its fund balances for contingencies and emergency situations.

Requests for Information

The City's financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability of the resources it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, contact the Finance Department at City of Tualatin, 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, OR 97062-7092.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 57,484,22		\$ 81,886,094
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	30,00		30,000
Due from other governments	700,97		1,305,607
Accounts receivable	272,32		1,999,169
Property taxes receivable	240,38		240,380
Accrued interest receivable	77,21		106,029
Lease Receivable	1,022,29		1,022,293
Inventories	145,13		242,569
OPEB asset	207,13	5 12,023	219,158
Capital assets not being depreciated:	14,500,02	- 020 442	15 400 450
Land	14,500,03		15,438,478
Construction in progress	6,098,33	1 1,124,744	7,223,075
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:	1 (210 2 (10.100	16 220 200
Buildings	16,218,26		16,230,390
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	2,562,87		3,135,193
Infrastructure	62,768,38		107,607,622
Lease assets, net	77,15		77,155
TOTAL ASSETS	162,404,73	0 74,358,482	236,763,212
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding		- 73,763	73,763
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	120,76		127,775
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	9,920,85	0 575,836	10,496,686
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,041,61	6 656,608	10,698,224
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	2,847,01	4 1,362,850	4,209,864
Deposits	1,580,02		1,599,579
Retainage payable	148,49		180,562
Unearned revenue	28,88		35,938
Interest Payable	41,54		47,490
Noncurrent liabilities:	,.	-,,	,
Due within one year	3,544,66	512,243	4,056,907
Due in more than one year	35,525,46		37,985,529
Lease payable	77,60		77,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES	43,793,68		48,193,469
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	12,377,80	2 718,446	13,096,248
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	223,36		236,329
Deferred inflows of resources - Of EB	1,022,29		1,022,293
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
	13,623,45	9 731,411	14,354,870
NET POSITION	~= ~ / = ~		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	87,045,66	45,529,130	132,574,796
Building and engineering	916,41	4 -	916,414
Street and roadside maintenance	3,409,10		3,409,105
Debt service payments	178,31		178,312
Capital projects	2,907,64		2,907,646
Transportation	12,488,76		12,488,767
Urban renewal projects	3,398,28		3,398,287
Capital improvements	- , ,= 0	- 1,512,487	1,512,487
Unrestricted	4,685,00		27,527,283
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 115,029,20	69,883,897	\$ 184,913,097

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Reven	nac		Expense Revenue ange in Net Positi	
			Operating	Capital		Business	011
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Туре	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General government	\$ 9,821,910	\$ 4,880,066	\$ 3,133,205	\$ 3,550	\$ (1,805,089)	\$ -	\$ (1,805,089)
Public safety	9,758,499	1,341,304	81,023	-	(8,336,172)	-	(8,336,172)
Highways and streets	6,560,718	4,274,540	-	301,883	(1,984,295)	-	(1,984,295)
Culture and recreation	5,724,066	102,839	42,464	-	(5,578,763)	-	(5,578,763)
Interest on long-term debt	582,242		-	-	(582,242)		(582,242)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	32,447,435	10,598,749	3,256,692	305,433	(18,286,561)		(18,286,561)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Water Operations	5,686,173	7,987,031	-	-	-	2,300,858	2,300,858
Sewer Operations	10,735,959	11,559,860	-	-	-	823,901	823,901
Stormwater Operations	1,999,040	3,968,323		100,000		2,069,283	2,069,283
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	18,421,172	23,515,214		100,000		5,194,042	5,194,042
TOTAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 50,868,607	\$ 34,113,963	\$ 3,256,692	\$ 405,433	(18,286,561)	5,194,042	(13,092,519)
	GENERAL REV	ENUES:					
	Property taxes				14,459,834	-	14,459,834
	Franchise taxes				2,703,505	-	2,703,505
	Public service ta	axes and revenue s	haring		6,719,037	-	6,719,037
		estment earnings			(605,564)	(321,199)	(926,763)
	Miscellaneous 1	revenues			307,662	776,397	1,084,059
	TRANSFERS				3,219,370	(3,219,370)	
	TOTAL GENE	RAL REVENUES	AND TRANSFE	RS	26,803,844	(2,764,172)	24,039,672
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			8,517,283	2,429,870	10,947,153
	NET POSITION	- beginning			106,511,917	67,454,027	173,965,944
	NET POSITION	- ending			\$ 115,029,200	\$ 69,883,897	\$ 184,913,097

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, and state and county shared revenue. Primary expenditures are for culture and recreation, general government and public safety.

Transportation Project Fund

The Transportion Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's Transportation Bond to finance high priority transportation projects throughout the City.

Transportation Development Tax Fund

The Transportation Development Tax Fund accounts for the collection and use of the transportation development tax.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	ansportation roject Fund	ransportation velopment Tax Fund	(Other Governmental	 Total Governmental
ASSETS Cash and investments Due from other governments Accounts receivable Property taxes receivable Accrued interest receivable Lease Receivable Inventories Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,705,390 387,314 53,314 191,176 19,798 1,022,293 93,395 30,000	\$ 11,097,259 33,526 22,120	\$ 12,508,837 - - 15,171 - -	\$	16,121,649 280,138 219,010 49,204 18,886 51,740	\$ 56,433,135 700,978 272,324 240,380 75,975 1,022,293 145,135 30,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	18,502,680	\$ 11,152,905	\$ 12,524,008	\$	16,740,627	\$ 58,920,220
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and other current liabilities Deposits Retainage payable Unearned revenue TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,488,093 1,524,488 - 8,887 3,021,468	\$ 864,427 113,900 978,327	\$ 651 34,590 35,241	\$	493,843 55,534 20,000 569,377	\$ 2,847,014 1,580,022 148,490 28,887 4,604,413
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue Unavailable revenue - leases TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		160,024 1,022,293 1,182,317	 - - -	 - - -		42,221	 202,245 1,022,293 1,224,538
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventory Restricted for: Building and engineering Street and roadside maintenance 911 operations system Debt service payments Capital projects Transportation Urban renewal projects Committed to: ARPA Pavement maintenance and street lighting Parking maintenance Parks capital and maintenance Transportation Assigned to: Scholarships		93,395 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		12,488,767		51,740 916,414 3,409,105 - 178,312 2,907,646 - 3,398,287 3,060,795 1,338,820 228,733 589,596 - 49,581	145,135 916,414 3,409,105 178,312 2,907,646 12,488,767 3,398,287 3,060,795 1,338,820 228,733 589,596 10,174,578 49,581
Unassigned:		14,205,500	 -	 -		-	 14,205,500
TOTAL FUND BALANCES TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		14,298,895	 10,174,578	 12,488,767		16,129,029	53,091,269
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	18,502,680	\$ 11,152,905	\$ 12,524,008	\$	16,740,627	

Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:

The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a

whole.

Net capital assets Leased assets, net	\$ 102,147,893 77,155	102,225,048
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources - pension	9,920,850	
Deferred outflows of resources - other postemployment benefit obligations	 120,766	10,041,616
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operations department to individual funds. The assets and		
liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		1,052,327
Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including accrued liabilities and bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	202,245	
Accrued compensated absences	(897,099)	
Accrued interest	(41,544)	
Net pension liability	(14,205,111)	
Net other postemployment obligation	(724,182)	
Long-term bonded debt obligations	(21,027,546)	
Bond premium	(2,009,057)	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	(12,377,802)	
Deferred inflows of resources - other post employment obligation	 (223,364)	(51,303,460)
Lease financings are not recorded in the governmental funds, but rather are recognized as a liability in the Statement		
of Net Position		(77,600)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 115,029,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Property taxes \$ 11,430,172 \$\$ \$\$ \$ 3,012,533 \$ 14,442,705 Franchise fees 2,703,505		General Fund	Transportation Project Fund	Transportation Development Tax Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
Franchise fees 2,703,505 - - 2,703,505 Charges for service 211,114 - - 367,923 579,037 Licenses and permits 377,961 - - 66,836 1014,797 Intergovernmental 4,140,606 - - 62,8455 10,399,301 Fines and forfitures 1,113,265 - - 1,113,265 - - 1,113,265 Fees and charges 111,785 - 1,887,285 5,732,009 7,731,979 Interst (224,722) (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES 20,119,973						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,012,533	
Licenses and permits 377,961 - 6638,366 1,014,797 Intergovernmental 4,140,606 - 6,258,895 10,399,301 Fines and forfictures 1,113,265 1,113,265 Fees and charges 111,785 - 1,887,285 5,732,909 7,731,979 Interest (224,722) (36,650) (164,437) (192,079) (617,888) Miscellaneous 256,287 - 106,286 362,573 TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,774,340 3,598,826 Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: Principal - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Interest - 2,050,0			-	-	-	
Intergovernmental 4,140,606 - - 6,258,695 10,399,301 Fines and forfeitures 1,113,265 - - - 1,113,265 Fees and charges 111,785 - - - 1,113,265 Interest (224,722) (36,650) (164,437) (192,079) (617,888) Miscellaneous 256,287 - - 106,286 362,573 TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Principal - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804	-		-	-		
Fines and forfeitures1,113,2651,113,265Fees and charges111,785-1,887,2855,732,9097,731,979Interest(224,722)(36,650)(164,437)(192,079)(617,888)Miscellaneous256,287106,286362,573TOTAL REVENUES20,119,973(36,650)1,722,84815,923,10337,729,274EXPENDITURESCurrent:General government8,638,29683,1288,721,424Public safety8,937,5631,036,7249,974,287Highways and streets821,7972,689-2,774,3403,598,826Cutture and recreation5,051,3481,4235,052,771Capital outlay852,3415,971,115832,3881,410,5819,066,425Debt service:2,050,0002,050,000Principal2,050,000934,000TOTAL EXPENDITURES24,301,3455,973,804832,3888,290,19639,397,733EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES0/ER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES(4,181,372)(6,010,454)890,4607,632,907(1,668,459)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)5,147,000(358,460)(54,350)(1,492,411)3,241,779NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES965,628(6,368,914)836,1106,140,4961,573,320FUND BALANCES - beginning13,333,26716,543,49211,652,6579,988,533 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></td<>			-	-		
Fees and charges 111,785 . 1,887,285 5,732,909 7,731,979 Interest (224,722) (36,650) (164,437) (192,079) (617,888) Miscellancous 256,287 - - 106,286 362,573 TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,774,340 3,598,826 Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,432 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 934,000 2,050,000 2,050,000 Interest - - - 9,066,425 9,0460 7,632,907 (1,668,459)	6		-	-	6,258,695	10,399,301
Interest (224,722) (36,650) (164,437) (192,079) (617,888) Miscellaneous 256,287 - - 106,286 362,573 TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,74,340 3,598,826 Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 393,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 393,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460	Fines and forfeitures	1,113,265	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous 256,287 - - 106,286 362,573 TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,774,340 3,598,826 Cuttre and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Principal - - - 934,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - - - 2,050,000 2,954,000 OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 <	Fees and charges	111,785	-	1,887,285	5,732,909	7,731,979
TOTAL REVENUES 20,119,973 (36,650) 1,722,848 15,923,103 37,729,274 EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,774,340 3,598,826 Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Principal - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 934,000	Interest	(224,722)	(36,650)	(164,437)	(192,079)	(617,888)
EXPENDITURES Current: General government 8,638,296 - - 83,128 8,721,424 Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 1,036,000 934,000 Interest - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0/EVENUES 0/EVENUES 0/EVENUES 0/EVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 22,409 - - 22,409 Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 22,409 -<	Miscellaneous	256,287			106,286	362,573
$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{Current:} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	TOTAL REVENUES	20,119,973	(36,650)	1,722,848	15,923,103	37,729,274
General government $8,638,296$ $83,128$ $8,721,424$ Public safety $8,937,563$ $1,036,724$ $9,974,287$ Highways and streets $821,797$ $2,689$ - $2,774,340$ $3,598,826$ Culture and recreation $5,051,348$ $1,423$ $5,052,771$ Capital outlay $852,341$ $5,971,115$ $832,388$ $1,410,581$ $9,066,425$ Debt service: $2,050,000$ $2,050,000$ Interest $934,000$ $934,000$ TOTAL EXPENDITURES $24,301,345$ $5,973,804$ $832,388$ $8,290,196$ $39,397,733$ EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES $(4,181,372)$ $(6,010,454)$ $890,460$ $7,632,907$ $(1,668,459)$ Transfers out $5,288,990$ 1,465,466 $6,754,456$ Transfers out $(164,399)$ $(358,460)$ $(54,350)$ $(2,957,877)$ $(3,533,086)$ Sale of general capital assets $22,409$ 22,409TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $5,147,000$ $(358,460)$ $(54,350)$ $(1,492,411)$ $3,241,779$ NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES $965,628$ $(6,368,914)$ $836,110$ $6,140,496$ $1,573,320$ FUND BALANCES - beginning $13,333,267$ $16,543,492$ $11,652,657$ $9,988,533$ $51,517,949$	EXPENDITURES					
Public safety 8,937,563 - - 1,036,724 9,974,287 Highways and streets 821,797 2,689 - 2,774,340 3,598,826 Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Principal - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Interest - - - 934,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409	Current:					
Highways and streets $821,797$ $2,689$ $ 2,774,340$ $3,598,826$ Culture and recreation $5,051,348$ $ 1,423$ $5,052,771$ Capital outlay $852,341$ $5,971,115$ $832,388$ $1,410,581$ $9,066,425$ Debt service: $ 2,050,000$ $2,050,000$ Principal $ 2,934,000$ $934,000$ Interest $ 934,000$ $934,000$ TOTAL EXPENDITURES $24,301,345$ $5,973,804$ $832,388$ $8,290,196$ OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES $(4,181,372)$ $(6,010,454)$ $890,460$ $7,632,907$ OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $ 1,465,466$ $6,754,456$ Transfers in $5,288,990$ $ -$ Transfers out $(164,399)$ $(358,460)$ $(54,350)$ $(2,957,877)$ Sale of general capital assets $22,409$ $ -$ TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) $5,147,000$ $(358,460)$ $(54,350)$ $(1,492,411)$ NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES $965,628$ $(6,368,914)$ $836,110$ $6,140,496$ $1,573,320$ FUND BALANCES - beginning $13,333,267$ $16,543,492$ $11,652,657$ $9,988,533$ $51,517,949$	General government	8,638,296	-	-	83,128	8,721,424
Culture and recreation 5,051,348 - - 1,423 5,052,771 Capital outlay 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Debt service: - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Principal - - - 934,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - - - 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Public safety	8,937,563	-	-	1,036,724	9,974,287
Capital outlay Debt service: 852,341 5,971,115 832,388 1,410,581 9,066,425 Principal Interest - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 2,050,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657<	Highways and streets	821,797	2,689	-	2,774,340	3,598,826
Debt service: Principal - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 934,000 936,930 1,65	Culture and recreation	5,051,348	-	-	1,423	5,052,771
Principal Interest - - - 2,050,000 2,050,000 Interest - - 934,000 934,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Capital outlay	852,341	5,971,115	832,388	1,410,581	9,066,425
Interest - - 934,000 934,000 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Debt service:					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 24,301,345 5,973,804 832,388 8,290,196 39,397,733 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Principal	-	-	-	2,050,000	2,050,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Interest				934,000	934,000
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,301,345	5,973,804	832,388	8,290,196	39,397,733
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (4,181,372) (6,010,454) 890,460 7,632,907 (1,668,459) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949		(4,181,372)	(6,010,454)	890,460	7,632,907	(1,668,459)
Transfers in 5,288,990 - - 1,465,466 6,754,456 Transfers out (164,399) (358,460) (54,350) (2,957,877) (3,535,086) Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949		5,288,990	-	-	1,465,466	6,754,456
Sale of general capital assets 22,409 - - 22,409 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Transfers out	(164,399)	(358,460)	(54,350)	(2,957,877)	(3,535,086)
SOURCES (USES) 5,147,000 (358,460) (54,350) (1,492,411) 3,241,779 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	Sale of general capital assets	22,409			-	. ,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 965,628 (6,368,914) 836,110 6,140,496 1,573,320 FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
FUND BALANCES - beginning 13,333,267 16,543,492 11,652,657 9,988,533 51,517,949	SOURCES (USES)	5,147,000	(358,460)	(54,350)	(1,492,411)	3,241,779
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	965,628	(6,368,914)	836,110	6,140,496	1,573,320
FUND BALANCES - ending \$ 14,298,895 \$ 10,174,578 \$ 12,488,767 \$ 16,129,029 \$ 53,091,269	FUND BALANCES - beginning	13,333,267	16,543,492	11,652,657	9,988,533	51,517,949
	FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ 14,298,895	\$ 10,174,578	\$ 12,488,767	\$ 16,129,029	\$ 53,091,269

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances			\$ 1,573,320
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.			
Depreciation Capital asset additions	\$	(5,284,311) 8,059,672	2,775,361
Governmental funds report lease financing as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as amortization expense. This is the amount by which			
amortization exceeded lease financing.			(445)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to increase net assets			(13,185)
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds.			20,679
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in			
governmental funds. Accrued interest expense	\$	6,109	
Pension expense	Ψ	1,015,153	
Net other postemployment benefit obligations		(8,571)	
			1,012,691
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the administrative services department to individual funds. The net revenue of	•		
certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			319,241
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the			
amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.			2,829,621
Change in net position of governmental activities		:	\$ 8,517,283

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent three segments of operations – Water, Sewer, and Stormwater. Included in these segments are:

Water Operations

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of water facilities and services. The primary source of revenues consists of water sales and related charges.

