

MEMORANDUM CITY OF TUALATIN

TO: Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

FROM: Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager

DATE: FEBRUARY 22, 2016

SUBJECT: Work Session for February 22, 2016

5:45 p.m. (25 min) – Financial Audit Report for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015. A representative from the City's independent auditor, Merina & Company, LLP, will give a brief presentation concerning the independent financial audit recently conducted. Attached are relevant documents from the auditors related to the audit and their findings.

6:10 p.m. (20 min) – Southwest Corridor Project Update. Staff will provide an update on the latest happenings of the Southwest Corridor project.

6:30 p.m. (20 min) – Tualatin River Greenway Trail Update. Staff will provide an update on the construction of the Tualatin River Greenway Trail project including a discussion of the scope, schedule, budget and related issues.

6:50 p.m. (10 min) – Council Meeting Agenda Review, Communications & Roundtable. Council will review the agenda for the February 22nd City Council meeting and brief the Council on issues of mutual interest.



MEMORANDUM CITY OF TUALATIN

TO:	Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
THROUGH:	Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager
FROM:	Don Hudson, Finance Director
DATE:	02/22/2016
SUBJECT:	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015 Report from Auditors

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

All municipal corporations, including the City of Tualatin, are required under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 297 and Oregon Administrative Rules (OAR), to have their accounts and fiscal affairs audited annually in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards as promulgated by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The independent auditor who contracts to conduct an audit must personally conduct the audit to an extent satisfactory to the Oregon Secretary of State, prepare an Independent Auditor's Report and express an opinion on the accounts in accordance with the rules found in ORS, OAR, as well as national standards.

The purpose of an independent audit is to determine, using testing methods and other generally accepted auditing standards, if the City's accounts and records are maintained in a manner that permits the preparation of financial statements that will fairly present the financial position and results of operation of the City in accordance with legal provisions and in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards. The auditor also tests the City's internal controls in order to express an opinion on the financial statements based on their audit.

The audit was completed by Merina and Company, LLC, a certified public accountanting firm based in West Linn. Through their audit work, it was determined that the City's financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Tualatin and the Tualatin Development Commission.

Kammy Austin, a partner with Merina and Company, will be here to present their findings, describe their audit procedures and ensure the Council of the City's financial position.

Attached are the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2015 Comprehensive Financial Reports for both the City of Tualatin and the Tualatin Development Commission. Also attached is a required communication to the governing body from the auditors.

 Attachments:
 City of Tualatin FYE June 30, 2015 CAFR

 Required Communication to City Council from Auditors

 TDC FY2015 CAFR

 Required Communication to Commissioners from Auditors

City of Tualatin, Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by the City of Tualatin – Department of Finance

Don Hudson, Finance Director

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TABLE OF CONTENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>1 age</u>
Council Members and Officers	i
Organizational Chart	ii
Letter of Transmittal	iii-vi
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence of Financial Reporting	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-15
Basic Financial Statements	16
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19 20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	25 26
Notes to Financial Statements	27-48
Required Supplementary Information	49
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	50
Building Fund	51
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) / Liability	52
Schedule of City Pension Plan Contributions	53
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	54-55
Other Supplementary Information	56-57
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Other Major Funds	58
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Governmental Funds	59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	C 0
Non-major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Special Revenue Funds	60 61
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	01
Non-major Special Revenue Funds	62
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Debt Service Funds	63
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Non-major Debt Service Funds	64 65
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-major Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	65
Non-major Capital Projects Funds	66
5 1 5	

Budgetary Comparison Statements and Schedules	67
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Road Utility Fee Fund	68
Road Gas Tax Fund	69
Core Area Parking District Fund	70
Tualatin Scholarship Fund	71
Road Development Fund	72
Economic Development Administration Fund	73
Transportation Development Tax Fund	74
General Obligation Bond Fund	75
Bancroft Bond Fund	76
Local Improvement District Fund	77
Parks Improvement Fund	78
Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund	79
Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund	80
Operations Warehouse Project Fund	81
Enterprise Funds:	82
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	
Water Operations Combined	83
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Water Fund	84
Water Development Fund	85
Water Reservoir Fund	86
Enterprise Bond Fund	87
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	
Sewer Operations Fund Combined	88
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Sewer Fund	89
Sewer Development Fund	90
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position	
Storm Drain Operations Combined	91
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Storm Drain Fund	92
Storm Drain Development	93
Internal Services Fund:	94
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
Operations Fund	95
Other Financial Schedules	
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and Outstanding Balances	96
Schedule of Water Operations 5 Year Historical Results	97

STATISTICAL SECTION

Introduction	98
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	99
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	100-101
Fund Balances- Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	102
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	103
Tax Revenue by Source, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	104

Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	105
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Fiscal Years	106
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	107
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	108
Bonded Debt per Capita – Last Ten Fiscal Years	109
Computation of Overlapping General Obligation Debt	110
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	111
Demographic and Economic Statistics	112
Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	113
Schedule of Pledged Revenue Bond Coverage – Last Ten Fiscal Years	114
Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	115
Operating Indicators – Last Ten Fiscal Years	116
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	117

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS 118-119

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City Council

Lou Ogden, Mayor	December 31, 2018
Wade Brooksby, Position No. 1	December 31, 2018
Monique Beikman, Council President, Position No. 2	December 31, 2016
Frank Bubenik, Position No. 3	December 31, 2018
Ed Truax, Position No. 4	December 31, 2016
Nancy Grimes, Position No. 5	December 31, 2018
Joelle Davis, Position No. 6	December 31, 2016

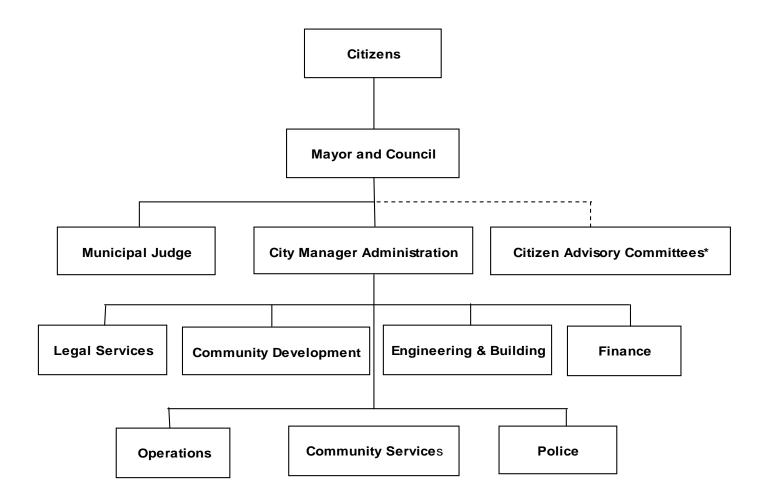
<u>Term Expires</u>

Administrative

Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager Sean T. Brady, City Attorney Don Hudson, Finance Director

City Offices 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue Tualatin, Oregon 97062

City Council members may be contacted at the above City Offices address.



*The Citizen Advisory Committees include the Library Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Park Advisory Committee, the Urban Renewal Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Arts Advisory Committee, the Tualatin Planning Advisory Committee, the Core Area Parking District Board, the Architectural Review Board and the Budget Committee.



City of Tualatin www.ci.tualatin.or.us

December 31, 2015

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Council, and Citizens of the City of Tualatin:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. These statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Tualatin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Tualatin has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Tualatin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Tualatin's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Merina & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City of Tualatin's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Tualatin for the year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Tualatin's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the City of Tualatin

The City of Tualatin celebrated its centennial birthday in 2013 and is located in Northwestern Oregon in the Portland metropolitan area, in the counties of Washington and Clackamas, just twelve miles south of Portland's city center. The City of Tualatin currently occupies a land area of 7.9 square miles and serves a population of 26,590. The City of Tualatin is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries.

The City operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a City Council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's manager. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three Council members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term.

The City provides a full range of services including: police protection, community planning and building inspection, engineering and economic development, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, community library services, recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All department heads of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager (who acts as the City Budget Officer). After the Budget Officer prepares the proposed budget, notice of the first budget committee meeting is published. The budget committee (consisting of the City Council and an equal number of appointed citizen members) reviews and approves the budget after which notice of the public hearing for the City Council to adopt the budget is published. The budget must be adopted making appropriations for the ensuing fiscal year by June 30th of the previous year. Changes to the adopted budget are governed by Local Budget Law in state statute and require City Council approval.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, Building Fund and Park Development Fund, this comparison is presented as required supplementary information, following the notes to the basic financial statements. For non-major governmental funds, this comparison is presented as other supplementary information. Enterprise fund budgetary comparison schedules are included in the other supplementary information section of this report.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Factors which may be important in affecting financial conditions in the future for the City include:

Given the State of Oregon's property tax limitations and the City's low permanent tax rate for operations, smart, balanced growth is important to the economic health of the community. The economic slowdown slowed development down considerably between 2010 and 2013, causing assessed value growth to be the lowest since the property tax limitations were passed in the late 1980's. As the economy began to rebound, development activity also rebounded, bringing assessed value growth back up over 5% city-wide for tax years 2014-15, and 2015-16. The Tualatin area is experiencing continued development growth, and it is anticipated that assessed value growth will be between 4% and 5% for tax year 2016-2017.

During fiscal year 2014-15, at the intersection of I-5 and Nyberg Lane, the old K-Mart shopping center site continued its redevelopment by CenterCal Properties. This new project, Nyberg Rivers, has brought in over 245,000 sq. ft. of new leasable commercial space to the existing, underutilized shopping center site, turning it into a vibrant economic asset for the City. The redevelopment included construction of seven buildings, access and public facilities improvements, as well as parking, pedestrian and landscaping improvements. Construction began in earnest during fiscal year 2013-14, with Cabela's, New Seasons Market, Pieology Pizza, Home Goods and L.A. Fitness Center opening during fiscal year 2014-15. Additional restaurants and retail buildings are slated for construction during fiscal year 2015-16.

Additionally, the City embarked on a project we call the "Big 3", replacing our current financial software with a new system for financial and utility billing, a second system for Community Development and a third system for asset management. This upgrade of existing modules, along with the addition of new modules, has created significant improvements to our internal and external processes. When fully completed, the new solutions will allow the City to offer new on-line services, including online business license renewals, payment of municipal court fines and building permit fees, as well as other functionality to our residents and customers. The project will be completed during fiscal year 2015-16.

The City of Tualatin continues to be an active partner with numerous regional planning efforts that will have a future impact on Tualatin and our economic growth. While the potential costs and benefits of these plans are still unknown, future projects will be modeled for their financial impacts once the planning efforts near completion.

One of the significant regional and local efforts is to improve transit service in Tualatin. Specifically, there are three interrelated planning efforts aimed at increasing transit service in Tualatin. First, the SW Corridor Plan will identify a potential future high capacity transit (i.e. light rail or bus rapid transit) alignment between Portland, Tigard, and Tualatin. Second, while many eyes focus on high capacity transit in the long-term future, TriMet conducted a SW Service Enhancement Plan to outline near-term local bus improvements in this part of the region. During FY 2015-16, some of these improvements will be implemented by TriMet.

Another major regional planning effort is the Basalt Creek Concept Plan which outlines a vision for future growth in the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. In addition to the future land uses, the Basalt Creek Concept Plan evaluates the provision of urban services (i.e. transportation, water, sewer, storm, etc.) and delineates future city limit lines between Tualatin and Wilsonville.

Besides development, the other item that has a significant impact on the financial position of the City of Tualatin is the reforms to the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) made by the Oregon Legislature during the 2013 legislative session, as well as the special session held in late September 2013. SB 822, passed during regular session, lowered the City's contribution rate (as a percentage of payroll) by 4.4%, a savings of approximately \$440,000 in fiscal year 2013-14. The overall unfunded actuarial liability of the Oregon PERS system was reduced by measures passed in both sessions, lowering anticipated future contribution rate increases. In April 2015, the Oregon Supreme Court rejected a large portion of the reforms. Since PERS rates are set on a biennial basis, the impact of the Supreme Court decision will not be realized until FY 2017-18, when rates are projected to increase over 4% of covered payroll.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Tualatin for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 24th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both the GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to express our appreciation to members of other departments who assisted with contributions of information to be included in this report. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and the entire City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in management of the City of Tualatin's and the Tualatin Development Commission's finances.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated hard work of the Finance Department Staff.

Respectfully submitted,

Sherilyn Lombos City Manager

Don Hudson Finance Director

month

Matt Warner Accounting Supervisor



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Tualatin Oregon

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

ruy K.

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon Tualatin, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, or the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 9 and Note 10 to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents under the required supplementary information, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison schedules, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015

As management of the City of Tualatin (the City), we include this narrative presenting an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Tualatin for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position, budget variances and specific issues related to funds and the economic factors affecting the City.

We request readers to consider this information with the letter of transmittal in the Introductory Section following the Table of Contents.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled approximately \$201.5 million at June 30, 2015, and consisted of approximately \$40.4 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$153.0 million in capital assets and approximately \$8.1 million in other assets and deferred outflows of resources. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$7.4 million from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$25.5 million at June 30, 2015, consisting of \$14.9 million in long-term obligations, \$3.7 million in accounts payable and other liabilities, and \$6.9 million in deferred inflows related to pensions.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$176.0 million at the close of fiscal year 2015. Unrestricted net position totaled \$14.6 million, with the remainder of the City's net position invested in capital assets net of related debt (\$140.2 million) and restricted for building and engineering, street and roadside maintenance, debt service, capital projects, transportation, urban renewal, and capital improvements (\$21.2 million).
- For its governmental activities, the City generated \$7.0 million in charges for services and received \$0.5 million in operating and capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses, including interest on long-term debt for governmental activities were \$20.7 million for the year, resulting in a net expense of \$13.2 million.
 \$17.4 million of general revenues received and \$2.3 million of transfers in resulted in an increase in net position of \$6.5 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City generated \$17.0 million in charges for services and in capital grants and contributions to fund direct expenses of \$13.8 million.
- Fund balance in the City's governmental funds was \$23.9 million at June 30, 2015, up by \$3.6 million from June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the financial section of this annual report includes the *basic financial statements, required supplementary information,* and *other supplementary information,* including the *combining statements and schedules* of the nonmajor funds.

The basic financial statements also include *notes* that explain the information in the financial statements and provide additional details.

Each of these components serves an important purpose in providing information about the financial position and financial activities of the City of Tualatin.

The City adopted Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB Statement 27* during fiscal year 2015. GASB Statement 68 established accounting and financial reporting standards for employers, including reporting of the net pension asset or liability on the statement of net position, and deferred inflows and outflows associated with investment, economic and demographic gains and losses associated with pension plans. GASB Statement 68 also provides guidance related to the calculation of pension expense (income). Fiscal year 2014 information reported in Tables 1 and 2 herein have been restated to conform to the new reporting and accounting standards.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* provide a broad overview of the City's finances, operations and general health <u>as a whole</u>. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the <u>Statement of Net Position</u>. This statement presents information on all of the City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. In other words, this statement compares what the government *owns* to what it *owes* and, although there are differences and qualifiers, it is a loose parallel to what average citizens understand as "owner's equity" or "net worth".

Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other factors being equal, the extent by which assets exceed liabilities is a cushion to be called upon during stressful economic times.

Net position is comparable to owner's equity in for-profit businesses and this measure was developed to fill the void which existed before new accounting standards to measure the long-term viability of governmental units. Evaluation of the overall health of the City would extend to other non-financial factors such as the conditions of City infrastructure, in addition to the other financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the <u>Statement of Activities</u>, which presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some times that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The obvious advantage to such an approach is to nurture a long-term perspective by emphasizing the effects of yearly budget decisions on long-term goals. Such a perspective enforces the need to use sound financial policies such as maintaining adequate reserves and paying current costs from current revenues.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

Governmental activities at the City include general government, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation.

The business-type activities include maintenance of water and sewer systems including pipes and lift stations. Water is purchased from the City of Portland. Clean Water Services and the City of Lake Oswego provide sewer treatment services; therefore, the City does not maintain treatment plants.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Tualatin itself (*the primary government*), but also the Urban Renewal Agency of the City, the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission). The Commission is a <u>blended component unit</u> and, in substance is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. Separate financial statements of the Commission can be obtained from the City of Tualatin Finance Department at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062-7092.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated from specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. The use of fund financial statements is directly related to the budgeting process because some revenues are legally earmarked for certain kinds of expenditures. Fund financial statements ensure and demonstrate compliance with governmental finance-related laws and regulations.

In addition, the <u>total amount</u> of the budgeted appropriations for expenditures is considered in terms of the revenue available to fund the expenditures and the type of expenditures competing for the same dollars. The City of Tualatin's funds can be divided into two primary categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term *inflows* and *outflows*. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements (current liabilities).

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains nineteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for those considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains eight proprietary funds. These funds are enterprise funds used to report the same functions presented in business type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds have been reported with accounting procedures similar to for-profit companies in the past, even before new accounting standards were adopted. Whereas, infrastructure accounting is relatively new for governmental funds, the City of Tualatin, like other cities, always maintained detailed records of the sewer and water systems, including the computation of related depreciation for the systems.

These proprietary funds include Water Fund, Water SDC Fund, Enterprise Bond Fund, Water Reservoir Fund, Sewer Fund and Sewer SDC Fund, Storm Drain Fund and Storm Drain SDC Fund.

The City's Internal Service Fund accounts for administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the financial statements. These notes not only provide additional detail, but also are required to fully understand the financial data as presented, as well as the financial condition of the City as a whole. The notes offer information not only to lay readers and citizens, but also those interested in a detailed study of the City's financial operations.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2015 and 2014 Statements of Net Position:

	Covernmen		Business ti	no Activition	Total			
	2015	Governmental Activities 2015 2014		pe Activities 2014	2015	2014		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 31,109,294 99,732,467	\$ 24,099,169 102,213,419	2015 \$ 15,705,750 53,276,638	\$ 15,420,165 52,368,884	\$ 46,815,044 153,009,105	\$ 39,519,334 154,582,303		
Total assets	130,841,761	126,312,588	68,982,388	67,789,049	199,824,149	194,101,637		
Deferred outflows of resources	1,340,056		355,635		1,695,691			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	8,269,787 3,700,108	7,691,763 3,824,403	4,777,803 1,921,752	4,735,000 1,315,692	13,047,590 5,621,860	12,426,763 5,140,095		
Total liabilities	11,969,895	11,516,166	6,699,555	6,050,692	18,669,450	17,566,858		
Deferred inflows of resources	6,333,070		518,722		6,851,792			
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	92,025,421 16,106,005 5,747,426	93,651,852 12,939,222 8,205,348	48,216,410 5,042,785 8,860,551	47,293,914 5,148,228 9,296,215	140,241,831 21,148,790 14,607,977	140,945,766 18,087,450 17,501,563		
Total net position	\$ 113,878,852	\$ 114,796,422	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 61,738,357	\$ 175,998,598	\$ 176,534,779		

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30th

The City of Tualatin's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$176.0 million as of June 30, 2015. Of this amount, \$140.2 million, (80%) was invested in capital assets, (i.e. land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less the outstanding related debt used to acquire these assets. These assets are not a source for repaying liabilities now, or in the future, since such assets represent the "business of the City". Other resources must be used to pay for outstanding liabilities, some of which are restricted to only certain uses. This requires the City to not only acquire those capital assets necessary to provide for City services, but to retain the ability to finance these acquisitions and provide maintenance for these assets.

An additional portion of net position (\$21.1 million) is restricted as to how it may be used by budgetary, legal and external factors. The unrestricted amount of \$14.6 million (8% of net position) can be used to meet on-going obligations. Of the \$25.5 million of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end for governmental and business-type activities, \$13.0 million are due in more than one year. For the government as a whole, and for the separate governmental and business-type activities, all three categories showed a positive net position balance for fiscal year 2014-15, as they did for 2013-14.

Total net position decreased by \$.5 million during the fiscal year. The implementation of GASB Statement 68 accounts for a \$3.3 million decrease in net position, as the City recorded net pension liability of \$8.0 million at June 30, 2014 and net pension income of \$4.7 million at June 30, 2015; the resulting decrease was offset by the degree to which ongoing revenues have exceeded increase in ongoing expenses.

Statement of Activities

The following is a comparison between the June 30, 2015 and 2014 Statement of Activities:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 6,974,383	\$ 4,590,939	\$ 16,207,830	\$ 14,346,837	\$ 23,182,213	\$ 18,937,776		
Operating grants								
and contributions	482,911	629,043	-	-	482,911	629,043		
Capital grants								
and contributions	-	-	827,464	491,274	827,464	491,274		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	9,156,220	8,757,182	-	-	9,156,220	8,757,182		
Franchise fees	2,213,242	2,135,959	-	-	2,213,242	2,135,959		
Public service taxes								
and revenue sharing	5,141,871	3,968,177	-	-	5,141,871	3,968,177		
Interest and miscellaneous	929,624	287,931	89,399	101,941	1,019,023	389,872		
Total revenues	24,898,251	20,369,231	17,124,693	14,940,052	42,022,944	35,309,283		
Expenses:								
General government	6,057,498	8,405,978	-	-	6,057,498	8,405,978		
Public safety	5,942,679	7,027,399	-	-	5,942,679	7,027,399		
Highways and streets	4,586,849	3,853,744	-	-	4,586,849	3,853,744		
Culture and recreation	3,769,534	5,200,979	-	-	3,769,534	5,200,979		
Interest on long-term debt	317,574	332,382	-	-	317,574	332,382		
Water Operations	-	-	4,973,697	4,354,918	4,973,697	4,354,918		
Sewer Operations	-	-	7,392,084	6,704,634	7,392,084	6,704,634		
Storm Drain Operations			1,449,680	1,298,184	1,449,680	1,298,184		
Total expenses	20,674,134	24,820,482	13,815,461	12,357,736	34,489,595	37,178,218		
Change in net assets before transfers	4,224,117	(4,451,251)	3,309,232	2,582,316	7,533,349	(1,868,935)		
Transfers	2,316,940	153,787	(2,316,940)	(153,787)				
Change in net position	6,541,057	(4,297,464)	992,292	2,428,529	7,533,349	(1,868,935)		
Net position - beginning Restatement	114,796,422 (7,458,627)	119,093,886	61,738,357 (610,903)	59,309,828	176,534,779 (8,069,530)	178,403,714		
Net position - beginning (restated)	107,337,795	119.093.886	61,127,454	59,309,828	168.465.249	178,403,714		
Net position - ending	\$ 113,878,852	\$ 114,796,422	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 61,738,357	\$ 175,998,598	\$ 176,534,779		
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Table 2 - Changes in Net Position

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2014-15, as compared to a \$4.3 million decrease in the prior fiscal year. Revenue, including transfers, increased by \$6.7 million and expenses decreased \$4.1 million. Key elements of this change, as illustrated in Table 2 above, include a reduction in general government, public safety, and culture and recreation expenses, largely as a result of the implementation of GASB Statement 68.

