



Transportation System Plan Update







February 2013



Revised Tualatin Transportation System Plan Update

Prepared for City of Tualatin

February 2013

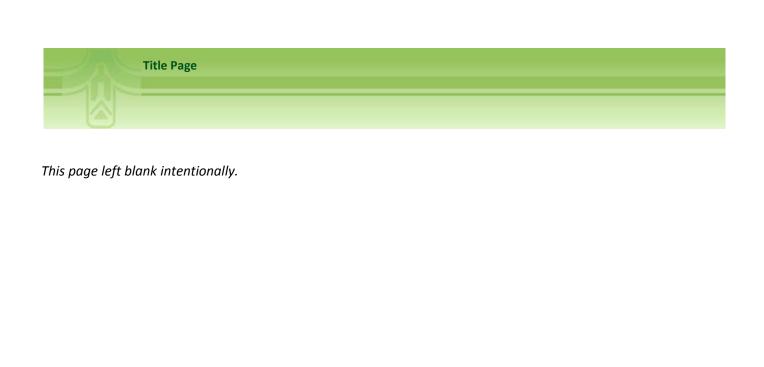
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Acronyms and Abbreviations

CIO Citizen Involvement Organization

ESL English as a Second Language

HDM ODOT's Highway Design Manual

HOV High-Occupancy Vehicle

LID Local Improvement District

MBP Minor Betterment Program

MSTIP Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program (Washington County funding source)

NHS National Highway System

ODOT Oregon Department of Transportation

OHP Oregon Highway Plan

OR 99W Oregon Highway 99W

PNWR Portland and Western Railroad

RTFP Metro's Regional Transportation Functional Plan

RTP Metro's Regional Transportation Plan

SDC System Development Charges

SMART South Metro Area Regional Transit

SOV Single-Occupancy Vehicle

SRTS Safe Routes to School

STIP Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

TDC Tualatin Development Code

TDM Transportation Demand Management

TDT Transportation Development Tax

TE Transportation Enhancement

TMA Transportation Management Association

TPC Tualatin Planning Commission

TPARK Tualatin Parks Advisory Committee

TPR Transportation Planning Rule

TSM Transportation System Management

TSMO Plan Metro's 2035 Transportation System Management and Operations Plan

TSP Transportation System Plan

Acronyms and Abbreviations

TTF Transportation Task Force
UGB Urban Growth Boundary
WES Westside Express Service

Acknowledgements

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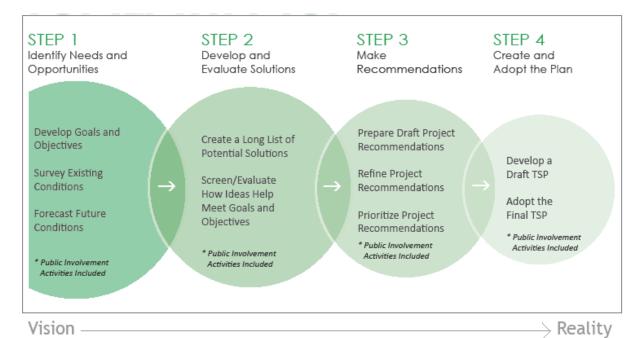
Chapter 1. Introduction

The Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP) establishes a long-range vision for the combination of projects, programs, and policies that will achieve Tualatin's transportation goals. To do this, the TSP looks at the needs of its residents, businesses, employees, and visitors – now (year 2012), and what is expected for the future (Year 2035). TSPs are required by the state of Oregon for all cities with populations greater than 2,500 people, and this is not Tualatin's first TSP. However, it serves as a major update. The previous TSP was adopted in 2001, with analyses completed in 2000, necessitating a new evaluation of transportation conditions in Tualatin and an updated vision for its future. The TSP considers the diverse needs of all users of the City's transportation network, and sets out recommendations that will serve the needs of transit riders, bicyclists, pedestrians, freight traffic, and drivers.

This plan has been prepared in compliance with state, regional, and local plans and policies, including the *Oregon Highway Plan* (OHP), the state *Transportation Planning Rule* (TPR), Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan* (RTP), Metro's *Regional Transportation Functional Plan* (RTFP), Washington and Clackamas Counties Transportation System Plans, and Tualatin's Comprehensive Plan. The TSP presents a vision specific to the City's transportation future, while remaining consistent with these state, regional, and local plans. Plan elements will be implemented by the City, private developers, and regional, or state agencies.

Plan Process

Tualatin began the process to update their TSP in 2011. Staff organized their work into four basic steps, as described here and illustrated in the graphic below. Step 1 identified existing and future needs, opportunities, project goals, and objectives. City staff and the consultant project team assembled existing and collected new data, analyzed the data to identify deficiencies and opportunities, and attended a number of community events to



The Adopted Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP):

- · Creates a vision for Tualatin's future as it relates to transportation
- · Establishes our community's priorities so we know what should be done first
- · Helps the Clty of Tualatin get funding and build projects

ask about issues with the transportation system to form an understanding of transportation problems to be addressed in the TSP. Additionally, the project website included an issues map where visitors to the website could identify transportation problems within the City.

Step 2 of the process included creating a long list of potential solutions, then screening and evaluating the potential solutions to see how ideas help meet project goals and objectives. An open house, several Transportation Task Force meetings, and the working group meetings helped create and/or evaluate potential solutions (working groups are described in the next section). Throughout each of these steps, the project team engaged the community to ensure that each element was appropriate for Tualatin. The Public Involvement section presents more information about the public involvement activities.

Step 3 included preparing the draft recommendations for projects to be included into the TSP, refining a number of recommendations for the more complex transportation needs, and prioritizing the project recommendations to help both the City and the community define which projects and programs should be implemented first.

Step 4 included developing the draft and final TSPs for City adoption. This process focused on compiling all recommendations into the TSP document, and coordinating with relevant stakeholders in reviewing the TSP for completeness and consistency. These stakeholders included the community, City Council, Tualatin Planning Commission (TPC), Tualatin Parks Advisory Committee (TPARK), Washington County, Metro, Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Clackamas County, adjacent cities, and the state's Department of Land Conservation and Development (DLCD).

Study Area

The study area for the Tualatin TSP is comprised of the Tualatin Planning Area Boundary, with two additions - the Basalt Creek planning area between Tualatin and Wilsonville, and the SW Concept Plan area between the Cities of Sherwood and Tualatin. Those areas outside of the City limits, but within the study area, were included because of the transportation impact that they could have on the City's transportation network associated with the potential development of residential and employment areas. The Tualatin River serves as the northerly boundary of the City west of I-5, with SW Cipole Road and SW 124th Avenue as the boundary to the west, and SW Helenius Street and SW Norwood Road to the south. There is a section of the city north and east of the Tualatin River south of SW Peters Road and west of SW Upper Boones Ferry Road. Additionally, the Horizon Christian High School south of SW Norwood Road is within City limits. The eastern study area boundary from the south follows the west side of I-5 until north of I-205. The City then extends east into Clackamas County east of SW 65th Avenue to Halcyon Road. The City also includes a section of the Bridgeport Village shopping center on the west side of I-5. The northern part of the City also extends to the east side of I-5 to the rail line, and north of the Tualatin River to approximately SW Rosewood Street. In addition to the City limits, there are a handful of areas that are surrounded by the City but not officially incorporated. The study area is shown on several of the TSP's figures, including Figure 1 in the following section.

Public Involvement for the Transportation System Plan

The TSP planning process actively engaged the citizens of Tualatin in the production of its TSP. Residents, business owners, employees, and agency partners were encouraged to participate and were provided with multiple ways to share their thoughts - from initial goal development and issue identification to evaluation and screening. The public involvement plan outlined a thorough outreach process, making it easy and fun for the public to share ideas. The process provided meaningful ways to influence outcomes and took advantage of existing communication networks to reach more people.

Transportation Task Force

The public involvement plan established a clear decision-making framework for the TSP. The Transportation Task Force (TTF), with input from the Working Groups (described below), advised the TPC. TPC then made a recommendation to the City Council, which will then adopt the final TSP and any changes to the City's Code. In addition, TPARK made recommendations on the bicycle and pedestrian elements to the City Council. Each of these organizations received regular project updates from City staff throughout the process and each had representative members on the TTF. These groups were given the opportunity to provide their recommendation before the TTF decisions were forwarded to TPC and the City Council.

The TTF was formed in November 2011 for the purpose of advising TPC and the City Council about the needs and concerns of the community with regard to transportation. The City Council Citizen Involvement Committee selected TTF members carefully to be representative of neighborhoods, the business community, and the interests of Tualatin's advisory committees. Members and alternates were selected from a pool of applications. Neighboring communities, counties, Tualatin Valley Fire & Rescue, ODOT, Metro, and TriMet also had representatives on the TTF.

The TTF met 16 times between November 2011 and November 2012. The TSP was discussed at most meetings, though the TTF also helped to prepare Tualatin's companion land use plan for high capacity transit, known as *Linking Tualatin* during the same timeframe. TTF meetings were advertised by the City and open to the public. The TTF agenda included time for public comment at the beginning and end of every meeting.

Public Open Houses

The TSP process featured two in-person public involvement opportunities as well as a two-month long online open house. The City of Tualatin held the "Tualatin Year of Transportation" kick-off meeting on February 16, 2012, to provide information and an opportunity to comment on various transportation projects in the Tualatin area. The City also sponsored a Transportation Summit on September 20, 2012, to allow the public an opportunity to understand the full picture of how proposed projects work together. The Summit included a presentation by technical staff and provided a "town hall" style forum for comment and discussion of final recommendations before the draft TSP was developed.

Working Groups

Working Groups were another forum for public engagement in the project. The groups



were open to the public and generated ideas and transportation solutions to be considered by the TTF. Six groups were established: Neighborhood Livability, Transit, Downtown, Bike and Pedestrian, Industrial and Freight, and Major Corridors and Intersections. Each working group met at least three times between February and July 2012, and anyone with an interest was encouraged to attend. Between six and thirty-five participants attended each working group meeting.

Because community members are much more likely to get involved if invited by a trusted source, the project made use of established lines of communication within the community. Notifications for events and opportunities to participate were sent through the City's list of interested citizens, the Tualatin Mayor's email list, the Chamber of Commerce email list, and members of City advisory committees. Emails were also sent to major employers and the Portland Hispanic Professionals Network. The City posted fliers and meeting notices in English and Spanish at City offices and the library. Event information was presented in school newsletters. The project produced press releases and submitted articles for the City's sponsored newsletter and the local newspaper, *Tualatin Life*.

Spanish Language Outreach

According to the 2005–2009 American Community Survey, 17 percent of Tualatin's population speaks Spanish at home. For that reason, attention was placed on reaching out to this important part of the population. Interviews with leaders in the Latino community held early in the process suggested several ways to engage the Spanish-speaking population of Tualatin. Following these suggestions, the project team:

- Created English and Spanish language materials
- Visited the bilingual Parent-Teacher Organization at Bridgeport Elementary School
- Provided materials at the library and especially at Spanish-language events attended by families
- Shared information at local English as a Second Language (ESL) classes
- Contacted local churches (Tualatin Spanish Seventh-Day Adventist Church and Esperanza Iglesia)
- Left materials at local businesses

Making Involvement Easy and Fun

In addition to the more traditional meetings and events, this TSP process employed many unique tools for making involvement easy and fun.

All project information was shared on the website,

www.tualatintsp.org, with information available in both English and Spanish. The website was updated weekly throughout the project with new deliverables, upcoming meetings, ways to get involved, questions for the



community, and updates on what the team was doing. Project videos were produced that appeared on the project website that provided fun and unique updates from community members throughout the process. More than 2,240 people accessed the website during the project and more than 460 people submitted comments online on the Comment Map, the TSP Ideas Map, and the general comments section.

All TSP information was posted to the website to maintain an open and transparent process. TTF materials—including agendas, technical material, and meeting summaries—were posted on the City of Tualatin's website at http://www.tualatinoregon.gov/meetings and linked through the TSP project site.

Through the summers of 2011 and 2012, City staff attended public events to educate people about the TSP update and seek input on transportation system needs and recommendations. During this time staff attended the Tualatin Farmers Market, Concerts on the Commons, ArtSplash Arts Festival, and the annual Crawfish Festival.

Staff also attended each of the city Advisory Committee meetings, made contact with the Juanita Pohl Senior Center attendees, and made presentations to the Tualatin Chamber and the Tualatin Rotary.

In the summer of 2011 the project team developed an iPhone application and a map-based web tool for the public to suggest project ideas and identify system needs. About 250 people participated, providing more than 360 suggestions. The project also sponsored a video contest and honored two winners in October 2011. The City used its Facebook account to share TSP updates with its 392 followers and the project ran a Facebook ad in August 2012. Finally, the team prepared a short video to encourage input on the TSP's preliminary recommendations in summer 2012; this video was featured in several prominent spots and helped drive traffic to the project website. These non-traditional methods expanded the reach of the outreach program and engaged more Tualatin residents in development of the TSP.

Project Goals

Over a span of three meetings the TTF prepared a vision for the TSP, conveyed as a set of goals and objectives. In early 2012 they adopted seven principal goals organized into the following goal categories:

- 1. Access and Mobility
- 2. Safety
- 3. Vibrant Community
- 4. Equity
- 5. Economy
- 6. Health and the Environment
- 7. Ability to be Implemented

These goals and objectives were also discussed by the community at the first open house in February 2012 and by TPC, TPARK, and City Council. The full description of goals and objectives, included as Table 1, served as the basis for the TSP's evaluation framework. This means that all TSP recommendations were tied back to the underlying vision as established by these groups.

Regulatory Requirements

The TPR, developed by the state DLCD in accordance with state law, requires that local TSPs contain the following elements:

- A road plan for a network of arterial and collector roads
- A public transit plan
- A bicycle and pedestrian plan
- An air, rail, water, and pipeline plan
- A transportation financing plan
- Policies and ordinances for implementing the TSP

The TPR requires that alternate travel modes including cycling, walking, and transit, be given equal consideration with automobile travel and states that reasonable effort must be applied in the development and enhancement of alternate modes in Tualatin's future transportation system. Local jurisdictions must also coordinate their plans with relevant state, regional, and county plans and amend their own ordinances to implement the TSP.

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Tualatin TSP February 2013 Introduction

TABLE 1
Goals and Objectives of the Tualatin Transportation System Plan

Goal Category	Goal	Objective		
Access and Mobility	Maintain and enhance the transportation system to reduce travel times, provide travel-time reliability, provide a functional and smooth	Improve travel time reliability/provide travel information for all modes including freight and transit.		
	transportation system, and promote access for all users.	Provide efficient and quick travel between points A and B.		
		Provide connectivity within the City between popular destinations and residential areas.		
		Accommodate future traffic, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit demand.		
		Reduce trip length and potential travel times for motor vehicles, freight, transit, bicycles, and walkers.		
		Improve comfort and convenience of travel for all modes including bicycles, pedestrians, and transit users.		
		Increase access to key destinations for all modes.		
Safety	Improve safety for all users, all modes, all ages, and all abilities within the City of Tualatin.	Address known safety locations, including high-crash locations for motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians.		
		Address geometric deficiencies that could affect safety including intersection design, location and existence of facilities, and street design.		
		Ensure that emergency vehicles are able to provide services throughout the City to support a safe community.		
		Provide a secure transportation system for all modes.		
Vibrant Community	Allow for a variety of alternative transportation choices for citizens of and visitors to Tualatin to support a high quality of life and community	Create a variety of safe options for transportation needs including bicycles, pedestrians transit, freight, and motor vehicles.		
	livability. Produce a plan that respects and preserves neighborhood values and	Provide complete streets that include universal access through pedestrian facilities, bicycle facilities, and transit on some streets.		
	identity.	Support a livable community with family-friendly neighborhoods.		
		Maintain a small-town feel.		
Equity	Consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from potential transportation options, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities.	Promote a fair distribution of benefits to and burdens on different populations within the City (that is, low-income, transit-dependent, minority, age groups) and different neighborhoods and employment areas within the City.		
		Consider access to transit for all users.		

Goal Category	Goal	Objective		
Economy	Support local employment, local businesses, and a prosperous	Support a vibrant city center and community, accessible to all modes of transportation.		
	community while recognizing Tualatin's role in the regional economy.	Support employment centers by providing transportation options to major employers.		
		Increase access to employment and commercial centers on foot, bike, or transit.		
		Consider positive and negative effects of alternatives on adjacent residential and business areas.		
		Accommodate freight movement.		
		Facilitate efficient access for goods, employees, and customers to and from commercial and industrial lands, including access to the regional transportation network.		
Health/Environment	Provide active transportation options to improve the health of citizens in Tualatin. Ensure that transportation does not adversely affect public	Provide active transportation options to area schools to reduce childhood obesity.		
	health or the environment.	Promote active transportation modes to support a healthy public and children of all ages.		
		Provide interconnected networks for bicyclists and pedestrians throughout the City for all age groups.		
		Consider air quality effects of potential transportation solutions.		
		Protect park land and create an environmentally sustainable community.		
		Consider positive and negative effects of potential solutions on the natural environment (including wetlands and habitat areas).		
Ability to Be Implemented	Promote potential options that are able to be implemented because they have community and political support and are likely to be funded.	Promote fiscal responsibility and ensure that potential transportation system options are able to be funded given existing and anticipated future funding sources.		
		Evaluate potential options for consistency with existing community, regional, and state goals and policies.		
		Strive for broad community and political support.		
		Optimize benefits over the life cycle of the potential option.		
		Consider transportation options that make the best use of the existing network.		
		Conduct the planning process with adequate input and feedback from citizens in each affected neighborhood.		

Metro also requires that TSPs meet certain requirements that have been adopted in the RTP and RTFP. Local TSPs must:

- Establish an arterial street network, considering Metro's street design concepts and include a conceptual map
 of new streets
- Implement access management standards
- Include policies, standards, and projects that connect to transit stops
- Develop a transit plan consistent with the regional transit functional plan
- Develop pedestrian, bicycle, freight, parking, and transportation system management plans
- Ensure that regional transportation needs are incorporated into the TSP
- Include regional transportation goals for mode share and vehicles miles traveled

Organization of the TSP

The TSP document is organized into three chapters and seven appendixes, as follows.

Chapter 1. Introduction

This chapter explained the purpose, goals, and benefits of the TSP, regulatory requirements guiding plan development, and organization of the TSP.

Chapter 2. Modal Plans

This chapter discusses the preferred transportation system for the City of Tualatin, including the required plan elements discussed earlier. It includes the following sections:

- 1. Functional Classification Plan describes the methods of classifying streets based on the service they are intended to provide for travel in Tualatin
 - Street Design Standards: updates and expands on existing street design standards
- 2. Street System Plan describes the changes to the street system including the functional classification, street design standards, streets to upgrade, and new streets. Projects to improve City roadways are included in the street system plan.
 - Street Urban Upgrades: contains improvements needed to bring certain roadway segments and intersections up to standards
 - New Streets: details new streets and street extensions designed to improve local connectivity
 - Additional Roadway Projects: contains street signals, intersection modifications, additional lanes, and other projects that will enhance the road network.
 - Access Management: discusses road access control measures designed to improve safety, maintain traffic flow, and preserve roadway capacity.
 - Traffic Operations Standards: compares the TSP to adopted State, County, and local standards.
- **3. Transit Modal Plan** details transit enhancements and new transit projects, including expanded bus routes, park-and-rides, expansion of the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Shuttle service, and Tualatin's role in regional transit planning.

- **4. Pedestrian and Bicycle Modal Plan** lists recommended bicycle and pedestrian improvement projects, featuring a robust network of multi-modal paths.
- **5. Freight Plan** lists projects needed to improve freight movement reliability, reduce freight delay, and address other freight system deficiencies.
- **6. Rail Plan** evaluates the current and future rail system and sets forth improvements to serve both freight and passenger rail travel.
- 7. Water, Pipeline, and Air Plan describes existing and future pipeline and air service needs in Tualatin.
- **8. Transportation Demand Management Plan** discusses projects designed to manage travel demand in Tualatin, preserving transportation system capacity.
- **9. Transportation System Management Plan** discusses how best to use existing infrastructure to optimize travel on the current network.
- 10. Parking Plan determines a parking plan for the downtown core and Tualatin High School.

Implementation

This section includes information on potential funding sources and prioritization of TSP projects.

Chapter 3. Policy Language

This chapter contains recommended policy language to be considered for adoption by the City.

Appendixes

The appendixes contain technical information and documentation supporting the TSP and are organized largely by technical memoranda produced as part of the TSP process. They are as follows:

- Appendix A, Plan and Policy Review details the policy framework that guided development of the TSP and serves as a basis for updating out-of-date or inconsistent City policies.
- Appendix B, Existing Conditions and Deficiencies documents the current (2011) transportation conditions in Tualatin, current land use, and identifies existing deficiencies. Existing conditions are evaluated based on relevant mobility and operations standards.
- Appendix C, Future Transportation Conditions describes transportation system conditions for the future study year 2035 based on population growth, anticipated employment growth, and future traffic analysis.
- Appendix D, Alternatives Analysis describes the evaluation framework uses to select or reject different
 alternatives, the project brainstorming process, the narrowing process, and how TSP recommendations were
 moved forward to be included in the TSP.
- Appendix E, Transportation Funding and Improvement Costs summarizes existing transportation funding sources and potential future funding sources that could be considered to fund projects in the TSP. Included are high-level planning cost estimates for the recommended TSP projects.
- Appendix F, Implementing Ordinances recommends changes to the Tualatin Development Code that will
 enable plan implementation, encourage alternate modes, and protect facility and corridor function consistent
 with regulatory requirements.
- Appendix G, Public Involvement Process details the public process used in developing the plan, including outreach activities, community workshops, open houses, and the Transportation Task Force and Working Group meetings.

Chapter 2. Modal Plans

This chapter outlines the preferred transportation system for the City of Tualatin. It is organized by modal element, though it should be noted that many TSP programs and projects benefit more than one mode of transportation. All attempts have been made to describe multi-modal TSP recommendations under the mode primarily served, with cross references made to other modes benefited by the project.

This chapter consists of a street system plan, a transit plan, a bicycle, pedestrian, and trail plan, a rail plan, a freight plan, a water and pipeline plan, and an air plan. As per TPR requirements this chapter also specifically includes plans for TDM, TSM, and parking.

Definitions: TDM and TSM

TDM

Projects designed to manage travel demand, preserving transportation system capacity. Examples include teleworking, carpooling, and a Transportation Management Association.

TSM

Projects designed to optimize travel on the current network. Examples include traffic calming techniques, signal timing, and signal coordination.

1 Functional Classification Plan

A city's functional classification plan defines the intended operations and character of roadways within the overall transportation system including standards for roadway and right-of-way width, access spacing, and pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The City of Tualatin's functional classification system applies to roadways owned by the City, the County, and the State, and includes principal arterials, major arterials, minor arterials, major collectors, minor collectors, connector, and local roads. Figure 1 presents the updated functional classification plan for the City of Tualatin. Table 2 describes the functional classifications and the purpose they are intended to serve.

Tualatin's street system has a well-established network of arterials and collectors serving a variety of land uses throughout the City. The arterial roadways carry a high number of vehicles including transit and freight vehicles, and provide mobility with few opportunities for local access. Collectors assemble traffic from a neighborhood or district and deliver it to the closest arterial street. Collectors serve shorter trip lengths than arterials and have more local access opportunities. Both arterials and collectors within Tualatin are owned by a variety of agencies including the City, ODOT, and Clackamas and Washington Counties. The roadway owners are responsible for maintenance and upkeep on the roadways and they make decisions on upgrades to their facilities. Appendix A, Plan and Policy Review, provides a detailed description of the various policies associated with roadway ownership.

There are a number of existing freight and truck routes through the City designated by the City, the State, and the Federal government. These routes have specific design criteria and mobility standards to ensure that these roadways serve freight traffic.

Functional Classification Policies

Policies support the City's transportation goals and objectives included in the previous section. Policies help provide direction for roadways and roadway classifications.

- Functional Classification Policy 1: Major and minor arterials will comprise the main backbone of the freight system, ensuring that freight trucks are able to easily move within, in, and out of the City
- Functional Classification Policy 2: Continue to construct existing and future roadways to standard when
 possible for the applicable functional classification to serve transportation needs within the City

Functional Classification Changes

Several changes were made to the City's functional classification system in this TSP update, including a simplification of the classifications themselves (from nine to seven classifications), updates to the descriptions and design standards, and several modifications within the City. Table 2 includes the description of the functional classifications, and Figure 1 includes a map of the updated Functional Classifications in Tualatin.

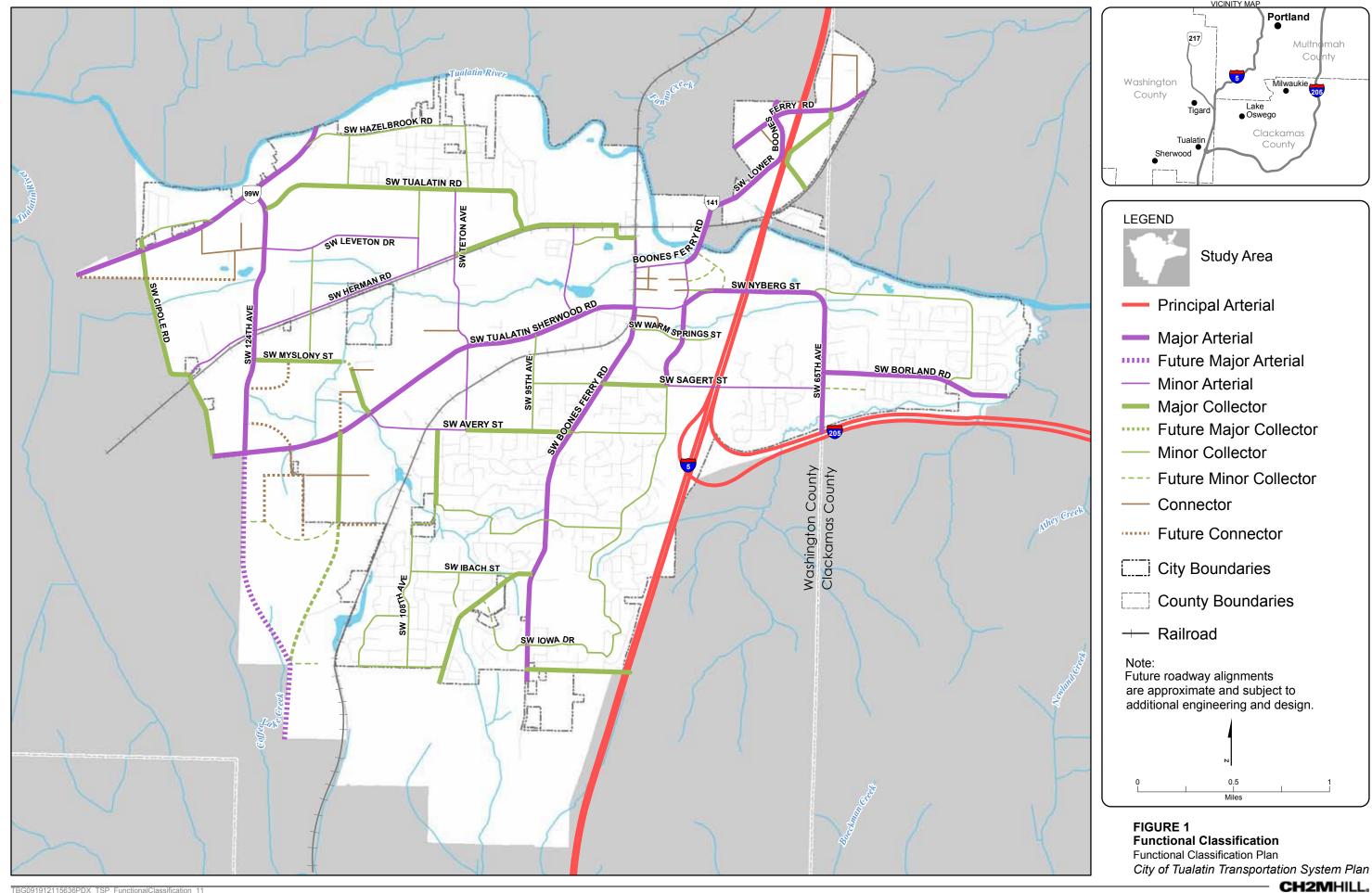
TABLE 2

City of Tualatin Functional Classification Description

Functional Classification	Description
Principal Arterial	Primary function is to serve through, intra-city, regional, and interstate travel; connects major cities and states; connects to the major arterial system; serves through and regional freight movements; facilities are fully and partially access controlled; access control through medians, interchanges; no on-street parking, few sidewalks and bicycle facilities; may be used by public transit.
Major Arterial	Primary function is to serve both local and through traffic as it enters and leaves the urban area; connects the minor arterial and collector street system to principal arterials and other major arterials; serves freight movements between Tualatin and the regional system; provides access to other cities and communities; serves major traffic movements; access control through medians and/or channelization; restricted on-street parking; sidewalks and bicycle facilities required; may allow a right-turn pocket if warranted; will be used by public transit.
Minor Arterial	Primary function is to serve local and through traffic between community and regional facilities; distributes traffic from major arterials to collectors and local streets; serves freight movements between Tualatin and the regional system; higher degree of access than major arterials; trip lengths, traffic volumes, and speeds are lower than on major arterials; sidewalks and bicycle lanes required; may allow a right turn pocket if warranted; likely to be used by public transit.
Major Collector	Primary function is to serve local traffic between neighborhoods and community facilities; principal carrier between arterials and local streets; provides some degree of access to adjacent properties, while maintaining circulation and mobility for all users; carries lower traffic volumes at slower speeds than arterials; typically has two to three lanes; typically does not include on-street parking; pedestrian and bicycle facilities are required; may be used by public transit.
Minor Collector	Primary function is to connect neighborhoods with major collector streets to facilitate movement of local traffic; serves as primary routes into residential neighborhoods; has slower speeds to ensure community livability and safety for pedestrians and bicyclists; on-street pedestrian and bicycle facilities are required; bicycle facilities may be exclusive or where street parking is prevalent, shared roadways depending on traffic volumes, speeds, and extent of bicycle travel; may be used by public transit.
Connector	Primary function is to provide direct access to adjacent land uses, specifically in the downtown core* and industrial, commercial, and manufacturing areas; characterized by short roadway distances, slow speeds, and low volumes; offers a high level of accessibility; provides on-street parking, serves passenger cars, pedestrians, bicycles, and trucks for industrial areas. May be used by public transit; pedestrian facilities are required. Does not serve through traffic.
Local Street**	Primary function is to provide direct access to adjacent land uses; characterized by short roadway distances, slow speeds, and low volumes; offers a high level of accessibility; serves passenger cars, pedestrians, and bicycles, but not trucks; pedestrian facilities are required.

^{*} The downtown core is consistent with the Town Center Plan study area, centered on the Lake of the Commons and includes land south of the Tualatin River and west of I-5, including the Tualatin Community Park. The western Boundary is SW 95th Avenue south to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, and then east near SW Warm Springs Street.

^{**} Local streets are not address in the TSP as per the TPR Section 660-012-0020(2)(b)



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Major Arterials

The following roadways are either reclassified as major arterials or are future major arterials:

- ◆ **SW Lower Boones Ferry Road** between SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Bridgeport Road changed from a minor arterial. This section of SW Lower Boones Ferry Road provides the only non-highway north-south connection within the City and carries a large amount of regional traffic from I-5 into Tualatin.
- SW 124th Avenue south of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road (future road). This connection will allow industrial
 and manufacturing properties on the west side of Tualatin to access the regional highway system south of the
 City.
- **SW 65th Avenue** south of SW Sagert Street to the city limits changed from a minor collector. This designation recognizes that south of SW Sagert Street, SW 65th Avenue provides connections to the Stafford area, and changing this designation makes it consistent with the rest of SW 65th Avenue within the City.

Minor Arterials

The following roadways are reclassified as minor arterials:

- SW 108th Avenue between SW Leveton Drive to SW Herman Road changed from a major arterial. Downgrading this section of roadway recognizes that freight and regional traffic will access SW Leveton Drive due to the existing land uses, but it is not a major freight throughway. A minor arterial will serve the industrial and manufacturing area without attracting additional through traffic to SW Tualatin Road.
- ◆ **SW Leveton Drive** between SW 118th and SW 124th Avenues changed from a minor collector, and SW Leveton Drive between SW 118th and SW 108th Avenues changed from a major arterial. These changes address the freight traffic anticipated on SW Leveton Drive and recognize the importance of connecting to the regional transportation system via SW 124th Avenue and OR 99W.
- SW Herman Road west of SW Teton Avenue to SW 108th Avenue changed from a major arterial, and SW Herman Road between SW 108th Avenue and SW Cipole Road changed from a major collector. These changes make the roadway a consistent minor arterial between SW Cipole Road and SW Teton Avenue, and help support the community's desire to remove some through traffic off SW Tualatin Road to SW Herman Road.
- **SW Teton Avenue** between SW Tualatin Road and SW Avery Street changed from a major collector. SW Teton Avenue is recommended as a freight route to reduce pressure on SW Tualatin Road, upgrading to a minor arterial indicates the anticipated traffic.
- SW Avery Street between SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road changed from a major collector. Upgrading this section of SW Avery Street provides a connection to the minor arterial on SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, a major arterial to allow freight and other regional traffic access to I-5 and OR 99W.
- ◆ **SW Sagert Street** from SW Martinazzi Avenue to SW 65th Avenue changed from a major arterial. This change acknowledges that SW Sagert Street is an important connection between SW 65th Avenue and SW Martinazzi Avenue, but recognizes that the road carries local trips and serves residential land uses. SW Sagert Street carries a mix of through and local traffic.
- SW 90th Avenue from SW Tualatin Road to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road changed from a major arterial. This
 change is in response to removing the Hall Street north-south extension over the Tualatin River from the
 City's TSP. Reducing the classification from a major to a minor collector reflects the reduced importance of SW
 90th Avenue without that connection.

Major Collectors

The following roadways are reclassified as major collectors or are future major collectors:

- SW Grahams Ferry Road between SW Ibach Street and the southern City limits changed from a minor collector. This change anticipates planned development along SW Graham's Ferry Road both in Tualatin and to the south, recognizing that it is the only route from the neighborhoods to arterial connections and the regional network.
- **SW Myslony Street Extension** (Future road) to SW 112th Avenue as a future major collector. This is consistent with roadway designations on either side of the future connection.
- ◆ **SW Tualatin Road** between SW 90th Avenue and the curve south at SW Chinook Street changed from a major arterial. This change creates consistency between the segments east and west, which are already major collectors. Originally this was a major arterial because along with SW 90th Avenue, it was to connect to a future Hall Boulevard extension over the river. Since the Hall Boulevard extension was removed from the City's TSP, this roadway was downgraded.
- SW Norwood Road between SW Boones Ferry Road and the eastern City limits changed from a local road. SW Norwood Road is one of the only east-west connections in the south part of the City, and provides a connection over I-5. There are very few local accesses along SW Norwood Road, and the connectivity makes it consistent with a major collector designation.

Minor Collectors

The following roadways are future minor collectors:

- New Roads in Urban Renewal Block 2¹ will be classified as minor collectors since they connect two major arterials, SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Nyberg Street.
- New Road east of SW 65th Avenue and SW Borland Road.

Regional Coordination

Several roadways within the City of Tualatin are owned by Washington County, Clackamas County, or ODOT. Coordination with these regional partners is key to implement a functional roadway network. Many of the County- and State-owned roadways are major and principal arterials respectively, and serve regional traffic needs. The City of Tualatin will continue to work with regional partners to implement projects on County and State-owned roadways in Tualatin. Within the following modal plans, the projects that require regional coordination are called out separately than the projects under the City's sole jurisdiction.

Street Design Standards

Street functional classification guides the design standards including the number of travel lanes, presence of bicycle lanes, the width of sidewalks, and other design elements. Table 3 shows the design standards by functional classification, and Figure 2 has the minimum and preferred street cross sections.

¹ Urban Renewal Block 2 is the site of the former Kmart. It is located north of SW Nyberg Road west of I-5 in the northwest quadrant of the interchange. More information on Urban Renewal in downtown Tualatin is located here: www.tualatinoregon.gov/sites/default/files/fileattachments/economicdevelopment/webpage/12237/curp-curr_oct_2009.pdf

TABLE 3
Street Design Standards

Functional Classification	Cross-section width	Travel lanes	Center lane or landscaped median [¥]	Bike lanes	Sidewalks*	Multi-use path [†]	On-street Parking	Planter Strip [£]
Major Arterial	70-98′	Two to four lanes at 12' each	14'	5-6' on both sides	5-6' on both sides	12' multi-use path could replace bike lanes and sidewalks on one or both sides	None	6' on both sides
Minor Arterial	56-74′	Two lanes at 12' each	Optional 14'	5-6' on both sides	5-6' on both sides	12' multi-use path could replace bike lanes and sidewalks on one or both sides	None	6' on both sides
Major Collector	54-74'	Two lanes, 11' minimum, 12' maximum	Optional 14'	5-6' on both sides	5-6' on both sides	12' multi-use path could replace bike lanes and sidewalks on one or both sides	None	6' on both sides
Minor Collector	62-76′	Two lanes, 11' minimum, 12' maximum	None	5-6' on both sides	5-6' on both sides	12' multi-use path could replace bike lanes and sidewalks on one or both sides	8' parking strip on one or both sides	6' on both sides
Connector	60′	Two lanes at 12' each	None	None	6' on both sides	None	8' parking strip on both sides	4' on both sides, 5' x 5' tree well for downtown connector streets
Local Street	46-50'	Two lanes, 14' minimum, 16' maximum	None	None	5' on both sides	None	Allowed	4' on both sides

^{*}All sidewalks shall have a clear zone - minimum unobstructed width of five feet for all City streets, and assume a 6" curb

[†] The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.

^{*}Landscaped medians may include pedestrian refuges where appropriate, and where they can be installed by meeting appropriate design standards.

[£] Low Impact Development Approaches (LIDA) are allowed, where appropriate as determined by the City Engineer

For roadways all efforts are made to achieve the preferred cross sections described in Table 3 and illustrated in Figure 2. However it is acknowledged that this preferred width is not always achievable, due to environmental constraints or existing development.

The City Engineer may reduce the requirements of the preferred standard based on specific site conditions, but in no event will the requirement be less than the minimum cross-section. The City Engineer shall take into consideration the following factors when decision whether the site conditions warrant a reduction of the preferred standard:

Arterials

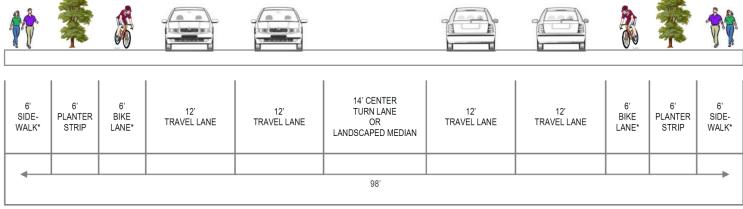
- 1. Whether adequate right-of-way exists
- 2. Impacts to properties adjacent to right-of-way
- 3. Current and future vehicle traffic at the location
- 4. Amount of heavy vehicles (buses and trucks)

Collectors

- 1. Whether adequate right-of-way exists
- 2. Impacts to properties adjacent to right-of-way
- 3. Amount of heavy vehicles (buses and trucks)
- 4. Proximity to property zoned manufacturing or industrial

Figure 2. Street Design Standards Major Arterial Minimum

	To T						To The state of th	
5' SIDEWALK*	6' PLANTER STRIP	5' BIKE LANE*	12' TRAVEL LANE	14' CENTER TURN LANE OR LANDSCAPED MEDIAN	12' TRAVEL LANE	5' BIKE LANE*	6' PLANTER STRIP	5' SIDEWALK*
-				70'				—



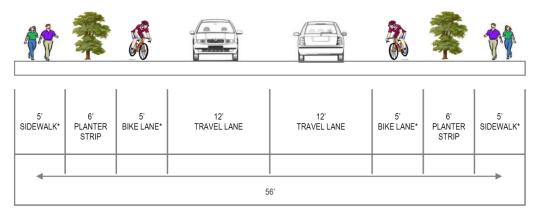
^{*}The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.

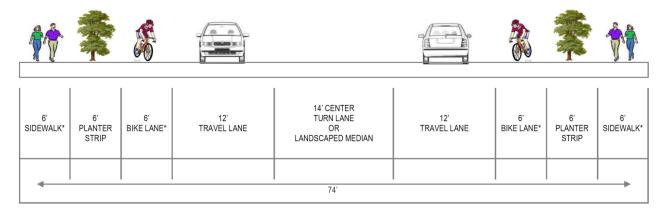
Functional Classification Plan

Tualatin TSP February 2013

Figure 2. Street Design Standards, cont.
Minor Arterial

Minimum

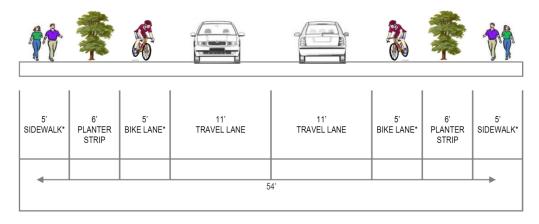


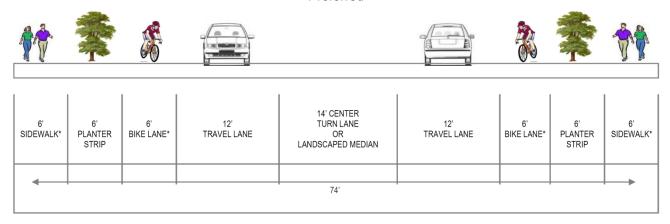


^{*}The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.

Figure 2. Street Design Standards, cont. Major Collector

Minimum





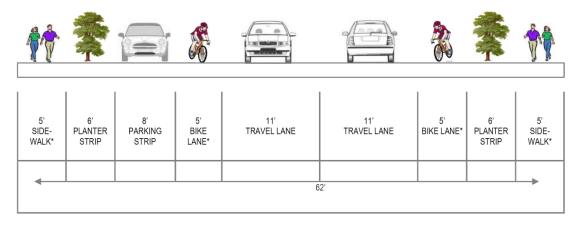
^{*}The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.

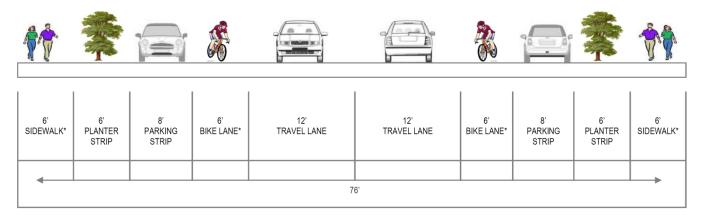
Functional Classification Plan

Tualatin TSP February 2013

Figure 2. Street Design Standards, cont.
Minor Collector

Minimum

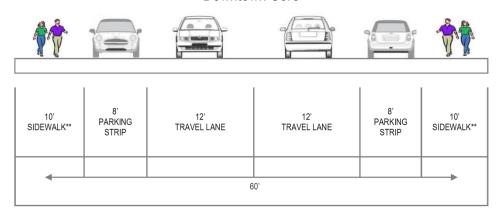




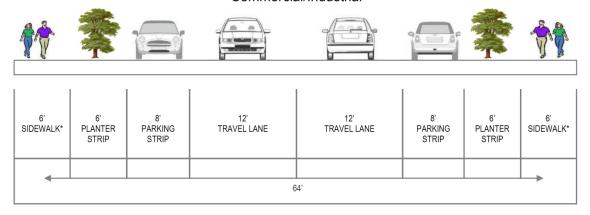
^{*}The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.

Figure 2. Street Design Standards, cont. Connector

Downtown Core



Commercial/Industrial

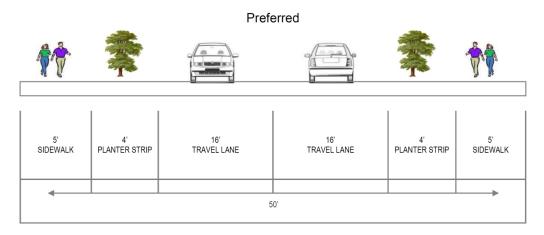


^{*}The City of Tualatin may allow a 12' multi-use path to be substituted for the sidewalk and bicycle lane on either or both sides. If allowed, the planter strip must be installed between the travel lane and the multi-use path.
**Sidewalks on the downtown connector roads have 4' x 4' tree grates instead of planter strips.

Functional Classification Plan Tualatin TSP February 2013

Figure 2. Street Design Standards, cont. Local

Minimum* 5' SIDEWALK PLANTER STRIP TRAVEL LANE TRAVEL LANE PLANTER STRIP SIDEWALK 46'



^{*} The City of Tualatin may consider as low as 28' curb-to-curb pavement widths and as low as 46' right-of-way when needed to address constraints.

2 Street System Modal Plan

The street system modal plan consists of several sections: a listing of street urban upgrades and new streets, other intersection-specific or non-capacity streets projects, access management policies, and traffic operation standards.

Existing and Future Roadway Conditions

Some of the existing roadways do not meet City, County, or State design standards. Further, there are a number of major roadways intersect with other roadways at a skew. This creates sight distance limitations and, thus, safety concerns.

The two most highly-traveled roadways are SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Nyberg Road with over 20,000 vehicles per day. SW Tualatin Road and SW Boones Ferry Road corridors have 10,000 vehicles daily at multiple locations. Additionally, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road carries a large amount of heavy vehicles, around 11.5 percent, with SW Boones Ferry Road carrying 8.4 percent heavy vehicles. Appendix B provides a full description of existing (2011) roadway conditions, while Appendix C provides a description of future (2035) forecasted roadway conditions.

In the existing conditions analysis only two intersections - SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Sagert Street as well as SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin Road were found to have greater congestion than mobility standards allow. In the future (2035) the number of intersections not meeting operations standards grew to twelve, as listed below:

- SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- SW 65th Avenue and SW Borland Road
- SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road
- SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Avery Street
- SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Sagert Street
- SW Teton Avenue and SW Avery Street
- SW 65th Avenue and SW Sagert Street
- SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin Road
- SW Nyberg Street and SW 65th Avenue

The key needs identified in the existing conditions report include:

Improved Roadway connectivity - new roadway connections should be explored to improve east-west connectivity south of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and north-south regional connectivity. Metro RTP policies related to a complete street system identify one-mile spacing between major arterial streets with collector streets or minor arterials spaced a half-mile apart.

² The average road in the Portland Metro area typically carries 2-4 percent heavy vehicles.

- Improved travel time along congested corridors Focus on reducing vehicle delay on key corridors.
- Intersection improvements address intersection delay and intersection issues in congested areas.
- Upgrading roadway geometries City design standards for roadway width, sidewalks, and bicycle facilities should be followed where specific deficiencies have been identified.

Additionally, safety is a concern for the community. Safety issues were identified at the following intersections:

- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Nyberg Street and I-5 southbound off ramps.

Roadway Policies

The following establish the City's policies on roadways.

- Roadway Policy 1: Implement design standards that provide clarity to developers while maintaining flexibility for environmental constraints.
- Roadway Policy 2: Ensure that street designs accommodate all anticipated users including transit, freight, bicyclists and pedestrians, and those with limited mobility.
- Roadway Policy 3: Work with Metro and adjacent jurisdictions when extending roads or multi-use paths from Tualatin to a neighboring City.

Roadway Projects

City Street Urban Upgrades

Tualatin's TSP strives to put forward a set of complete streets that minimize delay for trucks and drivers while maintaining Tualatin's community character. The TSP's ultimate goal with its street upgrade program is to provide a safe system for those walking, driving, riding transit, operating a wheelchair, or riding a bicycle.

Several streets in Tualatin do not meet design standards outlined in the previous section, and create a safety risk. These streets are identified here for upgrades as development occurs. Many of these upgrades include adding travel lanes to address congestion, adding a center turn lane or median to help mobility and safety, widening travel lanes, and upgrading the cross section to improve a roadway from a rural two-lane facility to an urban feel with curb, gutters, and bicycle and pedestrian facilities or just adding bicycle and pedestrian facilities. For cost estimating purposes, the project team used the street standards in Figure 2 to estimate the lane and right-of-way width.

Bicycle and pedestrian upgrades are projects where only a sidewalk, bicycle lane, or multi-use path would be added to make the street more attractive to all modes. Table 4 describes a suite of local urban upgrade projects, presenting cost estimates, potential funding sources, and implementation timeframe for these upgrades. Table 5 includes the regional urban upgrades that require coordination with other agencies, including Washington and Clackamas Counties and ODOT. Figure 3 shows the projects geographically, and bicycle and pedestrian urban upgrades are also shown on the bicycle and pedestrian figure (Figure 7). The evaluation process which led to these TSP recommendations is described in Appendix D.

Projects included in the City tables over \$5 million will require the City to find additional funding sources (i.e. potential transportation bonds, regional flex funds, and transportation enhancements) beyond funding currently available to the City. Most of these projects are long-term priorities.

TABLE 4

City Urban Upgrade Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project	an Upgrade Cost Estimates and Prioritizat Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority**
ID	rroject bescription	(in 2012 dollars)*	Champion	Tunuing Source	Thomay
R1	Widen SW Herman Road to a three-lane cross-section between SW 124 th Avenue and SW Cipole Road	\$2,574,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	As development occurs
R2	Upgrade SW Hazelbrook Road to roadway standards between 99W and just east of SW Jurgens Avenue	\$3,543,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	As development occurs
R3	Upgrade SW Herman Road as an urban two-lane cross-section between SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Road	\$2,390,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	As development occurs
R4	Widen SW Teton Avenue between SW Herman Road and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to a complete three-lane cross- section including bike lanes for its entire length	\$2,464,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	As development occurs
R5	Upgrade SW Myslony Street to roadway standards for its entire length	\$11,437,000 ³	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds, Regional flex funds, bonds, TE	Short-term
R6	Widen SW Avery Street to a three lane cross-section between SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	\$3,600,000	City	TDT, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	Long-term
R7	Upgrade SW 105 th Avenue/SW Blake Street/SW 108 th Avenue to roadway standards between SW Avery Street and SW Willow Street	\$5,086,000	City	TDT, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	Short-term
R8	Upgrade SW Boones Ferry Road to roadway standards between SW Ibach Road and SW Norwood Road	\$660,000	City	TDT, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	Long-term
R9	Upgrade SW Helenius Road to roadway standards between SW 109 th Terrace and SW Grahams Ferry Road	\$1,403,000	City	TDT, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	Long-term
R10	Upgrade SW Norwood Road to roadway standards between SW Boones Ferry Road and the eastern City limits.	\$2,824,000	City	TDT, gas tax, Bike/Ped funds	Long-term
R11	Add sidewalks or a multi-use path on SW Sagert Street bridge over I-5 – assume widening on either side of the bridge	\$3,282,000	City, ODOT	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Long-term
R12	Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Boones Ferry Road between Tualatin High School and the southern City limits	\$315,000	City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term

– 27 –

³ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

TABLE 4

City Urban Upgrade Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate (in 2012 dollars)*	Champion	Funding Source	Priority**
R13	Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Herman Road between SW Tualatin Road and the western City limits	Included in cost estimates for Projects R1 and R3	City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	As development occurs
R14	Add bicycle lane on SW Martinazzi Avenue between SW Warm Springs Road and SW Boones Ferry Road	\$2,403,000 ⁴	City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options, LID	Medium-term
R15	Add bicycle facilities on SW 95 th Avenue between SW Avery Street and SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road	\$2,920,000 ⁵	City, school	TDT, Bike/Ped funds	Medium-term
R16	Add a multi-use path along SW 65 th Avenue from the Tualatin River to I-205	\$9,734,000 ⁶	City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Long-term
R17	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes (or a multi-use path) on SW Norwood Road from SW Boones Ferry Road to the eastern City limits	\$305,000	City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Medium-term

^{*} Costs are rounded to the nearest \$1,000

LID – Local Improvement District

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

TE – Transportation Enhancement

^{**} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

 $^{^{4}}$ From the East Commons Enhancement Plan 2010. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

⁵ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

⁶ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

Regional Street Urban Upgrades

Regional street upgrades serve regional travel needs, and are more expensive than what the City is anticipated to be able to fund by itself. These projects will rely on regional and State funding sources for implementation.

TABLE 5

Regional Urban Upgrade Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate (in 2012 dollars)	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R18	Upgrade SW Cipole Road to roadway standards between 99W and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, include a multi-use path on one side as part of the Ice Age Tonquin Trail	\$20,030,000 ⁷	Washington County, City	Washington County MSTIP, TDT, LID, Bike/Ped funds	As development occurs, or when the Ice Age Tonquin Trail project is constructed
R19	Widen SW Boones Ferry Road to 5-lanes north of SW Martinazzi Avenue	\$17,818,000	City, ODOT, Washington County	Washington County MSTIP, TDT, gas tax, STIP	Long-term
R20	Widen SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to five lanes between SW Teton Avenue and SW Cipole Road†	\$10,883,000	Washington County, City	TDT, Washington County MSTIP, gas tax	Medium-term
R21	Upgrade SW Borland Road to roadway standards between SW 65 th Ave. and the eastern City limits	\$9,646,000	Clackamas County, City	TDT, gas tax, Clackamas County	Medium-term
R22	Upgrade SW Grahams Ferry Road to roadway standards between SW Ibach Road and SW Helenius Road	\$3,300,000	Washington County	TDT, gas tax, Washington County MSTIP,	Long-term
R23	Upgrade SW Tonquin Road to roadway standards between SW Waldo Way and SW Grahams Ferry Road	\$11,193,000 ⁸	Washington County	TDT, gas tax, Washington County MSTIP	Medium-term
R24	Fill sidewalk gap and add a colored bicycle lane at SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road Intersection	\$10,000	City, ODOT, Washington County, City of Durham	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term
R25	Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Grahams Ferry Road between SW Ibach Road and southern City limits	\$1,680,000 ⁹	Washington County	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options, MBP	Short-term
R26	Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Borland Road from SW 65 th Avenue to the eastern City limits	\$2,603,000	Clackamas County, City	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term

⁷ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

⁸ From the *SW Tualatin Concept Plan* 2010. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

 $^{^{9}}$ From the $\it Tualatin \, \it Bikeway \, Plan \, 1993$. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

TABLE 5

Regional Urban Upgrade Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate (in 2012 dollars)	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R27	Add bicycle lanes on SW Boones Ferry Road from SW Norwood Road south to SW Day Road. Project will realign horizontal curves, add an intermittent center turn lane, pedestrian facilities on the west side of the road.	\$10,000,000 ¹⁰	Washington County	Washington County MSTIP	Short-term (underway)

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

LID – Local Improvement District

MBP - Minor Betterment Program (Washington County)

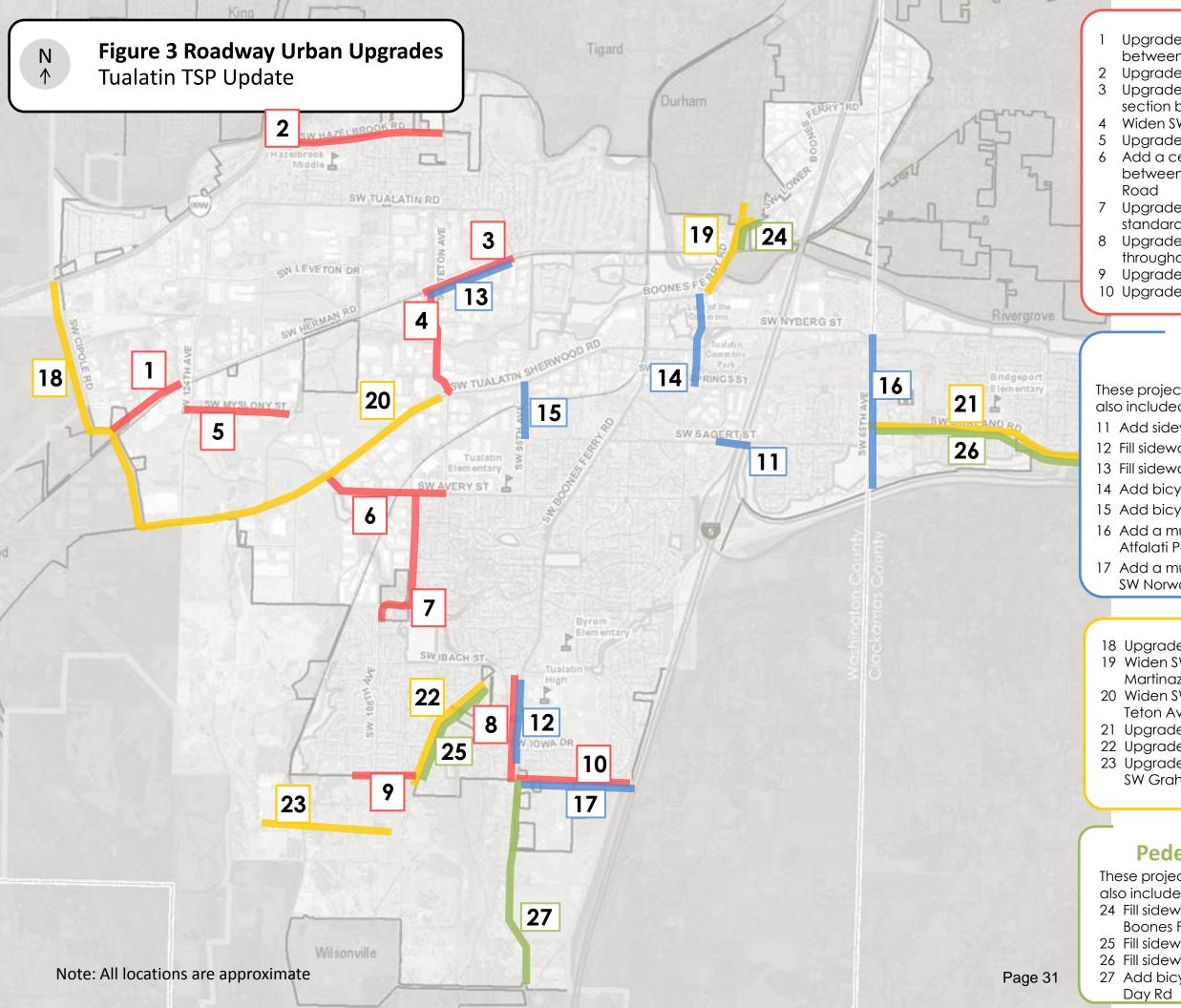
MSTIP – Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program

STIP – Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

[†] Metro's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) includes SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road as a 5 lane cross section west of the City limits to 99W

 $^{^{}m 10}$ From Washington County's ongoing Boones Ferry Road improvement project.



City Street Urban Upgrades

- 1 Upgrade SW Herman Road to a 3-lane cross section between SW 124th Avenue and SW Cipole Road
- 2 Upgrade SW Hazelbrook Road to roadway standards
- 3 Upgrade SW Herman Road to a 2-lane urban cross section between SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Avenue
- 4 Widen SW Teton Avenue to a 3-lane cross section
- 5 Upgrade SW Myslony Street to roadway standards
- 6 Add a center turn lane or median on SW Avery Street between SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 7 Upgrade SW 105th/Blake Street/108th Avenues to roadway standards
- Upgrade SW Boones Ferry Road to a 3 lane cross section throughout
- Upgrade SW Helenius Road to roadway standards
- 10 Upgrade SW Norwood Road to roadway standards

Bicycle and Pedestrian-Specific Urban Upgrades

These projects are bicycle and pedestrian specific, and are also included on the Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan Figure:

- 11 Add sidewalks to the SW Sagert Street bridge
- 12 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Boones Ferry Road
- 13 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Herman Road
- 14 Add bicycle lanes on Martinazzi Avenue
- 15 Add bicycle lanes on SW 95th Avenue
- 16 Add a multi-use path along SW 65th Avenue between Atfalati Park and Nyberg Street
- 17 Add a multi-use path (or sidewalks and bicycle lanes) on SW Norwood Road

Regional Urban Upgrades

- 18 Upgrade SW Cipole Road to roadway standards
- 19 Widen SW Boones Ferry Road to 5 lanes north of SW Martinazzi Avenue
- 20 Widen SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to 5 lanes between SW Teton Avenue and SW Cipole Road
- 21 Upgrade SW Borland Road to roadway standards
- 22 Upgrade Grahams Ferry Road to roadway standards
- 23 Upgrade SW Tonquin Road between SW Waldo Way and SW Grahams Ferry Road

Regional Bicycle and

Pedestrian-Specific Urban Upgrades

These projects are bicycle and pedestrian specific, and are also included on the Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan Figure:

- 24 Fill sidewalk gaps and add colored bicycle lanes at SW Boones Ferry and SW Lower Boones Ferry Roads
- 25 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Grahams Ferry Road,
- 26 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Borland Road,
- 27 Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd from Norwood to Day Rd

New City Street Extensions

Tualatin's residential areas are largely established; most of the recommended new streets occur as extensions in the industrial and manufacturing areas and in conjunction with other planning processes. The extension of SW 124th Avenue and the east-west connection south of the City addresses the need for additional access to the regional transportation network including the OR 99W and I-5 corridors. The Basalt Creek planning area anticipates additional residential and commercial development, creating more demand, and future industrial and manufacturing development in the western part of the City will need additional access. Table 6 presents cost estimates and priorities for the City street extensions, and Table 7 presents cost estimates for the regional street extensions.