Water Development Fund

The Water Development Fund accounts for system development fees charged on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansions of the water system.

Enterprise Bond Fund

The Enterprise Bond Fund accounts for debt service financing for the water reservoir construction and other improvement to the water system.

Sewer Operations

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer system. The primary source of revenue consists of charges for sewer services.

Sewer Development Fund

The Sewer Development Fund accounts for the system development fees on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansion of the sewer system.

Stormwater Operations

Stormwater Fund

The Stormwater Fund accounts for stormwater services for residents of the City. The principal revenue source is from user fees.

Stormwater Development Fund

The Stormwater Development Funds accounts for system development charges assessed to finance expansion of the stormwater system.

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, these aforementioned funds are consolidated and included as three separate Enterprises funds.

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Vehicle Replacement Fund

This Vehicle Replacement Fund accounts for City's transportation fleet, including the acquisition and replacement.

	В	usiness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fu	nds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Stormwater Operations	Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 11,311,299	\$ 5,854,969	\$ 7,235,604	\$ 24,401,872	\$ 1,051,087
Accounts receivables, net	542,741	858,771	325,333	1,726,845	-
Intergovernmental receivable Accrued interest receivable	-	600,107	4,522 8,534	604,629	1,240
Inventories	13,373 94,987	6,907 2,447	0,554	28,814 97,434	1,240
Total current assets	11,962,400	7,323,201	7,573,993	26,859,594	1,052,327
Noncurrent Assets:					
Noncurrent Assets: Net other post employment benefit asset Capital assets not being depreciated:	8,064	3,959	-	12,023	-
Land	773,389	156,221	8,833	938,443	-
Construction in progress	364,008	735,036	25,700	1,124,744	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated deprecation					
Buildings	12,126	-	-	12,126	-
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	187,770	180,578	203,971	572,319	-
Infrastructure	27,101,543	13,949,145	3,788,545	44,839,233	-
Total noncurrent assets	28,446,900	15,024,939	4,027,049	47,498,888	-
TOTAL ASSETS	40,409,300	22,348,140	11,601,042	74,358,482	1,052,327
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	73,763	-	-	73,763	-
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	4,701	2,308	-	7,009	-
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	386,225	189,611		575,836	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	464,689	191,919		656,608	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	393,719	787,044	113,480	1,294,243	-
Accrued liabilities	44,674	23,933	-	68,607	-
Compensated absences Retainage payable	44,370	17,873	-	62,243 32,072	-
Deposits payable	- 19,557	32,072	-	19,557	-
Accrued interest payable	5,946	-	-	5,946	-
Bonds payable - due within one year	450,000	_	_	450,000	_
Unearned revenue			7,051	7,051	
Total current liabilities	958,266	860,922	120,531	1,939,719	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Bonds payable	1,581,498	-	-	1,581,498	-
Net OPEB liability	36,257	17,800	-	54,057	-
Net pension liability	553,014	271,494		824,508	
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,170,769	289,294		2,460,063	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,129,035	1,150,216	120,531	4,399,782	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	481,876	236,570	-	718,446	-
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	8,696	4,269		12,965	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	490,572	240,839		731,411	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	26,481,101	15,020,980	4,027,049	45,529,130	-
Restricted for capital improvements	1,512,487	-	-	1,512,487	-
Unrestricted	9,260,794	6,128,024	7,453,462	22,842,280	1,052,327
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 37,254,382	\$ 21,149,004	\$ 11,480,511	\$ 69,883,897	\$ 1,052,327

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements

	Bus	inds	Governmental Activities		
	Water Operations			Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for service	\$ 7,682,391	\$ 9,601,073	\$ 3,676,669	\$ 20,960,133	\$ 333,070
Intergovernmental	-	76,840	-	76,840	-
Fees and charges	304,640	1,881,947	291,654	2,478,241	-
Miscellaneous	4,700	745,757	25,940	776,397	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	7,991,731	12,305,617	3,994,263	24,291,611	333,070
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personal services	881,875	492,718	-	1,374,593	-
Materials and services	3,610,445	9,648,080	1,770,865	15,029,390	-
Depreciation	1,044,004	595,161	228,175	1,867,340	-
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	5,536,324	10,735,959	1,999,040	18,271,323	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	2,455,407	1,569,658	1,995,223	6,020,288	333,070
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	(149,245)	(76,476)	(95,478)	(321,199)	(13,829)
Interest expense	(149,849)			(149,849)	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE)	(299,094)	(76,476)	(95,478)	(471,048)	(13,829)
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	2,156,313	1,493,182	1,899,745	5,549,240	319,241
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	-	-	100,000	100,000	-
TRANSFERS	(968,078)	(1,212,177)	(1,039,115)	(3,219,370)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,188,235	281,005	960,630	2,429,870	319,241
NET POSITION - beginning	36,066,147	20,867,999	10,519,881	67,454,027	733,086
NET POSITION - ending	\$ 37,254,382	\$ 21,149,004	\$ 11,480,511	\$ 69,883,897	\$ 1,052,327

	Bi	usiness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fur	nds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Stormwater Operations	Total	Vehicle Replacement Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees and others for salaries/benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others	\$ 8,173,376 (882,870) (3,902,523)	\$ 11,673,511 (489,686) (9,458,286)	\$ 3,967,334 (1,778,508)	\$ 23,814,221 (1,372,556) (15,139,317)	\$ 333,070
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	3,387,983	1,725,539	2,188,826	7,302,348	333,070
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payment from (to) other funds Transfers in (out)	(968,078)	(1,212,177)	(1,039,115)	(3,219,370)	(575)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(968,078)	(1,212,177)	(1,039,115)	(3,219,370)	(575)
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Debt principal payments Interest paid	(318,887) (470,500) (126,695)	(764,428)	-	(1,083,315) (470,500) (126,695)	-
NET CASH FROM (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(916,082)	(764,428)		(1,680,510)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	(153,741)	(77,722)	(98,354)	(329,817)	(13,829)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(153,741)	(77,722)	(98,354)	(329,817)	(13,829)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,350,082	(328,788)	1,051,357	2,072,651	318,666
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - beginning	9,961,217	6,183,757	6,184,247	22,329,221	732,421
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ending	\$ 11,311,299	\$ 5,854,969	\$ 7,235,604	\$ 24,401,872	\$ 1,051,087
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income	\$ 2,455,407	\$ 1,569,658	\$ 1,995,223	\$ 6,020,288	\$ 333,070
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation of capital assets Change in assets and liabilities:	1,044,004	595,161	228,175	1,867,340	-
Accounts receivable Inventories	173,288 (7,019)	(632,106)	(19,878)	(478,696) (7,019)	-
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits	(285,059) 8,357	189,794	(7,643)	(102,908) 8,357	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	(7,051)	(7,051)	-
Pension System Accrued compensated absences	(735) (2,389)	1,718 173	-	983 (2,216)	-
Other post employment benefits payable	2,129	1,141		3,270	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3,387,983	\$ 1,725,539	\$ 2,188,826	\$ 7,302,348	\$ 333,070
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Contributions of capital assets	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -
Total non-cash capital financing activities	\$-	\$ -	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member governing council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, even though they are legally separate entities. Thus, blended component units are appropriately presented as funds of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit. The Tualatin Development Commission (Commission) was formed to plan, direct, and manage the redevelopment of targeted areas of the City through tax increment financing. Pursuant to ORS 457.055, the City Council has been appointed governing body of the Commission and the City has operational responsibility for the activities of Commission. The Commission's funds are reported as governmental fund types.

Separately issued financial statements are available for the Commission. These reports may be obtained from the Finance Department of the City, 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon 97062.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the City and its blended component unit. These statements include all the financial activities of the City. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities; however, in the government-wide Statement of Activities, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities are financed through charges for services, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental and business-type activities, including its blended component unit. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not attributable to a specific program are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary or fiduciary are presented. Currently, the City has only governmental and proprietary type funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

• General Fund

This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the City, except those accounted for in another fund.

- *Transportation Project Fund* This fund accounts for the proceeds of the city's Transportation Bond to finance transportation projects throughout the City.
- *Transportation Development Tax Fund* This fund accounts for the expenditures of transportation capital improvements designed to accommodate growth. The primary source of revenue is from one-time charges on development within Washington and Clackamas counties.

The City reports each of its three proprietary funds as major funds:

- *Water Operations* This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of water service and distribution facilities.
- Sewer Operations This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer service and collection system.
- *Stormwater Operations* This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's surface water system.

The City also reports the following nonmajor fund types:

• Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenues and expenditures related to those required to be accounted for in another fund.

• Debt Service Funds

These funds account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of tax increment bond principal and interest.

• Capital Projects Funds

These funds account for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Funds.

• *Internal Service Funds* This fund accounts for the acquisition and replacement of City's motor vehicle pool.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to financial operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and bases of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Wastewater, and Stormwater Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Cash and Investments

Cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments consist of funds held in the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), U.S. Government obligations and corporate bonds. Investments in the LGIP are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The individual funds' and blended component unit's portion of the pool's fair value are presented as "Cash and Investments" in the basic financial statements.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board which is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investement company. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable. Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

E. Receivables

Uncollected property taxes receivable collected within sixty days following year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other uncollected property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Assessments receivable expected to be collected within sixty days following year end and are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for grants and state shared revenues, included in accounts receivable are recorded as revenues in governmental fund types as earned. Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenues as earned, including services earned but not billed.

F. Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the leased assets at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the City, reduced by principal payments.

G. Inventories

Inventories for governmental fund types are stated at cost (average cost basis) and are charged to expenditures as they are used. Inventories in the enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost (average cost basis) or market value and are charged to expenses as they are used, consistent with the consumption method.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements	10-50
Infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Utility Systems	25-50

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

I. Lease Assets

Lease assets are assets which the City leases for a term of more than one year. The value of the leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the agreement.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resource

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Other post-employment benefits (OPEB)

<u>OPERS - Retirement Health Insurance Account.</u> For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability/asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPERS and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>City of Tualatin – Implicit Subsidy Plan.</u> For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred

outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB, and OPEB expense, the City has relied on actuarial reports. The City allows retired employees to purchase health insurance at the same rates as active employees. The related expense is recognized as the City pays premiums or when claims are paid to health providers.

M. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, accumulated vested vacation pay is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund-level and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences included the general fund, building fund, and the operations fund.

N. Leases Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources.

O. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The nonexpendable portion of permanent funds is reported as a component of restricted net position. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

P. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposed by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager or Finance Director to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category in the General Fund. Deficit fund balance in other governmental funds are also presented as unassigned.

Use of restricted resources, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

Q. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

2. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a common cash and investment pool for all City funds. The types of investments in which the City may invest are restricted by State of Oregon statutes and a Council adopted investment policy. Authorized investments include U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency obligations, commercial paper, corporate bonds, the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, obligations of certain states and municipalities, bankers' acceptances, time deposits, certificates of deposits, and savings accounts.

At June 30, 2022, the City's cash and investments consist of the following:

Fair Value Measurement										
		N/A		Level 1		Level 2		Total	Maturity	
Cash on hand	\$	1,675	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,675	-	
Deposits with financial institutions		1,653,124		-		-		1,653,124	-	
Investments:										
Oregon State Treasurer's Local										
Government Investment Pool		41,108,022		-		-		41,108,022	-	
U.S. Treasury		-		20,481,405		-		20,481,405	1.89	
U.S. Agencies		-		-		14,299,218		14,299,218	1.40	
Corporate Bonds		-		-		3,658,421		3,658,421	2.36	
Municipal Bonds		-				714,229		714,229	1.87	
Total pooled cash and										
investments	\$	42,762,821	\$	20,481,405	\$	18,671,868	\$	81,916,094	0.85	

A. Interest rate risk

As a means of managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates and to allow investment maturities to coincide with projected needs, the City's investment policy does not allow direct investment in securities maturing more than five years from the date of purchase. Investment maturity guidelines and actual maturities for the City's investments are as follows:

	Minimum	
	Maturity	Actual at
Maturity	Guideline	June 30, 2022
Less than 30 days	10%	53%
Less than 1 year	25%	70%
Less than 5 years	100%	100%

B. Credit risk

State statutes authorize the City of Tualatin to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals from the pool.

The City's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

	U.S. and U.S. Agency Obligations		N	/Iunicipal Bonds	(Corporate Bonds	Total
Rating by Standard & Poor's							
AA+	\$	34,780,623	\$	244,533	\$	500,275	\$ 35,525,431
AA		-		-		273,065	273,065
AA-		-		469,696		-	469,696
А		-		-		1,925,208	1,925,208
A-		-		-		959,873	959,873
	\$	34,780,623	\$	714,229	\$	3,658,421	\$ 39,153,273

C. Concentration of credit risk

All investments of the City shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus finds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

D. Custodial credit risk – deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022 the City has \$250,000 in deposits not exposed to custodial credit risk, as they are covered by FDIC insurance and the balance is covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (ORS 295.015) administered by the Oregon State Treasury.

3. Property Taxes and Assessments Receivable

Property taxes receivable, which have been collected within sixty days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenue.

All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Real and personal property taxes are levied as of July 1 of each fiscal year on values assessed as of that date. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on both real and personal property as of July 1 and are due and payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. All property taxes are billed and collected by Clackamas and Washington Counties and remitted to the City.

Assessments receivable are amounts billed to property owners upon completion of the benefiting project.

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

4. Lease Receivables

	Original Amount		Oi	Restated utsanding ne 30, 2021	Additic	ons	De	Decrease		itstanding ie 30, 2022
Governmental Activities:										
Cell Tower Lease, interest at 1.78%, principal and interest of \$2,575 monthly, due 2040	\$	643,994	\$	643,994	\$	-	\$	20,799	\$	623,195
Cell Tower Lease, interest at 4.25%, principal and interest of \$2,598 monthly, due 2035		414,447		414,447		-		15,349		399,098
	\$	1,058,441	\$	1,058,441	\$	-	\$	36,148	\$	1,022,293

Future maturities are as follows:

	Government	Governmental Activities										
Fiscal												
Year	Principal	Interest										
2023	\$ 36,903	\$ 27,580										
2024	40,340	26,483										
2025	43,807	25,274										
2026	47,557	23,946										
2027	51,522	22,492										
2028-32	325,352	85,625										
2033-37	339,433	30,497										
2038-40	137,380	3,534										
	\$ 1,022,293	\$ 245,431										

Deferred inflow of resources mirror the principal payment maturities described above.