Business-Type activities total revenues increased approximately \$2.2 million from 2014, due mainly to increases in revenue earned from charges for services.

Business-Type activities expenses, including transfers, increased approximately \$3.6 million, due to increases in the purchase of water and user charges passed through to Clean Water Services for sewer treatment.

The government-wide financial statements highlight some of the most important factors about the governmental funds, particularly the General Fund. The primary revenues for governmental funds are taxes, fees and licenses, and intergovernmental revenues. The two largest sources of revenues for the City of Tualatin's General Fund are property taxes and franchise fees.

The State of Oregon does not have a sales tax and there has been a long history of its citizens opposing one. This puts great stress on property taxes, franchise fees, and other revenue in the governmental sector. Property taxes are limited several ways by State law.

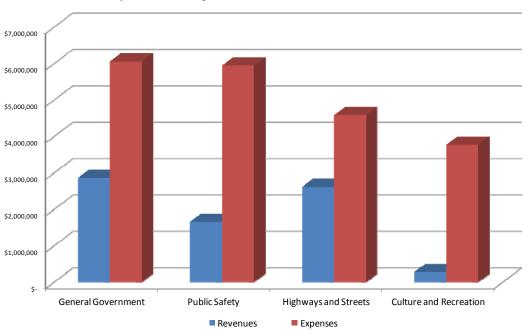
- Local governments' total share of property taxes cannot exceed \$10 per thousand of taxable assessed value; for school districts, the limit is \$5 per thousand.
- In 1998, taxpayers voted for a measure which limited assessed value increases from one year to the next to the lower of a 3% increase or the market value unless additional improvements or modifications have been made to a property.
- As a result of the same property tax reform measure, each local government was assigned a permanent tax rate. The City's rate is \$2.2665 per \$1,000 assessed value.

The City's permanent tax rate is relatively low in contrast to comparable cities in the State. The City has been able to maintain services by budgeting conservatively and providing quality services with lean budgets. The charts showing governmental expenses versus governmental activities demonstrate the funding challenges that Tualatin and other cities face.

Some of the important factors, which make allocation of resources difficult include:

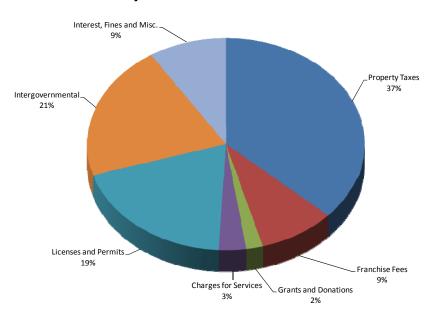
- Governmental resources are restricted in many ways: budgeting, legal and by public opinion.
- Programs funded by general resources typically result in hard choices, such as more police or a better library. Those services which are seen as most important and necessary are almost always least able or likely to assess charges for cost recovery even for direct services.

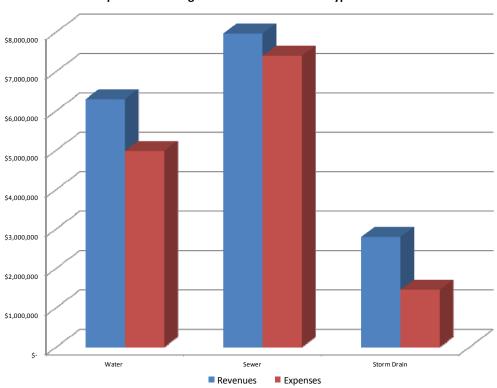
As build-out of the City occurs, it is likely to become more difficult to handle the inevitable rise in the cost of services. Regional transportation issues and the high development in the southwestern part of Washington County will continue to present challenges to the high quality of life that the citizens of Tualatin have experienced in the past. Concept plans that the City is currently working on for the area between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville will be vital to the City's long-term fiscal health.

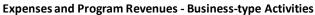


Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

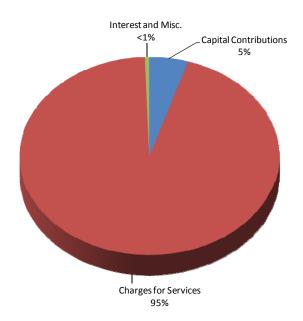
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities







Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$23.9 million, an increase of \$3.6 million when compared to the prior year. Unassigned fund balance combined with committed fund balance as of June 30, 2015, was \$7.7 million and is available for spending at the City's discretion.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2015, the total fund balance was \$7.6 million, of which \$7.5 million is considered unassigned, reflecting an increase of \$500,000 from the prior year. As a matter of course, the City strives to have enough reserves at the end of the fiscal year to provide cash for the first five months of operations, at which time the first installment of property taxes are received. The fund balance increase was primarily due to increases in property tax revenue received during the fiscal year. Expenditures in the general fund increased by \$800,000 in the current year, increasing from \$17.6 million to \$18.4 million.

Building Fund

This special revenue fund accounts for activities of the Building Division, which is responsible for reviewing building plans and issuing building permits for all structural, mechanical and plumbing applications within the City. At June 30, 2015, total fund balance remained constant at approximately \$1.7 million. The City's building fund continues to be funded by licenses and permits.

Park Development Fund

This capital projects funds accounts for activities for capital improvements to the City's parks and is funded by system development charges and other contributions. At June 30, 2015, the total fund balance increased approximately \$1.9 million, primarily as a result of contributions received for the Tualatin River Greenway Project.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original appropriated budget for the general fund for fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$21.7 million, including \$2.8 million for contingencies. There were transfers of appropriations of \$20,000 from contingency to information services.

The General Fund resources surpassed budgeted levels by approximately \$380,000. General Fund expenditures were \$3.4 million under appropriated levels. The primary reasons for this difference is due to contingency of \$2.8 million not being allocated for expenditures and budgeted expenditures for consultants within the Planning Division not being expended.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the City had invested \$153.0 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, in a range of asset types, including land, buildings, improvements and infrastructure, and machinery and equipment.

The following is a comparison of capital assets as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
		2015	5 2014		2015 2014		2014	2015		2014		
Land	\$	13,821,291	\$	13,801,291	\$	880,144	\$	880,144	\$	14,701,435	\$	14,681,435
Construction in Progress		2,409,147		3,547,176		1,416,662		942,546		3,825,809		4,489,722
Buildings		20,137,903		19,971,431		367,755		367,755		20,505,658		20,339,186
Other Improvements		37,677,047		35,104,378		-		-		37,677,047		35,104,378
Machinery and Equipment		3,781,771		3,631,480		1,082,799		1,082,800		4,864,570		4,714,280
Utility System		-		-		79,202,842		77,098,399		79,202,842		77,098,399
Infrastructure		97,116,501		96,553,756		-		-		97,116,501		96,553,756
Accumulated Depreciation		(75,211,193)		(70,396,093)		(29,673,564)		(28,002,760)		(104,884,757)		(98,398,853)
Total net assets	\$	99,732,467	\$	102,213,419	\$	53,276,638	\$	52,368,884	\$	153,009,105	\$	154,582,303

CITY OF TUALATIN'S NET CAPITAL ASSETS

Net capital assets decreased by \$1.6 million due to the increased accumulated depreciation on the City's assets. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure. The governmental infrastructure category consists primarily of roads, signals and lighting. Capital assets in the business-type activities include water and sewer lines, lift stations and other portions of utility systems.

Additional information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 4 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Outstanding

As of the end of the fiscal year, the City had \$12.7 million in long-term bonded debt obligations outstanding, a decrease of approximately 6% from the prior year. Approximately \$1.1 million of the debt at June 30, 2015, is due within one year.

Year Ended June 30, 2015									
		Beginning		Additions	Pr	incipal Paid		Ending	
Governmental:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$	7,355,000	\$	-	\$	(675,000)	\$	6,680,000	
Full Faith & Credit		1,100,000		-		(88,012)		1,011,988	
Total Governmental	\$	8,455,000	\$	-	\$	(763,012)	\$	7,691,988	
							-		
Business-type:									
Water Revenue Bonds	\$	5,065,000	\$	-	\$	(4,720,000)	\$	345,000	
Full Faith & Credit	\$	-	\$	4,745,494	\$	(80,499)	\$	4,664,995	
Total Bonds Payable	\$	13,520,000	\$	4,745,494	\$	(5,563,511)	\$	12,701,983	

CITY OF TUALATIN'S DEBT SERVICE

The State of Oregon mandates a general obligation debt limit of 3 percent of true market value of taxable property within City boundaries. The City's general obligation debt outstanding at June 30, 2015 was \$6.7 million, which is well below the \$111 million maximum limitation.

Additional information about the City's outstanding debt is presented in Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Factors affecting financial conditions in the future include:

- The City continues to experience increased development activity, approaching the growth levels experienced prior to the economic downturn. The increased development described in the Letter of Transmittal accompanying this report will help drive increases in assessed value and property tax revenue in future years. With the City's low permanent tax rate of \$2.2665 per thousand of assessed value, though, future adjustments to maintain service levels of city services to our residents may be necessary.
- The City continues to plan for the future through a variety of long-term planning studies and processes to help provide economic stability. The City Council adopted the Southwest Concept Plan and city staff has been working on concept plans for the undeveloped area located between the cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville. More information about these plans and new development activity are included in the Letter of Transmittal located earlier in this report.
- Tualatin's location in the Portland metropolitan area is very much affected by the transportation issues associated with urban areas. The City, along with TriMet, continues to look at increased transit options and we are involved with other regional partners in looking at transportation issues in and around Tualatin.
- The factors mentioned above have had a positive impact on the City's fiscal health. These impacts continue to be modeled in the City's Fiscal Health model to determine the impact on the City's General Fund on-going alignment. Council and staff will continue to use this tool to make strategic decisions about the City's future financial picture.

Requests for Information

The City's financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability of the resources it receives and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional information, contact the Finance Department at City of Tualatin, 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, OR 97062-7092.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:		• • • • • • • • • •	* *** **
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,460,231	\$ 13,898,198	\$ 40,358,429
Due from other governments	323,648	-	323,648
Accounts receivable	394,299	1,500,915	1,895,214
Property taxes receivable Prepaids	413,423 64,694	-	413,423 64,694
Inventories	117,959	37,813	155,772
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	52,967		52,967
Total current assets	27,827,221	15,436,926	43,264,147
	27,027,221	15,450,920	45,204,147
Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset	3,282,073	268,824	3,550,897
Capital assets:	5,282,075	200,024	5,550,697
Nondepreciable	16,230,438	2,296,806	18,527,244
Depreciable, net	83,502,029	50,979,832	134,481,861
Total noncurrent assets	103,014,540	53,545,462	156,560,002
TOTAL ASSETS	130,841,761	68,982,388	199,824,149
IOTAL ASSETS	150,841,701	08,982,388	199,824,149
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refunding	-	245,876	245,876
Deferred outflows of resources - pension	1,340,056	109,759	1,449,815
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,340,056	355,635	1,695,691
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,539,188	1,390,793	2,929,981
Deposits	571,843	5,200	577,043
Retainage payable	15,058	50,234	65,292
Unearned revenue	27,000	117,970	144,970
Interest Payable	18,980	12,555	31,535
Current portion of long-term debt	1,528,039	345,000	1,873,039
Total current liabilities	3,700,108	1,921,752	5,621,860
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Pension transition liability	1,377,396	112,809	1,490,205
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	6,892,391	4,664,994	11,557,385
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,269,787	4,777,803	13,047,590
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,969,895	6,699,555	18,669,450
	,,		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources - pension	6,333,070	518,722	6,851,792
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets	92,025,421	48,216,410	140,241,831
Restricted for:	92,023,421	46,210,410	140,241,651
Building and engineering	1,744,129		1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance	1,040,146	-	1,040,146
Debt service payments	285,945	-	285,945
Capital projects	3,246,367	-	3,246,367
Transportation	5,439,306	-	5,439,306
Urban renewal projects	4,350,112	-	4,350,112
Capital improvements	-	5,042,785	5,042,785
Unrestricted	5,747,426	8,860,551	14,607,977
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 113,878,852	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 175,998,598

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Program Reven		Expense Revenue ange in Net Positi		
		Channel for	Operating	Capital		Business	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 6,057,498	\$ 2,497,798	\$ 365,295	\$ -	\$ (3,194,405)	\$ -	\$ (3,194,405)
Public safety	5,942,679	1,583,770	69,778	-	(4,289,131)	-	(4,289,131)
Highways and streets	4,586,849	2,613,764	-	-	(1,973,085)	-	(1,973,085)
Culture and recreation	3,769,534	279,051	47,838	-	(3,442,645)	-	(3,442,645)
Interest on long-term debt	317,574				(317,574)		(317,574)
Total governmental							
activities	20,674,134	6,974,383	482,911		(13,216,840)		(13,216,840)
Business type activities:							
Water Operations	4,973,697	6,116,285	-	172,076	-	1,314,664	1,314,664
Sewer Operations	7,392,084	7,771,356	-	185,475	-	564,747	564,747
Storm Drain Operations	1,449,680	2,320,189		469,913		1,340,422	1,340,422
Total business type							
activities	13,815,461	16,207,830		827,464		3,219,833	3,219,833
Total government	\$ 34,489,595	\$23,182,213	\$ 482,911	\$ 827,464	(13,216,840)	3,219,833	(9,997,007)
	General revenues						
	Taxes:						
	Property taxe	s			9,156,220	-	9,156,220
	Franchise tax	es			2,213,242	-	2,213,242
	Public service	e taxes and reven	ue sharing		5,141,871	-	5,141,871
		vestment earnings	-		144,854	73,419	218,273
	Miscellaneous 1	revenues			784,770	15,980	800,750
	Transfers in (ou	ıt)			2,316,940	(2,316,940)	
	Total gener	al revenues and tr	ansfers		19,757,897	(2,227,541)	17,530,356
	Change	in net position			6,541,057	992,292	7,533,349
	Net position - beg	inning			114,796,422	61,738,357	176,534,779
	Restatement (see				(7,458,627)	(610,903)	(8,069,530)
	Net Position - beg				107,337,795	61,127,454	168,465,249
	Net position - end	ing			\$ 113,878,852	\$62,119,746	\$175,998,598

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, and state and county shared revenue. Primary expenditures are for culture and recreation, general government and public safety.

Building Fund

The Building Fund accounts for revenues from various fees collected from building for construction of buildings and expended for services rendered primarily in the City's building division.

Park Development Fund

The Park Development Fund accounts for capital improvements to parks funded by system development charges and other contributions.

	Genera	al Fund	Building Fund	Dev	Park velopment Fund	G	Other overnmental	G	Total overnmenta
L COEPEG.									
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,3	362,151	\$ 2,151,151	\$	2,573,350	\$	12,095,740	\$	25,182,392
Due from other governments	. ,	235,848		Ψ	87,800	Ŷ		Ψ	323,648
Accounts receivable		29,723	-		-		356,216		385,939
Property taxes receivable	3	369,707	-		-		43,716		413,423
Due from other funds Inventories		915 81,795	-		-		4,032 36,164		4,947 117,959
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		52,967	-		-				52,967
Total assets	\$ 9,1	133,106	\$ 2,151,151	\$	2,661,150	\$	12,535,868	\$	26,481,275
LIABILITIES:									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 1,0)44,474	\$ 74,162	\$	17,514	\$	209,139	\$	1,345,289
Deposits		183,659	332,860		-		55,324		571,843
Due to other funds		4,032	-		-		915		4,947
Retainage payable			-		-		3,231		3,231
Unearned revenue		7,000			-		20,000		27,000
Total liabilities	1,2	239,165	407,022		17,514		288,609		1,952,310
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:									
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue	3	337,419	-		-		39,898		377,317
Unavailable revenue - assessments		-			-		247,353		247,353
Total deferred inflows of resources	3	337,419	-		-		287,251		624,670
FUND BALANCES:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory Descripted form		81,795	-		-		36,164		117,959
Restricted for: Building and engineering			1.744.129						1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance		-	-		-		1,040,146		1,040,146
Debt service payments		-	-		-		285,945		285,945
Capital projects		-	-		2,643,636		602,731		3,246,367
Transportation		-	-		-		5,439,306		5,439,306
Urban renewal projects		-	-		-		4,304,445		4,304,445
Committed to: Pavement maintenance and street lighting							54,279		54,279
Parking maintenance		-	-		_		146,188		146,188
Assigned to:							110,100		110,100
Scholarships		-	-		-		50,804		50,804
Unassigned:	7,4	474,727			-		-		7,474,727
Total fund balances	7,5	556,522	1,744,129		2,643,636		11,960,008		23,904,295
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 9,1	133,106	\$ 2,151,151	\$	2,661,150	\$	12,535,868		
Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:									
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, the	refore, are n	ot reported	d in the funds.						98,798,521
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures an	d, therefore	, are defer	red in the funds.						624,670
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the operation of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement			vidual funds. The a	assets a	and liabilities				2,025,494
The following items related to the net pension activity do not provide (use) curren in the funds.	nt resources	and, there	fore, are not report	ed					
Net pension asset									3,282,073
Deferred outflows after measurement date									1,340,056
Deferred inflows of assumed and actual investment earnings and City's proportion	nate share								(6,333,070)
Pension transition liability									(1,377,396)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the cur	rent period a	and theref	ore are not reported	l in the	funds.				
Long-term debi Interest payable									(8,366,811) (18,980)
Net position of governmental activities								¢	113,878,852
not position of governmental activities								¢	113,070,032

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Building Fund	Park Development Fund	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
REVENUES:	¢ 0.001.065	¢	¢	¢ 0.00 9 0 2	¢ 0.171.600
Property taxes	\$ 8,201,865	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 969,823	\$ 9,171,688
Franchise fees	2,213,242	-	-	-	2,213,242
Charges for service	414,390	-	-	375,801	790,191
Licenses and permits	555,309	1,145,031	867,282	2,286,394	4,854,016
Intergovernmental	2,559,328	-	975,059	1,607,484	5,141,871
Fines and forfeitures	1,359,978	-	-	-	1,359,978
Interest	41,572	10,959	10,566	75,783	138,880
Miscellaneous	119,418	38	600,000	39,013	758,469
Total revenues	15,465,102	1,156,028	2,452,907	5,354,298	24,428,335
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	6,038,947	-	-	50,276	6,089,223
Public safety	6,923,284	728,638	-	-	7,651,922
Highways and streets	1,089,249	-	-	1,159,874	2,249,123
Culture and recreation	3,936,035	-	-	-	3,936,035
Capital outlay	368,831	211,929	558,855	775,692	1,915,307
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	675,000	675,000
Interest	-			286,719	286,719
Total expenditures	18,356,346	940,567	558,855	2,947,561	22,803,329
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,891,244)	215,461	1,894,052	2,406,737	1,625,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	3,393,300	20,000	14,000	93,820	3,521,120
Transfers out	(14,000)	(289,190)	(25,970)	(1,260,760)	(1,589,920)
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,379,300	(269,190)	(11,970)	(1,166,940)	1,931,200
Net change in fund balances	488,056	(53,729)	1,882,082	1,239,797	3,556,206
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7,068,466	1,797,858	761,554	10,720,211	20,348,089
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 7,556,522	\$ 1,744,129	\$ 2,643,636	\$ 11,960,008	\$ 23,904,295

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances		\$ 3,556,206
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.		
Depreciation Capital asset additions	(4,823,952) 1,855,398	(2,968,554)
		(_,, _,, _ ,, _ ,,
Some revenue reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources in the governmental funds.		434,462
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest expense	69,630	
Amortization of transitional pension liability	40,065	
Pension expense	4,330,225	4 420 020
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the administrative services department to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental		4,439,920
activities.		474,667
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.		604.356
amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	•	007,000
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 6,541,057

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the genera public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent three segments of operations – Water, Sewer, and Storm Drain. Included in these segments are:

Water Operations

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of water facilities and services. The primary source of revenues consists of water sales and related charges.

Water Development Fund

The Water Development Fund accounts for system development fees charged on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansions of the water system.

Water Reservoir Fund

The Water Reservoir Fund accounts for the construction of a 5-million gallon A-2 Reservoir and to upgrade existing facilities

Enterprise Bond Fund

The Enterprise Bond Fund accounts for debt service financing for the water reservoir construction and other improvement to the water system.

Sewer Operations

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the City's sewer system. The primary source of revenue consists of charges for sewer services.

Sewer Development Fund

The Sewer Development Fund accounts for the system development fees on new construction. The proceeds are used to finance major expansion of the sewer system.

Storm Drain Operations

Storm Drain Fund

The Storm Drain Fund accounts for storm drain services for residents of the City. The principal revenue source is from user fees.

Storm Drain Development Fund

The Storm Drain Development Funds accounts for system development charges assessed to finance expansion of the storm water system

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, these aforementioned funds are consolidated and included as three separate Enterprises funds.