TABLE 6
City Street Extension Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R28	Build a bridge over Hedges Creek and extend SW Myslony Street to connect with SW 112 th Avenue	\$2,593,000	City	TDT, LID, bonds, gas tax	Medium-term
R29	Build the Roadways from the SW Concept Plan: Extend SW 115 th Avenue south to connect with the SW 124 th Avenue, create an east-west connection between SW 115 th and SW 124 th Avenues.	\$31,446,000 ¹¹	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Oregon Immediate Opportunity Fund	Long-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more LID – local improvement district

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TDT – Transportation Development Tax

¹¹ From the SW Tualatin Concept Plan 2010. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

Regional Street Extensions

TABLE 7
Regional Street Extension Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R30	Extend SW 124 th Avenue south – include a multi-use path on one or both sides per street standards	\$15,000,000 ¹²	City, City of Wilsonville, Washington County	Washington County MSTIP, TDT, LID	Short-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

LID – local improvement district

MSTIP - Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

Please note: the City considered possible north-south crossings of the Tualatin River both east and west of I-5 in its TSP development. In the end, the City decided that the impacts of these crossings to Tualatin and/or to its neighboring communities outweighed the forecasted benefits and therefore no new river crossings are recommended in this TSP.

Additional City Roadway Projects

Table 8 presents cost estimates and priorities for City roadway projects designed to address transportation deficiencies. Table 9 presents cost estimates for Regional roadway projects. These deficiencies include safety, congestion, and other community concerns. These projects are focused on improving localized issues, and intersection-specific upgrades to address safety and congestion concerns. Where traffic signals are recommended, traffic signal warrants would be conducted and the intersection would need to meet warrants before a signal is installed. Traffic warrant requirements are based on traffic volumes, pedestrian volumes, safety, and operation analyses. Figure 4 shows the projects geographically.

TABLE 8

City Roadway Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R31	Add a traffic signal at SW Tualatin Road and SW 115 th Avenue	\$609,000 ¹³	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term
R32	Remove some trees in the southwest corner of the intersection of SW Tualatin Road and SW $108^{\rm th}$ Avenue to improve sight distance	\$8,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Short-term
R33	Add a traffic signal at SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Avenue	\$609,000 ¹⁴	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Short-term
R34	Eliminate the free right turn at SW Tualatin Road at the intersection with SW Herman Road, and consider a roundabout at this location. (cost estimate is for roundabout as assumed to	\$1,631,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Long-term

¹² From Washington County's ongoing 124th Avenue extension project.

¹³ See Project R33 for the cost estimate to a similar project.

 $^{^{14}}$ See Project R33 for the cost estimate to a similar project.

TABLE 8

City Roadway Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
	be higher cost of the two options)				
R35	Add a traffic signal or roundabout at SW Sagert Street and SW Martinazzi Avenue	\$2,069,000 ¹⁵	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term
R36	Add a southbound turn pocket from SW Teton Avenue to Avery Street	\$274,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term
R37	Add a traffic signal at SW Avery Street and SW Teton Avenue	\$609,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term
R38	Add signage to indicate that SW Tualatin Road is for local traffic, both along SW Tualatin Road and at either end (SW 124 th Avenue and SW Boones Ferry Road)	\$20,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Short-term
R39	Add truck information signs along SW 105 th and 108 th Avenues. Install signs for no through trucks on SW 105 th and SW 108 th Avenues. Also places signs on SW Avery Street east and west of SW 105 th .	\$12,000	City	TDT, gas tax	Short-term
R40	Create a local street grid system on Urban Renewal Block 2 upon redevelopment with a connection opposite SW Seneca Street	\$2,307,000	City	TDT, gas tax, LID	Short-term
R41	Add bus pullouts on SW Boones Ferry Road at existing bus stops—10 assumed at \$20,000 each	\$20,000 each	City	TDT, LID, gas tax, Travel Options	Medium-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more LID – local improvement district

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

 $^{^{\}rm 15}$ From Metro's $\it Regional\ Transportation\ Plan\ (RTP)\ 2007.$ Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

Regional Roadway Projects

TABLE 9
Regional Roadway Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
R42	Add an eastbound right-turn lane on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road at SW Boones Ferry Road	\$792,000	City	TDT, gas tax	Medium-term
R43	Restripe the turn lanes to extend the southbound left turn pocket on SW Boones Ferry Road at SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to accommodate more vehicles	\$8,000	City	TDT, LID, gas tax	Short-term
R44	Move the guardrail directly east of the I-5 southbound off- ramp to the north to improve sight distance for vehicles turning west off of I-5.	\$32,000	City, ODOT	TDT, gas tax	Short-term
R45	Add an additional on-ramp lane for vehicles traveling westbound on SW Nyberg Street to I-5 northbound (northeast quadrant of the Nyberg Interchange). Reduce the pedestrian island and improve illumination to enhance safety	\$1,071,000	City, ODOT	STIP: TE, TDT	Medium-term
R46	Add signage on the northbound off-ramp at Nyberg Interchange to discourage traffic getting off and then right back onto I-5	\$2,000	City, ODOT	STIP: TE, TDT	Medium-term
R47	Redesign SW Nyberg Street and Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing. Add pedestrian warning signs, and a concrete z-crossing on SW Nyberg Street with a pedestrian island. Optimize signal timing so it allows adequate time for pedestrian crossing while minimizing impacts on auto traffic.	\$156,000	City, ODOT, Washington County	TDT, LID, STIP: TE, Bicycle and Pedestrian Program	Medium-term
R48	Add a dedicated right-turn lane on SW Teton Avenue southbound onto SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road westbound	\$890,000	City, Washington County	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term
R49	Add a right turn lane from westbound SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road to northbound SW 124 th Avenue	\$320,000	City, Washington County	Washington County MSTIP, TDT, LID	Medium-term
R50	Improve lane signage on SW Tualatin Sherwood Road west of the Nyberg interchange to help vehicles be in the correct lane before entering the interchange area	\$345,000	City, Washington County, ODOT	TDT, gas tax, STIP: TE	Short-term
R51	Add a signal at SW 65 th Avenue and SW Sagert Street	\$681,000	City, Washington County	TDT, LID, gas tax	Medium-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

LID – local improvement district

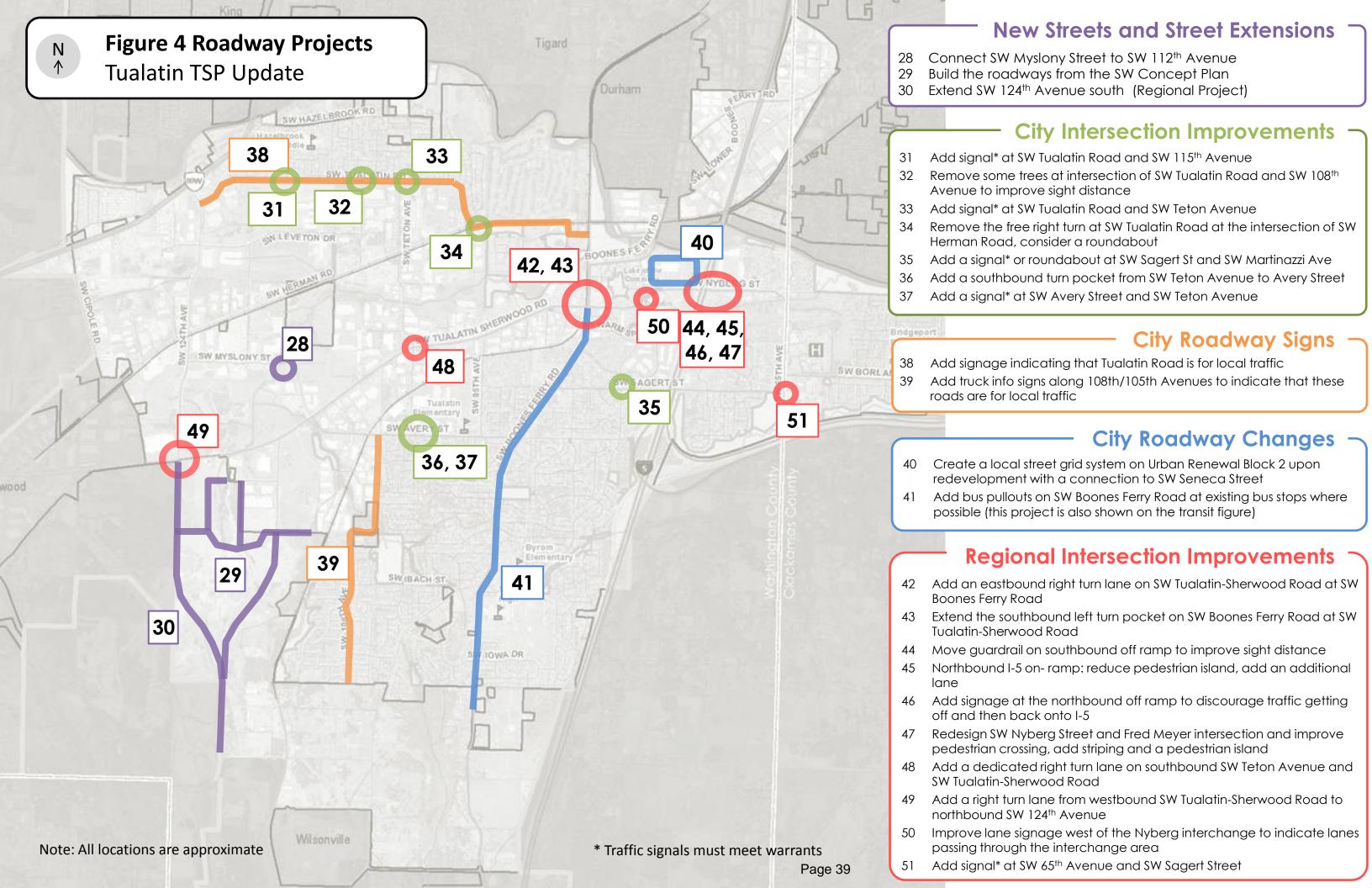
MSTIP – Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program

STIP – Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

TE – Transportation Enhancement

Tualatin/I-5 Nyberg Interchange: I-5 Northbound Off-ramp At the Tualatin/I-5 Nyberg Interchange Northbound off-ramp, future traffic growth (2035) indicates a potential for backups into the deceleration portion of the ramp due to lack of storage space. The existing off-ramp structure has a horizontal curve which limits the ability to modify striping on the ramp in an effort to extend the deceleration section, especially in light of exiting freight vehicles. In addition, the off-ramp is adjacent to the I-205 interchange which limits the ability to extend the off-ramp length for additional storage. It is likely that a solution to this issue would require widening of the existing structure to provide safe and sufficient vehicle storage. This project is not included in the TSP at this time, However, ODOT will coordinate with the City of Tualatin to explore this project and the City will consider adding it to the TSP at a future date.



Access Management

Access management is important to maintain traffic flow and ensure safety on the City's arterial street network, including SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Oregon Highway 99W (OR 99W), and other high-traffic routes. Limiting the number of points where traffic can enter and exit reduces potential conflict points, improves roadway performance, and reduces the need for capacity expansion. The City manages access through Chapter 75 of the Tualatin Development Code (TDC); that chapter details where access is permitted on arterial and collector roads within the City. Tualatin must coordinate with Washington and Clackamas Counties and ODOT to manage access on roads the City does not own, including SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Cipole Road, SW 65th Avenue, SW Borland Road, and sections of SW Boones Ferry Road.

Access management policies are:

- Access Management Policy 1: No new driveways or streets on arterial roadways within the City, except where
 noted in the TDC, Chapter 75, usually when no alternative access is available
- Access Management Policy 2: Where a property abuts an arterial and another roadway, the access for the
 property shall be located on the other roadway, not the arterial
- Access Management Policy 3: Adhere to intersection spacing included in Chapter 75 of the TDC
- Access Management Policy 4: Limit driveways to right-in, right-out (where appropriate) through raised medians or other barriers to restrict left turns
- Access Management Policy 5: Look for opportunities to create joint accesses for multiple properties, where
 possible, to reduce the number of driveways on arterials
- Access Management Policy 6: No new single-family home, duplex or triplex driveways on major collector roadways within the City, unless no alternative access is available
- Access Management Policy 7: On collector roadways, residential, commercial and industrial driveways where
 the frontage is greater or equal to 70 feet are permitted. Minimum spacing at 100 feet. Uses with less than 50
 feet of frontage shall use a common (joint) access where available

Chapter 75 of the TDC, most recently updated in 2012, has specific access standards for each arterial road within Tualatin. It provides recommendations for future changes on specific roads, as well as potential solutions for access issues. Generally, all new intersections with arterials must have a minimum spacing of 0.5 mile. On Washington County roads, the access spacing on arterials is 600 feet from any intersection or other access. The City Engineer is responsible for reviewing all requests for access to arterial streets, and will be consistent with County and ODOT standards on facilities owned by those agencies. Exceptions to these standards may be allowed, but only under special circumstances and with conditions.

Traffic Operations Standards

This section includes a discussion of standards included in the OHP, ODOT's *Highway Design Manual* (HDM), and the TPR and City documents for local roadways. Based on the preferred system for operational analysis, there are four intersections that do not meet jurisdictional standards after mitigation strategies are included. These intersections that experience operational constraints are in the SW Lower Boones Ferry Road/I-5 interchange area, and are due to the additional motor vehicle trips associated with the widening of SW Boones Ferry Road from SW Martinazzi Avenue to SW Lower Boones Ferry Road. The results of the traffic operations for the 2035 PM peak with the preferred system are shown in Table 10.

The first mitigation strategies explored transportation system management techniques (maximizing operations at intersections through signal timing adjustments and/or phasing adjustments). If system management techniques did not achieve acceptable jurisdictional operations, localized capacity improvements were explored (for example, a new turn pocket). Generally these improvements allowed for adequate signal operations under a mitigated scenario.

TABLE 10
2035 PM Peak Hour Preferred System Intersection Operations

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	•	
Signalized Intersections				
SW 124th Ave/Hwy 99W	ODOT	0.99	D	0.97
SW 124th Ave/SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.88
SW 124th Ave/SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.77
SW 124th Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	С	0.92
SW Avery St/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	D	0.98
SW Teton Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	Е	0.92
SW 90th Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	С	0.80
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	Е	1.00
SW Martinazzi Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Washington County	0.99	F	1.08
I-5 SB Ramps/SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.86
I-5 NB Ramps/SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.85
SW 65th Ave/SW Borland Rd	Washington County	0.99	D	0.99
SW Teton Ave/SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.67
SW Tualatin Rd/SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.77
SW 90th Ave/SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.94
SW Tualatin Rd/SW Boones Ferry Rd	Washington County	0.99	С	0.89
SW Martinazzi Ave/SW Boones Ferry Rd	Tualatin	D	Е	1.08
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	1.02
SW 72nd Ave/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd/SW Bridgeport Rd	Washington County	0.99	D	0.89
I-5 SB Ramps/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.98
I-5 NB Ramps/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.96
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Avery St	Washington County	0.99	D	0.94
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Sagert St	Washington County	0.99	D	0.93
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Ibach St	Washington County	0.99	D	0.98
SW 105th Ave/SW Avery St ¹⁶	Tualatin	E	С	0.94
SW Martinazzi Ave/SW Sagert St ¹⁷	Tualatin	E	D	0.92

 $^{^{\}mbox{\footnotesize 16}}$ Operations evaluated with minor street stop control.

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TABLE 10
2035 PM Peak Hour Preferred System Intersection Operations

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	Prefer	red System
SW 65 th Ave & SW Nyberg Rd	Washington County	0.99	С	0.92
Unsignalized Intersections				
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	D	0.83
SW Teton Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	B**	0.62**
SW 65th Ave & SW Sagert St* ¹⁸	Washington County	0.99	D**	0.97**
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	E	B**	0.70**

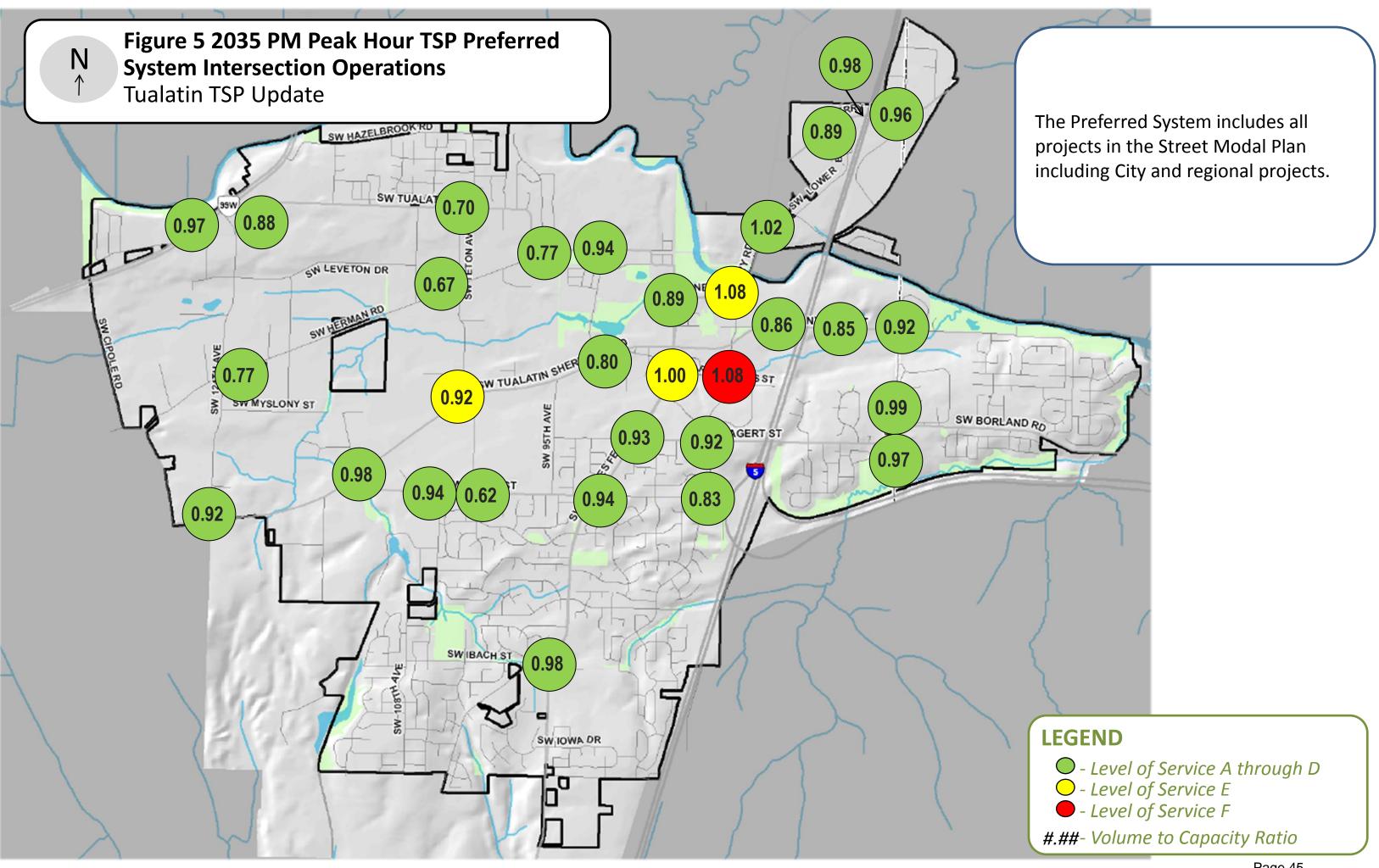
^{*} LOS and V/C reported for the highest delay movement

There were some intersections located in the downtown core area that were not able to meet jurisdictional standards without the implementation of significant capacity and/or roadway widening improvements. These types of major infrastructure improvements were deemed to be too impactful to the downtown core and were not included in the final preferred system improvements. The downtown Tualatin area is designated a Town Center by Metro, and using that designation, Town Centers are allowed to not meet jurisdictional standards. Alternate standards for Town Centers in the RTP are based on a two-hour peak hour. The standard v/c for the first peak hour is 1.1, and for the second peak hour is 0.99. These intersections meet the RTP standards, and there is no need for additional alternate mobility standards.

^{**} Evaluated as a traffic signal. Assumes construction of traffic signal

¹⁷ Operations evaluated with minor street stop control. HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the three lanes (one dedicated to each movement) are combined into two: through-right and through-left lanes. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

¹⁸ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the dedicated southbound left turn lane and through lane are combined, due to the relatively small volume on the left turn movement. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.



3 Transit Modal Plan

This chapter describes the City of Tualatin's public transit modal plan. Public transit in Tualatin is envisioned to be multi-faceted by including local and express bus service, commuter rail, potential high capacity transit, and local transit shuttle services. In addition, the community's vision for public transit includes improvements in the quality of transit service, as well as land uses that better complement and encourage use of transit in downtown Tualatin. This section provides a brief overview of existing conditions and needs for public transit, provides a list of policies relating to transit that will guide the City's implementation of this plan, and provides a list of key projects identified by the community that would improve public transit. This chapter concludes by providing cost estimates for each project and a description of each project's relative priority.



Tualatin WES Station

Existing Conditions for Public Transit

Transit Service

Public transit in Tualatin currently consists of TriMet bus lines, one South Metro Area Regional Transit district (SMART) bus line, Westside Express Service (WES) commuter rail, LIFT paratransit service, and the Tualatin Shuttle.

Five TriMet bus lines currently serve Tualatin:

- Line 36 (South Shore) connecting Lake Oswego to Tualatin and downtown Portland
- Line 37 (Lake Grove) connecting Lake Oswego to Tualatin
- ◆ Line 38 (Boones Ferry Road) connecting Tualatin to Portland City center
- Line 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin) connecting Beaverton and Tualatin
- Line 96 (Tualatin/I-5) express route from Tualatin to downtown Portland via I-5

WES commuter rail service connects Beaverton to Wilsonville via Tualatin. LIFT paratransit service is available for qualified persons with disabilities within Tualatin and the greater Portland metropolitan region. SMART serves Tualatin with its bus line No. 2X service, connecting Wilsonville to the Barbur Transit Center. The Tualatin Shuttle operates on weekdays in the morning and afternoon rush hours, connecting passengers from TriMet bus stops, WES, and downtown Portland to businesses in Tualatin.

Park-and-Rides

There are four park-and-ride lots within the City of Tualatin, all of which are served by TriMet:

The Tualatin Park-and-Ride is the largest park-and-ride lot within the City of Tualatin. It is located at SW 72nd Avenue and SW Bridgeport Road in the northern part of the City, north of the Tualatin River and downtown. It has 466 total vehicle spaces and is open all days. It is a major transfer station with five separate bus lines stopping at this location.

- The Mohawk Park-and-Ride is located at SW Mohawk Street and SW Martinazzi Avenue about 0.5 miles south of the Tualatin Commons and downtown Tualatin. It has 232 total vehicle spaces and is open all days. Two bus lines stop at this park and ride, providing an opportunity to transfer.
- The Tualatin South Park-and-Ride is the newest parkand-ride in the City. It is located at 18955 SW Boones Ferry Road just west of the Tualatin Commons and downtown. It is open all days and provides bike parking with lockers and covered racks. It has 147 total vehicle spaces. This park and ride is the only transfer station between the WES commuter rail and a bus line.
- The Boones Ferry Community Church Park-and-Ride is the smallest park-and-ride in the City of Tualatin and is located at 20500 SW Boones Ferry Road. It is open Monday through Friday only, and provides 20 vehicle spaces. This park and ride only serves one bus line, and is not a transfer station.



Bus stop for TriMet line Nos. 76 and 96

More information on existing transit service, transit amenities, fares, and ridership is provided in Appendix B, Existing Conditions and Deficiencies.

Summary of Limitations and Needs for Transit

It is likely that most residents of Tualatin do not currently rely solely on transit service to meet their transportation needs. One reason may be because most residents do not live within walking distance (0.25 mile) of a transit stop, and because transit is not provided at frequent intervals during all hours of the day. In addition, only 8 percent of households in the city of Tualatin do not have access to a vehicle. ¹⁹ According to the *Conceptual Linking Tualatin Plan*, over 11,000 workers and over 5,000 households (over half of the people living and working in the city) lack regular transit service within a quarter mile of where they live or work. ²⁰

TriMet does not provide transit service within all areas of the City or on all major corridors. No transit service is provided on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road or SW Tualatin Road, and many residents in the western portion of the City live more than a mile from the nearest transit line. Many residents who do live near a bus line are not served by transit at regular intervals during the day. Because of the limitations of service during off-peak hours, noncommuting trips may be more difficult to complete using transit in Tualatin. Community feedback indicated the following specific needs for transit:

- Service connecting the west side of Tualatin to the downtown core
- Park-and-rides in the west and south areas of Tualatin
- Extended service hours, including weekend service
- More direct connections to places other than downtown Portland

Additional needs for transit stops include direct and safe access to transit stops and bicyclist and pedestrian amenities at stops, especially where transit riders are able to transfer lines or modes.

¹⁹ U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2011 American Community Survey, Table B08201

²⁰ Conceptual Linking Tualatin Plan Draft, 2012.

Transit Policies

The City of Tualatin's policies on public transit are as follows:

- Transit Policy 1: Partner with TriMet to jointly develop and implement a strategy to improve existing transit service in Tualatin.
- Transit Policy 2: Partner with the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce to support grant requests that would expand the Tualatin Shuttle services.
- Transit Policy 3: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan the development of high-capacity transit in the Southwest Corridor, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- ◆ Transit Policy 4: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan development of high-capacity transit connecting Tualatin and Oregon City, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- Transit Policy 5: Coordinate with ODOT and neighboring communities on conversations related to Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene.
- Transit Policy 6: Develop and improve pedestrian and bicycle connections and access to transit stops.
- Transit Policy 7: Encourage higher-density development near high-capacity transit service.
- Transit Policy 8: Metro in the RTP calls for increased WES service frequency. The City will coordinate with TriMet, Metro, and ODOT to explore service frequency improvements and the possible inclusion of a second WES station in south Tualatin.

In addition to the transit policies included here, there is also a bicycle and pedestrian policy applicable to transit:

- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 7: Implement bicycle and pedestrian projects to provide pedestrian and bicycle
 access to transit and essential destinations for all mobility levels, including direct, comfortable, and safe
 pedestrian and bicycle routes
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 8: Ensure that there are bicycle and pedestrian facilities at transit stations

Regional Coordination

The City of Tualatin will participate fully in the development of regional transit projects through partnering with other agencies. Regional projects currently under development include the following:

- Southwest Corridor Project. The purpose of the Southwest Corridor project is to extend high-capacity transit
 from downtown Portland into the southwest part of the region. Doing so will help to fulfill the vision of the
 Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan. The City of Tualatin is partnering with Metro and TriMet to bring
 regional high-capacity transit to Tualatin and neighboring communities.
- Linking Tualatin Project. The purpose of the Linking Tualatin project is to better link people to the places they need to go via transit, particularly linking employees to their jobs, and creating linkages between Tualatin and the rest of the region. It addresses one of the community's biggest concerns, which is the lack of east-west transit connections. The Linking Tualatin Plan presents the community's vision, developed through working groups and an intensive workshop, of land use and transportation options for the city's major employment areas intended to improve local and regional transit service. These options include suggested changes to future land uses, bicycle and pedestrian connections, road connections, and transit facilities to make Tualatin more "transit ready." It is a work in progress, and will continue to be reviewed by the community and refined through early 2013 to incorporate property owner and employer input and address future high capacity transit options being studied in the Southwest Corridor Project. The project goal is to complete the planning process by June 2013.

The community's vision for "transit ready places" in the Linking Tualatin Plan includes potential transit and other transportation improvements to increase access to and use of transit. Public and private projects focus on improved bicycle and pedestrian connections and road crossings, new local street connections, and new transit services or facilities. Some public projects are unique to the Linking Tualatin Plan and will be studied further through that planning process. These projects include:

- 1. Bridgeport Village Area: **Provide a new pedestrian crossing** on SW Lower Boones Ferry Road at entrance to the south lot of the Tualatin Park-and-Ride.
- 2. Bridgeport Village Area: **Provide new local street connections** north of the proposed Bridgeport Apartments development, west, and north of the Grand Hotel.
- 3. Downtown Area: **Improve pedestrian crossing** on SW Boones Ferry Road at SW Nyberg Street near the WES station.
- 4. Meridian Park/Nyberg Woods Area: **Provide a new pedestrian crossing** on SW 65th Avenue near the north entrance to Meridian Park Hospital.
- 5. Leveton Area: **Provide a new pedestrian crossing** on SW Herman Road west of SW 108th Avenue to access a future bus stop, improve bicycle/pedestrian connectivity, and possibly provide a link to the Ice Age Tonquin Trail.
- 6. Teton Area: **Provide a new WES stop** near SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, west of the intersection of SW Avery Street and SW 105th Avenue.
- 7. Teton Area: **Improve pedestrian crossing** at the SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road intersection.
- 8. Southwest Industrial Area: **Consider providing parkway treatment** along SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road between SW 124th Avenue and SW Avery Street.
- 9. Pacific Financial/SW 124th Avenue Area: **Provide new trails** parallel to OR 99W between SW Hazelbrook Road and the north side of the Tualatin River to connect with the Tualatin River Greenway Trail.
- 10. Pacific Financial/SW 124th Avenue Area: **Connect the Tualatin River Greenway trail** under the OR 99W bridge on both side of the river.

Other public projects in the Linking Tualatin Plan are included in the Transit Modal Plan of this Transportation System Plan. The focus of these projects is on providing east-west connectivity between OR 99W and downtown Tualatin via local bus transit, anchored by park-and-ride facilities in west, east and south Tualatin, and a transit hub at the downtown Tualatin WES station. These projects are shown in Figure 4 and more detail is provided later in this section.

- Oregon Passenger Rail. The purpose of the Oregon Passenger Rail project is to improve passenger rail service between Portland and Eugene. Along the way, the rail service is expected to serve the south Metro area via an alignment either east or west of the Willamette River. The City of Tualatin intends to coordinate with ODOT to help determine an appropriate corridor that would improve intercity passenger rail service in Oregon.
- WES Extension. TriMet and ODOT may consider the feasibility of extending WES commuter rail from Wilsonville to Salem. The City of Tualatin is supportive of the WES extension and intends to partner with ODOT and TriMet in facilitating this project.

Transit Projects

The following proposed projects represent the community's desires for future improvements to transit service. Figure 4 depicts the projects geographically. These projects can be grouped into the following categories: fixed-route bus service, shuttle service, WES, and park-and-rides.

Expansions of Fixed-route Bus Transit Service

- 1. Provide transit service on SW Herman Road. SW Herman Road connects to several centers of employment. Bus transit service along SW Herman Road would allow workers to travel more easily from the center of Tualatin to their work sites.
- 2. Provide transit service on SW 124th Avenue. SW 124th Avenue is a key north-south connection on the west side of Tualatin, connecting OR 99W with SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road. Adding transit service on SW 124th Avenue would improve access to the frequent transit service already provided on OR 99W.
- **3. Provide transit service on SW Avery Street.** SW Avery Street connects SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to the City's central residential areas. Providing bus transit service along SW Avery Street would provide an important connection to residential areas in the central part of Tualatin and provide an opportunity to connect with the existing transit service on SW Boones Ferry Road.
- **4. Provide transit service on SW Tualatin Road between downtown and OR 99W**. SW Tualatin Road is an important connection to both residential areas in northwest Tualatin and to employment between SW Tualatin Road and SW Herman Road.
- **5. Provide transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road.** Tualatin-Sherwood Road is Tualatin's major east-west roadway, connecting it to 99W and Sherwood to the west and to Boones Ferry Road and I-5 on the east. It serves the greatest number of people in Tualatin and major activity centers including the WES station, retail shopping, and businesses are located along it. Transit service along Tualatin-Sherwood Road would provide an alternative to driving for Tualatin's residents as well as its employees and visitors.
- **6. Extend transit service to the east in Tualatin.** The area of Tualatin east of I-5 is served only by TriMet's No. 76 bus line, which extends to Meridian Park Hospital at SW 65th Avenue and SW Borland Road. East of the hospital are several residential developments, as well as the Rolling Hills Community Church, which houses the Tualatin Food Pantry, and two schools.
- 7. Extend service hours for transit. Most of the bus service provided in Tualatin operates primarily during commuting hours on weekdays. WES also operates only on weekdays during peak hours. TriMet's line No. 76 operates with limited frequency on Saturday and Sunday. Extending service hours for transit lines would allow citizens to use transit as a viable transportation option for more of their needs.
- 8. Explore a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and the Tualatin Commons area, especially on weekends. Both Bridgeport Village and the Tualatin commons near the City-owned parking lots are destinations for local and regional residents. Providing a shuttle service between the two areas would potentially reduce traffic in central Tualatin and would help foster activity in downtown Tualatin. Residents would be able to park at the Commons and take the Shuttle into Bridgeport Village.
- 9. Expand the Tualatin Shuttle and Consider a Deviated Fixed Route. The Tualatin Shuttle currently operates during a.m. and p.m. peak hours only. There are two vehicles, a larger van and a smaller van. Both currently operate on a demand-responsive basis and do not have fixed routes. The City should partner with the Chamber of Commerce to explore a deviated fixed route for the larger van that would serve as a city-wide transit circulator serving existing and future major employment markets in Tualatin. The route would connect to the Tualatin Park and Ride and travel south via SW Lower Boones Ferry Road and SW Boones Ferry Road. It would then connect three major employment districts in the city in this order:
 - ✓ **Southwest and near west of downtown Tualatin** via SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Avery Street, and SW Teton Ave
 - ✓ West Tualatin via SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW 124th Ave, and SW Herman Road

- ✓ **Northwest Tualatin** via SW Cipole Road, OR 99W, and SW 115th and SW 118th Aves
 - o The route would complete by returning east on SW Herman Road and SW Tualatin Road.
 - o In the future, the route could be extended to include a fourth major employment district as demand is created with future development:
- ✓ East Tualatin via SW Nyberg Street, SW 65th Ave, and SW Sagert Street

The smaller van that currently operates as the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Shuttle would continue to be run on a demand-responsive basis and would serve key residential areas throughout the city. In addition, expanding the service hours of the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Shuttle would allow more employees to use it. Funding for these service expansions should be sought, and used for the following purposes, in order of priority:

- ✓ Additional van for the afternoon peak
- ✓ Broader service hours (still within an AM and PM peak period)
- ✓ Provision of mid-day service

WES

10. Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. The WES station is located in central Tualatin and three actions would make it more of a central focus of downtown: (1) Transit-oriented development that over time would refocus activity towards the train station; (2) Improving pedestrian activity and connectivity to both these future transit-oriented uses but also to existing uses, including Haggen's and development east of Boones Ferry Road and south of Tualatin-Sherwood Road; and (3) Add local transit connections to the WES station over time, including the Routes 96 and the 38, as well as potential future fixed-route service.

Expansions of the Park-and-Ride System

11. Improve transit service on OR 99W and look for potential shared use park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin. There are few park-and-ride options on or near OR 99W for Tualatin residents. The closest are in Sherwood (shared use with Regal cinemas) to the south or Tigard to the north (shared use with Christ the King Lutheran Church). Further, the Route 12 discontinued service in 2012 to Sherwood, terminating at the Tigard Transit Center to the north. The one route along OR 99W through Tualatin is the Route 94 which does not stop between Sherwood and Tigard. This limits the ability of Tualatin residents to access transit along OR 99W. Add a transit stop in the vicinity of Tualatin Road for the 94 and future fixed route transit, and look for potential shared use park-



Mohawk Park-and-Ride

and-ride locations in this vicinity that would serve Tualatin residents.

12. Look for potential, shared use park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin. Bus line No. 96 travels through south Tualatin via SW Boones Ferry Road. However, there is no park-and-ride currently serving this area south of the Boones Ferry Community Church Park-and-Ride. Adding a park-and-ride in the south part of Tualatin or south of Tualatin near the terminus of bus No. 96 would improve access to transit for residents of that area.

13. Add bus pullouts on SW Boones Ferry Road at existing bus stops where possible. The streets modal plan describes a preferred cross section on SW Boones Ferry Road that retains one travel lane in each direction with a center-turn lane, bicycle lanes and sidewalks throughout. This cross section was selected over a wider, five-lane cross section for reasons of neighborhood livability, however it means that buses traveling on SW Boones Ferry Road can create congestion by blocking the travel lane when stopping to pick up or drop off passengers. This project constructs bus pullouts where buses could pull out of the travel lane at existing stops.

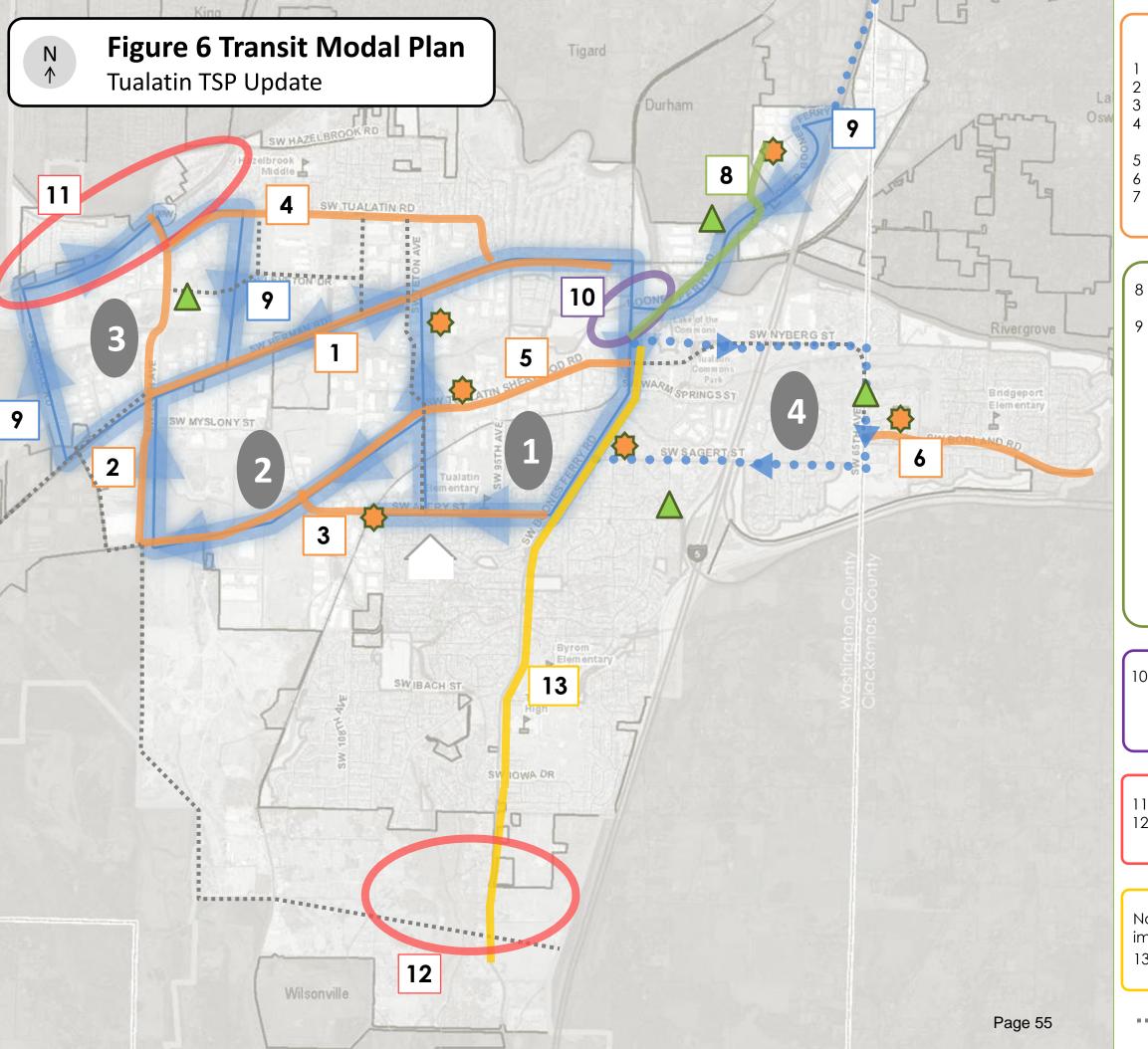
Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Table 11 provides cost estimates and priorities for each of these proposed transit projects.

TABLE 11
Transit Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project		Cost E	stimate		Funding		
ID	Project Description	Capital	Operating	Champion	Source	Priority*	
T1	Provide transit service on SW Herman Road	\$466,000	\$168,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
T2	Provide transit service on SW 124 th Avenue	\$462,000	\$114,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
T3	Provide transit service on SW Avery Street	\$460,000	\$97,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
T4	Provide transit service on SW Tualatin Road between downtown and OR 99W	\$471,000	\$184,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Short- term	
T5	Provide transit service on SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road	\$473,000	\$218,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
Т6	Extend transit service to east Tualatin	\$466,000	\$97,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
T7	Extend service hours for all transit, with a focus on the No. 96 bus line	N/A	\$1,083,000	TriMet, City	TriMet	Medium- term	
Т8	Trolley service between Bridgeport Village and the Tualatin Commons	\$50,000	\$308,000	Chamber of Commerce, City, Metro	Fares, Chamber of Commerce	Medium- term	
Т9	Expand the Tualatin Shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day	N/A	\$58,000	Chamber of Commerce, City, Metro	Chamber of Commerce, Metro (JARC)	Short- term	
T10	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center; improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	N/A	N/A	City	TriMet, City	Long- term	
T11	Look for potential shared use park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	N/A	\$51,000	City, TriMet	TriMet, City	Medium- term	
T12	Look for potential shared use park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	N/A	\$51,000	City, TriMet	TriMet, City	Medium- term	

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more JARC – Jobs Access Reverse Commute

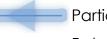


Expansions of Fixed-Route Bus Transit Service

- 1 Provide bus transit service on Herman Rd
- 2 Provide bus transit service on 124th St
- 3 Provide bus transit service on Avery St
- 4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Rd between downtown Tualatin and 99W
- 5 Provide transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- 6 Extend bus service further east in Tualatin
- Throughout quality of service improvements (not shown on map)

Expansions of the Shuttle Service

- 8 Provide a trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area
- Create an on-call shuttle for industrial & manufacturing workers during the day:



Partial fixed route for Van 1



Potential future route as demand grows



Employment centers served by shuttle (existing, potential)



Residential centers served by shuttle



Directional for partial fixed routes

Note: Shuttle Van 2 would retain a flexible, on-call route connecting residential areas with employment

WES

10 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Park-and-ride System Expansion

- 11 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- 12 Look for potential park-and-ride locations south of Bridgeport Village (Wilsonville area)

Bus Pull-outs

Note: this project is also included on the Roadway improvements figure

13 Add bus pullouts on SW Boones Ferry Road at existing bus stops where possible

Additional Transit Route Recommendations from Linking Tualatin

4 Pedestrian, Bicycle, and Multi-Use Path Modal Plan

This chapter describes the pedestrian and bicycle improvement projects to comfortably and safely accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians within the City. These projects include multi-use paths, specific bicycle and pedestrian improvements, and street upgrades. There is a stand-alone bicycle and pedestrian plan in Appendix H.

Existing Conditions for Bicyclists and Pedestrians

Existing On-Street Bicycle Facilities

Tualatin streets provide a variety of bicycle facilities, including bike lanes, shared roadways, and multi-use paths. There are a few facility gaps for both bicyclists and pedestrians throughout the City, generally on roadways that are planned for urban upgrades.



Example of a bike lane on SW Martinazzi

Avenue

The bicycle network in Tualatin consists of on-street bike lanes ranging in width from 4 to 6 feet. There are buffered bike lanes²¹ along SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road between Sherwood and SW Teton Avenue. Additionally, there are a number of shared roadway facilities, usually on lower volume streets within and around residential neighborhoods.

Traffic counts collected in October 2011 did not reflect a high degree of bicycle usage. The intersections with the most bicyclists were located along SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road in the core of downtown Tualatin, near SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Boones Ferry Road.

There appears to be adequate bicycle parking at transit centers and park-and-rides to accommodate the bicycle demand. The TDC includes language requiring developments that are zoned multi-family, commercial, or industrial to provide for bicycle parking when developing land.

Existing Pedestrian Facilities

Pedestrian facilities include sidewalks, multi-use paths, crosswalks, and pedestrian signals. The most prevalent pedestrian facility in the City is the sidewalk. All City street standards include a sidewalk requirement, with a minimum width of 5 feet. Most of the collector and arterial streets in Tualatin have sidewalks, and many neighborhoods and local streets include pedestrian sidewalks. A few locations throughout the City lack sidewalks— mainly areas with narrow roadways, some older neighborhoods, and sections on larger roads, especially towards the City limits where the roadway character transitions from urban to rural.



Concrete path in Tualatin Community Park

²¹ Buffered bike lanes are bike lanes with extra striping allowing for a buffer between the travel lane and the bike lane. The striping provides extra separation between vehicles and bicyclists.

There are a number of high-pedestrian-use areas, including near Tualatin High School at SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Ibach Street, and at two intersections near the Tualatin Commons: (1) SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Boones Ferry Road and (2) SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road.

Existing Multi-use Paths

The City has a number of multi-use paths²², including paths that run through City-owned parks and identified greenways and extend into residential areas. Multi-use paths in Tualatin are built from a variety of materials, including pavement, concrete, gravel, or—in the case of the Tualatin River greenway boardwalk—wood. Most multi-use path users walk or bicycle along the paths for recreation or exercise²³; some use them for commuting or running errands. The City has a comprehensive planned multi-use path network, though about only half of the multi-use path system has been built.

Summary of Limitations and Needs for Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities

Bicycle Facility Needs

Existing bicycle facilities in Tualatin have a few gaps and challenging connections:

- Difficult left-turn maneuvers
- Constrained environment
- Difficult areas with low bike visibility
- Bike lanes outside of turn lanes
- Obstacles within the bike lanes
- Gaps in the network



Unsignalized crosswalk on SW 108th Avenue

In addition to these needs, there are a number of high-crash locations. Most crashes result in an injury to the bicyclist, and most occur on a dry roadway surface in daylight conditions. High-crash locations include SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, as well as the SW Nyberg Road interchange ramps at I-5.

Pedestrian Facility Needs

The community and the existing conditions report identified a number of pedestrian facility needs:

- Fill sidewalk gaps on arterials and collector streets
 - Sections of SW Herman Road
 - Sections of SW Grahams Ferry Road
 - Sections of SW Boones Ferry Road
 - SW Blake Street between SW 105th and SW 108th Avenues

²² A multi-use path is a shared-use trail or other path, physically separated from motorized vehicular traffic by an open space or barrier, either within a roadway right-of-way or within an independent right-of-way, and usable for transportation purposes. Shared use paths may be used by pedestrians, bicyclists, skaters, equestrians, and other nonmotorized users. Definition from FHWA:

www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/bicycle_pedestrian/guidance/design_guidance/freeways.cfm

²³ According to the Intertwine Trail Use Snapshot: An Analysis of National Bicycle and Pedestrian Documentation Data from 2008 to 2010 (available at http://library.oregonmetro.gov/files/intertwine trail use snapshot 2008-2010.pdf, last accessed December 26, 2012), page 181, only 20 percent of bicyclists use the Tualatin River Greenway multi-use path to commute to work or school. This was the only multi-use trail in Tualatin for which these usage numbers were available.

- SW Sagert Street overpass over I-5
- SW 105th Avenue between SW Paulina Drive and SW Blake Street
- Narrow or obstructed sidewalks
- Wide or angled crosswalks at intersections
- Difficult crossing on major roadways (SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, and roadways in the downtown core)

Most of the pedestrian crashes reported in the 5-year crash study timeframe occurred on SW Boones Ferry Road, generally when a vehicle failed to yield for pedestrians. Most crashes occurred when a vehicle was turning.

Multi-use Path Needs

Additional bicycle and pedestrian connections over the Tualatin River are needed to connect with existing regional paths, as well as to provide alternate routes to the one existing Ki-a-Kuts bridge that is exclusively for bicycles and pedestrians (from Tualatin Community Park to Durham City Park in Durham). Additionally, many of the existing multi-use paths are fragmented and do not connect; signs and other wayfinding guides are needed to inform bicyclists or pedestrians how to move among the various pathways, and from the pathways to on-street facilities. The planned multi-use path network is only half constructed, once the system is complete, the multi-use path network will be more comprehensive.

A full description of existing conditions and deficiencies for the bicycle, pedestrian, and pathway system can be found in Appendix B.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Policies

The City of Tualatin's policies on bicycle and pedestrian facilities are as follows:

- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 1: Support Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) for all Tualatin schools
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 2: Work with partner agencies to support and build the Ice Age Tonquin Trail
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 3: Allow wider sidewalks downtown for strolling and outdoor cafes
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 4: Add benches along multi-use paths for walkers throughout the City (especially in the downtown core)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 5: Develop and implement a toolbox, consistent with Washington County, for mid-block pedestrian crossings
- **Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 6:** Implement bicycle and pedestrian projects to help the City achieve the regional non-single-occupancy vehicle modal targets in Table 16 (later in this chapter; its source is the RTFP)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 7: Implement bicycle and pedestrian projects to provide pedestrian and bicycle
 access to transit and essential destinations for all mobility levels, including direct, comfortable, and safe
 pedestrian and bicycle routes
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 8: Ensure that there are bicycle and pedestrian facilities at transit stations
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 9: Create on- and off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities connecting residential, commercial, industrial, and public facilities such as parks, the library, and schools
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 10: Create obvious and easy to use connections between on- and off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and integrate off-street paths with on-street facilities

Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

The following projects were developed by the project team in concert with the community, Working Groups, TPARK, and Transportation Task Force to improve the facilities and networks for bicyclists and pedestrians. These projects can be grouped into the following categories: bicycle and pedestrian projects, multi-use path projects, urban upgrades. Figure 5 shows the projects geographically, and Table 12 lists the projects, cost estimates, champion, potential funding source, and priority for each project. Figure 5 shows all bicycle and pedestrian projects geographically.

Bicycle and pedestrian specific urban upgrades (sidewalk gaps, adding bicycle lanes and sidewalks) are included in section 2 Street System Modal Plan (Tables 4 and 5). They are shown on the bicycle and pedestrian modal plan map but the tables are not in this section.

TABLE 12

Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Cost Estimate and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
BP1	Provide wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School	\$73,000	City, School District	Bike/Ped Funds	Short-term
BP2	Add a colored bicycle lane on SW Bridgeport Road and SW 72 nd Avenue near Bridgeport Village to make the bicycle lane more visible	\$10,000	City, Washington County	TDT, Bike/Ped funds, Washington County MSTIP	Medium/Long- term
BP3	Add a crosswalk at Tualatin View Apartments on SW Boones Ferry Road north of the Tualatin River	\$59,000 [†]	City, ODOT	Bike/Ped Funds	Medium-term
BP4	Add new signs and re-stripe crosswalk at SW Siletz Drive and SW Boones Ferry Road	\$24,000	City	Bike/Ped Funds	Short-term
BP5	Add dedicated bike lane through the intersection of SW Avery Street and SW Boones Ferry Road	\$117,000	City	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

MSTIP - Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program

TDT – Transportation Development Tax

Multi-Use Path Projects

Multi-use paths are paths set back from a roadway that are reserved exclusively for bicyclists and pedestrians. The majority of TSP recommendations are multi-use paths, as they provide the greatest potential for safe and enjoyable travel to and from homes, businesses, and services throughout the community.

City standards for multi-use paths are 12 feet with a minimum of 1 foot shoulders. All cost assumptions include this width.

Table 13 presents cost estimates and priorities for these projects.

[†] This cost estimate is based on the conceptual layout from a 2008 study and does not include railroad crossing or signal upgrades. Estimate may increase based on ODOT rail requirements for additional study.

TABLE 13

Multi-Use Path Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*	
BP6	Upgrade bridge surface along the path behind the Haggens shopping center to make it less slippery for pedestrians	\$100,000	City	Parks SDC, Bike/Ped funds	Short-term	
BP7	Build multi-use paths from the previously adopted Tualatin Pedestrian, Bikeway, and Greenway Plans	\$24,445,000 ²⁴	City	Parks SDC or bond, Bike/Ped	Long-term	
	Tualatin River Greenway from west UGB to east UGB	\$6,641,000		funds, Travel Options, ODOT Bike/Ped grants		
	Connections to the Tualatin River Greenway	\$1,810,000		zme, rea grants		
	I-5 Path: Bridgeport Village to SW Nyberg Street to SW Sagert Street to SW Avery Street, and SW 80 th Avenue to SW Blake Street to SW Norwood Road	\$3,245,000				
	Connections to the I-5 Path: SW Martinazzi Avenue to I-5 path	\$209,000				
	Saum Creek Greenway: SW Sagert Street to SW Delaware Circle to SW 65 th Avenue to Tualatin River	\$2,135,000				
	Norwood Road Path: SW Boones Ferry Road to I-5	\$3,757,000				
	Connections to the Saum Creek Greenway: SW Sagert Street to Saum Creek Greenway	\$30,000				
	Hedges Creek Greenway Connections: SW Myslony to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to SW 105 th Avenue	\$199,000				
	Helenius Greenway Trail Porous Concrete Trail Aggregate (Gravel) Surface Trail	\$236,000 \$179,000				
BP8	Build the section of the Tualatin River Greenway from SW Boones Ferry Road along the Tualatin River, extend to existing Tualatin River Greenway east of I-5	\$2,135,000 ²⁵	City	Parks SDC or bond, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term	
BP9	Fill gaps in the multi-use path as part of the Tualatin River Greenway on the east side of the City	\$123,000 ²⁶	City	Parks SDC or bond, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Long-term	

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²⁴ Cost estimates for all BP7 projects are from the *Tualatin Bikeway Plan* 1993. Estimates grown to 2012 dollars.

 $^{^{\}rm 25}$ From the $\it Tualatin$ $\it Bikeway$ $\it Plan$ 1993. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

 $^{^{26}}$ From the *Tualatin Bikeway Plan* 1993. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

TABLE 13

Multi-Use Path Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
BP10	Add trail on the east side of SW 105 th Avenue, SW Blake Street, and SW 108 th Avenue through Ibach Park to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians	\$810,000	City, Ibach CIO	Parks SDC or bond, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Medium-term
BP11	Add a multi-use path undercrossing of I-5 near Fred Meyer as part of the Nyberg Creek Greenway—connect to planned and existing multi-use paths	\$1,947,000 ²⁷	City	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options, ODOT Bike/Ped grants	Medium-term
BP12	Connect the Ice Age Tonquin Trail with neighborhoods (three connections assumed with a preference for at least one connection with Ibach CIO, exact location to be determined based on additional engineering)	\$7,626,000	City, Metro	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Long-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5-10 years, long-term = 10 years or more

CIO - Citizen Involvement Organization

ODOT – Oregon Department of Transportation

SDC - System Development Charges

Regional Coordination

A number of bicycle and pedestrian projects will require coordination with regional agencies such as Washington and Clackamas Counties, Metro, or ODOT. The City of Tualatin will participate fully in the development of regional multi-use trail projects through partnering with neighboring cities and lead agencies. Regional projects currently under development include the Ice Age Tonquin Trail project, intersection and bike lane projects on facilities owned by Washington or Clackamas Counties, or ODOT these projects are included in Tables 14 and 15.

²⁷ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects

TABLE 14
Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Project Cost Estimates and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
BP13	Add a colored bike lane through Nyberg Interchange to make the bicycle lane more visible and distinct from travel lanes	\$24,000	City, ODOT	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term
BP14	Add skip striping for the bicycle lane across the I-5 southbound off-ramp on the west end of the interchange	\$2,000	City, ODOT	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Short-term
BP15	Redesign bike lane on the east side of the Nyberg interchange by modifying where bicyclists cross the northbound on ramps and creating a 90 degree angle	\$62,000	City, ODOT	Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Medium-term
BP16	Improve the condition of bicycle and pedestrian railroad crossing panels on SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road by adding new panels	\$310,000	City, ODOT Rail, Portland and Western Railroad	STIP: TE, Bike/Ped funds	Medium-term

^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more STIP – Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

TE – Transportation Enhancement

Regional Multi-Use Path Projects

TABLE 15
Regional Multi-Use Path Project Cost Estimate and Prioritization

Project ID	Project Description	Cost Estimate	Champion	Funding Source	Priority*
BP17	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River: North of SW Cipole Road in conjunction with the Westside Trail Near SW 108 th Avenue	\$2,434,000 ²⁸ \$2,434,000 ²⁹	City, Metro	Parks SDC or bond, Bike/Ped funds, Travel Options	Long-term
BP18	Build the segments of the Ice Age Tonquin Trail in the City 30 Western segment near SW Cipole Road (includes an overcrossing of OR 99W)	\$14,615,000 \$22,705,000	Metro, City, Washington County	Federal, State, and Metro funds, Bike/Ped funds, Park grants	Medium/Long- term
	Eastern segment – along Hedges Creek, and the west side of the WES Tracks in southeast Tualatin Ice Age Tonquin Trail Total	\$37,320,000 ³¹			

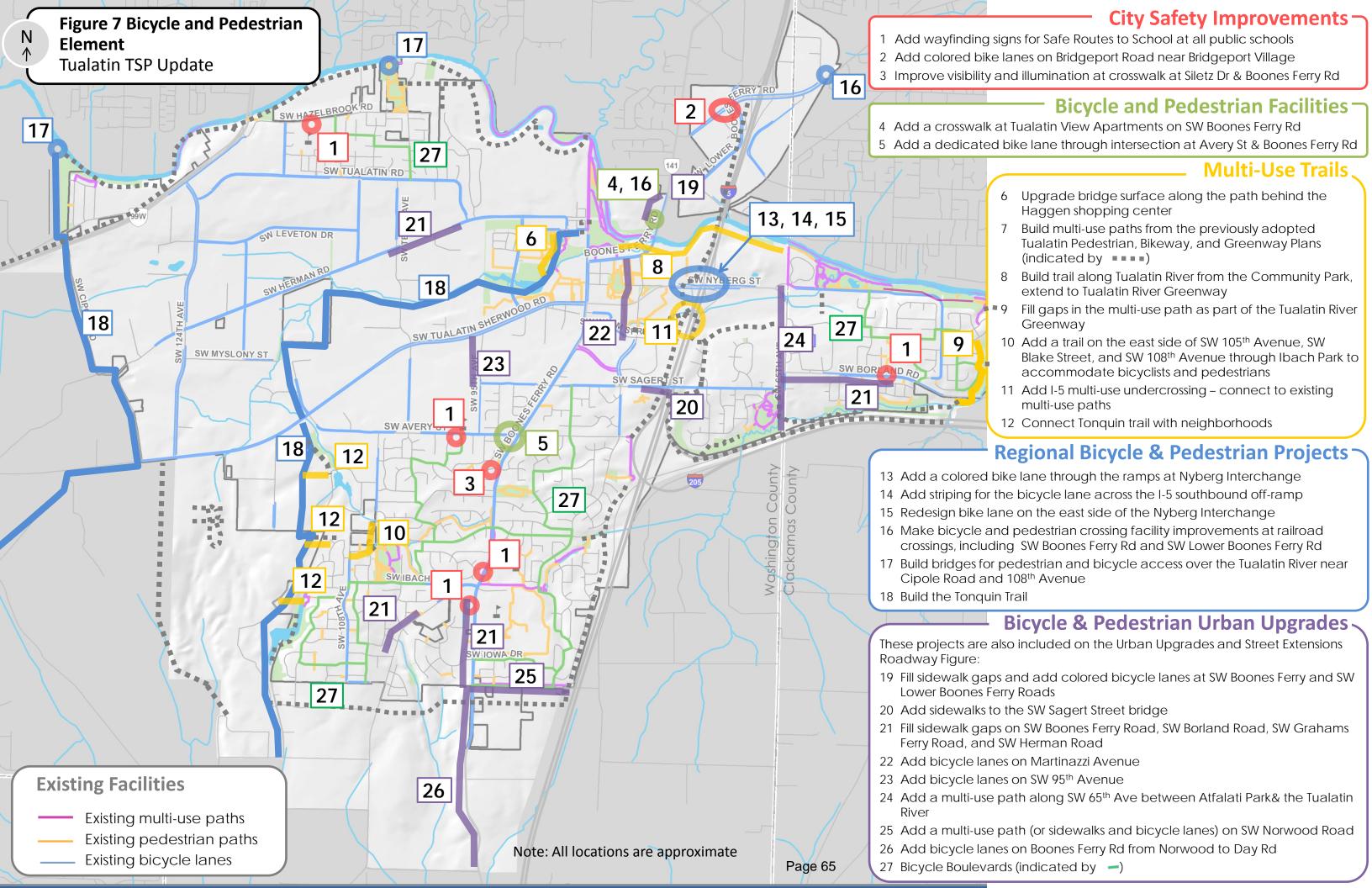
^{*} Short term = within 5 years, medium term = 5–10 years, long-term = 10 years or more SDC – System Development Charges

²⁸ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

²⁹ From Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)* 2007. Estimate grown to 2012 dollars.