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 14,237,913	\$ 262,122	\$ -	\$ 14,500,035
Construction in Progress	7,184,018	7,496,458	8,582,145	6,098,331
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,421,931	7,758,580	8,582,145	20,598,366
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Improvements & Infrastructure	147,662,972	8,080,351	-	155,743,323
Buildings	27,472,411	152,207	-	27,624,618
Machinery & Equipment	5,808,803 654,229		112,122	6,350,910
Total capital assets, being depreciated	180,944,186	8,886,787	112,122	189,718,851
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	(89,014,669)	(3,960,265)	-	(92,974,934)
Buildings	(10,551,511)	(854,843)	-	(11,406,354)
Machinery & Equipment	(3,417,770)	(469,203)	(98,937)	(3,788,036)
Total accumulated depreciation	(102,983,950)	(5,284,311)	(98,937)	(108,169,324)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	77,960,236	3,602,476	13,185	81,549,527
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 99,382,167	\$11,361,056	\$ 8,595,330	\$ 102,147,893

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions/programs of the governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 1,130,912
Public safety	245,163
Highways and streets	3,030,897
Culture and recreation	877,339
Total depreciation/amortization	
expense - governmental activities	\$ 5,284,311

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Additions Deletions		
Business-type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 880,144	\$ 58,299	\$ -	\$ 938,443	
Construction in Progress	282,841	841,903	-	1,124,744	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,162,985	900,202		2,063,187	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Improvements & Infrastructure	85,219,484	175,598	-	85,395,082	
Buildings	367,755	-	-	367,755	
Machinery & Equipment	1,802,027	107,515	9,539	1,900,003	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	87,389,266	283,113	9,539	87,662,840	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Improvements & Infrastructure	(38,810,468)	(1,745,381)	-	(40,555,849)	
Buildings	(353,936)	(1,693)	-	(355,629)	
Machinery & Equipment	(1,216,957)	(120,266)	(9,539)	(1,327,684)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,381,361)	(1,867,340)	(9,539)	(42,239,162)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	47,007,905	(1,584,227)		45,423,678	
Total business-type activities capital assets	\$ 48,170,890	\$ (684,025)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 47,486,865	
Business-type activities:			Depreciation		
Water			\$ 1,044,004		
Sewer			595,161		
Stormwater			228,175		
Total depreciation expense - business-ty	pe activities		\$ 1,867,340		
	-				

6. Lease Assets

Lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Restated Balance June 30, 2021		A	dditions	De	eletions	Balance June 30, 2022		
Governmental activities:									
Leased assets:									
Machinery and equipment	\$		\$	97,421	\$	-	\$	97,421	
Less accumulated amortization for:									
Machinery and equipment				(20,266)				(20,266)	
Total leased asseets being amortized, net	\$		\$	77,155	\$		\$	77,155	
General government					\$	8,573			
Public safety						5,108			
Highways and streets						2,983			
Culture and recreation				_		3,602			
Total depreciation/amortization				-					
expense - governmental activities				=	\$	20,266			

7. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as the debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out		
Major Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 5,288,990	\$ 164,399		
Transportation Project Fund	-	358,460		
Transportation Development Tax Fund		54,350		
Total Major Governmental Funds	5,288,990	577,209		
Non-major Governmental Funds				
Building Fund	75,000	495,328		
Road Utility Fee Fund	460,000	443,524		
Road Operating Fund	444,205	1,316,085		
Core Area Parking District Fund	-	27,190		
Parks Utility Fund	-	29,360		
Park Development Fund	104,451	77,050		
Economic Development Admin Fund	381,810	187,530		
Leveton Project Fund	-	381,810		
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	1,465,466	2,957,877		
Proprietary Funds				
Water Fund	112,478	1,945,928		
Water Development Fund	-	125,568		
Enterprise Bond Fund	990,940	-		
Sewer Fund	186,040	1,341,147		
Sewer Development Fund	-	57,070		
Stormwater Fund	-	1,023,505		
Stormwater Development Fund		15,610		
Total Proprietary Funds	1,289,458	4,508,828		
Total Government Wide	\$ 8,043,914	\$ 8,043,914		

Interfund transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, contribute to the cost of capital projects and provide operational resources.

8. Long Term Debt Obligations

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. For the governmental activities, claims, judgments, compensated absences, net pension obligations and other postemployment benefit obligations are generally liquidated by the general fund. As compensated absences are due and payable on demand, they are considered due within one year.

	Beginning balance as of July 1, 2021		A	dditions	R	Reductions		Ending alance as of une 30, 2022	Due within one year	
Governmental activities: General Obligation bonds Series 2018, Transportation & Refunding, interest at 3.00 5.00%, original issue of \$23,750,000, due 2028		18,780,000	\$	-	\$	(2,050,000)	\$	16,730,000	\$	2,245,000
Notes from direct borrowings Series 2013, Operations Warehouse, interest at 3.0%, original issue of \$1,100,000, due 2024 Series 2020, City Services Building, interest at 1.78%		368,064		-		(119,098)		248,966		123,028
original issue of \$4,600,000, due 2035 Plus: Bond issuance premium		4,323,228 2,355,864		-		(274,648) (346,807)		4,048,580 2,009,057		279,537
Long-term bonded debt obligations Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability		25,827,156 936,167 869,089 24,029,711		- 833,458 62,228 -		(2,790,553) (872,526) - (9,824,600)		23,036,603 897,099 931,317 14,205,111		2,647,565 897,099 -
Total governmental activities	\$	51,662,123	\$	895,686	\$ (13,487,679)	\$	39,070,130	\$	3,544,664
Business-type activities: Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series 2014, Full Faith and Credit Refunding, interest at 2.0-4.0%, original issue of \$4,300,000, due 2025 Plus: Bond issuance premium	\$	2,340,000 161,998	\$	-	\$	(430,000) (40,500)	\$	1,910,000 121,498_	\$	450,000
Long-term bonded debt obligations Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability Total business-type activities	\$	2,501,998 64,459 47,499 1,313,328 3,927,284	\$	- 51,778 6,558 - 58,336	\$	(470,500) (53,994) - (488,820) (1,013,314)	\$	2,031,498 62,243 54,057 824,508 2,972,306	\$	450,000 62,243 - - 512,243

Future Principal and Interest. Future maturities of bond principal and interest at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 Governmen	tal Act	ivities	Business-ty	pe Acti	vities	Total					
Year	 Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2023	\$ 2,647,565	\$	914,148	\$ 450,000	\$	62,350	\$	3,097,565	\$	976,498		
2024	2,850,450		793,011	465,000		44,050		3,315,450		837,061		
2025	2,934,577		664,275	490,000		24,950		3,424,577		689,225		
2026	3,179,731		526,870	505,000		7,575		3,684,731		534,445		
2027	3,424,977		377,374	-		-		3,424,977		377,374		
2028-2032	4,971,908		345,599	-		-		4,971,908		345,599		
2033-2035	 1,018,338		36,466	-		-		1,018,338		36,466		
	\$ 21,027,546	\$	3,657,743	\$ 1,910,000	\$	138,925	\$	22,937,546	\$	3,796,668		

In July 2020, the City entered into a \$4,600,000 financing agreement pursuant to ORS 271.390 to partially finance the construction of an addition to an existing building on the City's operations facility site, remodel of existing facilities, and related improvements. The financing agreement pays interest semiannually on December 15 and June 15, at an interest rate of 1.78%.

The Series 2018 General Obligation Bonds and Series 2014 Full Faith and Credit Refunding Bonds pledge the full faith and credit and taxing authority to pay the bonds. If the bonds are defaulted, by failure to make required principal or interest payments or other covenants, actions to enforce the financing agreement may take place for the amount of the obligations then outstanding to its satisfaction. However, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

The City has pledged its full faith and credit and taxing authority to pay the outstanding principal, interest and other amounts due on direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$4,297,546. The notes contains a provision that in an event of default, the outstanding balance shall bear interest at the default rate of 8.00% on the Series 2013 borrowing and 4.78% on the Series 2020 borrowing until such event of default is remedied, however, the amounts due are not subject to acceleration.

Legal debt margin

The City is subject to a debt limit that is 3% of the true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries. At June 30, 2022, that amount was \$155,346,652. As of June 30, 2022, the total outstanding debt applicable to the limit was \$18,560,745, which is 11.9% of the total debt limit.

9. Leases Payable

Governmental Activities:		Orginal Amount		anding 0, 2021	Additions		D	ecrease	Outstanding June 30, 2022	
Copier leases, interest at 1.78%, principal and interest of \$1,756 monthly, due 2024-2026	\$	77,594	\$	-	\$	77,594	\$	(15,972)	\$	61,622
Postage Machine lease, interest at 1.78%, principal and interest of \$345.11 monthly, due 2026		19,827		-		19,827		(3,849)		15,978
	\$	97,421	\$		\$	97,421	\$	(19,821)		77,600
Current portion Long-term portion									\$	(24,022) 53,578

Future maturities are as follows:

Fiscal							
Year	P	rincipal	Interest				
2023	\$	24,022	\$	1,186			
2024		24,454		755			
2025		20,809		335			
2026		8,315		57			
	\$	77,600	\$	2,333			

10. Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for the City combines two separate plans. The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and a contribution to the State of Oregon's PERS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined health insurance benefit plan.

Financial Statement Presentation

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan	PERS RHIA Plan	Total OPEB on Financials
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 219,158	\$ 219,158
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	13,806	-	13,806
Change in Assumptions	22,260	4,312	26,572
Difference in Earnings	-	-	-
Change in Proportionate Share	-	39,387	39,387
Contributions After MD	46,230	1,780	48,010
Total OPEB Liability	(985,374)	-	(985,374)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	(25,769)	(6,097)	(31,866)
Difference in Earnings	-	(52,083)	(52,083)
Change in Assumptions	(100,122)	(3,260)	(103,382)
Change in Proportionate Share	-	(48,998)	(48,998)
OPEB Expense/(Income)*	81,435	(21,400)	60,035

*Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

Implicit Rate Subsidy

Plan Description

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained by writing to CIS, 1212 Court Street NE, Salem, OR 97301, or by accessing the CIS website at www.cisoregon.org.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	160
Eligible retirees	3
Spouses of ineligible retirees	2
Total participants	165

Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The City's total OPEB liability of \$985,374 was measured as of June 30, 2021, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$81,435. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	13,806	\$	25,769
Changes of assumptions		22,260		100,122
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		36,066		125,891
Contributions subsequent to the MD		46,230	_	-
Total	\$	82,296	\$	125,891

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$46,230 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2023	\$	(19,153)
2024		(19,153)
2025		(19,153)
2026		(13,678)
2027		(9,816)
Thereafter		(8,872)
Total	\$	(89,825)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.50% overall payroll growth
Retiree healthcare participation	40% of eligible employees. 60% of male members and 35% of female members will elect spouse coverage.
Mortality	Pub-2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees.
Discount rate	2.16% (change from 2.21% in previous measurement period)
Healthcare cost trend rate	Medical and vision: 4.00% per year, decreasing to 3.75% Dental: -1.25% for 2020, 4.00% per year thereafter

The discount rates are based on a 20-Year general obligation bond yield index published by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	-	tal OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	916,588
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		78,980
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		21,608
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		4,017
Benefit payments		(35,819)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	985,374

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

Discount Rate:

	1/0	Decrease (1.16%)	0411	ent Discount te (2.16%)	-	% Increase (3.16%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,068,703	\$	985,374	\$	907,527
Healthcare Cost Trend:	1%	Decrease		rent Health Trend Rates	1%	6 Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	865,148	\$	985,374	\$	1,128,923

PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

Plan Description

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by

PERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums for eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. PERS issues publicly available financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

Benefits Provided

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2021. The City's contribution rates for the period were 0.05% for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 0.00% for OPSRP members. The City's total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$1,780.

OPEB Assets, Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$219,158 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportionate share was 0.0638%, which is a decrease from its proportion of 0.0239% as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$21,400. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	6,097
Changes of assumptions		4,312		3,260
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		-		52,083
Changes in proportionate share		39,387		48,998
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		43,699		110,438
Contributions subsequent to the MD		1,780		-
Total	\$	45,479	\$	110,438

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$1,780 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense/(income) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2023	\$	(7,736)
2024		(30,662)
2025		(11,890)
2026		(16,451)
Total	\$	(66,739)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Experience Study Report	2018, published July 24, 2019
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation rate	2.40 percent
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90 percent
Discount rate	6.90 percent
Projected salary increases	3.40 percent
Retire healthcare participation	Healthy retirees: 32%
	Disabled retirees: 20%
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
5	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category
	adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category
	adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category
	adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	aujustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 experience study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes

adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward looking capital market economic model.

	Assumed Asset Allocation			
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target	
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%	
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%	
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%	
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%	
Alternatives Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%	
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%	
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%	
Total			100.0%	

		20-Year
		Annualized
	Target	Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Mean
Global Equity	30.62 %	5.85 %
Private Equity	25.50	7.71
Core Fixed Income	23.75	2.73
Real Estate	12.25	5.66
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75	5.71
Infrastructure	1.50	6.26
Commodities	0.63	3.10
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25	5.11
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63	5.31
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.06
US Čash	-2.50	1.76
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40 %

Discount Rate

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The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.90% for the RHIA Plan, a reduction approved by the PERS Board from 7.20 percent in the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase	
	(5.90%)		Rate (6.90%)		(7.90%)	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(193,813)	\$	(219,158)	\$	(56,722)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

11. Pension Plan

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The

Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

Benefits provided

A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments of that account.

Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

B. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The ORS 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of the OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

- *Police:* 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
- *General service:* 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached $70\frac{1}{2}$ years.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

C. Defined contribution plan - Individual Account Program (IAP)

Pension Benefits

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

1. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2021. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on reemployed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$2,900,852, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were 26.85 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 26.85 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police, 20.13 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 24.49 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police Members.

2. Employee Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 or 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the contributions on behalf of employees; contribution were \$767,694 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$15,029,619 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.12559766 percent, which increased from its proportion of 0.111612761 percent measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,072,068. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,406,871	\$	-	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,762,366		39,554	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	-		11,126,310	
Changes in proportion	1,796,215		1,770,430	
Differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions				
	499,186		159,954	
Total (prior to post-measurement date contributions)	7,464,638		13,096,248	
City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	 3,032,048		-	
Total	\$ 10,496,686	\$	13,096,248	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$3,032,048 resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension				
	Expense				
Year ending June 30:	Amount				
2023	\$ (1,058,155)				
2024	(1,131,309)				
2025	(1,600,218)				
2026	(2,367,771)				
2027	525,843				
Total	\$ (5,631,610)				

Actuarial assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2023, were set using the entry age normal method.

For the ORS 238 Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), and (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the ORS 238A OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (3) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Experience Study Report	2018, published July 24, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.40 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Discount Rate	6.90 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.40 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA
	(1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro
	decision, blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-
	2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct,
	generational with Unisex, Social Security
	Data Scale, with job category adjustments
	and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Pub-2010 Employee,
	sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social
	Security Data Scale, with job category
	adjustments and set-backs as described in
	the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disable
	Retiree, sex distinct, generational with
	Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job
	category adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes

shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Assun	ned Asset Alloc	cation
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternatives Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

Asset Class	Target Allocation	20-Year Annualized Geometric Mean
Asset Class	Target Anocation	
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Total	100.00%	

Assumed Inflation - Mean

2.40%

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discou	nt Rate (6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)		
City's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability (asset)	\$	29,514,576	\$	15,029,619	\$	2,910,967	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for June 2021 financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 111, enacted in June 2021, provides an increased pre-retirement death benefit for members who die on or after their early retirement age.

For GASB 67 and GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year-end for the plan. As a result, Senate Bill 111 was reflected in the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability. The increase in the Total Pension Liability resulting from Senate Bill 111, measured as of June 30, 2021, is shown in Exhibit A as the "Effect of plan changes" during the measurement period. While Senate Bill 111 also made changes to certain aspects of the System's funding and administration, the change in the death benefit provision is the only change that affects the measured Total Pension Liability. As a result, the death benefit provision is the only difference between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 in the plan provisions basis used to determine the Total Pension Liability as of those two respective Measurement Dates.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

12. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement 87 establishes new standards for accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this statement were initially effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, however the effective date was later postponed to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 by the issuance of GASB Statement 95 Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance.

The City implemented Statement 87 for the year ending June 30, 2022.

13. <u>Risk Management</u>

The City is subject to the ordinary risks of loss to which similar entities are exposed. These risks are handled through the purchase of commercial insurance and participation in a worker's compensation self-insurance pool and a property/liability self-insurance pool. These pools are administered by the City/County Insurance Service Trust (CCIS). The City has no significant claims against it that are in excess of its coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City pays an annual premium to CCIS for its insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and pool, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or the City may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy.

14. Contingencies and Commitments

Management of the City believes that total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the City beyond that, which is covered by insurance, would not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

Federal and state grants are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position.

15. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

The City received the second distribution of American Rescue Plan Act funding in August 2022 just over \$3 million.

On November 8, 2022 Tualatin voters approved Measure 34-317, authorizing the City to issue up to \$25,000,000 of general obligation (G.O.) bonds to finance capital costs related to trails, natural areas, sports fields, parks and river access. It is anticipated that the bonds will be sold in the Spring of 2023.

In August 2021, the Tualatin City Council adopted the Southwest and Basalt Creek Development Area Plan, creating a new 717-acre Urban Renewal Area. The maximum amount of indebtedness that may be issued or incurred under the Plan, based upon good faith estimates of the scope and costs of projects in the Plan and the schedule for their completion is \$53,200,000. The Commission began collecting tax increment revenue from the district in November 2022.