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement

Operations Fund

This Operations Fund accounts for the administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm, and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

	Bı	isiness-Type Activ	vities - Enterprise F	unds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Storm Drain Operations	Total	Operations Fund
ASSETS:					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,667,399	\$ 6,738,808	\$ 1,491,991	\$ 13,898,198	\$ 1,277,839
Accounts receivables, net	608,092	689,499	203,324	1,500,915	8,360
Inventories	37,207	606	-	37,813	-
Prepaid items	-			-	64,694
Total current assets	6,312,698	7,428,913	1,695,315	15,436,926	1,350,893
Noncurrent Assets					
Net pension asset	160,122	70,179	38,523	268,824	-
Capital assets, net	32,195,454	16,968,562	4,112,622	53,276,638	933,946
Total noncurrent assets	32,355,576	17,038,741	4,151,145	53,545,462	933,946
Total assets	38,668,274	24,467,654	5,846,460	68,982,388	2,284,839
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	245,876	-	-	245,876	-
. Deferred outflows of resources - pension	65,377	28,653	15,729	109,759	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	311,253	28,653	15,729	355,635	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Accounts payable	802,793	525,646	62,354	1,390,793	50,062
Accrued liabilities	002,775	525,040	02,334	1,550,755	143,837
Compensated absences	-	_	-	_	53,619
Retainage payable	40,265	9,969	-	50,234	11,827
Deposits payable	5,200	-	-	5,200	-
Accrued interest payable	12,555	-	-	12,555	-
Bonds payable - current	345,000	-	-	345,000	-
Unearned revenue	47,458	-	70,512	117,970	-
Total current liabilities	1,253,271	535,615	132,866	1,921,752	259,345
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Bonds Payable	4,664,994	-	-	4,664,994	-
Pension transition liability	67,194	29,446	16,169	112,809	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,732,188	29,446	16,169	4,777,803	-
Total liabilities	5,985,459	565,061	149,035	6,699,555	259,345
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources - pension	308,971	135,417	74,334	518,722	
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	27,145,195	16,958,593	4,112,622	48,216,410	922,119
Restricted for:					
Capital improvements	702,809	3,887,057	452,919	5,042,785	-
Unrestricted	4,837,093	2,950,179	1,073,279	8,860,551	1,103,375
Total net position	\$ 32,685,097	\$ 23,795,829	\$ 5,638,820	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 2,025,494

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bus	siness-Type Activi	ties - Enterprise F	unds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Storm Drain Operations	Total	Operations Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 6,116,285	\$ 7,771,356	\$ 2,320,189	\$16,207,830	\$ 2,452,570
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-	3,179
Miscellaneous	15,580	-	400	15,980	26,301
Total operating revenues	6,131,865	7,771,356	2,320,589	16,223,810	2,482,050
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personal services	-	-	-	-	1,481,845
Materials and services	3,913,677	6,831,502	1,273,698	12,018,877	948,267
Depreciation	934,241	560,582	175,982	1,670,805	56,998
Total operating expenses	4,847,918	7,392,084	1,449,680	13,689,682	2,487,110
Operating income (loss)	1,283,947	379,272	870,909	2,534,128	(5,060)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Interest income	32,467	34,324	6,628	73,419	5,974
Interest expense	(125,779)			(125,779)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(93,312)	34,324	6,628	(52,360)	5,974
Net income (loss) before operating transfers	1,190,635	413,596	877,537	2,481,768	914
OPERATING TRANSFERS:					
Transfers in (out)	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
Net income (loss) before contributions	266,345	(486,484)	384,967	164,828	386,654
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:					
Capital contributions	172,076	185,475	469,913	827,464	
Change in net position	438,421	(301,009)	854,880	992,292	386,654
NET POSITION - beginning	32,610,554	24,256,316	4,871,487	61,738,357	1,638,840
RESTATEMENT (see note)	(363,878)	(159,478)	(87,547)	(610,903)	
NET POSITION - beginning, restated	32,246,676	24,096,838	4,783,940	61,127,454	1,638,840
NET POSITION - ending	\$ 32,685,097	\$ 23,795,829	\$ 5,638,820	\$ 62,119,746	\$ 2,025,494

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Funds	Governmental Activities
	Water Operations	Sewer Operations	Storm Drain Operations	Total	Operations Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers	\$ 6,108,517	\$ 7,684,215	\$ 2,289,012	\$ 16,081,744	\$ 2,409,499
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries/benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others	(3,488,665)	(6,925,681)	(1,374,091)	(11,788,437)	(1,491,334) (934,506)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,619,852	758,534	914,921	4,293,307	(16,341)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Transfers in (out)	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(924,290)	(900,080)	(492,570)	(2,316,940)	385,740
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of capital assets Debt principal payments Interest paid	(1,692,065) (55,006) (131,138)	- - -	(59,030) - -	(1,751,095) (55,006) (131,138)	(61,689) - -
Deferred charge on refunding	(245,876)			(245,876)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,124,085)		(59,030)	(2,183,115)	(61,689)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	32,467	34,324	6,628	73,419	5,974
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	32,467	34,324	6,628	73,419	5,974
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(396,056)	(107,222)	369,949	(133,329)	313,684
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	6,063,455	6,846,030	1,122,042	14,031,527	964,155
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 5,667,399	\$ 6,738,808	\$ 1,491,991	\$ 13,898,198	\$ 1,277,839
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating Income Adjustments	\$ 1,283,947	\$ 379,272	\$ 870,909	\$ 2,534,128	\$ (5,060)
Depreciation Pension expense (income) Decrease (increase) in:	934,241 (213,212)	560,582 (93,448)	175,982 (51,295)	1,670,805 (357,955)	56,998 -
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Inventories	(37,084) - 5,768	(87,141) - (56)	(31,577)	(155,802) - 5,712	(7,857) (64,694) -
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Deposits Deferred revenue Accrued compensated absences	632,456 3,680 10,056	(675) - -	(49,098) - -	582,683 3,680 10,056	13,761 - - (9,489)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,619,852	\$ 758,534	\$ 914,921	\$ 4,293,307	\$ (16,341)
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Contributions of capital assets	\$ 172,076	\$ 185,476	\$ 469,913	\$ 827,465	\$ -
Total non-cash capital financing activities	\$ 172,076	\$ 185,476	\$ 469,913	\$ 827,465	\$ -

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected seven-member council. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the government and its component unit (Tualatin Development Commission).

<u>Tualatin Development Commission</u> – The Commission was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Tualatin. Pursuant to ORS 457.055, the City Council has been appointed governing body of the Commission. The Commission's funds are reported as governmental fund types.

Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Tualatin Development Commission has a June 30 year-end. The Tualatin Development Commission is governed by the City Council of the City of Tualatin. Complete financial statements for Tualatin Development Commission can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City, 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon 97062.

B. Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the City, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. *Program revenues* include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

These statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. Non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds for 2015:

General FundBuilding FundPark Development Fund

The City reports each of its three proprietary funds as major funds. These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent three segments of operations – Water, Wastewater, and Storm Drain. The City reports the following proprietary funds:

Water Operations
Wastewater Operations
Storm Drain Operations

The City's Internal Service Fund accounts for administrative and maintenance functions for the water, sewer, storm, and street systems on a cost reimbursement basis.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *full accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, long-term compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Unavailable revenue arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to financial operation of the current period. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable revenue is eliminated. Note that unavailable revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and bases of accounting, such as when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expended to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenditures affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized, thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods

in connection with a proprietary fund's principle ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the City's Water, Wastewater, and Storm Drain Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. These funds also recognize fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the City's utility systems as operating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overheads, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

E. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The City invests in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, which is authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Interest earned from pooled investments is allocated based on a fund's portion of the total investment balance. The City maintains depository insurance under Federal depository insurance funds and state and financial institution collateral pools for its cash deposits and investments, except the Local Government Investment Pool, which is exempt from statutes requiring such insurance.

F. Receivables

Uncollected property taxes receivable collected within sixty days following year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenues. All other uncollected property taxes receivable are offset by deferred revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Assessments receivable expected to be collected within sixty days following year end and are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue.

Receivables for grants and state shared revenues, included in accounts receivable are recorded as revenues in governmental fund types as earned. Receivables of the proprietary fund types are recorded as revenues as earned, including services earned but not billed.

G. Interfund Loans Receivables/Payables

Short-term interfund loans are classified as "due to and due from other funds". Long-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loan receivable" and "interfund loan payable".

H. Inventories

Inventories for governmental fund types are stated at cost (average cost basis) and are charged to expenditures as they are used. Inventories in the enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost (average cost basis) or market value and are charged to expenses as they are used, consistent with the consumption method.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the time received.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2015.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements	10-50
Infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles	5-10
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Utility Systems	25-50

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resource

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of

resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

L. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vested vacation pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, accumulated vested vacation pay is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fundlevel and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences included the general fund, building fund, and the operations fund.

M. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represent net position restricted by parties outside of the City (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets. The nonexpendable portion of permanent funds is reported as a component of restricted net position. The City's other restricted net position is temporarily restricted (ultimately expendable) assets. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

N. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable – Includes amounts not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes amounts that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by enabling legislation.

Committed – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the City Council which is the City's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the constraint by similar council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposed by council action who authorizes, by resolution, the City Manager or Finance Director to assign fund balance. Assigned fund balance is also established by the Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category.

Use of restricted resources, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the City's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

O. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015 investments included in cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Weighted	
	Average	Fair
	Maturity (Years)	Value
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local		
Government Investment Pool	0.00	\$ 39,913,035

A. Interest rate risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Currently, the City maintains excess cash in the Local Government Investment Pool.

B. Credit risk

State statutes authorize the City of Tualatin to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated.

The City's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

C. Concentration of credit risk

All investments of the City shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus finds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

D. Custodial credit risk – deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all deposit accounts at each financial institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are considered fully collateralized. As of June 30, 2015, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Property Taxes and Assessments Receivable

Property taxes receivable, which have been collected within sixty days subsequent to year end, are considered measurable and available and are therefore recognized as revenue.

All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows and, accordingly, have not been recorded as revenue. Real and personal property taxes are levied as of July 1 of each fiscal year on values assessed as of that date. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on both real and personal property as of July 1 and are due and payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. All property taxes are billed and collected by Clackamas and Washington Counties and remitted to the City.

Assessments receivable are amounts billed to property owners upon completion of the benefiting project.

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

4. Capital Assets

Highways and streets

Culture and recreation

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance			Ending Balance
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 13,801,291	\$ 20,000	\$ -	\$ 13,821,291
Construction in Progress	3,547,176	1,654,275	(2,792,304)	2,409,147
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	17,348,467	1,674,275	(2,792,304)	16,230,438
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	131,658,134	3,135,414	-	134,793,548
Buildings	19,971,431	166,472	-	20,137,903
Machinery & Equipment	3,631,480	216,140	(65,849)	3,781,771
Total capital assets, depreciable	155,261,045	3,518,026	(65,849)	158,713,222
Total	172,609,512	5,192,301	(2,858,153)	174,943,660
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements & Infrastructure	(61,506,187)	(3,928,685)	-	(65,434,872)
Buildings	(6,277,494)	(660,310)	-	(6,937,804)
Machinery & Equipment	(2,612,412)	(291,954)	65,849	(2,838,517)
Total accumulated depreciation	(70,396,093)	(4,880,949)	65,849	(75,211,193)
Net depreciable capital assets	84,864,952	(1,362,923)		83,502,029
Net capital assets	\$ 102,213,419	\$ 311,352	\$ (2,792,304)	\$ 99,732,467
Governmental activities: General government Public safety		Depreciation 1,103,817 244,891		

2,757,278

774,963

4,880,949

Business-type activities totals	Beginning Balance	Additions Deletions		0 0		Ending Balance
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:						
Land	\$ 880,144	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 880,144		
Construction in Progress	942,546	1,783,706	(1,309,590)	1,416,662		
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	1,822,690	1,783,706	(1,309,590)	2,296,806		
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Improvements & Infrastructure	77,098,399	2,104,443	-	79,202,842		
Buildings	367,755	-	-	367,755		
Machinery & Equipment	1,082,799	-	-	1,082,799		
	-	-	-	-		
Total capital assets, depreciable	78,548,953	2,104,443	-	80,653,396		
Total	80,371,643	3,888,149	(1,309,590)	82,950,202		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements & Infrastructure	(26,873,001)	(1,633,665)	-	(28,506,666)		
Buildings	(342,083)	(1,692)	-	(343,775)		
Machinery & Equipment	(787,675)	(35,448)	-	(823,123)		
	-	-		-		
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,002,759)	(1,670,805)	-	(29,673,564)		
Net depreciable capital assets	50,546,195	433,638		50,979,833		
Net capital assets	\$ 52,368,884	\$ 2,217,344	\$ (1,309,590)	\$ 53,276,638		
Business-type activities:			Depreciation			
Water			934,241			
Sewer			560,582			
Stormwater			175,982			
Total depreciation expense - busines	s-type activities		1,670,805			

5. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Interfund Transfers

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 3,393,300	\$ 14,000
Building Fund	20,000	289,190
Total Major Governmental Funds	3,413,300	303,190
Non-major Governmental Funds		
Operations Fund	2,838,310	-
Road Utility Fee Fund	-	343,270
Road Gas Tax Fund	93,820	759,300
Core Area Parking District Fund	-	23,470
Park Development Fund	14,000	25,970
Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund	-	80,180
Leveton Project Fund	-	54,540
Total Non-major Governmental Funds	2,946,130	1,286,730
Proprietary Funds		
Water Fund	450,000	2,846,350
Water Development Fund	-	452,560
Enterprise Bond Fund	517,050	-
Sewer Fund	-	1,331,660
Sewer Development Fund	-	9,770
Storm Drain Fund	-	1,096,220
Total Proprietary Funds	967,050	5,736,560
Total Government Wide	\$ 7,326,480	\$ 7,326,480

Interfund transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, contribute to the cost of capital projects and provide operational resources.

6. Long Term Debt Obligations

In the following paragraphs, long-term debt information is presented separately with respect to governmental and business-type activities. The following table presents current year changes in those obligations and the current portions due for each issue. For the governmental activities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. As compensated absences are due and payable on demand, they are considered due within one year.

	Beginning balance as of July 1, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Ending balance as of June 30, 2015	Due within one year
Governmental activities: General Obligation bonds Series 2008, Police Refunding, interest at 3.75-5.0%, original issue of \$2,575,000, due 2018	\$ 1,650,000	\$-	\$ (305,000)	\$ 1,345,000	\$ 310,000
Series 2005, Parks Improvement, interest at 2.5- 4.125%, original issue of \$3,785,000, due 2025 Series 2006, Library Improvement, interest at 3.75- 4.25%, original issue of \$4,225,000, due 2027	2,455,000 3,250,000	-	(180,000) (190,000)	2,275,000 3,060,000	190,000 200,000
Full Faith and Credit obligations Series 2013, Operations Warehouse, interest at 3.0%, original issue of \$1,100,000, due 2024	1,100,000		(88,012)	1,011,988	99,597
Long-term bonded debt obligations Compensated absences	8,455,000 667,288	- 442,379	(763,012) (381,225)	7,691,988 728,442	799,597 728,442
Total governmental activities	\$ 9,122,288	\$ 442,379	\$ (1,144,237)	\$ 8,420,430	\$ 1,528,039
Business-type activities: Revenue Bonds Series 2005 Water Revenue, interest at 3.75-4.5% original issue of \$7,305,000, due 2025	\$ 5,065,000	\$-	\$ (4,720,000)	\$ 345,000	\$ 345,000
Full Faith and Credit Obligations Series 2014, Full Faith and Credit Refunding, interest at 2.0-4.0%, original issue of \$4,300,000, due 2025 Plus: Bond issuance premium Total business-type activities	\$ 5,065,000	4,300,000 445,494 \$ 4,745,494	(40,000) (40,499) \$ (4,800,499)	4,260,000 404,995 \$5,009,995	\$ 345,000
Total long-term debt obligations General Obligation bonds Full Faith and Credit obligations Revenue bonds Plus: Bond issuance premium	\$ 7,355,000 1,100,000 5,065,000 -	\$ 4,300,000 <u>445,494</u>	\$ (675,000) (128,012) (4,720,000) (40,499)	\$ 6,680,000 5,271,988 345,000 404,995	\$ 700,000 99,597 345,000
Long-term bonded debt obligations Compensated absences	13,520,000 667,288	4,745,494 442,379	(5,563,511) (381,225)	12,701,983 728,442	1,144,597 728,442
Total long-term debt obligations	\$14,187,288	\$5,187,873	(\$5,944,736)	\$13,430,425	\$1,873,039

Future Principal and Interest. Future maturities of bond principal and interest at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	vities	Total				
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2016	\$	799,597	\$	289,352	\$	345,000	\$	157,550	\$	1,144,597	\$	446,902
2017		837,572		257,165		360,000		147,050		1,197,572		404,215
2018		870,793		222,225		370,000		137,900		1,240,793		360,125
2019		909,035		184,708		380,000		126,650		1,289,035		311,358
2020		567,377		154,923		395,000		113,050		962,377		267,973
2021-2025		3,082,614		428,676		2,250,000		308,150		5,332,614		736,826
2026-2027		625,000		25,300		505,000		7,575		1,130,000		32,875
	\$	7,691,988	\$	1,562,349	\$	4,605,000	\$	997,925	\$	12,296,988	\$	2,560,274

Advance Refunding

The City issued \$4,300,0000 in full faith and credit bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.0%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$4,390,000 of outstanding Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.5%. The net proceeds of \$4,707,821 (including a premium of \$445,494 and after payment of \$37,673 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, the Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$270,463. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt. The City advance refunded the Series 2005 Water Revenue Bonds to reduce is total debt service payments over 11 years by \$374,583 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$332,321.

7. <u>Pension Plan</u>

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

Benefits provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee

benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes

After Retirement Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final

average salary. Normal retirement age for police members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2011 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by 2013 legislated changes in benefit provisions. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2013. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$1,439,922, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 were 16.92 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 16.92 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police, 12.11 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 14.84 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police Members, and 6 percent for OPSRP Individual Account Program.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reported an asset of \$3,550,897 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2012 rolled forward to June 30, 2014. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the City's proportion was 0.1567 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City's recognized pension income of \$4,684,899. At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$ -	\$ -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	6,851,792
Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions	9,894	-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,439,922	
Total	\$ 1,449,816	\$ 6,851,792

\$1,439,922 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	_	
2016	\$	(1,710,797)
2017		(1,710,797)
2018		(1,710,797)
2019		(1,710,797)
2020		1,290
Thereafter		-

Actuarial assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2012 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2012 rolled forward to June
	30, 2014
Experience Study Report	2012, published September 18, 2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Amortized as a level percentage of payroll
	as layered amortization bases over a closed
	period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized
	over 20 years and OPSRP pension UAL is
	amortized over 16 years.
Asset Valuation Method	Market value of assets
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent overall payroll growth
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: PF-2000
	Sex-distinct, generational per Scale AA,
	with collar adjustments and set-backs as
	described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage of the RP-2000 statistic
	combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2012 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2012.

Long-term expected rate of return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was

invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		Compounded Annual Return
Asset Class	Target Allocation	(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.70%
Intermediate -Term Bonds	3.00%	4.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.80%	6.66%
Large Cap US Equities	11.65%	7.20%
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88%	7.30%
Small Cap US Equities	2.27%	7.45%
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21%	6.90%
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49%	7.40%
Private Equities	20.00%	8.26%
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00%	6.01%
Real Estate (Property)	13.75%	6.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.76%
Commodities	1.25%	6.07%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.75%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75

percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	1% De	1% Decrease (6.75%)		nt Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)		
City's proportionate share of the							
net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,519,517	\$	(3,550,897)	\$	(12,913,870)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

The Oregon Supreme Court on April 30, 2015, ruled that the provisions of Senate Bill 861, signed into law in October 2013, that limited the post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law was unconstitutional. Benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results in a 2% increase annually. OPERS will make restoration payments to those benefit recipients.

OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective dates of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire.

This is a change in benefit terms subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2014, and has not been included in the net pension liability (asset) proportionate shares provided by OPERS.

8. <u>Retirement Health Insurance Account</u>

Plan Description. As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy. Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if

the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a OPERS-sponsored health plan. An eligible surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree may receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991. Participating cities are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, currently 0.59 percent of annual covered payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2, and 0.49 percent for OPSRP. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rate based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employers, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

9. <u>New Accounting Pronouncement – GASB Statement No. 68 and 71</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. GASB Statement No. 71 addresses an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 in the year ending June 30, 2015. Additional information can be found in Note 7 - Pension Plan and Note 10 - Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Restatement.

10. <u>Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Restatement</u>

Based on implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 and 71, the City restated the beginning net position for the Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities.

Additionally, subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2014, the City corrected an error related to its accounting for a transitional liability. This transitional liability is associated with the OPERS plan and principal repayment is funded through an adder to the pension rates paid by the City to OPERS. This information came to management's attention during the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. A transitional liability of \$1,533,552 is included as part of the cumulative effect of restatement and decrease in beginning unrestricted position as of July 1, 2014.

Governmental **Business-Type** Activities Activities Total Net position - beginning (as originally reported) \$ 114,796,422 \$ 61,738,357 \$ 176,534,779 Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (6,041,166)(494, 812)(6,535,978) Cumulative effect of prior period correction (1,417,461) (116,091) (1,533,552)\$ 107,337,795 61,127,454 168,465,249 Net position - beginning (as restated) \$ \$

Net position has been restated as follows:

11. Risk Management

The City is subject to the ordinary risks of loss to which similar entities are exposed. These risks are handled through the purchase of commercial insurance and participation in a worker's compensation self-insurance pool and a property/liability self-insurance pool. These pools are administered by the City/County Insurance Service Trust (CCIS). The City has no significant claims against it that are in excess of its coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City pays an annual premium to CCIS for its insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and pool, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to approximately 20% of its initial premium or the City may receive a refund. The City has never had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy.