³⁰ The goal of the Ice Age Tonquin Trail is to have a north/south orientation through and adjacent to the areas of highest desirability for interpretation of the Ice Age Floods and the remaining natural and geological features. The exact alignment through or near the property held by the Tonquin Industrial Group land owners in the SW Concept Plan area has not been determined. The final trail alignment and design and construction details will all be developed in the undetermined future and the processes will be conducted with the participation of land owners, adjacent property owners, the general public and other stakeholders at such time that the area annexes.

 $^{^{31}}$ From Metro's ongoing Ice Age Tonquin Trail plan.



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Bicycle Boulevards

Currently, there are no existing bicycle boulevards in the City, though the city of Portland³², the City of Tigard, and Washington County have bicycle boulevard policies and design standards.

Bicycle boulevards are roadways that use a variety of design treatments to reduce vehicle speeds so that motorists and bicyclists generally travel at the same speed, to create a safer and more-comfortable environment for all users. Bicycle boulevards may include a variety of applications ranging from minor street signing enhancements (such as shared lane markings) to larger scale projects (for example, bike-only access at intersections, traffic diverters). Boulevards also incorporate treatments to facilitate safe and convenient crossings where bicyclists must traverse major streets. Traffic controls along a boulevard may assign priority to through cyclists while encouraging through vehicle traffic to use alternate parallel routes.

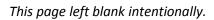
There are five different types of treatments for bicycle boulevards; the lowest cost and least impactful are wayfinding and warning signs, and shared lane markings and directional markings. Other types of treatments with higher capital investment include adding medians/islands and bicycle signals, curb extensions, and mini traffic circles, and restricting and diverting traffic at intersections. The basic bicycle boulevard uses the lower cost elements such as signage and lane markings, and is recommended as the first step to creating and maintaining bicycle boulevards in the City.

Bicycle boulevards work best in well-connected street grids, where riders can follow intuitive and reasonably direct routes. Boulevards also work best when higher-order parallel streets exist to serve through vehicle traffic. Hilly areas and twisting locations where speed or visibility can create safety issues should be avoided. Bicycle boulevards are generally located on streets with lower traffic volumes and vehicle speeds, such as Minor Collectors or Local Streets passing through residential neighborhoods. Typically a bicycle boulevard would be located on a street where vehicles travel less than 30 miles per hour and average daily traffic volume is less than 3,000 vehicles (in both directions). Additionally, the recommended bicycle boulevards for the City include consideration of topography—where possible, areas with steep hills were not recommended for bicycle boulevards.

Proposed bicycle boulevards in Tualatin are shown on Figure 7. These are all low volume, low speed streets that connect neighborhoods with roadways and trails where bicycle infrastructure investments have been made. As a short-term action, the City should consider signing these roadways as bicycle routes, and monitor usage on an annual basis. As bicycle usage increases, and bicyclists and drivers become more used to sharing travel lanes, further investments could be considered as described in the paragraphs above to enhance safety for bicyclists.

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³² The City of Portland refers to its bicycle boulevards as "Neighborhood Greenways"



5 Freight Plan

Efficient truck movement plays a critical role in the economic well-being and development of Tualatin. Trucks must be able to access commercial, industrial, manufacturing, distribution, and other employment areas both in Tualatin and connecting to the regional system. Future commercial/industrial uses are expected to be located consistent with the land uses identified in the Comprehensive Plan, which matches the current zoning designations, as codified in the TDC.

The freight network described in this plan and illustrated in Figure 6 is largely consistent with the functional classification plan, which strives to connect industrial and manufacturing uses to the regional and state transportation network via a series of major and minor arterial roadways. The movement of raw materials and finished products via designated truck routes provides for efficient movement of goods while maintaining neighborhood livability, public safety, and minimizing maintenance costs of the roadway system. Federally and state designated truck routes, part of the National Highway System (NHS), have been identified on I-5 and OR 99W. Metro identifies "road connectors" in the RTP freight network on SW 124th Avenue, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Lower Boones Ferry Road, and SW Boones Ferry Road. The City of Tualatin designates additional truck routes on roadway facilities that connect commercial/industrial districts within the City to major arterials and, ultimately, to OR 99W, I-5, and I-205. The following facilities are currently identified as City of Tualatin truck routes:

- I-5 (north to south City limits)
- I-205 (east to west City Limits)
- OR 99W (west to north City limits)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road (west City limits to the Nyberg Street Interchange)
- SW 124th Avenue (OR 99W to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road)
- SW Boones Ferry Road (south City Limits to SW Lower Boones Ferry Road)
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road (SW Boones Ferry Road to the northeast City limits)
- SW Herman Road (SW 90th Avenue to SW Cipole Road)
- SW 108th Avenue (SW Tualatin Road to SW Herman Road)
- SW Teton Avenue (SW Tualatin Road to SW Avery Street)
- SW Cipole Road (OR 99W to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road)
- ◆ SW Avery Street (SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to SW 95th Avenue)
- SW Leveton Drive (SW 124th Avenue to SW 108th Avenue)
- SW 105th Avenue (SW Avery Street to SW Moratoc Drive)

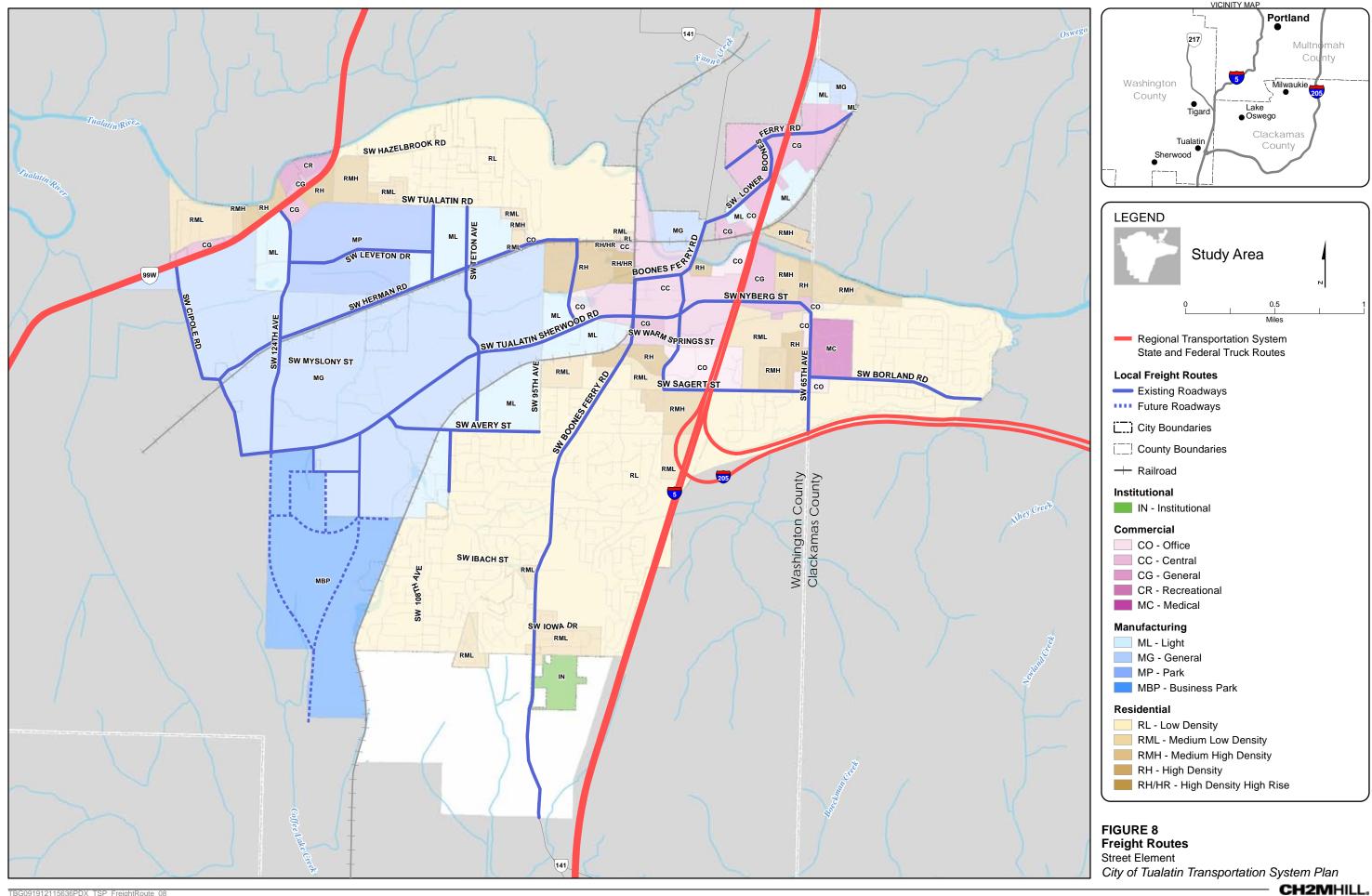
One existing truck route (SW Tualatin Road – SW 124th Avenue to SW Teton Avenue) was removed as a recommendation from the truck network based on discussions with the team, City Staff, the TTF and policy makers feedback. This change is consistent with the low volume of trucks currently using the road.

Updated truck route designations have been identified for existing roadways to match major arterial and minor arterial functional classifications. In addition, new roadway (or roadway extension) projects are recognized as truck routes when they provide connections to future commercial/industrial land uses. New truck route designations will include the following:

- SW 124th Avenue Extension (SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to south City limits)
- SW 65th Avenue
- SW Bridgeport Road
- SW Borland Road
- SW Sagert Street (east of SW Martinazzi Avenue)

- SW Martinazzi Avenue (SW Sagert Street to SW Boones Ferry Road)
- SW 90th Avenue
- SW Nyberg Street (SW 65th Avenue to SW Martinazzi Avenue)

The needs of the freight system are consistent with those identified in the Street System Plan for the truck routes listed above. Projects that address needs related to truck routes, either directly or by providing alternate routes that improve traffic operations along truck routes, serve the needs of the freight system. All new roadways should be built to current City design standards to meet the operational needs of trucks on designated truck routes. Existing geometric deficiencies are identified in Appendix B.



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6 Rail Plan

Portland and Western Railroad (PNWR) owns and operates two freight rail lines within the City. One track (running north-south) accommodates both freight and the WES commuter rail, and an east-west line runs along the south side of SW Herman Road. As of November 2012 the east-west line carries one train daily in each direction, and the north south has two freight trains daily in addition to the WES trains described in the Transit section.

There are 13 gated public railroad crossings in Tualatin and a number of additional driveways or private roads that cross the railroad. The private crossings are stop controlled, but not signalized. Freight trains have the right of way at all intersections. The low number of trains does not present a large safety concern in the City, and recent Quiet Zone work done in conjunction with the north-south WES rail line opening added gates at all public crossings.

PNWR has no current plans to increase freight service through Tualatin. Although the east-west track runs adjacent to manufacturing areas, no rail sidings or other access to businesses are planned.

Freight Rail Policies

- Freight Policy 1: Continue to coordinate with PNWR and TriMet to ensure that railroad crossings are safe and have few noise impacts on adjacent neighborhoods
- Freight Policy 2: Look for opportunities to shift goods shipments to rail to help reduce the demand for freight on Tualatin's roads.
- Freight Policy 3: Look for opportunities to create multi-modal hubs to take advantage of the freight rail lines

Freight Rail Projects

Only one freight rail project was identified for the Tualatin TSP to support freight traffic within the City. The project would add a rail station with easy offload and access for industrial and manufacturing businesses in the west part of town. This project would need a high degree of coordination between PNWR and the City to ensure it is located appropriately for both the railroad and potential facility users.

Passenger Rail Policies

The City of Tualatin's policies on public transit are described more fully in the Transit Modal Plan, but some policies apply to rail and are pulled from that section here. Policies that may relate to the existing heavy rail lines in Tualatin include:

- Transit Policy 3: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan the development of high-capacity transit in the Southwest Corridor, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- Transit Policy 4: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan development of highcapacity transit connecting Tualatin and Oregon City, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- Transit Policy 5: Coordinate with ODOT and neighboring communities on conversations related to Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene.
- Transit Policy 8: Metro in the RTP calls for increased WES service frequency. The City will coordinate with TriMet, Metro, and ODOT to explore service frequency improvements and the possible inclusion of a second WES station in south Tualatin.

Regional Coordination

The City of Tualatin will participate fully in the development of regional transit projects through partnering with lead agencies. Regional projects currently under development include the following:

- The Southwest Corridor Project. The purpose of the Southwest Corridor Project is to extend high-capacity transit from downtown Portland into the southwest part of the region. Doing so will help to fulfill the vision of the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan. The City of Tualatin is partnering with Metro and TriMet to bring high-capacity regional transit to Tualatin and neighboring communities.
- Oregon Passenger Rail. The purpose of the Oregon Passenger Rail project is to improve intercity passenger rail service along the Oregon section of the Pacific Northwest high speed rail corridor between Portland and Eugene. Along the way, the rail service is expected to serve the south Metro area via an alignment either east or west of the Willamette River. The City of Tualatin intends to coordinate with ODOT and to explore an appropriate corridor that would best improve intercity passenger rail service in the Willamette Valley.
- WES Extension. TriMet and ODOT will study the feasibility of extending WES commuter rail from Wilsonville
 to Salem. The City of Tualatin is supportive of the WES extension and intends to partner with ODOT and
 TriMet in facilitating this project.
- WES Service Enhancements. Metro in the RTP calls for increased WES service frequency. The conceptual
 Linking Tualatin study recommended adding an additional WES station in the south part of Tualatin. The City
 will coordinate with TriMet, Metro, and ODOT to explore service frequency improvements and the possible
 inclusion of a second WES station in south Tualatin.

7 Water, Pipeline, and Air Plan

Water

The Tualatin River is the only large waterway within the City of Tualatin. The river is not navigable from the Willamette River due to impassable areas and a diversion dam downstream. The river is used primarily for recreation and is open for canoeing and kayaking. Therefore, the TSP does not include any specific policies, programs, or projects for the Tualatin River as part of the transportation network. However, several projects are proposed in other sections of this chapter to increase access to the river for recreation purposes.

Pipeline

A natural gas transmission pipeline and a gasoline pipeline cross through the City. There is no anticipated need to increase pipeline capacity or construct new pipelines through the City, and therefore no such improvements are proposed in the TSP.

Air

There are no airports within the City of Tualatin, although several airports are located within 30 miles of the City: the Aurora State Airport, Hillsboro Municipal Airport, and Portland International Airport. These airports meet the commercial, freight, and business aviation needs of Tualatin residents. No plans are proposed to construct airport facilities within the City of Tualatin; existing airports are anticipated to continue serving the citizens of Tualatin adequately.

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8 Transportation Demand Management

The TPR requires all cities with populations greater than 25,000 people to develop a TDM Plan. The RTP also requires that TDM strategies be used to encourage alternative transportation modes and achieve higher vehicle occupancy targets. TDM measures are designed to change travel behavior in order to reduce the need for more road capacity and improve performance of the road system. Typical TDM projects include encouraging use of travel modes other than the auto, ride sharing, and measures to reduce the need for travel—such as telecommuting policies.

TDM policies and projects can be cost-effective ways to reduce congestion by encouraging the use of other modes, reducing the need for travel or reducing the number of vehicle-miles driven. The City of Tualatin can implement a range of TDM measures to manage travel demand, in conjunction with partner organizations in many cases. Providing bicycle, pedestrian, and transit infrastructure can be effective means to encourage drivers to switch to other modes. Many of the pedestrian, bicycle, and transit improvements proposed in other sections of the TSP can be considered TDM measures as they encourage use of travel modes other than the auto. In addition to these infrastructure projects, a number of strategies are applicable to Tualatin, as discussed in the following subsections.

Transportation Demand Management Policies

The following policies support other modal plans in the TSP and help Tualatin meet its mode-share targets, as required by the RTP and presented in Table 16:

- TDM Policy 1: Support demand reduction strategies, such as ride sharing, preferential parking, and flextime programs³³
- TDM Policy 2: Partner with the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce, the Westside Transportation Alliance, major employers, and business groups to implement TDM programs
- TDM Policy 3: Explore the use of new TDM strategies to realize more efficient use of the City's transportation system
- TDM Policy 4: Support Washington County's regional TDM programs and policies to reduce the number of single-occupancy vehicle (SOV) trips
- ◆ **TDM Policy 5:** Promote the use and expansion of the Tualatin Shuttle program

Metro in its RTP established modal targets for how residents in the region will make trips in 2040. These are separated out by regional designations. Tualatin has a number of designations within the City limits:

- Town Center this designation is consistent with the Town Center Plan study area, centered on the Lake of the Commons and includes land south of the Tualatin River and west of I-5, including the Tualatin Community Park. The western Boundary is SW 95th Avenue south to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, and then east near SW Warm Springs Street.
- Corridors there are a number of corridors in Tualatin: SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road is a regional street, along with 99W, SW 124th Avenue, and SW Tualatin Road. SW Boones Ferry Road is a community street, and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/SW Nyberg Street in downtown are community boulevards. Regional arterials

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³³ Ride sharing is defined as carpools and vanpools that increase the number of occupants in a vehicle. Preferential parking is for carpools and vanpools, and is closer than regular parking to a building or office. It provides an incentive to carpool by providing designated parking closer to destinations. Flextime programs allow employees to work hours other than a typical 8 am- 5 pm workday, and can include four 10-hour days with Fridays off, a two-week rotation of nine 9-hour days with every other Friday off, etc.

include 99W, SW 124th Avenue, SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Herman Road, SW Nyberg Street, SW Sagert Street, SW Borland Road, and SW 65th Avenue.

- Employment Land most of western Tualatin is employment land south of SW Tualatin Road and west of the railroad tracks.
- Parks and Natural Areas Hedges Creek is designated a park and natural area, along with many of the other greenway areas including Nyberg Creek Greenway, Saum Creek, and other City parks.
- Neighborhoods neighborhood areas include southern Tualatin near SW Boones Ferry Road, northern
 Tualatin north of SW Tualatin Road, and eastern Tualatin excluding the hospital area and the greenways and
 parks.

These designations have modal targets associated with them, as seen in Table 16 below, and the non-drive-alone modal target for Tualatin is 45-55 percent in the Town Center and Station Community, and 40-45 percent for the employment land, parks and natural areas, and neighborhoods.

TABLE 16
Metro Modal Targets

2040 Regional Designation	Non-drive-alone Modal Target
Regional Centers	
Town Centers	
Main Streets	AF FF9/
Station Communities	45–55%
Corridors	
Passenger Intermodal Facilities	
Industrial Areas	
Freight Intermodal Facilities	
Employment Areas	40–45%
Inner Neighborhoods	
Outer Neighborhoods	

Source: Metro's RTP

TDM Programs

Constructing bicycle lanes, sidewalks, and other facilities greatly increases the ability of people to get around by walking and biking. These efforts are made even more effective when education and encouragement programs are developed. These programs help address barriers to walking and biking, such as where and how to ride safely.

Individualized Marketing

Individualized marketing programs offer customized packets of information about transit, car/vanpool, bicycling, and walking options to target populations at events and through various venues. Such a program in Tualatin would build on and support both new and existing TDM strategies by providing a tailored framework that consisted of the following: (1) information about resources, such as transit maps and schedules, local walking and bicycling maps, safety information, discounts at local shops, and other locally available material; (2) encouragement events, such as employment fairs, guided walks and rides, guided transit trips, personalized trip planning assistance, and trainings; and (3) encouraging communications through social media, virtual or physical bulletin boards, and newsletters. Individualized marketing programs could be implemented by the City directly, or by a Transportation Management Association (TMA). A TMA is an independent entity dedicated to solving transportation problems in a particular geographic area through actively managing transportation demand and encouraging alternate travel modes. Currently, the Westside

Transportation Alliance provides TMA services to the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce, and the Cities of Hillsboro, Beaverton, and Tigard.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Education and Encouragement Programs

Constructing bicycle lanes, sidewalks, and other facilities greatly increases the ability of people to get around by walking and biking. These efforts are made even more effective when education and encouragement programs are developed. These programs help address barriers to walking and biking, such as where and how to ride safely. It should be noted that all programs listed below can be implemented in coordination with an individualized marketing program, as described above.

Employer Bicycle and Pedestrian Programs

Employers, especially larger employers, should implement a number of low-cost measures to encourage walking and biking to and from work. Example incentives include giving gift cards or discounts at local restaurants to those who choose to walk or bike. Parking "cash outs" are another incentive: If workers have free or subsidized parking, employers offer employees a choice to keep a parking space at work, or to accept a cash payment and give up the parking space.

Improve "End of Trip" Facilities

Workers often cite a lack of secure bike storage areas and showering and changing facilities as reasons they do not bike to work. If providing these amenities is cost prohibitive, employers could direct employees to nearby gyms or community centers where these facilities already exist and subsidize membership to them.

Safe Routes to School Programs (SRTS)

Nationally, the number of children walking and biking to school has declined greatly over the last several decades. SRTS programs currently existing in Tualatin. They are designed to educate parents and schoolchildren about safe walking and biking and encourage students to walk or bike to school. Typical measures include distributing safety information to parents and kids, prizes for kids who walk and bike to school, month-long walk-and-bike challenges, and bicycle rodeos. Bicycle and pedestrian infrastructure improvements, such as improving crosswalks or striping bike lanes, are usually done in conjunction with these efforts.

Community Bicycle Education, Encouragement, and Commuter Challenges

Many cities in Oregon participate in sponsored commuter challenge events, such as the national bike to work day in May and the month-long bike commute challenge in September. The month-long event is a friendly competition among employers. Awards and local bike shop discounts are offered throughout the month. Participants log their daily travel by bike on a website, track others' progress, and access free commuting resources.

Bicycle Route Maps

One of the major reasons many people do not bike to their destinations is a lack of knowledge about where to safely ride. The Washington County Visitors Association currently produces a countywide cycling map that includes major routes in Tualatin. A link to this map should be placed prominently on the City of Tualatin's webpage, and paper copies of the map made available at City Hall and other civic locations. However, the

Visitors Association's map does not include the portions of Tualatin that are north of the Tualatin River or east of I-5. The City should consider developing a comprehensive bicycle map for Tualatin that includes current and planned bicycle facilities. A locally produced map can be updated more frequently as bicycle infrastructure projects in the Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan are constructed.

Transit Strategies

Transit projects in the Transit Plan can be supplemented with other programs that make using transit easier for residents and provide incentives for its use. It should be noted that all programs listed below are most effectively implemented in coordination with a TMA and individualized marketing programs as described above.

Employee Shuttle Service

The Tualatin Chamber of Commerce operates a free shuttle service from TriMet bus stops, the WES station, and downtown Portland to employers within Tualatin. This free service enhances transit by bridging the final distance between transit stops and the work site, which can often be too far to walk or bike.

Employer-Subsidized Transit Pass Programs

Transit passes increase ridership because they are simple and easier to use than single ticket purchases. However, annual transit passes can be prohibitively expensive (as of September 2012 the annual TriMet pass is \$1,100) and out of line with driving costs such as gasoline and parking where purchases are made on a more incremental basis (weekly, monthly). To encourage more transit ridership, and in coordination with implementation of transit service recommendations outlined in the Transit Modal Plan, employers could subsidize the cost of transit passes either: (a) directly through bearing some of the cost of the pass as an employer-provided benefit; (b) indirectly through being a pass-through purchasing the annual passes from TriMet and allowing employees to pay on a monthly basis; or (c) indirectly through taking advantage of pretax transportation fringe benefits under Title 26 section 132(f) of the US tax code. This program allows employers to offer a tax-free benefit to employees that commute to work by transit and allow employees to purchase transit passes on a pre-tax basis through payroll deduction.

Other Strategies

Rental or Car-share Services

The ability to make midday trips with personal vehicles is cited as an important reason that employees drive to work. By providing car-sharing or rental service, such as Zipcar (www.zipcar.com) and Car2Go (www.car2go.com), workers can make short trips at low cost during the workday and leave their personal vehicles at home. Zipcar and Car2Go are not currently available in Tualatin. The City could partner with Metro to discuss expanding these services to the suburbs and for major employers to explore maintaining a small fleet of bicycles and/or vehicles for midday trips.

Ride Sharing

Carpooling and vanpooling can be very cost effective by filling empty seats in vehicles that would otherwise be unoccupied. Ride-sharing strategies are most effective for trips with predictable schedules, like commuting or special events. Ride sharing is accomplished through ride matching, or matching commuters with carpools and vanpools that meet their travel needs. Matching is accomplished through websites like Oregon's "Drive Less. Connect" program (www.drivelessconnect.com/) or through bulletin boards and employer-organized services.

Telecommuting and Flexible Work Schedules

Telecommuting (working from home instead of traveling to the workplace every day) reduces the need for travel and can have beneficial effects on traffic congestion. Many employers in Tualatin have employees who travel to work from outside the City, and many Tualatin residents travel outside the City to go to work. Supporting telecommuting could reduce peak-hour congestion on roadways in Tualatin. Support for telecommuting includes providing information to employers within the City and providing resources for citizens who commute out of Tualatin.

Employers can also allow employees to adopt work schedules different from the typical 8 to 5 schedule, or allow employees to compress regularly scheduled hours into fewer workdays per week (four 10-hour shifts, for instance). Allowing work schedule flexibility shifts travel out of the peak morning and evening travel hours, reducing congestion.

Location-specific TDM Programs

Throughout the TSP development a few programmatic ideas arose that were specific to locations within Tualatin. These programs are listed here, separate from the city-wide ideas, though implementation could be accomplished through many of the programs listed above.

Encourage Off-peak Use of SW Herman and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Roads

SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road is congested during peak hours, and freight vehicles use both SW Herman and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Roads to access regional transportation facilities (OR 99W and I-5). Policies encouraging drivers and freight haulers to use these routes outside of peak hours would help alleviate peak-hour congestion.

Reduce Congestion near Tualatin High School

Tualatin High School generates a significant number of trips just before the school day starts and when classes let out in the afternoon. Projects and policies that discourage the use of personal automobiles to get to and from the high school could be effective at reducing congestion in the vicinity of the school. SRTS projects, such as adding wayfinding signage for pedestrians and bicycles, encouraging cycling and walking, and improving the walking and cycling environment in the vicinity of the school can be very effective at encouraging students to use alternative modes of travel. A number of pedestrian and bicycle improvement projects are proposed near the high school; refer to the Pedestrian and Bicycle Plan earlier in this chapter for a complete list of projects.

Provide Wayfinding Signs to Encourage Walking and Bicycling

Providing wayfinding signage near popular destinations such as schools, commercial areas, parks, and city services allows residents to use non-motorized modes. Wayfinding signs will also allow users on multi-use paths to determine their location and how to get to various destinations. Providing wayfinding signs can improve user comfort with different modes and may encourage travelers to switch transportation modes as they become as comfortable with these modes as with driving.

Metro Transportation Demand Management Projects

Metro's 2035 Regional Transportation System Management and Operations Plan (TSMO Plan) also includes TDM projects and policies within Tualatin. These relatively low-cost projects (Table 17) will be implemented by a variety of local and regional organizations and with a variety of funding sources.

TABLE 17 Planned Metro TDM Projects in Tualatin

Project or Policy	Description
Individualized Marketing for Tualatin Transit Center and adjacent neighborhoods	Implement outreach to targeted neighborhoods that encourages use of travel options through delivery of local travel options information and services to interested residents
Location-efficient Living	Support programs and strategies that promote location-efficient living strategies in industrial employment and residential areas west of I-5. The goal of location efficient living is to provide affordable housing near employment centers to reduce travel distances for employees. Location-efficient living strategies also market employment opportunities to nearby residents.
Transportation Management Associations	Support the activities of organizations, such as the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce, that help employees and/or residents increase use of non-single-occupant vehicle travel options

Source: Metro's TSMO Plan

9 Transportation System Management

Transportation System Management (TSM) measures are designed to increase the efficiency, safety, capacity, and level of service of the transportation system without physically increasing roadway capacity. Typical TSM projects include traffic light synchronization, traffic calming, travel information systems, access management, and parking management strategies. Many of the projects listed in the other modal plans—including the Transit, Pedestrian and Bicycle, and Access Management plans—qualify as TSM measures.

Many TSM tools can be implemented inexpensively to help make the existing system work more efficiently. A wide range of TSM strategies are applicable to Tualatin.

Signal Timing and Optimization

Traffic congestion is caused in part by poorly timed traffic signals, especially on longer arterial corridors with many signalized intersections. The City will continue to review and update signal timing on streets in order to maximize signal efficiency. Many strategies can be implemented to improve coordination of signals and optimize signal timing. Advanced signal systems can detect vehicles approaching intersections, reducing the number of stops vehicles make and reducing delay. With good traffic data, signal timing can be adjusted throughout the day to reflect traffic patterns. Adaptive signal controls actively change signal timing based on real-time traffic information, further optimizing traffic flow.

Adding bicycle detector loops or sensor cameras are effective methods for optimizing signal timing for cyclists, who often must wait long periods before crossing an intersection if they are not detected by the signal system. Adding bike detection loops or sensor cameras would eliminate this problem, ensuring cyclists can get through major intersections without delay and without having to activate pedestrian crossing signals. ODOT recently put in a bike detection loop at the SW



Example of a Bicycle Detector Loop

72nd Avenue, SW Bridgeport Road, and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road intersection for the northbound bike lane.

Real-time Traveler Information Systems

Real-time travel information on traffic congestion, roadway incidents, road hazards, weather conditions and construction delays can help drivers make better travel decisions. This information can be provided through electronic signs, or websites and applications available on computers and mobile devices, to help travelers avoid delay by changing their route, starting their trip at another time, or changing which mode they use to get to their destinations.

Traffic Calming

Traffic-calming measures can improve neighborhood livability, slow traffic, and reduce undesirable cut-through traffic on local streets. Typical traffic-calming measures include speed humps, medians, street trees, narrower streets, traffic circles, and speed reader boards that display vehicle speeds to drivers. These strategies are effective at encouraging vehicle traffic to make their through trips on more appropriate collector and arterial

streets, and help calm traffic in neighborhoods where slow speeds and low traffic volumes are desirable. Table 18 summarizes common traffic-calming strategies.

TABLE 18 **Potential Traffic-Calming Strategies**

Traffic-calming Strategy	Goal	Description
Speed Tables	Speed reduction	Speed tables are flat-topped speed humps constructed from asphalt, brick, or other materials. They allow higher speed travel then speed bumps. Speed tables are effective at reducing vehicle speeds, and are most applicable on residential streets or other streets where a smooth ride is needed for larger vehicles.
Roundabouts and Traffic Circles	Speed reduction, reduce through traffic	These force drivers to slow at intersections and may encourage through traffic to use other routes. They are typically constructed of concrete, brick or other materials and often have center landscaping that additionally improves street aesthetics.
Chicanes, Curb Extensions	Speed reduction, improve walking environment	Chicanes are bulb-outs that physically narrow the roadway. Chicanes create S-shaped curves that force drivers to slow and can also be designed so that drivers have to yield to oncoming traffic. Curb extensions at intersections physically narrow the roadway and reduce vehicle speed, but they also reduce intersection crossing distance for pedestrians.
Median Barriers	Reduce through traffic	Median barriers prevent vehicle traffic from turning into or out of streets in a certain direction, reducing through traffic.
Road Diets	Speed reduction, reduce through traffic, improve walking & biking environment	Road diets reduce the number of automobile travel lanes, freeing road space for bicycle lanes, sidewalks, paths, or landscaping. A typical road diet may reduce a four-lane road to three lanes (two travel lanes and a center turn lane) and add bicycle lanes or parking.
Street Trees	Speed reduction, improve walking & biking environment	Street trees visually narrow streets, forcing drivers to slow down. Trees placed between sidewalks and the street improves street aesthetics and provides a buffer between pedestrians and traffic.
Pavement Treatments	Speed reduction	Pavement treatments include colored and textured paving materials, rumble strips and other pavement markings. These treatments provide visual and auditory cues to drivers that they should be more alert, causing drivers to slow. Typical application includes paving a residential intersection with bricks, or adding rumble strips to an intersection approach.
Tighten Corner Radii	Improve walking and biking environment, speed reduction	Large intersection corner radii allow vehicles to make higher speed turns, increasing risk for pedestrians. Reducing curb radii forces traffic to slow when making turns and reduces crossing distance for pedestrians.
Roadway Striping	Speed reduction	Adding roadway striping, especially on unstriped residential streets, can visually narrow the street and causes drivers to slow down. Roadway edge lines, striped medians, etc., can all help achieve speed reductions at relatively low cost.

Source: Metro's Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO) Plan

Metro's *Transportation System Management and Operations (TSMO) Plan* includes projects on regionally significant routes within Tualatin. It also includes arterial corridor management strategies and other improvements to facilities within Tualatin (Table 19). Most of these projects are currently underway or are planned to start within the next 5 to 10 years and will be funded through a combination of regional and local sources.

TABLE 19
Planned Metro TSMO Projects in Tualatin

Facility Name	TSM Strategy	Description
SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Upper Boones Ferry Road, SW 65 th Avenue, and SW Borland Road	Arterial Corridor Management	Improve arterial corridor operations by expanding traveler information and upgrading traffic signal equipment and timings. Install upgraded traffic signal controllers, establish communications to the central traffic signal system, provide arterial detection (including bicycle detection where appropriate), and routinely update signal timings. Provide real-time and forecasted traveler information, including current roadway conditions and weather conditions, on arterial roadways.
OR 99W, from SW 124 th Avenue to SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road	Real-time Traveler Information	Provide real-time and forecasted traveler information on arterial roadways, including current roadway conditions, congestion information, travel times, incident information, construction work zones, current weather conditions, and other events that may affect traffic conditions.
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Arterial Corridor Management with Adaptive Signal Timing	Signal systems that automatically adapt to current roadway conditions, in addition to arterial corridor management strategies listed above.



10 Parking Plan

The City owns several public parking lots in downtown Tualatin to support denser development in the City's core area. A separate taxing district has been created to support ongoing maintenance and operations of these parking lots. The city completed a study in 2011 which identified that the existing parking supply is sufficient to meet the parking demand in downtown Tualatin.

The RTFP requires parking policies and a parking plan in a TSP or other planning document. The current TDC includes parking minimums and is compliant with this requirement.

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Chapter 3. Implementation

Implementation of TSP projects will depend on funding and community priorities. There are a variety of funding sources available at the City, County, Region, and State level, and each project table includes recommendations for applicable funding sources. Additionally, the relative importance of TSP projects are identified in the project tables, based on community goals, the magnitude of the deficiency or issue that the project addresses, and the ability to secure funding, conduct engineering, and build a project. Appendix E provides a detailed description of transportation funding and improvement costs for all of the TSP's recommendations.

Funding Sources

Established Funding Sources for Future Projects

A variety of established federal, state and local funding sources are available to fund future transportation projects in the Tualatin TSP, depending on the eligibility requirements.

Federal Funding Sources

Federal funding currently accounts for approximately 20 percent of total funding for transportation projects in Oregon. Allocation of federal funds is managed through Metro, Tualatin's Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). Metro generally programs federal funding for regional and local projects that affect the state transportation system, though some funds are made available directly for local projects. All projects utilizing federal funds must be programmed through Metro's 20-year RTP and the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP), as well as the STIP.

Most federal funding is available through the federal surface transportation program, supported by tax revenue to the Highway Trust Fund.

Federal Highway Trust Fund (HTF)

Revenues to the HTF are comprised of motor vehicle fuel taxes, sales taxes on heavy trucks and trailers, tire taxes, and annual heavy truck use fees. The fund is split into two accounts – the highway account and transit account. Funds are appropriated to individual states on an annual basis. The 2005 legislation for the federal surface transportation program (Safe, Accountable, Flexible and Efficient Transportation Equity Act – A Legacy for Users, referred to as SAFETEA-LU) was replaced with Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21), effective October 1st, 2012. This new 2-year program keeps total federal funding at the SAFETEA-LU rate, consolidates the 90 current programs under SAFETEA-LU into 30, eliminates transportation earmarks, and increases funding for the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program (TIFIA). The TIFIA program provides loans to finance transportation projects of regional or national significance, and seeks to leverage federal transportation dollars with local funds and private investment. Tualatin may be eligible to receive funding under the expanded TIFIA program.

Most federal funds must be matched with state or local funds; the current matching ratio for most projects is 10.27 percent.

Federal Transit Administration grants

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) manages a number of grants available to transit agencies nationwide. The city of Tualatin could work with TriMet to fund transit projects serving the City.

Transit Expansion and Livable Communities Grants

Approximately \$2.4 billion in funds was appropriated for this program in the current budget year (2012). The goal of this initiative from the FTA is to advocate for and support projects and programs that improve the link between public transit and communities. Several formula and competitive grant programs are available through this initiative. Policy goals include better integrating transportation and land use planning, fostering multimodal systems, providing transportation options and improving access, reducing emissions, and increasing public participation in transportation decision-making. Tualatin and TriMet may be eligible for grant funding under this program.

Transportation for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities (MAP-21 §20009, former SAFETEA-LU §5310)

This formula grant program is managed by the state, with funds provided for capital projects that enhance the accessibility of older adults and those with disabilities.

Job Access Reserve Commute (JARC) program (MAP-21 §20010, former SAFETEA-LU §5316)

Activities funded by the JARC program (formerly Section 5316 of SAFETEA-LU) have been preserved in MAP-21. The JARC program was established to address the transportation needs of welfare recipients and other low-income persons seeking to obtain or maintain employment. This program helps provide mobility to those whose work hours may fall outside traditional transit service hours and service areas. Under MAP-21, JARC activities have been integrated into the urban and rural formula grant programs. Financial assistance will be available for capital, planning and operations projects. In addition to local government and transit operators, private non-profits are eligible to receive funds. In 2012, as in past years, the Chamber of Commerce received JARC monies that funded the Tualatin Shuttle service. The Chamber of Commerce is an ongoing recipient of JARC funds, and annually recompletes for funds.

TriMet is the current recipient of all JARC funds which are distributed to regional agencies through a competitive application process. Under MAP-21, the competitive application requirement has been removed. TriMet is currently developing its new JARC program in response to MAP-21; it is presently unclear how much funding will be available, or how agencies will apply for funding from the program. Approximately \$600,000 has been available regionally under the program in recent funding cycles.

Other Federal Sources

Section 319 Non-Point Source Implementation Grants

Transportation projects that integrate stormwater treatment may be eligible to receive federal funding through Section 319 grants. This program, administered by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), provides federal funds to address non-point pollution, including stormwater improvement projects. Funding is very competitive, with less than \$500,000 available statewide in the most recent grant cycle. Projects that could be eligible for funding include applications of pervious pavements, stormwater detention and retention, and other low impact stormwater development tactics. Funds can be used for all or a portion of a project, but require a minimum 40 percent match. The Tualatin River and several of its tributaries are on the Clean Water Act 303(d) list for a number of pollutants, and projects within the river basin may be attractive for funding.

State Funding Sources

State funds are distributed via the Oregon Transportation Commission (OTC). The State Highway Fund is the most significant source of funding for the programs described below. To be eligible for funding, projects must be programmed through the STIP.

State Highway Fund

State Highway Fund Revenues are received from a combination of fuel taxes, vehicle registration and title fees, driver's license fees, the truck weight-mile tax and federal monies. Fund revenues may only be used for construction and maintenance of state and local highways, bridges, and roadside rest areas. State law (ORS 366.514) specifies that a reasonable amount of highway funds must be spent on walkways and bikeways, and that in any given fiscal year, a minimum of 1 percent of State Highway Funds must be spent on these projects by funding recipients. However, cities and counties receiving may allocate these funds to a reserve fund, which they must expend within a period not to exceed 10 years. All funds must be expended on projects within road, street, or highway rights-of-way.

State Highway Funds are appropriated by the OTC on an annual basis. Sixty percent of fund revenues are kept at the state level, 24 percent is distributed to counties based on the number of vehicles registered in each county, and 16 percent is distributed to cities based on population.

Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

The STIP is the 4-year capital improvement program for the state of Oregon. It provides a schedule and identifies funding for projects throughout the state. Projects included in the STIP are generally "regionally significant" and have been given a high priority through planning efforts and by the relevant area commission on transportation (ACT) or MPO. For Tualatin, the relevant MPO is Metro.

All regionally significant state and local projects, as well as all federally-funded projects and programs, must be included in the STIP. The 2010-2013 STIP includes projects totaling \$1.25 billion and covers the period from October 2009 to the end of September 2013. The 2012-2015 STIP was recently approved. About 80 percent of projects are expected to use federal funds. Federal funding levels projected for the 2010-2013 and draft 2012-2015 STIP are assumed to be at the same annual level distributed under SAFETEA-LU from 2005 to 2009.

ODOT has started the planning process for the 2015-2018 STIP. The STIP will be reorganized into two broad categories: "Fix-it" and "Enhance" that encompass the previous funding categories detailed in the 2012-2015 STIP. "Fix-it" projects are those that fix or preserve the current transportation system; "Enhance" projects are those that enhance, expand or improve the transportation system. The main purpose of this reorganization is to allow maximum flexibility to fund projects that reflect community and state values, rather than those that fit best into prescriptive programs.

"Fix-it" activities will include:

- Bicycle and pedestrian facilities on state routes only
- Bridges (state owned)
- Culverts
- High Risk Rural Roads
- Illumination, signs and signals
- Landslides and Rockfalls
- Operations (includes ITS)
- Pavement Preservation
- Rail-Highway Crossings
- Safety

- Salmon (Fish Passage)
- Site Mitigation and Repair
- Stormwater Retrofit
- Transportation Demand Management (part of Operations)
- Work zone Safety (Project specific)

"Enhance" activities will include:

- Bicycle and/or Pedestrian facilities on or off the highway right-of-way
- Development STIP (D-STIP) projects (development work for projects that will not be ready for construction or implementation within the four years of the STIP)
- Modernization (projects that add capacity to the system, in accordance with ORS 366.507)
- Most projects previously eligible for Transportation Enhancement funds
- Projects eligible for Flex Funds (the Flexible Funds program funded Bicycle, Pedestrian, Transit and Transportation Demand Management (TDM) projects, plans, programs, and services)
- Protective Right-of-Way purchases
- Public Transportation (capital projects only, not operations)
- Safe Routes to School (infrastructure projects)
- Scenic Byways (construction projects)
- Transportation Alternatives (new with MAP-21, the federal transportation authorization)
- Transportation Demand Management

Under this new STIP organization, there will be one application for all projects eligible under the "Enhance" program. Communities will apply for the "Enhance" projects that best serve their community and ODOT will determine the appropriate funding mechanism. "Fix-it" projects will be selected through a collaborative process between ODOT and MPOs. This new organization is primarily intended to increase funding flexibility and does not represent a fundamental change in the type of projects that will be funded through the STIP. The current "Enhance" application process for the 2015-2018 STIP will close at the end of November, 2012.

ConnectOregon: ConnectOregon funds are lottery-backed bonds distributed to air, marine, rail, transit and other multimodal projects statewide. No less than 10 percent of ConnectOregon IV funds must be distributed to each of the five regions of the state, provided that there are qualified projects in the region. The objective is to improve the connections between the highway system and other modes of transportation.

Oregon Parks and Recreation Local Government Grants

The Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) administers this program using Oregon Lottery revenues. These grants can fund acquisition, development and major rehabilitation of public outdoor parks and recreation facilities. OPRD has distributed \$4 million annually under this program through a competitive grant process. A match of at least 20 percent is required.

Oregon Transportation Infrastructure Bank (OTIB)

The OTIB is a statewide revolving loan fund available to local governments for many transportation infrastructure improvements, including highway, transit and non-motorized projects. Most funds made available through this program are federal, and roads must be functionally classified as a major collector or higher to be eligible for loan funding.

Oregon Parks and Recreation Department: Recreational Trails Grant³⁴

These grants from the Oregon Parks and Recreation Department provide funding for recreational trail projects to build new recreation trails, including trail bridges and installing wayfinding signs, restoring existing trails, developing and rehabilitating trailhead facilities, and acquiring land and permanent easements for trails. Cities are eligible to apply, and must provide at least a 20 percent match of total project cost. Recent grants (2011) ranged from \$10,000 to \$130,000.

Oregon Immediate Opportunity Fund

The Oregon immediate opportunity fund supports primary economic development in Oregon through construction and improvements of streets and roads. Funds are discretionary and may only be used when other sources of financial support are unavailable or insufficient. The objectives of the Opportunity Fund are providing street or road improvements to influence the location, relocation, or retention of a firm in Oregon, providing procedures and funds for the OTC to respond quickly to economic development opportunities, and providing criteria and procedures for the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD), other agencies, local government and the private sector to work with ODOT in providing road improvements needed to ensure specific job development opportunities for Oregon, or to revitalize business or industrial centers.

Regional Funding Sources

Metro coordinates two transportation grant programs relevant to Tualatin. As the regional government and MPO, Metro is responsible for distributing federal monies in a variety of programs.

Flexible Funds

Metro manages the allocation of regional federal flexible funds. These funds come from two federal funding sources: the Surface Transportation program (STP) and the Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality program (CMAQ). These funds can be spent on a wide variety of projects. In the most recent funding round, \$24 million was made available to Metro jurisdictions for various projects, including transit oriented development, high capacity transit, transportation system management, and regional planning projects. Funding is allocated through a competitive process.

Regional Travel Options grants

Metro also manages this federal grant source, distributing over \$500,000 to several projects in the Metro region in the most recent round of funding. Projects are selected through a competitive process. Projects that improve air quality, address community health, reduce auto traffic or create more opportunities for walking and biking are all eligible for funding.

Nature in Neighborhoods Grants

Metro provides funds to communities to add vegetation and natural features in neighborhoods. Funds for Nature in Neighborhoods come from the voter-approved 2007 natural areas bond measure. Projects awarded grants

³⁴ From www.oregon.gov/oprd/GRANTS/Pages/index.aspx

involve the community, foster diverse partnerships and innovate, leading to bigger social and economic benefits, from jobs and economic development to livable neighborhoods and clean air. Metro has awarded \$6.6 million to 23 projects. Up to \$2.25 million is available annually, with \$15 million available through the life of the program.

County Funding Sources

Washington County Gas Tax

Tualatin receives approximately \$90,000 per year currently in county gas tax revenue. These funds can be spent on a wide variety of transportation projects, though are currently only spent on construction and maintenance of City streets.

Washington County Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program (MSTIP)

Washington County's MSTIP program provides funding for major transportation improvements on roads throughout the county. The program is funded through property taxes with approximately \$35 million available each year. MSTIP has funded a wide variety of projects, including expansion of Highway 26, Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) and signal upgrades to Tualatin-Sherwood Road and numerous bicycle and pedestrian improvements. Only roads classified in the Washington County Functional Classification system are eligible for funding from MSTIP. Roads that would be eligible under this program include Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, Nyberg Road, 65th Avenue, Sagert Street, and several others. Tualatin does not have any projects identified for funding in the current 5 year MSTIP program (MSTIP 3d), but several projects just outside the city, including the extension of 124th Avenue south to Tonquin Road, are funded. The city can continue to pursue funding for major improvements on these streets through this dedicated funding source.

Washington County Minor Betterment Program

Washington County administers the Minor Betterment Program (MBP), funded by an allocation from the County Road Fund (County Gas Tax). The Program funds small-scale interim improvements beyond routine maintenance but not large enough to be programmed as capital improvements. MBP projects are site-specific enhancements to the county's transportation system, projects are typically interim and intended to supplement routine maintenance and capital improvements. Eligible projects need to be on a county road, improve or resolve a specific situation, and address safety, capacity, environmental and/or connectivity issues. In fiscal year 2013/14 the County is funding sidewalk completing along SW Grahams Ferry Road with this funding source.

Local Funding Sources

Major local funding sources include general fund revenues, road utility fees, system development charges, and the City's share of State Highway Fund revenue.

Road Utility Fees

This fee is assessed to all residential and non-residential properties in the city of Tualatin to fund upkeep of the City's road system. Approximately \$650,000 in fee revenue was forecast for FY 2011. These revenues are made available exclusively for road maintenance. These fees represent a significant source of funding for maintenance of existing roads. Per city code (TMC 3-4), these funds may be spent on pavement rehabilitation, sidewalk maintenance, landscaping enhancements, replacing street trees and street lighting.

Transportation Development Taxes (TDT)

Transportation Development Taxes (TDT) are one-time fees on new development that compensate for the increased traffic associated with new development, and are system development charges or impact fees for transportation. The City has authorized the collection of transportation system development charges since 1991. The former county-managed Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program has been replaced with the Transportation Development Tax (TDT), approved by voters in 2008. TDTs cannot be expended on transportation operations or maintenance projects, and may be used exclusively for capital improvement projects. These taxes are payable to the City when a building or other development permit is issued. The outlook for TDT revenue is very uncertain, given limited development during the current economic downturn.

Potential Other Funding Sources for Future Projects

The following funding sources and strategies may be available to the City in addition to the established programs listed above.

Department of Energy: Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (EECBG)

This program was initially funded through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The current funding authorization expired in April 2012. Future funding for this program is currently uncertain. The program provided formula grants to states and competitive grants for projects that reduce fossil fuel emissions, reduce total energy use of eligible grantees, and improve energy efficiency of transportation and other sectors. Tualatin may be eligible for competitive grants if this program is funded in future federal budgets.

Local Improvement Districts (LID)

LIDs are created by property owners within a district of a city to raise revenues for constructing improvements within the district boundaries. LIDs may be used to assess property owners for improvements that benefit properties and are secured by property liens. Property owners typically enter into LIDs because of the economic or personal advantages of the improvements. The City would work with property owners to acquire financing at lower interest rates than under typical financing methods. The formation of LIDs is governed by state law and local jurisdictional development codes. LID revenues can only be used on capital projects. LID revenues can be combined with other revenue sources to fully fund projects.

Transit Utility Fee

A number of jurisdictions in Oregon have implemented transportation utility fees that fund road system maintenance, transportation improvements, and transit service. The city of Corvallis, Oregon recently enacted a Transit Utility Fee in 2011 to support transit operations. These fees are typically collected on monthly residential and business utility bills and assessed on a per-housing unit basis, with businesses and industry charged rates based on the type of business or number of employees. A modest monthly transit utility fee could fund capital improvements and transit operations in Tualatin. Fee revenue can also be used to support or improve existing transit services in Tualatin, like the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Shuttle service. A transit utility fee would provide dedicated and reliable funding for transit projects identified in the Transit Plan.

Urban Renewal Areas

The City of Tualatin has successfully implemented two urban renewal areas over the past 25 years in the central area and Leveton. Both Urban renewal areas have expired and are no longer collecting revenue. Urban Renewal Areas (URA) remain an option for the City in the future whereby tax increment financing (TIF) can be used for a variety of improvements within the URA. With TIF, the county assessor "freezes" the assessed value of properties within the URA and the property taxes collected above those that were collected when the property values were frozen are used to pay for improvements within the URA. This financing method assumes that property values within the urban renewal area will increase over time. URA designations are primarily used as an economic development tool, but may be useful for targeting areas in the City with serious improvement needs.

Revenue and General Obligation Bonds

Bonding allows municipal and county government to finance construction projects by borrowing money and paying it back over time, with interest. Financing requires smaller regular payments over time compared to paying the full cost at once, but financing increases the total cost of the project by adding interest. General Obligation Bonds are often used to pay for construction of large capital improvements and must be approved by a vote of the public. These bonds add the cost of the improvement to property taxes over a period of time. Tualatin could consider issuing a General Obligation Bond to pay for significant transportation improvement projects identified within the City.

Parking Fees

The City does not currently charge for parking, but does charge an annual fee to business owners in the "core area parking district" that funds parking maintenance in the immediate core area. Income generated by charging parking fees could be used to implement a variety of transportation projects. The collection system would require purchase of parking meter infrastructure, careful study of where to install meters, and analysis of the appropriate fee amount to charge drivers.

Prioritization

Prioritization of projects within this TSP is separated into three categories: short-term, medium-term, and long-term. Short term projects are expected to be built within 0-5 years, while medium-term are 5-10 years, and long-term projects are expected to be built in the 10-20 year time frame. Prioritization is determined based on a combination of the most important projects to implement first, the ease of implementation, and the potential cost – some projects will take a number of years to identify and secure funding. Some projects will also need regional coordination and support, which may take time to secure an agreement. Prioritization is an estimate: long-term projects may be implemented sooner than 10-20 years due to funding becoming available, a high degree of community support or other factors. The suggested priority for projects in this TSP is a general guide, and not a required timeframe.

Fiscally Constrained TSP Project List

Based on an analysis of existing and likely future funding sources, the Project Team assumed the City of Tualatin will have around \$16 million in funds for transportation over the next 20 years. All projects currently labeled short and medium-term projects fall within this constrained list, with the exception of upgrading SW Myslony Street (R5). The fiscally constrained list represents the likely projects that the City will be able to fund before the next TSP update. The long-term priorities (and the project on SW Myslony Street) that are more expensive and complex are the preferred transportation system in Tualatin, and the City will need to look for additional funding such as grants and potential borrowing strategies to implement these projects. These projects will also likely require a suite of funding strategies to implement.

Policy and Code Language

In preparing implementation measures for the TSP, the project team evaluated the City's TSP and development code for compliance with the TPR and the RTFP. These state and regional regulations are intended to increase the amount of coordination between public agencies, protect transportation investments, support efficient urban development, and promote the use of modes other than single-occupancy vehicles. The project team found that the TSP and development code were largely in compliance with the TPR and RTFP, but that some updates to policy and code would be needed for full compliance. The evaluation findings are included in the TSP as Appendix F.

There were limited compliance issues and needed amendments identified through the process of evaluating the City's development code against TPR and RTFP requirements. The proposed code amendments represent refinements to the code, and in most cases they are minor or administrative. The following represent the types of amendments proposed to implement the TSP and comply with state and regional regulations:

- Supporting more communication between the City and transportation-related agencies on applications for architectural review and proposed plan amendments
- Extending requirements for short and direct pedestrian and bicycle routes to general multi-family housing, commercial, industrial, public, and semi-public development
- Treating long and wide driveways more like streets in terms of lining up and connecting with other streets
- Setting up conditions when crossings on transit streets need to be provided
- Allowing on-street parking to count toward off-street parking requirements
- Differentiating existing bicycle parking requirements into long-term and short-term bicycle parking
- Permitting on-street freight loading under certain conditions

These proposed amendments will be carried through the hearings and adoption process concurrently with the TSP document itself. Language for proposed code changes can be requested from City Staff.

Tualatin TSP Policies

The following TSP policies were included in each of the modal plans, and repeated here for quick reference.

Functional Classification

- Functional Classification Policy 1: Major and minor arterials will comprise the main backbone of the freight system, ensuring that freight trucks are able to easily move within, in, and out of the City
- Functional Classification Policy 2: Continue to construct existing and future roadways to standard when possible for the applicable functional classification to serve transportation needs within the City

Roadway

- Roadway Policy 1: Implement design standards that provide clarity to developers while maintaining flexibility for environmental constraints.
- Roadway Policy 2: Ensure that street designs accommodate all anticipated users including transit, freight, bicyclists and pedestrians, and those with limited mobility.
- Roadway Policy 3: Work with Metro and adjacent jurisdictions when extending roads or multi-use paths from Tualatin to a neighboring City.

Access Management

- Access Management Policy 1: No new driveways or streets on arterial roadways within the City, except where
 noted in the TDC, Chapter 75, usually when no alternative access is available
- Access Management Policy 2: Where a property abuts an arterial and another roadway, the access for the
 property shall be located on the other roadway, not the arterial
- Access Management Policy 3: Adhere to intersection spacing included in Chapter 75 of the TDC
- Access Management Policy 4: Limit driveways to right-in, right-out (where appropriate) through raised medians or other barriers to restrict left turns
- Access Management Policy 5: Look for opportunities to create joint accesses for multiple properties, where
 possible, to reduce the number of driveways on arterials
- Access Management Policy 6: No new single-family home, duplex or triplex driveways on major collector roadways within the City, unless no alternative access is available
- Access Management Policy 7: On collector roadways, residential, commercial and industrial driveways where
 the frontage is greater or equal to 70 feet are permitted. Minimum spacing at 100 feet. Uses with less than 50
 feet of frontage shall use a common (joint) access where available

Transit

- Transit Policy 1: Partner with TriMet to jointly develop and implement a strategy to improve existing transit service in Tualatin.
- Transit Policy 2: Partner with the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce to support grant requests that would expand the Tualatin Shuttle services.
- Transit Policy 3: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan the development of high-capacity transit in the Southwest Corridor, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- Transit Policy 4: Partner with TriMet, Metro, and neighboring communities to plan development of high-capacity transit connecting Tualatin and Oregon City, as adopted in the Metro High Capacity Transit System Plan.
- Transit Policy 5: Coordinate with ODOT and neighboring communities on conversations related to Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene.

- Transit Policy 6: Develop and improve pedestrian and bicycle connections and access to transit stops.
- ◆ **Transit Policy 7:** Encourage higher-densities near high-capacity transit service.
- Transit Policy 8: Metro in the RTP calls for increased WES service frequency. The City will coordinate with TriMet, Metro, and ODOT to explore service frequency improvements and the possible inclusion of a second WES station in south Tualatin.

Bicycle and Pedestrian

- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 1: Support Safe Routes to Schools (SRTS) for all Tualatin schools
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 2: Work with partner agencies to support and build the Ice Age Tonquin Trail
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 3: Allow wider sidewalks downtown for strolling and outdoor cafes
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 4: Add benches along multi-use paths for walkers throughout the City (especially in the downtown core)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 5: Develop and implement a toolbox, consistent with Washington County, for mid-block pedestrian crossings
- **Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 6:** Implement bicycle and pedestrian projects to help the City achieve the regional non-single-occupancy vehicle modal targets in Table 16 (earlier in this chapter; its source is the RTFP)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 7: Implement bicycle and pedestrian projects to provide pedestrian and bicycle
 access to transit and essential destinations for all mobility levels, including direct, comfortable, and safe
 pedestrian and bicycle routes
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 8: Ensure that there are bicycle and pedestrian facilities at transit stations
- Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 9: Create on- and off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities connecting residential, commercial, industrial, and public facilities such as parks, the library, and school
- **Bicycle and Pedestrian Policy 10:** Create obvious and easy to use connections between on- and off-street bicycle and pedestrian facilities, and integrate off-street paths with on-street facilities

Freight

- Freight Policy 1: Continue to coordinate with PNWR and TriMet to ensure that railroad crossings are safe and have few noise impacts on adjacent neighborhoods
- Freight Policy 2: Look for opportunities to shift goods shipments to rail to help reduce the demand for freight on Tualatin's roads.
- Freight Policy 3: Look for opportunities to create multi-modal hubs to take advantage of the freight rail lines

Transportation Demand Management

- TDM Policy 1: Support demand reduction strategies, such as ride sharing, preferential parking, and flextime programs
- ◆ **TDM Policy 2:** Partner with the Chamber of Commerce, the Westside Transportation Alliance, major employers, and business groups to implement TDM programs
- ◆ **TDM Policy 3:** Explore the use of new TDM strategies to realize more efficient use of the City's transportation system

- ◆ **TDM Policy 4:** Support Washington County's regional TDM programs and policies to reduce the number of single-occupancy vehicle (SOV) trips
- ◆ **TDM Policy 5:** Promote the use and expansion of the Tualatin Shuttle program

Performance Measures

Metro's *Regional Transportation Plan* requires the following performance measures in a City's TSP: safety, vehicle miles traveled per capita, freight reliability, congestion, and walking, bicycling and transit mode shares to evaluate and monitor performance of the TSP. The Table below includes the measure categories, the specific performance measures for the Tualatin TSP, the applicable system deficiencies, and the associated TSP projects that help address the deficiencies, and thus, help meet the performance measures.