In November 2022, the Tualatin City Council adopted the Core Opportunity and Reinvestment Area Plan, creating a new Urban Renewal Area. The maximum amount of indebtedness that may be issued or incurred under the Plan, based upon good faith estimates of the scope and costs of projects in the Plan and the schedule for their completion is \$140,000,000. Tax increment revenue collections are anticipated to begin in 2024.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Transportation Development Tax Fund
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account
- Schedule of City OPEB Contributions
 Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account
- Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan
- Schedule of City OPEB Contributions Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability
- Schedule of City Pension Plan Contributions

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bud		1	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Property taxes	\$ 11,066,550	\$ 11,066,550	\$ 11,430,172	\$ 363,622		
Franchise fees	2,440,000	2,440,000	2,703,505	263,505		
Charges for service	198,250	198,250	211,114	12,864		
Licenses and permits	308,000	308,000	377,961	69,961		
Intergovernmental	3,524,830	5,281,180	4,140,606	(1,140,574)		
Fines and forfeitures	1,336,500	1,336,500	1,113,265	(223,235)		
Fees and charges	138,750	138,750	111,785	(225,255) (26,965)		
Interest	100,000	100,000	110,702	10,702		
Miscellaneous	172,630	172,630	256,287	83,657		
TOTAL REVENUES	19,285,510	21,041,860	20,455,397	(586,463)		
EXPENDITURES						
City Council	135,220	135,220	71,467	63,753		
Administration	1,615,840	1,615,840	1,611,222	4,618		
Finance	1,273,835	1,273,835	1,236,530	37,305		
Municipal Court	440,470	448,470	444,551	3,919		
Legal	375,875	375,875	280,051	95,824		
Information Services	1,630,820	1,706,820	1,701,007	5,813		
Community Development	1,157,990	1,157,990	1,035,666	122,324		
Engineering	905,850	905,850	821,797	84,053		
Police	8,628,350	8,860,270	8,573,878	286,392		
Parks and Recreation	1,826,395	3,334,825	1,419,193	1,915,632		
Library	2,415,640	2,415,640	2,263,638	152,002		
Maintenance Services	2,156,950	2,156,950	2,124,771	32,179		
Parks Maintenance	1,759,885	1,759,885	1,561,847	198,038		
Nondepartmental	1,709,000	1,703,000	1,001,01,	1,0,000		
General Services	1,368,735	1,368,735	1,155,727	213,008		
Contingency	3,799,350	3,731,350	-,,	3,731,350		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,491,205	31,247,555	24,301,345	6,946,210		
	29,491,205	51,247,555	24,501,545	0,940,210		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,205,695)	(10,205,695)	(3,845,948)	6,359,747		
(),						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers in	5,288,990	5,288,990	5,288,990	-		
Transfers out	(168,460)	(168,460)	(164,399)	4,061		
Sales of general capital assets			22,409	22,409		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)	5,120,530	5,120,530	5,147,000	26,470		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,085,165)	(5,085,165)	1,301,052	6,386,217		
FUND BALANCES - beginning	12,306,385	12,306,385	13,290,433	984,048		
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 7,221,220	\$ 7,221,220	14,591,485	\$ 7,370,265		
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			(292,590)			
Simourized Sum (1986) on investments			(2)2,3)0)			
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 14,298,895			

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	
Fees and charges	\$ 925,000 50,000	\$ 925,000	\$ 1,887,285	962,285
Interest	59,000	59,000	88,723	29,723
TOTAL REVENUES	984,000	984,000	1,976,008	992,008
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	816,640	866,640	832,388	34,252
Contingency	11,923,100	11,873,100		11,873,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,739,740	12,739,740	832,388	11,907,352
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(11,755,740)	(11,755,740)	1,143,620	12,899,360
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(54,350)	(54,350)	(54,350)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(54,350)	(54,350)	(54,350)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(11,810,090)	(11,810,090)	1,089,270	12,899,360
FUND BALANCE - beginning	11,810,090	11,810,090	11,618,607	(191,483)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ -	\$ -	12,707,877	\$ 12,707,877
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			(219,110)	
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 12,488,767	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	oftl	(b) City's rtionate share ne net OPEB bility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2021	0.06381987%	\$	(219,158)	12,001,964	-1.83%	183.9%
2020	0.02390037%		(48,699)	11,145,231	-0.44%	150.1%
2019	0.10545040%		(203,768)	11,063,578	-1.83%	144.4%
2018	0.10373181%		(115,793)	10,461,419	-1.05%	124.0%
2017	0.09990764%		(41,696)	9,876,439	-0.40%	108.9%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability. The changes include lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.20 percent. In addition, healthy retiree participation and healthy mortality assumptions were changes to reflect an updated trends and mortality improvement scale for all groups.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, Retirement Health Insurance Account

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	det	(a) ractually ermined tribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution		(a-b) Contribution d deficiency (excess)		(c) City's covered payroll		(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2022	\$	1,780	\$	1,780	\$	-	\$	12,794,942	0.01%	
2021		1,708		1,708		-		12,001,964	0.01%	
2020		1,707		1,707		-		11,145,231	0.02%	
2019		52,263		52,263		-		11,063,578	0.47%	
2018		50,227		50,227		-		10,461,419	0.48%	
2017		49,604		49,604		-		9,876,439	0.50%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

rectuariar rissamptions and method	as obed to set the Hetdallally Bet	erinnea contributions	
Actuarial valuation:	ctuarial valuation: December 31, 2015		December 31, 2011
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization period:	10 years	10 years	10 y ears
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years	N/A
Actuarial assumptions			
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO'S Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Interest	\$	78,980	\$	67,289	\$	59,961	\$	70,184	\$	74,503
Interest		21,608		34,218		34,946		33,955		28,219
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(33,577)		-		25,554		-
Changes of assumptions		4,017		(32,978)		28,559		(97,981)		(56,076)
Benefit payment		(35,819)		(56,992)		(55,231)		(78,520)		(89,531)
Net change in total OPEB liability		68,786		(22,040)		68,235		(46,808)		(42,885)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		916,588		938,628		870,393		917,201		960,086
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	985,374	\$	916,588	\$	938,628	\$	870,393	\$	917,201
Covered-employee payroll	\$	12,001,964	\$	11,145,231	\$	11,063,578	\$	10,461,419	\$	9,876,439
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.21%		8.22%		8.48%		8.32%		9.29%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Note: There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the pension/OPEB plan.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Implicit Rate Subsidy Plan For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	de	(a) tuarially termined atribution	relat actuari	(b) ibutions in ion to the ally required ttribution	Contri defic	-b) ibution viency cess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	46,230	\$	46,230	\$	-	\$ 12,794,942	0.36%
2021		35,819		35,819		-	12,001,964	0.30%
2020		56,991		56,991		-	11,145,231	0.51%
2019		55,231		55,231		-	11,063,578	0.50%
2018		78,520		78,520		-	10,461,419	0.75%
2017		89,531		89,531		-	9,876,439	0.91%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016
Effective:	June 30, 2018 and 2019	June 30, 2016 and 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period:	6.8 years	7.7 years
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years
Actuarial assumptions		
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.50 percent

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET)/LIABILITY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	oft	(b) City's roportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)		(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2021	0.12559766%	\$	15,029,619	\$	12,001,964	125.23%	75.80%	
2020	0.11612761%		25,343,039		11,145,231	227.39%	80.20%	
2019	0.13499056%		23,350,134		11,063,578	211.05%	82.10%	
2018	0.12576501%		19,051,743		10,461,419	182.11%	83.10%	
2017	0.12527218%		16,886,737		9,876,439	170.98%	80.50%	
2016	0.15443816%		8,867,007		10,203,939	86.90%	91.90%	
2015	0.15665389%		(3,550,897)		9,786,025	-36.29%	103.60%	
2014	0.15665389%		7,994,278		9,628,201	83.03%	91.97%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2017 valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting purposes. Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, introduced a limit on the amount of annual salary included for the calculation of benefits. Beginning in 2020, annual salary in excess of \$195,000 (as indexed in future years) will be excluded when determining member benefits. As a result, future Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP benefits for certain active members are now projected to be lower than prior to the legislation. Senate Bill 1049 was reflected in the June 30, 2019 Total Pension Liability as a reduction in liability.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability. The changes include the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily		rel statu	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(a-b) ntribution eficiency excess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2022	\$	3,032,048	\$	3,032,048	\$	-	\$ 12,794,942	23.70%	
2021		2,586,610		2,586,610		-	12,001,964	21.55%	
2020		2,492,755		3,492,755		(1,000,000)	11,145,231	31.34%	
2019		2,062,929		2,062,929		-	11,063,578	18.65%	
2018		1,992,599		1,992,599		-	10,461,419	19.05%	
2017		1,510,197		1,510,197		-	9,876,439	15.29%	
2016		1,471,213		1,471,213		-	10,203,939	14.42%	
2015		1,439,922		1,439,922		-	9,786,025	14.71%	
2014		1,458,300		1,458,300		-	9,628,201	15.15%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011		
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015		
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit		
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll		
Amortization period:	10 years	10 years	10 years		
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value		
Remaining amortization periods	: 20 years	20 years	N/A		
Actuarial assumptions					
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent		
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent		
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent		

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. The City's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis as GAAP.

Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Expenditure categories of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. Management may not amend the budget without seeking the approval of the Council. The City had appropriation transfers during the year-ended June 30, 2022. The city had a supplemental budget during the year-ended June 30, 2022. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Internal Service Fund
- > Other Financial Schedules

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Fund

Transportation Project Fund

The Transportation Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of the City's Transportation Bond to finance high priority transportation projects throughout the City.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Building Fund

The Building Fund accounts for revenues from various fees collected from building for construction of buildings and expended for services rendered primarily in the City's building division.

Road Utility Fee Fund

The Road Utility Fee Fund accounts for road utility fees from the property located within the City and business owners to maintain pavement maintenance and street lighting.

Road Operating Fund

The Road Operating Fund accounts for gas taxes received from the State of Oregon and Washington County for the operation and maintenance of the street system, traffic signals, bike paths and landscaping of roadside areas.

Core Area Parking District Fund

The Core Area Parking District Fund accounts for parking fees from the property located within the City and business owners to develop additional downtown parking areas and maintain existing parking areas.

Tualatin Scholarship Fund

The Tualatin Science and Technology Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship awards.

Parks Utility Fee Fund

The Parks Utility Fee Fund accounts for parks utility fees from property within the City and provides management and renovation of parks, trails, greenways and natural areas including capital renovations and improvements of facilities and assets in the City Parks System.

Economic Development Administration Fund

The Urban Redevelopment Administration Fund accounts for the general operations of the City's Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of Tualatin.

American Rescue Plan Fund

This fund accounts for funds received from the US Department of Treasury through the American Rescue Plan Act, Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery funds.

Debt Service Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

General Obligation Bond Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Resources are provided by property taxes.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. Funds included in this category are:

Tualatin City Services Building Fund

The Local Improvement District Fund accounts for improvements made to properties that will be assessed to property owners.

Park Development Fund

The Park Development Fund accounts for capital improvements to parks funded by system development charges.

Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of tax or construction increment bonds which are used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets with the urban renewal district.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	inal Budget	
REVENUES	¢	70.1(0	¢	70.1(0	¢	164 747	¢	06 507	
Interest	\$	78,160	\$	78,160	\$	164,747	\$	86,587	
TOTAL REVENUES		78,160		78,160		164,747		86,587	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:		10.000		10.000		2 (00		7 2 1 1	
Materials and service		10,000		10,000		2,689 5,971,115		7,311 (183,595)	
Capital outlay Contingency		5,387,520 809,410		5,787,520 409,410		5,971,115		(185,595) 409,410	
Contingency		809,410		409,410				409,410	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,206,930		6,206,930		5,973,804		233,126	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(6,128,770)		(6,128,770)		(5,809,057)		319,713	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(358,460)		(358,460)		(358,460)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(358,460)		(358,460)		(358,460)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(6,487,230)		(6,487,230)		(6,167,517)		319,713	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		15,632,050		15,632,050		16,395,761		763,711	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	9,144,820	\$	9,144,820		10,228,244	\$	1,083,424	
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(53,666)			
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	10,174,578			

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

Total Total Nonmajor General Nonmajor Special Revenue Obligation Capital Projects Funds Bond Fund Funds Total ASSETS \$ 9,996,344 \$ 164,316 \$ 5,960,989 16,121,649 Cash and investments \$ Due from other governments 273,319 6,819 280.138 219,010 219,010 Accounts receivable Property taxes receivable 49,204 49,204 11,782 194 6,910 Accrued interest receivable 18,886 Inventories 51,740 51,740 TOTAL ASSETS 10,552,195 220,533 \$ 5,967,899 \$ 16,740,627 \$ LIABILITIES 399,168 \$ \$ 493,843 Accounts payable and other current liabilities \$ \$ 94,675 55,534 55,534 Deposits Unearned revenue 20,000 20,000 TOTAL LIABILITIES 474,702 94,675 569,377 **DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES** Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue 42,221 42,221 TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 42,221 42,221 **FUND BALANCES** Nonspendable: Inventory 51,740 51,740 Restricted for: Building and engineering 916,414 916,414 3,409,105 3,409,105 Street and roadside maintenance Debt service payments 178,312 178,312 Capital projects 2,907,646 2,907,646 _ Urban renewal projects 432,709 2,965,578 3,398,287 Committed to: 3,060,795 ARPA 3,060,795 Pavement maintenance and street lighting 1,338,820 1,338,820 Parks capital and maintenance 589,596 589,596 Parking maintenance 228,733 228,733 Assigned to: Scholarships 49,581 49,581 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 10,077,493 178,312 5,873,224 16,129,029 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES** \$ 10,552,195 220,533 5,967,899 \$ 16,740,627 \$ \$

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	General Obligation Bond Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES	Φ	¢ 2.012.522	¢	ф <u>а 010 500</u>
Property taxes	\$ - 367,923	\$ 3,012,533	\$ -	\$ 3,012,533
Charges for service Licenses and permits	636,836	-	-	367,923 636,836
Intergovernmental	6,158,223	358	100,114	6,258,695
Fees and charges	3,177,675	558	2,555,234	5,732,909
Interest	(120,215)	6,956	(78,820)	(192,079)
Miscellaneous	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0,930		
Miscenaneous	1,450		104,836	106,286
TOTAL REVENUES	10,221,892	3,019,847	2,681,364	15,923,103
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	83,128	-	-	83,128
Public safety	1,036,724	-	-	1,036,724
Highways and streets	2,774,340	-	-	2,774,340
Culture and recreation	-	-	1,423	1,423
Capital outlay	794,967	-	615,614	1,410,581
Debt service:				
Principal	-	2,050,000	-	2,050,000
Interest		934,000		934,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,689,159	2,984,000	617,037	8,290,196
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	5,532,733	35,847	2,064,327	7,632,907
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,361,015	_	104,451	1,465,466
Transfers out	(2,499,017)	_	(458,860)	(2,957,877)
	(2,3),017)		(430,000)	(2,557,677)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)	(1,138,002)	-	(354,409)	(1,492,411)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	4,394,731	35,847	1,709,918	6,140,496
FUND BALANCES - beginning	5,682,762	142,465	4,163,306	9,988,533
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$ 10,077,493	\$ 178,312	\$ 5,873,224	\$ 16,129,029

	Bı	uilding Fund	Road Utility Fee Fund		Ro	ad Operating Fund	Core Area Parking District Fund	
ASSETS	¢	1 024 259	¢	1 207 024	¢	2 406 421	¢	220.240
Cash and investments Due from other governments	\$	1,024,358	\$	1,207,924	\$	3,406,421 273,319	\$	230,349
Accounts receivable		-		- 154,965		273,319 979		-
Accrued interest receivable		1,208		891		4,543		272
Inventories	_			-		51,740	_	-
		1.005.566		1 2 (2 700	φ.	2 727 002	٩	220 (21
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,025,566	\$	1,363,780	\$	3,737,002	\$	230,621
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and								
other current liabilities	\$	53,618	\$	24,960	\$	256,157	\$	1,888
Deposits		55,534		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		20,000		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		109,152		24,960		276,157		1,888
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		-		-		51,740		-
Restricted for:								
Building and engineering		916,414		-		-		-
Street and roadside maintenance		-		-		3,409,105		-
Urban renewal projects		-		-		-		-
Committed to:								
ARPA		-		-		-		-
Pavement maintenance and street lighting Parks capital and maintenance		-		1,338,820		-		-
Parking maintenance		-		-		-		228,733
Assigned to:		-		-		-		220,755
Scholarships		-		-		-	_	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		916,414		1,338,820		3,460,845		228,733
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,025,566	\$	1,363,780	\$	3,737,002	\$	230,621