12. Contingencies and Commitments

Management of the City believes that total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against the City beyond that, which is covered by insurance, would not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

Federal and state grants are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and any adjustments may become a liability of the appropriate fund. Management believes that adjustments, if any, will not materially affect the City's financial position.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Building Fund
- Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) / Liability
- Schedule of City Pension Plan Contributions

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	ldget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:	0				
Property taxes	\$ 7,963,655	\$ 7,963,655	\$ 8,201,865	\$ 238,210	
Franchise fees	2,144,400	2,144,400	2,213,242	68,842	
Charges for service	481,900	481,900	555,309	73,409	
Licenses and permits	277,800	277,800	414,390	136,590	
Intergovernmental	2,710,070	2,710,070	2,559,328	(150,742)	
Fines and forfeitures	1,373,500	1,373,500	1,359,978	(13,522)	
Interest	40,000	40,000	41,572	1,572	
Miscellaneous	93,000	93,000	119,418	26,418	
Total revenues	15,084,325	15,084,325	15,465,102	380,777	
EXPENDITURES:					
City Council	179,295	179,295	129,934	49,361	
Administration	910,265	910,265	928,639	(18,374)	
Finance	904,955	904,955	899,028	5,927	
Municipal Court	362,815	362,815	340,184	22,631	
Legal	255,505	255,505	236,550	18,955	
Information Services	1,167,955	1,187,955	1,187,678	277	
Planning	940,145	940,145	872,263	67,882	
Engineering	1,166,915	1,166,915	1,089,249	77,666	
Police	6,840,025	6,840,025	6,733,709	106,316	
Community Services - Admin	965,480	965,480	934,130	31,350	
Community Services - Library	1,814,755	1,814,755	1,792,066	22,689	
Fleet Maintenance	477,665	477,665	417,838	59,827	
Building Maintenance	779,535	779,535	775,082	4,453	
Parks Maintenance	1,295,235	1,295,235	1,237,525	57,710	
Nondepartmental	, ,	, ,	, - · ,	- , ,	
General Services	857,800	857,800	782,471	75,329	
Contingency	2,823,050	2,803,050		2,803,050	
	21 741 205	01 741 205	10.256.246	2 205 040	
Total expenditures	21,741,395	21,741,395	18,356,346	3,385,049	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,657,070)	(6,657,070)	(2,891,244)	3,765,826	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	3,393,300	3,393,300	3,393,300	-	
Transfers out	(14,000)	(14,000)	(14,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,379,300	3,379,300	3,379,300	-	
Net changes in fund balance	(3,277,770)	(3,277,770)	488,056	3,765,826	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	6,410,000	6,410,000	7,068,466	658,466	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 3,132,230	\$ 3,132,230	\$ 7,556,522	\$ 4,424,292	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:									
Charges for service	\$	100	\$	100	\$	-	\$	(100)	
Licenses and permits		894,000		894,000		1,145,031		251,031	
Interest		8,000		8,000		10,959		2,959	
Miscellaneous		200		200		38		(162)	
Total revenues		902,300		902,300		1,156,028		253,728	
EXPENDITURES:									
Personal Services		677,655		677,655		635,824		41,831	
Materials and service		89,030		89,030		92,814		(3,784)	
Capital outlay		190,760		190,760		211,929		(21,169)	
Contingency		187,000		187,000		-		187,000	
Total expenditures		1,144,445		1,144,445		940,567		203,878	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(242,145)		(242,145)		215,461		457,606	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		20,000		20,000		20,000		-	
Transfers out		(289,190)		(289,190)		(289,190)		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(269,190)		(269,190)		(269,190)			
Net changes in fund balance		(511,335)		(511,335)		(53,729)		457,606	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,299,010		1,299,010		1,797,858		498,848	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	787,675	\$	787,675	\$	1,744,129	\$	956,454	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET) / LIABILITY For the Last Two Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	oft	(b) City's ortionate share he net pension bility (asset)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2015 2014	0.15665389% 0.15665389%	\$	(3,550,897) 7,994,278	\$ 10,850,834 10,217,980	-32.72% 78.24%	103.60% 91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS For the Last Two Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Statutorily required ontribution	rel statu	(b) ntributions in ation to the torily required ontribution	Con def	(a-b) tribution ficiency xcess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2015 2014	\$ 1,439,922 1,458,300	\$	1,439,922 1,458,300	\$	-	\$ 10,850,834 10,217,980	13.27% 14.27%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2015

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

On or before June 30 of each year, the City enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. The City's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis as GAAP.

Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee. The budget committee presents the budget to the City Council for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution. The City budgets all funds as required by Oregon Local Budget Law.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the legal level of control by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department as established by the resolution are the legal level of control for the General Fund. Expenditure categories of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service transfers, and contingency are the legal level of control for all other funds. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and adoption by the City Council. Management may modify original and supplemental budgets by the use of appropriation transfers between the legal levels of control within a fund. Such transfers require approval by the City Council. Management may not amend the budget without seeking the approval of the Council. The City had appropriation transfers during the year-ended June 30, 2015. Appropriations lapse as of year-end.

Fund	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure
General fund	Administration	\$18,374
Building fund	Materials & services	3,784
Building fund	Capital outlay	\$21,169
Water fund	Materials & services	\$78,006
Enterprise bond fund	Materials & services	\$43,998
Sewer development fund	Materials & services	\$ 108,270

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Changes in Plan Provisions

A summary of key changes in plan provisions are described in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's GASB 68 Disclosure Information which can be found at: <u>http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/docs/er_general_information/opers_gasb_68_disclosure_information_revised.pdf</u>

CITY OF TUALATIN NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2015

Changes of assumptions

A summary of key changes implemented since the December 31, 2011 valuation are described in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's GASB 68 Disclosure Information which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/docs/er_general_information/opers_gasb_68_disclosure_i

Additional details and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2012 Experience Study for the System, which was published on September 18, 2013, and can be found at: <u>http://www.oregon.gov/pers/docs/2012%20Exp%20Study%20Updated.pdf</u>

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other Major Fund:
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Fund
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Internal Service Fund
- Other Financial Schedules

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Road Utility Fee Fund

The Road Utility Fee Fund accounts for road utility fees from the property located within the City and business owners to maintain pavement maintenance and street lighting.

Road Gas Tax Fund

The Road Gas Tax Fund accounts for gas taxes received from the State of Oregon and Washington County for the operation and maintenance of the street system, traffic signals, bike paths and landscaping of roadside areas.

Core Area Parking District Fund

The Core Area Parking District Fund accounts for parking fees from the property located within the City and business owners to develop additional downtown parking areas and maintain existing parking areas.

Tualatin Scholarship Fund

The Tualatin Science and Technology Scholarship Fund accounts for scholarship awards.

Road Development Fund

The Road Development Fund accounts for funds received from system development charges and restricted for system improvements.

Economic Development Administration Fund

The Urban Redevelopment Administration Fund accounts for the general operations of the City's Urban Renewal Agency, a component unit of the City of Tualatin.

Transportation Development Tax Fund

The Transportation Development Tax Fund accounts for the collection and use of the transportation development tax.

Debt Service Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

General Obligation Bond Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds. Resources are provided by property taxes.

Bancroft Bond Fund

The Bancroft Bonded Debt Fund accounts for the collection of special assessments and the payment of debt principal and interest on special assessment bonded debt.

Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund

The Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund accounts for property taxes collected by the Central Urban Renewal district for payment of bond principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. Funds included in this category are:

Local Improvement District Fund

The Local Improvement District Fund accounts for improvements made to properties that will be assessed to property owners.

Parks Improvement Fund

The Parks Improvement Fund accounts for improvements to City parks not funded by system development charges.

Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund

The Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund accounts for resources provided from the sale of tax increment bonds and interest earnings used for construction with the Urban Renewal Agency's boundary.

Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund accounts for the proceeds of tax or construction increment bonds which are used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets with the urban renewal district.

Operations Warehouse Project Fund

The Operations Warehouse Project Fund accounts for the resources provided and used for the operations warehouse building. Resources are provided by other City Funds.

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Buc	lget			Va	ariance with
	(Driginal	0	Final	Actual	Fi	inal Budget
REVENUES:							
Licenses and permits	\$	20,570	\$	20,570	\$ 867,282	\$	846,712
Intergovernmental		221,860		221,860	975,059		753,199
Interest		2,000		2,000	10,566		8,566
Miscellaneous		-		-	 600,000		600,000
Total revenues		244,430		244,430	 2,452,907		2,208,477
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and service		21,000		21,000	-		21,000
Capital outlay		956,130		956,130	 558,855		397,275
Total expenditures		977,130		977,130	 558,855		418,275
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(732,700)		(732,700)	1,894,052		2,626,752
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		14,000		14,000	14,000		-
Transfers out		(25,970)		(25,970)	 (25,970)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,970)		(11,970)	 (11,970)		
Net changes in fund balance		(744,670)		(744,670)	1,882,082		2,626,752
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		744,670		744,670	 761,554		16,884
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 2,643,636	\$	2,643,636

	Total Nonmajor ecial Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		Total Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	 Total
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,023,308	\$	339,355	\$ 4,733,077	\$ 12,095,740
Due from other governments	-		-	-	-
Accounts receivable	353,444		2,772	-	356,216
Property taxes receivable Due from other funds	-		43,716	4,032	43,716 4,032
Inventories	36,164		-	4,032	4,032 36,164
mventories	 50,104			 	 50,104
Total assets	\$ 7,412,916	\$	385,843	\$ 4,737,109	\$ 12,535,868
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$ 89,516	\$	60,000	\$ 59,623	\$ 209,139
Deposits	55,324		-	-	55,324
Due to other funds	360		-	555	915
Retainage payable	3,231		-	-	3,231
Unearned revenue	 20,000		-	 -	 20,000
Total liabilities	 168,431		60,000	 60,178	 288,609
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue	_		39,898	_	39,898
Unavailable revenue - assessments	247,353		-	_	247,353
	 ,				 ·
Total deferred inflows of resources	 247,353		39,898	 	 287,251
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory Restricted for:	36,164		-	-	36,164
Street and roadside maintenance	1,040,146				1,040,146
Debt service payments	1,040,140		285,945	-	285,945
Capital projects	_			602,731	602,731
Transportation	5,439,306		-		5,439,306
Urban renewal projects	230,245		-	4,074,200	4,304,445
Committed to:					
Pavement maintenance and street lighting	54,279		-	-	54,279
Parking maintenance	146,188		-	-	146,188
Assigned to:					
Scholarships	 50,804		-	 -	 50,804
Total fund balances	 6,997,132		285,945	 4,676,931	 11,960,008
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and fund balances	\$ 7,412,916	\$	385,843	\$ 4,737,109	\$ 12,535,868

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total
REVENUES:	.		^	
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 969,823	\$ -	\$ 969,823
Charges for service	375,801	-	-	375,801
Licenses and permits	2,286,394	-	-	2,286,394
Intergovernmental	1,607,378	106	-	1,607,484
Interest	47,125	1,583	27,075	75,783
Miscellaneous	38,102	911		39,013
Total revenues	4,354,800	972,423	27,075	5,354,298
EXPENDITURES:				
General government	50,276	-	-	50,276
Highways and streets	1,159,874	-	-	1,159,874
Capital outlay	70,716	-	704,976	775,692
Debt service:				
Principal	-	675,000	-	675,000
Interest		286,719		286,719
Total expenditures	1,280,866	961,719	704,976	2,947,561
Revenues over (under) expenditures	3,073,934	10,704	(677,901)	2,406,737
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	93,820	-	-	93,820
Transfers out	(1,126,040)		(134,720)	(1,260,760)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,032,220)		(134,720)	(1,166,940)
Net change in fund balances	2,041,714	10,704	(812,621)	1,239,797
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	4,955,418	275,241	5,489,552	10,720,211
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 6,997,132	\$ 285,945	\$ 4,676,931	\$ 11,960,008

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

	Road	Utility Fee Fund	Ro	oad Gas Tax Fund	Core Area king District Fund	Sc	Tualatin holarship Fund	D	Road evelopment Fund	De	Economic evelopment ministration Fund	ransportation relopment Tax Fund	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories	\$	2,787 96,723	\$	1,132,669 9,368 36,164	\$ 146,265	\$	50,804	\$	1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,352,939 247,353	\$ 7,023,308 353,444 36,164
Total assets	\$	99,510	\$	1,178,201	\$ 146,265	\$	50,804	\$	1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,600,292	\$ 7,412,916
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and other current liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Retainage payable Unearned revenue	\$	43,236	\$	45,028 36,863 20,000	\$ 77 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	18,461 - 1,236	\$	1,175 - 360 -	\$ - - - -	\$ 89,516 55,324 360 3,231 20,000
Total liabilities		45,231		101,891	 77		<u> </u>		19,697		1,535	 	 168,431
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue - assessments					 							 247,353	 247,353
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-	 -		-				-	 247,353	 247,353
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable: Inventory Restricted for:		-		36,164	-		-		-		-	-	36,164
Street and roadside maintenance Transportation Urban renewal projects Committed to:		-		1,040,146 - -	-		- -		1,086,367		230,245	4,352,939	1,040,146 5,439,306 230,245
Pavement maintenance and street lighting Parking maintenance Assigned to:		54,279		-	146,188		-		-		-	-	54,279 146,188
Scholarships					 -		50,804					 	 50,804
Total fund balances		54,279		1,076,310	 146,188		50,804		1,086,367		230,245	 4,352,939	 6,997,132
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	99,510	\$	1,178,201	\$ 146,265	\$	50,804	\$	1,106,064	\$	231,780	\$ 4,600,292	\$ 7,412,916

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Utility Fee Fund	Road Gas Tax Fund	Core Area Parking District Fund	Tualatin Scholarship Fund	Road Development Fund	Economic Development Administration Fund	Transportation Development Tax Fund	Total
REVENUES: Charges for service Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 326,712 674,296 - -	\$	\$ 49,089 - - 699	\$	\$	\$ 1,282	\$ 1,609,022 34,630 18,140	\$ 375,801 2,286,394 1,607,378 47,125 38,102
Total revenues	 1,001,008	1,631,410	49,788	257	9,263	1,282	1,661,792	4,354,800
EXPENDITURES: General government Highways and streets Capital outlay Total expenditures	 764,816	395,058 70,716 465,774	14,810 	- - - -	- - - -	35,466	- - - -	50,276 1,159,874 70,716 1,280,866
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 236,192	1,165,636	34,978	257	9,263	(34,184)	1,661,792	3,073,934
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	 (343,270)	93,820 (759,300)	(23,470)	-			-	93,820 (1,126,040)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (343,270)	(665,480)	(23,470)					(1,032,220)
Net change in fund balances	(107,078)	500,156	11,508	257	9,263	(34,184)	1,661,792	2,041,714
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 161,357	576,154	134,680	50,547	1,077,104	264,429	2,691,147	4,955,418
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 54,279	\$ 1,076,310	\$ 146,188	\$ 50,804	\$ 1,086,367	\$ 230,245	\$ 4,352,939	\$ 6,997,132

		General gation Bond Fund	Bar	ncroft Bond Fund	Rene	tral Urban wal District ond Fund		Total
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	98,406	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	339,355
Accounts receivable	Ŧ	2,772	+	-	Ŧ	-	+	2,772
Property taxes receivable		43,716		-		-		43,716
Total assets	\$	144,894	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	385,843
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,000	\$	60,000
Total liabilities						60,000		60,000
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property tax revenue		39,898		-		-		39,898
Total deferred outflows of resources		39,898						39,898
FUND BALANCES:								
Restricted for:								
Debt service payments		104,996		180,949		-	. <u> </u>	285,945
Total fund balances		104,996		180,949				285,945
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund								
balances	\$	144,894	\$	180,949	\$	60,000	\$	385,843

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Obligation Bond Fund			croft Bond Fund	Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund	 Total
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$	969,823	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 969,823
Intergovernmental		106		-	-	106
Interest		666		917	-	1,583
Miscellaneous		911		-		 911
Total revenues		971,506		917		 972,423
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal		675,000		-	-	675,000
Interest		286,719				 286,719
Total expenditures		961,719				 961,719
Revenues over (under) expenditures		9,787		917		 10,704
Net change in fund balances		9,787		917	-	10,704
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		95,209		180,032		 275,241
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	104,996	\$	180,949	\$	\$ 285,945

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2015

		Local provement strict Fund	Imp	Parks rovement Fund	-	ntral Urban Renewal District oject Fund	Incr	eveton Tax ement District roject Fund	W	perations /arehouse oject Fund		Total
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	476,943	\$	745	\$	166,952	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	¢	4,733,077
Due from other governments	φ	470,945	φ	- 145	φ	- 100,952	φ		φ	125,045	φ	4,755,077
Due from other funds		-				4,032		-		-		4,032
Total assets	\$	476,943	\$	745	\$	170,984	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	\$	4,737,109
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,547	\$	9,076	\$	-	\$	59,623
Due to other funds		-				555		-		-		555
Total liabilities		-				51,102		9,076		-		60,178
FUND BALANCES:												
Restricted for:		176 042		715						125.042		(0) 721
Capital projects Urban renewal projects		476,943		745		- 119,882		3,954,318		125,043		602,731 4,074,200
orban rene war projects						119,002		3,951,510				1,071,200
Total fund balances		476,943		745		119,882		3,954,318		125,043		4,676,931
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	476,943	\$	745	\$	170,984	\$	3,963,394	\$	125,043	\$	4,737,109

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Local provement strict Fund	Imp	Parks rovement Fund]	ntral Urban Renewal trict Project Fund	Incre	eveton Tax ement District roject Fund	Wareh	erations ouse Project Fund	 Total
REVENUES:										
Interest	\$ 2,416.00	\$	-	\$	3,323.00	\$	20,642.00	\$	694.00	\$ 27,075.00
Miscellaneous	 -		-		-		-		-	 -
Total revenues	 2,416		-		3,323		20,642		694	 27,075
EXPENDITURES:										
Capital outlay	 -		-		684,000		20,976		-	 704,976
Total expenditures	 		-		684,000		20,976		_	 704,976
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 2,416		-		(680,677)		(334)		694	 (677,901)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in										
Transfers out	-		-		- (80,180)		(54,540)		-	- (134,720)
Tansfels out					(00,100)		(34,340)			 (134,720)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-		(80,180)		(54,540)		-	 (134,720)
Net change in fund balances	2,416		-		(760,857)		(54,874)		694	(812,621)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	 474,527		745		880,739		4,009,192		124,349	 5,489,552
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 476,943	\$	745	\$	119,882	\$	3,954,318	\$	125,043	\$ 4,676,931

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison Schedules included the following:

- Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 - Road Utility Fee Fund
 - Road Gas Tax Fund
 - Core Area Parking District Fund
 - Tualatin Scholarship Fund
 - Road Development Fund
 - Economic Development Administration Fund
 - Transportation Development Tax Fund
- Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 - General Obligation Bond Fund
 - Bancroft Bond Fund
- Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
 - Local Improvement District Fund
 - Parks Improvement Fund
 - Infrastructure Reserve Fund
 - Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund
 - Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund
 - Operations Warehouse Project Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD UTILITY FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget			Var	iance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for service	\$ 328,680	\$	328,680	\$ 326,712	\$	(1,968)
Licenses and permits	656,755		656,755	674,296		17,541
Interest	 2,500		2,500	 -		(2,500)
Total revenues	 987,935		987,935	 1,001,008		13,073
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	 838,380		838,380	 764,816		73,564
Total expenditures	 838,380		838,380	 764,816		73,564
Revenues over (under) expenditures	149,555		149,555	236,192		86,637
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	 (343,270)		(343,270)	 (343,270)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (343,270)		(343,270)	 (343,270)		
Net changes in fund balance	(193,715)		(193,715)	(107,078)		86,637
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 223,090		223,090	 161,357		(61,733)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 29,375	\$	29,375	\$ 54,279	\$	24,904

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD GAS TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,607,170	\$ 1,607,170	\$ 1,607,378	\$ 208
Interest	4,000	4,000	4,532	532
Miscellaneous	36,865	36,865	19,500	(17,365)
Total revenues	1,648,035	1,648,035	1,631,410	(16,625)
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	549,500	549,500	395,058	154,442
Capital outlay	180,000	180,000	70,716	109,284
Contingency	196,320	196,320		196,320
Total expenditures	925,820	925,820	465,774	460,046
Revenues over (under) expenditures	722,215	722,215	1,165,636	443,421
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	93,820	93,820	93,820	-
Transfers out	(759,300)	(759,300)	(759,300)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(665,480)	(665,480)	(665,480)	
Net changes in fund balance	56,735	56,735	500,156	443,421
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	263,720	263,720	576,154	312,434
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 320,455	\$ 320,455	\$ 1,076,310	\$ 755,855

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CORE AREA PARKING DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Buc	lget			Variance with		
	(Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:								
Charges for service	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$ 49,089	\$	(911)	
Interest		1,000		1,000	 699		(301)	
Total revenues		51,000		51,000	 49,788		(1,212)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and service		24,160		24,160	14,810		9,350	
Contingency		10,000		10,000	 		10,000	
Total expenditures		34,160		34,160	 14,810		19,350	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		16,840		16,840	34,978		18,138	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(23,470)		(23,470)	 (23,470)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(23,470)		(23,470)	 (23,470)		-	
Net changes in fund balance		(6,630)		(6,630)	11,508		18,138	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		128,860		128,860	 134,680		5,820	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	122,230	\$	122,230	\$ 146,188	\$	23,958	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TUALATIN SCHOLARSHIP FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		lget			Variance with		
	 Driginal		Final	 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES: Interest	\$ 250	\$	250	\$ 257	\$	7	
Total revenues	 250		250	 257		7	
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and service	 400		400	 		400	
Total expenditures	400		400	 		400	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(150)		(150)	257		407	
Net changes in fund balance	(150)		(150)	257		407	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 50,635		50,635	 50,547		(88)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 50,485	\$	50,485	\$ 50,804	\$	319	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ROAD DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,076	\$ 3,076
Interest	3,000	3,000	5,725	2,725
Miscellaneous			462	462
Total revenues	3,000	3,000	9,263	6,263
EXPENDITURES:				
Contingency	602,925	602,925		602,925
Total expenditures	602,925	602,925		602,925
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(599,925)	(599,925)	9,263	609,188
Net changes in fund balance	(599,925)	(599,925)	9,263	609,188
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	599,925	599,925	1,077,104	477,179
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,086,367	\$ 1,086,367