Category	Metro's 2035 Performance Metrics	Tualatin TSP Performance Measure	Tualatin System Deficiencies	Tualatin TSP projects that address the deficiencies
Safety	By 2035, reduce the number of pedestrian, bicyclist, and motor vehicle occupant fatalities plus serious injuries each by 50% compared to 2005.	Reduce fatalities for drivers, walkers, and bikers from existing conditions Address known deficiencies and high-accident areas as high-priority projects Reduce the number of County and State SPIS sites within the City.	The three high crash locations in Tualatin are Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry, Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Martinazzi, and SW Nyberg Street/I-5 Southbound ramps. The first two of these roads are also on the Washington County's SPIS list along with the Lower Boones Ferry and Bridgeport intersection. ODOT's nearby SPIS locations are limited to I-5 and OR 99W.	Projects at the Nyberg interchange and I-5 will improve safety for bicyclists and pedestrians. The suite of intersection upgrades at Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry and Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Martinazzi will address both congestion and safety. Completing the multi-use path network and bicycle improvements near Lower Boones Ferry and Bridgeport will reduce conflicts between vehicles and bicyclists and improve safety for all users.

Policy and Cod	de Language		Tualatin TSP	February 2013
Category	Metro's 2035 Performance Metrics	Tualatin TSP Performance Measure	Tualatin System Deficiencies	Tualatin TSP projects that address the deficiencies
Congestion	By 2035, reduce vehicle hours of delay (VHD) per person by 10 percent compared to 2005	On Washington County and ODOT owned roads the v/c is less than or equal to 0.99	Analysis shows two intersections not meeting standards (SW Teton Ave/SW Tualatin Road, and SW Martinazzi	Roadway capacity and intersection optimization projects improve traffic flow and help maintain future congestion within the existing
		On City roads, LOS D or E depending on the road	Ave/SW Sagert) which increased to 11 intersections in the future	standards. Additionally, the TDM/TSM programs, increased transit, and more
		In downtown Tualatin (a	conditions analysis	complete bicycle and
		Metro designated Town		pedestrian network will help
		Center) – 2-hour peak hour standards:		reduce vehicle demand on roads within Tualatin.
		First peak hour the v/c		Todus Within Tudiatin.
		is less than or equal to 1.1 • Second peak hour the		The preferred system of transportation improvements meets the relevant
		v/c is less than or equal		requirements for Town

to 0.99

Centers.

Category	Metro's 2035 Performance Metrics	Tualatin TSP Performance Measure	Tualatin System Deficiencies	Tualatin TSP projects that address the deficiencies
Freight Reliability	By 2035, reduce vehicle hours of delay truck trip by 10 percent compared to 2005	Reduce vehicle delay for truck trips on identified truck routes Improve reliability for truck trips on identified truck routes	A number of freight routes within the City experience delay currently, including the roads around the downtown core (SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Boones Ferry Road, and SW Martinazzi Avenue). Travel times during the afternoon peak hour are not predictable, and delay can vary from day to day, increasing transportation costs for businesses that rely on	Optimizing signal timing on regional roadways, encouraging off-peak travel on both SW Herman Road, and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road help reduce truck delay. Capacity projects on Tualatin-Sherwood Road, sections of Avery, Teton, Herman, Myslony, and others, as well as turn lane, intersection configurations, and coordinated signals at specific locations help reduce vehicle hours of delay.
			shipping.	

Policy and Code Language	Tualatin TSP February 2013

Category	Metro's 2035 Performance	Tualatin TSP Performance	Tualatin System	Tualatin TSP projects that
	Metrics	Measure	Deficiencies	address the deficiencies
Walking,	By 2035, triple walking, biking,	Implement policies and	There are a number of	The TDM/TSM programs,
Biking, Transit,	and transit mode share	projects to move towards	gaps in the sidewalk, bike	increased transit, and more
and Non-SOV	compared to 2005.	the regional non-SOV	lane, and multi-use path	complete bicycle and
		mode share for the	network in Tualatin. There	pedestrian network will help
	Town Center mode share is	appropriate areas in the	are also few wayfinding	increase the percentage of
	45-55% non-drive alone modal	City	signs to direct pedestrians	residents in Tualatin who
	target for Downtown Tualatin	•	and bicyclists to the	walk, bicycle, take transit,
	and 40-45 percent for other	Work toward achieving	existing multi-use paths.	and carpool in the downtown
	areas of the City.	the Metro non-SOV mode	Current mode share for	core and other areas of the
	•	share targets of 45 to 55	those traveling to work	City.
		percent for Downtown	who live in Tualatin is 77.6	•
		Tualatin and 40 to 45	percent drive to work	
		percent for other areas of	alone, 7.4 percent	
		the City.	carpool, 4.2 percent take	
		,	transit, 2.9 percent walk,	
			and 0.4 percent bicycle.	
Climate	By 2035 reduce transportation	Strive to reduce VMT per	There are more jobs in	The TDM/TSM programs,
Change	related carbon dioxide	capita by 10 percent	Tualatin than there are	increased transit, and more
0 -	emissions by 40 percent below	compared to 2010	workers to fill those jobs	complete bicycle and
	1990 levels	P	in the City, additionally,	pedestrian network will help
			75 percent of residents in	decrease per capita VMT and
			Tualatin work outside of	the associated
			the City, which increases	transportation-related
			VMT per capita.	emissions to meet this
			· ···· po. cap.ca.	performance measure.
				perior medical cr

The projects and policies included in the Tualatin TSP meaningfully contribute towards Metro achieving its performance metrics by addressing safety concerns, reducing congestion, improving freight reliability, and providing non-driving options that help affect mode split and VMT per capita. Combined with other metropolitan area cities Tualatin's TSP will help Metro reach its 2035 Performance Targets.





Transportation System Plan Update Appendixes







February 2013





Revised Tualatin Transportation System Plan Update Volume II: Appendixes

Prepared for City of Tualatin

February 2013

CH2MHILL®

Contents

Appendixes

Α	Plan and	Policy	Review
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- B Existing Conditions and Deficiencies
- C Future Transportation Conditions
- D Alternatives Analysis
- E Transportation Funding and Improvement Costs
- F TPR and RTFP Compliance
- G Public Involvement Process
- H Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan

Appendix A Plan and Policy Review

This Appendix provides a policy framework for the update of the City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP) using state, regional, and local policies, plans, and regulations. The City's current TSP served as the foundation for the update process. Compliance and coordination with the existing plans, policies and regulations described is required as part of the plan update process. This policy framework was used throughout the TSP update process as a decision-making tool and assisted in developing proposed amendments to local planning documents as needed and making findings of compliance with adopted plans and regulations.

Transportation system planning in Oregon is required by state law pursuant to Goal 12, "Transportation," one of the 19 statewide planning goals. Oregon Revised Statute 660-012, the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) defines how to implement Statewide Planning Goal 12. The TPR requires that the state prepare a TSP (the Oregon Transportation Plan or "OTP"), that Metro prepare a Regional Transportation Plan (RTP), and that the city prepare a TSP that is consistent with both. Since the City's former TSP was adopted in 2001, new policies and requirements were adopted or considered for adoption, in the OTP, the Oregon Highway Plan (the roadway element of the OTP), the TPR, and the Metro RTP. In addition to State and Regional policy requirements and standards, the updated TSP must reflect, or be consistent with, the policies, objectives, recommendations and requirements of other locally adopted policy and regulatory documents. How these documents relate to transportation planning in Tualatin is explained in this Appendix.

The following matrix provides a quick reference tool that indicates how the regulatory documents in this review relate to elements of the TSP update planning process. Elements include: transportation policy, transportation design standards, pedestrian/bicycle connectivity, transportation improvement projects, and development ordinance requirements. Each document is also categorized under a heading of State, Regional, or Local Plans and Regulations.¹

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¹ Note: Highlighted documents were not available for review, but have been identified as having significance for the TSP update. Information from these documents will be considered during the planning process, as it becomes available.

Policy/Regulatory Document	Tualatin Transportation Planning Elements					
	Transportation Policy	Transportation Design Standards	Pedestrian/ Bicycle Connectivity	Transportation Improvement Project List	Development Ordinance Requirements	
State Plans and Regulations						
Oregon Transportation Plan	✓					
Oregon Highway Plan	✓	✓				
Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan	✓	✓	✓			
Department of Transportation Coordination Rules (OAR 731-015)	✓					
Access Management Rules (OAR 734-051)		✓				
Transportation Planning Rule (OAR 660-012)	✓				✓	
Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)				✓		
Statewide Planning Goals	✓		✓			
I-5 to 99W Connector Project	✓			✓		
State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (2008-2012)	✓		✓			
Regional Plans and Regulations						
Metro Regional Framework Plan	✓	✓				
Metro 2035 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Metro Regional Transportation Functional Plan (RTFP)			✓		✓	
Metro High Capacity Transit Plan	✓			✓		

Policy/Regulatory Document	Tualatin Transportation Planning Elements					
	Transportation Policy	Transportation Design Standards	Pedestrian/ Bicycle Connectivity	Transportation Improvement Project List	Development Ordinance Requirements	
High Capacity Transit System Expansion Policy: Implementation Guidance for the Portland Metropolitan Region (2011)	✓			✓		
1992 Metro Greenspaces Master Plan			✓			
2007 Regional Trails and Greenways Map			✓			
Transportation and Land Use Implementation Guidance for the Portland Metropolitan Region	✓				✓	
Southwest Corridor Plan (in progress)	✓		√	✓		
TriMet 2011 TIP				✓		
TriMet Bike Parking Guidelines	✓				✓	
Local Plans and Regulations			1			
City of Tualatin Comprehensive Plan	✓					
City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan (2001)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
City of Tualatin Bikeway Plan (1993)	✓	✓	✓	✓		
City of Tualatin Development Code (TDC)		✓	✓		✓	
City of Tualatin Parks and Recreation Master Plan (1983)			✓			
City of Tualatin Greenway Development Plan (1995)			✓			
City of Tualatin Capital Improvement Plan (in progress)			✓	✓		

Policy/Regulatory Document	Tualatin Transportation Planning Elements					
	Transportation Policy	Transportation Design Standards	Pedestrian/ Bicycle Connectivity	Transportation Improvement Project List	Development Ordinance Requirements	
Tualatin Tomorrow Community Vision and Strategic Action Plan (2009)	✓		✓			
Hedges Creek Wetlands Master Plan (2002)			✓			
Downtown Parking Plan (in progress)	✓				✓	
Northwest Concept Plan (NWCP) (March 2005)	✓		✓	✓		
Southwest Concept Plan (SWCP) (2011)	✓					
Town Center Plan (2005)	✓		✓	✓		
Town Center Plan (update in progress)	✓		✓			
Tualatin Town charter Chapter XI	✓					
Urban and Rural Reserve Planning	✓					
Basalt Creek Intergovernmental Agreement	✓					
Clackamas County Comprehensive Plan	✓					
Clackamas County Zoning and Development Ordinance		✓	✓		✓	
Clackamas County Transportation System Plan (2001)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Clackamas County Capital Improvement Plan				✓		
Washington County Comprehensive Plan	✓					
Washington County Capital Improvement Program				✓		
Washington County 2020 Transportation Plan (2003)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

The following provides page numbers for the plans and documents reviewed in this Appendix:

State Plans and Regulations	
Oregon Transportation Plan	
Oregon Highway Plan	
Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan	10
Department of Transportation Coordination Rules (OAR 731-015)	11
Access Management Rules (OAR 734-051)	11
Transportation Planning Rule (OAR 660-012)	12
2010-2013 Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)	14
Statewide Planning Goals	15
I-5 to 99W Connector Project	17
State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (2008-2012)	18
Regional Plans and Regulations	19
Metro Regional Framework Plan	19
Metro 2035 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)	19
Metro Regional Transportation Functional Plan (RTFP)	26
Metro High Capacity Transit Plan	27
High Capacity Transit System Expansion Policy: Implementation Guidance for the Portland	
Metropolitan Region (May 2011)	28
1992 Metro Greenspaces Master Plan	29
2007 Regional Trails and Greenways Map	31
Transportation and Land Use Implementation Guidance for the Portland Metropolitan Region (May	y
2011)	32
Southwest Corridor Plan (in progress)	33
TriMet 2011 TIP	34
TriMet Bike Parking Guidelines	35
Local Plans and Regulations	35
City of Tualatin Comprehensive Plan	
City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan (2001)	36
City of Tualatin Bikeway Plan (1993)	36
City of Tualatin Development Code (TDC)	36
City of Tualatin Parks and Recreation Master Plan (1983)	38
City of Tualatin Greenway Development Plan (1995)	
City of Tualatin Capital Improvement Plan (in progress)	39
Tualatin Tomorrow Community Vision and Strategic Action Plan (2009)	
Hedges Creek Wetlands Master Plan (2002)	41
Downtown Parking Plan (in progress)	42
Northwest Concept Plan (NWCP) (March 2005)	42
Southwest Concept Plan (SWCP) (Adopted April 2011)	43
Town Center Plan (Final Report, 2005)	
Tualatin Charter Chapter XI	
Urban and Rural Reserve Planning	
Basalt Creek Intergovernmental Agreement	
Clackamas County Comprehensive Plan	
Clackamas County Zoning and Development Ordinance	
Clackamas County Transportation System Plan (2001)	
Clackamas County Capital Improvement Plan	
Washington County Comprehensive Plan	
Washington County Capital Improvement Program	
Washington County 2020 Transportation Plan (2003)	49

State Plans and Regulations

Oregon Transportation Plan

Originally adopted in 1992, the Oregon Transportation Plan (OTP) is a policy document developed by ODOT in response to federal and state mandates for systematic planning for the future of Oregon's transportation system. The OTP is intended to meet statutory requirements (ORS 184.618(1)) to develop a state transportation policy and comprehensive long-range plan for a multi-modal transportation system that addresses economic efficiency, orderly economic development, safety, and environmental quality. The 2006 OTP expands on the policy objectives of the 1992 plan, with an emphasis on maintaining assets in place, optimizing existing system performance through technology and better system integration, creating sustainable funding, and investing in strategic capacity enhancements.

The OTP's goals, policies, and strategies guide the development of state multimodal, modal/topic³ and facility plans and regional and local transportation system plans. The OTP provides the framework for prioritizing transportation improvements and funding, but it does not identify specific projects for development.⁴ As required by Oregon and federal statutes, the OTP guides development and investment in the transportation system through:

- Transportation goals and policies,
- Transportation investment scenarios and an implementation framework, and
- Key initiatives to implement the vision and policies.

Goals in the OTP include: Mobility and Accessibility; Management of the System; Economic Vitality; Sustainability; Safety and Security; Funding the Transportation System; and Coordination, Communication and Cooperation. Policies and strategies under many of these goals emphasize increasing coordination and cooperation among federal and state agencies, regional and local governments and private entities to achieve these goals.

The Implementation Framework section of the OTP describes the implementation process and clarifies that more specific plans, such as state multimodal, modal/topic plans, regional and local transportation system plans will be relied upon to further refine the OTP's broad policies and investment levels.

Oregon Highway Plan

The Oregon Highway Plan (OHP), an element and modal plan of the state's comprehensive transportation plan (OTP), guides the planning, operations, and financing of ODOT's Highway Division. The OHP defines policies and investment strategies for Oregon's state highway system. The plan contains three elements: a vision element that describes the broad goal for how the

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² The OTP defines "asset management" as a "systematic process of maintaining, upgrading and operating physical assets cost-effectively. It combines engineering principles with sound business practices and economic theory, and it provides tools to facilitate a more organized, logical approach to decision-making. Asset management provides a framework for handling both short- and long-range planning."

³ Modal or topic plans, as developed by ODOT and other state agencies, include plans for aviation, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, highways, marine ports and waterways, public transportation and rail.

⁴ Projects are identified through facility plans and regional and local transportation system plans, and sometimes through modal plans.

highway system should look in 20 years; <u>a policy element</u> that contains goals, policies, and actions to be followed by state, regional, and local jurisdictions; and <u>a system element</u> that includes an analysis of needs, revenues, and performance measures.

The OHP addresses the following issues:

- Efficient management of the system to increase safety, preserve the system, and extend its capacity
- Increased partnerships, particularly with regional and local governments
- Links between land use and transportation
- Access management
- Links with other transportation modes
- Environmental and scenic resources.

Policies and actions that are particularly relevant to the Tualatin TSP are described in the following subsections.

Policy 1A: State Highway Classification System

The state highway classification system includes five classifications: Interstate, Statewide, Regional, District, and Local Interest Roads. In addition, there are four special purpose categories that overlay the basic classifications: land use, statewide freight and truck routes, scenic byways, and lifeline routes. State highways are classified for planning and management purposes.

State facilities in the city of Tualatin and their roadway classifications include:

- Pacific Highway/I-5 (No. 1), MP 287.94 to MP 290.54 Interstate, NHS, Freight Route, Truck Route
- East Portland Freeway/I-205 (No. 64) Interstate, NHS, Freight Route, Truck Route
- OR 99W (No. 1W (91)), MP 12.20 to MP. 13.32 Statewide Highway, NHS, Freight Route, Truck Route
- Beaverton-Tualatin Highway (No. 141), MP 8.59 to MP 8.66 District Highway.

I-5 and I-205 are Interstate Highways that are part of the National Highway System (NHS). As such, their main purpose is to provide mobility, safe and efficient high-speed traffic operation and connections to major cities, regions of the state, and other states while providing connections to cities and other destinations. They are also designated as state freight and truck routes.

OR 99W is a Statewide Highway that is part of the NHS. It is intended to provide mobility, safe and efficient, high-speed, continuous-flow operation, and connections between and within cities and regions in the state, including connections to larger urban areas and areas that are not directly served by Interstate Highways.

Beaverton-Tualatin Highway (Boones Ferry Road) is a District Highway. District Highways serve primarily as county and city arterials or collectors and provide connections between smaller urban areas, rural centers, and urban hubs as well as local access. They are intended for safe and efficient, moderate to high-speed continuous-flow operation in rural areas, and moderate to low-speed operation in urban and urbanizing areas particularly to accommodate pedestrian and bicycle traffic. Like statewide highways, special land use designations made along segments of district highways may give more priority to mobility or local access.

Policy 1B: Land Use and Transportation

Policy 1B recognizes the role of both the State and local governments related to the state highway system and calls for a coordinated approach to land use and transportation planning. The City is not seeking special land use designations, such as a Special Transportation Area (STA), for roadway segments along the State system, as allowed in this policy, as part of the TSP update process.

Policy 1C: State Highway Freight System

Policy 1C addresses the need to balance the movement of goods and services with other uses. Action 1C.4 states that the timeliness of freight movements should be considered when developing and implementing plans and projects on freight routes. In Tualatin, I-5, I-205 and OR 99W are designated freight routes.

Policy 1F: Highway Mobility Standards

Policy 1F sets mobility standards for ensuring a reliable and acceptable level of mobility on the highway system. The standards are used to assess system needs as part of long range, comprehensive planning transportation planning projects (such as this TSP update), during development review, and to demonstrate compliance with the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR). Mobility standards specifically for the Portland metropolitan region are included in Policy 1F, Table 7, as well as in the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP), which is reviewed later in this Appendix.

Policy 1F has been revised and the Oregon Transportation Commission (OTC) adopted the amendments at its December 21, 2011 hearing. These amendments occurred following development of Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 731-017 that implemented House Bill (HB) 3379⁵. Following adoption of OAR 731-017 there was broad recognition of the need for expanded work to address TPR and Oregon Highway Plan OHP issues.⁶ The OTC and Land Conservation and Development Commission (LCDC) established the Joint Subcommittee on the TPR and OHP in response to Senate Bill 795⁷ and concerns that the existing rules and plans have led to unintended consequences and inhibited economic development. The OHP Mobility Standards Technical Advisory Committee assisted in the development of potential OHP policy amendments, consistent with the direction from the Joint Subcommittee. The amended Policy 1F standardizes a policy framework for considering measures other than volume to capacity ratios. Background and actions in the revised policy language provide additional flexibility in developing and applying alternate mobility standards and generally address concerns on limitations of peak hour v/c ratio measures through new or amended policies that provide the opportunity to better balance multimodal transportation, land use, and economic development considerations.

In addition, OHP Tables 6 and 7 have been amended and the v/c ratios are referred to as "targets." The language clarifies that Policy 1F applies primarily to transportation and land use planning

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⁵ The OTC was directed to adopt an administrative rule through HB 3379 (2009) that establishes an application process local governments may use if they are not able to meet the funding requirements of the TPR. Local governments would be able to consider time extensions, alternative funding methods and transportation performance measure changes with HB 3379 applications. The legislation includes limitations on the process to be described in the administrative rule, including OTC approval of no more than four applications in each ODOT Region per calendar year. See a review of the TPR later in this document.

⁶ Many of these tasks were identified during HB 3379 Stakeholder Committee discussions; other issues were raised with LCDC and formal requests were made for additional work on the TPR and OHP.

⁷ SB 795 requires LCDC to adopt revisions to transportation planning rule for purposes of streamlining, simplifying and clarifying certain aspects of rule before January 1, 2012.

decisions. By defining targeted levels of highway system mobility, the policy provides direction for identifying (vehicular) highway system deficiencies, but does not prescribe what actions should be taken to address the deficiencies. With respect to plan amendments, the Highway Mobility Policy (still) establishes ODOT's mobility targets for state highways as the standards for determining compliance and compliance with the TPR (OAR 660-012-0060). The targets in Table 6, Volume to Capacity Ratios for Peak Hour Operating Conditions, have all been modified to allow for a greater level of congestion in certain circumstances and locations. Table 7, which contains the volume to capacity ratios for facilities inside the Portland metro area, has been modified only slightly.

Policy 1G: Major Improvements

Policy 1G requires maintaining performance and improving safety by improving efficiency and management before adding capacity. The intent of this policy, is to ensure that major improvement projects on state highway facilities have been through a coordinated planning process involving state, regional, and local stakeholders and the public, and that there is substantial support for the proposed improvement.

Policy 2B: Off-System Improvements

Policy 2B establishes ODOT's interest in improvements on local roads that maintain or improve safety and mobility performance on state roadways, and supports local jurisdictions in adopting land use and access management policies. This policy recognizes that the state may provide financial assistance to local jurisdictions to make improvements to local transportation systems if the improvements would provide a cost-effective means of improving the operations of the state highway system. In the case of Tualatin, this would mean local projects that significantly improve operation of I-5, I-205, OR 99W, or Beaverton-Tualatin Highway (Boones Ferry Road).

Policy 2D: Public Involvement

Public involvement in transportation and planning and project development will be a critical part of the TSP process. See the summary of the planned outreach activities under the Statewide Planning Goals heading, Goal 1 Public Involvement, later in this Appendix.

Policy 2F: Traffic Safety

Policy 2F identifies the need for projects to improve safety for all users of the state highway system through engineering, education, enforcement, and emergency services. One component of the TSP update is to identify existing crash patterns and rates and to develop strategies to address safety issues, if issues associated with state facilities within the city of Tualatin exist or are projected to exist within the TSP planning horizon.

Policy 4A: Efficiency of Freight Movement

This policy emphasizes the need to maintain and improve the efficiency of freight movement on the state highway system. I-5, I-205, and OR 99W in Tualatin are designated state highway freight routes.⁸

⁸ Transportation planning elements related to freight are multi-dimensional. The combined space on either side of a vehicle plus the width of the vehicle itself – what is referred to by the trucking industry as "the hole in the air" – is important to consider where planned system improvements include or impact bridge or grade-separated interchanges. As noted during the OTIA III State Bridge Delivery Program, this is particularly important to freight haulers driving oversize vehicles, or those wider than 12 feet. With less clearance, drivers must decrease their speed, slowing all traffic moving through a constriction. (See OTIA III 2007 Web Brief, http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/HWY/OTIA/news_windfarm.shtml.)

Policy 4B: Alternative Passenger Modes

Action 4B.4 under this policy requires that highway projects encourage the use of alternative passenger modes to reduce local trips. The TSP update process will explore ways to support and increase the use of alternative passenger modes in Tualatin to reduce motor vehicle trips on highways and other facilities. This will include bicycle and pedestrian facility improvements and consideration of transit movement along local roadways.

Policy 4D: Transportation Demand Management

This policy establishes the State's interest in supporting demand management (TDM) strategies that reduce peak period single occupant vehicle travel, thereby improving the flow of traffic on the state roadway system. The TSP update will explore TDM strategies that are feasible to implement in Tualatin.

Policy 4E: Park and Ride Facilities

This policy seeks to maximize the existing transportation system and passenger capacity by supporting and developing park-and-ride facilities. TriMet bus routes #12, #36, #37, #38, #76 and #96 (rush hour service) provide service between Beaverton, downtown Portland, and Tualatin. WES Commuter Rail connects Beaverton, Tigard, Tualatin, and Wilsonville.

The following is a list of transit service in Tualatin and associated park-and-ride facilities:

- Route #12
- Route #36 Tualatin Park and Ride (72nd and Lower Boones Ferry)
- Route #37 Tualatin Park and Ride (72nd and Lower Boones Ferry)
- Route #38 Tualatin Park and Ride (72nd and Lower Boones Ferry)
- Route #76 Tualatin Park and Ride (72nd and Lower Boones Ferry), Martinazzi and Mohawk
- Route #96 72nd and I-5. Martinazzi and Mohawk, Lower Boones Ferry and Sagert
- WES Commute Rail Tualatin Station.

Policy 5A: Environmental Resources

This policy intends to protect the natural and built environment – including air quality, fish and wildlife habitat, migration routes, vegetation, and water resources from impacts from state highways and ODOT facilities. Impacts to identified natural resources must be avoided or mitigated by any proposed construction or reconstruction projects on state facilities or approaches in Tualatin.

Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan

The Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan (OBPP) is a modal element of the OTP and provides guidance for planning, design, and operation of facilities for bicycle and pedestrian travel. The plan contains standards and designs used on state highway projects for these types of facilities.

The plan is comprised of two parts: the Policy and Action Plan and the Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Design Guide. The policy section provides background information, including relevant state and federal laws, and contains the goals, actions, and implementation strategies proposed by ODOT to improve bicycle and pedestrian transportation.

The plan states that bikeway and walkway systems will be established on urban highways, as follows:

As part of modernization projects (bike lanes and sidewalks will be included);

- As part of preservation projects, where minor upgrades can be made;
- By restriping roads with bike lanes;
- With improvement betterment projects, such as completing short missing segments of sidewalks;
- As bikeway or walkway modernization projects;
- By developers as part of permit conditions, where warranted.

The second section of the OBPP is the technical element of the plan that guides the design and management of bicycle and pedestrian facilities on state-owned facilities. It underwent updates from 2007 to 2011. Many new pedestrian and bicycle treatments have been developed and included in the update of the Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Design Guide. This section has been designated as a companion piece to the Highway Design Manual. The design standards and guidelines in this section will be referred to for bicycle or pedestrian facilities that are considered as part of improvements to state facilities in Tualatin. Design details for bicycle and pedestrian facilities on state roadways are still subject to design review and other permitting procedures for proposed projects on state roadways.

Department of Transportation Coordination Rules (OAR 731-015)

ODOT's Division 15, Coordination Rules, (OAR 731-015) ensures that the procedures used in developing highway improvement projects and other ODOT actions affecting land use comply with Oregon's Statewide Planning Goals and are consistent with applicable acknowledged comprehensive plans, as required by ORS 197.180. This administrative rule provides coordination procedures to be used when adopting Final Facility Plans, such as an interchange area management plan (OAR-731-015-0065).

Access Management Rules (OAR 734-051)

Oregon Administrative Rule 734-051 defines the State's role in managing access to highway facilities in order to maintain functional use and safety and to preserve public investment. The provisions in the OAR apply to the roadways under state jurisdiction within the city of Tualatin, namely I-5, I-205, OR 99W, and the Beaverton-Tualatin Highway (Boones Ferry Road). The access management rules include spacing standards for varying types of state roadways. It also lists criteria for granting right of access and approach locations onto state highway facilities.

OAR 734-051 is in the process of being amended to allow more consideration for economic development when developing and implementing access management rules. The new laws will result in substantial changes in rules about how ODOT manages highway approach road permitting. Changes include modifying how ODOT deals with approach road spacing, highway improvements requirements with development, and traffic impact analyses requirements for approach road permits. The law's provisions take effect on January 1, 2012.

Although the administrative rule is still in the process of being amended, SB 264 establishes new spacing standards for unsignalized approaches to statewide highways and district highways and in urban areas where average daily traffic is more than 5,000 motor vehicles (Tables 2 and 4 in SB 264)

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⁹ The 1995 policy section and 2011 updated design and technical section of the OBPP are available on ODOT's website at: http://www.oregon.gov/ODOT/HWY/BIKEPED/planproc.shtml

Table 1. Spacing Standards for Urban Non-Designated Statewide Highways (OR 99W)

Posted Speed (mph)	Spacing (feet)
55 and higher	1,320
50	1,100
40-45	800
30-35	500
25 and lower	350

Table 2. Spacing Standards for Urban Non-Designated District Highways

(Beaverton-Tualatin Highway)

Posted Speed (mph)	Spacing (feet)
55 and higher	700
50	550
40-45	500
30-35	350
25 and lower	250

Section 734-051-0155 identifies when, how and why ODOT will develop access management plans and interchange area management plans for particular sections of a highway.

Transportation Planning Rule (OAR 660-012)

The Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) implements Oregon Statewide Planning Goal 12, which supports transportation facilities and systems that are safe, efficient, and cost-effective and are designed to reduce reliance on single-occupancy vehicles. The objective of the TPR is to reduce air pollution, congestion, and other livability problems, and to maximize investments made in the transportation system.

The TPR requires local governments to adopt land use regulations consistent with state and federal requirements "to protect transportation facilities, corridors and sites for their identified functions (OAR 660-012-0045(2))." This policy is achieved through a variety of measures, including:

- Standards to protect future operations of roads;
- Provisions for multimodal access, circulation, and facilities;
- A process for coordinated review of future land use decisions affecting transportation facilities, corridors or sites;

- A process to apply conditions to development proposals to minimize impacts and protect transportation facilities, corridors or sites;
- Regulations to provide notice to ODOT of land use applications that require public hearings, involve land divisions, or affect private access to roads; and
- Regulations assuring that amendments to land use designations, densities and design standards are consistent with the functions, capacities and performance standards of facilities identified in the TSP. (See OAR 660-012-0060.)

The following subsections of the TPR are relevant to the Tualatin TSP update.

660-012-0020 - Elements of Transportation System Plans

Section -0020 of the TPR specifies what is required in a TSP, including an inventory and assessment of existing conditions; forecasts of transportation needs; a road system plan; a public transportation plan; a bicycle and pedestrian plan; air, rail, water, and pipeline plans as applicable; transportation system and demand management plans; a financing program; and implementing policies and land use regulations.

660-012-0035 - Evaluation and Selection of Transportation System Alternatives

Section -0035 describes standards and alternatives available to agencies evaluating and selecting transportation projects, including benefits to different modes, land use alternatives, and environmental and economic impacts.

660-012-0045 - Implementation of the Transportation System Plan

The TPR requires local governments to adopt land use regulations consistent with state and federal requirements "to protect transportation facilities, corridors and sites for their identified functions." This policy is achieved through:

- Access control measures,
- Standards to protect future operations of roads,
- Expanded notice requirements and coordinated review procedures for land use applications.
- A process to apply conditions of approval to development proposals, and
- Regulations assuring that amendments to land use designations, densities, and design standards are consistent with the functions, capacities, and performance standards of facilities identified in the TSP.

660-012-0060 - Plan and Land Use Regulation Amendments

Amendments made to Section –0060 in 2005 are among the most significant changes that have been made to the TPR since adoption of the City's 2001 TSP. The amendments required local jurisdictions to balance the need for development with the need for transportation improvements, established the end of the planning period as the measure for determining "significant effect", defined the transportation improvements that a local government can consider in determining significant effect, and identified methods for the state and local jurisdictions to determine whether a needed transportation facility is reasonably likely to be provided within the planning horizon.

This section of the TPR was amended on December 8, 2011. The amendments exempt zoning map amendments from a significant effect determination if the amendment is consistent with adopted comprehensive plan map designations. Other TPR changes include exempting proposed amendments to functional plans, comprehensive plans, or land use regulations in locally designated multimodal mixed-use areas ("MMAs") from applying performance standards related to traffic

congestion and delay if specific criteria are met. Criteria include a requirement that the proposed map or text amendment affects only land entirely within a MMA. Amendments to -0060 also prescribe under what circumstances local government can approve partial mitigation for transportation impacts, which include findings that the proposed amendment will "create direct benefits in terms of industrial or traded-sector jobs created or retained."

2010-2013 Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

The State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) is the programming and funding document for transportation projects and programs statewide. The projects and programs undergo a selection process managed by ODOT Regions and/or ODOT central offices. The document covers a period of four years and is updated every two years.

There are six projects – a mixture of roadway capacity projects and bike and pedestrian facilities – that are programmed in the Tualatin vicinity in the Final 2008-2011 STIP, as shown in Table 3. The final three projects in the table are not located within the city but are major projects that are nearby and will affect the city's transportation system.

Table 3. 2010-2013 Final Approved STIP

Project Key #	Project Name and Location	Project Applicant	Project Description	Project Type	Project Cost	Project Year
#13301	I-5/99W Tualatin- Sherwood Connector	Washington County	Planning, environmental document	Modernization	\$4.1 million	Begin in 2010
#15669	I-5/99W Tualatin- Sherwood Connector Concept Plan	Washington County	Planning	Planning	\$446,000	2010
#17461	Tualatin- Sherwood Road ATMS Phase 2, from OR 99W to Teton	Washington County	Upgrade traffic signal systems and install video detection system	Operations	\$2.1 million	Begin in 2012
#16373	OR 99W: Active Corridor Management (No MP range identified)	ODOT	Non- construction project, upgrade traffic controllers and software	Operations	\$507,000	2010
#16581	Tualatin Railroad Crossings	TriMet	Install raised medians and 4 quad crossing gates	Safety	\$689,000	2010

Project Key #	Project Name and Location	Project Applicant	Project Description	Project Type	Project Cost	Project Year
#15586	Westside Trail Master Plan, from Willamette River to Tualatin River	Tualatin Hills Parks & Recreation District (THPRD)	Planning	Bicycle/pedestrian	\$335,000	2011
#17196	SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Norwood Road-SW Day Road	Washington County	Facility improvements to enable jurisdictional transfer	Pavement preservation	\$2 million	Begin in 2010

Statewide Planning Goals

Goal 1 (Citizen Involvement)

Goal 1, Citizen Involvement, requires those jurisdictions that prepare, adopt, and maintain comprehensive plans to provide the "opportunity for citizens to be involved in all phases of the planning process." The Tualatin TSP is incorporated into the City's Comprehensive Plan through Chapter 11 of the Tualatin Development Code. Pursuant to this goal, the planning process includes preparation of plans and implementation measures, adoption of plans and implementation measures, and minor and major amendments to adopted plans. Technical information associated with the planning process must be available to citizens in an understandable form; accessible means for providing feedback must also be available.

The TSP update process is scoped to include the following involvement:

- A Task Force that will meet about 10 times
- Seven Working Groups that will meet about 21 times total
- Support and attendance at about four public events
- Support and attendance at about eight coffee klatches and tabling events
- A project website hosted by the City.

The required public hearings for adoption of the TSP update will also provide opportunity for public comment. All of these public involvement activities will be guided by and assessed according to Goal 1.

Goal 2 (Land Use Planning)

Goal 2, Land Use Planning, requires that a land use planning process and policy framework be established as a basis for all decisions and actions relating to the use of land. The Goal requires planning coordination between those local governments and state agencies "which have programs, land ownerships, or responsibilities within the area included in the plan." In preparing this TSP update, Goal 2 will require coordination between ODOT and the City of Tualatin, as well as neighboring jurisdictions. Coordination is particularly important because land use decisions in the vicinity of state facilities have an effect on future use and operations.

Goal 2 requires that city, county, state, and federal plans and actions related to land use are "consistent with the comprehensive plans of cities and counties and regional plans adopted under ORS Chapter 268." This provision is important because the TSP update will need to be consistent

with the adopted regional plans, in particular the 2035 Regional Transportation Plan that was recently adopted. To meet this state requirement, implementation measures for the TSP update may include recommendations for amendments to the City Comprehensive Plan, and Development Code.

Goal 11 (Public Facilities and Services)

Public facilities that are named in Statewide Planning Goal 11 include water, sewer, solid waste, and transportation facilities. Goal 11 establishes the requirement for the preparation of public facility plans for jurisdictions with populations greater 2,500. The public facility plan or plans are supporting documents to the jurisdiction's comprehensive plan. As such, a TSP effectively serves as a jurisdiction's public facility plan for transportation, although a TSP becomes an element of the comprehensive plan, not just a supporting document.

Goal 11 calls for coordination between planning for various public facilities and between the state, agencies, and jurisdictions that it provides with funding for water, sewer, solid waste, and transportation facility planning and development. The goal also recognizes the balance between planning for adequate service to developing areas consistent with planned densities and using public facilities to inappropriately or prematurely urbanize areas that are disproportionately inefficient and costly to serve.

Goal 12 (Transportation)

Statewide Planning Goal 12, Transportation, requires cities, counties, metropolitan planning organizations, and ODOT to provide and encourage a safe, convenient, and economic transportation system. This is accomplished through development of transportation system plans (TSPs) based on inventories of local, regional, and state transportation needs.

Goal 12 is implemented through OAR 660, Division 12, known as the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR). The TPR contains numerous requirements governing transportation planning and project development, several of which are relevant to planning interchange improvements. See the summary of the TPR provided earlier in this Appendix.

Goal 14 (Urbanization)

Goal 14 regulates urban growth boundaries. The goal provides that establishment and change of a UGB shall be based upon consideration of the following four factors:

- 1. Efficient accommodation of identified land needs:
- 2. Orderly and economic provision of public facilities and services;
- 3. Comparative environmental, energy, economic, and social consequences;
- 4. Compatibility of the proposed urban uses with nearby agricultural and forest activities occurring on farm and forest land outside the UGB.

Additionally, ORS 197.298 establishes priorities for including land inside urban growth boundaries. The first (highest) priority for inclusion is land that is designated "urban reserve" land. The second priority is land adjacent to a UGB that is identified as "an exception area or nonresource land." The third priority is land that is designated as "marginal land" and the final (lowest) priority is land that is designated for agriculture, forestry, or both. There is additional discussion of urban reserve land as it applies to Tualatin later in this Appendix.

I-5 to 99W Connector Project

The I-5 to 99W Connector Project is intended to develop long-term solutions to improving mobility between I-5 and OR 99W and is a collaboration between ODOT, Metro, Washington County, and other affected agencies.

As part of environmental review, six alternatives were developed, including a No-Build concept. Based on project team evaluation of the alternatives, public input from outreach activities, and subsequent direction from the project committees, the project team developed a package of transportation system improvements, the Three Arterial Corridors Alternative, or Alternative 7. A map of Alternative 7 is provided in Figure 1. However, the alternative has not yet received unanimous approval.

Alternative 7 is based on arterial development in a set of three northern, central, and southern arterial corridors. The northern arterial projects are located in Tualatin and are focused around Herman Road. As noted in the figure, alignments are not yet final. The northern arterial projects include the following recommendations:

- Tualatin Road/Lower Boones Ferry Extend Tualatin Road as a five-lane arterial across the Tualatin River from Herman Road to Lower Boones Ferry Road. Widen Lower Boones Ferry Road to five lanes from the extension to 72nd Avenue.
- Herman Road Construct a three-lane extension of Herman Road between Tualatin Road and OR 99W.
- Bradbury Court Construct a new east-west connection across I-5 to 72nd Avenue on a Bradbury Court alignment.¹⁰

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¹⁰ The Tualatin City Council requested that Metro remove the Tualatin Road/Lower Boones Ferry project included in this list from the 2035 RTP. The City also notes that the east-west connection aligned with Bradbury Court has not been reviewed or discussed in detail.

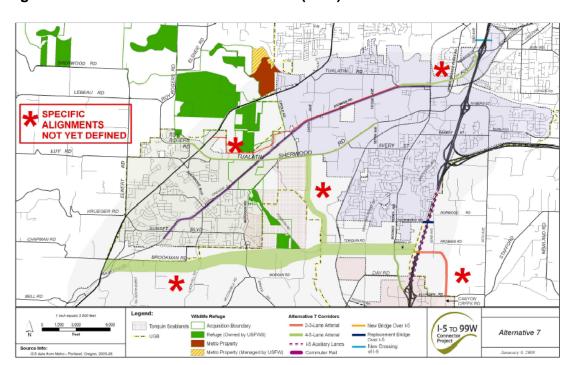


Figure 1. I-5 to 99W Connector Alternative 7 (2009)

The 2010-2013 STIP includes programmed funding for planning work related to the project. The 2035 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) includes projects expanding Lower Boones Ferry Road to five lanes and Herman Road to three lanes. As noted above, projects associated with the I-5 to 99W Connector Plan have been debated and alternative strategies are still being developed and reviewed.

State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (2008-2012)

The Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) serves several purposes including providing recommendations to the Oregon State Park System programs (operations, administration, planning, development, and recreation) and guiding OPRD-administered grant programs, such as the Local Government Grant, County Opportunity Grant, Recreational Trails, All-Terrain Vehicle Programs, and Land and Water Conservation Funds.

The following recommendations in the SCORP may be relevant to the Tualatin TSP, particularly in planning and funding transportation and trail improvements:

- Prioritize OPRD-administered grants for trail acquisition and development in communities
 projected to have the largest growth in their population of those 60 years and older. The
 OPRD Recreational Trails Program provides funding for trail development in Oregon,
 although only at a limited level of about \$800,000 statewide annually and with some
 restrictions. High priority jurisdictions include Clackamas and Washington counties and
 Tualatin's neighbors Beaverton and Tigard.
- Prioritize OPRD-administered grants for developing group-day use facilities and recreational trails in communities that are projected to have the greatest increase in their Latino, Asian, and African-American populations. High priority jurisdictions for Latino and Asian/Pacific

Islander population growth include Clackamas and Washington counties and Tualatin. High priority jurisdictions for African American population growth include Washington County and Tualatin.

Regional Plans and Regulations

Metro Regional Framework Plan

The Regional Framework Plan unites all of Metro's adopted land use planning policies and requirements. This document brings together regional policies found in the Regional Urban Growth Goals and Objectives, 2040 Growth Concept, Metropolitan Greenspaces Master Plan, and Regional Transportation Plan, to create a coordinated, integrated, Regional Framework Plan.

The 2040 Growth Concept is the unifying concept around which this Regional Framework Plan is based. Metro 2040 Growth Concept land use designations identified in Tualatin include the following:

- Town Center
- Corridors
- Station Community
- Employment Land
- Parks and Natural Areas
- Neighborhoods.

Metro 2035 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP)

The Regional Transportation Plan provides the long-range blueprint for transportation in the Portland region. The RTP presents the overarching policies and goals, system concepts for all modes of travel, and strategies for funding and local implementation. This RTP update has been shaped by anticipating 2035 transportation needs and the following desired outcomes for the region:

- Promote jobs and create wealth in the economy
- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions
- Improve safety throughout the transportation system
- Promote healthy, active living by making walking and bicycling safe and convenient
- Move freight reliably and make transportation accessible, affordable and reliable for commuting and everyday life
- Promote vibrant communities while preserving farm and forest land.

Chapter 2 of the RTP establishes mobility standards that are intended as minimum standards for an interim regional mobility policy, one that was recognized by the OTC as "an incremental step toward a more comprehensive set of measures." The mobility standards apply to specific transportation facilities in the region, primarily based on surrounding 2040 Growth Concept land use designations.

Table 4 presents the regional volume-to-capacity (v/c) mobility standards that currently apply to roadways in Tualatin. As discussed in the earlier sections on the OHP, these mobility standards are in the process of being amended.

Table 4. Interim Regional Mobility Standards for Tualatin (v/c)

	Mid-Day One-Hour Peak	PM Two-Hour Peak	
		1 st Hour	2 nd Hour
Town Centers	.99	1.1	.99
Station Communities	.99	1.1	.99
Corridors	.90	.99	.99
Employment Land	.90	.99	.99
Neighborhoods	.90	.99	.99
I-5 (Marquam Bridge to Wilsonville)	.90	.99	.99

Chapter 2 of the RTP gives transportation facilities in the region multiple designations based on the following modes and types of systems: regional street design, street and throughway system, transit system, freight system, bicycle system, and pedestrian system. The designations generally correspond to vision and concept statements. However, only the regional street design classifications are associated with facility design guidance and only the street and throughway system, bicycle system, and pedestrian system designations are associated with policy statements. Regional street design, street and throughway system, bicycle system, and pedestrian system classifications for transportation facilities in Tualatin are presented in Table 5. Corresponding policy language is presented following the table. Design concepts for Throughways (Freeways), Regional Streets, Community Boulevards, and Community Streets are presented in Figure 2 excerpted from the RTP (Table 2.6).

Table 5. Regional Transportation Facility Classifications in Tualatin*

	Regional Street Design	Regional Street and Throughway System	Regional Bicycle System**	Regional Pedestrian System **/***
I-5	Throughway (Freeway)	Principal Arterial	-	-
I-205	Throughway (Freeway)	Principal Arterial	-	
OR 99W	Regional Street	Major Arterial	Regional Bikeway	
SW Boones Ferry Rd	Regional Street	Minor Arterial	Regional Bikeway/Planned Regional Trail**	Planned Regional Trail**
SW Boones Ferry Rd/Upper Boones Ferry Rd	Community Street	Minor Arterial	Regional Bikeway	-
SW Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	Regional Street/Regional Boulevard (in Town Center)	Major Arterial	Regional Bikeway	-
Tualatin Rd	Regional Street	-	Regional Bikeway/Community Bikeway	-
Herman Rd	Community Street	Minor Arterial	-	-
124 th Ave	Regional Street	Major Arterial****	Planned Regional Trail**	Planned Regional Trail**
Teton Ave	-	-	Community Bikeway	-
Avery St	-	-	Community Bikeway	-
WES Commuter Rail			Planned Regional Trail**	Mixed Use Corridor/Planned Regional Trail**

^{*}The facility classifications in this table are found in the following maps in the RTP: Figure 2.10 (Regional Design Classifications), Figure 2.12 (Arterial and Throughway Network), Figure 2.22 (Regional Bicycle Network), and Figure 2.25 (Regional Pedestrian Network).

^{**} A Planned Regional (Multi-Use) Trail in Tualatin forms a loop using the Tualatin River, parts of public roads/right-of-way, and potential easements.

^{***} A pedestrian district is designated in the Tualatin Town Center and Station Community associated with WES Commuter Rail.

^{****}The I-5/99W Connector Plan has made a recommendation (Alternative 7 - with conditions) for new arterials in the area of 124th Avenue .

Regional Street and Throughway System Designations

Throughways currently carry between 50,000 to 100,000 vehicles per day, providing for high-speed travel on longer motor vehicle trips and serving as the primary freight routes, with an emphasis on mobility. Throughways help serve the need to move both trucks and autos through the region. Throughways connect major activity centers within the region, including the Central City, regional centers, industrial areas and intermodal facilities.

Arterial streets usually carry between 10,000 and 40,000 vehicles per day and allow higher speeds than collector and local streets. Major arterial streets accommodate longer-distance through trips and serve more of a regional traffic function. Minor arterial streets serve shorter trips that are localized within a community.

Regional Bicycle System Designations

Regional Bikeways provide for travel to and within the Central City, Regional Centers, and Town Centers.

Community Bikeways provide for travel to and within other 2040 Target Areas. These routes also provide access to regional attractions such as schools, libraries, and parks and connect neighborhoods to the rest of the regional bicycle network.

Regional Trails consist of paved off-street paths for walking, bicycling, and other non-motorized travel. They are typically designed to connect neighborhoods to 2040 Growth Concept target areas and provide access to parks, schools, and natural areas.

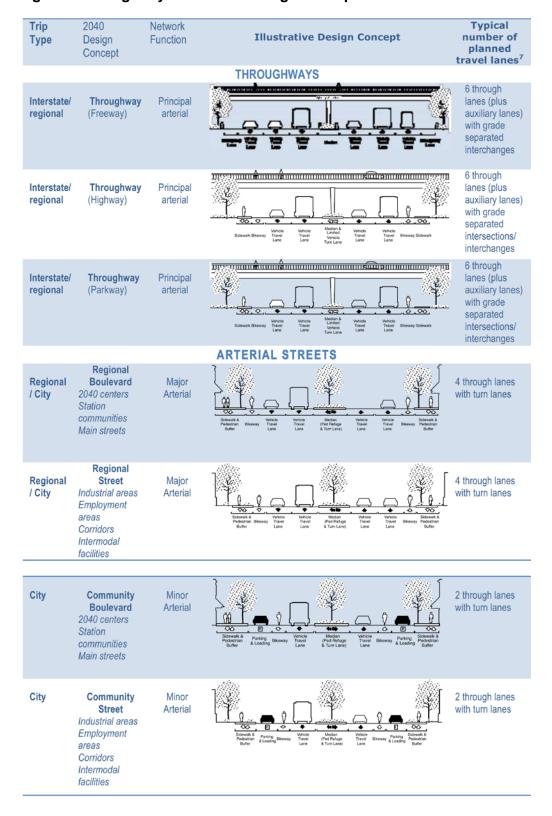
Regional Pedestrian System Designations

Transit/mix-use corridors are priority areas for pedestrian improvements. They are located along good-quality transit lines and will be redeveloped at densities that are somewhat higher than today. These corridors will generate substantial pedestrian traffic near neighborhood-oriented retail development, schools, parks and bus stops.

These corridors should be designed to promote pedestrian travel with such features as wide sidewalks with buffering from adjacent motor vehicle traffic, street crossings at a minimum of 530 feet – though an ideal spacing is 200 to 400 feet where possible (unless there are no intersections, bus stops or other pedestrian attractions), special crossing amenities at some locations, special lighting, bus shelters, awnings and street trees.

Pedestrian districts are areas of high, or potentially high, pedestrian activity where the region places priority on creating a walkable environment. These include the Central City, regional and town centers and light rail station communities where sidewalks, plazas and other public spaces are integrated with civic, commercial and residential development. They are often characterized by compact mixed-use development served by transit, with buildings oriented to the street and boulevard-type street design features, such as wide sidewalks with buffering from adjacent motor vehicle traffic, marked street crossings at all intersections with special crossing amenities at some locations, special lighting, benches, bus shelters, awnings and street trees. All streets within pedestrian districts are important pedestrian connections.

Figure 2. Throughway and Arterial Design Concepts



Chapters 4 and 6 establish mobility corridors in the region and planning directives for these corridors. Profiles for the corridors outline the corridors' function, characteristics in terms of population, households, employment, regional transportation facilities, needs and strategies by mode and RTP system designations, RTP 2035 investments, and a 2035 investment strategy. Mobility Corridor #2 (Portland Central City to Tigard), Mobility Corridor #3 (Tigard to Wilsonville), Mobility Corridor #7 (Tualatin to Oregon City), and Mobility Corridor #20 (Tigard to Sherwood & Sherwood to Newberg) all include Tualatin.

Some of the mobility corridors that do not meet RTP performance standards are targeted for additional refinement planning. Specifications for future planning for these corridors are included in Chapter 6¹¹. Mobility Corridors #2, #3, and #7 are among the corridors targeted for refinement planning.

The following projects, in or in the vicinity of the city of Tualatin, are included in Metro's Final 2035 RTP Project List in the short term (2008-2017), mid term (2018-2025), and long term (2026-2035)¹², and should be coordinated with project development during the TSP update process. The following projects are all part of the federal RTP and federal regulations require the federal RTP to be financially constrained.¹³

Table 6. RTP Projects in Tualatin

Project number	Location	Description	Estimated Cost (YOE\$)
Short term (2	2008-2017)		
10709	Sagert Rd at Martinazzi (Tualatin)	Signalize intersection, change grades to improve sight distance	\$2.5 million
10714	105 th Avenue/Avery Street from Blake to 105 th (Tualatin) ¹⁴	Realign curves, signalize intersection of Avery/105 th , sidewalks on 105 th from Avery to 108 th	\$7.4 million
10715	Herman Road from Teton Avenue To Tualatin Road (Tualatin)	Reconstruct and widen to three lanes	\$3.7 million
10716	Myslony Road from 112 th to 124 th Avenue (Tualatin)	Reconstruct and widen Myslony to fill system	\$13.9 million
10718	Herman Road from Cipole to 124 th Avenue (Tualatin)	Reconstruct and widen to three lanes	\$6.1 million
10728	Boones Ferry Road from Tualatin-Sherwood Road to	Interconnect six signals	\$115,500

¹¹ Mobility corridors slated for refinement planning are listed in Table 6-1 in the 2035 RTP.

¹³ The federal RTP (known as the 2035 RTP Federal Priorities) is distinguished from the state RTP (known as the 2035 RTP Investment Strategy) in that the federal RTP must be financially constrained and the state RTP includes projects that could be funded if new or expanded revenue sources are secured in addition to the projects that could be funded under financially constrained conditions.

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¹² Final 2035 RTP Project List, published October 4, 2010.

¹⁴ This is how the project location is described in the 2035 RTP. However, the City has more accurately described the location as 105th to 108th from Avery to Ibach.

Project number	Location	Description	Estimated Cost (YOE\$)	
	Ibach (Tualatin)			
10730	East-west connection from 108 th to 112 th Avenue (Tualatin)	Construct new street	\$26.9 million	
10736	124 th Avenue from Tualatin- Sherwood Road to Tonquin (Tualatin)	Construct new five-lane road	\$122.1 million	
10737	Central Design District Pedestrian Improvements (Tualatin)	Pedestrian improvements and bike lanes	\$16.0 million	
Mid term (2018	-2025)			
10603	Tualatin-Sherwood Road improvements from OR 99W to Teton Avenue (Washington County)	Widen from three lanes to five lanes with bike lanes and sidewalks	\$99.6 million	
10735	Herman Road108 th to Teton Avenue (Tualatin)	Widen to five lanes	\$2.5 million	
10744	Tualatin River Pathway (Tualatin)	Construct multi-use path	\$17.4 million	
10745	Pedestrian Trail from 65 th Avenue to Martinazzi (Tualatin)	Construct multi-use path	\$3.2 million	
Long term (202	6-2035)			
10720	Boones Ferry Road, from Tualatin-Sherwood Road to Ibach (Tualatin)	Widen to five lanes	\$49.5 million	
10721	McEwan from 65 th Avenue to Lake Oswego (Tualatin)	Widen to three lanes	\$10.6 million	
10722	65 th Avenue from Nyberg to Childs Road (Tualatin)	Extend across the Tualatin River	\$45.0 million	
10725	65 th Avenue Sagert to Nyberg (Tualatin)	Widen to five lanes	\$57.0 million	
10729	Loop Road Martinazzi to Lower Boones Ferry Road (Tualatin)	Construct street from Tualatin- Sherwood Road to Lower Boones Ferry Road to Martinazzi	\$20.7 million	
10738	Teton Avenue Herman Road to Tualatin-Sherwood Road (Tualatin)	Add bike lanes to Teton Avenue	\$11.4 million	
10739	Nyberg Road Tualatin- Sherwood Road to 65 th	bike lanes from I-5 to 65 th Avenue	\$21.0 million	

Project number	Location	Description	Estimated Cost (YOE\$)
	Avenue (Tualatin)		
10740	65 th Avenue from Borland to Childs Road (Tualatin)	Add bike lanes on 65 th Avenue from Sagert to Nyberg, construct a pedestrian bridge over the river from Tualatin to Childs Road	\$24.0 million
10741	95 th Avenue from Avery Road to Tualatin-Sherwood Road (Tualatin)	Add bike lanes	\$7.2 million
10742	108 th Avenue (Tualatin)	Pedestrian bridge over river and connecting paths	\$6.0 million

Metro Regional Transportation Functional Plan (RTFP)

The Regional Transportation Functional Plan (RTFP) directs how local TSPs, comprehensive plans, and development codes will implement the RTP. If a TSP is consistent with the RTFP, Metro will find it to be consistent with the RTP. Metro has developed a compliance checklist for TSPs, comprehensive plans, and developments codes that will be used in the update of the Tualatin TSP. The following are directives that specifically pertain to updating local TSPs.

- Include regional and state transportation needs identified in the 2035 RTP in local TSPs along with local needs
- Local needs must be consistent with RTP in terms of land use, system maps and non-SOV modal targets
- When developing solutions, local jurisdictions shall consider a variety of strategies, in the following order:
- TSMO (Transportation System Management Operations)
- Transit, bicycle and pedestrian improvements
- Traffic calming
- Land use strategies in OAR 660-012-0035(2)¹⁵
- Connectivity, including pedestrian and bicycle facilities
- Motor vehicle capacity improvements
- Local jurisdictions can propose regional projects as part of RTP process
- Local jurisdictions can propose alternate performance and mobility standards, however, changes must be consistent with regional and statewide planning goals
- Local parking regulations shall be consistent with the RTFP.

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¹⁵ This section of the TPR requires Metro area jurisdictions to evaluate land use designations, densities, and design standards to meet local and regional transportation needs. Strategies could include increasing residential densities, setting density minimums near transit lines, employment areas, etc., designating lands for neighborhood shopping centers within convenient walking and cycling distance of residential areas, and designating land uses to provide a better balance between jobs and housing.

Metro High Capacity Transit Plan

The High Capacity Transit System Plan (2010) guides the region's long-term investments in high capacity transit. The high capacity transit (HCT) corridors and improvements to the existing system that are recommended and prioritized in the plan are based on planned land uses, community values, environmental benefits, and economic viability. An implementation guidance document was developed for high capacity transit in the region, and that document is reviewed next in this Appendix.

The plan is considered a component of the RTP and focuses on the frequent, fast, and high capacity element of the public transit system. High capacity transit is characterized by exclusive right of way and routes with fewer stops. Other transit system functions, including local bus, streetcar, frequent bus, and paratransit service and facilities are included in the main RTP.

Priority HCT Corridors

Corridor prioritization will be updated each time the RTP is updated or by amending the RTP. A description of the three priority corridors through Tualatin are listed below. Policy and transportation projects in the updated Tualatin TSP will need to be consistent with the objectives and actions that are outlined in Table 7 according to corridor designation.

- Near-Term Regional Priority Corridors Corridor 34 Beaverton to Wilsonville (in the vicinity of WES commuter rail corridor). Note: WES frequency improvements to 15-minute all day service are currently included in the RTP financially constrained list of projects.
- Next Phase Regional Priority Corridors Corridor 28, Washington Square Transit Center to Clackamas Town Center in the vicinity of the I-205/Highway 217 corridors
- Regional Vision Corridors Corridor 38S Tualatin to Sherwood.