Tualatin Scholarship Fund		Parks Utility Fee Fund		Economic Development Administration Fund		erican Rescue Plan Fund	Total	
\$ 49,523	\$	527,339	\$	493,241	\$	3,057,189	\$	9,996,344
-		- 63,066		-		-		273,319 219,010
58		622		582		3,606		11,782
 -		-		-				51,740
\$ 49,581	\$	591,027	\$	493,823	\$	3,060,795	\$	10,552,195
\$ -	\$	1,431	\$	61,114	\$	-	\$	399,168
-		-		-		-		55,534 20,000
 						<u> </u>		20,000
 		1,431		61,114				474,702
-		-		-		-		51,740
-		-		-		-		916,414
-		-		-		-		3,409,105
-		-		432,709		-		432,709
-		-		-		3,060,795		3,060,795
-		-		-		-		1,338,820
-		589,596		-		-		589,596
-		-		-		-		228,733
 49,581						-		49,581
 49,581		589,596		432,709		3,060,795		10,077,493
\$ 49,581	\$	591,027	\$	493,823	\$	3,060,795	\$	10,552,195

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Building Fund		Roa	d Utility Fee Fund	Road Operating Fund		
REVENUES							
Charges for service	\$	367,923	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		636,836		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		3,066,716	
Fees and charges		27,470		1,759,951		627,304	
Interest		(13,337)		(18,898)		(41,344)	
Miscellaneous		1,300				150	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,020,192		1,741,053		3,652,826	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government		-		-		-	
Public safety		1,036,724		-		-	
Highways and streets		-		1,313,786		1,450,503	
Capital outlay		-		-		742,875	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,036,724		1,313,786		2,193,378	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(16,532)		427,267		1,459,448	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		75,000		460,000		444,205	
Transfers out		(495,328)		(443,524)		(1,316,085)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)		(420,328)		16,476		(871,880)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(436,860)		443,743		587,568	
FUND BALANCES - beginning		1,353,274		895,077		2,873,277	
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$	916,414	\$	1,338,820	\$	3,460,845	

Area Parking trict Fund	Tualatin Scholarship Fund	Parks Utility Fee Fund	Economic Development Administration Fund	American Rescue Plan Fund	Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 367,923
-	-	-	-	3,091,507	636,836 6,158,223
75,075	-	687,875	-	5,091,507	3,177,675
(3,000)	(666)	(6,776)	(5,482)	(30,712)	(120,215)
 -					1,450
 72,075	(666)	681,099	(5,482)	3,060,795	10,221,892
19,955	-	-	63,173	-	83,128
-	-	-	-	-	1,036,724
-	-	10,051 52,092	-	-	2,774,340 794,967
 		52,092			/94,907
 19,955	<u> </u>	62,143	63,173		4,689,159
 52,120	(666)	618,956	(68,655)	3,060,795	5,532,733
-	-	-	381,810	-	1,361,015
 (27,190)		(29,360)	(187,530)	<u> </u>	(2,499,017)
 (27,190)		(29,360)	194,280	<u>-</u>	(1,138,002)
24,930	(666)	589,596	125,625	3,060,795	4,394,731
 203,803	50,247		307,084		5,682,762
\$ 228,733	\$ 49,581	\$ 589,596	\$ 432,709	\$ 3,060,795	\$ 10,077,493

	Tualatin City	Park	Leveton Tax Increment	
	Services	Development	District Project	
	Building Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS	U			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 620,360	\$ 2,378,545	\$ 2,962,084	\$ 5,960,989
Accrued interest receivable	732	2,684	3,494	6,910
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 621,092	\$ 2,381,229	\$ 2,965,578	\$ 5,967,899
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 61,660	\$ 33,015	\$ -	\$ 94,675
TOTAL LIABILITIES	61,660	33,015		94,675
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted for:				
Capital projects	559,432	2,348,214	-	2,907,646
Urban renewal projects			2,965,578	2,965,578
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	559,432	2,348,214	2,965,578	5,873,224
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 621,092	\$ 2,381,229	\$ 2,965,578	\$ 5,967,899

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	S	alatin City Services Iding Fund	Park Development Fund		Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund		 Total
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental		-	\$	100,114	\$	-	\$ 100,114
Fees and charges		-		2,555,234		-	2,555,234
Interest		(9,242)		(28,278)		(41,300)	(78,820)
Miscellaneous		100,000		4,836		-	 104,836
TOTAL REVENUES		90,758		2,631,906		(41,300)	 2,681,364
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Culture and recreation		-		1,423		-	1,423
Capital outlay		244,397		371,217		-	 615,614
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		244,397		372,640			 617,037
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(153,639)		2,259,266		(41,300)	 2,064,327
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		_		104,451		-	104,451
Transfers out		-		(77,050)		(381,810)	(458,860)
				(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(****,****)	 (100,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)		-		27,401		(381,810)	 (354,409)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(153,639)		2,286,667		(423,110)	1,709,918
		(100,007)		_,200,007		(120,110)	1,,0,,,10
FUND BALANCES - beginning		713,071		61,547		3,388,688	 4,163,306
FUND BALANCES - ending	\$	559,432	\$	2,348,214	\$	2,965,578	\$ 5,873,224

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison Schedules included the following:

- Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 - Building Fund
 - Road Utility Fee Fund
 - Road Operating Fund
 - Core Area Parking District Fund
 - Tualatin Scholarship Fund
 - Parks Utility Fee Fund
 - Economic Development Administration Fund
 - American Rescue Plan Fund
- Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 - General Obligation Bond Fund
- Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
 - Tualatin City Services Building Fund
 - Park Development Fund
 - Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Var	Variance with			
		Original	_	Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget			
REVENUES											
Charges for service	\$	442,110	\$	442,110	\$	367,923	\$	(74,187)			
Licenses and permits		541,530		541,530		636,836		95,306			
Fees and charges		5,350		5,350		27,470		22,120			
Interest		19,800		19,800		8,973		(10,827)			
Miscellaneous		200		200		1,300		1,100			
TOTAL REVENUES		1,008,990		1,008,990		1,042,502		33,512			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Personal Services		1,026,800		1,026,800		978,533		48,267			
Materials and service		91,250		91,250		58,191		33,059			
Contingency		231,415		231,415		-		231,415			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,349,465		1,349,465		1,036,724		312,741			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(340,475)		(340,475)		5,778		346,253			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		75,000		75,000		75,000		_			
Transfers out		(495,330)		(495,330)		(495,328)		2			
munsiers out		(475,550)		(4)5,550)		(4)3,320)		<u>L</u>			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING											
SOURCES (USES)		(420,330)		(420,330)		(420,328)		2			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(760,805)		(760,805)		(414,550)		346,255			
FUND BALANCE - beginning		1,425,090		1,425,090		1,348,907		(76,183)			
RESTATEMENT (see note)		-		-		-		-			
FUND BALANCE - beginning, restated		1,425,090		1,425,090		1,348,907		(76,183)			
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	664,285	\$	664,285		934,357	\$	270,072			
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:											
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(17,943)					
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	916,414					

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Va	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES Fees and charges Interest	\$	1,705,900 3,815	\$	1,705,900 3,815	\$	1,759,951 4,529	\$	54,051 714
TOTAL REVENUES		1,709,715		1,709,715		1,764,480		54,765
EXPENDITURES Current: Materials and service		1,862,245		1,862,245		1,313,786		548,459
Contingency		341,755		341,755		<u> </u>		341,755
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,204,000		2,204,000		1,313,786		890,214
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(494,285)		(494,285)		450,694		944,979
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		460,000 (443,535)		460,000 (443,535)		460,000 (443,524)		- 11
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		16,465		16,465		16,476		11
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(477,820)		(477,820)		467,170		944,990
FUND BALANCE - beginning		762,930		762,930		892,809		129,879
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	285,110	\$	285,110		1,359,979	\$	1,074,869
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(21,159)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	1,338,820		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD OPERATING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	3,353,090	\$	3,353,090	\$	3,066,716	\$	(286,374)	
Fees and charges		-		-		627,304		627,304	
Interest		14,800		14,800		26,740		11,940	
Miscellaneous		-		-		150		150	
TOTAL REVENUES		3,367,890		3,367,890		3,720,910		353,020	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Personal Services		667,095		667,095		644,390		22,705	
Materials and service		1,064,635		1,064,635		806,113		258,522	
Capital outlay		951,500		951,500		742,875		208,625	
Contingency		600,830		600,830		-		600,830	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,284,060		3,284,060		2,193,378		1,090,682	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		83,830		83,830		1,527,532		1,443,702	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		444,205		444,205		444,205		-	
Transfers out	_	(1,316,120)		(1,316,120)		(1,316,085)		35	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(871,915)		(871,915)		(871,880)		35	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(788,085)		(788,085)		655,652		1,443,737	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		2,960,905		2,960,905		2,864,861		(96,044)	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	2,172,820	\$	2,172,820		3,520,513	\$	1,347,693	
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:									
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(59,668)			
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	3,460,845			

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CORE AREA PARKING DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Var	Variance with <u>Final Budget</u> \$ 15,075 (369) 14,706 6,445 8,035 14,480 29,186 -	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES	¢	(0.000	¢	(0.000	¢		¢	15.075	
Fees and charges Interest	\$	60,000 2,000	\$	60,000 2,000	\$	75,075 1,631	\$,	
increst		2,000		2,000		1,031		(309)	
TOTAL REVENUES		62,000		62,000		76,706		14,706	
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Materials and service		26,400		26,400		19,955		6.445	
Contingency		8,035		8,035				,	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		34,435		34,435		19,955		14,480	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		27,565		27,565		56,751		29,186	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(27,190)		(27,190)		(27,190)		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(27,190)		(27,190)		(27,190)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		375		375		29,561		29,186	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		215,300		215,300		203,207		(12,093)	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	215,675	\$	215,675		232,768	\$	17,093	
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:									
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(4,035)			
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	228,733			

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN SCHOLARSHIP FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Bu	dget				Varia	nce with
	(Driginal		Final	A	Actual	Final	Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest		250		250		348		98
TOTAL REVENUES		250		250		348		98
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Materials and service		-		-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		250		250		348		98
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		250		250		348		98
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		250		230		540		90
FUND BALANCE - beginning		50,180		50,180		50,100		(80)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	50,430	\$	50,430		50,448	\$	18
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(867)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	49,581		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARKS UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Vai	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES	^	<-< + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	¢	(- () ()	¢		¢	
Fees and charges	\$	676,440	\$	676,440	\$	687,875	\$	11,435
Interest		2,000		2,000		2,461		461
TOTAL REVENUES		678,440		678,440		690,336		11,896
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Materials and service		9,600		9,600		10,051		(451)
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		52,092		47,908
Contingency		539,480		539,480		-		539,480
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		649,080		649,080		62,143		586,937
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		29,360		29,360		628,193		598,833
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(29,360)		(29,360)		(29,360)		
Transfers out		(2),500)		(2),500)		(2),500)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(29,360)		(29,360)		(29,360)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		598,833		598,833
FUND BALANCE - beginning				-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$	-		598,833	\$	598,833
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(9,237)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	589,596		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bu	dget				Va	riance with
	 Original		Final		Actual	Fii	nal Budget
REVENUES				*		¢	
Interest	\$ 3,000	\$	3,000	\$	4,255	\$	1,255
TOTAL REVENUES	 3,000		3,000		4,255		1,255
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Materials and service	436,600		436,600		63,173		373,427
Contingency	 66,880		66,880				66,880
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 503,480		503,480		63,173		440,307
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (500,480)		(500,480)		(58,918)		441,562
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	381,810		381,810		381,810		-
Transfers out	 (187,530)		(187,530)		(187,530)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)	 194,280		194,280		194,280		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(306,200)		(306,200)		135,362		441,562
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 306,200		306,200		305,987		(213)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ -	\$	-		441,349	\$	441,349
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:					(9 (10)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments					(8,640)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis				\$	432,709		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						V	ariance with
		Original	0	Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	3,089,765	\$	3,089,765	\$	3,091,507	\$	1,742
Interest		10,000		10,000		22,839		12,839
TOTAL REVENUES		3,099,765		3,099,765		3,114,346		14,581
EXPENDITURES								
Current: Materials and service		2 000 000		2 000 000				2 000 000
		3,000,000		3,000,000		-		3,000,000
Contingency		3,189,535		3,189,535		-		3,189,535
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		6,189,535		6,189,535		-		6,189,535
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,089,770)		(3,089,770)		3,114,346		6,204,116
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,089,770)		(3,089,770)		3,114,346		6,204,116
FUND BALANCE - beginning		3,089,770		3,089,770				(3,089,770)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$	-		3,114,346	\$	3,114,346
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(53,551)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	3,060,795		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Vai	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	al Budget
REVENUES					_			
Property taxes	\$	2,952,000	\$	2,952,000	\$	3,012,533	\$	60,533
Intergovernmental		-		-		358		358
Interest		7,000		7,000		10,207		3,207
TOTAL REVENUES		2,959,000		2,959,000		3,023,098		64,098
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service:								
Principal		2,050,000		2,050,000		2,050,000		-
Interest		934,000		934,000		934,000		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,984,000		2,984,000		2,984,000		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(25,000)		(25,000)		39,098		64,098
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(25,000)		(25,000)		39,098		64,098
FUND BALANCE - beginning		100,000		100,000		142,092		42,092
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	75,000	\$	75,000		181,190	\$	106,190
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:								
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(2,878)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	178,312		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN CITY SERVICES BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	_	Buc	lget				Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	500	\$	500	\$	5,136	\$	4,636
Miscellaneous		-		-		100,000		100,000
TOTAL REVENUES		500		500		105,136		104,636
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000		244,397		(44,397)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		200,000		200,000		244,397		(44,397)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(199,500)		(199,500)		(139,261)		60,239
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(199,500)		(199,500)		(139,261)		60,239
FUND BALANCE - beginning		199,500		199,500		709,560		510,060
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	570,299	\$	570,299

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Va	Variance with			
		Original	0	Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget			
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental	\$	513,040	\$	513,040	\$	100,114	\$	(412,926)			
Fees and charges		1,799,700		1,799,700		2,555,234		755,534			
Interest		820		820		13,819		12,999			
Miscellaneous		-		-		4,836		4,836			
TOTAL REVENUES		2,313,560		2,313,560		2,674,003		360,443			
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
Materials and service		5,000		5,000		1,423		3,577			
Capital outlay		1,009,820		1,009,820		371,217		638,603			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,014,820		1,014,820		372,640		642,180			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,298,740		1,298,740		2,301,363		1,002,623			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		108,510		108,510		104,451		(4.050)			
Transfers out		,				,		(4,059)			
Transfers out		(77,050)		(77,050)		(77,050)		-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING											
SOURCES (USES)		31,460		31,460		27,401		(4,059)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,330,200		1,330,200		2,328,764		998,564			
FUND BALANCE - beginning		164,780		164,780		61,114		(103,666)			
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	1,494,980	\$	1,494,980		2,389,878	\$	894,898			
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis:											
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(41,664)					
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	2,348,214					

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LEVETON TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						V	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES Interest	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	20,473	\$	10,473
TOTAL REVENUES		10,000		10,000		20,473		10,473
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		3,010,000		3,010,000				3,010,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,010,000		3,010,000		-		3,010,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,000,000)		(3,000,000)		20,473		3,020,473
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(381,810)		(381,810)		(381,810)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(381,810)		(381,810)		(381,810)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,381,810)		(3,381,810)		(361,337)		3,020,473
FUND BALANCE - beginning		3,381,810		3,381,810		3,378,800		(3,010)
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$			3,017,463	\$	3,017,463
Adjustment to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis: Unrealized gain (loss) on investments						(51,885)		
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	2,965,578		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Operations
 - Water Fund
 - Water Development Fund
 - Enterprise Bond Fund
- Sewer Operations
 - Sewer Fund
 - Sewer Development Fund
- Stormwater Operations
 - Stormwater Fund
 - Stormwater Development Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER OPERATIONS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Water Fund		Water Development Fund		Enterprise Bond Fund		Total Water Operations	
REVENUES								
Charges for service	\$	7,682,391	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,682,391
Fees and charges		3,210		301,430		-		304,640
Interest		63,813		10,555		3,614		77,982
Miscellaneous		4,700		-		-		4,700
TOTAL REVENUES		7,754,114		311,985		3,614		8,069,713
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal Services		882,871		-		-		882,871
Materials and service		3,171,708		-		495		3,172,203
Capital outlay		363,383		-		-		363,383
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		823,746		823,746
Interest		-		-		167,194		167,194
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,417,962		-		991,435		5,409,397
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		3,336,152		311,985		(987,821)		2,660,316
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		112,478		-		990,940		1,103,418
Transfers out		(1,945,928)		(125,568)		-		(2,071,496)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(1,833,450)		(125,568)		990,940		(968,078)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,502,702		186,417		3,119		1,692,238
FUND BALANCE - beginning		8,129,642		1,326,070		554,634		10,010,346
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	9,632,344	\$	1,512,487	\$	557,753		11,702,584

RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(198,134)
Adjustment for compensated absences being accrued	(44,370)
Adjustment for other post employement benefit related deferred outflows of resources being accrued	4,701
Adjustment for other post employement benefit related deferred inflows of resources being accrued	(8,696)
Adjustment for net other post employment benefit liability being accrued	(28,193)
Adjustment for net pension liability being accrued	(553,014)
Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resources being accrued	386,225
Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resources being accrued	(481,876)
Adjustment for interest payable being accrued	(5,946)
Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated	1,137,397
Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	27,301,439
Adjustment for bonds payable, due within one year	(450,000)
Adjustment for long term bonds payable	(1,460,000)
Adjustment for bond premium	(121,498)
Adjustment for deferred charge on refunding	73,763
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS	\$ 37,254,382

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original	<u> </u>	Final		Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Charges for service	\$	7,388,230	\$	7,388,230	\$	7,682,391	\$	294,161	
Fees and charges		26,500		26,500		3,210		(23,290)	
Interest		31,110		31,110		63,813		32,703	
Miscellaneous		2,200		2,200		4,700		2,500	
TOTAL REVENUES		7,448,040		7,448,040		7,754,114		306,074	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Personal Services		915,695		915,695		882,871		32,824	
Materials and service		3,671,140		3,671,140		3,171,708		499,432	
Capital outlay		1,843,000		1,843,000		363,383		1,479,617	
Contingency		1,266,100		1,266,100		-		1,266,100	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		7,695,935		7,695,935		4,417,962		3,277,973	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(247,895)		(247,895)		3,336,152		3,584,047	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		278,230		278,230		112,478		(165,752)	
Transfers out		(1,947,920)		(1,947,920)		(1,945,928)		1,992	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(1,669,690)		(1,669,690)		(1,833,450)		(163,760)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,917,585)		(1,917,585)		1,502,702		3,420,287	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		6,221,460		6,221,460		8,129,642		1,908,182	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	4,303,875	\$	4,303,875	\$	9,632,344	\$	5,328,469	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bu	ldget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Fees and charges	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 301,430	\$ 51,430		
Interest	6,620	6,620	10,555	3,935		
TOTAL REVENUES	256,620	256,620	311,985	55,365		
EXPENDITURES						
Contingency	1,290,130	1,128,130		1,128,130		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,290,130	1,128,130		1,128,130		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,033,510)	(871,510)	311,985	1,183,495		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(291,320)	(453,320)	(125,568)	327,752		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(291,320)	(453,320)	(125,568)	327,752		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,324,830)	(1,324,830)	186,417	1,511,247		
FUND BALANCE - beginning	1,324,830	1,324,830	1,326,070	1,240		
FUND BALANCE - ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,512,487	\$ 1,512,487		

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ENTERPRISE BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	lget			Variance with Final Budget		
	 Original		Final	 Actual			
REVENUES							
Interest	\$ 3,175	\$	3,175	\$ 3,614	\$	439	
TOTAL REVENUES	 3,175		3,175	 3,614		439	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Materials and service	495		495	495		-	
Debt service:							
Principal	824,025		824,025	823,746		279 *	
Interest	 167,150		167,150	 167,194		(44) *	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 991,670		991,670	 991,435		235	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (988,495)		(988,495)	 (987,821)		674	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	993,075		993,075	990,940		(2,135)	
	 <i>,,,,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,	 ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(_,100)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 993,075		993,075	 990,940		(2,135)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	4,580		4,580	3,119		(1,461)	
FUND BALANCE - beginning	 518,000		518,000	 554,634		36,634	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 522,580	\$	522,580	\$ 557,753	\$	35,173	

* Appropriation level is debt service.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER OPERATIONS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Sewer Fund			Sewer Development Fund		Total Sewer Operations
REVENUES Charges for service	\$	9,601,073	\$	_	\$	9,601,073
Intergovernmental	Ψ		Ψ	76,840	Ψ	76,840
Fees and charges		-		1,881,947		1,881,947
Interest		17,258		26,884		44,142
Miscellaneous		745,757				745,757
TOTAL REVENUES		10,364,088		1,985,671		12,349,759
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Personal Services		489,686		-		489,686
Materials and service		7,811,933		1,775,735		9,587,668
Capital outlay		716,635		108,205		824,840
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,018,254		1,883,940		10,902,194
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,345,834		101,731		1,447,565
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		186,040		-		186,040
Transfers out		(1,341,147)		(57,070)		(1,398,217)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)		(1,155,107)		(57,070)		(1,212,177)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		190,727		44,661		235,388
FUND BALANCE - beginning		2,710,103		3,637,219		6,347,322
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	2,900,830	\$	3,681,880		6,582,710

RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(102,558)
Adjustment for compensated absences being accrued	(17,873)
Adjustment for other post employement benefit related deferred outflows of resources being accrued	2,308
Adjustment for other post employement benefit related deferred inflows of resources being accrued	(4,269)
Adjustment for net other post employment benefit liability being accrued	(13,841)
Adjustment for net pension liability being accrued	(271,494)
Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resources being accrued	189,611
Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resources being accrued	(236,570)
Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated	891,257
Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	14,129,723
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS	\$ 21,149,004

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Va	ariance with
		Original	0	Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for service	\$	9,225,100	\$	9,525,100	\$	9,601,073	\$	75,973
Interest		25,245		25,245		17,258		(7,987)
Miscellaneous		450,000		450,000		745,757		295,757
TOTAL REVENUES		9,700,345		10,000,345		10,364,088		363,743
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Personal Services		524,215		524,215		489,686		34,529
Materials and service		7,546,510		7,846,510		7,811,933		34,577
Capital outlay		450,000		680,000		716,635		(36,635)
Contingency		1,479,475		1,249,475		-		1,249,475
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,000,200		10,300,200		9,018,254		1,281,946
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(299,855)		(299,855)		1,345,834		1,645,689
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		186,040		186,040		186,040		-
Transfers out		(1,341,205)		(1,341,205)		(1,341,147)		58
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		(1,155,165)		(1,155,165)		(1,155,107)		58
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,455,020)		(1,455,020)		190,727		1,645,747
FUND BALANCE - beginning		2,404,400		2,404,400		2,710,103		305,703
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	949,380	\$	949,380	\$	2,900,830	\$	1,951,450

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget	
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	303,000	\$	303,000	\$	76,840	\$	(226,160)	
Fees and charges		600,000		1,810,000		1,881,947		71,947	
Interest		18,110		18,110		26,884		8,774	
TOTAL REVENUES		921,110		2,131,110		1,985,671		(145,439)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Materials and service		576,000		1,786,000		1,775,735		10,265	
Capital outlay		303,000		303,000		108,205		194,795	
Contingency		3,608,010		3,608,010		-		3,608,010	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,487,010		5,697,010		1,883,940		3,813,070	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,565,900)		(3,565,900)		101,731		3,667,631	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(57,070)		(57,070)		(57,070)		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES)		(57,070)		(57,070)		(57,070)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,622,970)		(3,622,970)		44,661		3,667,631	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		3,622,970		3,622,970		3,637,219		14,249	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$		\$	_	\$	3,681,880	\$	3,681,880	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER OPERATIONS COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	S	tormwater Fund	 ormwater velopment Fund	Total Stormwater Operations		
REVENUES						
Charges for service	\$	3,676,669	\$ -	\$	3,676,669	
Fees and charges		291,654	-		291,654	
Interest		45,805	3,521		49,326	
Miscellaneous		25,940	 		25,940	
TOTAL REVENUES		4,040,068	 3,521		4,043,589	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Materials and service		1,432,712	-		1,432,712	
Capital outlay		328,462	 9,691		338,153	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,761,174	 9,691		1,770,865	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,278,894	 (6,170)		2,272,724	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out		(1,023,505)	 (15,610)		(1,039,115)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)		(1,023,505)	 (15,610)		(1,039,115)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,255,389	(21,780)		1,233,609	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		5,823,809	 522,786		6,346,595	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	7,079,198	\$ 501,006		7,580,204	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BAS Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depre		(126,742) 34,533 3,992,516				
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS				\$	11,480,511	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Va	ariance with
	С	Driginal	<u> </u>	Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for service	\$.	3,503,520	\$	3,503,520	\$	3,676,669	\$	173,149
Fees and charges		-		-		291,654		291,654
Interest		57,860		57,860		45,805		(12,055)
Miscellaneous		-		-		25,940		25,940
TOTAL REVENUES		3,561,380		3,561,380		4,040,068		478,688
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Materials and service		1,619,340		1,619,340		1,432,712		186,628
Capital outlay		930,000		930,000		328,462		601,538
Contingency		538,900		538,900		-		538,900
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,088,240		3,088,240		1,761,174		1,327,066
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		473,140		473,140		2,278,894		1,805,754
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	(1,023,540)		(1,023,540)		(1,023,505)		35
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)	(1,023,540)		(1,023,540)		(1,023,505)		35
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(550,400)		(550,400)		1,255,389		1,805,789
FUND BALANCE - beginning		5,511,050		5,511,050		5,823,809		312,759
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 4	4,960,650	\$	4,960,650	\$	7,079,198	\$	2,118,548

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORMWATER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget	
REVENUES								_	
Fees and charges	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	(12,000)	
Interest		2,650		2,650		3,521		871	
TOTAL REVENUES		14,650		14,650		3,521		(11,129)	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital outlay		100,000		100,000		9,691		90,309	
Contingency		429,850		429,850				429,850	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		529,850		529,850		9,691		520,159	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(515,200)		(515,200)		(6,170)		509,030	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(15,610)		(15,610)		(15,610)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(15,610)		(15,610)		(15,610)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(530,810)		(530,810)		(21,780)		509,030	
FUND BALANCE - beginning		530,810		530,810		522,786		(8,024)	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	501,006	\$	501,006	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Internal Service Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Vehicle Replacement Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Charges for service Interest TOTAL REVENUES NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		idget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Charges for service	\$ 333,070 4,930	\$ 333,070 4,930	\$ 333,070 6,721	\$ 	
TOTAL REVENUES	338,000	338,000	339,791	1,791	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	338,000	338,000	339,791	1,791	
FUND BALANCE - beginning	730,000	730,000	730,947	947	
FUND BALANCE - ending	\$ 1,068,000	\$ 1,068,000	1,070,738	\$ 2,738	

RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for unrealized gain (loss) on investments

S	
S	 (18,411)
	\$ 1,052,327

NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

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OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021	Levy as Extended By Assessor	Discount	Interest	Adjustments	Collections	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2022
2021-2022	\$ -	\$ 14,842,331	\$ (365,011)	\$ 2,540	\$ (73,705)	\$ (14,257,556)	\$ 148,599
2020-2021	146,979	-	94	4,355	4,177	(106,816)	48,789
2019-2020	51,486	-	67	3,379	4,288	(33,993)	25,227
2018-2019	22,572	-	97	2,798	2,811	(19,533)	8,745
2017-2018	7,001	-	6	1,200	2,219	(8,159)	2,267
2016-2017	2,269	-	-	265	574	(1,744)	1,364
Prior years	6,307	-	(10)	229	1,540	(2,677)	5,389
Totals	\$ 236,614	\$ 14,842,331	\$ (364,757)	\$ 14,766	\$ (58,096)	\$ (14,430,478)	\$ 240,380

Taxes receivable classified by fund: General Fund General Obligation Bond Fund	\$ 191,176 49,204
	\$ 240,380

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER FUND 5 YEAR HISTORICAL RESULTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 6,604,701	\$ 7,132,235	\$ 6,773,453	\$ 7,558,417	\$ 7,682,391
Fees and charges	25,444	31,052	26,868	19,150	3,210
Interest	99,486	160,473	139,399	76,614	63,813
Miscellaneous	601	7,305	352,861	2,750	4,700
Total revenues	6,730,232	7,331,065	7,292,581	7,656,931	7,754,114
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Personal Services	522,726	638,853	810,544	830,520	882,871
Materials and service	2,737,432	2,959,293	3,495,769	3,439,601	3,171,708
Capital outlay	535,255	1,253,878	261,113	62,359	363,383
Total expenditures	3,795,413	4,852,024	4,567,426	4,332,480	4,417,962
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	2,934,819	2,479,041	2,725,155	3,324,451	3,336,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1				
Internal loan proceeds	-	(335,000)	-	-	-
Transfers in	141,677	373,959	62,206	17,186	112,478
Transfers out	(2,183,730)	(2,080,970)	(2,854,270)	(1,961,600)	(1,945,928)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,042,053)	(2,042,011)	(2,792,064)	(1,944,414)	(1,833,450)
Net change in fund balances	892,766	437,030	(66,909)	1,380,037	1,502,702
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	5,486,718	6,379,484	6,816,514	6,749,605	8,129,642
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 6,379,484	\$ 6,816,514	\$ 6,749,605	\$ 8,129,642	\$ 9,632,344

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City of Tualatin.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF TUALATIN NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Governmental activities	 	 	 	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 87,045,666	\$ 88,344,914	\$ 86,795,235	\$ 88,026,572
Restricted for special purposes	23,298,531	19,707,511	23,120,100	17,883,651
Unrestricted	 4,685,003	(1,540,508)	 (2,190,512)	 (1,565,440)
Total governmental activities	\$ 115,029,200	\$ 106,511,917	\$ 107,724,823	\$ 104,344,783
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 45,529,130	\$ 45,767,242	\$ 46,962,956	\$ 47,494,937
Restricted for special purposes	1,512,487	1,326,070	1,314,478	5,429,897
Unrestricted	 22,842,280	20,360,715	 18,280,153	 14,634,231
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 69,883,897	\$ 67,454,027	\$ 66,557,587	\$ 67,559,065
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 132,574,796	\$ 134,112,156	\$ 133,758,191	\$ 135,521,509
Restricted for special purposes	24,811,018	21,033,581	24,434,578	23,313,548
Unrestricted	 27,527,283	18,820,207	 16,089,641	 13,068,791
Total primary government net position	\$ 184,913,097	\$ 173,965,944	\$ 174,282,410	\$ 171,903,848

 2018	 2017 (restated)		2016		2015 (restated)		2014 (restated)	 2013
\$ 87,689,070 17,684,108 (2,873,654)	\$ 89,406,263 15,999,817 (1,224,674)	\$	92,714,377 15,691,594 (299,018)	\$	92,025,421 16,106,005 5,747,426	\$	93,651,852 12,939,222 8,205,348	\$ 95,303,048 12,773,161 11,017,677
\$ 102,499,524	\$ 104,181,406	\$	108,106,953	\$	113,878,852	\$	114,796,422	\$ 119,093,886
\$ 48,401,428 5,665,182 13,190,009	\$ 47,820,158 5,326,945 11,159,067	\$	48,485,673 5,309,622 9,882,033	\$	48,216,410 5,042,785 8,860,551	\$	47,293,914 5,148,228 9,296,215	\$ 46,626,072 5,057,107 7,626,649
\$ 67,256,619	\$ 64,306,170	\$	63,677,328	\$	62,119,746	\$	61,738,357	\$ 59,309,828
\$ 136,090,498 23,349,290 10,316,355	\$ 137,226,421 21,326,762 9,934,393	\$	141,200,050 21,001,216 9,583,015	\$	140,241,831 21,148,790 14,607,977	\$	140,945,766 18,087,450 17,501,563	\$ 141,929,120 17,830,268 18,644,326
\$ 169,756,143	\$ 168,487,576	\$	171,784,281	\$	175,998,598	\$	176,534,779	\$ 178,403,714