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			lget				iance with
	(Original	Final		 Actual	Fir	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Interest	\$	875	\$	875	\$ 1,282	\$	407
Total revenues		875		875	 1,282		407
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and service		64,225		64,225	35,466		28,759
Contingency	1	78,275		78,275	 -		78,275
Total expenditures		142,500		142,500	 35,466		107,034
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(141,625)		(141,625)	(34,184)		107,441
Net changes in fund balance		(141,625)		(141,625)	(34,184)		107,441
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		141,625		141,625	 264,429		122,804
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 230,245	\$	230,245

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Buc	lget			Va	ariance with
		Original		Final	 Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES:							
Licenses and permits	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 1,609,022	\$	1,409,022
Interest		22,680		22,680	34,630		11,950
Miscellaneous				-	 18,140		18,140
Total revenues		222,680		222,680	 1,661,792		1,439,112
EXPENDITURES:							
Contingency		1,947,000		1,947,000	 -		1,947,000
Total expenditures		1,947,000		1,947,000	 		1,947,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,724,320)		(1,724,320)	1,661,792		3,386,112
Net changes in fund balance		(1,724,320)		(1,724,320)	1,661,792		3,386,112
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		1,724,320		1,724,320	 2,691,147		966,827
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 4,352,939	\$	4,352,939

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Buc	lget			Var	iance with
	(Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	al Budget
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$	950,000	\$	950,000	\$ 969,823	\$	19,823
Intergovernmental		-		-	106		106
Interest		1,000		1,000	666		(334)
Miscellaneous		-		-	 911		911
Total revenues		951,000		951,000	 971,506		20,506
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt service:							
Principal		675,000		675,000	675,000		-
Interest		286,725		286,725	286,719		6
Total expenditures		961,725		961,725	 961,719		6
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,725)		(10,725)	9,787		20,512
Net changes in fund balance		(10,725)		(10,725)	9,787		20,512
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		90,130		90,130	 95,209		5,079
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	79,405	\$	79,405	\$ 104,996	\$	25,591

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON BANCROFT BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

			lget			Variance with		
	0	riginal	Final		 Actual	Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Interest	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$ 917	\$	(83)	
Total revenues		1,000		1,000	 917		(83)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Total expenditures					 			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,000		1,000	917		(83)	
Net changes in fund balance		1,000		1,000	917		(83)	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		180,000		180,000	 180,032		32	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	181,000	\$	181,000	\$ 180,949	\$	(51)	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES:				U
Interest	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,700	\$ 2,416	\$ (284)
Total revenues	2,700	2,700	2,416	(284)
EXPENDITURES:				
Contingency	477,575	477,575		477,575
Total expenditures	477,575	477,575		477,575
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(474,875)	(474,875)	2,416	477,291
Net changes in fund balance	(474,875)	(474,875)	2,416	477,291
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	474,875	474,875	474,527	(348)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 476,943	\$ 476,943

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON PARKS IMPROVEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Original Final				A	ctual	Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES:		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		-				745		745
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	745	\$	745

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON CENTRAL URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Budget					Variance with		
	(Original	_	Final		Actual	Fir	al Budget	
REVENUES:									
Interest	\$	4,845	\$	4,845	\$	3,323	\$	(1,522)	
Total revenues		4,845		4,845		3,323		(1,522)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		450,000		684,180		684,000		180	
Contingency		369,520		135,340		-		135,340	
Total expenditures		819,520		819,520		684,000		135,520	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(814,675)		(814,675)		(680,677)		133,998	
Transfers out		(80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)			
Net changes in fund balance		(894,855)		(894,855)		(760,857)		133,998	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		894,855		894,855		880,739		(14,116)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$	119,882	\$	119,882	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON LEVETON TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget			Variance with		
	 Original		Final	 Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES:							
Interest	\$ 15,820	\$	15,820	\$ 20,642	\$	4,822	
Total revenues	 15,820		15,820	 20,642		4,822	
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	50,000		50,000	20,976		29,024	
Contingency	 16,365		16,365	 -		16,365	
Total expenditures	 66,365		66,365	 20,976		45,389	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(50,545)		(50,545)	(334)		50,211	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	 (54,540)		(54,540)	 (54,540)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (54,540)		(54,540)	 (54,540)		-	
Net changes in fund balance	(105,085)		(105,085)	(54,874)		50,211	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 3,140,680		3,140,680	 4,009,192		868,512	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 3,035,595	\$	3,035,595	\$ 3,954,318	\$	918,723	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON OPERATIONS WAREHOUSE PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Original Final					A	Variance with	
REVENUES:	(Driginal	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	694	\$	694
Total revenues						694		694
EXPENDITURES:								
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		694		694
Net changes in fund balance		_		-		694		694
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		-		-		124,349		124,349
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	125,043	\$	125,043

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Operations
 - Water Fund
 - Water Development Fund
 - Water Reservoir Fund
 - Enterprise Bond Fund
- Sewer Operations
 - Sewer Fund
 - Sewer Development Fund
- Storm Drain Operations
 - Storm Drain Fund
 - Storm Drain Development Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER OPERATIONS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Wate	r Fund	De	Water evelopment Fund	Re	Water eservoir Fund	Ente	erprise Bond Fund		otal Water
REVENUES:										
Charges for service	\$ 5,7	759,077	\$	357,208	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,116,285
Interest		27,552		3,935		-		980		32,467
Miscellaneous		15,580		-		-		-		15,580
Total revenues	5,8	302,209		361,143				980		6,164,332
EXPENDITURES:										
Materials and service	2,0)62,306		-		-		44,223		2,106,529
Capital outlay	2,1	174,856		130,000		-		-		2,304,856
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		370,000		370,000
Interest		-		-		-		147,050		147,050
Total expenditures	4,2	237,162		130,000				561,273		4,928,435
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,5	565,047		231,143		-		(560,293)		1,235,897
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	:									
Refunding bonds issued		-		-		-		4,300,000		4,300,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		-		-		445,494		445,494
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		-		(4,660,463)		(4,660,463)
Transfers in	4	450,000		-		-		517,050		967,050
Transfers out	(2,8	346,350)		(452,560)		-		-	<u> </u>	(3,298,910)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,3	396,350)		(452,560)				602,081		(2,246,829)
Net change in fund balances	(8	331,303)		(221,417)		-		41,788		(1,010,932)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	5 ()58,604		924,226		162		444,922		6,427,914
		50,004		724,220		102		,722		0,427,914
FUND BALANCES, ENDING										
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 4,2	227,301	\$	702,809	\$	162	\$	486,710	\$	5,416,982
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - Adjustment for net pension asset being ac Adjustment for pension related deferred o Adjustment for pension related deferred in Adjustment for pension transition liability Adjustment for interest payable being acc Adjustment for capital assets not being de Adjustment for capital assets, net of accur Adjustment for bonds payable, due within Adjustment for long term bonds payable Adjustment for bond premium Adjustment for deferred charge on refund NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS	crued utflows of flows of rued preciated nulated of one year	of resource f resource l lepreciati	es beir						\$	160,122 65,377 (308,971) (67,194) (12,555) 2,109,716 30,085,738 (345,000) (4,260,000) (404,994) 245,876
THET FUSITION - UAAF DASIS									\$	32,685,097

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 5,180,840	\$ 5,480,840	\$ 5,759,077	\$ 278,237	
Interest	33,035	33,035	27,552	(5,483)	
Miscellaneous	18,890	18,890	15,580	(3,310)	
Total revenues	5,232,765	5,532,765	5,802,209	269,444	
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and service	1,684,300	1,984,300	2,062,306	(78,006)	
Capital outlay	2,340,000	2,340,000	2,174,856	165,144	
Contingency	682,400	682,400		682,400	
Total expenditures	4,706,700	5,006,700	4,237,162	769,538	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	526,065	526,065	1,565,047	1,038,982	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	450,000	450,000	450,000	-	
Transfers out	(2,865,065)	(2,865,065)	(2,846,350)	18,715	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,415,065)	(2,415,065)	(2,396,350)	18,715	
Net changes in fund balance	(1,889,000)	(1,889,000)	(831,303)	1,057,697	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	7,046,640	7,046,640	5,058,604	(1,988,036)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 5,157,640	\$ 5,157,640	\$ 4,227,301	\$ (930,339)	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget					Variance with		
	(Driginal		Final	Actual		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for service	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	357,208	\$	257,208
Interest		3,135		3,135		3,935		800
Total revenues		103,135		103,135		361,143		258,008
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		200,000		200,000		130,000		70,000
Contingency		327,290		327,290		-		327,290
Total expenditures		527,290		527,290		130,000		397,290
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(424,155)		(424,155)		231,143		655,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(452,560)		(452,560)		(452,560)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(452,560)		(452,560)		(452,560)		
Net changes in fund balance		(876,715)		(876,715)		(221,417)		655,298
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		876,715		876,715		924,226		47,511
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$	702,809	\$	702,809

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER RESERVOIR FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Original Final				Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES:	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$	-
EXPENDITURES:	Ŧ	_	Ŧ	_	Ŧ	_	Ŧ	-
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING				_		162		162
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$		\$	_	\$	162	\$	162

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON ENTERPRISE BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Interest	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 980	\$ (1,020)	
Total revenues	2,000	2,000	980	(1,020)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and service	225	225	44,223	(43,998)	
Debt service:					
Principal	330,000	330,000	370,000	(40,000)	
Interest	208,365	208,365	147,050	61,315	
Total expenditures	538,590	538,590	561,273	(22,683)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(536,590)	(536,590)	(560,293)	(23,703)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	4,300,000	4,300,000	
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	445,494	445,494	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(4,660,463)	(4,660,463)	
Transfers in	535,765	535,765	517,050	(18,715)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	535,765	535,765	602,081	66,316	
Net changes in fund balance	(825)	(825)	41,788	42,613	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	444,615	444,615	444,922	307	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 443,790	\$ 443,790	\$ 486,710	\$ 42,920	

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER OPERATIONS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Sewer Fund		Sewer Development Fund			Cotal Sewer Operations
REVENUES: Charges for service Interest	\$	7,015,427 14,488	\$	755,930 19,836	\$	7,771,357 34,324
Total revenues		7,029,915		775,766		7,805,681
EXPENDITURES: Materials and service Total expenditures		5,708,330 5,708,330		775,270		6,483,600 6,483,600
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,321,585		496		1,322,081
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(1,331,660)		(9,770)		(1,341,430)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,331,660)		(9,770)		(1,341,430)
Net change in fund balances		(10,075)		(9,274)		(19,349)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		3,016,316		3,896,331		6,912,647
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	3,006,241	\$	3,887,057	\$	6,893,298
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for net pension asset being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resources being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resources being accrued Adjustment for pension transition liability Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation						70,179 28,653 (135,417) (29,446) 125,592 16,842,970

NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

\$ 23,795,829

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for service	\$ 7,034,080	\$ 7,034,080	\$ 7,015,427	\$ (18,653)
Interest	18,555	18,555	14,488	(4,067)
Miscellaneous	500	500		(500)
Total revenues	7,053,135	7,053,135	7,029,915	(23,220)
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	5,911,615	5,911,615	5,708,330	203,285
Contingency	1,086,490	1,086,490		1,086,490
Total expenditures	6,998,105	6,998,105	5,708,330	1,289,775
Revenues over (under) expenditures	55,030	55,030	1,321,585	1,266,555
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers out	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	(1,331,660)	
Net changes in fund balance	(1,276,630)	(1,276,630)	(10,075)	1,266,555
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,687,900	3,687,900	3,016,316	(671,584)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 2,411,270	\$ 2,411,270	\$ 3,006,241	\$ 594,971

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SEWER DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Charges for service	\$ 200,000	\$ 675,000	\$ 755,930	\$ 80,930
Interest	20,000	20,000	19,836	(164)
Total revenues	220,000	695,000	775,766	80,766
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	192,000	667,000	775,270	(108,270)
Contingency	3,676,450	3,676,450	-	3,676,450
Total expenditures	3,868,450	4,343,450	775,270	3,568,180
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,648,450)	(3,648,450)	496	3,648,946
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(9,770)	(9,770)	(9,770)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,770)	(9,770)	(9,770)	
Net changes in fund balance	(3,658,220)	(3,658,220)	(9,274)	3,648,946
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,658,220	3,658,220	3,896,331	238,111
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	\$	\$ 3,887,057	\$ 3,887,057

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN OPERATIONS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Storm Drain Fund	Storm Drain Development Fund	Total Storm Drain Operations
REVENUES: Charges for service Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 2,197,050 4,519 400	\$ 123,139 2,109	\$ 2,320,189 6,628 400
Total revenues	2,201,969	125,248	2,327,217
EXPENDITURES: Materials and service Capital outlay	651,222 129,152		651,222 129,152
Total expenditures	780,374		780,374
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,421,595	125,248	1,546,843
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(1,096,220)		(1,096,220)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,096,220)		(1,096,220)
Net change in fund balances	325,375	125,248	450,623
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	784,155	327,671	1,111,826
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 1,109,530	\$ 452,919	\$ 1,562,449
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for net pension asset being accrued Adjustment for pension related deferred outflows of resourd Adjustment for pension related deferred inflows of resourd Adjustment for pension transition liability Adjustment for capital assets not being depreciated Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated deprecia	ces being accrued		38,523 15,729 (74,334) (16,169) 61,498 4,051,124
NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS			\$ 5,638,820

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				¥
Charges for service	\$ 2,158,730	\$ 2,158,730	\$ 2,197,050	\$ 38,320
Interest	1,800	1,800	4,519	2,719
Miscellaneous			400	400
Total revenues	2,160,530	2,160,530	2,201,969	41,439
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and service	786,165	786,165	651,222	134,943
Capital outlay	357,500	357,500	129,152	228,348
Contingency	282,360	282,360		282,360
Total expenditures	1,426,025	1,426,025	780,374	645,651
Revenues over (under) expenditures	734,505	734,505	1,421,595	687,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	(1,096,220)	
Net changes in fund balance	(361,715)	(361,715)	325,375	687,090
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	639,550	639,550	784,155	144,605
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 277,835	\$ 277,835	\$ 1,109,530	\$ 831,695

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON STORM DRAIN DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES: Charges for service Interest	\$ - 1,500	\$ - 1,500	\$ 123,139 2,109	\$ 123,139 609
Total revenues	1,500	1,500	125,248	123,748
EXPENDITURES: Contingency Total expenditures	279,900 279,900	279,900 279,900		279,900 279,900
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(278,400)	(278,400)	125,248	403,648
Net changes in fund balance	(278,400)	(278,400)	125,248	403,648
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	278,400	278,400	327,671	49,271
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$-	\$ -	\$ 452,919	\$ 452,919

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Internal Service Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Operations Fund

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON OPERATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Bu	dget		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,179	3,179
Interest	8,000	8,000	5,974	(2,026)
Miscellaneous	16,410	16,410	26,301	9,891
Total revenues	24,410	24,410	35,454	11,044
EXPENDITURES:				
Administration	512,975	512,975	495,463	17,512
Water Division	985,020	985,020	903,147	81,873
Sewer Division	397,725	397,725	345,111	52,614
Street Division	565,460	565,460	546,526	18,934
Nondepartmental				
General Services	477,060	477,060	218,222	258,838
Contingency	334,000	334,000		334,000
Total expenditures	3,272,240	3,272,240	2,508,469	763,771
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,247,830)	(3,247,830)	(2,473,015)	774,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	2,838,310	2,838,310	2,838,310	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,838,310	2,838,310	2,838,310	
Changes in fund balances	(409,520)	(409,520)	365,295	774,815
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	580,735	580,735	779,872	199,137
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 171,215	\$ 171,215	1,145,167	\$ 973,952
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Adjustment for compensated absences being accrued Adjustment for capital assets, net of accumulated depreci	ation		(53,619) 933,946	

NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

95

\$ 2,025,494

OTHER FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2014	Levy as Extended By Assessor	Discount	Iı	nterest	Ad	justments	Collections	ncollected Balance le 30, 2015
2014-2015	\$ -	\$ 9,414,934	\$ (248,174)	\$	2,395	\$	(9,672)	\$ (8,993,693)	\$ 165,790
2013-2014	184,628	-	(285)		5,461		(2,642)	(101,353)	85,809
2012-2013	92,479	-	(101)		4,298		(4,515)	(30,519)	61,642
2011-2012	67,390	-	(87)		6,496		(7,881)	(28,087)	37,831
2010-2011	45,717	-	(77)		3,135		(8,201)	(10,007)	30,567
2009-2010	30,012	-	1		914		(643)	(2,840)	27,444
Prior years	6,631				1,316		(313)	(3,294)	 4,340
Totals	\$ 426,857	\$ 9,414,934	\$ (248,723)	\$	24,015	\$	(33,867)	\$ (9,169,793)	\$ 413,423

Taxes receivable classified by fund:	
General Fund	\$ 369,707
General Obligation Bond Fund	43,716
	\$ 413,423

CITY OF TUALATIN, OREGON WATER OPERATIONS 5 YEAR HISTORICAL RESULTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
REVENUES:					
Charges for service	\$ 5,122,223	\$ 5,309,078	\$ 5,237,638	\$ 5,227,628	\$ 5,759,077
Interest	28,879	31,556	34,700	36,959	27,552
Miscellaneous	14,532	12,720	17,899	15,804	15,580
Total revenues	5,165,634	5,353,354	5,290,237	5,280,391	5,802,209
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and service	1,901,777	2,096,342	2,006,693	1,892,131	2,062,306
Capital outlay	186,658	197,415	248,006	870,468	2,174,856
Total expenditures	2,088,435	2,293,757	2,254,699	2,762,599	4,237,162
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	3,077,199	3,059,597	3,035,538	2,517,792	1,565,047
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	450,000
Transfers out	(2,684,889)	(2,416,663)	(2,386,995)	(2,861,555)	(2,846,350)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,684,889)	(2,416,663)	(2,386,995)	(2,861,555)	(2,396,350)
Net change in fund balances	392,310	642,934	648,543	(343,763)	(831,303)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	3,718,580	4,110,890	4,753,824	5,402,367	5,058,604
FUND BALANCES, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 4,110,890	\$ 4,753,824	\$ 5,402,367	\$ 5,058,604	\$ 4,227,301

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the overall financial health of the City of Tualatin.

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF TUALATIN

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014 (restated)		2015
Governmental activities	¢	02 400 505	¢	05 424 005	¢	00 750 500	é	00 202 004	¢	07 404 004	¢	05 504 504	¢	00 704 500	¢	05 202 040	¢	00.054.050	¢	02.025.424
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special purposes	Φ	83,109,505 27,135,766	\$	85,434,995 31,870,363	\$	90,759,532 32,543,974	Þ	96,393,624 21,641,579	\$	97,164,924 20,700,327	\$	95,531,501 15,947,020	Þ	96,704,593 13,101,042	Ф	95,303,048 12,773,161	\$	93,651,852 12,939,222	\$	92,025,421 16,106,005
Unrestricted		8,324,105		7,944,380		4,200,284		9,736,010		8,359,281		10,794,402		11,416,369		11,017,677		746,721		5,747,426
Total governmental activities	\$	118,569,376	\$	125,249,738	\$	127,503,790	\$	127,771,213	\$	126,224,532	\$	122,272,923	\$	121,222,004	\$	119,093,886	\$	107,337,795	\$	113,878,852
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	38,662,415	\$	40,095,770	\$	40,499,850	\$	43,875,845	\$	47,581,590	\$	47,186,247	\$	47,026,375	\$	46,626,072	\$	47,293,914	\$	48,216,410
Restricted for special purposes		4,661,750		6,142,789		7,386,077		4,070,822		4,172,155		4,373,171		4,679,232		5,057,107		5,148,228		5,042,785
Unrestricted		3,529,390		4,088,260		4,453,310		6,618,208		5,574,907		6,047,100		6,802,003		7,626,649		8,685,312		8,860,551
Total business-type activities net position	\$	46,853,555	\$	50,326,819	\$	52,339,237	\$	54,564,875	\$	57,328,652	\$	57,606,518	\$	58,507,610	\$	59,309,828	\$	61,127,454	\$	62,119,746
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	121,771,920	\$	125,530,765	\$	131,259,382	\$	140,269,469	\$	144,746,514	\$	142,717,748	\$	143,730,968	\$	141,929,120	\$	140,945,766	\$	140,241,831
Restricted for special purposes		31,797,516		38,013,152		39,930,051		25,712,401		24,872,482		20,320,191		17,780,274		17,830,268		18,087,450		21,148,790
Unrestricted		11,853,495		12,032,640		8,653,594		16,354,218		13,934,188		16,841,502		18,218,372		18,644,326		9,432,033		14,607,977
Total primary government net position	\$	165,422,931	\$	175,576,557	\$	179,843,027	\$	182,336,088	\$	183,553,184	\$	179,879,441	\$	179,729,614	\$	178,403,714	\$	168,465,249	\$	175,998,598