Table 7. Objectives and Actions for Implementing the HCT Plan (2010)

	Potential Local	Potential Regional	Potential System	Potential
	Actions	Support	Expansion Targets	Strategies
Near-Term Regional Priority Corridors – Implementation planned in the next four years	Develop corridor problem statement. Define corridor extent. Assess corridor against system expansion targets Create ridership development, land use and TOD plans for centers and stations. Assess mode and function of HCT. Create multimodal station access and parking plans. Assess financial	Create land use and TOD plans for centers and stations. Analyze station siting alternatives. Coordinate with MTIP priorities. Perform multimodal transportation analysis. Create multimodal station access and parking plans. Start potential alternatives analysis.	Transit supportive land use/station context Community support Partnership/political leadership Regional transit network connectivity Housing needs supportiveness Financial capacity – capital and operating finance plans Integrated transportation system development	Corridor working group Existing land use and transportation working groups

	Potential Local Actions	Potential Regional Support	Potential System Expansion Targets	Potential Strategies
	feasibility.			
Next Phase Regional Priority Corridors – Future HCT investment may be viable if recommended planning and policy actions are implemented	Develop corridor problem statement. Define corridor extent. Assess corridor against system expansion targets Create ridership development, land use and TOD plans for centers and stations. Assess mode and function of HCT.	Create land use and TOD plans for centers and stations. Analyze station siting alternatives. Coordinate with MTIP priorities.	Transit supportive land use/station context Community support Partnership/political leadership Regional transit network connectivity Housing needs supportiveness Financial capacity – capital and operating finance plans	Existing land use and transportation working groups
Regional Vision Corridors – Corridors where projected 2035 land use and commensurate ridership potential are not supportive of HCT implementation	Develop corridor problem statement. Define corridor extent. Assess corridor against system expansion targets Create ridership development, land use and TOD plans for centers and stations.	Create land use and TOD plans for centers and stations.	Transit supportive land use/station context Community support	Existing land use and transportation working groups

High Capacity Transit System Expansion Policy: Implementation Guidance for the Portland Metropolitan Region (May 2011)

The 2035 RTP included an outline for developing a high capacity transit (HCT) system expansion policy. The policy emphasizes fiscal responsibility by ensuring that limited resources for new HCT are spent where local jurisdictions have committed supportive land uses, high quality pedestrian and bicycle access, management of parking resources and demonstrated broad based financial and political support. This guidance document was published to help local jurisdictions understand how HCT will be implemented and the jurisdictions' roles in the process.

The purpose of this document is to:

- Clearly articulate the decision-making process by which future HCT corridors will be advanced for regional investment.
- Establish minimum requirements for HCT corridor working groups to inform local jurisdictions as they work to advance their priorities for future HCT.

- Define quantitative and qualitative performance measures to guide local land use and transportation planning and investment decisions.
- Outline the process for updating the 2035 RTP, including potential future RTP amendments, for future HCT investment decisions.

This document is significant to the TSP effort since the WES commuter rail corridor is designated as a "near-term regional priority corridor" In the High Capacity Transit Plan (see the previous section of this Appendix). Also, the document calls for a Corridor Working Group for the Southwest Corridor. Corridor Working Groups are intended to implement the regional System Expansion Policy (SEP) and determine and plan for high HCT corridors.

1992 Metro Greenspaces Master Plan

The 1992 Metro Greenspaces Master Plan represents the long-term vision for a network of natural areas, parks and trails in the region. The plan is divided into three parts:

- 1. Planning and Coordinating a Cooperative Regional System;
- 2. Protecting, Managing and Financing Regionally Significant Natural Area Sites, Interconnections and Areas Deficient in Greenspaces; and
- 3. Protection and Enhancement of the System through Citizen Involvement, Education and Technical Assistance.

Goals and policies are established in Part One and are related to Metro's Regional Urban Growth Goals and Objectives (RUGGOs) addressing open space, recreation, and resource protection and conservation, and urban design and growth management. Goals include:

- Create a regional system of natural areas, open space, parks, trails, and greenways for wildlife and people in Multnomah, Clackamas, Washington, and Clark Counties.
- Develop an interconnected system of trails, greenways, and wildlife corridors.
- Protect, restore, and manage significant natural areas and resources.
- Coordinate protection, management, and operations of the system with partners in other Metro division, other jurisdictions, nonprofit organizations, land trusts, and businesses.
- Provide environmental education and encourage environmental awareness and stewardship in association with the regional system of natural areas, open space, parks, trails, and greenways.

Policies address cooperative land use planning and implementation of Greenspaces system, including inter-governmental agreements; regionally significant natural area sites; significant trails, greenways and wildlife corridors; areas deficient in Greenspaces; resource management plans; financing the Greenspaces system; citizen involvement and education; technical assistance; protection and enhancement of publicly owned, quasi-public and private tax-exempt lands; waterways and floodplains; and agricultural and timber lands.

Regionally Significant Natural Area Sites and Interconnections

The following areas in or near Tualatin are identified in the Metro Greenspaces Master Plan as regionally significant. Regional significance was determined given the immediacy or threat of development (and otherwise loss or conversion of the land), accessibility to residents of the region, ability to preserve large contiguous blocks of open space, and ability to expand existing regionally

significant protected areas. Descriptions of these areas can be found on pages 25-28 in the Master Plan.

- Hedges Creek, in the Tualatin River watershed
- Tonquin Geologic Area, in the Willamette River and Tualatin River watersheds
- Tualatin River Greenway and Access Points in the Tualatin River watershed.

Significant Trails, Greenways and Wildlife Corridors

The plan also identifies significant corridors in the region that are important for recreation, naturalists, and wildlife. The following areas are in or near Tualatin:

- Tualatin River Greenway Trail The Tualatin River between the Willamette and the confluence with Dairy Creek at Jackson Bottom has been designated as a river trail. Opportunities for additional access points will be explored as planning for this route continues.
- Tonquin Trail The Tonquin Trail connects the Tualatin National Wildlife Refuge to the Willamette River near Wilsonville. It passes through the Tonquin geological area and the Dammasch property recently acquired by the Division of State Lands, before joining the Willamette Greenway Trail.
- Lower Tualatin Trail Following the Tualatin River from the proposed Wildlife Refuge to confluence with the Willamette River, this trail makes additional connections with Hedges Creek, Nyberg Creek and Saum Creek Greenway.

These trails are included in the 1995 City of Tualatin Greenway Development Plan and other planning documents that are discussed later in this Appendix.

2006 Bond Target Areas

A bond measure passed in 2006 designated target areas for natural area protection. The bond supports Metro in protecting these areas as well as providing funds to local park providers to purchase and improve natural areas. There are two target areas that are found in and around Tualatin – the Tonquin Geologic Area and Tualatin River Greenway. The following outlines the objectives that have been established for these target areas that should be considered in greenway and corridor planning related to the TSP.

Tonquin Geologic Area Target Area

Tier I Objectives

- Acquire lands within the Coffee Lake Creek and Rock Creek for completing restoration on Coffee Creek and on permanent protection of the unique geologic features.
- Acquire lands within the Coffee Lake Creek and Rock Creek areas for regional trail connections.

Tier II Objectives

- Acquire lands to protect unique geologic features within the Basalt Creek area.
- Acquire land for the trail corridor, particularly along Hedges Creek, Basalt Creek and adjacent to Tonquin Road.

Tualatin River Greenway Target Area

Tier I Objectives

- Protect natural areas adjacent to existing public lands to provide public access and improve wildlife habitat protection.
- Continue the work begun in 1995 to enhance the water trail by providing access point sites along the Tualatin River Greenway that meet the following criteria:
- Locations along the river at intervals of 5 to 10 river miles, allowing for day trips and shorter trips than is now practicable.
- Safe accessibility from a public roadway that can adequately accommodate additional traffic.
- Developable for boat ramps and/or docks by presence of existing shallow slopes and banks.
- Associated with sufficient uplands for such features as parking, restrooms, picnic areas and buffering from the river and adjacent uses.
- Associated with key locations where there is particular interest in additional boat access/pullouts including: south of Farmington Road, north side of the river in the vicinity of Rainbow Lane, and in the vicinity of Elsner Road.

Tier II Objectives

- Acquire land along the Tualatin River for a regional trail that connects Cook Park in Tigard to Stafford Road.
- Acquire through the use of easements, donations, dedications or partnership agreements, additions to large natural areas for wildlife habitat and public access.

2007 Regional Trails and Greenways Map

Figure 3 shows trails and greenways identified in the region, either as existing or planned.

Figure 3. Regional Trails and Greenways in the Tualatin Vicinity

Trails 1, 2, and 3 have planned segments in Tualatin or the Tualatin vicinity. The trail segments that are buffered in yellow indicate segments that are to be bond funded.

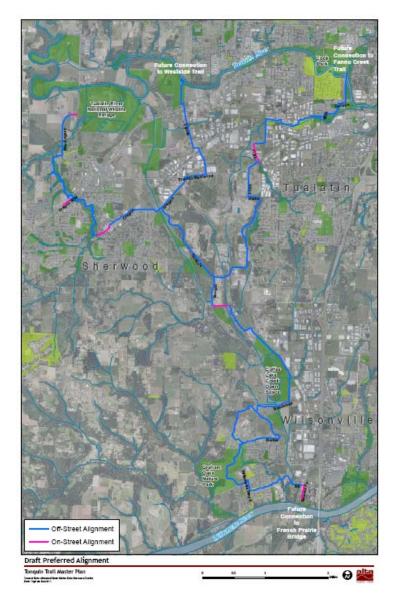
• Trail 1 – Tonquin Trail, 17 miles, 0.3 miles complete

- Trail 2 Westside Trail, 16.5 miles, 3.2 miles complete
- Trail 3 Fanno Creek Greenway Trail, 22.1 miles, 12.2 miles complete.

Tonquin Trail Master Plan

As part of the Tonquin Trail master planning process, a preliminary alignment has been developed through the cities of Tualatin, Sherwood, and Wilsonville. This proposed alignment is shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4. Draft Preferred Alignment of the Tonquin Trail in the Tualatin Vicinity



Transportation and Land Use Implementation Guidance for the Portland Metropolitan Region (May 2011)

The purpose of this document is to help local jurisdictions and consultants understand and implement recent regional policy and regulatory changes. It includes guidance for the RTFP and Title 6 of the Urban Growth Management Functional Plan (UGMFP). Title 6 offers investment and other incentives to cities and counties to develop their own strategies and actions to better utilize zoned capacity, in a way that enhances each community and helps them achieve their aspirations in their own 2040 Centers, Corridors, Main Streets and Station Communities.

The document provides a template for developing a local TSP. It also offers checklists for local compliance in TSP, development code and comprehensive plan/other adopted documents.

Title 6 of the UGMFP was recently expanded to cover not only Centers and Station Communities, but corridors and main streets because of their potential for redevelopment and infill. It aligns local and regional investment to support local aspirations and better links land use and transportation to support mixed-use, pedestrian-friendly, and transit-supportive development. It moves away from reporting requirements to an incentive-based approach. Available incentives include:

- Eligibility for a regional investment, currently defined as new high capacity transit lines only.
 In the future, the Metro Council, in consultation with the Metro Policy Advisory Committee (MPAC) and the Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation (JPACT) could add other major investments to this definition.
- Ability to use a higher volume-to-capacity standard under the Oregon Highway Plan when considering amendments to comprehensive plans or land use regulations, and
- Eligibility for a 30 percent trip reduction credit under the Transportation Planning Rule when analyzing traffic impacts of new development in plan amendments for a Center, Corridor, Station Community, or Main Street¹⁶.

This document outlines requirements to be eligible for these incentives and a chart summarizing the required steps.

Southwest Corridor Plan (in progress)

The Southwest Corridor Plan addresses the Barbur Boulevard/OR 99W/I-5 corridor between Portland and Sherwood. The plan is being developed through a partnership of the cities of King City, Portland, Sherwood, Tigard, and Tualatin, Clackamas and Multnomah counties, ODOT, TriMet, and Metro.

In 2009, the Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation and the Metro Council designated the corridor as the next regional priority for high capacity transit expansion. The corridor, identified as near-term priority in Metro's Regional High Capacity Transit Plan, shows the greatest ridership projections for potential high capacity transit corridors in the region. In December 2010, Metro received a \$2 million grant from the Federal Transit Administration to analyze alternatives for improving transit in the corridor. The range of transit alternatives will be narrowed in early 2012, and ultimately a preferred mode of high capacity transit will be selected. Light rail, bus rapid transit, commuter rail, rapid streetcar, and improved local bus are amongst the alternatives being studied. The transit alternative analysis is part of a larger planning process, which will also take into consideration improvements to the roadway, bike, pedestrian, and freight systems in the corridor.

 $^{^{16}}$ Pursuant to Title 5 of the Regional Transportation Function Plan (RTFP), Section 3.08.510 A and B

The project partners held a series of focus and discussion groups in August and September 2011. Project kick-off and community events were held in September and October 2011. The City of Tigard has been updating participants on the Tigard High Capacity Transit Land Use Plan and the City of Portland has been providing information about the Barbur Concept Plan because both of these local land use plans are components of the Southwest Corridor Plan. The project steering committee began meeting in early October 2011 and consists of elected and appointed officials from the project partner jurisdictions. Their initial tasks have been to review findings from the focus and discussion groups.

TriMet 2011 TIP

The Transit Investment Plan (TIP) establishes TriMet's strategies and programs for investing in service, capital projects and customer information. The strategies and programs are guided by long-term policies and investment priorities developed by Metro, including the 2040 Growth Concept, the 2040 Framework Plan, and the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). These plans call for transit investments to support Regional Centers, Town Centers and key corridors. The TIP represents TriMet's plan for implementing the transit portion of the RTP over the next five years (FY 2011-FY 2015).

The following TriMet services and facilities currently serve Tualatin:

- Line 12 Barbur/Sandy Blvd
- Line 36 South Shore
- Line 37 Lake Grove
- Line 38 Boones Ferry Road
- Line 76 Beaverton/Tualatin
- Line 96 (Rush Hour Service) Tualatin/I-5
- WES Commuter Rail/Tualatin WES Station.

TIP priorities are organized by four objectives and TIP projects are presented according to each objective. The projects included below potentially affect service and facilities in Tualatin.

- 1. Build the total transit system Enhance customer information, access to transit, stop amenities, frequency, reliability, passenger comfort, safety and security. Potential project examples include installing new shelters and improving bus stop pavement.
- Expand high-capacity transit Invest in MAX Light Rail, Commuter Rail and Streetcar service along key corridors to connect Regional Centers. One key corridor and project is the Southwest Corridor Refinement Plan, reaching from downtown Portland to Tigard, Tualatin, King City, and Sherwood. Decisions regarding high capacity transit are not expected to be made until approximately 2013-2015 and construction and service of high capacity transit would not occur until after 2020.
- 3. Expand frequent service Add routes to TriMet's network of bus lines that run every 15 minutes or better, every day. Service is proposed to be expanded along the Highway 217 corridor between Beaverton and Tigard, and along the I-5 corridor between Tigard and Tualatin.

¹⁷ The City of Tualatin also kicked off Linking Tualatin in Fall 2011, which addresses transportation issues in the Southwest Corridor in Tualatin, as well as citywide.

4. Improve local service – Work with local jurisdictions to improve transit service in specific local areas. Access to the Tualatin WES Station has been improved with pedestrian projects and 154 additional park-and-ride spaces, and wayside horns have been installed at several intersections in Tualatin. Long-term improvements are recommended in the RTP to connect Sherwood and employment areas to the Tualatin Station via Tualatin-Sherwood Road.

TriMet Bike Parking Guidelines

Access to transit by bicycle is a key element of the TriMet "Total Transit System." Providing convenient, visible and secure bicycle parking is a cost-effective way to increase the catchment area of transit. The guidelines describe design considerations for bicycle parking at light rail stations, commuter rail stations, and transit centers.

These guidelines were developed using survey, inventory, and count data as well as research of best practices and recommendations. The following topics are addressed:

- Bike & rides
- Bike parking access
- Urban & neighborhood stations: design & layout
- Community stations: design and layout
- Bike & ride secure area layout
- Bike rack and locker layout
- Bike rack and locker spacing
- Bus stop considerations.

These guidelines can be used in Tualatin not to just for transit facilities but other sites where bicycle facilities are required or encouraged.

Local Plans and Regulations

City of Tualatin Comprehensive Plan

The City of Tualatin Comprehensive Plan is incorporated into the Tualatin Development Code as Chapters 1 through 30. The purpose of the plan is to guide the development in the city over a 20-year planning horizon. The following elements that impact transportation planning and funding include:

- Chapters 4 through 8 Community growth characteristics and community growth objectives, including explanation of the purpose and location for individual land use categories.
- Chapter 9 Comprehensive Plan map, showing the specific location of land uses and description of the City's Urban Growth Boundary (UGB), in addition to narrative description of each plan area. (Note: The process for amending the plan text or map is addressed in the Tualatin Development Code Section 1.030, Initiation of Amendments.)
- Chapter 10 Community design objectives.
- Chapters 11 through 15 Public facilities element of the plan, including transportation, water, sewer, and parks and recreation.
- Chapter 11, Transportation, is the City's 2001 TSP and, as such, presents the City's existing set of transportation policies among other plan components, as described in

the next section of this Appendix. These policies will be reviewed and possibly revised as part of the TSP update process.

City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan (2001)

The 2001 TSP currently constitutes the transportation element of the City's Comprehensive Plan; it is currently included in the Comprehensive Plan sections of the Tualatin Development Code as Chapter 11. Its purpose is to comply with state mandates requiring transportation planning, develop standards for the transportation system, address current problem areas, identify future roadway needs required to support 20 years of expected growth, and provide transportation planning guidelines. When adopted in 2001, the plan was found consistent with statewide goals and rules, Metro's RTP, Washington County's Transportation Plan, and Clackamas County's Comprehensive Plan. The TSP update will address recent amendments to these long-range plans, as applicable, to ensure that Tualatin's planning is consistent with regional goals, policies, and planned improvements.

The 2001 TSP includes existing conditions, forecasts of future transportation needs, alternatives analysis, modal plans, a funding plan, and proposed amendments to the City's code. The street system modal plan establishes a functional classification system, street design standards according to functional classification, and a local street plan. Regarding access management, the street system plan refers to coordination with ODOT, Clackamas County, and Washington County when state or county facilities are involved, and refers to Chapter 75 of the Tualatin Development Code for descriptions of where access will occur on the city's arterial street system.

The current TSP update process is an update of the 2001 TSP and will ultimately replace it.

City of Tualatin Bikeway Plan (1993)

The City Bikeway Plan proposes design standards (Section 5.0) for separated bike paths, in-street bike lanes, and shared roadways. Other proposed standards, projects and systems, and associated code changes appear to have been either incorporated into or superseded by the bicycle plan element of the 2001 TSP and code amendments made since the 1993 Bikeway Plan.

City of Tualatin Development Code (TDC)

The Tualatin Development Code regulates the type, location, density, and design of land development and redevelopment in the city. This regulation occurs largely through zoning, and the City has established a series of residential, employment, environmental, and mixed use base zones as well as two overlay zones.

- Low Density Residential Planning District (RL)
- Medium Low Density Residential Planning District (RML)
- Medium High Density Residential Planning District (RMH)
- High Density Residential Planning District (RH)
- High Density High Rise Planning District (RH-HR)
- Institutional Planning District (IN)
- Office Commercial Planning District (CO)
- Neighborhood Commercial Planning District (CN)
- Recreational Commercial Planning District (CR)
- Central Commercial Planning District (CC)
- General Commercial Planning District (CG)

- Office Commercial Planning District (CO)
- Medical Center Planning District (MC)
- Light Manufacturing Planning District (ML)
- General Manufacturing Planning District (MG)
- Manufacturing Business Park Planning District (MBP)
- Floodplain District (FP)
- Wetlands Protection District (WPD)
- Mixed Use Commercial Overlay District (MUCOD)
- Natural Resource Protection Overlay District (NRPO).

Relevant to transportation planning, the code needs be consistent with requirements in Sections - 0045 and -0060 in the Transportation Planning Rule (TPR) (reviewed earlier in this Appendix). It is anticipated that the TSP update project will result in recommended amendments to development requirements, consistent with the project's findings and recommendations and state requirements. The following is an overview of code sections that pertain to the city's transportation system; later in the project these sections in particular will be reviewed for compliance with the TPR and consistency with the updated TSP.

Circulation and Connectivity

Pursuant to TDC Section 36.120, subdivision plans must show existing and proposed private and public streets on the subject property and within three hundred feet of the site as well as an outline of connections to transit routes, pedestrian and bike facilities, and accessways to adjacent properties.

Site design standards are established for multi-family housing and commercial, industrial, public, and semi-public uses. Standards for accessways and walkways as a part of multi-family housing development specify a minimum pathway width and require internal circulation and connections to adjacent public land, public uses, and streets with existing or planned pedestrian, bicycle, and transit facilities (TDC Section 73.130). Standards for the design and location of internal pedestrian and bicycle circulation are provided for commercial, public, semi-public, and industrial uses, as well as requirements for connections to adjacent lots and streets (TDC Section 73.160).

The Local Streets Plan outlines overall connectivity in the city and is included as part of the Transportation System Plan (TDC Section 11.630, Figures11-1 and 11-3.) Block lengths and access management are addressed by future street extension requirements (TDC Section 74.410) and Chapter 74 (Access Management on Arterial Streets). Future street extensions requirements also support access and connectivity and discourage cul-de-sacs and circuitous routes (Section 74.410).

Design Standards

Street, walkway, and pathway design is addressed by code sections governing site design standards for multi-family housing and commercial, industrial, public, and semi-public uses (Sections 130 and 160 of Chapter 73, Community Design Standards) and minimum right-of-way standards (Section 210 of Chapter 74, Public Improvement Requirements). TDC Section 74.420 addresses street improvement standards and refers to the Public Works Construction Code for specific standards. The Transportation System Plan provided in TDC Chapter 11 (Transportation) includes road design cross-sections according to functional classification. TDC Section 74.430 regulates the modification of design requirements.

Performance Standards, Conditions of Development Approval, and Traffic Studies

Mobility performance standards are established by Metro for jurisdictions in the Portland metropolitan area and are cited in the OHP and RTP. Traffic studies are required according to the discretion of

the City Engineer (TDC Section 74.440); threshold criteria for when a study is required and submittal requirements are not included in the TDC.

The City's authority to condition approval is codified both in TDC Section 31.073 (Action of the Community Development Director and City Engineer on Architectural Review Plans) and in TDC Section 31.077 (Quasi-Judicial Evidentiary Hearing Procedures). Dedication of land for right-of-way or trail easements is addressed by TDC Section 74.210 (Minimum Street Right-of-Way Widths) and TDC Section 74.310 (Greenway, Natural Area, Bike, and Pedestrian Path Dedications and Easements).

Pedestrian, Bicycle, and Transit Facilities and Amenities

As described above, code sections on subdivision plan requirements (Chapter 36) and community design standards (Chapter 73) address access to and connectivity for pedestrian, bicycle, and transit facilities. The cross sections included in the existing Transportation System Plan (Figures 6-2A – 6-2G in the TDC) show sidewalks for all street types in the city. However, bicycle lanes are not included in cross-sections for types of minor collectors and just on one side of the street for one type of minor collector.

There are special provisions for the Blake Street right-of-way in TDC Section 8-3-150.¹⁸ The code dictates that this 30-foot right-of-way north of and adjacent to the Hedges Park Subdivision cannot be developed for use by motor vehicle traffic but may be developed for use by pedestrians and cyclists.

Requirements for bicycle parking in terms of design, location, and the number of spaces are established in TDC Section 73.370 (Off-Street Parking and Loading); development proposals for that are required to include bicycle parking are subject to the approval of the Architectural Review Board.

Coordination with Other Agencies

There are existing references to coordination with other agencies, and specifically ODOT, in the review notice procedures for architectural review in TDC Section 31.074(2)(b), for notice procedures for quasi-judicial hearings in TDC Section 31.077(2)(a), and for notice procedures for proposed amendments in TDC Section 1.031(1).

City of Tualatin Parks and Recreation Master Plan (1983)

The plan recognizes existing and planned greenways in the city as linear recreation and open space areas that are either developed (usually with paved pathways) or are natural areas with few or no improvements or pathways. The 1995 Greenway Development Plan (described later in this Appendix) addresses these areas in more detail.

The plan designates connecting parks, residential areas, and Downtown with pedestrian pathways and bikeways as one of four planning priorities for the city, for purposes of both recreation and transportation. The document does not include a specific map or plan for how this priority is to be achieved.

City of Tualatin Greenway Development Plan (1995)

The City Greenway Development Plan is based on the regulatory foundation provided in TDC Chapter 72 (Greenway and Riverbank Protection District and Natural Areas) and Chapter 15 (Parks

¹⁸ Additionally, the Blake Street Bikeway Master Plan was adopted January 12, 2012.

and Recreation Master Plan) as it existed prior to 1995. The plan also proposes changes to these and other regulations. The plan identifies greenways, describes them, and recommends pathways, design standards, and maintenance standards. The following greenways and associated pathways are recommended. They are identified on Map 72-2 of the plan.

- Tualatin River Greenway
- Hedges Creek Greenway
- Nyberg Creek Greenway
- Nyberg Creek Greenway (South)
- Saum Creek Greenway
- Chieftain/Dakota Greenway
- Hi-West Estates Greenway
- Indian Meadows Greenway
- Shaniko Greenway.

City of Tualatin Capital Improvement Plan (in progress)

City staff to provide information pertinent to the TSP update, as available.

Tualatin Tomorrow Community Vision and Strategic Action Plan (2009)

The Tualatin Tomorrow Community Vision and Strategic Action Plan, originally adopted in 2007, was last updated in 2009. The document consists of a set of both vision statements and action plans regarding arts, culture, education, youth, and family activities; growth, housing, and the town center; parks, recreation, and natural areas; health, safety, and social services; traffic, transportation, and connectivity; and governance, leadership, and community engagement. The following growth- and transportation-related strategies should be considered during the update of the Tualatin TSP.

Growth, Housing, and Town Center

- Strategy GHT 2/Dynamic Growth Strategy Develop a dynamic growth strategy for Tualatin that addresses the interest of surrounding communities and promotes mutually beneficial cooperation on common interests such as Tualatin Police Department, fire, water, sewer and transit.
- Strategy GHT 3/Coherent Development Plan Develop and implement a clear and coordinated plan for the coherent development of all aspects of Tualatin, including housing, businesses, recreation, roads, etc., with flexibility to deal with changing circumstances over time
- Strategy GHT 9/Funding for Infrastructure Develop a strong system of infrastructure funding including System Development Charges (SDCs) to help cover the capital costs, maintenance and improvements of schools, roads and other infrastructure required as Tualatin grows and develops. Potential partners with City: League of Oregon Cities, State of Oregon.
- Strategy GHT 10/Addressing Construction Impacts Address the impacts of ongoing construction in the community through clear and frequent communication with contractors and the public, ensuring safety of all forms of transportation (vehicles, bicycles, pedestrians), and regulating the impact on community livability (hours, noise, etc.). Potential partners with City: ODOT, Clackamas and Washington Counties, developers.
- Strategy GHT 13/Vibrant, Identifiable Town Center Develop a unique, vibrant and identifiable Town Center for Tualatin, preserving its history and heritage, while providing arterial transit access, cycling and pedestrian-friendly features, places people like to shop,

- and easy recreational access. Potential partners with City: Chamber of Commerce, businesses.
- Strategy GHT 15/Diverse Retail Opportunities Offer a wide range of business and retail
 opportunities in Tualatin Town Center, geared to a variety of needs and income levels with
 good accessibility for vehicles and pedestrians. Actions relate to the development and
 adoption of the Town Center Plan. Potential partners with City: citizen committees and
 developers.
- Strategy GHT 16/Pedestrian and Bicycle-Friendly Town Center Ensure that Tualatin's Town Center is safe and friendly for bicyclists and pedestrians, with bicycle and pedestrianfriendly intersections and amenities. Potential partners with City: ODOT, other cities, advocacy groups, school district, Chamber.
- Strategy GHT 17/Commercial Traffic Diversion Use a variety of means to minimize the impact of commercial through-traffic in Tualatin, diverting a significant portion of this traffic out of the Tualatin Town Center and neighborhoods. Potential partners with City: industries/businesses.
- Strategy GHT 19/Mixed-Use Development Promote mixed-use development in Tualatin as appropriate, supporting home ownership near businesses where individuals work and reducing vehicle trips in and out of the city.
- Strategy GHT 20/Neighborhood Commercial Centers Promote the establishment of small, pedestrian-friendly, commercial centers in the community, which promote local interaction within walking distance of neighborhoods with a diversity of shops, businesses and restaurants. Potential partners with the City: realtors, developers.
- Strategy GHT 21/Beautiful Streetscapes Ensure beautiful streetscapes throughout Tualatin, promoting the ongoing maintenance of street easements through a variety of means.
- Strategy GHT 22/Community Gateways Develop distinct gateways at key entry points into Tualatin, promoting the community's identity and distinguishing it from surrounding cities. Use structures, art, signage and landscaping to enhance these gateways.

Parks, Recreation, and Natural Areas

- Strategy PRN 11/Natural and Inviting Trails Promote public awareness and use of Tualatin's trails, including their recognition for providing natural and inviting forms of recreation and nature appreciation. Actions associated with this strategy call for development of a trails master plan. Potential partners with the City: Metro, Counties, other cities, CWS, State of Oregon Parks, Wetlands Conservancy, Tualatin Riverkeepers.
- Strategy PRN 13/Diverse Bicycle Paths Provide ample bicycle facilities in Tualatin, including both bicycle paths and on-road bicycle lanes. Potential partners with the City: Metro, Counties and other cities, TriMet, CWS, Wetlands Conservancy, Tualatin Riverkeepers.

Traffic, Transportation, and Connectivity

- Strategy TTC 1/Multi-Modal Transportation Promote the development of a fully multi-modal transportation system in Tualatin, providing safe, efficient, alternative modes of travel for businesses and residents, from youth to seniors. Actions associated with this strategy include a Tualatin River trail, community bus service and bus service improvements, and a PCC shuttle.
- Strategy TTC 4/Downtown Parking Develop ample public parking in Tualatin Town Center in order to better accommodate local businesses, services and retail establishments. Potential partners with City: TriMet, Chamber, developers, Downtown Business Association, Westside Transportation Alliance.

- Strategy TTC 5/Improved Traffic Management Develop and institute an improved traffic management system in Tualatin to optimize traffic signals and mass transit for better traffic flow at consistent speeds throughout the city. Potential partners with City: Chamber, business associations, WTA, school district.
- Strategy TTC 6/Improved Traffic Flow Improve the flow of traffic in Tualatin through special routes and lanes, roadway improvements and other measures, relieving traffic congestion and promoting the flow of local residential traffic. Potential partners with City: ODOT, Metro, Washington County, Chamber, businesses and neighborhood associations, WTA.
- Strategy TTC 12/Roadside Landscaping Develop new programs and activities to improve and enhance City standards for and involvement in roadside landscaping. Potential partners with City: ODOT, Counties, businesses.
- Strategy TTC 13/Regional Transit Linkage Strengthen Tualatin's linkages with the regional transit system (bus, rail, etc.), improving transit service and connections within the city and to other parts of the region for the local population at all times of day. Actions associated with this strategy include expansion of commuter rail service.
- Strategy TTC 14/Pedestrian Routes and Crossings Establish a network of safe, well-designed pedestrian routes and crossings in Tualatin, separating foot traffic from bicycle and vehicular traffic throughout the city. Potential partners with City: ODOT, Metro, Counties.
- Strategy TTC 15/Walkable Commercial Areas Promote greater walkability and pedestrianfriendly features in all of Tualatin's commercial areas. Potential partners with City: Chamber, Downtown Business Association.

Hedges Creek Wetlands Master Plan (2002)

This master plan directs the use and maintenance of the 29-acre Hedges Creek Wetlands, which the City of Tualatin acquired in 1999. The following vision statement was developed for Hedges Creek Wetlands:

Hedges Creek Wetlands shall be a maintained, multi-use public resource and natural area for the purposes of: (1) enhancing and restoring fish and wildlife habitat; (2) detaining and conveying flood waters; (3) protecting and improving water quality; (4) facilitating passive recreation and environmental education; and (5) contributing to a visible and viable Tualatin Town Center.

Recommendations in the plan address recreation facilities, water quality and hydrology improvements, habitat enhancement, education, transportation and access improvements, maintenance, and administration. In addition to pathways and circulation improvements within the site, the plan proposes the following public access improvements:

- Provide pedestrian access between wetlands site and Tualatin Community Park
- Install park signage (e.g. park identifiers, park maps, park rules).
- Install signage about access to multimodal transportation.
- Pursue agreements with adjacent landowners for pedestrian pathway connections.
- Install pedestrian crossing at SW 90th Avenue.

Downtown Parking Plan (in progress)

A Downtown Parking Plan is being developed and, thus far, an assessment of the Core Area Parking District (June 2011) and a work program proposal for the Core Area Parking District Board (October 2011) have been prepared. The assessment reports on current supply and demand, funding for capital and operations, and revenue from operations. It recommends that some combination of the following strategies be explored and that a work program for FY 2011/2012 be prepared.

- "Re-mix" parking in existing lots to assure a Customer First approach for access in the downtown.
- Reduce current expenses and services.
- Implement a "premium" pricing program to allow a limited number of parking stalls to be leased in highly desired locations.
- Carry some cost of operations in the City's general fund.
- Generate new revenue from tax increases.
- Institute new user fees (e.g., monthly permits, on and off-street pay stations, etc.).

The work program that the City subsequently developed was presented to the Core Area Parking District Board for consideration in early October 2011. The intent was for the Board to agree on an approach to each of the following strategies and give feedback on actions that staff should take in implementing each strategy.

- Consider signage options for parking areas (target completion date: Winter 2012)
- Consider two-hour parking for Red and Yellow Lots (target completion date: Winter 2012)
- Explore the feasibility of ending the fee in lieu program (target completion date: as soon as possible)
- Explore the feasibility of paving the Hanegan Lot and approval by City Council (target completion date: to be determined)
- Consider asking the City Manager and the City Council to consider having the cost of parking enforcement covered by the General Fund in future years (target completion date: June 2012, consistent with approval of the FY 2012/2013 budget)
- Consider paid permit parking options (target completion date: to be determined)
- Establish an enforcement system to eliminate warnings while balancing the needs to be customer friendly.

The TSP update process will coordinate with the ongoing development of this plan.

Northwest Concept Plan (NWCP) (March 2005)

The Northwest Concept Plan was developed with support from the State of Oregon Transportation and Growth Management (TGM) program. The plan was developed as a requirement following a December 2002 decision by Metro to bring the area inside the UGB. The intent of the Concept Plan is to allow for flexibility in industrial development while promoting compatibility with adjacent land uses and natural resources. The plan area is located in unincorporated Washington County, in northwest Tualatin, and is bounded by OR 99W to the north and SW Cipole Road to the east. Land is developed north and east of the plan area but relatively undeveloped to the west and south.

The plan document is organized as a series of plans that address land use and development; transportation facilities; water, sewer, and storm drainage; other utilities; and natural and cultural

resources. The following is a summary of elements from those plans that may directly affect the TSP update:

- Land Use and Development Land use would be industrial, consistent with City of Tualatin General Manufacturing (MG) zoning. Actual uses to be developed would be determined by market opportunities and constraints at the time of development.
- Transportation A new access road would connect the plan area and SW Cipole Road and improvements to SW Cipole Road are proposed between OR 99W and Cummins Drive, a planned road.
- Water A new 10-inch looped water system is recommended to connect to the existing water main in SW Cipole Road.
- Sewer A new 8-inch sanitary sewer line is proposed in the plan area in addition to plus a connection offsite to the existing SW Cipole Road pump station south of the Plan area.

Southwest Concept Plan (SWCP) (Adopted April 2011)

City staff to provide additional information as is available and pertinent to the TSP update.

The Southwest Concept Plan (SWCP) is intended to guide industrial development in a 614-acre area outside of the city of Tualatin between Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Tonquin Road. Initial concept planning was done for the area in 2004-2005 and then was put on hold until work on the visioning and action plan work for Tualatin Tomorrow could be completed. Concept planning recommenced in 2007, taking into account the Tualatin Tomorrow Vision and Strategic Action Plan and the I-5/99W Connector project.

Plan maps for the SWCP show primarily industrial uses in the area (approximately 430 net acres) while also envisioning a mixed use center (approximately 16 net acres) in the north central part of the area, just south of Tualatin-Sherwood Road on 120th Avenue, and easements and open space. Transportation facilities planned for the area include the following:

- An extension of 124th Avenue between Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Tonguin Road (arterial)
- An extension of 115th Avenue from its existing terminus south of Tualatin-Sherwood Road to Tonquin Road (collector)
- A new east-west connection between the planned 124th Avenue and the existing terminus of 115th Avenue, in the upper third of the plan area (collector)
- A new east-west connection between planned 124th Avenue and 115th Avenue in the lower third of the plan area (collector)
- Generalized east-west or northwest-southeast local street connections between the proposed collectors
- A new local street around the mixed use area and reaching east to the north end of a proposed open space that parallels the commuter rail line
- Sidewalks along the proposed new streets and a sidewalk connection between the mixed use center and the intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and 124th Avenue
- Trails through the mixed use area, through the proposed open space parallel to the commuter rail line, and in PGE and BPA easements that run northwest-southeast through the plan area
- Transit center at the intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and 124th Avenue.

City Council adopted ordinances to implement the Southwest Concept Plan in April 2011. Council directed staff to work with property owners from the Tonquin Industrial Group to create an overlay zoning district that would allow their businesses to become conforming uses if their properties annex into the city.

Town Center Plan (Final Report, 2005)

The Town Center Plan focuses on the area of Tualatin designated as a Town Center in the Metro 2040 Growth Concept. The objectives of the plan include developing mixed uses and building types; promoting development that was more urban in style and intensity; providing safe and efficient pedestrian and vehicle connections; being consistent with applicable land use and transportation regulations; and improving quality of life.

The 2005 final report for the plan consists of background information, a vision, existing conditions, alternatives analysis, recommended plan elements, and an implementation strategy. The three plan elements are land use/building; transportation; and parks, natural areas, and other elements. The land use and building element proposes include new or expanded public, retail, office, residential, and mixed uses. The parks and other elements include recommendations for enhancements and restoration of Hedges Creek, the Hedges Creek watershed, and other streams, as well as a new "feature" at the Lake of the Commons and gateway signage and landscaping. Recommended transportation improvements include:

- Streetscape and pedestrian improvements
- Traffic calming
- New extension of Seneca Street from Martinazzi Road to the K-Mart site
- Local street grid and loop road around K-Mart building
- Commuter rail station along Boones Ferry Road (note: completed)
- Pedestrian trails along both sides of Tualatin River connected with pedestrian bridges (*note*: north side trail completed)
- Expanded recreational trail network within city
- Tualatin Road extension to Hall Boulevard
- Road connections between Lower Boones Ferry Road and SW 90th.

The recommended land uses and improvements are illustrated in Figure 7, the Preferred Town Center Development Concept Plan.

The plan elements are designed to support improvements proposed as part of the I-5 to 99W Connector Project (Alternative 7).

The 2005 final plan report has thus far served as the plan, but has not been adopted by City Council. The plan is in the process of being updated, and when the update is adopted, the TSP and relevant Tualatin Development Code (TDC) chapters will be amended as needed.

Tualatin Town Charter Chapter XI

Chapter XI of the Tualatin Town Charter prevents the transfer, sale, vacation or major change in use of city parks without a vote of Tualatin residents, preserves the natural beauty, ecological integrity and recreational value of the city's parks from in-compatible and non-park development, protects public park uses and purposes for which city parks are established, acquired, or dedicated, and prevents conversion of development of parks and parts thereof to non-park or incompatible uses. The charter requires voter approval for the following actions:

- Sell, lease, or otherwise transfer city park property
- Vacate or otherwise change the ownership or legal status of any city park, or part thereof, except easements for underground utilities and uses that do not cause or create a major change of use in the park or part of the park
- Cause, undertake, or allow any development or construction in a city park that changes the use of park or part of the park
- Construct, or allow to be constructed or expanded any street, road, parking lot or permanent
 above ground structure, including buildings, power lines, motor vehicle or utility bridges and
 power lines, other than streets, roads, parking lots or structures needed to serve the park's
 primary purposes, including park maintenance and operations. Below ground structures or
 buried utilities that limit above-ground park uses must also comply.

Urban and Rural Reserve Planning

Metro, Clackamas County, Multnomah County, and Washington County led a three-year process from 2008 to 2011 to determine urban and rural reserves for the Portland metropolitan area. Urban and rural reserves are lands currently outside the UGB that are either suitable for urbanization or protection as rural areas over the next 50 years. Designation as an urban or rural reserve does not change current zoning or permitted uses of the land. The Oregon Land Conservation and Development Commission gave final approval to the urban and rural reserves designated in Clackamas, Multnomah, and Washington counties in August 2011.

As shown in Figure 5, there are several adopted urban reserve areas that border Tualatin including Areas 4D, 4E, 4F, 4G, 5A, and 5F as well as a very small portion of rural reserve Area 5C near Sherwood. The urban reserves are significant to transportation system planning because of the potential they hold for urbanization in the next 50 years. However, these areas are not yet under Tualatin's jurisdiction and the TSP process is generally constrained to plan only for the area in the existing city limits and UGB, Consideration of the possible implications of urban reserve areas adjacent to Tualatin may only be treated in a very conceptual or theoretical manner for the purposes of the TSP update.

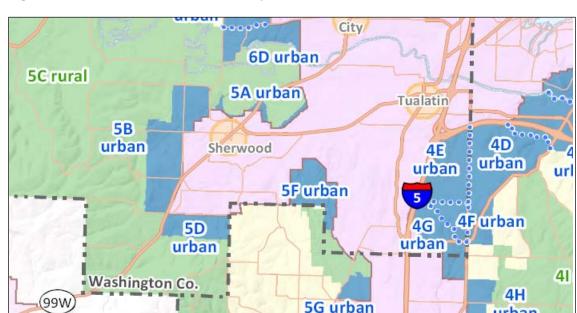


Figure 5. Urban Reserves in the vicinity of Tualatin

Basalt Creek Intergovernmental Agreement (June 2011)

The Basalt Creek Concept Plan Area refers to two areas (775 acres total) that Metro added to the UGB in 2004. The area is generally located between the Cities of Tualatin and Wilsonville, and was intended for industrial and residential uses. The Cities have entered into an agreement to collaborate on concept planning for the area. However, it has been determined that Washington County will lead a Basalt Creek Transportation Refinement Plan to address general transportation issues in southern Washington County before concept planning begins. The County also is planning to improve SW Boones Ferry Road from SW Norwood Road to SW Day Street within the Basalt Creek Concept Plan Area.

urban

The Tualatin City Council authorized an intergovernmental agreement (IGA) for concept planning the Basalt Creek Area in June 2011. The IGA does not obligate the Cities of Tualatin or Wilsonville to pay for the right-of-way acquisition or construction of the I-5/99W "Southern Arterial" that is conceptually designed and will pass through the Basalt Creek Concept Plan Area. However, the IGA does commit them to the planning and project management of the roadway system in the Basalt Creek Concept Plan Area.

Clackamas County Comprehensive Plan

The Comprehensive Plan for Clackamas County acts as a guide for future growth and development in unincorporated areas of the county, outside of city limits, through the formation of goals and policies that respond to current and future needs over a 20-year planning period. Goals and policies pertaining to land use and transportation are implemented through land use and development ordinances (see the next section in this Appendix). This document defines County land use designations, identifying where these land use designations will be applied, thereby providing the policy foundation for the County zoning map. County zoning has been incorporated into regional transportation models used to develop forecasts for the TSP.

Chapter 5 (Transportation) focuses on developing a transportation system that meets the needs of Clackamas County residents, while also considering regional and state needs at the same time. The plan addresses a balanced transportation system that includes automobile, bicycle, rail, transit, air, pedestrian and pipelines and reflects existing land use plans, policies and regulations that affect the transportation system. The Clackamas County TSP implements these goals and policies and provides a Capital Improvement Plan to address deficiencies. Recommendations that result from the City's TSP update, such as those pertaining to County facilities or to transportation-related coordination between the City and the County, may necessitate an update to the County's Comprehensive Plan so that both jurisdictions' policy documents are consistent with each other. The County is currently in the process of updating its TSP.

Clackamas County Zoning and Development Ordinance

The Zoning and Development Ordinance (ZDO) implements the goals and policies of the County Comprehensive Plan and provides methods of administration and enforcement of the provisions within the ordinance. Clackamas County zoning pertains to unincorporated areas of the county. In the City of Tualatin, the City of Tualatin's zoning would apply.

The ZDO also addresses transportation facilities, primarily in Section 1007 (Roads and Connectivity). The section includes provisions for connectivity, access management, and bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Section 1007.03.C provides references to intersection spacing and access control for new development on county roads. ZDO Section 1007.06 establishes standards for the design and location of pedestrian facilities including sidewalks, accessways, and pathways and for types of bicycle facilities including shoulder bikeways, bike lanes, and bike paths. ZDO Section 1007.009 establishes requirements for transportation facility concurrency.

Clackamas County Transportation System Plan (2001)

The Clackamas County Transportation System Plan is in the process of being updated. County staff shall provide information as is available and pertinent to the Tualatin TSP update.

Chapter 5 of the 2001 TSP is the transportation element of the Clackamas County Comprehensive Plan and is the County's adopted Transportation Systems Plan (TSP). Chapter 5 lists the County transportation polices, standards, and identified projects. It provides roadway classifications and design guidelines and identifies scenic roads, the planned bikeway network, planned pedestrian network, and urban freight routes. It focuses primarily on the County's responsibilities, although it recognizes that the State and various cities own and maintain roads within the county.

To the extent that the Tualatin TSP Update includes recommendations that pertain to County facilities, these recommendations need to be coordinated with the Clackamas County TSP Update

process that is currently underway in order to maintain consistency between the jurisdictions' long-range plans.

The Clackamas County TSP provides the following functional classification for roadways in Tualatin in Clackamas County:

Freeway

- I-5
- 1-205

Major Arterial

Boones Ferry Road

Minor Arterial

- Borland Road
- 65th Avenue

Collector

McEwan Road.

The Transportation System Plan 20 Year Projects (Urban) includes the following two projects on roads in Tualatin:

- Project #112 Childs Road, from Stafford Road to 65th Avenue, reconstruct and widen to 2-3 lanes
- Project #113 Borland Road, from 65th Avenue to Stafford Road, widen to four lanes with left-turn lanes.

Clackamas County Capital Improvement Plan

This plan is in the process of being updated and County staff will provide documents as they become available and are relevant to the Tualatin TSP Update.

Washington County Comprehensive Plan

Elements of the Washington County Comprehensive Plan that have bearing on the Tualatin TSP update process include the Unified Capital Improvements Program, which is comprised of the Transportation Capital Improvement Program and the Washington County 2020 Transportation Plan. These documents are discussed in the following sections of the Appendix.¹⁹

¹⁹ The Washington County Comprehensive Plan includes specific policies for a number of urban areas within the county through community plans that are individual components of the County Comprehensive Plan. The portion of Tualatin that is located in Washington County does not fall within one of the County's community plans.

Washington County Capital Improvement Program

The Washington County 2010-11 Adopted Budget was reviewed for Transportation Capital Projects. The only project that pertains to Tualatin is the I-5-99W Connector (MSTIP 3 – Ongoing).

Washington County 2020 Transportation Plan (2003)

The Washington County 2020 Transportation Plan is in the process of being updated; the following summary is of the currently adopted document. The Transportation Plan supports the adopted development patterns in the Community Plans, the Rural/Natural Resource Plan, and city Comprehensive Plans. The Transportation Plan also implements the applicable policies and strategies of the Community Plans and the Rural/Natural Resource Plan. The Transportation Plan addresses provisions of the RTP and TPR.

The Transportation Plan is a comprehensive analysis and identification of transportation needs associated with the development patterns described in the community plans and the Rural/Natural Resource Plan. It addresses the major roadway system (i.e., non-local roadways), transit, pedestrian and bicycle transportation issues and focuses on specific and system requirements. Existing and planned roads that are part of the major roadway system are classified in the Transportation Plan according to their existing or planned function, right-of-way, alignment, and dimensional standards. The local street system is designated in the community plans and the Rural/Natural Resource Plan.

To the extent that the Tualatin TSP Update includes recommendations that pertain to County facilities, these recommendations may need to be coordinated with the Washington County Transportation Plan Update process that is currently underway in order to maintain consistency between the jurisdictions' long-range plans.

The following roads in Tualatin are classified as freeways, arterials, and collectors in the Washington County TSP:

Freeway

- I-5
- I-205

Principal Arterial/Arterial

OR 99W

Arterial

- Boones Ferry Road
- Nyberg Road
- Tonguin Road
- Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 65th Avenue
- 124th Avenue extension (proposed Arterial)

Arterial/Collector

Sagert Road

Collector

Hazelbrook Road

- 115th Avenue
- 106th Avenue
- Teton Avenue
- Jurgens Avenue
- Tualatin Road
- Leveton Drive
- Herman Road
- 118th Avenue
- Myslony Street
- Cipole Road
- Avery Road
- 95th Avenue
- 105th Avenue
- Ibach Court
- Myslony/Avery connection (proposed Collector)
- Tualatin-Sherwood Road/OR 99W connection (proposed Collector)²⁰.

The following project is identified in the Washington County Transportation Plan in Tualatin:

• Project #80 - Tualatin-Sherwood Road, from OR 99W to Teton, widen to five lanes, estimated cost \$32 million, near term.

Next Steps

As strategies for addressing the City's transportation needs over the next 20 years are developed in upcoming tasks of this TSP update process, it will be necessary to coordinate and comply with the plans, policies, and regulations described in this Appendix. The policy framework created by the documents will be used throughout the TSP update process as a decision-making tool and will assist in developing any needed amendments to local planning documents and in making findings of compliance with adopted plans and regulations.

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²⁰ The existing adopted Washington County TSP dates back to 2003 and planning for the I-5/OR 99W Connector has since modified this proposed roadway project as part of its alternatives development process.

Appendix B Existing Conditions and Deficiencies

This Appendix describes the current (2012) transportation system in Tualatin, including existing conditions, opportunities, and deficiencies. The report evaluates the roadway network, public transportation routes and service, bicycle facilities, pedestrian facilities, rail facilities, airports, and pipelines within the project study area. It also describes general land use patterns and major activity centers that generate traffic. The information used to describe the existing system and identify deficiencies in this report came from the City of Tualatin, Washington and Clackamas Counties, the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Metro, and the consultant team through a site visit on October 12, 2011.

The information in this report served as the starting point for a discussion with the broader community about the current state of the transportation system in Tualatin. This information was used to help inform the project ideas and alternatives developed into Tualatin's Transportation System Plan (TSP).

1

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Study Area

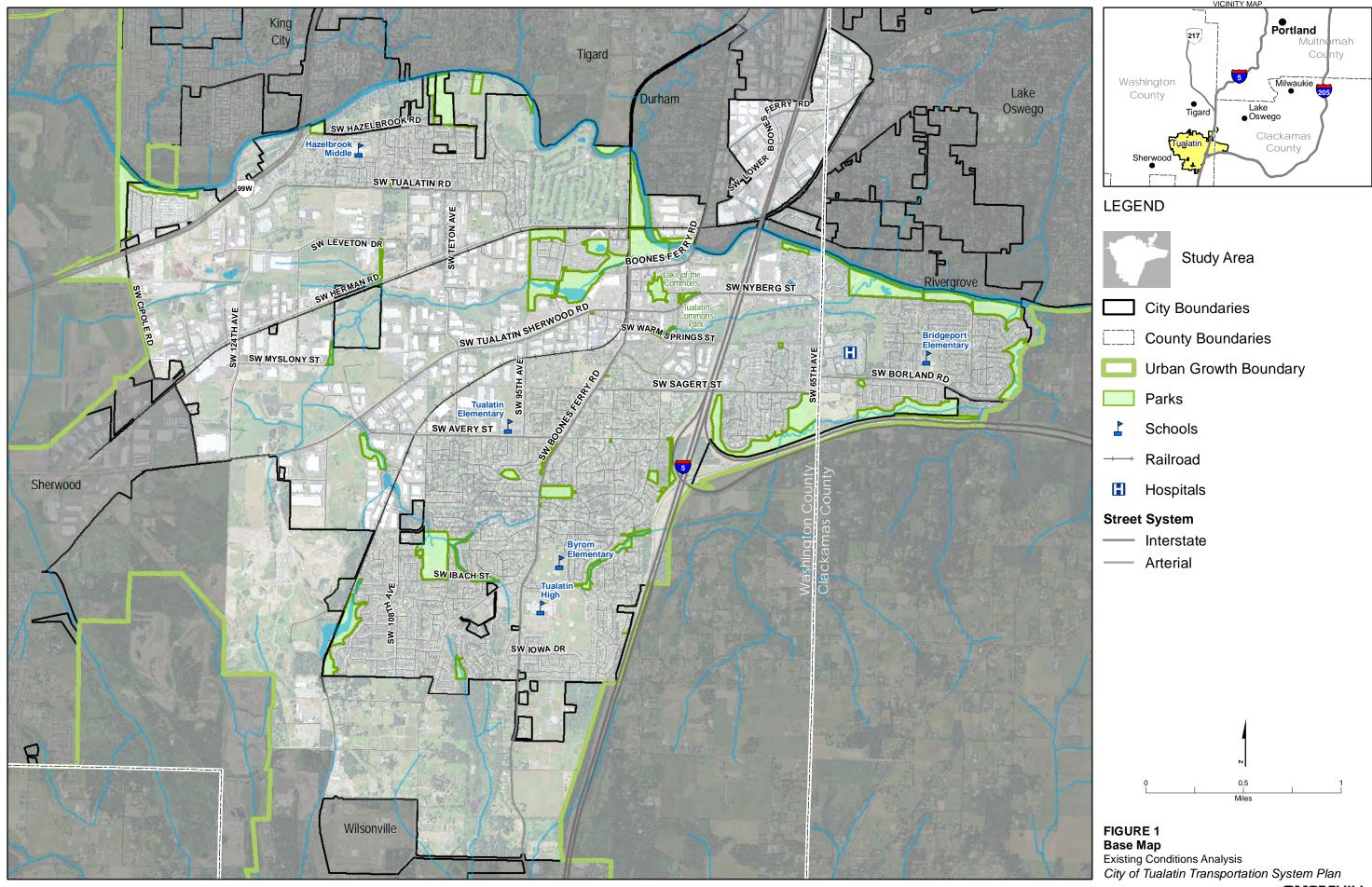
The City of Tualatin is located in the southwestern portion of the Portland Metro region, and according to the 2010 US Census has a population of 26,054 people. It is predominantly located within Washington County, though a small section of the City east of I-5 is located in Clackamas County. Figure 1 shows the study area in more detail.

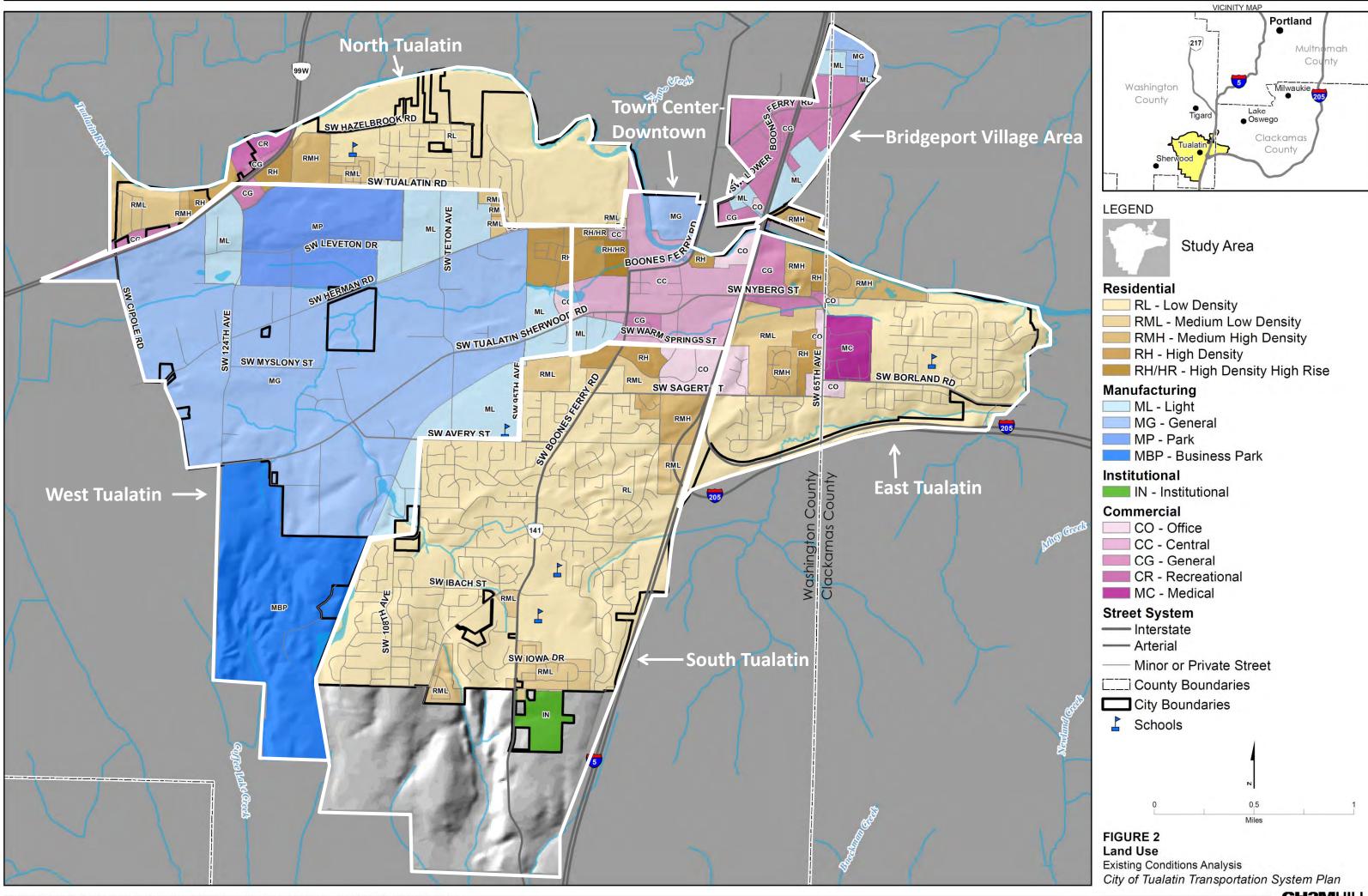
The study area for the Tualatin TSP is comprised of the Tualatin Planning Area Boundary, which includes portions of the Basalt Creek project between Tualatin and Wilsonville and the SW Concept Plan between the City of Sherwood and Tualatin. The Tualatin River is the north boundary of the City west of I-5, with SW Cipole Road and SW 124th Avenue to the west, and SW Helenius and SW Norwood Roads to the south. The eastern boundary follows the west side of I-5 until north of I-205. The City then extends east into Clackamas County east of SW 48th Avenue. The City also includes a section of the Bridgeport Village shopping center on either side of I-5 to approximately SW Rosewood Street in the northeastern quadrant of the City. In addition to the City limits at the edge, there are a handful of areas that are surrounded by the City but not officially incorporated.

Land Use

Introduction

This section provides a general overview of existing and allowed land uses in the City of Tualatin. It is intended to inform the team in identifying how current land uses affect transportation conditions. The City of Tualatin's Zoning and Comprehensive Plan are the same and are codified in the Tualatin Development Code (TDC). The TDC identifies types of development and land uses that are currently allowed within the City. Figure 2 shows land use designations within the City.





Existing Land Uses

This section provides a general overview of existing and allowed land uses within the City of Tualatin's planning area including the SW Concept Plan and the Basalt Creek Planning area. It is not intended to be comprehensive, but to inform the TSP team in identifying how current land uses affect current transportation conditions. The descriptions and areas below are based on distinct land uses and character within the City and are indicated on Figure 2.

Town Center - Downtown Tualatin

The Town Center Area including downtown Tualatin is centered around SW Nyberg Street west of I-5, bounded by I-5, SW Warm Springs Street, SW 90th Avenue, and SW Tualatin Road. The Town Center Area has the highest density residential areas within Tualatin, though the majority of the area is designated Central Commercial and includes Tualatin Commons and the surrounding businesses along SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Tonka Street, SW Nyberg Street, SW Boones Ferry Road, and SW Tualatin Road. The Tualatin Community Park is partially within the Town Center Area.

There are a number of shopping centers in the Town Center area, especially along SW Tualatin-Sherwood and SW Nyberg Roads. The businesses are predominantly car-oriented and have large parking lots with fast-food or casual dining restaurants adjacent to the main roadways. Other areas have groups of smaller retail and service-oriented businesses, specifically the area between SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Warm Springs Street and SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue. The Town Center area also has a couple of hotels, one in the Tualatin



Example of mixed use development in the Town Center area

Commons area and one further south on SW Warm Springs Street.

In addition to retail businesses, the Town Center area is also home to many City services including the Tualatin Library, Police Department, City Hall, City administrative offices, and Community Park. The central part of the Town Center area is comprised of the Tualatin Commons, which is oriented towards the lake at the center of the commons. The circular area is surrounded by mixed use development with ground floor retail and upper-story residential development (apartments and condos). There are a number of service and restaurant businesses in the Tualatin Commons, and festivals and community events are held in the Commons. It is the center of the community and provides a gathering place for residents.