CITY OF TUALATIN CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2022		2021		2020		2019
\$	9,821,910	\$	10,333,739	\$	9,813,476	\$	9,307,642
	9,758,499				10,905,816		9,618,099
	, ,		, ,		6,755,745		6,218,228
	, ,		, ,		6,453,498		5,915,477
	582,242		677,481		757,327		732,891
	32,447,435		34,597,223		34,685,862		31,792,337
	5,686,173		6,043,124		5,786,256		6,150,565
	10,735,959		8,656,337		8,830,709		8,654,399
	1,999,040		1,601,097		1,575,023		1,576,322
	18,421,172		16,300,558		16,191,988		16,381,286
\$	50,868,607	\$	50,897,781	\$	50,877,850	\$	48,173,623
\$	4,880,066	\$	839,211	\$	2,005,357	\$	1,328,911
	1,341,304		1,502,036		1,361,646		1,766,201
	4,274,540		2,342,771		3,662,253		3,123,244
	102,839		107,960		289,944		311,017
			1,306,028				179,956
·	305,433		479,582		365,513		86,004
	11,069,367		6,577,588		8,218,357		6,795,333
	7,987,031		7,626,402		6,976,940		7,518,166
	11,559,860		8,779,501		9,328,325		8,624,206
	3,968,323		3,454,755		3,469,983		3,154,990
	100,000		313,549		115,339		336,979
	23,615,214		20,174,207		19,890,587		19,634,341
\$	34,684,581	\$	26,751,795	\$	28,108,944	\$	26,429,674
\$	(21,378,068)	\$	(28,019,635)	\$	(26,467,505)	\$	(24,997,004)
	,		(,		(, , ,		3,253,055
<u> </u>	i	¢		ć		ć	
\$	(16,184,026)	\$	(24,145,986)	\$	(22,768,906)	\$	(21,743,949)
	\$	 \$ 9,821,910 9,758,499 6,560,718 5,724,066 582,242 32,447,435 32,447,435 5,686,173 10,735,959 1,999,040 18,421,172 \$ 50,868,607 \$ 4,880,066 1,341,304 4,274,540 102,839 165,185 305,433 11,069,367 7,987,031 11,559,860 3,968,323 100,000 23,615,214 \$ 34,684,581 \$ (21,378,068) 5,194,042 	\$ 9,821,910 \$ 9,758,499 6,560,718 5,724,066 582,242 32,447,435 32,447,435	\$ 9,821,910 9,758,499 10,333,739 10,956,022 6,560,718 6,540,062 5,724,066 6,089,919 582,242 677,481 32,447,435 34,597,223 \$ 5,686,173 6,043,124 10,735,959 8,656,337 1,999,040 1,601,097 18,421,172 16,300,558 \$ 50,868,607 \$ \$ 4,880,066 \$ \$ 4,880,066 \$ \$ 50,868,607 \$ \$ 1,341,304 1,502,036 4,274,540 2,342,771 102,839 107,960 165,185 1,306,028 305,433 479,582 11,069,367 6,577,588 7,987,031 7,626,402 11,559,860 8,779,501 3,968,323 3,454,755 100,000 313,549 23,615,214 20,174,207 \$ 34,684,581 \$ 23,615,214 20,174,207	\$ 9,821,910 \$ 10,333,739 \$ 9,758,499 10,956,022 6,560,718 6,540,062 5,724,066 6,089,919 582,242 677,481 32,447,435 34,597,223 9 5,686,173 6,043,124 10,735,959 8,656,337 1,999,040 1,601,097 18,421,172 16,300,558 \$ 50,868,607 \$ 50,897,781 \$ \$ 4,880,066 \$ 839,211 \$ 1,341,304 1,502,036 4,274,540 2,342,771 102,839 107,960 165,185 1,306,028 305,433 305,433 479,582 11,069,367 6,577,588 \$ 7,987,031 7,987,031 7,626,402 11,559,860 8,779,501 3,968,323 3,454,755 100,000 313,549 23,615,214 20,174,207 \$ 34,684,581 26,751,795 \$ (21,378,068) \$ (28,019,635) 5,194,042 3,873,649	\$ 9,821,910 \$ 10,333,739 \$ 9,813,476 9,758,499 10,956,022 10,905,816 6,550,718 6,540,062 6,755,745 5,724,066 6,089,919 6,453,498 757,327 32,447,435 34,597,223 34,685,862 10,735,959 8,656,337 8,830,709 1,999,040 1,601,097 1,575,023 18,421,172 16,300,558 16,191,988 \$ 50,868,607 \$ 50,897,781 \$ 50,877,850 \$ 4,880,066 \$ 839,211 \$ 2,005,357 1,341,304 1,502,036 1,361,646 4,274,540 2,342,771 3,662,253 102,839 107,960 289,944 165,185 1,306,028 533,644 305,433 479,582 365,513 11,069,367 6,577,588 8,218,357 7,987,031 7,626,402 6,976,940 11,559,860 8,779,501 9,328,325 3,968,323 3,454,755 3,469,983 100,000 313,549 115,339 <t< td=""><td>$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$</td></t<>	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 8,325,468 6,904,444 3,843,497 5,080,438 376,864
7,988,987 7,974,785 8,406,184 7,392,084 6,704,634 1,537,004 1,308,024 1,536,685 1,449,680 1,298,184 14,114,463 13,819,498 14,609,000 13,815,461 12,357,736 \$ 44,929,869 \$ 43,481,993 \$ 47,191,616 \$ 34,489,595 \$ 37,178,218 \$ 1,828,717 \$ 1,552,827 \$ 1,811,857 \$ 2,497,798 \$ 1,540,697 1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	24,530,711
7,988,987 7,974,785 8,406,184 7,392,084 6,704,634 1,537,004 1,308,024 1,536,685 1,449,680 1,298,184 14,114,463 13,819,498 14,609,000 13,815,461 12,357,736 \$ 44,929,869 \$ 43,481,993 \$ 47,191,616 \$ 34,489,595 \$ 37,178,218 \$ 1,828,717 \$ 1,552,827 \$ 1,811,857 \$ 2,497,798 \$ 1,540,697 1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	
\$ 44,929,869 \$ 43,481,993 \$ 47,191,616 \$ 34,489,595 \$ 37,178,218 \$ 1,828,717 \$ 1,552,827 \$ 1,811,857 \$ 2,497,798 \$ 1,540,697 \$ 1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	4,252,446 7,703,971 1,243,066
\$ 1,828,717 \$ 1,552,827 \$ 1,811,857 \$ 2,497,798 \$ 1,540,697 1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	13,199,483
1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	\$ 37,730,194
1,347,548 1,400,454 1,255,128 1,583,770 1,496,395	
291,863 201,798 290,094 279,051 227,660 147,249 209,704 146,802 482,911 629,043 552,878 30,210 455,604 - -	\$ 2,407,130 1,496,395 1,326,187 227,660 427,283
8,006,883 5,236,940 6,610,113 7,457,294 5,219,982	5,884,655
7,109,6106,270,3146,463,5356,116,2855,321,4348,480,4788,273,1848,886,8247,771,3567,083,5792,905,2642,726,2872,608,6382,320,1891,941,8241,778,00445,280648,420827,464491,274	5,512,366 8,036,187 1,887,080 124,076
20,273,356 17,315,065 18,607,417 17,035,294 14,838,111	15,559,709
<u>\$ 28,280,239</u> <u>\$ 22,552,005</u> <u>\$ 25,217,530</u> <u>\$ 24,492,588</u> <u>\$ 20,058,093</u>	\$ 21,444,364
\$ (22,808,523) \$ (24,425,555) \$ (25,972,503) \$ (13,216,840) \$ (19,600,500) 6,158,893 3,495,567 3,998,417 3,219,833 2,480,375	\$ (18,646,056) 2,360,226
<u>\$ (16,649,630)</u> <u>\$ (20,929,988)</u> <u>\$ (21,974,086)</u> <u>\$ (9,997,007)</u> <u>\$ (17,120,125)</u>	\$ (16,285,830)

CITY OF TUALATIN

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2022	2021		2020	 2019
General revenues and other changes in net position					
Governmental activities					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 24,270,378	\$ 20,509,296	\$	19,667,867	\$ 19,073,250
Licenses and permits	2,703,505	2,619,480		2,440,018	2,429,676
Miscellaneous	(297,902)	483,383		2,313,010	1,833,807
Transfers	 3,219,370	 3,194,570		5,426,650	 3,505,530
Total governmental activities	29,895,351	26,806,729		29,847,545	26,842,263
Business-type activities	- , ,	-,,		-,- ,	-,- ,
Miscellaneous	455,198	217,361		726,573	554,921
Transfers	(3,219,370)	(3,194,570)		(5,426,650)	(3,505,530)
	 (-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	 (-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -		(1) 1/1-1/	 (-,,,
Total business-type activities	(2,764,172)	(2,977,209)		(4,700,077)	(2,950,609)
	(_, ,)	(_,,,,		(.,,,	(_,,
Total	\$ 27,131,179	\$ 23,829,520	\$	25,147,468	\$ 23,891,654
Change in net position					
Governmental activities	\$ 8,517,283	\$ (1,212,906)	\$	3,380,040	\$ 1,845,259
Business-type activities	2,429,870	896,440	,	(1,001,478)	302,446
	, -,				 , <u>-</u>
Total	\$ 10,947,153	\$ (316,466)	\$	2,378,562	\$ 2,147,705

Continued from previous page

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 15,363,366 2,366,393 725,044 3,496,958	\$ 14,680,977 2,192,857 524,761 3,101,413	\$ 15,397,943 2,197,426 404,888 2,586,832	\$ 14,298,091 2,213,242 929,624 2,316,940	\$ 12,725,359 2,135,959 287,931 153,787	\$ 12,462,040 2,071,040 331,603 1,653,255
21,951,761	20,500,008	20,587,089	19,757,897	15,303,036	16,517,938
 311,671 (3,496,958)	 234,688 (3,101,413)	 145,997 (2,586,832)	 89,399 (2,316,940)	 101,941 (153,787)	 95,247 (1,653,255)
(3,185,287)	(2,866,725)	(2,440,835)	(2,227,541)	(51,846)	(1,558,008)
\$ 18,766,474	\$ 17,633,283	\$ 18,146,254	\$ 17,530,356	\$ 15,251,190	\$ 14,959,930
\$ (856,762) 2,973,606	\$ (3,925,547) 628,842	\$ (5,385,414) 1,557,582	\$ 6,541,057 992,292	\$ (4,297,464) 2,428,529	\$ (2,128,118) 802,218
\$ 2,116,844	\$ (3,296,705)	\$ (3,827,832)	\$ 7,533,349	\$ (1,868,935)	\$ (1,325,900)

CITY OF TUALATIN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2022		2021		2020		2019
General Fund Nonspendable Unassigned	\$	93,395 14,205,500	\$	72,778 13,260,489	\$	75,102 11,565,009	\$	76,094 13,341,945
Total general fund	\$	14,298,895	\$	13,333,267	\$	11,640,111	\$	13,418,039
All other governmental funds								
Unreserved, reported in: Capital projects funds	\$		\$		\$		\$	(156,399)
Nonspendable	φ	-	φ	-	φ	-	φ	(150,599)
Inventory		51,740		71,481		66,569		46,001
Restricted for:		,		,		,		,
Building and engineering		916,414		1,353,274		2,143,427		2,061,501
Street and roadside maintenance		3,409,105		2,801,796		2,823,684		2,265,867
Debt service payments		178,312		142,465		164,838		124,465
Capital projects		2,907,646		61,547		2,808,744		-
Transportation		12,488,767		11,652,657		11,353,142		9,555,456
Urban renewal projects		3,398,287		3,695,772		3,826,265		3,876,362
Committed to:								
ARPA		3,060,795		-		-		-
Pavement maintenace and street lighting		1,338,820		895,077		525,610		399,869
Parking maintenance		228,733		203,803		188,664		163,114
Parks capital and maintenance		589,596		-		-		-
Transportation		10,174,578		16,543,492		20,391,107		22,101,883
Assigned to:								
Scholarships		49,581		50,247		50,976		51,111
Capital projects		-		713,071		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	38,792,374	\$	38,184,682	\$	44,343,026	\$	40,489,230

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 79,900 10,528,381	\$ 137,060 9,918,282	\$ 116,121 8,347,295	\$ 81,795 7,474,727	\$ 97,206 6,971,206	\$ 78,833 6,625,950
\$ 10,608,281	\$ 10,055,342	\$ 8,463,416	\$ 7,556,522	\$ 7,068,412	\$ 6,704,783
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
44,697	17,807	24,138	36,164	39,484	37,235
2,013,372 1,617,439 63,195 1,284,846 8,753,112 3,952,144	1,814,179 2,185,622 76,598 1,208,148 6,698,728 4,016,542	1,857,722 2,545,434 93,706 1,093,230 5,936,282 4,165,220 - 137,129 149,356	1,744,129 1,040,146 285,945 3,246,367 5,439,306 4,304,445 - 54,279 146,188	1,797,858 536,670 275,241 1,361,175 3,768,251 5,154,360 - 161,357 134,680	1,830,952 834,061 267,171 1,232,131 3,080,265 5,482,914
51,233	- 50.878	- 50.729	- 50,804	50.547	- 50.579
 	 30,078	 	 30,804	 30,347	 2,028,522
\$ 18,224,905	\$ 16,665,657	\$ 16,052,946	\$ 16,347,773	\$ 13,279,623	\$ 15,545,632

CITY OF TUALATIN CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

expenditures¹

2022 2021 2020 2019 REVENUES Property taxes \$ 14.442.705 \$ 13.778.555 \$ 13.261.634 \$ 12.941.472 Licenses and permits 1.014.797 734,165 1.344.072 1.101.399 Fees and charges 3,697,521 3.250.503 7,731,979 2.510.038 Intergovernmental 10,399,301 6,875,452 6.515.075 7,974,124 Franchise tax 2,703,505 2.619.480 2.440.018 2.429.676 Charges for services 579,037 397,793 884,675 1,285,186 Fines and forfeitures 1,113,265 1,149,982 1,168,796 1,441,208 Miscellaneous (255,315) 578,318 2,352,861 1,897,113 **Total Revenue** 37,729,274 29,742,455 32,425,540 30,461,121 **EXPENDITURES** Current operating: General government 8,721,424 9,211,071 9,091,557 7,716,624 Public safety 9,974,287 9,500,841 10,179,605 8,913,301 Highways & Streets 3,187,568 3,598,826 3,458,828 3,747,083 Culture and recreation 5,052,771 4,689,106 5,324,619 4,824,486 Capital outlay 9,066,425 12,244,646 4,630,847 4,544,686 Debt service 934,000 Interest 1,026,750 1,108,611 970,362 Principal 2,050,000 1,855,000 1,695,000 5,900,000 **Issuance Costs** 42,800 Total expenditures 39,397,733 42,029,042 35,777,322 36,057,027 **REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (1,668,459)(12, 286, 587)(3, 351, 782)(5, 595, 906)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers in 6,754,456 5,991,710 10,317,149 6,244,182 Transfers out (3, 535, 086)(2,797,140)(4, 890, 499)(2,738,652)Sale of general capital assets 22,409 26,829 1,000 Bond and notes issued 4,600,000 23,750,000 Bonds and note premium 3,396,289 Loan proceeds Total other financing sources (uses) 3,241,779 30,669,989 7,821,399 5,427,650 **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES** \$ 1,573,320 \$ (4, 465, 188)\$ 2,075,868 \$ 25,074,083 Debt service as a percentage of noncapital

¹ Series 2005 and 2006 General Obligation Bonds were refunded in fiscal year 2019, resulting in a significant increase in Debt Service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures.

9.59%

8.98%

9.52%

18,170

21.36%

 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 10,290,120 946,352	\$ 9,888,927 854,097	\$ 9,528,110 4,034,429	\$ 9,171,688 4,854,016	\$ 8,738,296 2,096,220	\$ 8,438,011 2,926,323
4,328,619	2,181,130	-	- E 1/1 071	- 3,968,177	-
5,156,715 2,366,393	4,896,115	5,901,009	5,141,871		4,043,726
2,300,393 979,223	2,192,857 846,896	2,197,426 994,699	2,213,242 790,191	2,135,959 1,267,023	2,071,040 960,510
1,085,542	1,147,883	994,099 1,008,765	1,359,978	1,256,196	1,224,329
779,469	574,006	437,286	897,349	512,718	698,074
 <u> </u>	 ,	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 <u> </u>	 	
 25,932,433	 22,581,911	 24,101,724	 24,428,335	 19,974,589	 20,362,013
2 024 500	0 000 407	5 040 400	0.000.000	7 074 700	7 070 005
7,074,509	6,602,167	5,946,162	6,089,223	7,071,708	7,073,285
8,630,413 3,415,760	8,296,042 2,558,647	8,053,048 2,031,604	7,651,922 2,249,123	6,798,353 1,056,047	6,689,136 1,054,388
3,415,760 4,714,764	2,558,647 4,470,485	4,207,790	2,249,123	4,429,718	4,304,274
2,417,056	1,630,065	4,207,790	1,915,307	3,507,138	2,224,530
2,417,050	1,030,005	4,114,432	1,915,507	3,307,130	2,224,550
198,406	230,125	259,338	286,719	312,863	348,621
765,000	735,000	700,000	675,000	650,000	845,000
 -	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
 27,215,908	 24,522,531	 25,312,374	 22,803,329	 23,825,827	 22,539,234
(1,283,475)	(1,940,620)	(1,210,650)	1,625,006	(3,851,238)	(2,177,221)
5,455,597	6,205,313	5,815,263	3,521,120	4,382,439	3,187,850
(2,064,187)	(2,083,479)	(3,606,061)	(1,589,920)	(3,533,527)	(1,883,785)
4,252	23,423	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
 -	 -	 -	 -	 1,100,000	 -
 3,395,662	 4,145,257	 2,209,202	 1,931,200	 1,948,912	 1,304,065
\$ 2,112,187	\$ 2,204,637	\$ 998,552	\$ 3,556,206	\$ (1,902,326)	\$ (873,156)
 3.78%	 4.08%	4.48%	 4.59%	4.71%	5.82%

CITY OF TUALATIN TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2022

Fiscal		Special	
Year	Property ¹	Assessments ²	Total
2022	14,442,705	-	14,442,705
2021	13,778,555	-	13,778,555
2020	13,261,634	-	13,261,634
2019	12,941,472	-	12,941,472
2018	10,290,120	-	10,290,120
2017	9,888,927	-	9,888,927
2016	9,528,110	-	9,528,110
2015	9,171,688	-	9,171,688
2014	8,738,296	-	8,738,296
2013	8,438,011	87,036	8,525,047

¹ Includes current and prior property tax revenue and interest earned; deducts write offs for general property taxes and tax increment revenues.