CITY OF TUALATIN

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS		2006	2007		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015
Expenses			 			 	 	 					
Governmental activities: General government	\$	8,684,836	\$ 8,928,490	\$	9,076,098	\$ 9,887,477	\$ 9,651,970	\$ 6,837,983	\$ 7,400,702	\$ 8,325,468	\$	8,405,978	\$ 6,057,498
Public Safety		4,614,719	5,160,680		5,164,134	5,702,703	6,127,811	5,986,000	6,561,167	6,904,444		7,027,399	5,942,679
Highways and streets		2,131,876	3,331,787		3,671,693	4,242,622	4,667,832	3,722,074	3,746,471	3,843,497		3,853,744	4,586,849
Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt		1,502,076 561,234	1,960,442 453,084		3,521,904 658,450	3,289,432 489,308	3,280,537 341,346	4,647,624 419,382	4,973,304 380,608	5,080,438 376,864		5,200,979 332,382	3,769,534 317,574
Unallocated depreciation		123,973	455,064		656,450	409,300	341,340	419,362	360,606	370,004		332,302	317,374
Total governmental activities expenses		17,618,714	 19,834,483		22,092,279	 23,611,542	 24,069,496	 21,613,063	 23,062,252	 24,530,711		24,820,482	 20,674,134
Business-type activities													
Charges for services													
Water Sewer		4,386,891 5,360,593	2,992,876 5,046,003		2,916,971 4,774,164	3,099,432 5,028,317	3,396,759 5,878,803	4,089,731 6,086,241	4,353,652 6,276,559	4,252,446 7,703,971		4,354,918 6,704,634	4,973,697 7,392,084
Sewer Storm drain		5,360,593	5,046,003		4,774,104	653,308	5,678,803	1,124,748	1,215,940	1,243,066		1,298,184	1,449,680
Total business-type activities expenses		9,747,484	 8,038,879		7,691,135	 8,781,057	 9,789,711	 11,300,720	 11,846,151	 13,199,483		12,357,736	 13,815,461
Total Expenses	\$	27,366,198	\$ 27,873,362	\$	29,783,414	\$ 32,392,599	\$ 33,859,207	\$ 32,913,783	\$ 34,908,403	\$ 37,730,194	\$	37,178,218	\$ 34,489,595
Program revenues													
Governmental activities													
Charges for services													
General government	\$	5,290,160	\$ 1,934,054	\$	1,691,801	\$ 1,318,629	\$ 1,047,095	\$ 1,142,028	\$ 1,304,925	\$ 2,407,130	\$	1,540,697	\$ 2,497,798
Public Safety		67,170	232,124		105,751	95,828	141,268	888,469	1,666,113	1,496,395		1,496,395	1,583,770
Highways and streets Culture and recreation		2,955,457 593,856	2,223,073 482,031		2,175,610 201,591	971,088 151,605	1,628,577 161,797	1,720,495 254,597	1,736,117 179,021	1,326,187 227,660		1,326,187 227,660	2,613,764 279,051
Operating grants and contributions		89,616	1,298,980		3,103,806	3,252,434	3,676,768	712,304	476,439	427,283		629,043	482,911
Capital grants and contributions		2,374,411	1,772,517		1,249,916	719,868	278,919	-					
Total governmental activities program revenues		11,370,670	 7,942,779		8,528,475	 6,509,452	 6,934,424	 4,717,893	 5,362,615	 5,884,655		5,219,982	 7,457,294
Business-type activities													
Charges for services Water		4,547,080	5,134,440		5,575,361	5,708,067	5,654,088	5,242,442	5,523,032	5,512,366		5,321,434	6,116,285
Sewer		4,496,251	4,690,369		5,413,845	5,317,122	5,457,101	6,276,381	6,539,373	8,036,187		7,083,579	7,771,356
Storm drain		4,490,231	4,090,309		3,413,043	1,234,114	1,326,802	1,612,020	1,775,519	1,887,080		1,941,824	2,320,189
Capital grants and contributions		1,844,442	3,156,077		782,470	396,168	338,803	348,695	348,375	124,076		491,274	827,464
Total business-type activities program revenues		10,887,773	 12,980,886		11,771,676	 12,655,471	 12,776,794	 13,479,538	 14,186,299	 15,559,709		14,838,111	17,035,294
Total program revenues	\$	22,258,443	\$ 20,923,665	\$	20,300,151	\$ 19,164,923	\$ 19,711,218	\$ 18,197,431	\$ 19,548,914	\$ 21,444,364	\$	20,058,093	\$ 24,492,588
Net (expense)/revenues													
Governmental activities	\$	(6,248,044)	\$ (11,891,704)	\$	(13,563,804)	\$ (17,102,090)	\$ (17,135,072)	\$ (16,895,170)	\$ (17,699,637)	\$ (18,646,056)	\$	(19,600,500)	\$ (13,216,840
Business-type activities		4 4 4 0 000							0.040.440	0.000.000			3,219,833
business-type utivities	-	1,140,289	 4,942,007	-	4,080,541	 3,874,414	 2,987,083	 2,178,818	 2,340,148	 2,360,226	-	2,480,375	 3,219,033

CITY OF TUALATIN CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General revenues and other changes in net position										
Governmental activities										
Taxes and assessments	\$ 10,812,528	\$ 10,925,950	\$	\$ 12,009,941	\$ 12,464,195	\$ 11,760,533	\$ 12,547,363	\$ 12,462,040	\$ 12,725,359	\$ 14,298,091
Licenses and permits Miscellaneous	2,014,126 1,557,636	2,126,101 3,528,863	2,242,346 2,160,780	2,404,323 1,029,369	2,428,585 382,515	2,091,937 574,472	2,205,176 379,396	2,071,040 331,603	2,135,959 287,931	2,213,242 929,624
Transfers	100,000	1,991,150	2,573,058	3,099,069	313,096	(1,392,357)	1,516,783	1,653,255	153,787	2,316,940
Talloris	 100,000	 1,001,100	 2,010,000	 0,000,000	 010,000	 (1,002,007)	 1,010,100	 1,000,200	 100,101	 2,010,040
Total governmental activities	14,484,290	18,572,064	19,047,966	18,542,702	15,588,391	13,034,585	16,648,718	16,517,938	15,303,036	19,757,897
Business-type activities										
Miscellaneous	361,929	522,407	504,936	277,102	89,790	74,773	77,727	95,247	101,941	89,399
Transfers	 (100,000)	 (1,991,150)	 (2,573,058)	 (3,099,069)	 (313,096)	 (1,775,215)	 (1,516,783)	 (1,653,255)	 (153,787)	 (2,316,940)
Total business-type activities	261,929	(1,468,743)	(2,068,122)	(2,821,967)	(223,306)	(1,700,442)	(1,439,056)	(1,558,008)	(51,846)	(2,227,541)
	201,020	(1,100,110)	(2,000,122)	(2,021,001)	(220,000)	(1,100,112)	(1,100,000)	(1,000,000)	(01,010)	(2,221,011)
Total	\$ 14,746,219	\$ 17,103,321	\$ 16,979,844	\$ 15,720,735	\$ 15,365,085	\$ 11,334,143	\$ 15,209,662	\$ 14,959,930	\$ 15,251,190	\$ 17,530,356
Change in net position										
Governmental activities	\$ 8,236,246	\$ 6,680,360	\$ 5,484,162	\$ 1,440,612	\$ (1,546,681)	\$ (3,860,585)	\$ (1,050,919)	\$ (2,128,118)	\$ (4,297,464)	\$ 6,541,057
Business-type activities	1,402,218	3,473,264	2,012,419	1,052,447	2,763,777	478,376	901,092	802,218	2,428,529	992,292
Total	\$ 9,638,464	\$ 10,153,624	\$ 7,496,581	\$ 2,493,059	\$ 1,217,096	\$ (3,382,209)	\$ (149,827)	\$ (1,325,900)	\$ (1,868,935)	\$ 7,533,349

CITY OF TUALATIN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
General Fund Reserved / Nonspendable Unreserved / Unassigned	\$	65,617 5,125,815	\$	- 4,520,546	\$	- 4,565,418	\$	38,287 4,647,513	\$	29,333 4,514,767	\$	63,306 5,523,545	\$	70,154 6,421,650	\$	78,833 6,625,950	\$	97,206 6,971,206	\$	81,795 7,474,727
Total general fund	\$	5,191,432	\$	4,520,546	\$	4,565,418	\$	4,685,800	\$	4,544,100	\$	5,586,851	\$	6,491,804	\$	6,704,783	\$	7,068,412	\$	7,556,522
All other governmental funds																				
Reserved	\$	92,898	\$	92,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,980	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in: Special revenue funds		7,644,037		8,514,792		9,633,900		6,576,782		5,750,061										
Capital projects funds		19,239,160		23,319,543		20,419,390		18,093,125		15,533,420		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service funds		3,292,344		3,066,830		1,825,045		1,963,454		3,398,353		-		-		-		-		-
Nonspendable		-,,		-,,		.,		.,,		-,,										
Inventory												35,639		34,920		37,235		39,484		36,164
Restricted for:																				
Building and engineering												1,458,274		1,526,018		1,830,952		1,797,858		1,744,129
Street and roadside maintenance												428,600		605,858		834,061		536,670		1,040,146
Debt service payments												485,846		398,174		267,171		275,241		285,945
Capital projects												612,569		623,276		1,232,131		1,361,175		3,246,367
Transportation												1,850,125		2,701,857		3,080,265		3,768,251		5,439,306
Urban renewal projects Committed to:												10,960,389		7,094,642		5,482,914		5,154,360		4,304,445
Pavement maintenace and street lighting												1,290,242		1,097,706		574,753		161,357		54,279
Parking maintenance												223,508		187,915		127,049		134,680		146,188
Assigned to:												223,300		107,313		127,043		134,000		140,100
Scholarships												51,485		50,745		50,579		50,547		50,804
Capital projects												2,506,069		2,310,656		2,028,522		-		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	30.268.439	\$	34.993.845	\$	31.878.335	\$	26.633.361	\$	24.717.814	\$	19.902.746	\$	16.631.767	\$	15,545,632	\$	13,279,623	\$	16,347,773
3	<u> </u>	,,	Ť	,	Ŧ		Ŧ	2,222,201	Ŧ		Ŧ	1,111_,. 10	_	2,222.,20	Ŧ	2,2 .2,2 2	Ŧ	1,2. 1,120	Ŧ	.,,

Note: FY2010/11 GASB 54 change in Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions.

CITY OF TUALATIN

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

REVENUES		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Property taxes	\$	10,885,890	\$	11,100,992	\$	12,073,721	\$	12,178,186	\$	13.248.979	\$	8,345,567	\$	8,259,442	\$	8,438,011	\$	8,738,296	\$	9,171,688
Licenses and permits	Ŷ	2,466,535	Ŷ	1,955,143	Ŷ	3,926,256	Ŷ	2,295,281	Ŷ	1,978,115	Ŷ	1,916,087	Ŷ	2,620,698	Ŷ	2,926,323	Ŷ	2,096,220	Ŷ	4,854,016
Intergovernmental		3,253,950		2,777,905		3,101,583		3,272,279		3,657,138		3,396,857		4,190,756		4,043,726		3,968,177		5,141,871
Franchise tax		-		2,126,101		2,242,346		2,404,323		2,428,585		2,091,937		2,205,176		2,071,040		2,135,959		2,213,242
Charges for services		4,809,174		4,125,236		5,949,678		48,472		116,237		1,306,725		754,994		960,510		1,267,023		790,191
Fines and forfeitures		170,315		234,169		229,180		237,831		277,535		639,098		1,371,896		1,224,329		1,256,196		1,359,978
Miscellaneous		2,854,334		2,263,577		2,176,803		1,068,765		401,179		1,116,761		751,752		698,074		512,718		897,349
Total Revenue		24,440,198		24,583,123		29,699,567		21,505,137		22,107,768		18,813,032		20,154,714		20,362,013		19,974,589		24,428,335
EXPENDITURES																				
Current operating:																				
General government		7,213,176		8,942,086		8,734,604		8,347,961		8,708,125		6,003,505		6,609,300		7,073,285		7,071,708		6,089,223
Public safety		4,427,287		4,871,925		5,193,903		5,342,795		5,724,373		5,959,615		6,345,089		6,689,136		6,798,353		7,651,922
Public works		277,299		1,167,548		954,187		2,303,118		1,451,564		1,116,838		1,103,448		1,054,388		1,056,047		2,249,123
Culture and recreation		1,220,536		1,300,643		3,037,178		3,258,911		3,198,392		3,901,649		4,201,940		4,304,274		4,429,718		3,936,035
Capital outlay		12,672,121		8,333,879		10,115,467		8,022,366		6,597,787		2,106,987		4,295,957		2,224,530		3,507,138		1,915,307
Debt service																				
Interest		2,382,696		457,575		1,346,829		581,624		454,696		407,692		380,448		348,621		312,863		286,719
Principal		4,558,359		5,949,323		1,430,000		5,493,703		1,396,915		570,000		765,000		845,000		650,000		675,000
Total expenditures		32,751,474		31,022,979		30,812,168		33,350,478		27,531,852		20,066,286		23,701,182		22,539,234		23,825,827		22,803,329
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)																				
EXPENDITURES		(8,311,276)		(6,439,856)		(1,112,601)		(11,845,341)		(5,424,084)		(1,253,254)		(3,546,468)		(2,177,221)		(3,851,238)		1,625,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																				
Transfers in		3,920,381		7,293,764		11,854,026		6,127,978		8,828,428		3,569,611		3,404,503		3,187,850		4,382,439		3,521,120
Transfers out		(3,820,381)		(5,302,614)		(13,975,213)		(2,453,654)		(5,517,435)		(5,062,121)		(2,224,061)		(1,883,785)		(3,533,527)		(1,589,920)
Bond Refunding		-		-		(2,575,000)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Issuance of debt		4,809,483		8,503,194		2,738,150		4,253,703		21,757		-		-		-		1,100,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		4,909,483		10,494,344		(1,958,037)		7,928,027		3,332,750		(1,492,510)		1,180,442		1,304,065		1,948,912		1,931,200
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(3,401,793)	\$	4,054,488	\$	(3,070,638)	\$	(3,917,314)	\$	(2,091,334)	\$	(2,745,764)	\$	(2,366,026)	\$	(873,156)	\$	(1,902,326)	\$	3,556,206
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		34.83%		28.89%		13.42%		23.99%		8.84%		5.37%		5.87%		5.82%		4.71%		4.59%
experiorates		34.03%		20.09%		13.42%		23.99%		0.04%		5.31%		5.01%		0.oZ%		4.71%		4.59%

CITY OF TUALATIN TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

Fiscal			
Year	Property ¹	Assessments ²	Total
2006	11,214,234	123,731	11,337,965
2007	11,012,986	88,006	11,100,992
2008	11,802,861	87,036	11,889,897
2009	12,009,941	87,036	12,096,977
2010	12,464,195	87,036	12,551,231
2011	8,363,676	87,036	8,450,712
2012	8,356,607	87,036	8,443,643
2013	8,418,314	87,036	8,505,350
2014	8,757,182	-	8,757,182
2015	9,156,220	-	9,156,220
Change			
2006-2015	-18.4%	-100.0%	-19.2%

¹ Includes current and prior property tax revenue and interest earned; deducts write offs for general property taxes and tax increment revenues.

² Special assessment billings are for local improvement district assessments which are paid to the City by the benefited property owners over a ten to fifteen year period.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

CITY OF TUALATIN ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

	Real Pr	ronerty	Personal P	'ronerfy*	Public Utility	y Property	Total			Ratio of Total Assessed to Total
Fiscal Year		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated		Estimated	Total	Estimated
Ended	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual	Assessed **	Actual	Direct	Actual
June 30,	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Tax Rate	Value
2006	2,389,116,066	3,282,945,576	152,327,937	155,450,518	60,322,100	62,292,124	2,601,766,103	3,500,688,218	2.5021	74%
2007	2,544,355,372	3,934,269,023	165,481,887	165,715,577	58,823,500	59,078,972	2,768,660,759	4,159,063,572	2.4737	67%
2008	2,707,538,796	4,402,217,809	181,669,845	181,960,795	59,886,520	60,707,570	2,949,095,161	4,644,886,174	2.5954	63%
2009	2,865,581,818	4,688,302,195	198,044,531	198,400,161	55,855,290	56,100,151	3,119,481,639	4,942,802,507	2.4578	63%
2010	2,950,206,208	4,456,903,432	201,428,582	201,824,139	76,063,750	76,257,231	3,227,698,540	4,734,984,802	2.4888	68%
2011	3,026,333,673	4,132,089,955	195,430,864	195,870,560	78,161,000	78,508,787	3,299,925,537	4,406,469,302	2.5317	75%
2012	3,068,906,152	3,893,021,654	190,156,648	190,515,810	77,667,490	80,231,026	3,336,730,290	4,163,768,490	2.5639	80%
2013	3,138,684,805	3,808,264,330	191,518,337	191,822,756	71,574,586	78,819,910	3,401,777,728	4,078,906,996	2.5589	83%
2014	3,257,830,943	4,002,490,680	198,872,324	199,275,785	75,207,720	83,074,370	3,531,910,987	4,284,840,835	2.5482	82%
2015	3,403,125,302	4,405,515,513	213,357,477	213,747,197	95,219,900	101,133,802	3,711,702,679	4,720,396,512	2.5345	79%

* Tax limitation Measure 50 results in a larger difference between market assessed value than were reportable in previous years.

** Assessed value includes assessed value in the Urban Renewal Area.

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX RATES - ALL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
City of Tualatin:										
General Government	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.95	\$ 1.96	\$ 1.96	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27	\$ 2.27
G.O. Bond	0.21	0.19	0.31	0.19	0.22	0.27	0.30	0.29	0.28	0.27
Total City	2.13	2.13	2.26	2.15	2.18	2.53	2.56	2.56	2.55	2.53
OVERLAPPING RATES:										
Washington County										
Washington County	2.35	2.05	2.65	2.62	2.62	2.98	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.84
	2.35	2.05	2.65	2.62	2.62	2.98	2.97	2.97	2.97	2.84
School District										
NW Regional ESD*	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15
Portland Community College	0.38	0.41	0.43	0.43	0.56	0.64	0.60	0.67	0.73	0.72
Tigard-Tualatin School District #23J	6.39	6.90	6.86	7.02	7.00	7.37	7.44	7.41	7.41	7.46
	6.88	7.44	7.42	7.58	7.70	8.16	8.19	8.23	8.29	8.34
Special District										
Clean Water Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue	1.58	1.60	1.65	1.63	1.69	1.88	1.93	1.91	1.91	1.89
Port of Portland	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.07
Metro Service District	0.24	0.24	0.39	0.36	0.40	0.41	0.32	0.40	0.47	0.46
Tri-Met Transport District	0.10	0.08	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.09	0.06	-	-	-
Tigard Tualatin Aquatic	-	-	-	-	-	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Urban Renewal - Tualatin	2.13	1.89	1.81	1.73	1.70	-	-	-	-	-
	4.11	3.87	3.99	3.85	3.93	2.54	2.46	2.48	2.53	2.51
Total Overlapping	13.34	13.37	14.06	14.04	14.25	13.68	13.63	13.68	13.79	13.69
TOTAL	\$ 15.47	\$ 15.50	\$ 16.32	\$ 16.19	\$ 16.43	\$ 16.21	\$ 16.19	\$ 16.24	\$ 16.34	\$ 16.22

These rates are based on the tax code area of Tualatin which has the highest percentage of the City's Assessed Value (Tax Code 023.76). Rates within the City differ somewhat according to the other tax code categories which apply.