North Tualatin

North Tualatin is located north of SW Tualatin Road and includes the section of Tualatin that is northwest of OR 99W. The majority of the area in North Tualatin is low-density residential, with a few areas of medium-high density and high density residential, especially near OR 99W. There are a few mobile home parks north of OR 99W adjacent to SW Pacific Drive and some higher-density residential neighborhoods. There are also a few pockets of recreational commercial and general commercial along OR 99W in North Tualatin. The Tualatin Country Club is located in North Tualatin, along with Jurgens Park and Hazelbrook Middle School.

The major through facility, OR 99W, brings regional traffic through this section of the City, though its location on the edge of town reduces the impact of the regional traffic on the local roads or neighborhoods.

Bridgeport Village Area

There is one section of the City north of the Tualatin River extending along I-5 and SW Bridgeport and SW Lower Boones Ferry Roads. On the west side of I-5 is Bridgeport Village, a lifestyle center providing shopping, dining, and entertainment located directly off of exit 290. With approximately 60 businesses located in Tualatin, it is a regional draw including most of the shopping center and additional businesses south of SW Bridgeport Road including a sporting goods store, jewelry store, and grocery store. Parts of the center are located in both Tualatin and Tigard. This area is also bordered by Lake Oswego and Durham. In Tualatin, this area is designated general commercial. On the east side of I-5 is additional general commercial and some light manufacturing and general manufacturing which

includes a shipping distribution center, a few bakery supply businesses, storage, and vehicle repair businesses. There is also a small section of mediumhigh density residential just east of I-5 and north of the river.

The three study area intersections in this part of Tualatin had the two highest traffic volumes during the traffic count period (I-5 northbound ramps and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road, and I-5 southbound ramps and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road), and the third (SW 72nd Avenue and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road) is in the top third of study area intersections for traffic volumes. Much of the traffic is traveling east-west on SW Bridgeport and SW Lower Boones Ferry Roads to or from the highway, in the afternoon rush hour. Many vehicles are exiting northbound I-5 and turning left towards the shopping center on SW Bridgeport Road. At the I-5 southbound ramps, the traffic counts are very similar – most vehicles are heading either east or west bound, with about the same number of vehicles exiting the highway and turning east or westbound onto SW Lower Boones Ferry Road. The



Detail of the Bridgeport Village Area (Tualatin City limits in orange) Map Source: Bing Maps

intersection directly adjacent to Bridgeport Village, SW 72nd Avenue/SW Bridgeport Road/SW Lower Boones Ferry Road is a better indicator of afternoon rush hour associated with Bridgeport Village. The majority of vehicles turn off of SW 72nd Avenue towards the I-5 interchange, while similar numbers of westbound vehicles pass through the intersection, and turn left and right towards the shopping areas. This part of Tualatin has one of the four I-5 under- or overcrossings at SW Lower Boones Ferry Road near the shopping center.

The second I-5 interchange in the City is located here, and the roads serve shoppers coming to Bridgeport, but also carry freight for the commercial and manufacturing businesses. There are few local roads - most of the transportation network in this part of Tualatin serves the commercial or manufacturing businesses or provides direct access to the I-5 interchange.

East Tualatin

The eastern segment of Tualatin that is east of I-5 also contains the only part of the City that is within Clackamas County. The County line is approximately SW 65th Avenue between Washington and Clackamas Counties. Eastern Tualatin is separated from the rest of the city by the highway, which presents a physical barrier between the eastern and western parts of the City. Two of the four under- or overpasses in Tualatin are located in East Tualatin: SW



Example of low density residential in East Tualatin

Nyberg Street near the Town Center area, SW Sagert Street just north of the I-5 and I-205 interchange. This section is also bounded to the south by I-205 and to the north by the Tualatin River.

East Tualatin is a mix of land uses: one of the largest employers in the City - Legacy Meridian Park Medical Center - is located in the area designated Medical Center. There are few areas of commercial office nearby, and a general commercial area east of I-5 on either side of SW Nyberg Road. In addition to these commercial/employment centers, there is some high and medium high density residential. The remainder of East Tualatin is low or medium-low density residential. Bridgeport Elementary School, Browns Ferry Park, Stoneridge Park, and Atfalati Park provide educational and recreational opportunities. The low-density residential areas are similar to the neighborhoods found in

southeastern Tualatin, but the high-density areas are characterized by multi-story condo and apartment style housing.

This area attracts a mix of traffic – the commercial, office, and medical center areas are regional attractors, and local residential traffic is more concentrated in areas with high density residential. Connections to the rest of the city are constrained by I-5, the river, and I -205, but there is a regional connection to the east via SW Borland Road.

South Tualatin

This area around SW Boones Ferry Road, between I-5 and SW 95th Avenue and SW 105th/108th Avenues and the railroad, and downtown Tualatin and the southern planning area limits, including the Basalt Creek Planning Area is mainly low to medium-low density residential with mostly single-family homes organized in cohesive neighborhoods. Many of the neighborhoods seem to have been developed or subdivided at the same time, and have similar house designs and consistent architecture. Two of the public schools are located in south Tualatin: Tualatin High School, and Byrom Elementary School. Parks in this area include Ibach Park, and Little Woodrose Natural Area, Lafky, Saarinen Wayside, and Koller Wetland parks. The street network is neighborhood-oriented with few through streets, and characterized by cul-de-sacs and curving,



Example of Manufacturing Building in West Tualatin

low volume and speed streets. Many of the neighborhoods were constructed recently and have sidewalks, curbs and gutters. There is also a private school campus located south of Norwood Road, which is zoned institutional. South Tualatin also has one of the four under or over-crossings of I-5 at Norwood Road.

The transportation system in this part of Tualatin is mainly to serve the neighborhoods; the local streets connect to the arterials to move traffic into and out of the residential areas. The neighborhoods are bicycle and pedestrian friendly in order to accommodate the recreational needs of the families that live in the adjacent houses. Except for the public schools, there are few services or jobs within walking or bicycling range.

West Tualatin

The area between OR 99/OR 99W, SW Tualatin Road and the limits of the SW Corridor planning area between Tualatin and Sherwood, and SW 95th Avenue and SW 105th/108thAvenues and the railroad, is designated manufacturing: Light, General, Park, or Business Park. There are some lumber companies, a national window manufacturer, landscaping, equipment and parts machining and a gravel business, among others in this area. The manufacturing designation is characterized by big parcels with large warehouse style buildings. Additionally, Tualatin Elementary School is located at SW 95th Avenue and SW Avery Street.

These land uses have specific transportation needs; manufacturing businesses are reliant on predictable and consistent deliveries for raw materials and finished goods, making freight accessibility and predictability important. Roads in western Tualatin such as SW Herman Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW 124th Avenue, and OR 99W carry more freight and larger vehicles than other areas within the City. Additionally, the workforce in manufacturing is employed in shifts, and many of the workers leave and arrive in a short time frame, potentially contributing to congestion during shift change times. Due to the large parcels and long distances, the manufacturing land uses are not very pedestrian friendly, though the major roadways do have bicycle lanes.

Demographics

According to the 2005-2009 American Community Survey, the City of Tualatin is fairly similar to the Portland Metro area in terms of household and family size, and in general the population is more likely to have a high school or college degree than the metro area. The median household and family income is also slightly higher than the Portland area and the poverty level of both households and individuals is slightly lower. There are also more children under 18 and fewer adults over 65 in Tualatin when compared to the rest of the region.

Tualatin has a higher percentage of Spanish speakers and Hispanic or Latino residents compared to the Portland Metro area, with approximately 18 percent of the population self-identifying as Hispanic or Latino. A similar percentage of the population speaks Spanish, while approximately 10 percent of the population speaks Spanish with English spoken less than "very well". A higher number of residents within Tualatin rent their homes than own them when compared to the Metro area. Tualatin has grown quickly and attracted residents; approximately 72 percent of current residents moved to the City since 2000.

Commute Characteristics

Tualatin has more jobs in the City than there are workers to fill those jobs, and many of Tualatin residents work outside of the City. According to the 2010 three year ACS estimates, 25 percent of Tualatin residents identified themselves as working in Tualatin, while 75 percent identified as working outside of the City. Thirty-seven percent of workers in the Portland Metro area work in the City where they live, with 50 percent identifying themselves as working outside of where they live. These commute patterns mean that there are a large number of commuters that are both entering and leaving the city at both the morning and evening peak times. As discussed above in the West Tualatin section, many of the manufacturing jobs tend to be scheduled around shifts, creating demand for roadways near these areas.

The City is home major to companies including Kershaw Knives, Columbia River Knife and Tool, and Novellus Systems, which designs and manufactures equipment for use in semiconductors. The City's largest employer is Legacy Meridian Park Hospital, followed by the United Parcel Service (UPS) and Precision Wire Components. These employers are scattered throughout the City, and are not located in one consolidated employment center. Table 1 lists the top five employers according to number of employees.

TABLE 1
Top Five Employers in Tualatin

Business Name	Number of Employees	Type of Business
Legacy Meridian Park Hospital	823	Hospital
Novellus Systems, Inc.	650	Manufacturer
United Parcel Service (UPS)	512	Delivery Service
Precision Wire Components	457	Manufacturer
Huntair	360	Manufacturer

Source: City of Tualatin business license information. March 2011 Active Business List

According to the 2010 US Census American Community Survey (ACS) three year estimates, Tualatin is home to approximately 14,800 non-military employees in the labor force, with a 10.3 percent unemployment rate. Workers 16 and older predominantly drive to work alone (77.6 percent), with smaller percentages carpooling (7.4 percent), using public transit (4.2 percent), walking (2.9 percent), bicycling (0.4 percent), or working at home (6.1 percent). Travel time to work for Tualatin residents varies across the working population. Table 2 below shows the estimated percentage of workers based on their travel time to work. It should be noted that these travel times are self-reported, and may be based on perception rather than actual travel time.

TABLE 2
Travel Time to Work

Travel Time to Work for Tualatin Residents	City of Tualatin Percent	Portland Metro Area Percent
Less than 10 minutes	23%	12%
10 to 14 minutes	16%	14
15 to 19 minutes	14%	15
20 to 24 minutes	13%	17
25 to 29 minutes	7%	7
30 to 34 minutes	12	15
35 to 44 minutes	7%	7
45 to 59 minutes	4%	7
60 or more minutes	5%	6

Source: US Census American Community Survey 3 year estimates. Accessed 11/17/2011.

Roadway System, Geometry and Conditions

Introduction

This section describes the current roadway network within the study area, including functional classification, ownership, geometric conditions (including alignment, cross section, and vertical curves), and freight designation. Sections were developed based on information provided from the City's GIS database as well as ODOT's statewide database.

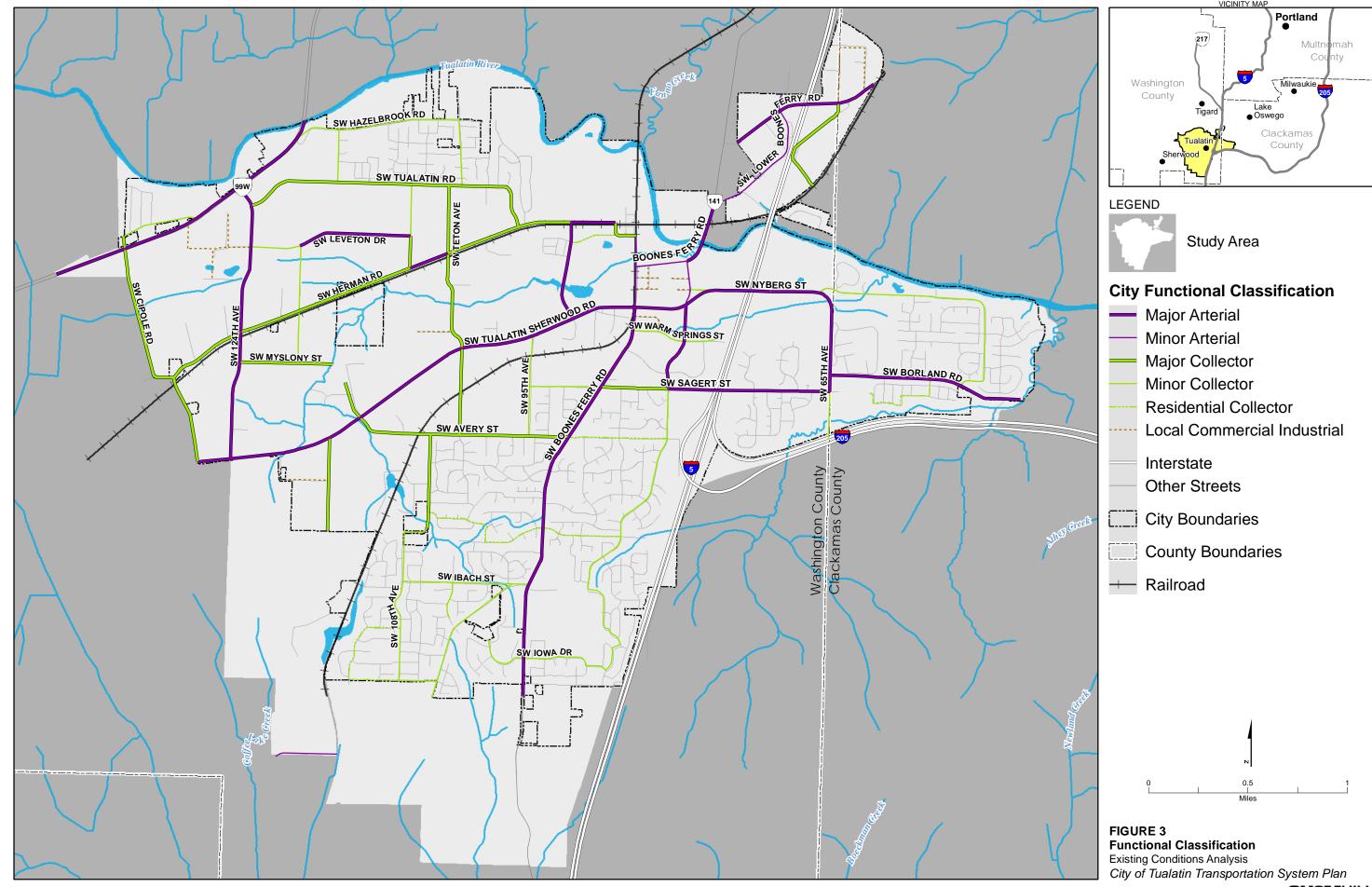
Roadway Classification

Functional classification identifies how a roadway is intended to operate within the overall transportation system and defines the character of service it provides. In addition, functional classification defines standards for roadway and right-of-way width, access spacing and pedestrian and bicycle facilities. The City of Tualatin has established a functional classification system for the roadways owned by the City. Table 3 identifies the existing classifications as described in the current City of Tualatin TSP. Functional classifications assessed as part of this TSP include major and minor arterials, and major, minor, and residential collectors, local roadways, and freeways. Figure 3 shows the roadway classifications in the City of Tualatin.

TABLE 3
City of Tualatin Functional Classification Description

Functional Classification	Description
Freeway	Primary function is to carry high levels of regional vehicular traffic and public transit at high speeds; full access control with access limited to interchanges and street crossings with grade separations; widely spaced access points; serves motorized vehicle traffic only; contains a median.
Major Arterial - (Ei) - (Eb&t)	Primary function is to serve both local and through traffic as it enters and leaves the urban area; connects the minor arterial and collector street system to freeways and expressways; provides access to other cities and communities; serves major traffic movements; access control through medians and/or channelization; restricted on-street parking; sidewalks and bicycle facilities required; may allow a right-turn pocket if warranted; will be used by public transit.
Minor Arterial - (Db&t) - (Db&t – Downtown)	Primary function is to serve local and through traffic between neighborhoods and to community and regional facilities; distributes traffic from major arterials to collectors and local streets, higher degree of access than major arterials; trip lengths, traffic volumes, and speeds are lower than on major arterials; sidewalks and bicycle lanes required; likely to be used by public transit.
Major Collector - (Cb&t)	Primary function is to serve local traffic between neighborhoods and community facilities, principal carrier between arterials and local streets; provides some degree of access to adjacent properties, while maintaining circulation and mobility for all users; carries lower traffic volumes at slower speeds than arterials; typically has two to three lanes; may contain some on-street parking; pedestrian and bicycle facilities are required; may be used by public transit.
Minor Collector - (Cb&p) - (Cs&2p) - (Cs&p) - (Cs&p)	Primary function is to connect neighborhoods with major collector streets to facilitate movement of local traffic; has slower speeds to ensure community livability and safety for pedestrians and bicyclists; on-street pedestrian and bicycle facilities are required; bicycle facilities may be exclusive or street parking is prevalent; shared roadways depending on traffic volumes, speeds, and extent of bicycle travel; may be used by public transit.
Residential Collector - (Cr)	Provides primary routes into residential neighborhoods; carries higher volumes than local streets, but is not intended to serve through traffic; provides direct access to adjacent land uses; characterized by moderate roadway distances and slow speeds, serves passenger cars, public transit, pedestrians, and bicyclists; pedestrian facilities are required. Pickup and delivery by truck is allowed, but not through-truck movements.
Local Commercial Industrial - (B-CI)	Primary function is to provide direct truck, public transit, and vehicular access to commercial and industrial land uses; characterized by short to moderate roadway distances and slow speeds; offers a high level of accessibility; pedestrian facilities are required.
Local Street - (B-D) - (B)	Primary function is to provide direct access to adjacent land uses; characterized by short roadway distances, slow speeds, and low volumes; offers a high level of accessibility; serves passenger cars, pedestrians, and bicycles, but not trucks; may be used by public transit, pedestrian facilities are required.

Source: City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan 2001.



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Arterials

The primary function of arterial streets is to provide a high degree of vehicular mobility including accommodations for trucks; however, they may also serve a secondary role providing access to individual properties. Typically arterials serve longer and higher speed trips. The nature of arterial streets dictates that their designs typically limit property access and on-street parking to improve traffic capacity for through traffic. Arterial streets are used as primary bicycle, pedestrian, emergency response routes and transit routes.

There are two classifications of urban arterial streets within the City of Tualatin: major arterials and minor arterials. Major arterials serve trips entering and leaving the urban area, providing access to other cities and communities. Minor



Example of a major arterial: SW Boones Ferry Road at SW Ibach Street

arterials, however, serve local and through traffic between neighborhoods and within the community, and provide more local access than major arterials. Because major and minor arterials have similar functions, the designs of major and minor arterials are also usually similar, except freeways and expressways. While freeways and expressways are typically classified as major arterials, they have unique geometric criteria that control their design, and highly regulated access controls that limit access to adjacent land uses.

Typical major arterials within the city include: SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW 124th Avenue, and SW Boones Ferry Road from SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road south.

Typical minor arterials within the city include: SW Boones Ferry Road from SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road north, SW Martinazzi Avenue between SW Boones Ferry and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Roads, and SW Borland Road.

Collectors

The primary function of collector streets is to assemble traffic from the interior of an area and deliver it to the closest arterial street. Collectors provide for both mobility and access to property and are designed to balance both functions. They usually serve shorter trip lengths and have lower traffic volumes and speeds than arterial streets. Collector streets are also used as important emergency response routes and are frequently used as transit routes.

There are three classifications of collector streets: major collectors, minor collectors and residential collectors. The function of each collector type is progressively less mobility and more land use/access driven from major to residential.

Typical major collectors within the city include: SW Herman Road, SW 105th Avenue, and SW Avery Street.

Typical minor collectors within the city include: SW Ibach Street, SW Martinazzi Avenue south of SW Sagert Street, SW Hazelbrook Road

Typical residential collectors within the city include: SW Blake Street between SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue, SW Alsea Drive, and SW Sagert Street.



Example of a major collector: Avery Street

Ownership

Within the City of Tualatin there are roadways owned by four different agencies; the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Washington County, Clackamas County, and the City of Tualatin. Typically the higher classified roadways focused on vehicle mobility and throughput are owned by the other agencies such as ODOT, Clackamas County or Washington County. The lower classification arterials, collector streets, and local roadways are typically owned by the City of Tualatin. The breakdown of ownership is shown below.

ODOT

- I-5
- OR 99W (Pacific Highway)
- SW Nyberg Street (in the vicinity of the I-5 and Nyberg Street Interchange)
- SW Boones Ferry Road (between the Tualatin River Bridge and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road)
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road (OR 141, in the vicinity of the I-5/Lower Boones Ferry Road Interchange)

Washington County

Major Arterials

- SW 65th Avenue¹
- SW Bridgeport Road
- SW Nyberg Street (between SW Nyberg and SW Sagert Streets)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Minor Arterials

- SW 72nd Avenue
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road

Major Collectors

• SW Cipole Road

Minor Collectors

- SW 65th Avenue (south of SW Sagert Street)
- SW Grahams Ferry Road
- SW Pacific Drive

Clackamas County

- SW Borland Road
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road (within Clackamas County)

Maintenance Responsibility

Maintenance responsibility of the roadway infrastructure typically falls to the agency which has jurisdiction or ownership of that roadway. For example, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, although located within the City of Tualatin is owned and operated by Washington County and thus maintenance responsibility lies with the County. Some exceptions may occur where two agencies have entered in to a separate agreement for maintenance responsibility. This may be a case by case type agreement or wholesale through the City. The City maintains an agreement with Clackamas County where the City is responsible for all existing traffic control devices and for installing additional traffic control devices, except energized traffic signals, as necessary upon the County roads within City boundaries. There is also an agreement with Washington County that the City will maintain the storm drains on County roads located in the City. All other maintenance responsibilities lie with the owning agency for each roadway.

Freight or Truck Routes

Designated freight and truck routes exist within the project study area. State freight routes and federally designated truck routes that are part of the National Highway System (NHS) are described in the following sections. The City of

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¹ SW 65th Avenue is located on the border between Washington and Clackamas Counties, though Washington County maintains the roadway.

Tualatin has also designated certain roadway corridors as trucks routes. Typically these routes connect the commercial/industrial districts within the City to major arterials and ultimately OR 99W and I-5.

City of Tualatin Truck Routes

- I-5 (north to south City limits)
- OR 99W (west to north City limits)
- SW 124th Avenue (OR 99W to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road)
- SW Tualatin Road (SW 124th Avenue to SW Jurgens Avenue)
- SW Herman Road (SW Tualatin Road to SW Cipole Road)
- SW 108th Avenue (SW Tualatin Road to SW Herman Road)
- SW Teton Avenue (SW Tualatin Road to SW Avery Street)
- SW Cipole Road (OR 99W to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road)
- SW Boones Ferry Road (south City Limits to SW Lower Boones Ferry Road)
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road (SW Boones Ferry Road to the northeast City limits)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road (west City limits to the Nyberg Street Interchange)
- SW Avery Street (SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to SW 95th Avenue)
- SW 105th Avenue (SW Avery Street to SW Moratoc Drive)

State Designated Freight Route

- 15 (north to south City limits)
- OR 99W (west to north City limits)

Federally Designated Truck Routes

- 15 (north to south City limits)
- OR 99W (west to north City limits)

The difference between freight and truck routes is the agency that is authorized to make changes (mobility standards, construction, etc) to the routes. Federally designated freight routes need Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) approval while state routes need ODOT and/or local government approval. State freight routes have higher mobility standards than other state highways, but these mobility standards apply to freight routes only. The NHS truck routes also have certain standards, such as truck size, that must be met. In Tualatin, the state/federal freight routes generally correspond with the interstate highway system and the truck routes generally correspond with other major arterials within Tualatin. The City-designated truck routes are meant to connect local roadways within the City to State and federally designated freight and truck routes.

Existing Geometry vs. City Design Standards

A high level assessment compared the existing City of Tualatin roadway network against current design standards to identify deficiencies in the system. Roadways were checked for intersection skew angles, spacing and general conformance with the cross section standards including presence of parking, medians and sidewalks.

Existing intersections within the City of Tualatin system conform to this requirement. The standards identify a minimum interior angle of 75° with a preferred angle of 90°. In some cases, intersections with major arterials or collectors occur as slightly smaller angles, which could result in sight distance limitations and increased safety concerns. However, in most cases this occurs at wide intersections that are signalized where sight distance and trailer sweep are better accommodated.

In general, major arterials within the City match the current established design standards. One exception is SW Boones Ferry Road south of SW Warm Springs Street. Although identified as a major arterial in the City's current TSP, the roadway width and section more closely matches a major collector. Another example is portions of SW Herman Road that are identified as major arterial but are not yet improved to City standard and lack curb, sidewalk, etc.

In general the minor arterials within the City have been built out and meet the standards with the exception of overall width, which tends to be slightly narrower than the standard curb-to-curb width. Additionally SW Martinazzi Avenue lacks designated bicycle lanes between SW Sagert Road and SW Boones Ferry Road.

Major collectors within the City generally meet the design standards reviewed. There are some instances where there are no bike lanes on portions of SW Herman Road and SW Teton Avenue. Further, bike lanes are reduced or eliminated at most intersections due to left turn lanes. Curb-to-curb widths are generally less than the standard (14 feet) due to the reduction in median/center turn lane width.

Minor collectors within the City appear to vary the most from standard. In most cases the roadways lack either bike lanes, on street parking, or both. Some minor collectors are not striped at all, but still do not meet the standard because the overall curb-to-curb is narrower than the accepted width.

Residential collectors in the City generally meet the design standard curb-to-curb width. Residential collectors, like local streets, are typically not striped and therefore individually dedicated cross section elements are difficult to determine, however the overall width appears to generally meet standard.

Roadway Needs

Based on the review of existing roadway infrastructure against the standards listed above, Table 4 lists high level deficiencies identified in no particular order of priority:

TABLE 4
Previously Identified Deficiencies in Tualatin

Item No.	Roadway Segment or Intersection	Deficiency
1	SW Boones Ferry Road south of SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road	Roadway is listed as Eb&t major arterial to south city limits but is generally a 3-lane section.
2	SW Herman Road at SW Cipole Road	Intersection within a sharp curve on SW Cipole and is at close proximity to an unimproved railroad crossing. Bicycle and pedestrian are not accommodated.
3	SW Herman Road between SW 125 th Avenue and SW Cipole Road	Section is 2-lane unimproved with no curbs, sidewalks or bike lanes. Shoulders are extremely narrow.
4	SW Herman Road between SW Teton Avenue to SW Tualatin Road	Section is 2-lane unimproved with no curbs, sidewalks or bike lanes but is listed at Eb&t in current plan. Shoulders are extremely narrow.
5	SW 105 th Avenue to SW Blake Street to SW 108 th Avenue, south of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	This segment of roadway is unimproved 2-lane roadway with sharp curvature and no accommodations for bicycles or pedestrians.
6	SW Borland Road	Roadway is listed as Eb&t major arterial to south city limits but is generally a 3-lane section from SW 65 th Avenue east of SW Wilke Road, and then a 2-lane section east to the City limits.
7	SW 65 th Avenue	Roadway is listed as Eb&t major arterial to south city limits between SW Nyberg and SW Sagert Streets but is a 3-lane section.
8	OR 99W	Designated as an arterial, but the cross-section is not consistent with arterial design standards.
9	SW Grahams Ferry Road between Sitka and Ibach	This segment of roadway is unimproved 2-lane roadway has no accommodations for bicycles or pedestrians.
10	SW Sagert Street	Roadway is listed as a Eb&t major arterial between SW Martinazzi and SW 65 th Avenues but is a 2-lane section.

Source: Site visit observations and city-provided Geographic Information System (GIS) data

In addition to the above deficiencies, there is also limited connectivity on some of the local neighborhood streets, especially in neighborhoods that are adjacent to land that has not yet been developed.

A listing of streets and the standards assessed including commentary is included in Attachment A for reference.

Traffic Operations

This section describes the motor vehicle environment and operations at key intersections within Tualatin. Areas covered in this section include data collection techniques, intersection operations, travel times on key corridors, and safety analysis.

Data Collection

The project team collected traffic volume counts for 30 study intersections in October 2011 on weekdays during the morning (7am-9am) and afternoon (4pm-6pm) peak periods. In addition, the team took 24-hour counts at 11 locations on key roadways in Tualatin. In addition to intersection and daily volume profiles, the project team collected corridor data related to travel times and speeds during the pm peak period.

Daily Traffic Volumes

Daily traffic volume counts help demonstrate overall travel behavior trends in Tualatin. Table 5 provides bidirectional motor vehicle volumes for each of the 11 locations where 24-hour counts were taken. The team identified the time period with the highest overall bi-directional demand as well. All counts were taken in October 2011 unless noted otherwise.

TABLE 5

Daily Motor Vehicle Traffic Volumes

No.	Roadway	Count Location	Daily Volume	Peak Hour
1	SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	West of SW 124 th Avenue	26,600	4pm-5pm
2	SW Nyberg Road*	West of SW 65 th Avenue	21,700	5pm-6pm
3	SW Boones Ferry Road	North of SW Ibach Street	16,100	4pm-5pm
4	SW Tualatin Road	East of SW 90 th Avenue	14,600	4pm-5pm
5	SW Boones Ferry Road	North of SW Sagert Street	14,300	5pm-6pm
6	SW Lower Boones Ferry Road*	East of SW Childs Road	13,700	5pm-6pm
7	SW Tualatin Road	West of SW 109 th Avenue	10,700	5pm-6pm
8	SW Borland Street	East of SW 60 th Avenue	10,500	5pm-6pm
9	SW Boones Ferry Road	South of SW Ibach Street	10,400	4pm-5pm
10	SW Bridgeport Road*	West of SW Hazel Fern Road	10,000	12pm-1pm
11	SW Herman Road	West of SW 108 th Avenue	7,200	4pm-5pm

SOURCE: Count data collected in October 2011 by All Traffic Data unless noted otherwise.

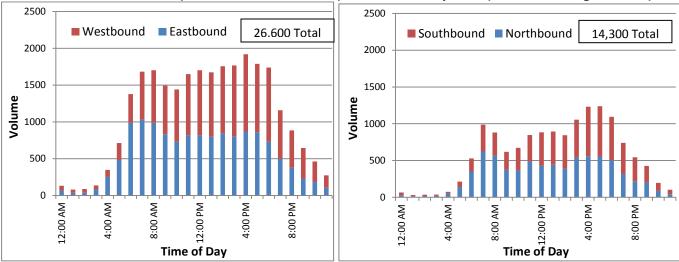
The daily traffic volumes illustrate the relative use of Tualatin's roadways by autos and trucks at various locations within the city. The peak hour demonstrates when during the day there is the highest use of the roads. SW Tualatin-Sherwood and SW Nyberg Roads have the highest traffic volumes, with over 20,000 vehicles per day. The SW Tualatin Road and SW Boones Ferry Road corridors have10,000 motor vehicles daily at multiple locations.

On most roadways, traffic volumes peak during the morning and afternoon commute periods, with the
highest overall volumes occurring between 4pm to 6pm. This profile is known as a "commuter profile" and is
representative of most roadways in Tualatin. However, some roadways have a more consistent hourly
demand, with a less dramatic increase in demand during the AM and PM peak commute periods. These

^{*}Count taken in May 2010 (SW Bridgeport Road & SW Nyberg Road) or March 2010 (SW Lower Boones Ferry Road) by Quality Counts.

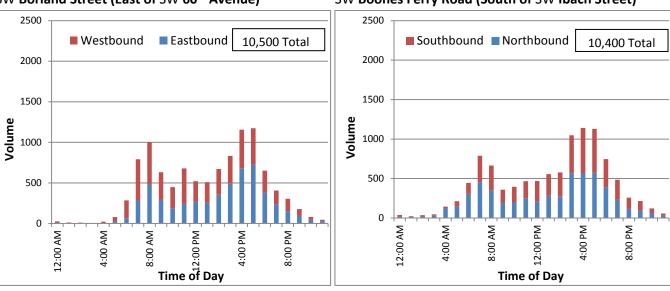
roadways tend to have more truck traffic, retail trips, or school trips. Figure 4 shows a sample of 24-hour volume profiles for various geographic locations around the city.

SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road (West of SW 124th Avenue) SW Boones Ferry Road (North of SW Sagert Street)



SW Borland Street (East of SW 60th Avenue)

SW Boones Ferry Road (South of SW Ibach Street)



SW Tualatin Road (West of SW 109th Avenue) SW Bridgeport Road (West of SW Hazelfern Road) 2500 2500 ■ Westbound ■ Eastbound ■ Westbound Eastbound 10,000 Total 10,700 Total 2000 2000 1500 1500 **Nolume** 1000 Volume 1000 500 500 0 Md 05.21 Time of Day 4:00 AM 4:00 AM 8:00 AM 4:00 PM 8:00 PM 12:00 AM 8:00 PM 8:00 AM 12:00 PM 4:00 PM 12:00 AM Time of Day

Figure 4: 24-Hour Volume Profiles

Areas with predominantly retail or commercial land uses may experience more traffic during the mid-day. An example of this is SW Bridgeport Road near the Bridgeport Village shopping center, which has a relatively consistent volume profile with peak demand occurring between 12 pm and 1pm.

While SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road has peak periods in line with the commuter profile, the difference between peak and off-peak travel is relatively small, due in part to the high percentage of heavy vehicles (trucks with three or more axles) and trucks. From 8am to 3pm, heavy vehicles make up 15 percent of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road traffic volume, compared to 8 percent during the pm peak period (4pm to 6pm). Table 6 identifies the percentage of heavy vehicles from four 24-hour classification counts performed for the TSP Update. These percentages are higher than an average road in the Portland Metro area which typically has 2-4 percent heavy vehicles.

TABLE 6
Heavy Vehicle Percentage of Daily Motor Vehicle Traffic

Roadway	Count Location	Heavy Vehicle Percentage
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	West of SW 124 th Avenue	11.5%
SW Boones Ferry Road	South of SW Ibach Street	8.4%
SW Lower Boones Ferry Road*	East of SW Childs Road	5.4%
SW Nyberg Road*	West of SW 65 th Avenue	5.2%

SOURCE: Count data collected in October 2011 by All Traffic Data unless noted otherwise.

Intersection Operations

While daily traffic volumes analyses are useful in understanding the general nature of traffic and travel behavior, traffic volume alone does not indicate the street network's ability to carry additional traffic, nor the congestion and delay travelers experience. To create a more complete picture of traffic operations, the project team uses performance measures for intersections based on traffic volumes, control (such as traffic signal, four-way stop, etc.), and roadway geometry.

Performance Measures

Level of service (LOS) and volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratios are two commonly used measures of performance for intersection operations. The measures reflect related yet distinct elements of intersection operations:

- Level of service (LOS): A "report card" rating (A through F) based on the average delay experienced by vehicles at the intersection. LOS A, B, and C indicate conditions where traffic moves without significant delays over periods of peak hour travel demand. LOS D and E are progressively worse operating conditions. LOS F represents conditions where average vehicle delay has become excessive and demand has exceeded capacity. This condition is typically evident in long queues and delays.
- Volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio: This measure is a range from 0.0 to 1.0 and represents how full an intersection is with vehicles. The ratio is similar to a percentage, for example, if a glass of water were 75 percent full, it would have a V/C ratio of 0.75. A lower ratio indicates smooth operations and minimal delays. As the ratio approaches 1.00, congestion increases and performance is reduced.

Design Hour Traffic Volumes

Intersection turn movement traffic counts collected during the am and pm peak periods represent raw data. The Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) Transportation Planning and Analysis Unit (TPAU) outlines procedures to take raw data and convert it to represent the 30th highest vehicle hour data. This allows the project team to convert raw data collected at any time during the year to represent data that would be similar to the 30th busiest motor vehicle traffic day of the year for analysis. This does not represent the worst possible traffic day of the year, but represents conditions where the traffic congestion would be better on approximately 80 percent of days.

To convert the raw data to the 30th highest hour, the project team adjusts the raw counts by using a seasonal factor determined by the TPAU Analysis Procedures Manual (APM). The conversion factors are based on the time of year and the type of typical travel. For intersections within the City of Tualatin the project team used a "commuter"

^{*}Count taken in May 2010 (SW Nyberg Road) or March 2010 (SW Lower Boones Ferry Road) by Quality Counts.

seasonal adjustment factor of 1.03 for October traffic counts². This adjustment factor is supported by automatic traffic recorder data available for similar roadways in the Portland Metro area³.

In addition to the seasonal factor adjustment, the project team makes balancing adjustments to match volumes between closely spaced intersections and to reflect a consistent overall peak hour for the study area. As a result of these combined adjustments the project team identifies a design hour volume for both the am and pm peak hour.

Jurisdictional Operating Standards

Intersections within the City of Tualatin fall along the jurisdictions previously identified in the Roadway Geometry section of this memo. Each jurisdiction has a distinct set of operating standards depending on the area or type of facility. The City of Tualatin uses a level-of-service standard that is based on the average delay calculated at intersections. The City has decided to use Metro's Regional Transportation Plan Level of Service standards for the Transportation System Planning process.

ODOT and Washington County's standards are based on a volume-to-capacity (V/C) ratio. The V/C ratio uses the most constrained movements at the intersection to calculate the overall intersection V/C ratio. Table 7 outlines the operating standards that will be used for existing and future intersection operations by jurisdiction.

TABLE 7
Intersection Operating Standards by Jurisdiction and Facility

Jurisdiction	Facility	Standard
City of Tualatia	Town Center*	LOS F for peak hour
City of Tualatin	rown center	LOS E for ½ hour before and after peak hour
	All Other August	LOS D (signalized)
	All Other Areas*	LOS E (unsignalized)
Machington County	General Urban Area	0.99 (first hour)
Washington County	General Orban Area	0.90 (second hour)
	Town Center	0.99 (first hour and second hours)
	Rural Area	0.90 (first and second hours)
ODOT	General Metro Area	0.99 (peak hour)
	Town Center Area	1.10 (peak hour)
	Freeway Ramp Terminals	0.99 (peak hour)
	OR 99W**	0.99 (peak hour)

SOURCE

City of Tualatin 2001 Transportation System Plan and Development Code Washington County Transportation System Plan, November 2003, Table 5. 1999 Oregon Highway Plan, Table 7, Policy 1F Revisions: Adopted December 21, 2011

- * A volume-to-capacity ratio greater than 1.00 should also be considered to be below the minimum standard, regardless of level of service.
- ** Oregon 99W is specified as an "area of special concern" between I-5 and SW 124th Avenue, and has a 0.95 minimum acceptable V/C standard. Elsewhere the standard for OR 99W is 0.99 V/C ratio.

Operational Results

The project team analyzed study area intersections using the most current version of the *Highway Capacity Manual (2010)* which uses both the average intersection delay (converted to LOS) and critical V/C ratio calculations. Intersection traffic operations are evaluated using identified design hour (30th highest hour) traffic volumes. Table 8 identifies the am and pm LOS and V/C for each study intersection, as well as the applicable jurisdictional standard for minimum performance.

 $^{^{2}}$ Based on the ODOT 2011 Seasonal Trend Table, printed 10/27/2011.

³ Similar roadways, with urbanized commuter characteristics, with available automatic traffic recorder data available in Portland Metro included: OR 224 near Johnson Road, TV Highway in Hillsboro, and US 26 through the Vista Ridge Tunnel.

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Two of the thirty study intersections fail to meet performance standards. The intersections that do not meet performance standards are SW Teton Avenue at SW Tualatin Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue at SW Sagert Street. SW Teton Avenue is stop-controlled; while through traffic on SW Tualatin Road is not stopped. This is an intersection under city jurisdiction with the performance standard of LOS E. During the pm peak hour, the northbound left turn operates at LOS F. The intersection of SW Martinazzi Avenue at SW Sagert Street is an all-way stop controlled intersection. During the AM peak hour, northbound traffic operates at LOS F, while during the PM peak hour, southbound traffic operates at LOS F.

TABLE 8
AM and PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations

Manual Los V/C Los V/C Los V/C Los V/C Los V/C Los V/C Los Los Los Los Los Los V/C Los Los V/C Los L	Intersection	Minimum Jurisdiction		AM	AM	PM	PM
W 124th Ave & Hwy 99W W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd W 24th Ave & SW Nyberg Rd DODT D 99 D 0.79 D 0.79 D 0.99 D 0.99 D 0.90 D 0.91 D 0.99 D 0.		Jurisaiction	Standard	LOS	V/C	LOS	V/C
W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D A 0.64 B 0.66 W 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.48 C 0.53 W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.81 C 0.90 W Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.73 B 0.71 W Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 S B Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W Sta	<u>Signalized</u>						
W 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.48 C 0.53 W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.81 C 0.90 W Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.73 B 0.71 W Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.90 D 0.94 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C <td< td=""><td>SW 124th Ave & Hwy 99W</td><td>ODOT</td><td>0.99</td><td>С</td><td>0.80</td><td>С</td><td>0.69</td></td<>	SW 124th Ave & Hwy 99W	ODOT	0.99	С	0.80	С	0.69
W 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.81 C 0.90 W Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.73 B 0.71 W Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 C 0.60 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Byberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C	SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	А	0.64	В	0.66
W Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.73 B 0.71 W Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 C 0.60 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.94 S SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 S NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 U	SW 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.48	С	0.53
W Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 C 0.60 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.94 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd <td>SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd</td> <td>Wash. Co.</td> <td>0.99</td> <td>В</td> <td>0.81</td> <td>С</td> <td>0.90</td>	SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.81	С	0.90
W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 C 0.60 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.94 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	SW Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.73	В	0.71
W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 D 0.93 D 0.93 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.94 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 S SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.79	D	0.79
W Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.90 D 0.94 5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W 2nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 2nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT	SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.78	С	0.60
5 S B Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 D 0.79 D 0.79 5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	D	0.93
5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.71 B 0.68 W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.90	D	0.94
W 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.78 D 0.93 W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.889 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 S SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 S NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	l-5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.79	D	0.79
W Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.76 C 0.65 W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Isach St	I-5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.71	В	0.68
W Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd Tualatin D C 0.89 B 0.59 W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 W Martinazzi	SW 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.78	D	0.93
W 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd Tualatin D B 0.84 B 0.75 W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F <t< td=""><td>SW Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd</td><td>Tualatin</td><td>D</td><td>С</td><td>0.76</td><td>С</td><td>0.65</td></t<>	SW Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.76	С	0.65
W Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 A 0.48 B 0.62 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd Wash. Co 0.99 D 0.92 D 0.89 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.72 C 0.76 W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.55 B 0.70 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	SW Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.89	В	0.59
W Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.84	В	0.75
W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.70 M-way Stop-control W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55	SW Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	Α	0.48	В	0.62
W 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd Wash. Co 0.99 C 0.51 C 0.66 5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.53 C 0.75 5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	D	0.92	D	0.89
S SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.72	С	0.76
5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd ODOT 0.99 B 0.54 B 0.74 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 Il-way Stop-control W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	SW 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	С	0.51	С	0.66
W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.70 C 0.87 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 Ill-way Stop-control W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	I-5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.53	С	0.75
W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St Wash. Co. 0.99 C 0.71 C 0.75 W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 III-way Stop-control W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St* 4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	I-5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.54	В	0.74
W Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St Wash. Co. 0.99 B 0.75 B 0.70 Ill-way Stop-control W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.70	С	0.87
W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.71	С	0.75
W Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E B 0.42 B 0.55 W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St*4 Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.75	В	0.70
W Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St* ⁴ Tualatin E F 0.93 F 0.95	All-way Stop-control						
	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	В	0.42	В	0.55
W Teton Ave & SW Avery St* Tualatin E D 0.41 C 0.40	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St* ⁴	Tualatin	E	F	0.93	F	0.95
	SW Teton Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	D	0.41	С	0.40

⁴ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the three lanes (one dedicated to each movement) are combined into two: throughright and through-left lanes. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

TUALATINTSPEXISTINGCONDITIONS_FINALDOCUMENT.DOCX

TABLE 8

AM and PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations

Intersection	to out a alto actions	Minimum	AM	AM	PM	PM
	Jurisdiction	Standard	LOS	V/C	LOS	V/C
SW 65th Ave & SW Sagert St* ⁵	Wash. Co.	0.99	F	0.98	F	0.98
Minor Street Stop-control*						
SW 105th Ave & SW Avery St	Tualatin	E	D	0.45	С	0.28
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	Е	D	0.43	F	0.98

SOURCE: Count data collected by All Traffic Data on October 18th (Tuesday) or October 19th (Wednesday) 2011

BOLD and highlighted dark grey text indicates meet minimum performance standard is not met

Travel Times and Speeds

The project team selected four corridors within Tualatin to gather travel time data during the PM peak period. These travel time corridors were selected on roadways that help connect through and to downtown Tualatin. The corridors selected were SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Nyberg Road/65th Avenue/Borland Road (from SW Cipole Road to SW Prosperity Park Road), SW Boones Ferry Road (from SW Durham Road to SW Norwood Road), SW Tualatin Road (from 99W to SW Boones Ferry Road), and the connection of SW Avery Street and SW Martinazzi Road (from SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to SW Boones Ferry Road). The project team collected travel times and the average speed along the corridors. Table 9 summarizes the overall travel time results for each corridor, while Figure 5 illustrates individual pieces of each corridor at a smaller scale.

TABLE 9
Existing (2011) PM Peak Period (4pm-6pm) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Distance	Posted Speed	Average Speed	Average Travel Time
SW Tualatin- Sherwood	SW Cipole Road	SW Prosperity Park Road	4.6 miles	35/45mph	22 mph	12min 32 sec
Rd/Nyberg Rd/SW 65 th Ave/Borland Rd	SW Prosperity Park Road	SW Cipole Road	4.6 miles	35/45mph	10 mph	28 min 32 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	SW Durham Road	SW Norwood Road	3.7 miles	30/35mph	20 mph	10 min 25 sec
	SW Norwood Road	SW Durham Road	3.7 miles	30/35mph	18 mph	11 min 31 sec
SW Avery/ SW Martinazzi	SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	SW Boones Ferry Road	2.5 miles	25/35mph	16 mph	8 min 58sec
	SW Boones Ferry Road	SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	2.5 miles	25/35mph	15 mph	9 min 14 sec
SW Tualatin Road	Hwy 99W	SW Boones Ferry Road	2.4 miles	35mph	24 mph	5 min 52 sec
	SW Boones Ferry Road	Hwy 99W	2.4 miles	35mph	24 mph	5 min 59 sec

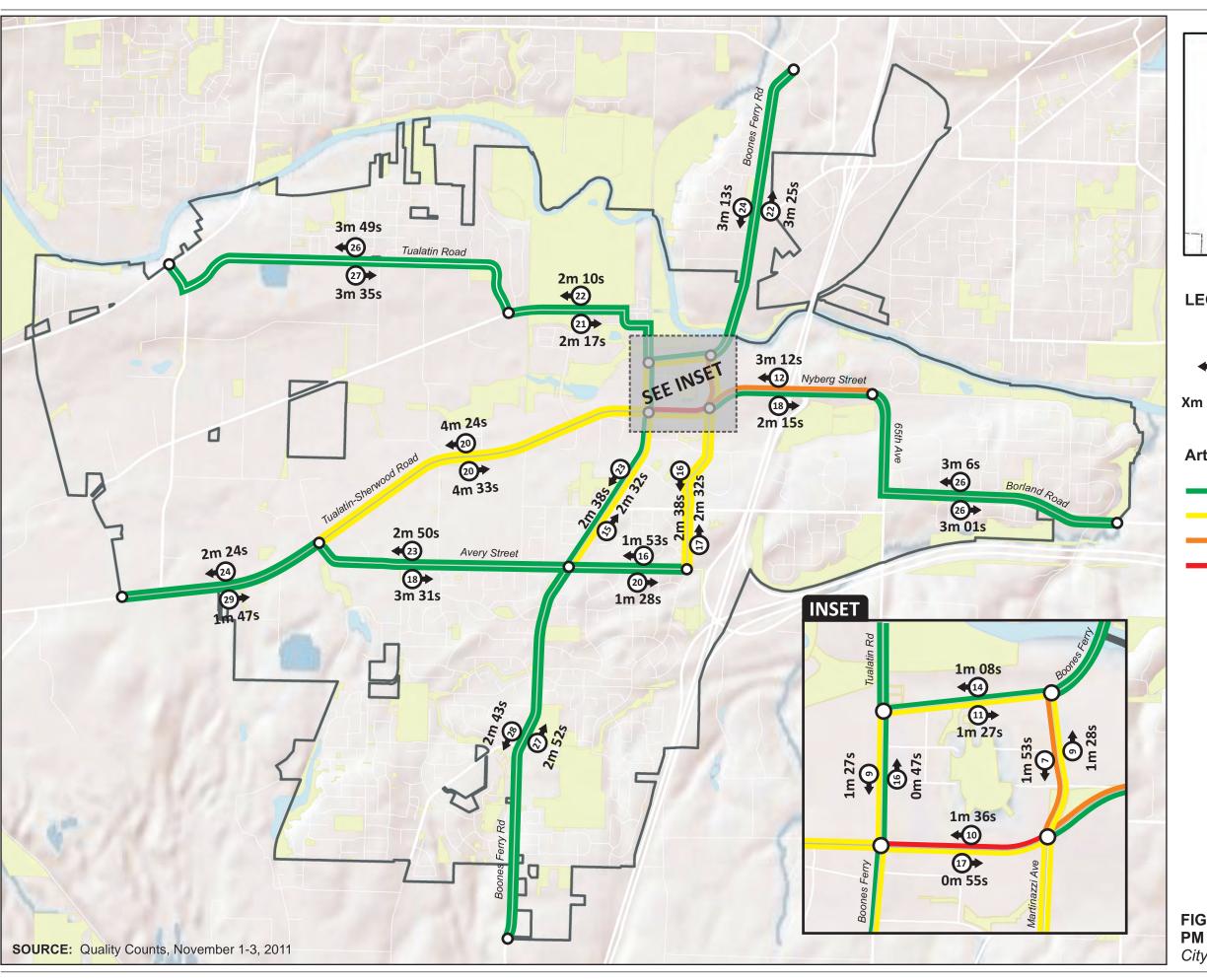
SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011

The travel time runs along the corridors help identify congested areas on major roadways beyond signalized intersections. Based on the travel time runs, a level-of-service for the roadways can be calculated from the travel speed. To best serve travel with reliable travel times on a corridor, it is best to have corridors at a level-of-service D or better during peak travel times. This indicates a minor level of congestion on a corridor. When LOS for a corridor

^{*}LOS and V/C reported for highest delay movement.

⁵ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the dedicated southbound left turn lane and through lane are combined, due to the relatively small volume on the left turn movement. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

starts to reach levels of E and F it is an indication that the corridor (as well as the intersections typically) is reaching saturated conditions and users will frequently be going slow, or waiting through multiple signal cycles to get through the intersection.





LEGEND

- O Travel Time Checkpoint
- Average Directional Speed (mph)

Xm XXs - Average Directional Travel Time (min/sec)

Arterial Level-of-Service (LOS)

- LOS A through C
- LOS D
- LOS E
- LOS F

FIGURE 5
PM Peak Period Travel Time Survey Results
City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan

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Results from the travel time runs indicate that SW Tualatin Road, major portions of SW Boones Ferry Road, and the combination of SW Avery Street/ SW Martinazzi Road tend to operate at a LOS D or better during the PM peak period. SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road typically has delays near the I-5 interchange area, and westbound from the downtown core. In addition, the downtown area where all four corridors surveyed interact with one another typically has some level of congestion.

Roadway Needs

Needs and deficiencies identified for the roadway system in the City of Tualatin are summarized below:

- Improved Roadway connectivity new roadway connections should be constructed to improve east-west connectivity south of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and north-south connectivity between SW Boones Ferry Road and OR 99W, as well as across the Tualatin River. Metro RTP policies related to a complete street system identify one-mile spacing between major arterial streets, with collector streets or minor arterials spaced a half-mile apart.
- Improved travel time along congested corridors SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, SW Nyberg Street, SW 65th Avenue, Boones Ferry Road, Martinazzi Avenue, and I-5 are some key corridors that experience significant congestion.
- Intersection improvements- at the SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin Road to address the peak period demand for vehicles turning from SW Teton Avenue.
- **Upgrading roadway geometries** City design standards for roadway width, sidewalks, and bicycle facilities should be followed where specific deficiencies have been identified (see Table 4).

Safety

Safety Analysis

The project team evaluated the crash history for the City of Tualatin for the three year period of January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2010⁶. In addition, the team reviewed Safety Priority Indexing System (SPIS) data, which is the ranking system for collision locations based on crash rates and severity, from Washington County and ODOT to determine if any SPIS intersections were within the City of Tualatin. Key findings from the crash data analysis are summarized below and Figure 6 shows all collision data.

- Over the three year time frame, one fatality occurred when a driver lost control, crashing into a tree and fence, while traveling on Grahams Ferry Road near SW Sitka Court. Two other fatalities occurred on I-5.
- Half of all collisions resulted in injury while the other half resulted in property damage only (PDO).
- The majority of the crashes were intersection or congestion related. These included rear-end (58 percent) and turn movement (24 percent) type crashes. In the case of rear-end crashes, the cause was often cited as "following too close". The cause for turn movement type crashes were most often cited as being "failure to yield" or "disregarding a traffic signal".
- The number of reported crashes coincides with the daily changes in traffic volume, with peaks during the morning and evening commute hours, particularly between 7:00-8:00 a.m. and from 3:00-4:00 p.m.
- The majority (64 percent) of crashes occurred under clear, dry and daylight conditions.
- The majority (61 percent) of crashes occurred on (or at intersections on) Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Nyberg Road, and Boones Ferry Road.

In addition to the intersection collisions, Figure 7 shows the average annual crashes per mile for the major through streets and average number of crashes per year for each of the major intersections. This figure also identifies the

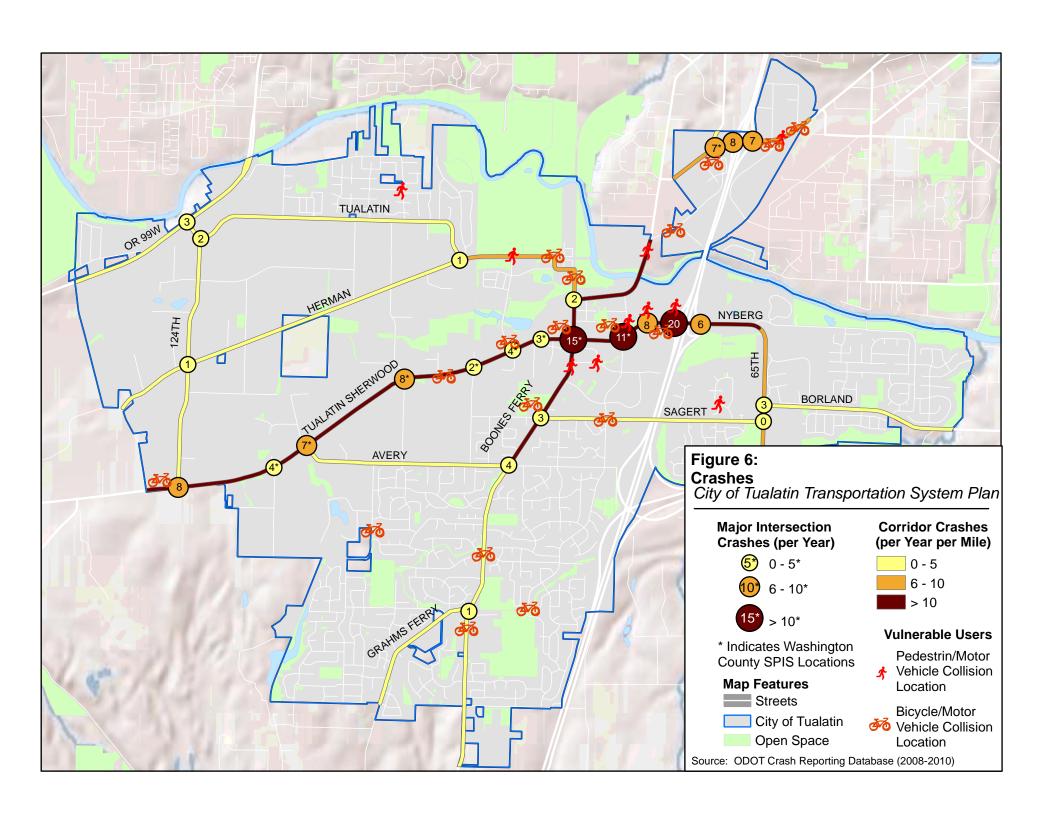
⁶ Source: Oregon Department of Transportation Crash Reporting Database, received October 2011. TUALATINTSPEXISTINGCONDITIONS_FINALDOCUMENT.DOCX

locations of all of bicycle or pedestrian crashes during the study time frame. Many of these crashes occurred along the busy major streets.

Both Washington County and ODOT rank their high accident SPIS locations based on an indexing formula that identifies potentially hazardous locations. The index is based on frequency (total number of crashes), rate (frequency compared to traffic volumes), and severity. Within the City of Tualatin there are three locations that rank within the top 50 SPIS sites in Washington County: SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/ SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/ SW Martinazzi Avenue, and SW Bridgeport Road/ SW 72nd Avenue. Eight other intersections are included in Washington County's list of top 262 SPIS sites. ODOT has identified five SPIS locations within the City: SPIS locations for both ODOT and Washington County are illustrated in Figure 7.

Intersection Analysis

The project team calculated intersection crash rates for the arterial to arterial intersections and for Washington County SPIS intersections. Table 10 below shows the results of the crash rate analysis. An intersection crash rate is a measure of the frequency of crashes compared to the total motor vehicle traffic volume (this measures exposure to the crash risk). The rate is measured in crashes per one million entering vehicles. Typically rates of 1.0 crashes per million entering vehicles are considered higher than normal and the intersection becomes a candidate for additional investigation.



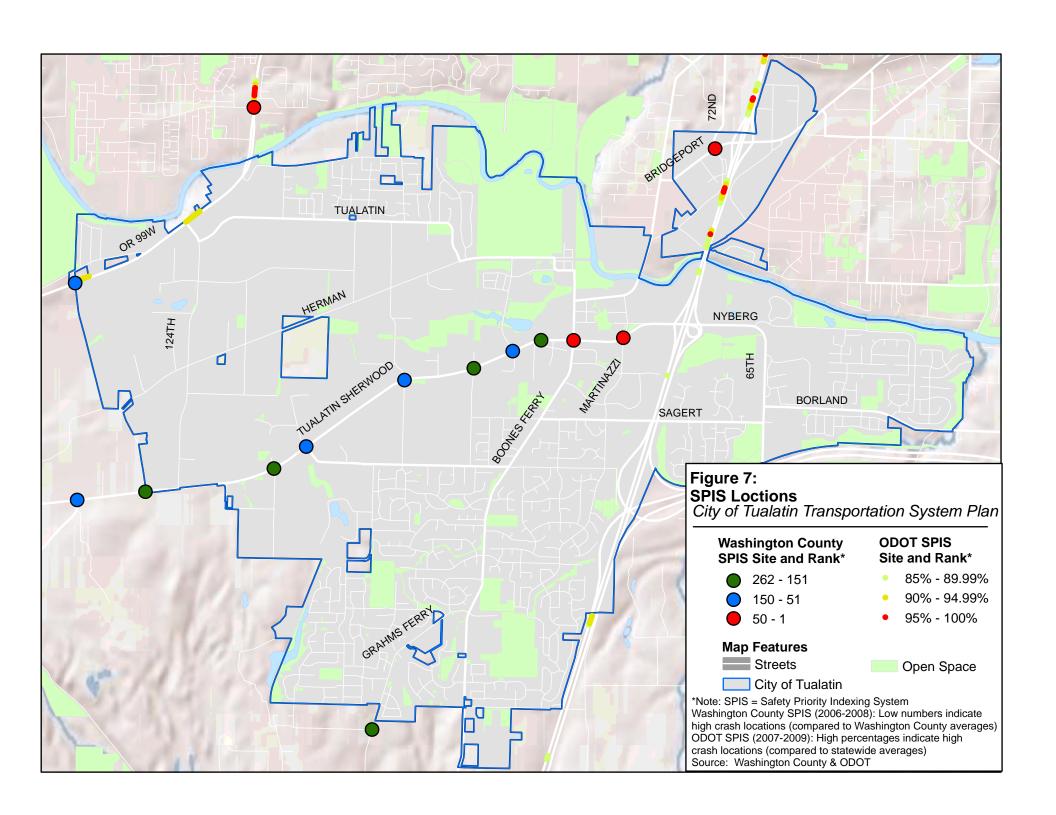


TABLE 10

Intersection Crash Rates between January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2010

Intersection Crash Rates between January 1, 2008 and Intersection	Crashes	Annual Average Daily Traffic	Crash Rate	Washington County SPIS Site? 7
		Daily Trainic	(Crashes per million entering vehicles)	Site.
Hwy 99W/SW SW 124 th Ave	9	30500	0.27	
SW Herman Rd/SW 124 th Ave	3	11250	0.24	
SW Tualatin Rd/SW 124 th Ave	6	16750	0.33	
SW Bridgeport Rd/SW 72nd Ave/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	21	39400	0.49	Yes
SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd/I-5SB	24	47500	0.46	
SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd/I-5NB	21	47750	0.40	
SW Tualatin Rd/SW Boones Ferry Rd	6	25700	0.21	
SW Avery St/SW Boones Ferry Rd	12	21000	0.52	
SW Sagert St/SW Boones Ferry Rd	9	19350	0.42	
SW Nyberg St/I-5SB	58	45550	1.16	
SW Nyberg St/I-5NB	18	31900	0.52	
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW Boones Ferry Rd	50	39650	1.15	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/ SW Avery St/SW 112 th Ave	21	21350	0.90	Yes
SW Tualatin Rd/SW Herman Rd	3	19300	0.14	
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 89th Ave	9	26900	0.31	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 90th Ave	12	27050	0.41	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 95th Ave	6	21430	0.26	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW Teton Ave	24	26500	0.83	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 115 th Ave	12	24600	0.45	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 124 th Ave	20	22200	0.82	
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW Martinazzi Ave	33	41650	0.72	Yes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW Nyberg St	24	44700	0.49	
SW 65th Ave/SW Sagert St	0	16250	0.00	
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Ibach St	3	19400	0.14	
SW 65th Ave/SW Borland Rd	9	21300	0.39	

Source: ODOT, October 2011

Bold text indicates intersections with a crash rate over 1.0

High Crash Locations

Within the City of Tualatin, there were two locations (SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/ SW Boones Ferry Rd and SW Nyberg St/ I-5 SB) where the crash rate exceeded 1.0 crashes per million entering vehicles. The project team investigated both of these intersections further to identify potential patterns.