² Special assessment billings are for local improvement district assessments which are paid to the City by the benefited property owners over a ten to fifteen year period.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

CITY OF TUALATIN ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

	Real P	roperty	Personal I	Property*	Public Utilit	y Property	Total			Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
Fiscal Year		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated	Total	Estimated
Ended	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed **	Actual	Direct	Actual
June 30,	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Tax Rate	Value
2022	4,657,629,796	7,751,052,135	295,563,627	303,074,885	225,028,300	225,425,670	5,178,221,723	8,279,552,690	2.8645	63%
2021	4,503,738,975	7,342,103,986	292,338,161	301,182,318	147,648,200	147,876,205	4,943,725,336	7,791,162,509	2.8579	63%
2020	4,347,546,566	6,789,031,578	278,847,699	285,007,689	102,359,700	102,554,212	4,728,753,965	7,176,593,479	2.8744	66%
2019	4,146,931,416	6,404,471,950	279,932,764	284,383,404	94,181,800	94,349,571	4,521,045,980	6,783,204,925	2.8858	67%
2018	3,905,253,670	5,776,077,086	256,221,457	258,768,137	98,743,157	100,330,069	4,260,218,284	6,135,175,292	2.4962	69%
2017	3,727,438,870	5,200,586,098	243,045,300	244,279,660	99,593,076	100,673,639	4,070,077,246	5,545,539,397	2.5060	73%
2016	3,577,897,121	4,723,504,068	237,766,065	238,156,855	88,163,700	99,093,453	3,903,826,886	5,060,754,376	2.5162	77%
2015	3,403,125,302	4,405,515,513	213,357,477	213,747,197	95,219,900	101,133,802	3,711,702,679	4,720,396,512	2.5345	79%
2014	3,257,830,943	4,002,490,680	198,872,324	199,275,785	75,207,720	83,074,370	3,531,910,987	4,284,840,835	2.5482	82%
2013	3,138,684,805	3,808,264,330	191,518,337	191,822,756	71,574,586	78,819,910	3,401,777,728	4,078,906,996	2.5589	83%

* Tax limitation Measure 50 results in a larger difference between market assessed value than were reportable in previous years.

** Assessed value includes assessed value in the Urban Renewal Area.

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
City of Tualatin:										
General Government	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27
G.O. Bond	0.60	0.59	0.61	0.62	0.23	0.24	0.25	0.27	0.28	0.29
Total City	2.86	2.86	2.87	2.89	2.50	2.51	2.52	2.54	2.55	2.56
OVERLAPPING RATES:										
Washington County										
Washington County	3.01	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.84	2.84	2.97	2.97
	3.01	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.96	2.84	2.84	2.97	2.97
School District										
NW Regional ESD*	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
Portland Community College	0.66	0.68	0.69	0.69	0.61	0.68	0.59	0.72	0.73	0.67
Tigard-Tualatin School District #23J	7.78	7.79	7.78	7.75	7.77	7.45	7.46	7.46	7.41	7.41
	8.60	8.62	8.62	8.59	8.52	8.28	8.20	8.33	8.29	8.23
Special District										
Tualatin Soil & Water District	0.08	0.09	0.08	0.07	0.08	-	-	-	-	-
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	2.12	2.12	2.07	2.08	2.08	2.10	2.11	1.89	1.91	1.91
Port of Portland	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Metro Service District	0.57	0.59	0.66	0.47	0.41	0.40	0.38	0.46	0.47	0.40
Tigard Tualatin Aquatic	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
	2.93	2.95	2.98	2.79	2.72	2.65	2.65	2.51	2.53	2.48
Total Overlapping	14.54	14.53	14.56	14.34	14.21	13.90	13.69	13.68	13.79	13.68
TOTAL	\$ 17.40	\$ 17.39	\$ 17.43	\$ 17.22	\$ 16.70	\$ 16.40	\$ 16.21	\$ 16.22	\$ 16.34	\$ 16.24

These rates are based on the tax code area of Tualatin which has the highest percentage of the City's Assessed Value (Tax Code 023.76). Rates within the City differ somewhat according to the other tax code categories which apply.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2022

		2022			2013	3
Taxpayer	¹ Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Lam Research Corporation ²	\$ 243,263,385	1	4.70%	81,367,570	2	2.39%
Portland General Electric	161,146,000	2	3.11%	-		0.00%
BV Centercal LLC	139,944,375	3	2.70%	102,292,681	1	3.01%
Campbell Soup Supply Company, LLC ³	65,955,950	4	1.27%	39,749,380	4	1.17%
Pacific Realty Associates	55,320,670	5	1.07%	23,324,710	9	0.00%
JAE Oregon, Inc	52,758,180	6	1.02%	24,426,840	6	0.72%
Tuala Northeast LLC	53,227,820	7	1.03%	40,794,770	3	1.20%
Mohawk St Property LLC	43,543,758	8	0.84%	-		0.00%
CR Rivercrest Meadows Communities LLC	34,150,210	9	0.66%	26,173,370	8	0.77%
KW Hedges Creek LLC	34,113,880	10	0.66%			0.00%
SVF Hedges Creek Tualatin LLC	-	-	-	26,145,520	5	0.77%
Zian Limited Partnership	-	-	-	25,906,690	7	0.76%
Fujimi Corporation	-	-	-	24,146,650	10	0.71%
	\$ 883,424,228		17.06%	\$ 414,328,181		11.49%

¹ Source: Washington and Clackamas County Assessor's records

² Lam Research Corporation previously operated as Novellus Systems Inc.

³ Campbell Soup Supply Company, LLC previously reported as Pacific Foods of Oregon, Inc.

⁴ Measure 50 rolled back the assessed value of each unit of property for the tax year 1977-98 to its 1995-96 "real market value", less 10%. Measure 50 limits any increase in assessed value, excluding major improvements, to 3% per year for the tax years after 1997-98.

CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent Delinquent Taxes To Tax Levy
2022	14,842,331	14,257,556	96.06%	172,922	14,430,478	97.23%	240,380	1.62%
2021	14,154,825	13,593,305	96.03%	156,626	13,749,931	97.14%	236,614	1.67%
2020	13,670,472	13,109,854	95.90%	133,090	13,242,944	96.87%	237,165	1.73%
2019	13,106,253	12,576,052	95.95%	357,628	12,933,680	98.68%	213,276	1.63%
2018	10,653,398	10,169,033	95.45%	116,839	10,285,872	96.55%	503,436	4.73%
2017	10,220,443	9,755,289	95.45%	132,106	9,887,395	96.74%	494,085	4.83%
2016	9,828,855	9,388,370	95.52%	141,990	9,530,360	96.96%	455,867	4.64%
2015	9,414,934	8,993,693	95.53%	176,099	9,169,792	97.40%	413,423	4.39%
2014	9,024,595	8,581,851	95.09%	184,734	8,766,585	97.14%	426,995	4.73%
2013	8,725,937	8,319,844	95.35%	144,560	8,464,404	97.00%	413,077	4.73%

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

CITY OF TUALATIN RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	Avai	s: Amounts lable in Debt rvice Fund	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita	
2022	\$ 18,739,057	\$	(178,312)	\$ 18,560,745	0.22%	665	
2021	21,135,864		(142,465)	20,993,399	0.27%	752	
2020	23,337,672		(164,838)	23,172,834	0.32%	852	
2019	25,379,480		(124,465)	25,255,015	0.37%	931	
2018	4,480,000		(63,195)	4,416,805	0.07%	164	
2017	5,245,000		(76,598)	5,168,402	0.09%	192	
2016	5,980,000		(93,706)	5,886,294	0.12%	219	
2015	6,680,000		(104,996)	6,575,004	0.14%	247	
2014	7,355,000		(95,209)	7,259,791	0.17%	270	
2013	8,005,000		(88,093)	7,916,907	0.19%	299	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

CITY OF TUALATIN DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

June 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable Inside City of Tualatin	Amount Applicable Inside City of Tualatin
City of Tualatin	\$ 23,036,603	100.0000%	\$ 23,036,603
Clackamas County Clackamas County District 3J (West Linn/Wilsonville) Clackamas County School District 7J (Lake Oswego) Clackamas County ESD Clackamas Community College Clackamas Soil & Water Conservation Metro Portland Community College Washington County Rivergrove Water District 14J Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District Washington County School District 23J (Tigard-Tualatin)	$115,525,000 \\ 447,097,462 \\ 396,796,752 \\ 21,902,000 \\ 134,508,536 \\ 5,785,000 \\ 873,470,000 \\ 496,110,000 \\ 181,686,051 \\ 655,635 \\ 60,075,000 \\ 311,603,983 \\ 202,472,723 \\ 472,472 \\ $	0.9285% * 1.1160% 1.6711% 0.4663% 1.0364% 0.9285% 2.1090% 2.4042% 5.7492% 0.1531% 6.8999% 31.2412% 14.5604%	$\begin{array}{c} 1,072,650\\ 4,989,608\\ 6,630,871\\ 102,129\\ 1,394,046\\ 53,714\\ 18,421,482\\ 11,927,477\\ 10,445,494\\ 1,004\\ 4,145,115\\ 97,348,823\\ 44,186,842\end{array}$
Washington County School District 88J (Sherwood) Subtotal overlapping debt	303,472,722	14.300470	44,186,842
Direct and overlapping debt			\$ 223,755,858

Overlapping debt percentage is determined by the percentage of assessed value of the overlapping district that is within the City limits of Tualatin applied.

Source: Municipal Debt Management, State of Oregon

*The percentage of the City of Tualatin in Clackamas County is very small, as is the property-tax backed debt , and produces an immaterial amount.

CITY OF TUALATIN COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2022

ORS 287.004 provides a debt limit of 3% of true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries:

True Cash Value	\$ 5,178,221,723
Rate	 x 3%
Debt limit	155,346,652
Debt applicable to limit	 18,560,745
	\$ 136,785,907

Legal debt margin

Fiscal year ended	Debt Margin as a		Debt applicable	Legal
June 30,	Percentage of Debt Limit	Debt limit	to limit	debt margin
2022	88.05%	155,346,652	18,560,745	136,785,907
2021	85.85%	148,311,760	20,993,399	127,318,361
2020	83.67%	141,862,619	23,172,834	118,689,785
2019	81.38%	135,631,379	25,255,015	110,376,364
2018	96.54%	127,806,549	4,416,805	123,389,744
2017	95.77%	122,102,317	5,168,402	116,933,915
2016	94.97%	117,114,807	5,886,294	111,228,513
2015	94.10%	111,351,080	6,575,004	104,776,076
2014	93.15%	105,957,330	7,259,791	98,697,539
2013	92.24%	102,053,332	7,916,907	94,136,425

Cash value stated above is equal to that value which is "taxable assessed value" as defined by Oregon law. This value is not the same value as market value, but is the value used for levy purposes.

CITY OF TUALATIN DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year	Population	Taxable Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income
2022	27,914	*	*
2021	27,910	*	*
2020	27,195	1,113,839	40,957
2019	27,135	1,087,409	40,074
2018	26,935	1,124,454	41,747
2017	26,960	1,033,535	38,336
2016	26,840	942,049	35,099
2015	26,590	910,673	34,249
2014	26,925	848,143	31,500
2013	26,510	785,646	29,636

(in thousands)

* Information unavailable at this time.

Source: State of Oregon Department of Revenue Research and Statistical Reports

CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2022

		2022			2013	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Lam Research Corporation	2,984	1	10.61%	659	2	2.67%
Legacy Meridian Park Hospital	990	2	3.52%	905	1	3.67%
Pacific Foods of Oregon	600	3	2.13%	280	10	1.13%
United Parcel Services	593	4	2.11%	512	3	2.07%
Nortek Air Solutions	522	5	1.86%	-	-	-
Portland General Electric	478	6	1.70%	478	4	1.94%
Amazon.com Services LLC	369	7	1.31%	-	-	-
Columbia Corrugated	327	8	1.16%	320	7	1.30%
Fred Meyer	292	9	1.04%			
Ichor Systems Inc	286	10	1.02%	-	-	-
Huntair	-	-	-	460	5	1.86%
Precision Wire Components	-	-	-	457	6	1.85%
Veris Industries LLC	-	-	-	300	8	1.22%
DPI Northwest	-	-	-	300	9	1.22%
	7,441			4,671		
Total City employment			28,129			

Information derived from Business License data provided to the City of Tualatin.

CITY OF TUALATIN

SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

Fiscal Year Ended	Assessment Principal	Deb	Percent		
June 30,	Collections	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2022	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2021	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2020	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2019	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2018	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2017	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2016	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2015	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2014	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2013	92,441	220,000	10,340	230,340	40.13%

As of June 30, 2006, only two parcels had assessments. In 1997 the only outstanding assessment had been previously paid. In 1999 of the four land parcels outstanding, two were redeemed in full.

CITY OF TUALATIN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government	44.75	44.75	45.75	45.75	41.75	40.10	40.85	39.60	36.85	36.25
Public safety	50.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	50.00	50.50	50.50
Highways and streets	16.66	16.80	16.00	16.00	18.75	18.75	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
Culture and recreation	34.35	34.45	35.45	35.40	35.28	34.65	33.50	33.50	32.38	31.13
Sewer	4.66	4.60	4.00	4.00	3.75	3.75	3.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Water	7.68	7.60	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	6.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Total	158.10	159.20	159.20	159.15	157.03	154.75	153.35	149.10	145.73	143.88

Data from current and previous budgets

CITY OF TUALATIN OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police										
Arrests	825	897	927	907	996	1,042	871	951	1,259	964
Traffic violations	2,347	2,937	3,340	3,098	3,393	2,958	2,880	3,794	3,971	4,305
Municipal Court cases	8,667	8,518	8,890	10,556	8,139	8,070	6,219	9,724	9,000	10,895
Building activity										
Permits issued	1,247	1,413	1,283	1,614	1,396	1,512	1,663	1,354	1,053	1,114
Estimated value (000's)	\$122,813	\$ 54,596	\$185,027	\$113,881	\$ 78,507	\$ 87,937	\$ 90,451	\$ 86,340	\$ 63,672	\$ 86,594
Planning applications	108	185	192	203	210	270	261	249	218	149
Library circulation	540,984	321,693	475,359	597,851	627,402	640,474	637,116	677,279	705,222	790,066
Water connections	6,924	6,937	6,908	6,905	6,823	6,762	6,873	6,823	6,689	6,753
Sewer connections	6,747	6,748	6,736	6,713	6,628	6,615	6,582	6,702	6,568	6,632

Data acquired from various City of Tualatin departments.

CITY OF TUALATIN CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

Function	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Public safety										
Patrol units	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Highways and streets										
Miles of streets	80	79	79	79	79	79	79	78	78	77
Culture and recreation										
Number of parks	12	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Acreage	330	322	322	322	322	315	295	289	289	289
*Sewage disposal										
Max daily capacity	n/a									
Water										
Max daily capacity	14	14	14	14	14	13	13	13	13	13
Fire hydrants	1,045	1,041	1,041	1,041	1,030	1,024	1,017	1,005	1,005	1,005

*Sewage treatment for The City of Tualatin is provided by Clean Water Services (CWS) of Washington County. For a small portion of the City (east of I-5 and north of the Tualatin River) the service is provided by City of Lake Oswego. THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300

MERINA+CO

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *OREGON STATE REGULATION*

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Tualatin, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards of Audits* of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Tualatin, Oregon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we consider necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* except as follows.

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Fund	Budget Category	Amount
Transportation Project Fund	Capital outlay	\$ 183,595
Parks Utility Fee Fund	Materials and service	\$ 451
Tualatin City Services Building Fund	Materials and service	\$ 44,397
Sewer Fund	Capital outlay	\$ 36,635

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Tualatin, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jonge Wiff

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon January 31, 2023