Source: Washington and Clackamas Counties

CITY OF TUALATIN

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

June 30, 2015

		2015		2006			
	¹ Assessed		% of Total City Taxable	Assessed		% of Total City Taxable	
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	Value	Rank	Assessed Value	
BV Centercal LLC	\$ 108,523,100	1	3.07%	\$ 43,245,980	2	1.78%	
Lam Research Corporation	93,080,900	2	2.64%	-	-	0.00%	
Pacific Foods of Oregon Inc.	51,555,660	3	1.46%	-	-	0.00%	
Tuala Northeast LLC	43,279,140	4	1.23%	-	-	0.00%	
Portland General Electric	42,542,245	5	1.20%	-	-	0.00%	
South Center Investors LLC	33,324,110	6	0.94%	-	-	0.00%	
JAE Oregon, Inc	27,632,450	7	0.78%	27,645,430	3	1.14%	
CR Rivercrest Meadows Communities LLC	27,767,310	8	0.79%	-	-	0.00%	
SVF Hedges Creek Tualatin LLC	27,737,760	9	0.79%	-	-	0.00%	
Zian Limited Partnership	27,484,390	10	0.78%	21,399,590	5	0.88%	
Novellus Systems Inc.				124,255,920	1	5.11%	
Riggs Bank NA	-	-	-	21,461,120	4	0.88%	
Simpson Finance LP	-	-	-	21,281,420	6	0.87%	
Monadnock Property Trust LLC	-	-	-	21,258,780	7	0.87%	
Fujimi Corporation	-	-	-	21,188,780	8	0.87%	
Legacy Health System	-	-	-	18,732,416	9	0.77%	
Verizon Northwest Inc.	-	-	-	18,193,200	10	0.75%	
	\$ 482,927,065		13.67%	\$ 338,662,636		13.92%	

¹ Source: Washington and Clackamas County Assessor's records

CITY OF TUALATIN PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collections	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent Delinquent Taxes To Tax Levy
2006	11,121,440	10,575,968	95.10%	194,300	10.770.268	96.84%	366,964	3.30%
2000	11.343.364	11,101.678	97.87%	158.390	11.260.068	99.27%	386.341	3.41%
2008	12.263.107	11.632.607	94.86%	226,738	11,859,345	96.71%	483,528	3.94%
2009	12,434,861	12,040,279	96.83%	263,960	12,304,239	98.95%	559,937	4.50%
2010	12,860,698	12,134,294	94.35%	334,105	12,468,399	96.95%	592,842	4.61%
2011	8,380,679	7,923,989	94.55%	223,708	8,147,697	97.22%	346,617	4.14%
2012	8,576,510	8,148,078	95.00%	151,847	8,299,925	96.78%	432,429	5.04%
2013	8,725,937	8,319,844	95.35%	144,560	8,464,404	97.00%	413,077	4.73%
2014	9,024,595	8,581,851	95.09%	184,734	8,766,585	97.14%	426,995	4.73%
2015	9,414,934	8,993,693	95.53%	176,099	9,169,792	97.40%	413,423	4.39%

Source: Washington County and Clackamas County Assessors

CITY OF TUALATIN BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

		Governn	nental Activ	ities		Busines Activ				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Full Faith and Credit Obligations	Capital Leases	Limited Tax Bonds	Urban Renewal Agency Bonds	Full Faith and Credit Obligations	Water Revenue Bonds	Total	Population	Per Capita
2006	7,380,000	-	62,646	700,000	4,250,000	-	7,305,000	19,697,646	25,594	769.62
2007	7,025,000	-	46,517	620,000	3,030,000	-	7,060,000	17,781,517	25,650	693.24
2008	10,220,000	-	29,030	620,000	1,970,000	-	6,805,000	19,644,030	25,650	765.85
2009	9,950,000	-	10,071	620,000	1,000,000	-	6,540,000	18,120,071	26,040	695.86
2010	9,645,000	-	19,913	540,000	-	-	6,265,000	16,469,913	26,130	630.31
2011	9,235,000	-	7,490	380,000	-	-	5,980,000	15,602,490	26,160	596.43
2012	8,630,000	-	-	220,000	-	-	5,685,000	14,535,000	26,170	555.41
2013	8,005,000	-	-	-	-	-	5,380,000	13,385,000	26,510	504.90
2014	7,355,000	1,100,000	-	-	-	-	5,065,000	13,520,000	26,925	502.14
2015	6,680,000	1,011,988	-	-	-	4,664,994	345,000	12,701,982	26,590	477.70

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Personal income data and unemployment rate data for the City is not available

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Estimated Actual Value of Property	General Obligation Debt as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Value
2006	7,380,000	3,500,688,218	0.21%
2007	7,025,000	4,159,063,572	0.17%
2008	10,220,000	4,644,886,174	0.22%
2009	9,950,000	4,942,802,507	0.20%
2010	9,645,000	4,734,984,802	0.20%
2011	9,235,000	4,406,469,302	0.21%
2012	8,630,000	4,163,768,490	0.21%
2013	8,005,000	4,078,906,996	0.20%
2014	7,355,000	4,284,840,835	0.17%
2015	6,680,000	4,720,396,512	0.14%

Source: Current and previous CAFR's

CITY OF TUALATIN COMPUTATION OF OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2015

Jurisdiction	ax-supported of Outstanding	Percent Applicable Inside City of Tualatin		Amount Applicable Inside City of Tualatin
City of Tualatin	\$ 7,691,988	86.8436%	\$	6,680,000
Clackamas County Clackamas County District 3J (West Linn/Wilsonville)	98,780,000 252,766,741	1.5652% * 1.2262%	:	1,546,105 3,099,426
Clackamas County School District 7J (Lake Oswego) Clackamas Community College Metro	101,024,917 66,116,012 193,205,000	1.5172% 1.9455% 2.6461%		1,532,750 1,286,287 5,112,398
Port of Portland Portland Community College	2,609,405 160,095,000	2.4312% 2.8766%		63,440 4,605,293
Washington County Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue District Washington County School District 23J (Tigard-Tualatin)	20,523,415 55,020,000 97,837,628	6.7452% 8.9748% 35.4280%		1,384,345 4,937,935 34,661,915
Washington County School District 255 (Figure Future) Washington County School District 88J (Sherwood)	105,472,683	15.2072%		16,039,442
Subtotal overlapping debt				74,269,336
Direct and overlapping debt			\$	80,949,336

Overlapping debt percentage is determined by the percentage of assessed value of the overlapping district that is within the City limits of Tualatin applied.

Source: Municipal Debt Management, State of Oregon

*The percentage of the City of Tualatin in Clackamas County is very small, as is the property-tax backed debt , and produces an immaterial amount.

CITY OF TUALATIN COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2015

ORS 287.004 provides a debt limit of 3% of true cash value of all taxable property within the City boundaries:

True Cash Value	\$ 3,711,702,679
Rate	 x 3%
Debt limit	111,351,080
Debt applicable to limit	 6,575,004
	\$ 104,776,076

Legal debt margin

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Debt Margin as a Percentage of Debt Limit	Debt limit	Debt applicable to limit	Legal debt margin
2007	02.020/	01 070 015	C 170 517	74 000 200
2006	92.03%	81,279,915	6,479,517	74,800,398
2007	87.41%	83,059,823	10,458,584	72,601,239
2008	88.75%	88,472,855	9,955,038	78,517,817
2009	89.42%	93,584,449	9,900,544	83,683,905
2010	90.45%	95,030,956	9,075,365	85,955,591
2011	90.76%	98,997,766	9,146,899	89,850,867
2012	91.46%	100,101,909	8,549,103	91,552,806
2013	92.24%	102,053,332	7,916,907	94,136,425
2014	93.15%	105,957,330	7,259,791	98,697,539
2015	94.10%	111,351,080	6,575,004	104,776,076

Cash value stated above is equal to that value which is "taxable assessed value" as defined by Oregon law. This value is not the same value as market value, but is the value used for levy purposes.

CITY OF TUALATIN DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

Fiscal Year	Population	Taxable Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income
2006	25,594	672,377	26,271
2007	25,650	761,596	29,692
2008	25,650	685,340	26,719
2009	26,040	629,753	24,184
2010	26,130	677,618	25,933
2011	26,160	681,114	26,036
2012	26,170	750,529	28,679
2013	26,510	785,646	29,636
2014	26,925	*	*
2015	26,590	*	*
	(i	in thousands)	

* Information unavailable at this time.

Source: State of Oregon

Department of Revenue Research and Statistical Reports

CITY OF TUALATIN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO June 30, 2015

		2015			2006	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
						2 2 2 2 4
Legacy Meridian Park Hospital	905	1	3.72%	823	1	3.39%
Lam Research Corporation	669	2	2.75%	400	4	1.65%
United Parcel Service	512	3	2.11%	512	2	2.11%
Portland General Electric	478	4	1.97%	335	6	1.38%
CES Group LLC	460	5	1.89%	-	-	-
Precision Wire Components	457	6	1.88%	-	-	-
Columbia Corrugated	320	7	1.32%	-	-	-
DPI Specialty Foods Northwest	300	8	1.23%	300	7	1.23%
Cabela's	290	9	1.19%	-	-	-
Pacific Foods of Oregon, Inc	280	10	1.15%	-	-	-
GE Security	-	-	-	500	3	2.06%
Milgard Windows	-	-	-	275	8	1.13%
Fred Meyer	-	-	-	273	9	1.12%
Cyberrep	-	-	-	250	10	1.03%
	4,671			3,333		
Total City employment			24,299			

Information derived from 2015 Business License data provided to the City of Tualatin.

CITY OF TUALATIN SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS

Fiscal Year Ended	Assessment Principal	Deb	Percent		
June 30,	Collections	Principa	Interest	Total	Coverage
2006	123,731	80,000	36,660	116,660	106.06%
2007	121,086	80,000	32,900	112,900	107.25%
2008	115,254	-	29,140	29,140	395.52%
2009	119,941	-	29,140	29,140	411.60%
2010	108,773	80,000	29,140	109,140	99.66%
2011	102,982	160,000	25,380	185,380	55.55%
2012	97,691	160,000	17,860	177,860	54.93%
2013	92,441	220,000	10,340	230,340	40.13%
2014	-	-	-	-	0.00%
2015	-	-	-	-	0.00%

As of June 30, 2006, only two parcels had assessments. In 1997 the only outstanding assessment had been previously paid. In 1999 of the four land parcels outstanding, two were redeemed in full.

CITY OF TUALATIN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General government	31.88	33.38	33.88	34.63	35.50	35.13	33.38	36.25	36.85	39.60
Public safety	40.63	43.63	44.63	45.63	46.50	47.63	48.63	50.50	50.50	50.00
Highways and streets	19.75	20.50	21.50	21.50	21.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50	18.50
Culture and recreation	24.00	26.00	29.75	30.13	30.13	30.13	30.13	31.13	32.38	33.50
Sewer	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Water	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Total	123.76	131.00	137.25	139.38	141.13	138.88	138.13	143.88	145.73	149.10

Data from current and previous budget:

CITY OF TUALATIN OPERATING INDICATORS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Police										
Arrests	1,039	1,200	896	944	909	824	772	964	1,259	951
Traffic violations	2,810	3,813	3,736	3,636	2,509	3,015	4,847	4,305	3,971	3,794
*Municipal Court cases	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,105	2,058	5,443	11,430	10,895	9,000	9,724
Building activity										
Permits issued	1,691	1,706	1,428	1,260	1,046	1,023	1,124	1,114	1,053	1,354
Estimated value (000's)	\$ 80,107	\$ 94,643	\$ 84,407	\$ 35,918	\$ 26,550	\$ 31,000	\$ 49,925	\$ 86,594	\$ 63,672	\$ 86,340
Planning applications	128	300	206	219	203	203	178	149	218	249
Library circulation	427,222	416,179	443,963	606,734	696,733	751,126	766,848	790,066	705,222	677,279
Miles of streets maintained	76	76	76	76	77	77	77	77	78	78
Water connections	6,500	6,628	6,686	6,658	6,740	6,784	6,779	6,753	6,689	6,823
Sewer connections	6,192	6,346	6,301	6,380	6,471	6,488	6,435	6,632	6,568	6,702

n/a = information not available

*Several years ago the City of Tualatin decided to disband its Municipal Court. Felonies are tried by the county in which the alleged crime occurs. Non-criminal traffic violations are now heard in Tualatin Municipal Court, beginning in January 2009.

Data acquired from various City of Tualatin departments.

CITY OF TUALATIN CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2015

Function	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public safety Patrol units	18	15	22	22	18	18	18	18	18	18
1 attor units	10	15	22	22	10	10	10	10	10	10
Highways and streets										
	76	76	76	76	76	77	77	77	78	78
Culture and recreation										
Number of parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Acreage	284	310	310	310	286	285	285	289	289	289
*Sewage disposal										
Max daily capacity	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a						
Water										
Max daily capacity	11	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Fire hydrants	931	953	960	960	982	982	1,001	1,005	1,005	1,005

*Sewage treatment for The City of Tualatin is provided by Clean Water Services (CWS) of Washington County. For a small portion of the City (east of I-5 and north of the Tualatin River) the service is provided by City of Lake Oswego.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon

Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* with the following exceptions:

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015:							
<u>Fund</u>	Budget Category	Amount of Over Expenditure					
General fund	Administration	\$18,374					
Building fund	Materials & services	\$3,784					
Building fund	Capital outlay	\$21,169					
Water fund	Materials & services	\$78,006					
Enterprise bond fund	Materials & services	\$43,998					
Sewer development fund	Materials & services	\$108,270					

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2015:

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Honorable Mayor and City Council, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015





PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

December 31, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Tualatin, Oregon

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tualatin, Oregon (the City) for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 2, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. As described in Note 8 and Note 9 to the financial statements, the City implemented two new accounting pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Those pronouncements include:

- GASB Statement No. 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27
- GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68

We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the City's financial statements was:

Page 1 of 4

Management's estimate of the accumulated depreciation is based on historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of Capital Assets in Note (4) to the financial statements summarizes the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The disclosure of Long Term Debt in Note (6) to the financial statements summarizes the changes in debt for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. No misstatements were noted during the audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 31, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or

a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this information.

We were engaged to report on the budgetary comparison statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents under RSI, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, which accompany the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section or statistical section, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. We did not audit or perform other

procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Mayor and City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

If you should have any questions or comments, we would be pleased to discuss this report with you at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

YFARS





TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION – A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF TUALATIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by the City of Tualatin – Department of Finance

Don Hudson, Finance Director

Page

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Board of Commissioners	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	13
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	14
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	15
Required Supplementary Information	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Urban Redevelopment Administration Fund	23
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	24
Other Supplementary Data	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund Leveton Urban Renewal District Project Fund	26
<u>Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon</u> <u>State Regulations</u>	28

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS June 30, 2015

<u>Commissioners</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Lou Ogden, Mayor	December 31, 2018
Wade Brooksby, Position No. 1	December 31, 2018
Monique Beikman, Council President, Position No. 2	December 31, 2016
Frank Bubenik, Position No. 3	December 31, 2018
Ed Truax, Position No. 4	December 31, 2016
Nancy Grimes, Position No. 5	December 31, 2018
Joelle Davis, Position No. 6	December 31, 2016

FINANCIAL SECTION



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Tualatin Development Commission Tualatin, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Tualatin Development Commission, a component unit of the City of Tualatin, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tualatin Development Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Tualatin Development Commission, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tualatin Development Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplementary data, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary data, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 31, 2015, on our consideration of the Tualatin Development Commission's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015

As management of the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission), a component unit of the City of Tualatin (the City), Oregon, we offer the readers of the financial statements this narrative presenting an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities, and resulting changes in financial position. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements and notes that follow.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Commission totaled approximately \$36.8 million at June 30, 2015, and consisted of approximately \$4.4 million in cash and cash equivalents along with capital assets of approximately \$32.4 million.
- Net position (assets minus liabilities) was approximately \$36.7 million at June 30, 2015.
- As of June 30, 2015, the Commission had no outstanding debt.
- Total net position of the Commission decreased by approximately \$2.2 million during fiscal year 2015 as a result of expenses related to urban renewal projects and activities as well as depreciation expense of \$1.3 million.

Overview of Financial Statements

The Commission's basic financial statements and other required supplementary information are presented using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

The basic financial statements present financial information about the Commission as a whole and about its activities. Following the basic financial statements is the required supplementary information which provides a budgetary comparison for the Commission's Economic Development Administration Fund. Finally, completing the document is other supplementary information and the report of the independent certified public accountants, as required by statute.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and were designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business i.e. from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This statement presents information on all of the Tualatin Development Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. In other words, this statement compares what the government

owns to what it owes and, although there are differences and qualifiers, it is a loose parallel to what average citizens understand as "owner's equity" or "net worth".

Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the commission is improving or deteriorating. Other factors being equal, the extent by which assets exceed liabilities is a cushion to be called upon during stressful economic times. Evaluation of the overall health of the Commission would extend to other non-financial factors such as the condition of Commission infrastructure, in addition to the other financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the changes occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes). The obvious advantage to such an approach is to nurture a long-term prospective by emphasizing the effects that yearly budget decisions have on long-term goals.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Tualatin Development Commission which are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*).

There are no proprietary funds, or funds which are expected to recover all, or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities at the Tualatin Development Commission include the identification of, planning of, and financing of urban renewal projects, which enhance the City of Tualatin and make it a better place to live.

The Tualatin Development Commission is considered a blended *component unit* and, in substance, is part of the City's operations, although it is a legally separate entity. Financial statements of the City can be obtained from the Finance department of the City of Tualatin, at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds rather than the Commission as a whole. A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The use of fund financial statements is directly related to the budgeting process because some revenues are legally earmarked for specific kinds of expenditures. Fund financial statements ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations.

In addition, the <u>total amount</u> of the budgeted appropriations for expenditures is considered in terms of the revenue available to fund the expenditures and the type of expenditures competing for the same dollars.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental <u>fund</u> financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows*. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information, presented for *governmental funds*, with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Tualatin Development Commission consists of four funds: the Economic Development Administration Fund, the Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund, the Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund (inactive), and the Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund. All are governmental funds; the Economic Development Administration Fund is considered a special revenue fund, the two project funds are capital project funds that account for the urban renewal expenditures for construction of various projects and the bond fund was used to account for debt used to fund projects.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements. These notes not only provide additional detail, but also are required to fully understand the financial data as presented, as well as the financial condition of the Tualatin Development Commission as a whole. The notes offer information not only to lay readers and citizens, but also to those interested in a detailed study of the Commission's financial operations.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

This section discusses and analyzes significant changes from the prior year.

Statement of Net Position

A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30 is as follows:

	 2015	2014	 Change
Current and other assets	\$ 4,426,159	\$ 5,309,321	\$ (883,162)
Capital assets, net	 32,423,008	 33,765,835	 (1,342,827)
Total assets	36,849,167	39,075,156	(2,225,989)
Current liabilities	 121,714	 154,961	 (33,247)
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	32,423,008	33,765,835	(1,342,827)
Restricted	 4,304,445	5,154,360	 (849,915)
Total net position	\$ 36,727,453	\$ 38,920,195	\$ (2,192,742)

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, assets exceed liabilities by \$36,727,453 at the end of the most recent fiscal year. The largest portion of the Commission's net position reflects the net investment in capital assets (e.g., buildings and land). The Commission develops these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Statement of Activities

The Commission's Statement of Activities for the fiscal years ended June 30 is as follows:

2015		2014			Change
\$	25,247	\$	30,101	\$	(4,854)
	736,108		129,510		606,598
	1,347,161		1,285,985		61,176
	2,083,269		1,415,495		667,774
	(2,058,022)		(1,385,394)		(672,628)
	(134,720)		(166,520)		31,800
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>		<u> </u>
	(2,192,742)		(1,551,914)		(640,828)
	38,920,195		40,472,109		(1,551,914)
\$	36,727,453	\$	38,920,195	\$	(2,192,742)
	\$	\$ 25,247 736,108 1,347,161 2,083,269 (2,058,022) (134,720) (2,192,742) 38,920,195	\$ 25,247 \$ 736,108 1,347,161 2,083,269 (2,058,022) (134,720) (2,192,742) 38,920,195	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

As tax increment revenues ceased in fiscal year 2010, the primary source of revenue is interest income. Total expenses increased by a total of \$667,774, primarily as a result of the completion of the Library/City Offices Parking Lot Project during fiscal year 2015.

Capital Assets

It is the purpose of the Commission to develop and build capital assets for the City of Tualatin; they are legally deeded to the City upon completion and therefore are not intended to be permanent assets of the Commission.

As of June 30, 2014, the Commission had invested \$32.4 million in capital assets, net of depreciation as reflected in the following table, which represents a net decrease (additions less deductions and depreciation) of \$1.3 million.

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2015

	June	e 30,		
	 2015		2014	 Change
Land	\$ 8,757,198	\$	8,757,198	\$ -
Improvements and infrastructure	32,009,347		30,173,948	1,835,399
Construction in progress	1,595,747		3,426,812	(1,831,065)
Less accumulated depreciation	 (9,939,284)		(8,592,123)	 (1,347,161)
Total Capital Assets, net	 32,423,008		33,765,835	 (1,342,827)

Please refer to Note 4 of the basic financial statements for further detailed information on the Commission's capital assets.

Capital activity for urban renewal is confined to the two areas of the City represented by the two urban renewal districts – Central Urban Renewal (downtown area) and the Leveton District (industrial area). Approximately \$684 thousand was spent in the Central Urban Renewal District during FY 2015, which is primarily related to the Library/City Offices Parking Lot Project.

In the Leveton Tax Increment District, approximately \$20 thousand was expended for design and rightof-way acquisition for the Leveton Drive Extension project including SW 130th Avenue and SW 128th Avenue. These projects continue improvements of the transportation system in the industrial area of Tualatin consistent with the plan.

Debt Administration

As of June 30, 2015, the Commission had no outstanding debt.

Discussion of Significant Changes in Individual Fund Balances

The Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund ended with an ending fund balance of \$119,882, down from a beginning fund balance of \$880,739. This change is the result of continued expenditures on capital projects in the fund.

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund ending fund balance decreased in 2015 to \$3,954,318 from \$4,009,192 in 2014. The decrease in fund balance is due to expenditures on capital projects within the renewal district.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Commission is reviewing cost estimates to complete remaining projects and any balances that may be remaining in both the Central Urban Renewal District and the Leveton Tax Increment District. Should there be any remaining funds available, the Commission will discuss options for the balances.

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2015

Request for information

The Commission's financial statements are designed to present users including taxpayers, citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Commission's finances and overall accountability. If you have any questions about the contents of this report, or need additional financial information, please contact the City of Tualatin's Finance Director at 18880 S.W. Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin, Oregon, 97062.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

ASSETS:	G	overnmental Activities
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,422,127
Due from other governments		4,032
Total current assets		4,426,159
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable		10,352,945
Depreciable, net		22,070,063
Total noncurrent assets		32,423,008
Total assets	\$	36,849,167
LIABILITIES:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	120,799
Due to other governments		915
Total liabilities		121,714
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		32,423,008
Restricted for:		
Urban renewal projects		4,304,445
Total net position		36,727,453
Total liabilities and net position	\$	36,849,167

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

]	Expenses	Charg		<u>Revenue</u> Oper Grant Contril	ating is and	(Net Revenue Expenses) and Changes in et Position
EXPENSES:		1						
General Government	\$	736,108	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(736,108)
Depreciation		1,347,161		-		-	_	(1,347,161)
Total activities		2,083,269						(2,083,269)
GENERAL REVENUES:								
Interest								25,247
Transfers to the City of Tu	alati	n, net						(134,720)
- -								
Total general revenues							_	(109,473)
Change in net position								(2,192,742)
NET POSITION, BEGINNI	NG							38,920,195
NET POSITION, ENDING							\$	36,727,453

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2015

	Economic Development Administration Fund		Renewal		District Bond		Renewal District Bond		Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund		Renewal District Project		Renewal District Project		In I	veton Tax crement District ject Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS:																		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	231,780	\$	60,000	\$	166,953	\$ 3	3,963,394	\$	4,422,127								
Due from other governments		-		-		4,032		-		4,032								
Total assets	\$	231,780	\$	60,000	\$	170,985	\$ 3	3,963,394	\$	4,426,159								
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and other current																		
liabilities	\$	1,175	\$	60,000	\$	50,548	\$	9,076	\$	120.799								
Due to other governments	Ψ	360	Ψ	-	Ψ	555	Ψ	-	Ψ	915								
Total liabilities		1,535		60,000		51,103		9,076		121,714								
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for:																		
Urban renewal projects		230,245		-		119,882	3	3,954,318		4,304,445								
Total fund balance		230,245		-		119,882	3	3,954,318		4,304,445								
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	231,780	\$	60,000	\$	170,985	\$ 3	3,963,394										

Amounts reported in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

32,423,008

\$36,727,453

Net position

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Central			
	Economic	Urban	Central Urban	Leveton Tax	
	Development	Renewal	Renewal	Increment	Total
	Administration	District Bond	District	District	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Project Fund	Project Fund	Funds
REVENUES:				¥	
Interest	\$ 1,282	\$ -	\$ 3,323	\$ 20,642	\$ 25,247
Total revenues	1,282		3,323	20,642	25,247
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	35,466	-	-	-	35,466
Capital outlay			684,000	20,976	704,976
Total expenditures	35,466		684,000	20,976	740,442
Revenues under expenditures	(34,184)		(680,677)	(334)	(715,195)
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out			(80,180)	(54,540)	(134,720)
Total other financing uses			(80,180)	(54,540)	(134,720)
Net change in fund balances	(34,184)	-	(760,857)	(54,874)	(849,915)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	264,429	-	880,739	4,009,192	5,154,360
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 230,245	\$ -	\$ 119,882	\$ 3,954,318	\$ 4,304,445

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance	\$	(849,915)
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activates the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceed capital outlay in the current period		
Depreciation Capital asset additions	(1,347,161) 4,334	(1,342,827)
Changes in net position	_\$	(2,192,742)

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements of the Tualatin Development Commission (the Commission) have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GAAP statements include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The financial statements have incorporated all applicable GASB pronouncements.