⁷ SPIS sites represent the top 50% SPIS-rated Washington County intersections that experienced at least three total crashes, one severe crash, or a fatality over the three-year period. Latest available SPIS rankings are based on 2006-2008 data.

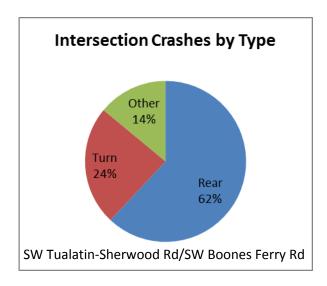
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SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW Boones Ferry Rd

Between 2008 and 2010, 50 crashes were recorded at the intersection of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/SW Boones Ferry Road, which has an average annual crash rate of 1.15 crashes per million entering vehicles. No fatalities were recorded at this location, less than one-half of the crashes (46 percent) resulted in injury, and the remainder of the crashes were recorded as property damage only.

Further analysis revealed that the majority of the crashes were either rear-end or turn movement related. This type of crash pattern is typically seen at congested signalized intersections where vehicles are likely to be stopped or moving slowly due to the traffic signal. The primary cause for the rear-end type crashes was recorded as following too close. The cause for the turn movement crashes was indicated as being a result of not yielding the right of way. Both of these causes are symptoms of



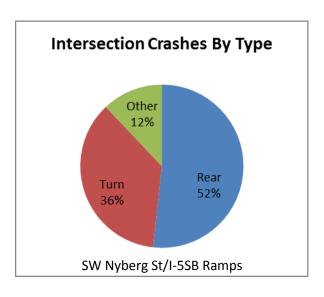
congested conditions as well as impatient, aggressive, or inattentive drivers.

There was one bike crash reported at this intersection over the three year analysis time period. The crash occurred during clear daylight hours and was caused by a norhtbound right turning motorist. Driver innattetion may have been a contribution factor in this crash, which resulted in injury to the bicyclist.

SW Nyberg St/I-5 SB Ramps

At the intersection of SW Nyberg Street/I-5 Southbound Ramps, 58 crashes were recorded between 2008 and 2010. The average annual crash rate at this intersection was 1.16 crashes per million entering vehicles. No fatalities were recorded at this location and one-half of the crashes (50 percent) resulted in either an injury or a property damage only crash.

Further analysis revealed that the majority of the crashes were either rear-end or turn movement type crashes. Similar to the intersection of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/SW Boones Ferry Road, congestion at this signalized intersection may contribute to crashes. The proportion of turn movement crashes to rear end high crashes at this location is higher than the intersection of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road/SW Boones Ferry Road, which was to be expected, given the higher proportion of turning vehicles to vehicles traveling straight through the intersection.



Over the three year time period, there were two bike crashes and one pedestrian crash recorded at this intersection, each resulting in injury to the bicyclist or pedestrian. All three of these crashes occurred during dark conditions by southbound right turning vehicles. Illumination levels and/or driver innattetion at the intersection may have contributed to these crashes. Conflicts may result when southbound right-turning vehicles attempt to turn on red while westbound through travelers (incuding bicyclists) attempt to stay in the far right travel lane where the additional (third) westbound through lane is added west of the intersections.

Safety Needs

Needs and deficiencies identified for the safe travel through the City of Tualatin are identified based on analysis of available crash data. SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Nyberg Street have the highest crash rates per mile and include the intersections with the highest reported intersection crash rates and SPIS rankings (based on crash severity, rate, and frequency) in the city. Safety improvements along the SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Nyberg Street corridor are needed, particularly along the segment between Boones Ferry Road and the

I-5/Nyberg Road interchange. Specific improvements should be considered to improve conflicts between motor vehicles and pedestrians or bicycles, particularly for southbound right turning vehicles at the intersection of SW Nyberg Street/I-5 Southbound Ramps. A second segment with safety concerns is the SW Lower Boones Ferry Road interchange including Bridgeport Village. Crashes along these corridors appear to be the symptoms of congested conditions and impatient, aggressive, or inattentive drivers.

Bicycle

Introduction

This section describes the current bicycle network and usage at key intersections within Tualatin, and covers existing shared roadways, shoulder bikeways, bike lanes, multi-use paths, and facility conditions. Bicycling is an inexpensive and important mode of transportation that provides health benefits and reduces stress. When considering bicycle connections it is important to focus on shorter trips, typically trips less than three miles in length, and to consider key destinations, such as schools, services, and commercial areas.

Bicycle Facilities and Amenities

Bicyclists use a variety of facilities within the City of Tualatin. These are briefly described below.

• **Bike Lanes:** Bike lanes are portions of the roadway that are striped and stenciled specifically for bicycle travel. The typical width of bike lanes is 5 feet, but when the road is narrow, lanes can be as narrow as 4 feet. Buffered bike lanes, with an additional two-foot width, are striped to create a painted buffer area between motor vehicle traffic and bike lanes. Bike lanes are most appropriate on higher volume and speed streets to separate travel modes. Bike lanes comprise a substantial portion of the bicycle facilities in Tualatin. The city defers bike lane width standards to the most recent AASHTO Guide for the Development of Bicycle Facilities and the Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan. Standards include a 4



Example of a bike lane on SW Martinazzi Avenue

foot minimum on a roadway with no curb and gutter, and 5 foot minimum when adjacent to parking or a curb.



Example of a signed shared roadway

- Shared Roadway: Shared roadways are roads where bicyclists and motorists share the same travel lane. The most suitable roadways for shared bicycle use are low speed (25mph or less) and low traffic volumes (3,000 vehicles per day or fewer) roads. Shared roadways are often signed, and are designated bicycle routes, providing links to other bicycle facilities (e.g. bicycle lanes) or designating a preferred route through a community. Shared roadways can also include signs that highlight specific information such as travel time or distance to popular destinations. There are a number of shared roadways in Tualatin, but they are primarily in the southern residential area of the city.
- Multi-use Paths: A multi-use path is an off-street

route that is shared with bicycles, pedestrians, and other non-motorized users. Paths are typically recreationally focused, but can also serve as a commuting corridor. These paths are meant to provide a lower stress environment than a roadway for users by separating motor vehicles and bicyclists. The multi-use paths in Tualatin are located primarily to the north next to the Tualatin River and public parks.

 Cycle Track: While not currently found in the City of Tualatin, a cycle track provides a separate facility for



Example of a multi-use path in Tualatin Community Park

bicycles, and is physically separated (usually raised or lowered) from both pedestrians and motor vehicles.

Other bicycle amenities besides those described above can provide an inviting environment to help encourage riders to use the existing bicycle facilities, including areas to store/secure bicycles at destinations. Bike parking and storage is typically provided in either a bicycle rack or a storage locker.

Existing Facilities

In general, the bicycle network in the City of Tualatin consists of on-street bike lanes ranging in width from 4 to 6 feet. Buffered bike lanes have been striped along Tualatin-Sherwood Road between Sherwood and the SW Teton Avenue intersection. There are a number of shared roadway facilities, usually on lower volume streets within and around residential neighborhoods. Multi-use paths are found near parks and schools, and are mostly in the north portion of the city along the Tualatin River. Figure 8 shows the existing bike network by facility type, including planned facilities. Additionally, data from Metro includes areas that are labeled "Caution areas" which include streets with narrow lanes, high traffic, and/or sharp curves.

Much of the City has bicycle facilities. However, there are a few gaps in the system. Many of these gaps have been identified as a planned improvement; the following list includes planned facilities where applicable:

Gaps with Planned Facilities

- SW Herman Road from SW Teton Avenue approximately 1,000 to the east (planned)
- SW Norwood Road from SW Boones Ferry Road to SW 84th Avenue (planned)
- SW Ibach Court from SW Boones Ferry Road to SW Martinazzi Ave (planned)
- Tualatin River Greenway Trail:
 - o From SW 84th Avenue to just east of SW 65th Avenue (planned)
 - o From SW 55th Avenue to approximately SW Canal Road (planned)
 - o From SW Boones Ferry Road to SW Cheyenne Way (planned)
 - West of SW Cheyenne Way to eastern City boundary some segments built (planned)
- Interstate 5 multi-use path:
 - From SW Boones Ferry Road to SW Avery Street (planned)
 - From SW 80th Avenue to SW Norwood Road (planned)

Gaps without planned facilities

- SW 95th Avenue from SW Sagert Street north to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- SW 112th Avenue from cul-de-sac end north to SW Myslony Street
- SW Blake Street from SW 105th Avenue to SW 108th Avenue
- SW Martinazzi Avenue from SW Warm Springs Street to SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Wilke Road from SW Borland Road to SW 50th Avenue
- SW 80th Avenue from SW Avery Lane to I-5 multi-use path
- SW Grahams Ferry Road south of SW Ibach Road to southern City boundary

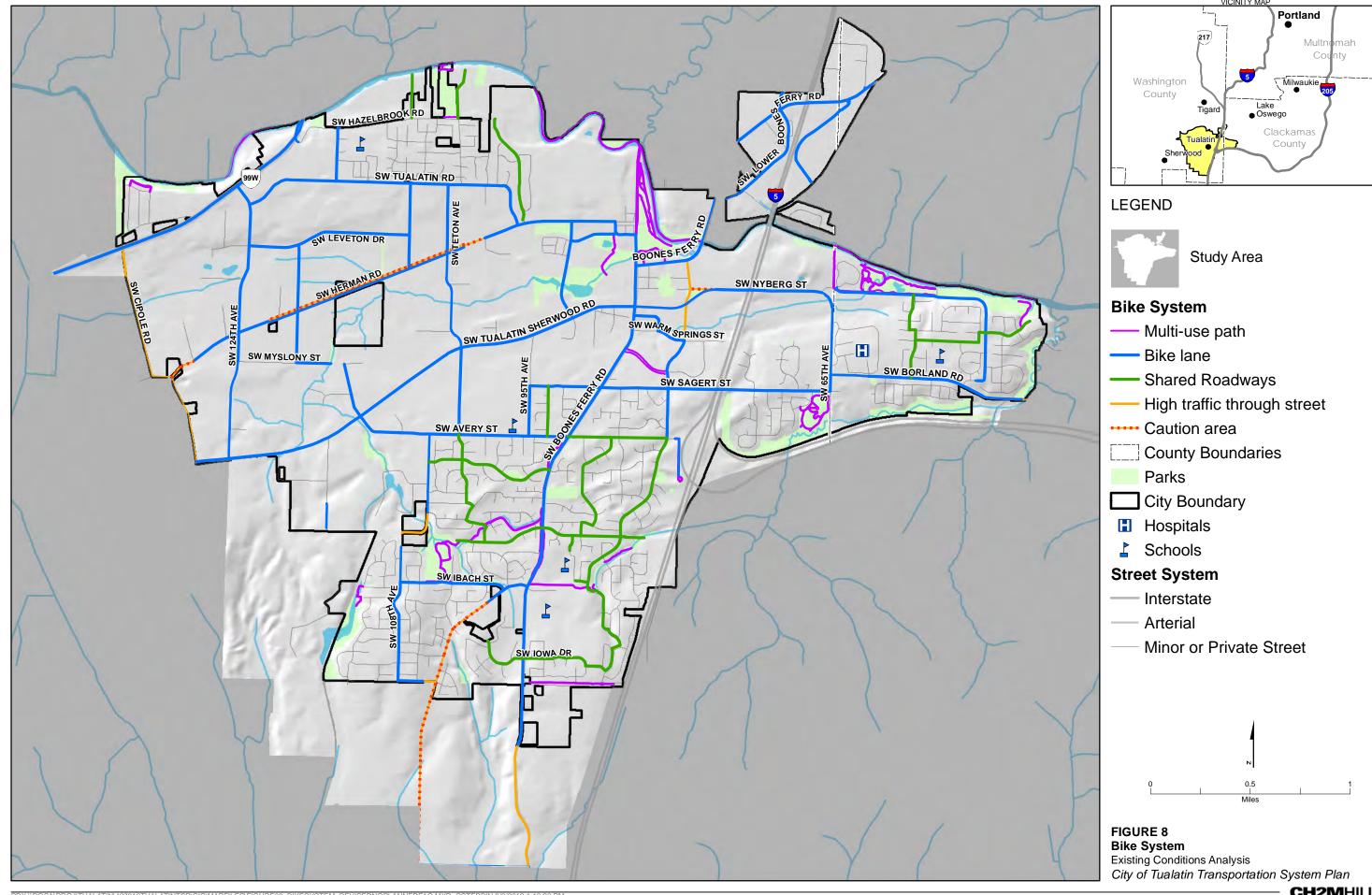
Many of the gaps with no planned facilities are less than ¼ mile in total distance.

High Bicycle Activity Locations

The study team collected activity data at 30 intersections during both the morning (7am-9am) and afternoon (4pm-6pm) rush hour on a typical weekday. These activity data included bicycle counts, indicating intersections with high bicycle volumes. The counts were taken on Wednesday October 19, 2011 when temperatures were between 50 and 60 degrees, with no precipitation. These conditions would reflect typical weather for the area and should not have depressed bicycle demand relative to a typical day over the course of the year, though volumes could be significantly higher during the summer.

The data indicated that both the morning and afternoon rush hours have fewer than ten bicycles traveling through any one intersection during the corresponding peak hours. Of the top ten intersections with bicycle activity, five of

those were along the Tualatin-Sherwood corridor connection to the I-5 interchange at SW Nyberg Street. Table 11 provides a list of the top ten intersections and the bicycle count.



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TABLE 11
Top Bicycle Activity Intersections by Morning and Afternoon Peak Hours

Intersection	AM Peak Hour	PM Peak Hour	Total Activity
SW Martinazzi Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	5	5	10
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	4	5	9
SW 65th Ave/SW Borland Rd	6	2	8
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	3	5	8
SW Teton Ave/SW Avery St	3	5	8
I-5 SB Ramps/SW Nyberg St	2	5	7
I-5 NB Ramps/SW Nyberg St	2	5	7
SW Boones Ferry Rd/SW Avery St	2	5	7
SW 124th Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	3	3	6
SW Teton Ave/SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	3	3	6

SOURCE: Count data collected by All Traffic Data on October 18th (Tuesday) 2011

In addition to the count data collected at study area intersections, bicycle usage along sections of the multi-use path on the Tualatin River Greenway Trail was previously collected as part of the *Intertwine Trail Use Snapshot*. This report reviewed multi-use trail users at three locations; two were in the City of Tualatin. The following are some of the relevant bicycle user findings.

The multi-use trail has approximately 150 daily users, with slightly higher use on the weekends. Annually, approximately 55,350 bicyclists use the multi-use trail. Almost two-thirds of bicyclists are male (65 percent). Bicycle use makes up 16 percent of the overall use of the trail system. The trail is used primarily for pleasure/ exercise (80 percent of respondents), while the other 20 percent use the trail for going to/from school or work. Users typically access the trail by biking or walking (83 percent), but 17 percent of users access it by car.

Bike Needs

The City of Tualatin enjoys a robust bicycle network with minor gaps (less than ¼ mile in general). Needs and gaps within this system are summarized below:

- Difficult left turn maneuvers Along wider roadways that have bike lanes (four lanes or wider) it is difficult
 to traverse from the bike lane on the right to make a left turn at intersections. Many riders choose to
 dismount their bicycle and use the sidewalk system to cross the street via a crosswalk. A few current
 examples of this occurrence are the intersections of SW Martinazzi Avenue/SW Nyberg Street and SW Lower
 Boones Ferry Road/SW 72nd Avenue/SW Bridgeport Road.
- Constrained environment At some locations the bike lanes narrow to four feet on roadways with high vehicle volumes making it a less desirable environment for cyclists. This occurs in areas like SW Lower Boones Ferry Road where it passes beneath I-5 and SW Boones Ferry Road south of SW Sagert Street.
- Difficult areas with low bike visibility Some of the roadways have vehicle right turns that cross over existing bike lanes into a separate right turn pocket. Bike lanes at



Narrow bike lanes in constrained areas at SW Lower Boones Ferry Road interchange

these locations are only indicated by dashed white lines. Additional visibility for bicycles could be made through a colored pavement on the bicycle lane highlighting where bicycles are likely to be present. This occurs on SW Boones Ferry Road northbound, and on SW 90th Avenue at SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road.

- Bike lanes outside of turn lanes when bicycle lanes are located to the right of right-turn lanes, through movements at an intersection are more difficult and hazardous. Examples of this include southbound SW Martinazzi Avenue at SW Sagert Road and eastbound SW Ibach Road at SW Grahams Ferry Road.
- Obstacles within the bike lane There are currently some obstacles within bike lanes that affect bicycles. One example is drainage grates located in the bike lane with the grating parallel to the bicycle travel direction. Bicycle wheels could get caught in these grates. Another obstacle is rail lines over bike lanes. The preferable bike lane crossing over a rail line would be at a 90 degree angle. Less than 90 degree angles can catch bike wheels when bicyclists travel across the rail tracks.



Bicycle crossing on SW Teton Avenue

Gaps in the network – Gaps in the network (identified on the previous
page) do not provide continuity to or connectivity to the network, which can be discouraging for riders. In
some areas bike lanes do not extend all the way to intersections making it potentially hazardous for cyclists.

High Crash Locations

Between January 1, 2008 and December 31, 2010 there were 17 reported crashes involving bicycles within the City. All of these crashes resulted in an injury to the bicyclist, and most occurred on dry roadway surface (16 out of 17 crashes) in daylight conditions. Many of the crashes were also result of a vehicle turning maneuver, and most occurred at intersection areas. The highest crash locations for bicyclists are along various points of SW Boones Ferry Road (6 crashes), and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road (4 crashes, 2 at SW 90th Avenue, and the others at other points along the roadway). There were also two bicycle crashes on Nyberg, both at the southbound ramp exiting from I-5.

Pedestrian System

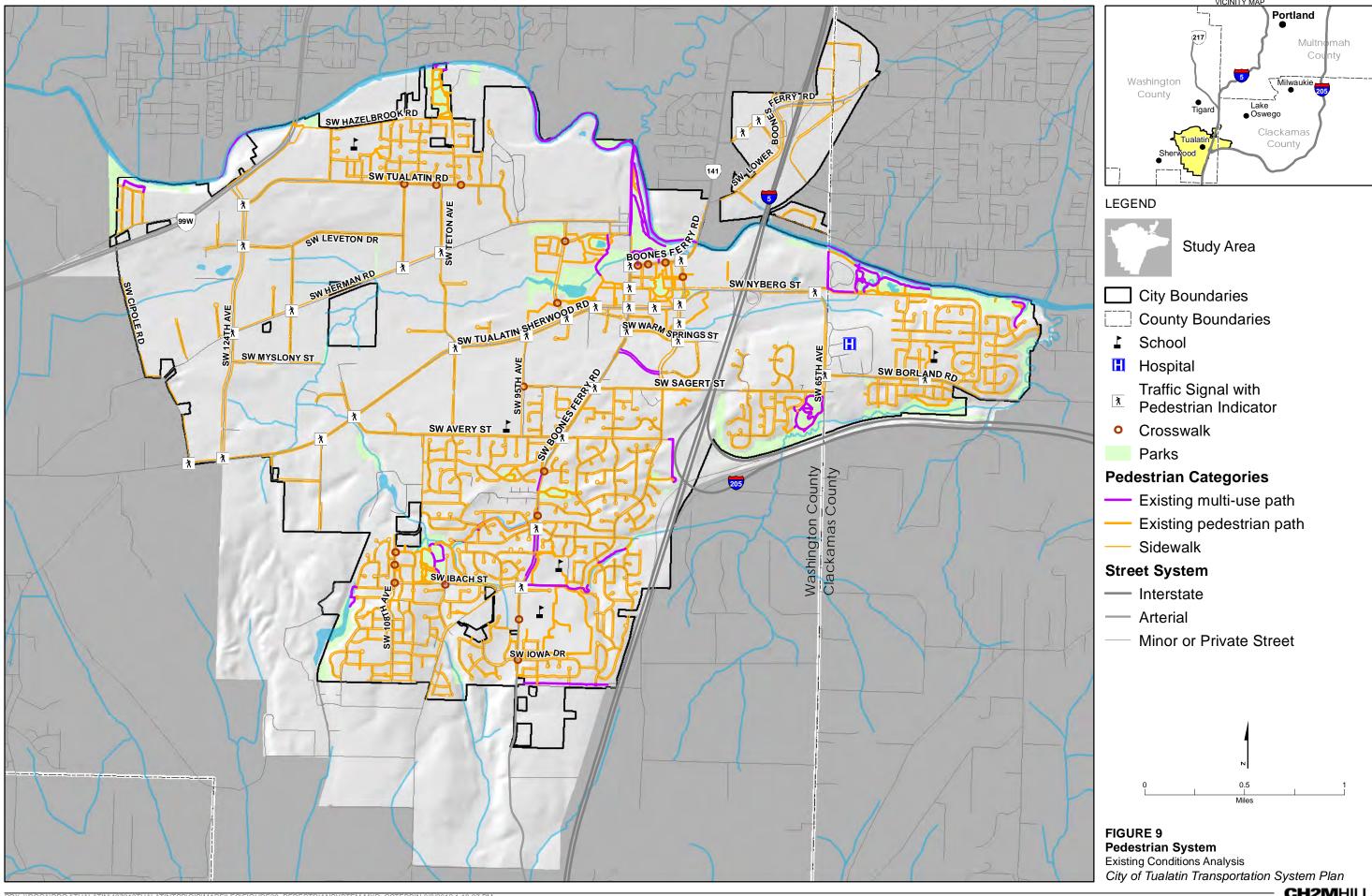
Introduction

This section describes the current pedestrian facility network within the study area, including sidewalks, roadway shoulders, accessways, multi-use paths, and facility conditions. The pedestrian system serves all types of pedestrians and different types of pedestrian trips. This section will document the different types of facilities and identify needs. Figure 9 shows the pedestrian system within the City.

Sidewalks, Multi-Use Pathways, Crosswalks, and Pedestrian Signals

Sidewalks

Sidewalks are located along roadways, sometimes directly adjacent to the curb or separated from the road by landscaping or a planter strip. They are hard surfaced, usually concrete or asphalt. Sidewalks should also be free of utility poles, sign posts, fire hydrants, vegetation and removable objects such as trash cans. According to the Tualatin Development Code, sidewalks are required on both sides of all fully developed major and minor arterial streets within the City. Major collector, minor collector, residential collector, local commercial industrial, and local streets are required to have sidewalks on both sides. Sidewalk standards are included in Table 12 below:



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TABLE 12 Sidewalk Standards

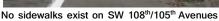
Street Classification	Required Sidewalk Width (for both sides of the street)
Major Arterial	6-8 feet
Minor Arterial	8-10 feet
Minor Arterial (downtown) – includes tree well	12 feet
Major, Minor, and Residential Collector	6-8 feet
Local Commercial Industrial	6 feet
Interim Local Commercial Industrial	5 feet
Local street (downtown) – includes a tree well	10 feet
Local Street	5 feet

Source: Tualatin Development Code

Many of the arterial and collector streets within Tualatin have sidewalks, with the notable exception of SW Herman

Road between SW
Tualatin Road and SW
Teton Avenue, and
between SW 125th
Court and SW Cipole
Road. There is a
paved/gravel
shoulder on the south
side of the road, and
on the north side
there is a drainage
ditch directly adjacent
to the roadway,







SW Blake Street and SW 105th Avenue lack of shoulder

making it impossible for pedestrians or those in mobility devices to walk along the north side of the road. There is a new sidewalk on the north side of the street starting just east of Teton Avenue and extending to SW 125th Court, but not along the full length of the road through the City. Other arterials such as SW Tualatin Road, SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road, and SW Boones Ferry Road have sidewalks on both sides, though in places the sidewalks may be narrower than City standards, discussed above in the roadway system section.

Sidewalks in Tualatin are wide and well maintained in areas where there are likely to be pedestrians: the Tualatin Commons and downtown Tualatin, immediately adjacent to all five public schools, and the four park and ride facilities.

There are a number of local roads with sidewalks on only one side, including SW 105th Avenue south of SW Siletz Drive, where there is a narrow sidewalk on the east side of the street, but no pedestrian facility on the west side. South of SW Paulina Drive, where SW 105th Avenue curves to connect to SW 108th Avenue via SW Blake Street there are no sidewalks and no shoulder for pedestrians. The speed limit is signed at 30 miles per hour, and there are few other connections for pedestrians in the area. The roadway is signed to warn drivers that pedestrians are present, but there is little room for both vehicles and pedestrians on the roadway.

Much of the residential development within Tualatin consists of subdivisions that were generally built at the same time, ranging from the 1960s to the 2000s. Most have sidewalks, with the exception of:

- The neighborhood built in the 1970s just west of the Tualatin Country Club including:
 - o Sections of SW Cheyenne Way

- SW Shawnee Trail
- o SW Pawnee Path
- o SW Chippewa Trail
- The neighborhood built in the 1960s and 1970s west of Little Woodrose Natural Area along SW Killarney and SW Cherry Lanes, and
- The mobile home park north of OR 99W near SW 122nd

These neighborhoods generally have wide and/or curving streets that provide a visual cue for drivers to slow down. Additionally, they are not connected to the surrounding roadway network and do not have through traffic which keeps vehicle speeds and volumes low.



Pedestrian in bike lane on Sagert Street overpass

In areas that have sidewalks, especially neighborhoods built in the 1970s and 1980s; the sidewalks can be narrow with barriers for pedestrians including light poles, trees, mailboxes, and movable objects such as trash cans. Fixed barriers can make a sidewalk inaccessible for those in mobility devices, and those with disabilities such as blindness to safely use the sidewalk.

Sidewalk Needs

There are a number of sidewalk gaps on arterials and collector streets. These include:

- SW Herman Road between SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Avenue, and between SW 125th Court and SW Cipole Road
- SW Grahams Ferry Road on the east side between SW Ibach Street and the Church of Jesus Christ of LDS, and on the west side between the church and just north of SW Sitka Court.
- Sections of SW Boones Ferry Road:
 - On the west side just south of SW lowa Drive to the southern City limits
 - On the east side, approximately two blocks north of the City limits to the southern City limits
 - On the west side from approximately Tualatin
 High School south to the southernmost crosswalk
 associated with the school, approximately two
 blocks north of SW Iowa Drive
- SW Blake Street between SW 105th and 108th Avenues
- SW 105th Avenue between SW Paulina Drive and SW Blake Street
- SW Sagert Street overpass over I-5 from just west of the overpass to SW 72nd Avenue

Sidewalks that do not meet current City standards on the arterials and collectors should be studied to determine if there is a need to improve sidewalks to standard.



Narrow sidewalk blocked by trash can - Boones Ferry



Crosswalk closed sign at Lower Boones Ferry Road and I-5 off-ramp

SW Nyberg Street has a sidewalk on the north side only, but the pedestrian crossings over the highway ramps can be intimidating, and the sidewalks under I-5 at SW Lower Boones Ferry Road require out of direction travel for pedestrians due to closed crosswalks.

Multi-Use Pathways

Multi-use pathways are used by a variety of users including pedestrians, bicyclists, runners, and those using mobility devices. Pathways may be paved or graveled, and are often wider than a sidewalk and are separated from roadways. Multi-use pathways are generally located in a park or greenway.

There are a number of planned and existing multi-use, off street paths within the City. Many of the parks and greenways have multi-use paths, and some extend into adjacent commercial or residential areas. Multi-use paths in Tualatin are paved, concrete, or gravel, or in the case of sections of the Tualatin River Greenway, are built as a boardwalk.

Multi-use paths can provide a pleasant off-street alternative for pedestrians. Most of the paths within Tualatin are meant for recreational use - they do not connect residential areas to commercial or job centers. While there are plans for a regional and city-wide interconnected network of off-street paths, the current system is fragmented and limited to areas near parks or schools.

According to the Intertwine Trail Use Snapshot from Oregon Metro, approximately 4,675 people use the Tualatin River Greenway path during an average week, most are pedestrians walking for pleasure or exercise. Approximately 70 percent of pedestrians access the trail by car. An interconnected system of trails would allow more people to access the paths by foot from their homes or places of business.



Asphalt path in Tualatin Community Park



Gravel path in Jurgens Park



Boardwalk in Browns Ferry Park - Tualatin River Greenway Concete path in Tualatin Community Park



Multi-use Pathway Needs

There is currently only one exclusive bicycle or pedestrian crossing over the Tualatin River through the Tualatin Community Park, though two future pedestrian and bicycle bridges are planned but are not yet built: one near Jurgens Park on the west side of the City, the other near Browns Ferry Park on the east side. A bicycle and pedestrian bridge just outside the City's western boundary is planned to be part of the Tonquin Trail. There is a need for an interconnected network of pathways throughout the system. This would allow bicyclists and pedestrians to travel to destinations and potentially use the paths for work or other trips in addition to recreation. Additionally, signs and other wayfinding guides are needed to inform bicyclists or pedestrians how to move between the various multi-use pathways.

Crosswalks

Crosswalks are striped areas on a road that indicate to both pedestrians and motorists that pedestrians are likely to cross a roadway. However, every intersection is a legal crosswalk in the City of Tualatin; this section refers to the striped crosswalks. There are a number of forms of crosswalks, the most common of which are two parallel lines from one side of the street to the other. Other types of crosswalks include the "ladder" or "zebra" crossings that are a series of hash marks across the roadway. Crosswalks can also be a street design element and painted or stamped designs can be added to mimic brick or pavers to further differentiate the crosswalk from the roadway.

There are a number of crosswalks in the City, notably in the commercial areas and near public schools. Major intersections have crosswalks and walk indicators at the signals. Residential crosswalks are located near public schools, parks, or transit stops.

The crosswalks near the WES station at SW Boones Ferry Road and the access into the park and ride lot and at SW Boones Ferry and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Roads have clearly delineated, stamped and painted pavement to indicate where pedestrians are to cross. There are also audible signals at both intersections for vision impaired pedestrians that indicate the street names and when to cross.



SW Boones Ferry Road and WES crosswalk near Park and Ride entrance



Park and ride entrance crosswalk

Additionally, there are crossings at unsignalized intersections including:

- SW Iowa Drive and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Ibach Street and SW 103rd Avenue
- SW Ibach Street and SW 108th Avenue
- SW Willow Street and SW 108th Avenue
- SW 95th Avenue and SW Sagert Street
- SW Seneca Street and SW Martinazzi Avenue

There are several mid-block crossings on lower volume streets,



Unsignalized crosswalk on SW 108th Avenue

usually to connect neighborhoods and schools. A few mid-block crossings in the City include:

- SW Boones Ferry Road just south of the entrance to the Tualatin High School parking lot and includes a pedestrian island
- SW 108th Avenue between SW Willow and Ibach Streets
- Two on SW Boones Ferry Road between SW Tualatin Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue

SW Avery Street and SW Boones Ferry Road intersection wide turning radius

Crosswalk Needs

There are a number of concerns with pedestrian safety at crosswalks, and community members have indicated that better lighting or flashing lights at crosswalks, especially those that see heavy pedestrian usage or are mid-block would help improve safety and drivers would be more aware of pedestrians at these locations.

A number of crosswalks at intersections are not pedestrian-friendly because of a wide turning radius built to accommodate trucks, especially on routes that are frequented by trucks including SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road near Bridgeport Village. This occurs at off and on-ramps to I-5 and at a few intersections in the City including:

- SW Avery Street and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Road, SW Bridgeport Road, and SW 72nd Avenue
- SW65th Avenue and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road
- SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue
- SW Sagert Street and SW Martinazzi Avenue
- SW Tualatin Road and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Warm Springs Street and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Sagert Street and SW Boones Ferry Road
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW Avery Street
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW 115th Avenue
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road and SW 124th Avenue
- SW Herman Road and SW 108th Avenue
- SW Sagert Street and SW 65th Avenue

The wider turning radius allows larger vehicles to turn right easily, but increases vehicle turning speeds, increases the distance that pedestrians need to cross in the intersection, and decreases pedestrian visibility at these intersections when compared to a more right-angle intersection.

Pedestrian Signals

Pedestrian signals are similar to traffic signals, but are only activated when a pedestrian is present to activate the signal. The majority of the time the signal is unlit until a pedestrian is present, and then a red light or a blinking yellow light activates. There are also traffic signals that indicate when pedestrians should cross in addition to controlling vehicle traffic. Depending on the signal programming, the pedestrian signal may automatically indicate

when pedestrians should cross, or the signal may need to be activated by a pedestrian. Many of the study area intersections in Tualatin have pedestrian signals, some indicate when it is safe for a pedestrian to cross automatically, and some require a pedestrian to push a button to activate the pedestrian cross signal. There are no dedicated pedestrian signals within the City of Tualatin.

Pedestrian Signal Need

Some community members have expressed concern for crossings where the light is too short for a pedestrian to cross the entire length of the intersection, specifically in the downtown area and at SW Sweek and SW Tualatin Roads. Other community concerns include issues that the pedestrian light does not work unless it is specifically activated by a pedestrian. The intersection of SW Avery Street and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road was specifically cited as a location where the pedestrian signal does not work unless it is activated.

High Pedestrian Activity Locations

The study team collected activity data at 30 intersections during both the morning and afternoon rush hour. These activity data included pedestrian counts, indicating intersections with high pedestrian volumes. The intersection with the most pedestrian traffic is SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Ibach Street, which is close to both Byrom Elementary School and Tualatin High School. In the afternoon, most of the pedestrians are crossing from the school to the residential areas west and north of the schools. The next highest intersections for pedestrians are in the downtown area near the Tualatin Commons: SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Martinazzi Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road are near transit stops and city services. Additionally, many people who work in the Tualatin Commons area park in the City parking lots, and likely cross at these intersections to get to and from their cars.

High Crash Locations

Between January 1, 2008 and December 31 2010, there were eight reported crashes involving a pedestrian, four of which were on SW Boones Ferry Road. All of the pedestrian crashes resulted in an injury to the pedestrian, and five of the crashes occurred in dark or low-light conditions such as dusk or dawn. For three of the crashes, the pedestrian was illegally in the roadway, while five crashes were attributed to the vehicle failing to yield for pedestrians. Most of the pedestrian crashes occurred when a passenger car was turning (six out of the eight crashes), and most of the crashes occurred during dry conditions. The reported crashes are included in Table 13 below:

TABLE 13 Pedestrian Crashes by Location

Primary Street	Secondary Street/Intersection	Weather	Light	Cause	Vehicle movement
SW Apache Dr	SW Boones Ferry Rd	Clear	Daylight	Failure to Yield	Right turn
SW Boones Ferry Rd	SW Warm Springs St	Clear	Daylight	Failure to Yield	Left turn
SW Boones Ferry Rd	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	Cloudy	Dusk	Pedestrian in roadway	Left turn
SW Boones Ferry Rd	SW Warm Springs St	Rain	Dark – no street lights	Pedestrian in roadway	Straight
SW Boones Ferry Rd	SW Nyberg Rd	Rain	Dark – no street lights	Failure to Yield	Left turn
SW Nyberg Rd	Southbound exit at Nyberg St	Clear	Dark with street lights	Failure to Yield	Right turn
SW Nyberg Road	SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Clear	Daylight	Motorized wheelchair - Pedestrian in roadway	Straight
SW Tualatin Rd	SW 90 th Ave	Rain	Dawn	Failure to Yield	Left turn

Source - ODOT 2011

Public Transit

Introduction

Public transportation serves a vital function for residents and businesses/employers of Tualatin. It provides a choice for residents who have a car and wish to not use it at all times, serves as a primary means of transportation for those who have mobility limitations and cannot travel any other way, and it provides options for residents who do not have a car and who wish to travel further than is feasible on a bicycle or on foot. Approximately 60 percent of transit trips within Tualatin are likely to be commuting trips, with the remaining trips likely to be used for shopping, recreation, or other purposes⁸. Transit riders who access the TriMet or South Metro Area Regional Transit (SMART) systems in Tualatin can connect to other services and travel throughout the Portland metropolitan region and Salem.

Public transportation in the City of Tualatin is provided primarily by TriMet, with some service provided by the SMART district. TriMet serves Tualatin with five bus lines, Westside Express Service (WES) commuter rail, and paratransit. SMART serves Tualatin with one bus line (to Wilsonville).

Existing Service9

The following paragraphs describe existing bus, commuter rail, paratransit¹⁰, and shuttle service in Tualatin. Figure 10 depicts the locations of bus lines and WES.

Bus Lines

- TriMet Bus line 12 (Barbur/Sandy Blvd) connects Gresham to Sherwood via downtown Portland on both weekdays and weekends. Bus line 12 does not serve the center of Tualatin, but it serves OR-99W as it passes through the City of Tualatin in the city's western edge. Bus line 12 operates every 30 minutes in Tualatin between approximately 5:00 am and 10:00 am; then operates every hour between 11:00 am and 3:00 pm; then returns to 30 minute service between 3:00 pm and 6:00 pm.
- **TriMet Bus line 36 (South Shore)** provides weekday service between Lake Oswego and Tualatin and provides continued service during rush hour to Portland city center. It originates at the Tualatin Park and Ride and provides service to Lake Oswego Transit Center approximately every 30 minutes between 6:00 am and 10:00 am, and approximately every 60-120 minutes between 11:40 am and 6:00 pm. Bus line 36 provides two services per weekday that continue to SW 6th and Burnside in Portland City Center; these are currently scheduled to depart Tualatin Park and Ride at 6:58 am and 7:29 am.
- TriMet Bus line 37 (Lake Grove) connects Lake Oswego and Tualatin via SW Lower Boones Ferry and Boones Ferry Roads. It operates approximately every 90 minutes on weekdays between 7:00 am and 6:00 pm and connects the Lake Oswego Transit Center and the Tualatin Park and Ride.
- TriMet Bus line 38 (Boones Ferry Road) connects Tualatin and Portland city center via Lake Oswego and SW Portland. It originates at the Tualatin Park and Ride provides service every 30-40 minutes between 6:00 am and 8:30 am, and between 3:30 pm and 5:30 pm. Line 38 does not operate on Saturdays or Sundays.
- TriMet Bus line 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin) connects Beaverton to Tualatin and passes through Durham, Tigard, and Washington Square. It originates at the Meridian Park Hospital main stop, connects to the Tualatin Park and Ride, the Tigard Transit Center, the Washington Square Transit Center, and the Beaverton Transit Center. Service is provided approximately every 30 minutes from 5:40 am to 6:40 pm, then every hour from 7:30 pm to 9:30 pm on both weekends and weekdays.
- **TriMet Bus Line 94 (Sherwood/Pacific Highway)** connects Sherwood, King City, Tigard, Burlingame and Portland City Center. It travels along Pacific Highway, but does not have a stop within the City of Tualatin.

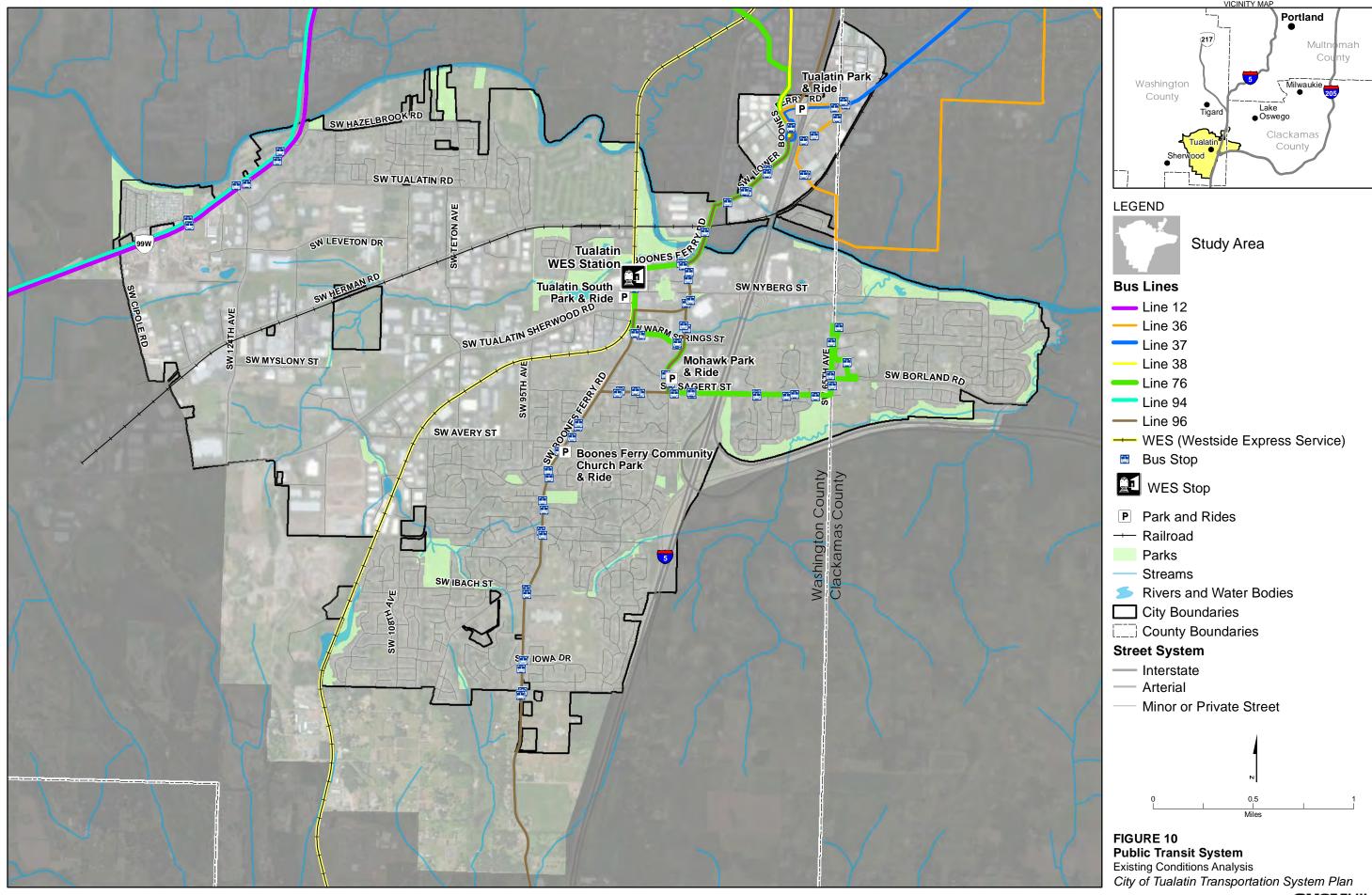
⁸ American Public Transportation Association *2010 Fact Book*.

⁹ Current bus lines as of March, 2012, data provided by TriMet.

¹⁰ Paratransit is a shared-ride public transportation for those unable to use regular buses or trains due to a disability or disabling health condition.

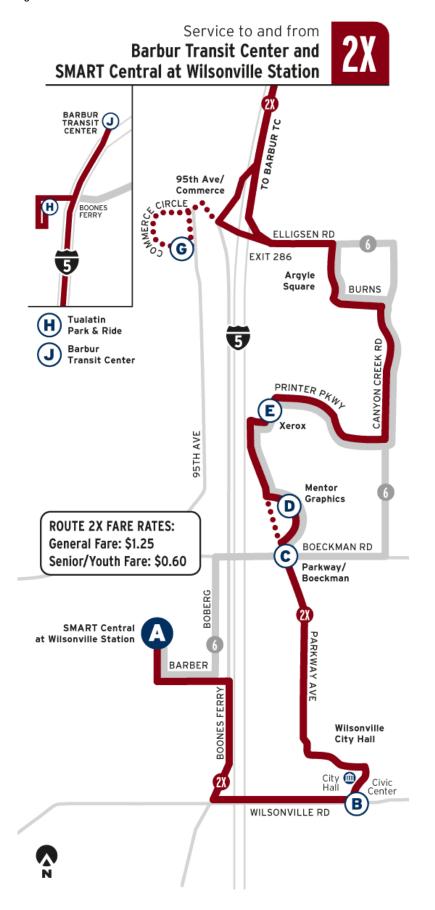
This line is a commuter-oriented express bus with service only on weekdays heading towards Portland between 5:50 am to 7:40 am and heading towards Sherwood between 3:05 pm to 6:35 pm.

- TriMet Bus line 96 (Tualatin/I-5) connects the Commerce Circle in Wilsonville with downtown Portland via I-5. It originates at the 10100 Block on SW Commerce Circle and connects to the Tualatin Park and Ride before continuing on directly to downtown Portland. Bus line 96 provides weekday service approximately every 30 minutes between approximately 5:30 am and 10:00 am, and between 2:30 pm and 9:00 pm.
- SMART Line 2X Barbur on SMART travels from the Wilsonville WES station to the Barbur Transit Center with a stop at the Tualatin Park and Ride. Service is provided approximately every 30 minutes between 5:00 am to 10:00 am, every hour from 10:00 am to 2:00 pm, and every 30 minutes from 2:30 pm to 7:30 pm on weekdays and Saturdays; there is no Sunday service. Figure 11 shows SMART line 2X.



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Figure 11 SMART Route 2X in Tualatin



TriMet's service area includes three zones which determine the price per ride. Tualatin lies within zone 3. As of November 2011, the cost of an all-zone (zone 3) ticket on TriMet is \$2.40, youth tickets are \$1.50, and honored citizen tickets (seniors, people with disabilities, and people on Medicare) are \$1. Tickets are valid for two hours. If the return trip is made within the two hour period, there is no additional charge.

A regular, one-way fare on SMART costs \$1.25 as of November 2011. The fare is \$0.60 for seniors, persons with disabilities, youth, and persons on Medicare.

Commuter Rail

TriMet's Westside Express Service (WES) commuter rail connects the Westside suburbs of the Portland metropolitan area. It includes stops in Beaverton, Tigard, Tualatin, and Wilsonville. WES trains stop at the Tualatin station in the northbound direction (towards Beaverton) every half hour on weekdays between 5:30 am and 9:00 am, and between 3:30 pm and 7:00 pm. WES trains stop at the Tualatin station in the southbound direction (towards Wilsonville) every half hour on weekdays between 6:09 am and 9:39 am, and between 4:16 pm and 7:46 pm. WES does not operate on Saturdays or Sundays. As of November 2011, the cost of a ticket on WES is \$2.40. Youth tickets are \$1.50 and tickets for honored citizens are \$1. WES, bus, and MAX tickets can be used interchangeably between those three modes.

Paratransit

TriMet's LIFT paratransit service is available within the City of Tualatin. LIFT is a shared-ride program for eligible people who cannot use regular, fixed-route service due to a disability or health condition. LIFT operates from 4:30 am – 2:30 am all days of the week and services all areas of the TriMet service boundary, which encompasses the majority of the Portland metropolitan region. The cost per ride of using LIFT is \$1.85 in November 2011.

Tualatin Shuttle

The Tualatin Chamber of Commerce operates a free service on weekdays to connect passengers from TriMet bus stops and WES to businesses in Tualatin. The shuttle operates from 5:00 am to 9:30 am and from 2:00 pm to 6:00 pm. It is oriented towards commuters coming from outside of Tualatin. The shuttle offers one pickup in downtown Portland at 5:30 am.

Limitations of Existing Transit Service

It is likely that most residents of Tualatin do not rely solely on transit service to meet their transportation needs, because most people in Tualatin do not live within walking distance (one-quarter mile) of a transit stop, and because transit is not provided at frequent intervals during all hours of the day. TriMet does not provide transit service within all areas of the city and on all major corridors. There is no transit service provided on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road or SW Tualatin Road, and many residents in the western portion of the city live over a mile from the nearest transit line. Residents who do live near a bus line are not served by transit at regular intervals during the day. Because of the limitations of service during off-peak hours, non-commuting trips may be more difficult to complete using transit in Tualatin. Outside of 99W there is no east-west bus service, and outside of the Chamber shuttle, there is no transit loop through the City.

Existing Transit Facilities

TriMet provides amenities at bus stops and park and ride facilities. Bus stops and park and ride facilities are described in detail in the sections below.

Bus Stops

Bus stops in the City of Tualatin vary by the number of amenities provided. Sixty-seven bus stops out of a total of 85 within the city include a sign only. The remaining 18 include a shelter with a posted schedule. The facilities available at bus stops can have an impact on how many people use them; people generally prefer using stops where a shelter and lighting are provided, particularly during the winter months. Other facilities provided at the larger stops include seating and bike parking. Approximately half of the bus stops in Tualatin include lighting from street lights, but fewer than a third have shelters.

Bus lines 76 and 96 have the most stops with shelters and lighting within the City of Tualatin. With the exception of the Tualatin Park and Ride, bus lines 36 and 37 do not have any stops within the City of Tualatin that contain a shelter. Bus line 12 only has one stop within the City of Tualatin that has a shelter. This is consistent with ridership information for each bus line (provided below) – the largest numbers of riders use bus lines 76 and 96.

Attachment B provides detail on bus stops within the City of Tualatin on TriMet routes. SMART does not maintain separate bus stops in Tualatin; the line 2X-Barbur stops at the Tualatin Park and Ride, which is maintained by TriMet.



Bus stop with sign only



Bus stop with shelter and sign

Park and Rides

There are four park and ride lots within the City of Tualatin. They are depicted graphically on Figure 10. All four park and rides have seen less use, on average, in 2011 than they did in 2010^{11} . The park and rides are located on the east side of Tualatin, close to either the I-5 or SW Boones Ferry Road corridors.

The **Tualatin Park and Ride** is the largest park and ride lot within the City of Tualatin, and is located at SW 72nd Avenue and SW Bridgeport Road in the northern part of the City north of the Tualatin River and downtown. It has 466 total vehicle spaces and is open all days. It is served by bus lines 36 (South Shore), 37 (Lake Grove), 38 (Boones Ferry Road), 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin), 96 (Tualatin/I-5), and SMART 201Barbur. Covered bike racks and bike lockers are available at this location, and there are two bus shelters along SW Lower Boones Ferry Road. This park and ride is

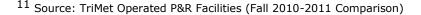


Mohawk Park and Ride

easily accessed from I-5. On average, this



The **Mohawk Park and Ride** is located at SW Mohawk Street and SW Martinazzi Avenue about a half mile south of the Tualatin Commons and downtown Tualatin. It has 232 total vehicle spaces and is open all days. It is served by bus lines 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin) and 96 (Tualatin/I-5). It also has covered bike



racks and one covered bus stop. On average, this park and ride has been 22 percent full in 2011.

• The **Tualatin South Park and Ride** is the newest park and ride in the City, and is located at 18955 SW Boones Ferry Road just west of the Tualatin Commons and downtown. It is open all days and provides bike parking with lockers and covered racks. It has 147 total vehicle spaces. It is served by WES and bus line 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin). The main focus of the park and ride is the WES service; the parking lot and pedestrian and bicycle amenities are oriented towards the train station, but there are covered bus stops for both north and southbound passengers on SW Boones Ferry Road. The park and ride is broken up into different lots, one is directly west of the WES stop, and one is further south along SW Boones Ferry Road. On average, this park and ride has been 24 percent full in 2011.



Tualatin South Park and Ride



Boones Ferry Community Church Park and Ride

• The Boones Ferry Community Church Park and Ride is the smallest park and ride in the City of Tualatin. It is open Monday through Friday only, and provides 20 vehicle spaces. There are no bike parking facilities at this location It is located at 20500 SW Boones Ferry Road and is served by bus line 96 (Beaverton/Tualatin). The bus stops are located along SW Boones Ferry Road, but riders need to cross either SW Avery Street to access the northbound bus stop, or SW Boones Ferry Road to access the southbound stop. For the southbound stop, riders must walk out of direction to the traffic signal to legally cross SW Boones Ferry Road from the driveway of the Park and Ride. Neither of the bus stops have a shelter, but there is a sign and a bus pull-out to indicate the bus stop. There are also no sidewalks

along the driveway from the parking lot to the sidewalk along SW Boones Ferry Road. On average, this park and ride has been 10 percent full in 2011.

Transit Ridership

Ridership on TriMet varies greatly by bus line and by time of day. Bus lines 76 and 96 have the most ridership within the City of Tualatin, followed by WES. Table 14 provides average ridership on each TriMet service in Tualatin. The passenger boardings and alightings (when a passenger gets off the bus or train) statistics provided are for passengers that board or alight at a stop within the Tualatin city limits.

Bus lines in Table 14 with similar counts of boardings and alightings, including bus lines 12, 36, and 38 in the AM and PM peak, 76 in the AM peak and weekend, and 96 in the AM peak indicate that passengers are likely to be using transit round-trip. Disparate counts of boardings and alightings, such as bus line 37 in the AM peak, 38 on average weekdays, 76 in the PM peak, 96 in the AM and PM peak, and WES indicate that passengers may use another form of transportation for part of the trip.

TABLE 14
Average Transit Ridership on TriMet in the City of Tualatin in Spring 2011

Service	Average Total Weekday		Average Weekday AM peak (6-9 am)		Average Weekday PM Peak (4-7 pm)		Average Saturday		Average Sunday	
	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings
Bus line 12 (Barbur/Sandy Blvd)	66	66	17	13	15	18	38	38	27	25
Bus line 36 (South Shore)	18	21	9	8	4	8	-	-	-	-
Bus line 37 (Lake Grove)	26	25	10	5	5	8	-			
Bus line 38 (Boones Ferry Road)	27	19	15	10	7	7				
Bus line 76 (Beaverton/ Tualatin)	504	576	114	119	112	139	416	423	259	263
Bus line 96 (Tualatin/ I-5)	603	591	423	114	88	379	-	-	-	-
WES	229	212	111	81	113	130	-			

Note: cells in black with no information indicate lines that do not operate on Saturday or Sunday

Source: TriMet Spring 2011 Passenger Survey

Transit Travel Times

The average in-vehicle transit travel times between the Tualatin South Park and Ride and key regional destinations on the west side of the Portland metropolitan region are as follows ¹²:

- From Tualatin South Park and Ride to Downtown Portland at SW Jefferson and 10th: 21-26 minutes via bus line 96 (Tualatin/I-5)
- From Tualatin South Park and Ride to Wilsonville Central: 10 minutes via WES
- From Tualatin South Park and Ride to Washington Square Transit Center: 12-24 minutes via bus line 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin)
- From Tualatin South Park and Ride to Lake Oswego Transit Center: 15 minutes via bus line 37 (Lake Grove)
- From Tualatin South Park and Ride to Beaverton Transit Center: 17 minutes via WES (from Tualatin South Park and Ride to Beaverton TC WES Station) or 35-48 minutes via bus line 76 (Beaverton/Tualatin)

Total transit travel times are comprised of the in-vehicle times listed above, plus time for walking or driving to the station and time for waiting for the bus or WES to arrive. The total travel time for the trips listed above is likely 10-15 minutes longer than listed, depending on the specific origin of the user's trip. Because TriMet and SMART buses travel in general purpose traffic lanes, transit travel times can vary based on traffic conditions.

Given the typical amount of time it may take to find parking in downtown Portland, the total time for taking a private vehicle is likely similar to that of using transit. Although the in-vehicle travel times for trips to Wilsonville, Washington Square, Lake Oswego, and Beaverton are likely to be similar for transit and private vehicles, the total travel time of using transit to any of those destinations is in general longer than driving in a private vehicle. Therefore, the primary trips that are likely to attract non-transit dependent users are commuting trips to Beaverton or downtown Portland.

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¹² Source: www.trimet.org, schedules by transit line.

Freight Rail, Pipeline, Waterways, Airport

Introduction

This section describes current freight rail, pipeline, waterways, and airport facilities within the study area, including depots, at-grade crossings (for freight rail), and facility needs. Figure 12 shows freight rail and pipelines in the City.

Freight Rail

Portland and Western Railroad (PNWR) currently owns and operates two freight rail lines in Tualatin: one that runs mostly north-south, which is shared by the WES described in the Transit section, and one that runs east-west along Herman Road. The east-west line carries one train daily in each direction, and the north south has two trains daily in each direction. There are a number of public road railroad crossings in the City, all of which are gated:

- SW Tualatin Road (at two locations)
- West terminus of SW Nyberg Street/entrance to shopping center
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- SW 95th Avenue
- SW Teton Avenue (at two locations)

In addition to these public roadway crossings, there are a number of driveways or private roads that cross the railroad tracks. These crossings are not signalized, but are stopcontrolled. Freight trains have the right of way at all intersections.

The railroad tracks pass through the manufacturing areas in west Tualatin, creating the potential for companies to use rail for freight shipping, but there are not currently any depots or stops in the City. PNWR does not currently have plans to increase their freight service through Tualatin.

Pipeline

There is one gas transmission pipeline within the City which

roughly follows SW Boones Ferry Road in the far north, crossing underneath I-5 south of SW Bridgeport Road, and continuing to the southern city limits along SW Boones Ferry Road. Additionally, there is a gasoline pipeline that is included in the SW Concept Plan area, which is also included in our study area.