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The Commission (a component unit of the City of Tualatin) was established on September 23, 1974, to provide for rehabilitation of blighted and deteriorated areas within the City's designated urban renewal area. The City Council of the City of Tualatin is the governing body of the Commission.

The component unit financial statements of the Commission include all funds of the Commission, and the Board of Commissioners are not financially accountable for any other governmental entity. Financial accountability is determined in accordance with criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, primarily on the basis of authority to appoint voting majority of an organization's governing board, ability to impose its will on that organization, the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits or impose specific financial burdens and that organization's fiscal dependency. The Commission is a component unit of the City of Tualatin and, as such is included in the financial statements of the City of Tualatin for the year ended June 30, 2015.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The Commission's financial operations are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial levels. All activities on the Commission are categorized as governmental.

Government-wide financial statements

The Commission uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

These statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Currently the Commission has only governmental fund types.

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the Commission are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

The GASB 34 model sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and proprietary combined) for the determination of major funds. For purposes of presentation, each of the Commission's funds are presented as major funds.

The Commission uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions and activities.

The Economic Development Administration Fund is used to account for the financial operation of the Commission that is not accounted for in any other fund.

The Central Urban Renewal District Bond Fund is used to account property taxes received within the Central Urban Renewal area for the payment of principal and interest on the Commission's tax increment debt.

The Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund is used to account for resources provided from the sale of tax increment bonds and interest earnings used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets within the Central Urban Renewal areas boundary and payment of non-bonded indebtedness.

The Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund is used to account for the proceeds of tax or construction increment bonds which are used for the acquisition and construction of capital assets within the Urban Renewal District.

D. Measurement Focus and Bases of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The Commission-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *full accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, long-term compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the Commission-wide statements, reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the Commission-wide presentation.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Commission considers cash equivalents as all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less. Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value.

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, pathways, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair market value as of the date of the donations.

Capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful life:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-40
Improvements	10-50
Machinery and equipment	5-10
Infrastructure	20-50

G. Net Position

In the commission-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal of related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the Commission (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, and regulations of other governments) and includes unspent proceeds of bonds issued to acquire or construct capital assets.

H. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Commission is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Non-Spendable – Includes items not immediately converted to cash, such as prepaid items and inventory.

Restricted – Includes items that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by legal constitutional provisions.

Committed – Includes amounts that have been committed by resolution by the Commission's Board of Commissioners which is the Commission's "highest level of decision-making authority." Committed amounts may not be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Commissioners removes the constraint by similar board action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned – Includes amounts assigned for specific purposes by Commission action. Assigned fund balance is established by the Commission through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not assigned to another category.

Use of restricted resources, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. When unrestricted resources (committed, assigned and unassigned) are available for use it is the Commission's policy to use committed resources first, then assigned, and then unassigned as they are needed.

I. Use of Estimates

In preparing the Commission's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2015 investments included in cash and cash equivalents consist of the following:

	Fair Value
Investments in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 4,396,941
Total	\$ 4,396,941

A. Interest rate risk

The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Currently, the Commission maintains excess cash in the Local Government Investment Pool.

B. Credit risk

State statutes authorize the Commission to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasure's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations, but is not regulated by other laws, organizations or regulations. The reported value of the Pool is the same as the fair value of Pool shares. Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). The State Treasurer's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company and is unrated.

The Commission's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool is considered unclassified as to credit risk because it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

C. Concentration of credit risk

All investments of the Commission shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus finds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

D. Custodial credit risk – deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the Commission's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 for the combined total of all savings deposits and unlimited coverage for non-interest bearing transaction accounts. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program are considered fully collateralized. As of June 30, 2015, none of the Commission's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

(3) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to provide funds for debt service, contribute to the cost of capital projects, and provide operational resources. Interfund transfers for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows:

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	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Leveton Project Fund	-	54,540
Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund	-	80,180
City of Tualatin - General Fund	134,720	-
	\$ 134,720	\$ 134,720

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2015

(4) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

-	Beginning							Ending	
Primary Government	Balance		Additions]	Deletions	Balance		
Capital Assets, non-depreciable:									
Land	\$	8,757,198	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,757,198	
Construction in Progress	\$	3,426,812		4,334		(1,835,399)		1,595,747	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		12,184,010		4,334		(1,835,399)	10,352,945		
Capital assets, depreciable:									
Improvements		13,362,970	1,835,399			-		15,198,369	
Infrastructure		16,810,978		-		-		16,810,978	
Total capital assets, depreciable		30,173,948		1,835,399		-		32,009,347	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Improvements		(1,704,474)		(506,610)		-		(2,211,084)	
Infrastructure		(6,887,649)		(840,551)		-		(7,728,200)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(8,592,123)		(1,347,161)	_	-		(9,939,284)	
Net depreciable capital assets		21,581,825		488,238				22,070,063	
Net capital assets	\$	33,765,835	\$	492,572	\$	(1,835,399)	\$	32,423,008	

(5) <u>Risk Management</u>

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss and insurance coverage is provided by the City of Tualatin, which carries commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from risks of loss have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - Economic Development Administration Fund

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget						Variance Positive	
	0	Driginal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Interest	\$	875	\$	875	\$	1,282	\$	407
Total revenues		875		875		1,282		407
EXPENDITURES:								
Materials and service		64,225		64,225		35,466		28,759
Contingency		78,275		78,275		-		78,275
Total expenditures		142,500		142,500		35,466		107,034
Revenues under expenditures		(141,625)		(141,625)		(34,184)		107,441
Net changes in fund balances		(141,625)		(141,625)		(34,184)		107,441
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		141,625		141,625		264,429		122,804
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$	_	\$	230,245	\$	230,245

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIOIN June 30, 2015

Budgetary Information

The Commission budgets its fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Appropriations are adopted in the categories of personal services, materials and services, and capital outlay. Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations in any of the categories.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

These Budgetary Comparison schedules included the following:

Capital Project Funds

Central Urban Renewal District Project Fund Leveton Tax Increment District Project Fund

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION CENTRAL URBAN RENEWAL DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budget Original Final				Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Interest	\$	4,845	\$	4,845	\$	3,323	\$	(1,522)
Total revenues		4,845		4,845		3,323		(1,522)
EXPENDITURES:								
Capital outlay		450,000		684,180		684,000		180
Contingency		369,520		135,340		_		135,340
Total expenditures		819,520		819,520		684,000		135,520
Revenues under expenditures		(814,675)		(814,675)		(680,677)		133,998
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out		(80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)		-
Total other financing uses		(80,180)		(80,180)		(80,180)		-
Net changes in fund balances		(894,855)		(894,855)		(760,857)		133,998
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		894,855		894,855		880,739		(14,116)
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$		\$	119,882	\$	119,882

TUALATIN DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION LEVETON TAX INCREMENT DISTRICT PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budg Original			get Final		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:									
Interest	\$	15,820	\$	15,820	\$	20,642	\$	4,822	
Total revenues		15,820		15,820		20,642		4,822	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		20,976		29,024	
Contingency		16,365		16,365		-		16,365	
Total expenditures		66,365		66,365		20,976		45,389	
Revenues under expenditures		(50,545)		(50,545)		(334)		50,211	
OTHER FINANCING USES:									
Transfers out		(54,540)		(54,540)		(54,540)		-	
Total other financing uses		(54,540)		(54,540)		(54,540)			
Net changes in fund balances		(105,085)		(105,085)		(54,874)		50,211	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		3,140,680		3,140,680		4,009,192		868,512	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 3	3,035,595	\$	3,035,595	\$	3,954,318	\$	918,723	

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION



PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATION

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Tualatin Development Commission, a component unit of the City of Tualatin, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated December 31, 2015. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Tualatin Development Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets. The Commission does not receive highway funds.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The Commission does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Tualatin Development Commission was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of

laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Tualatin Development Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tualatin Development Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tualatin Development Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP West Linn, Oregon December 31, 2015



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

PARTNERS KAMALA K. AUSTIN, CPA • TONYA M. MOFFITT, CPA

December 31, 2015

To the Board of Commissioners Tualatin Development Commission

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Tualatin Development Commission for the year ended June 30, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 2, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Tualatin Development Commission are described in Note (1) to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2015.

We noted no transactions entered into by Tualatin Development Commission during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the accumulated depreciation is based on historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed and donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop this estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Page 1 of 4

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements was:

The disclosure of Capital Assets in Note (4) to the financial statements summarizes the changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. No misstatements were noted during the audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 31, 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Tualatin Development Commission's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's

auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit management's discussion and analysis, and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on this information.

We were engaged to report on the budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents under RSI, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary data, as listed in the table of contents, which accompany the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary data, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of Board of Commissioners and management of Tualatin Development Commission and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

If you should have any questions or comments, we would be pleased to discuss this report with you at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Merina & Lompany

Merina & Company, LLP Certified Public Accountants and Consultants



MEMORANDUM CITY OF TUALATIN

TO:	Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
THROUGH:	Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager
FROM:	Zoe Monahan, Management Analyst Alice Cannon, Assistant City Manager
DATE:	02/22/2016
SUBJECT:	Southwest Corridor Plan Update

ISSUE BEFORE THE COUNCIL:

Southwest Corridor Plan Update

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

The Southwest Corridor Plan is a regional effort to explore high capacity transit options from downtown Portland through Tigard to Tualatin. This is one of the City Council's eight priority projects. A project steering committee composed of elected officials from Portland, Washington County, Tigard, Sherwood, Beaverton, Durham and King City is meeting regularly to provide direction on the project. Mayor Ogden is the City's representative on the project steering committee. Staff and Mayor Ogden regularly seek guidance and input from City Council and residents concerning key issues.

At the last Steering Committee meeting, in January, Downtown Tualatin was removed as a terminus alternative and Bridgeport Village became the new preferred terminus option. They also removed the Commercial Loop and Downtown Loop alignments, both in Tigard, from further study. The remaining alignments in Tigard (Ash Avenue, Branch Service and Clinton Street) will continue to be studied in the Draft Environmental Impact Study (DEIS).

It was anticipated that the Steering Committee would make a decision on connections to PCC, as well as the preferred travel mode (light rail and bus rapid transit) at the February Steering Committee; however, the meeting has been postponed in order to allow more time to evaluate transit access alternatives to better serve PCC. The Steering Committee is expected to make a decision regarding the preferred mode and transit access to PCC in the spring.

Once the alignment, terminus and travel mode options are narrowed and finalized later in 2016, the project will enter into a federal environmental planning process whereby the options will be evaluated for conformance with environmental and federal funding guidelines.

Attachments: Southwest Corridor Presentation



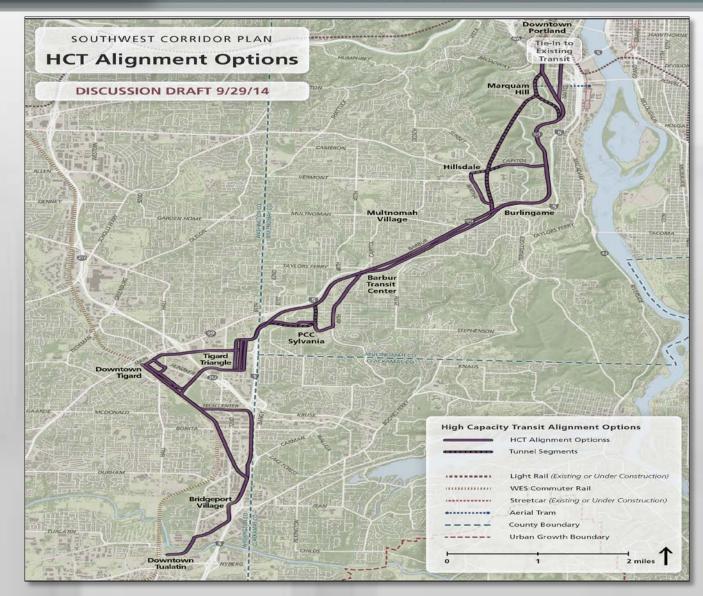
Southwest Corridor Plan Project Update

Tualatin City Council Work Session February 22, 2016

1



Southwest Corridor



Summary of Steering Committee Decisions from January 11, 2016

- Removed Downtown Tualatin as a terminus alternative.
- Bridgeport Village is the new preferred terminus option.
- Removed the Commercial Loop and Downtown Loop, in Tigard, from further study.
- Continue to study the Ash Avenue, Branch Service, and Clinton Street alignments, in Tigard, in the Draft Environmental Impact Study (DEIS).

Mode Options

Which mode should be studied in the DEIS?

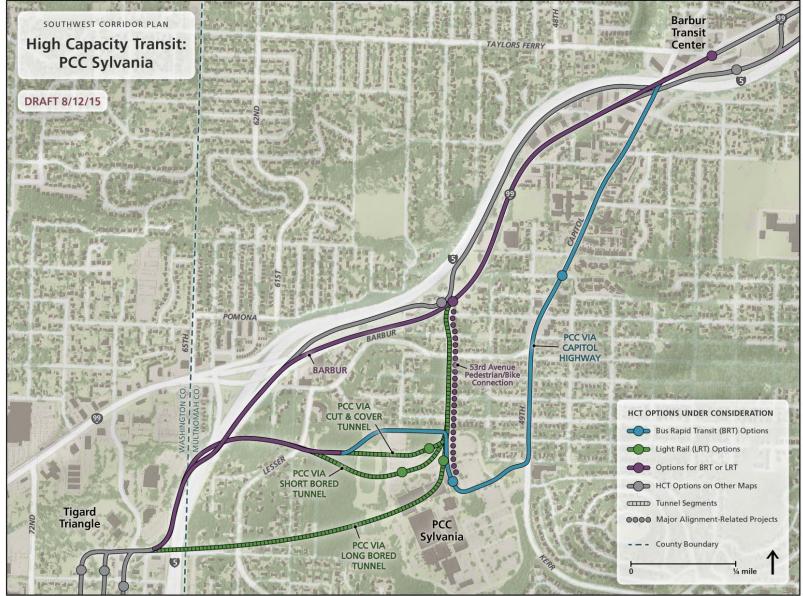
- Bus Rapid Transit
- Light Rail



Transit Access to PCC

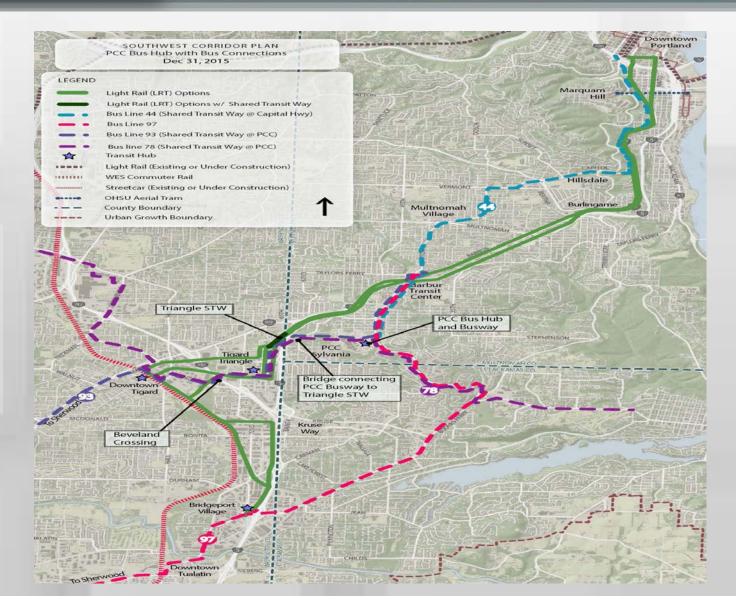
- How should the project serve PCC?
 - Direct Bus Rapid Transit
 - A direct tunnel for Light Rail
 - Enhanced local bus service
 - Other alternatives

High Capacity Transit to PCC

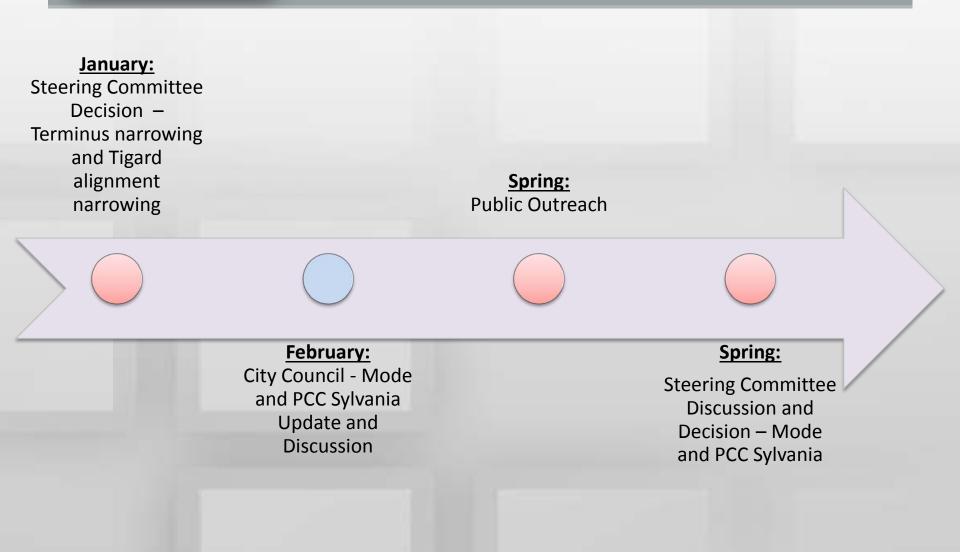


6

Enhanced Local Bus Service to PCC



Southwest Corridor Schedule



Questions & Comments



MEMORANDUM CITY OF TUALATIN

TO:	Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
THROUGH:	Sherilyn Lombos, City Manager
FROM:	Kelsey Lewis, Management Analyst II Paul Hennon, Community Services Director
DATE:	02/22/2016
SUBJECT:	Tualatin River Greenway Trail Project Update

ISSUE BEFORE THE COUNCIL:

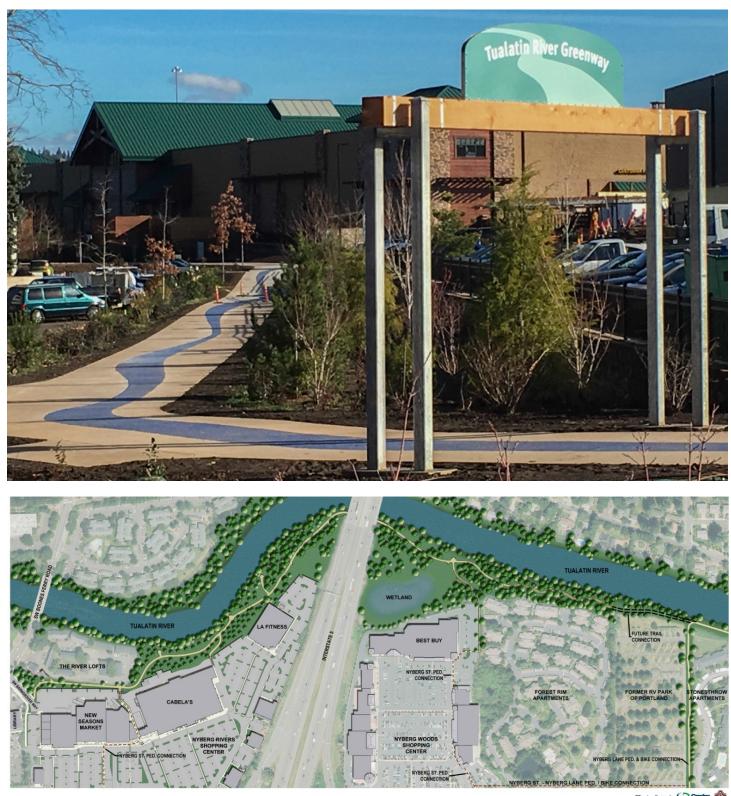
Paul Hennon will present an update on the construction of the Tualatin River Greenway Trail Project, including a discussion of the scope, schedule, budget and related issues. The Tualatin River Greenway Project provides a new bicycle and pedestrian trail connecting people with nature while enabling easy and safe exercise, recreation and wildlife viewing, and commuting between residential and commercial areas and public facilities. This new segment of the Tualatin River Greenway Trail opens for public use on February 23, 2016. Save the date for the Grand Opening and Ribbon Cutting on April 9, 2016 from 1:00 to 1:30 pm at Barngrover Way.

Attachments: PowerPoint

Tualatin River Greenway Trail Opens February 23, 2016

Save the Date!

Grand Opening and Ribbon Cutting, Saturday, April 9, 1:00 – 1:30 pm, @ Barngrover Way



Tualatin River Greenway - Bicycle and Pedestrian Trail SW Barngrover Way to SW Nyberg Lane

For more information: www.tualatinoregon.gov.