SW Avery Street

- SW Cipole Road
- SW 124th Avenue
- SW 118th Avenue
- SW 90th Avenue
- SW Boones Ferry Road



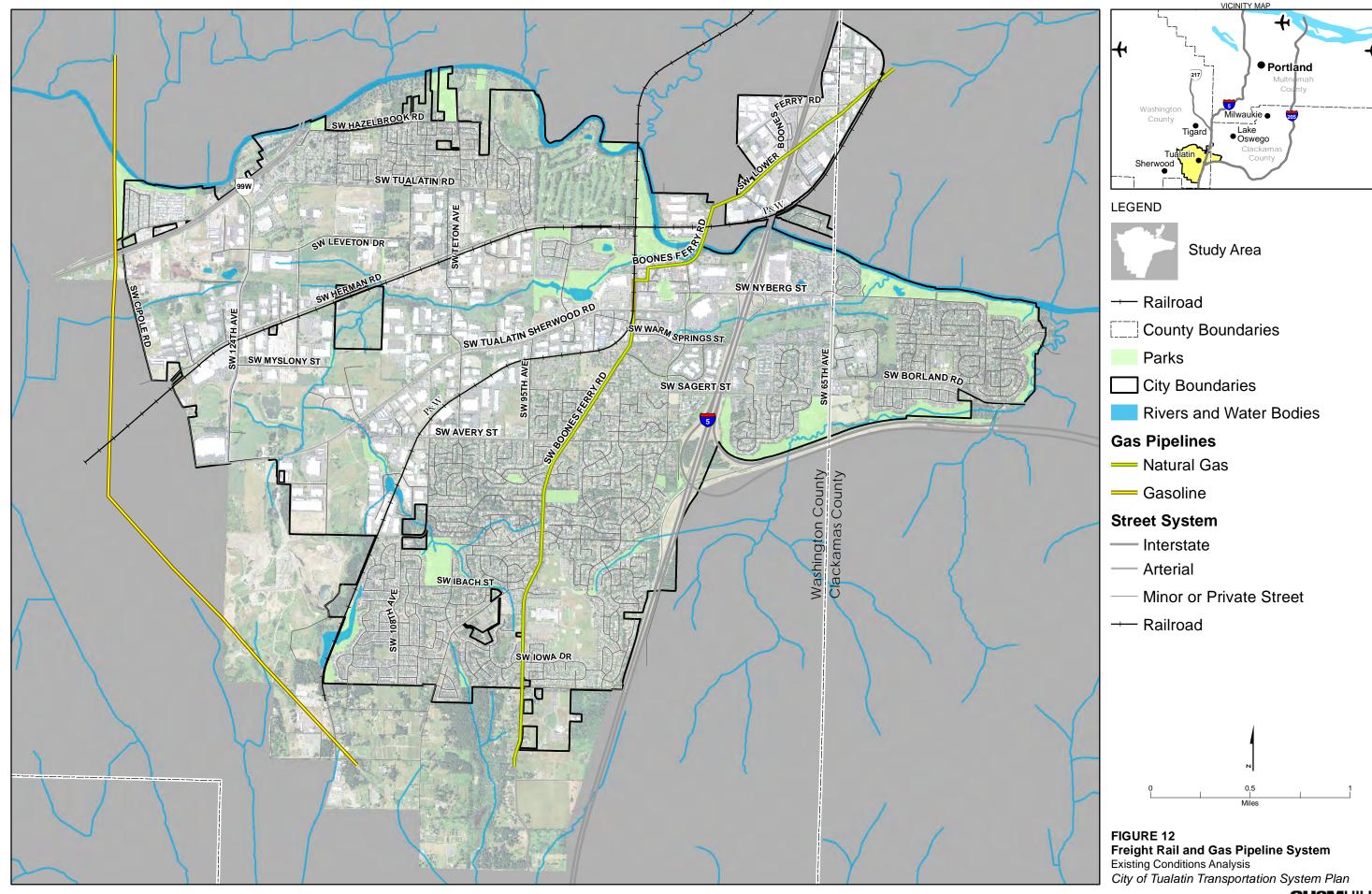
A freight train on the north-south railroad alignment near Tualatin Community Park

Waterways

The Tualatin River is the largest waterway within the study area. The river starts in the Coast Range, and ends at the Willamette River in West Linn. The Tualatin River is not navigable from the Willamette due to impassible areas and a diversion dam near SW Borland Road in West Linn. Recreational canoeing and kayaking is allowed on the Tualatin River and can be accessed from Browns Ferry Park, Tualatin Community Park, Jurgens Park, and at the 99W Bridge at SW Hazelbrook Road. A motorboat launch is located at Tualatin Community Park.

Airport

There are no airports within the Tualatin City limits. There are, however, a number of airports within 30 miles: Aurora State Airport, the Portland Hillsboro Airport, and the Portland International Airport. Only Portland International provides scheduled passenger service.



Attachment A: Roadway Standards Assessment

eet Name	Classification	Abbreviation	Truck Route?	Skew Angle	Intersection Spacing	Median?	Travel Lanes	Bike Lanes	Sidewalks	On-Street Parking	Curb to Curb Width	Comments
120TH AVE	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	
63RD AVE	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	D	М	N/A	D	N/A	G	N/A	D	Tight skew, less than standard number of lanes, gaps in sidewalk
65TH AVE	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	М	М	N/A	D	N/A	G	N/A	D	Less than standard number of lanes, gaps in sidewalk
84TH AVE	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-D	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	
ITEL ST	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	BC-I	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	
MANHASSET DR	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	Р	N/A	М	Narrow or curb tight sidewalk, no planter
NYBERG ST	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-D	YES	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	Р	N/A	М	Narrow or curb tight sidewalk, no planter
ROSEWOOD AVE	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	М	М	N/A	M	N/A	М	N/A	D	Curb to curb width less than standard
SENECA ST	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-D	YES	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	
TONKA RD	LOCAL COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL	B-CI	NO	М	М	N/A	М	М	Р	N/A	М	Narrow or curb tight sidewalk, no planter
124TH AVE	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	YES	М	М	М	М	М	М	N/A	М	
90TH AVE	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	NO	М	М	М	Р	М	М	N/A	D	
BOONES FERRY RD	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	YES	М	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	N/A	D	Narrow or curb tight sidewalk, no planter
HERMAN RD	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	YES	D	М	Р	Р	G	G	N/A	D	Gaps in sidewalk and bike lane. Narrow median
LEVETON DR	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	NO	М	М	Р	М	М	М	N/A	Р	Median width less than standard
MARTINAZZI AVE	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	NO	Р	М	М	М	G	Р	N/A	D	Gaps in bike lane throughout and lack of planter strip
SAGERT ST	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	NO	М	М	D	Р	Р	Р	N/A	D	Gaps in sidewalk and bike lane across I-5 bridge
TUALATIN RD	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	NO	М	М	М	D	М	Р	N/A	Р	Does not meet number of travel lanes for this class
108TH AVE	MAJOR ARTERIAL	Eb&t	YES	М	M	Р	D	М	Р	N/A	Р	Median is narrow. Sidewalks are curb tight with no planter.
BOONES FERRY RD	MINOR ARTERIAL	Db&t-D	YES	М	М	Р	М	Р	М	N/A	Р	Section and bike lane narrow/removed at Tualatin River Bridge
MARTINAZZI AVE	MINOR ARTERIAL	Db&t-D	NO	М	М	D	М	D	Р	N/A	Р	No bike lane or planter near downtown core
TUALATIN RD	MINOR ARTERIAL	Db&t-D	YES	D	М	М	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Narrow bike lane, 1/2 street sidewalk, some tight skews
105TH AVE	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	М	М	D	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Narrow bike lanes and sidewalk. No median.
115TH AVE	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	Р	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Street only 1/2 built. Likely all M after property develops
65TH AVE	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	M	М	N/A	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Section altered at intersection. Sidewalk and Bike Lanes do not exist
AVERY ST	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	М	M	D	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	No median. Bike and sidewalk curb tight and narrow.
BLAKE ST	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	М	M	D	Р	D	D	N/A	D	No sidewalk, bike lane or median. Narrow travel lanes
HERMAN RD	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	YES	D	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Gaps in bike lane and 1/2 street sidewalk due to rail.
MCEWAN RD	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	M	М	Р	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Gaps in bike lane and sidewalk. No median.
MYSLONY ST	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	М	M	Р	Р	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Street only 1/2 built. Likely all M after property develops
SAGERT ST	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	NO	М	M	D	М	Р	Р	N/A	Р	Narrow bike lanes and curb tight sidewalk narrow sidewalk
TETON AVE	MAJOR COLLECTOR	Cb&t	YES	М	M	Р	М	Р	М	N/A	Р	Narrow or missing median. Gaps in bike lane.
										N/A		Gaps in median width provided.

Street Name	Classification	Abbreviation	Truck Route?	Skew Angle	Intersection Spacing	Median?	Travel Lanes	Bike Lanes	Sidewalks	On-Street Parking	Curb to Curb Width	Comments
W 103RD AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb&p	NO	М	М	N/A	М	М	М	М	Р	
W 108TH AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	YES	М	М	N/A	М	M	M	Р	Р	Intermittent parking provided
SW 115TH AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	Р	М	M	M	D	Р	narrow median and lack of parking
SW 118TH AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	M	M	D	Р	no street parking
SW 50TH AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	M	M	M	D	Р	no street parking
SW 95TH PL	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb&p	NO	М	М	N/A	M	Р	Р	Р	Р	narrow bike lane, no planter, parking south of Avery only
SW BLAKE ST	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	D	D	D	Р	no parking, sidewalk or bike lanes
SW GRAHAMS FERRY RD	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	1/2 developed. Likely all M after developments
SW HAZELBROOK RD	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	Partially developed. Likely all M after developments
SW HELENIUS RD	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	M	N/A	М	Р	Р	Р	Р	Partially developed. Likely all M after developments
SW IBACH ST	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	M	N/A	М	M	M	D	Р	no street parking
SW IOWA DR	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cs&2p	NO	М	M	N/A	М	М	M	M	M	
SW JURGENS AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	M	N/A	М	Р	М	M	Р	narrow or gaps in bike lane
SW LEVETON DR	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	Р	М	M	М	D	Р	Narrow median. No street parking
SW MARTINAZZI AVE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	M	M	М	M	
SW NYBERG LANE	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	M	Р	М	М	Р	narrow bike lane or gaps
SW NYBERG ST	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	Р	М	М	Р	narrow bike lane or gaps
SW SAGERT ST	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb&p	NO	М	М	N/A	М	M	М	М	M	
SW STONO DR	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cs&p	NO	М	М	N/A	M	M	M	М	Р	full c-c width north provided
SW WARM SPRINGS ST	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	D	Р	D	Р	1/2 street sidewalk, no street parking, narrow bike or gap
SW WILKE RD	MINOR COLLECTOR	Cb	NO	М	М	N/A	М	Р	Р	D	Р	no street parking, sidewalk and bike lane gaps
SW 112TH AVE	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	М	M	roadway not completed to Helenius
SW 56TH AVE	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	M	Р	Р	full width not provided
SW 99TH AVE	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	M	Р	Р	full width not provided
SW ALSEA DR	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	M	Р	Р	full width not provided
SW AVERY ST	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	M	N/A	M	М	M	
SW BLAKE ST	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	M	N/A	М	N/A	M	M	M	
SW COQUILLE DR	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	M	N/A	М	N/A	M	M	M	Narrow at intersection
W HELENIUS RD	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	M	N/A	М	N/A	M	M	M	roadway not completed to 112th
W MARILYN RD	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	M	M	M	
W PAULINA DR	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	M	N/A	М	N/A	М	M	M	
W PORT ORFORD ST	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	M	N/A	M	M	Р	Narrow c-c width
SW SAGERT ST	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	M	M	Р	Narrow c-c width
SW SWEEK DR	RESIDENTIAL COLLECTOR	Cr	NO	М	М	N/A	М	N/A	М	М	М	

M – Meets standard P – Partially meets standard

D – Does not meet standard G – Gap in feature

Attachment B: Bus Stops within the City of Tualatin

STOP ID	LOCATION	ROUTE	Direction	Shelter?	Lighting?
	Bus line 12: Barbur/Sandy	Blvd			
4292	SW Pacific Hwy & SW Hazelbrook Rd	12	W	no	no
4260	SW Pacific Hwy & SW 124 th Ave	12	W	no	no
4300	SW Pacific Hwy & SW Pacific Dr	12	W	no	no
4301	SW Pacific Hwy & SW Pacific Dr	12	E	no	no
4316	SW Pacific Hwy & SW 124 th Ave	12	Е	no	yes
4293	SW Pacific Hwy & SW Hazelbrook Rd	12	N	yes	yes
	Bus line 36: South Shore	e			
3821	7100 Block SW McEwan Rd	36	N	no	no
3820	SW McEwan Rd & NW Book Deposit	36	N	no	yes
3824	SW McEwan Rd & SW 65 th Ave	36	N	no	yes
7879	Tualatin Park & Ride	36	N	yes	yes
9045	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW McEwan Rd	36	Е	no	yes
3819	17900 Block SW McEwan Rd	36	W	no	yes
3822	7100 Block SW McEwan Rd	36	S	no	no
	Bus line 37: Lake Grove)			
12852	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW 65 th Ave	37	W	no	no
7879	Tualatin Park & Ride	37	N	yes	yes
13195	SW Lower Boones Ferry & SW McEwan Rd	37	E	no	no
	Bus line 38: Boones Ferry F	Road			
7880	Tualatin Park & Ride	38	All	yes	yes
	Bus line 76: Beaverton/Tua	latin			
7880	Tualatin Park & Ride	76	All	yes	yes
558	18000 Block SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	76	W	no	yes
514	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW Childs Rd	76	W	no	yes
495	18200 Block SW Boones Ferry Rd	76	S	no	yes
13078	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Martinazzi Ave	76	W	no	yes
13079	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Nyberg St	76	S	yes	no
13080	SW Warm Springs St & SW Boones Ferry Rd	76	Е	no	yes
13081	SW Warm Springs St & SW Martinazzi Ave	76	E	no	no
8274	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Mohawk St	76	S	no	yes
8506	SW Sagert St & SW Martinazzi Ave	76	Е	no	no

STOP ID	LOCATION	ROUTE	Direction	Shelter?	Lighting?
4999	7800 Block SW Sagert St	76	E	no	yes
5003	SW Sagert St & SW 72 nd Ave	76	E	no	yes
5002	SW Sagert St & SW 70 th Ave	76	E	no	yes
5001	SW Sagert St & SW Wampanoag Dr	76	E	no	yes
7839	SW 65 th Ave & SW Borland Rd	76	N	no	yes
3868	Meridian Park Hospital Main Stop	76	N	yes	yes
3867	Meridian Park Hospital Rd & SW 65 th Ave	76	N	no	no
8944	19500 Block SW 65 th Ave	76	S	yes	yes
8279	SW 65 th Ave& SW Borland Rd	76	S	no	yes
8281	SW Sagert St & SW 68 th Ave	76	W	no	yes
8282	SW Sagert St & SW 72 nd Ave	76	W	no	yes
8283	7800 Block SW Sagert St	76	W	no	yes
8285	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Mohawk St	76	N	yes	yes
13082	SW Warm Springs St & SW Martinazzi Ave	76	W	no	yes
13083	SW Warm Springs St & SW Boones Ferry Rd	76	W	no	no
13084	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Seneca St	76	N	yes	yes
13085	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Martinazzi Ave	76	E	no	yes
7880	Tualatin Park & Ride	96	All	yes	yes
	Bus line 96: Tualatin/I-5				
558	18000 Block SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	96	W	no	yes
514	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW Childs Rd	96	W	no	yes
495	18200 Block SW Boones Ferry Rd	96	S	no	yes
3779	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Seneca St	96	S	no	yes
5004	SW Sagert St & SW 86 th Ave	96	E	no	yes
8278	SW Sagert St & SW Tillamook Ct	96	E	no	yes
9026	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	96	S	no	yes
8252	SW Martinazzi Ave & Martinazzi Square	96	S	no	yes
8285	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Mohawk St	96	N	yes	yes
8274	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Mohawk St	96	S	no	yes
8276	SW Sagert St & SW Tillamook Ct	96	W	no	yes
8788	SW Sagert St & SW 86 th Ave	96	W	no	yes
501	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Apache Dr	96	S	no	yes
9352	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	96	S	no	yes
563	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Siletz Dr	96	S	no	yes
535	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Killarney Ln	96	S	no	yes
500	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Alsea Dr	96	S	no	yes

STOP ID	LOCATION	ROUTE	Direction	Shelter?	Lighting?
530	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	96	S	no	no
9512	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Iowa Dr	96	S	no	yes
542	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Norwood Rd	96	S	no	yes
543	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Norwood Rd	96	N	no	yes
9511	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Iowa Dr	96	N	no	yes
531	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	96	N	no	yes
510	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Blake St	96	N	no	yes
503	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Arapaho Rd	96	N	no	yes
562	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Siletz Dr	96	N	no	yes
9353	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	96	N	no	yes
502	SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Apache Dr	96	N	no	yes
5004	SW Sagert St & SW 86 th Ave	96	E	no	yes
8278	SW Sagert St & SW Tillamook Ct	96	E	no	yes
8285	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Mohawk St	96	N	yes	yes
8249	SW Martinazzi Ave & Martinazzi Square	96	N	yes	yes
8250	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	96	N	no	yes
3778	SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	96	N	yes	yes
570	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd	96	E	no	yes
513	SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd & SW Childs Rd	96	E	no	yes
537	18000 Block SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	96	E	no	yes
13069	Tualatin WES Station	WES	N/S	yes	yes
7879	Tualatin Park & Ride	96	All	yes	yes
	WES Commuter Rail				
13069	Tualatin WES Station	WES	N/S	yes	yes

Source: www.trimet.org

Appendix C Future Transportation Conditions

This Appendix describes the future (2035) traffic conditions in the City of Tualatin and identifies areas where improvements will be necessary to serve expected future growth. This report details the forecasting process, including key assumptions about anticipated roadway improvements and development of land use. The information used to analyze the future traffic operations was provided by the City of Tualatin, Washington and Clackamas Counties, the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT), Metro, and the consultant team.

The information in this Appendix served to inform the discussion of the future state of the transportation system in Tualatin. This information was used to help inform the project ideas and alternatives developed into Tualatin's Transportation System Plan (TSP) to address motor vehicle deficiencies.

1

Travel Demand and Land Use

Land use is a key factor in the functionality of the transportation system. The amount of land that is developed, the type of land uses, and how the land uses are mixed together have a direct relationship to demands placed on the transportation system. Understanding the amount of land to be developed, and the type of land use is critical to understanding future operations and how improvements may best serve those land uses.

Traffic volume forecasts identified in this analysis are based on regional travel demand forecasting models coordinated with Metro and Washington County. Travel demand models translate assumed land uses into person trips, select travel modes and assign motor vehicles to the roadway network. The resulting traffic volume projections form the basis for identifying potential roadway deficiencies, and for evaluating alternative circulation improvements.

Projected Land Use Growth

Projected land uses were developed for the study area and reflect Tualatin's Comprehensive Plan and Metro's land use assumptions for the year 2035. For transportation modeling purposes, Tualatin and the surrounding areas were divided into transportation analysis zones (TAZs). These TAZs represent the sources of vehicle trips being generated from land uses within the study area. For the Tualatin TSP, land use data sets were developed for 2010 (existing base travel forecast for the region) and 2035 future conditions. The land use summary for all TAZs in the Tualatin TSP study area is identified in Table 1.

TABLE 1 Study Area Land Use Totals

Land Use	2010	2035	Percent Growth
Households	10,340	11,270	9%
Employment	23,620	31,040	31%

Source: Metro/Consultant Team

Travel Demand Model Process

The objective of the transportation planning process is to provide the information necessary to make decisions on where and when improvements should be made to the transportation system to meet future travel demand. A determination of future traffic system needs in Tualatin requires the ability to accurately forecast travel demand resulting from estimates of future population and employment for the City.

Future travel demand forecasting can be divided into several distinct but integrated components that represent the logical sequence of travel behavior. These components and their general order in the traffic forecasting process are as follows:

• **Trip Generation** – This stage of the modeling process converts the land use into total person trips.

Metro works cooperatively with local agencies to determine local existing and future land uses that incorporates existing land uses and reflects input from local agencies. These land uses are then regionally adopted and updated when new travel demand models are developed in the future.

- **Trip Distribution** This step determines the locations that these trips would go to and come from within the region.
- Mode Choice Once the total person trips are generated, this step in the modeling process
 determines which mode of travel (i.e. motor vehicle, bicycle, pedestrian, transit, carpool, etc.)
 that each trip will make.
- **Traffic Assignment** The final step in the modeling process assigns the trips by mode to specific routes in the transportation network that match the trip distribution locations.

Trip Generation

The trip generation process translates land use quantities (number of dwelling units, retail employees, service employees and other employees) into vehicle trip ends (number of vehicles entering or leaving a TAZ). The Metro model trip generation process is elaborate, entailing detailed trip characteristics for various types of housing, retail, service, and other employment, and special activities. The model process is tailored to variations in travel characteristics and activities in the region, and is based on survey data from around the region.

Trip Distribution

This step estimates how many trips travel from one area in the model to any other area. Distribution is based on the number of trip ends generated in each TAZ zone pair, and on factors that relate the likelihood of travel between any two TAZs to the travel time between the zones.

In projecting long-range future traffic volumes, it is important to consider potential changes in regional travel patterns. Although the locations and amount of traffic generation in Tualatin are essentially a function of future land use in the city, the distribution of trips is influenced by expected congestion on roadways and regional growth. The model and trip distribution can also be used to help define the number of internal, external and through trips for the City of Tualatin. These types of trips are as follows:

- Internal trips are trips that start and end within the city limits of Tualatin;
- **External trips** are trips that either start in Tualatin and end outside the city, or start outside the city and end within the city; and
- **Through trips** are trips that pass through Tualatin and have neither an origin nor a destination in Tualatin.

Table 2 quantifies the internal, external, and through trips for all roadways within the City of Tualatin, as estimated for 2010 and 2035. The much larger number of external than internal trips reflects the majority of people who either live outside of Tualatin and work in the city, or people who live in Tualatin but work outside of the city. The significant number of through trips through the city indicates that the City of Tualatin acts as a conduit for people who both live and work outside the city limits. However, most trips occurring in the city either originate in or are destined to Tualatin.

TABLE 2 PM Peak Period Motor Vehicle Trip Activity

Trip Type	2010	2035	2010 Share	2035 Share
Internal (within Tualatin)	4,970	5,020	12%	9%
External (from/to Tualatin)	25,440	31,630	61%	56%
Through* (via Tualatin)	11,080	19,570	27%	35%

^{*}Excludes through trips on I-5 and 99W

Source: DKS Associates

When comparing the trip types for the model year 2035 versus 2010, through trips make up the largest increase in trips and have a higher percentage share of overall trips in Tualatin. As can be seen in Table 2, the overall share of trips for both internal and external trips for the City of Tualatin appear to be in decline over the planning horizon year, but that is only due to the fact that through trips are growing at a much higher rate which reduces the overall share for those types of trips.

Mode Choice

This step in the modeling process determines how many trips will be made by various modes (single-occupant vehicle, transit, carpool, pedestrian, bicycle, etc.). The travel model provides estimates of the various modes of travel that can be generally assessed at the transportation analysis zone level. Base year mode splits are derived from travel surveys and incorporated into the base model. Adjustments to mode split may be made for future scenarios, depending on any expected changes in transit or carpool use. These considerations are built into the forecasts used for 2035. Figure 1 illustrates the 2010 Metro model daily mode share for Tualatin. While the total number of trips increases in 2035, the share by mode type is relatively unchanged. Mode share changes reflect a small shift (approximately 0.3 percent of trips) away from driving, primarily toward transit.

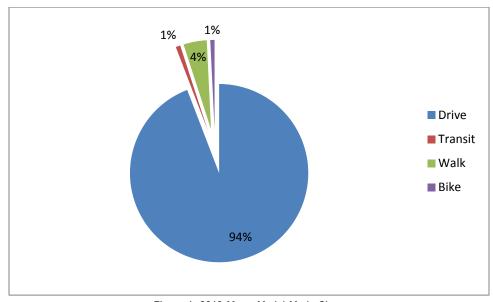


Figure 1: 2010 Metro Model Mode Share

Traffic Assignment

In this process, trips from one zone to another are assigned to specific travel routes in the network, and resulting trip volumes are accumulated on links of the network until all trips are assigned. Network travel times are updated to reflect the congestion effects of the traffic assigned through an equilibrium process. Congested travel times are estimated using what are called "volume-delay functions". There are different forms of volume/delay functions, all of which attempt to simulate the impact of congestion on travel times (greater delay) as traffic volume increases. The volume-delay functions take into account the specific characteristics of each roadway link, such as capacity, speed and facility type. This allows the model to reflect conditions somewhat similar to driver behavior.

The travel demand models represent PM peak period traffic flows for every major roadway segment within Tualatin and most minor arterials and collector streets. Some local streets were included in the model, but most neighborhood streets are represented by TAZ connectors in the model process.

Model Application to Tualatin

The modeling process for the Tualatin TSP update is based upon the 2010 and 2035 travel demand models developed by Metro for the PM peak period. The Metro model is built from travel survey data and is calibrated to traffic volume counts at specific locations on key arterials. Metro uses VISUM, a computer based transportation modeling program, to process the large amounts of data related to land use and person trips for all modes of travel for the Portland Metropolitan area.

From the regional model, Metro developed a subarea model representing the west side of the region, roughly split at the Willamette River. This model is used as a basis for creating the Washington County model, which includes refinements to include more locally significant details than the regional model typically requires. For the Tualatin TSP, additional refinements were made to the Washington County model roadway network, in consultation with Washington County staff. Base 2010 model traffic volumes were compared against actual traffic volumes at TSP study intersections and other key locations. For consistency, all local refinements are carried forward to future (2035) models.

Intersection turn movements were extracted from the model at study area intersections for both the base year 2010 and forecast year 2035 model scenarios. A "post processing" technique is utilized to refine model travel forecasts to the turn movement volume forecasts utilized for 2035 intersection analysis. Post processing is a methodology that uses existing 2011 count data, base year model data and future year model data to help determine future volumes. The methodology adds the increment of growth, the calculated difference in volumes between the future and base year models, to the existing count data. This methodology minimizes the effects of any model error by adding the increment of growth projected based on changes in land use to the base year counts.

Assumed Future Roadway Projects

The future 2035 roadway system includes projects that are considered reasonably likely to be funded and constructed by 2035. This roadway network is considered to represent the future 'no-build' scenario. The future 2035 roadway system in the Metro model consists of the 2035 Metro Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) financially constrained project list. The Washington County model includes a refined set of future roadway projects with additional modifications made for the Tualatin TSP. The locally-significant roadway projects assumed for the Tualatin TSP future 'no-build' scenario are:

- Tualatin-Sherwood Road- Widen to 5 Lanes (OR 99W to Teton Avenue)
- 124th Avenue Extension (Tualatin-Sherwood Road to Tonquin Road)
- Tonquin Road Widen to 3 lanes (Oregon Street to Grahams Ferry Road)
- Myslony Street Widen to 3 lanes and extend (from 124th Avenue to 112th Avenue)
- **Durham Road** Widen to 5 Lanes (OR 99W to Boones Ferry Road)
- Herman Road Reconstruct (Cipole Road to 124th Avenue)
- Herman Road Widen to 5 Lanes (108th Avenue to Teton Avenue)
- Herman Road Widen to 3 Lanes (Teton Avenue to Tualatin Road)
- I-5 Auxiliary Lanes constructed between Elligsen and I-205 Interchange
- Sagert Street/Martinazzi Avenue Intersection New Traffic Signal and grade improvements
- Avery Street/105th Avenue Intersection New Traffic Signal, curve improvements
- Cipole Street/Herman Road New Traffic Signal

Future Intersection Traffic Operations

Future intersection traffic operations are evaluated using 2035 turn movement volume forecasts developed with the methodology identified in previous sections. Since the forecasts are based on a growth increment added to the base year volumes, the future forecasts reflect the identified design hour (30th highest hour) traffic volumes. Table 3 identifies pm LOS and V/C for each study intersection under existing and future conditions. The applicable jurisdictional standard for minimum performance is identified as well.

TABLE 3
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	2011 LOS	2011 V/C	2035 LOS	2035 V/C
<u>Signalized</u>						
SW 124th Ave & Hwy 99W	ODOT	0.99	С	0.69	D	0.99
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.66	С	0.91
SW 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.53	С	0.83
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.90	С	0.92
SW Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.71	D	0.92
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.79	E	1.03
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.60	С	0.78
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	F	1.30
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.94	E	1.05
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.79	D	0.90

TABLE 3
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	2011 LOS	2011 V/C	2035 LOS	2035 V/C		
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.68	С	0.84		
SW 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	F	1.47		
SW Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.65	В	0.66		
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.59	В	0.78		
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.75	С	0.92		
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	В	0.62	С	0.86		
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	D	0.89	F	1.26		
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.76	E	1.11		
SW 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	С	0.66	D	0.88		
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.75	D	0.97		
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.74	D	0.98		
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.87	F	1.15		
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.75	E	1.11		
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.70	D	0.98		
SW 105th Ave & SW Avery St ²	Tualatin	E	С	0.28	С	0.95		
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St^3	Tualatin	E	F	0.95	D	0.91		
All-way Stop-control								
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	В	0.55	D	0.83		
SW Teton Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	С	0.40	F	0.76		
SW 65th Ave & SW Sagert St*4	Wash. Co.	0.99	F	0.98	F	1.72		
Minor Street Stop-control*								
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	E	F	0.98	F	1.44		

SOURCE: Consultant Team

BOLD and highlighted dark grey text indicates meet minimum performance standard is not met

^{*}LOS and V/C reported for highest delay movement.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control.

³ Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control. HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the three lanes (one dedicated to each movement) are combined into two: through-right and through-left lanes. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

⁴ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the dedicated southbound left turn lane and through lane are combined, due to the relatively small volume on the left turn movement. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.











City of Tualatin Virtual Tour of Future Conditions

Presentation to **Tualatin Transportation Task Force** February 2, 2012

CITY OF TUALATIN

What is Future Conditions?

- Assessment of conditions by mode in 2035
- Identifies future needs, opportunities, and constraints for all modes of travel
- Incorporates future planned land uses and expected projects/improvements
- Balances community needs with infrastructure needs
- Helps prioritize identified improvements

Major Elements of Future Conditions

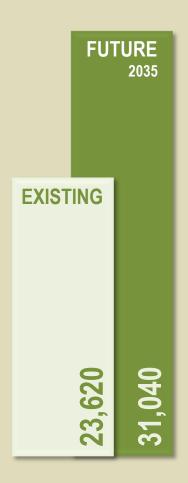


- Mode Choice
- Land Use
- Future improvements
- Future forecasting
- Community values and inputs
- Prioritization

Land Use Overview



9%
Projected Housing Growth



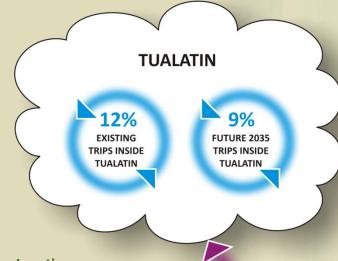
31%
Projected Employment Growth

Assumed Future 2035 Roadway Projects



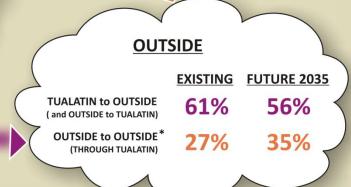
PM Peak Period Motor Vehicle Trip Activity



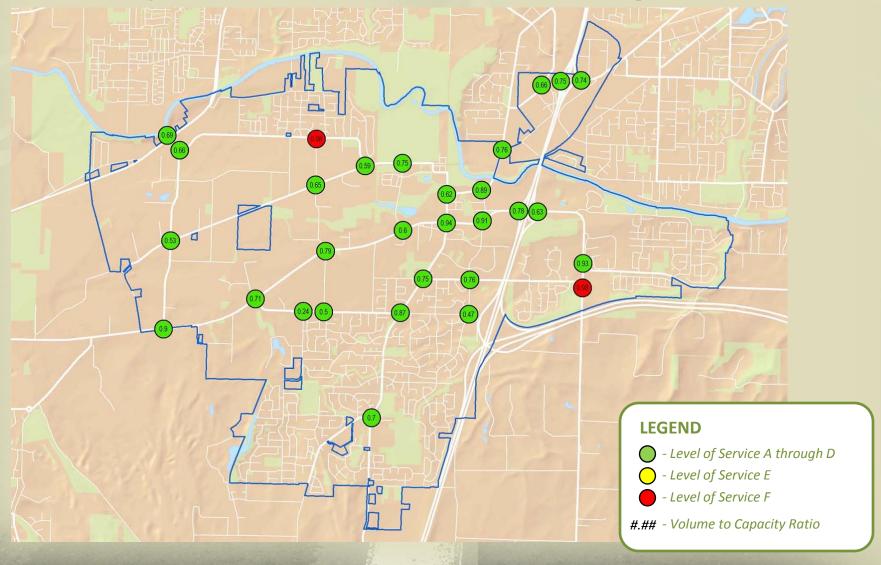


Total PM Peak Period Trips by Location

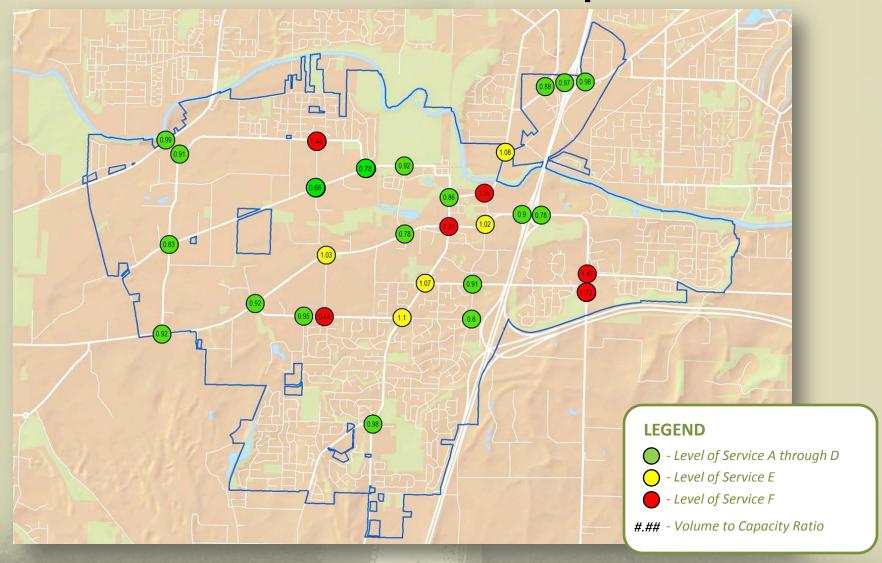
	Existing	Future	Growth
Inside Trips	4,970	5,020	50
Inside to Outside Outside to Inside	25,440	31,630	6,190
Outside to Outside	11,080	19,570	8,490



Existing PM Peak Intersection Operations



2035 PM Peak Intersection Operations



Appendix D Alternatives Analysis

This Appendix provides an overview of the process used to develop Transportation System Plan recommendations and contains a comprehensive list of all the projects recommended. The first section of this Appendix lists all transportation improvement projects considered during the plan update process. Each project was evaluated based on the seven TSP goals and corresponding objectives adopted by the Transportation Task Force. Detailed project evaluations are included in the second section of this Appendix. Some projects were not recommended for inclusion and others were identified for further analysis as Refinement Areas. Analysis for each Refinement Area is included in the final section of this Appendix, with a variety of potential solutions offered for each problem.



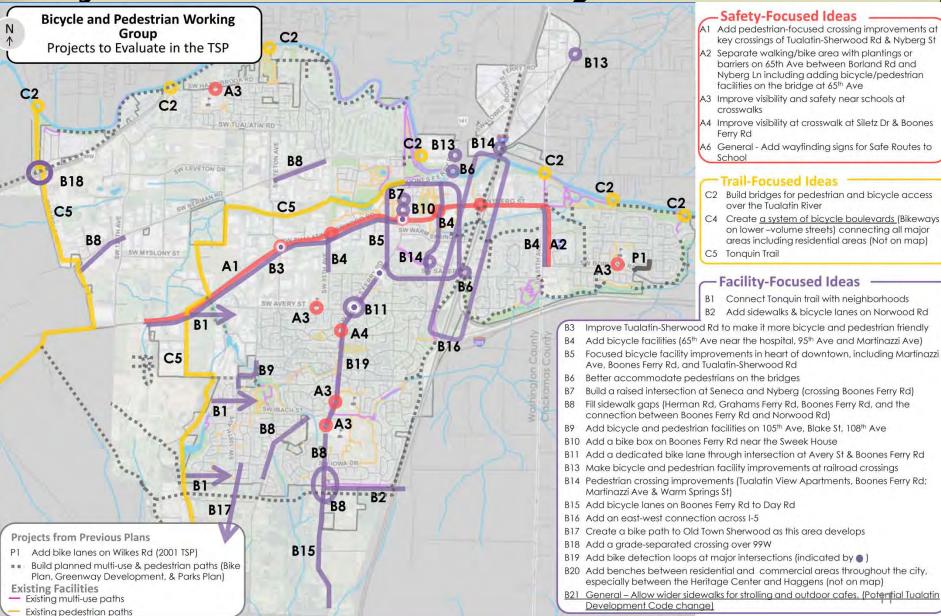
Screening Results

By Working Group Topic Area



Bicycle/Pedestrian

Bicycle and Pedestrian - Projects to Evaluate



Bicycle and Pedestrian - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening	Action to be taken
		question?	
A5	Improve lighting at Jurgens Rd and Hazelbrook Rd	1 (transportation related, addressing an identified need)	Forward to engineering
B1	Add a pedestrian overcrossing between the Community park and Tualatin Commons	1 (transportation related), 4 (cost)	Consider upon future development
C3	Add a pedestrian shortcut between Hazelbrook Rd and 99W	1 (addressing an identified need)	Consider if a future development occurs at this location



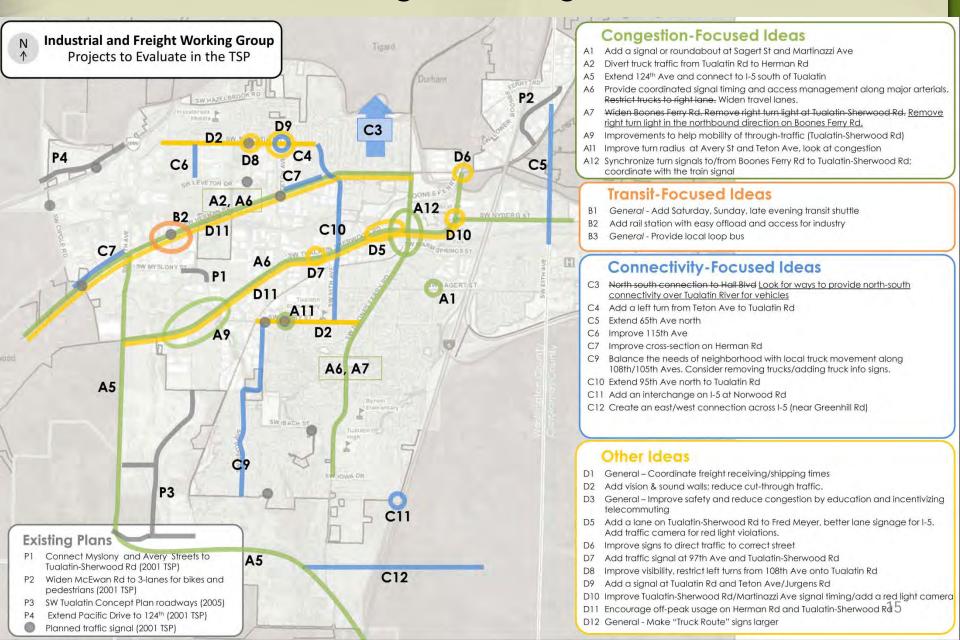
Bicycle/Pedestrian

Discussion



Industrial and Freight

Industrial and Freight - Projects to Evaluate



Industrial and Freight - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project Idea	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A3	Provide an undercrossing for Nyberg through traffic under I-5 to avoid signal/conflicts. Create an urban interchange	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	None
A4	Reconsider the connection between 99W and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (note: in Sherwood)	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to City of Sherwood
A8	Close 90th Ave to 18-wheel trucks	1 (addressing a transportation problem)	Reassess during review of functional classification plan
A10	Create a loop road around central downtown, with a turn radius that works for trucks	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
В3	General – Provide bus from Clackamas MAX stop to WES for employees	1 (addressing a transportation problem)	Forward to TriMet

Industrial and Freight - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project Idea	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
C1	Add connection and entry to I-205	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C2	Provide direct connection between Herman Rd & Boones Ferry Rd. Consider a tunnel	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	None
C1	Add interchange at Norwood Road	3 (technical feasibility)	None
D4	Move industrial area to the SW area, change to multi-family residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	1 (transportation- related)	Forward to Planning



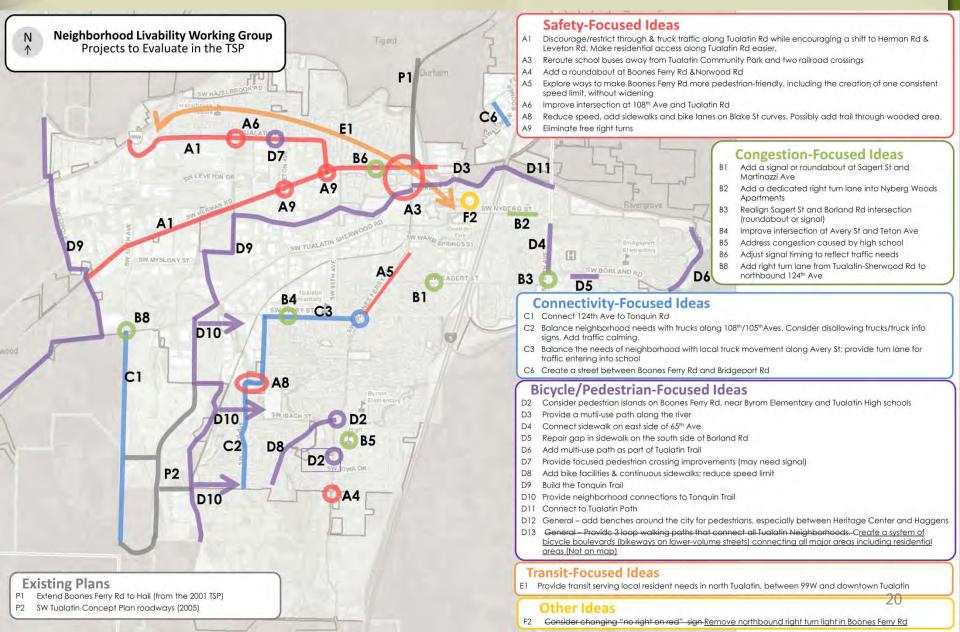
Industrial and Freight

Discussion



Neighborhood Livability

Neighborhoods - Projects to Evaluate



Neighborhood Livability - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A2	Improve lighting on Hazelbrook Rd	1 (transportation-related)	Forward to Engineering
A7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering
A10	Require a stop before vehicles turn right onto Boones Ferry Rd between Mohawk St and Greenhill Lane	3 (technical feasibility)	None
В7	Add two right turns onto I-5 northbound from Nyberg St	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to ODOT
C4	Add I-5 Interchange with Norwood Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C 5	Ferry Rd and 105" Ave to minimize	1 (not included in TSP analysis)	Revisit upon completion of Boones Ferry Road analysis and recommendations
D1	Consider a pedestrian overcrossing on Boones Ferry Rd	4 (cost)	Assess more effective, lower cost solutions to pedestrian safety

Neighborhood Livability - Ideas Screened Out (Cont.)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
F1	Consider ways to lessen noise from 99W and I-5 on nearby residences	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Engineering
F3	Intersection of Ibach/Grahams Ferry is confusing; rename road or better signs; need better lighting	1 (transportation related, addressing a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering
F4	General – Add gateway signs to announce CIOs	1 (transportation related)	Forward to CIOs
F5	Move industrial area to the SW area (no direct truck route), change to multifamily residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Planning
F6	Create small, neighborhood commercial for residents to walk to	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Planning



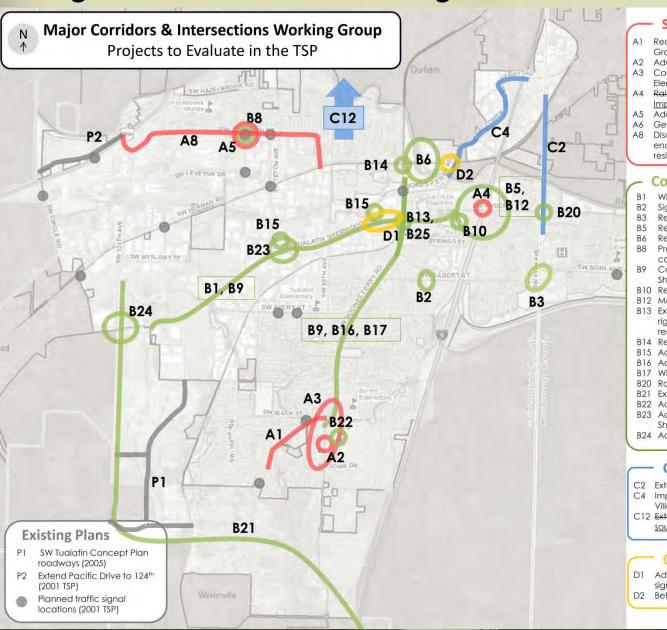
Neighborhood Livability

Discussion



Major Corridors and Intersections

Major Corridors - Projects to Evaluate



Safety-Focused Ideas

- Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd
- A2 Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
- A3 Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School & Byrom Elementary School
- A4 Raise the southbound off-ramp to allow a better view of traffic on Improve the sight distance at the I-5-Nyberg Rd interchange
- A5 Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave or on Teton Ave
- A6 General consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals
- A8 Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd. Make residential access easier.

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- 31 Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B2 Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- B3 Realign Sagert St/Borland Rd intersection
- B5 Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange
- B6 Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park
- B8 Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest corner
- B9 Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B10 Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Rd)
- B12 Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd
- B13 Extend the northbound left turn lane and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to reduce backup from WES train; add red light cameras
- B14 Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd
- B15 Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser
- B16 Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd
- B17 Widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B20 Roundabout at Nyberg Rd/65th Ave; keep Nyberg Rd 2 lanes
- B21 Extend 124th Ave and connect to 1-5 and Tonquin Rd
- B22 Address congestion caused by high school
- B23 Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B24 Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124th Ave

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C2 Extend 65th Ave north
- C4 Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near Bridgeport Village into downtown Tualatin
- C12 Extend Boones Ferry Rd to Hall Blvd Look for ways to provide northsouth connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles

Other Ideas

- D1 Add Iane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better Iane signage for I-5. Install traffic camera for signal violations.
- D2 Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering
B4	Consider a traffic loop in downtown (one way, right turn only)	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation
В7	Consider removing ramp signals at Nyberg interchange	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 2 (Ability to Implement)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange
B1	Consider redesigning the Nyberg interchange into a full cloverleaf	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange
B1	Add a southbound left turn and right turn lane to Nyberg interchange	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange
B1	Restrict trucks to right lane, widen travel lanes	2 (ability to implement)	None

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
B25	Limit access and grade separate the intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
C3	Construct a new road between Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Look at other options to address school congestion
C 5	Improve intersection at 99W and Tualatin Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	None
C6	Extend Tualatin Rd to Lower Boones Ferry Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C8	Add on/off ramps from I-5 to Norwood Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C 9	Widen Sagert St to 2 lanes each way with pedestrian median	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	None 27

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
C10	Extend Helenius Road (Grahams Ferry Rd to Norwood Rd)	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C11	Create street grid in Bridgeport	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 2 (ability to implement)	None
D3	Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi Ave – Adjust signal timing, add a red light camera	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to Washington County – potential project already underway
D4	Adjust signal Timing	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to Washington County – potential project already underway



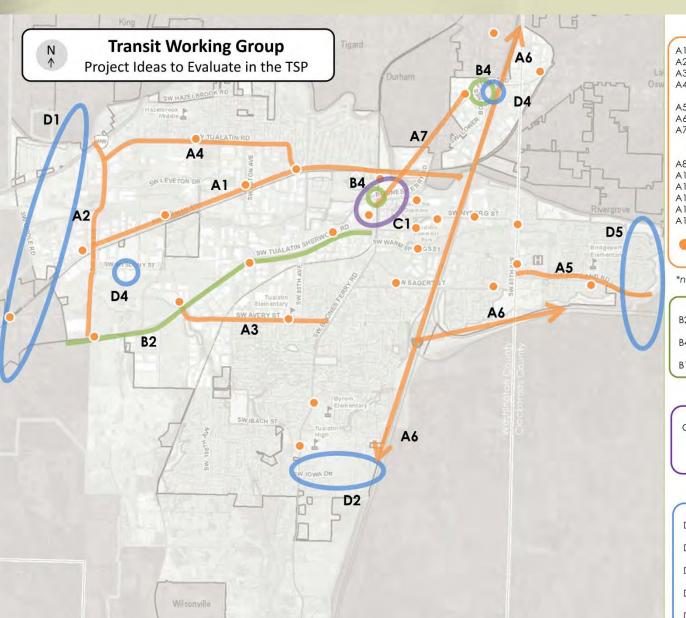
Major Corridors and Intersections

Discussion



Transit

Transit - Projects to Evaluate



Bus Service-Focused Ideas

- Provide bus transit service on Herman Road
- A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Street
- A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street
- A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W
- A5 Extend bus service to east Tualatin
- A6 Improve bus service between Tualatin and Salem
- A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service
- A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city*
- A10 Expand existing on-call shuttle and charge fares*
- A12 General need extended service hours for all transit*
- A13 General use more energy efficient buses*
- A14 Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule*
- A16 Add stops on higher-volume routes*
- Potential bus stop locations connecting major employers and activity centers

*not shown on map

Rail Service-Focused Ideas

- B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)
- B4 Build elevated pedestrian bridge to connect park-andride with shopping at Bridgeport Village
- B10 General Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains*

Land Use-Focused Ideas

C1 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Park-and-Ride-Focused Ideas

- D1 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- D2 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south
- Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride (near Bridgeport Village)
- D4 Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots 3.1
- D5 Add a park-and-ride location in east Tualatin

Transit - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Screening Question	Moving forward into evaluation?
A9	Add bus line from Yamhill Transit District to WES	2 (Ability to Implement)	Forward to Yamhill Transit District and TriMet
A11	General –leave TriMet service area	3 (Technical Feasibility)	Assess ability to improve transit service in Tualatin first, and then reconsider the need for this idea
A15	Provide transit service to Lake Oswego	1 (Addressing a need)	None
B1	Eliminate freight rail trips during rush hours, to avoid interrupting bus and WES service	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions around increasing WES frequency (B3)
В3	Increase WES frequency	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions around increasing WES frequency
B5	Extend WES to Salem	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions on this topic

Transit - Ideas Screened Out (Cont.)

ID	Project	Screening Question	Moving forward into evaluation?
B6	Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions on this topic
B7	SW corridor High Capacity Transit	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in ongoing regional discussions on this topic
B8	Add a WES Station in south Tualatin	1 (Addressing a need)	Reconsider upon future buildout of Basalt Creek area
B9	General – Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains	2 (Ability to implement)	Forward to TriMet
B11	Follow the existing rail line with High Capacity Transit	2 (Ability to implement)	Forward to Metro for ongoing SW Corridor and other regional transit discussions









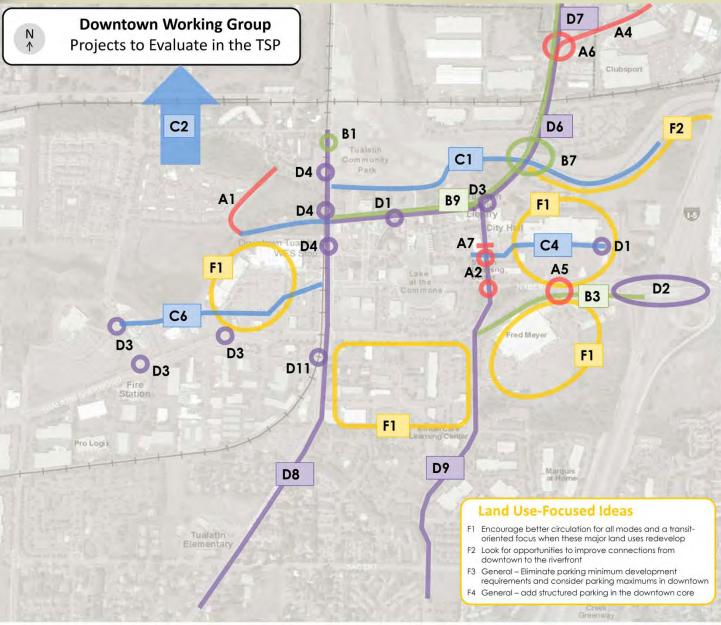
Transit

Discussion



Downtown

Downtown - Projects to Evaluate



- Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek
- A2 Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at Seneca St and Nyberg St
- A4 Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village
- A5 Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection upgrade the pedestrian connection
- A6 Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and Boones Ferry Rd
- A7 Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca St

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Improve circulation into and out of the park
- B3 Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi Ave to I-5
- B7 Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd
- B9 Widen Boones Ferry Rd to 5 lanes

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C1 Build a trail from Boones Ferry Rd to the downtown core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway
- C2 Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to Seneca St
- C5 General-improve street connectivity in downtown
- C6 Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and

Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

- D1 Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights
- D2 Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists
- D3 Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts between cars and pedestrians (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Martinazzi Ave and Boones Ferry Rd)
- D4 Add pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd
- D6 Improve sidewalks and bicycle lanes Boones Ferry Rd
- D7 Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities near Bridgeport Village
- D8 Provide "Share the Road" signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd
- D9 Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs on Martinazzi Ave
- D10 General coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians in downtown
- D11 Focused pedestrian crossings

Downtown - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A3	Add a grade separated railroad crossing on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
B2	Provide secondary exit from park, and provide additional parking	3 (technical feasibility)	Look at other options to improve circulation at park
B4	Add a travel lane on I-5 northbound (between Tualatin and OR 217)	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to ODOT
B5	Create a one-way circulator loop roadway around downtown	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation
В6	Reduce ambient noise along Boones Ferry Rd in downtown	1 (transportation- related)	None

Downtown - Projects to Screen (Cont.)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken		
B8	Add HOV lanes on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	2 (ability to implement), 3 (technical feasibility)	None		
C3	Connect Nyberg Rd through the Commons	1 (addressing a transportation need)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation		
C7	Extend Lower Boones Ferry Rd across Tualatin River	3 (technical feasibility)	None		
D5	Create a pedestrian skybridge that connects downtown retail businesses and the park	1 (transportation-related), 4 (cost)	Consider upon future development		



Downtown

Discussion

I. Tualatin Transportation System Plan Recommendations

This section provides a brief overview of the process used to identify preliminary project recommendations for the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP), as presented to the Transportation Task Force (TTF) at its June 21st meeting. Evaluation summaries for each project idea, with the preliminary recommendations, are included at the end of this memo. Maps identifying the location of each project idea are also included.

In May 2012, the TSP's technical team reviewed each of the projects identified as feasible against a set of evaluation criteria. The evaluation criteria are quantitative or qualitative measures that help the team identify how well the project idea is at meeting the TSP's goals and objectives (see Preliminary Evaluation Results memo dated May 25, 2012 for more information on this evaluation) These results were discussed at the May 24th TTF meeting, and with each of the six Working Groups at their third round of meetings, as follows:

- Downtown (June 4)
- Transit (June 5)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian (June 6)
- Industrial and Freight (June 13, mid-day)
- Neighborhood Livability (June 13, evening)
- Major Corridors and Intersections (June 14)

The attached evaluations have been refined to reflect modest changes made during these meetings.

In late May, the technical team conducted a preliminary assessment of whether each project idea should be moved forward into the TSP. All Working Group participants also had this discussion, and participants at Working Group meetings were asked to place dots next to project ideas they thought should or should not move forward, as follows:

- Green dots (participants were given five total) denoted the projects that would provide the greatest value to the community
- Red dots (participants were given five total) denoted projects that should not move forward into the TSP

Working Group participants did not need to use all dots provided. Photos of this dot exercise are on the project website at www.tualatintsp.org. Following the third round of meetings the technical team incorporated feedback from the Working Groups into the attached preliminary recommendations. The attached tables are organized to illustrate the following:

- 1. Projects that should be included in the TSP
- 2. Projects that should only be included as part of an urban upgrade, consistent with design standards for that roadway's functional classification
- 3. Projects that should not be included in the TSP
- 4. Projects that are topics for further refinement in the summer months

(Please note: Many project ideas were discussed at more than one Working Group meeting. The project team strives for consistency in wording, evaluation, and recommendations, but do allow these crosscutting project ideas to be reported under each Working Group topic area.)

At its June 21st meeting, the TTF will review developments from this third round of Working Group meetings, and TTF members will be asked to accept or refine the preliminary recommendations before they are forwarded to the community as a whole for review over the summer months.

Six areas have been identified for further refinement over the summer months:

- 1. Tualatin-Sherwood Road options
- 2. Nyberg Interchange options
- 3. Boones Ferry Road options
- 4. North to South connectivity options
- 5. Herman Road and Tualatin Road options
- 6. Downtown connectivity options

For each of the six areas above, the traffic analysis and conceptual design teams will be evaluating up to three alternatives to be discussed with the Task Force during July and August and with the community over the summer months and at a larger meeting in September. Tradeoffs will be discussed related to traffic, connectivity, right of way, environmental, and cost.

II. Bicycle and Pedestrian Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	•	•	•			•	•	Yes
А3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	Yes
A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	0	•	0	0	-	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide wayfinding for Safe Routes to School	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
B1	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	Yes
B8	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 15th Ave, Blake St, and 18th Ave				•	•	•	•	Yes
B11	Add dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
B13	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings		•	N/A	N/A	•	•	0	Yes
B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned and existing multi-use paths	•	0	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B20	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
C4	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	-	•	-	-	•	•	-	Yes
C5	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B2	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Only upon urban upgrade

Page 1 As of June, 2012

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
B4	Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•			•	Only upon urban upgrade, or as part of A2
В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Only upon urban upgrade
B15	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd	•	•	•	N/A		•	•	Only upon urban upgrade
В3	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	0	No – Tonquin Trail
В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg	0	0		0		•	0	No
B10	Add bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House	0	•	•	0	•	0	•	No
B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops	•	•			•	•	0	No
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W	•	•	0	0	•	0	0	No
B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections	•	N/A		N/A	•	•	•	No
B5	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
B14	Improve pedestrian crossing along Boones Ferry Rd		-	•	•	•	N/A	•	Refinement topic area
B21	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes	N/A	•	•	•	•	N/A	•	Refinement topic area
C2	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River		•	•	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area

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Downtown Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path in back of Haggens	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A5	Redesign Fred Meyer to Kmart intersection (including pedestrian crossing)	•	•	•			•	•	Yes
B1	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
В3	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0		0	•	•	Yes
В7	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	Yes
C1	Build trail along river from Boones Ferry to downtown, extend to greenway	•	•			•	•	•	Yes
C4	Create grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with connection to Seneca	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D2	Upgrade Nyberg interchange for bicyclist safety	•			0	•	•	0	Yes
D6	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village	-		•	•	•	0	•	Yes
D8	Provide signage to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D9	Add bicycle lane on Martinazzi north of Warm Springs	-	•	•	•	•	•	-	Yes
F1	Encourage multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	Yes
F2	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	Yes

Page 3 As of June, 2012

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
F4	Add structured parking in the downtown core	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A2	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi	0	•	•	0	_	•	•	No
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village	0	•	0	0	•	N/A	0	No
A7	Add pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca	0	•	0	•		-	•	No
C6	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave	•	0	N/A	•	0	-	0	No
D4	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca)	0	0	•	0		•	0	No
D10	Coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians	0	N/A	•	0	0	•	0	No
D11	Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry Road at Tonka	0	•	7-/	0	-	•	0	No
F3	Eliminate parking minimum development requirements and consider parking maximums	N/A	-	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	No
A6	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road	_	0	0	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
B9	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	•	-	-	•	0	•	0	Refinement topic area
B10	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	7	~/	0	•	0	•	0	Refinement topic area
C2	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	•	•	-	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
C 5	Improve downtown core street connectivity	•	•	•	0	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
D1	Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing lights	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
D3	Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts	•	•	-	0	-	•	_	Refinement
	along Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads								topic area

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Industrial and Freight Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
A5	Extend 124th Ave to the south	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A11	Address congestion on Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	_	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A12	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal	•	N/A	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
B1	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	•	N/A			•	•	•	Yes
В3	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
C5	Extend 65th Ave north	•	_	0	•	0	•	0	Yes
C9	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A	•	0	•	0	•	Yes
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)			-	•	•	•	•	Yes (with Basalt Creek)
D1	Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
D3	Provide incentives to telecommute			N/A	•	•	•	•	Yes
D5	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0	•	•	N/A	•	Yes
D11	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		N/A	N/A	•	•	N/A	•	Yes
D14	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on local and minor collectors	0	•	•	0	-	•	•	Yes
D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	-	Yes

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
D23	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
C14	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on- street parking	•	•	N/A	•	N/A		•	Only with urban upgrade
C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Only with urban upgrade
C16	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way	•	•	N/A	-	N/A		•	Only with urban upgrade
A7	Remove NB right turn light on Boones Ferry	•	0	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
C4	Add a left turn from Teton to Tualatin Rd	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
C6	Improve 115th Ave	•	•	0	•	_	•	•	No
C8	Add signal to Tualatin and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A		0	•	0	No
C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	No
C13	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system	•			•	•	•	•	No
D2	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut- through traffic	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	No
D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood and Martinazzi signal timing	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D12	Make "Truck Route" signs larger	N/A	N/A	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D16	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D20	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd and Lower Boones Ferry	-	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
B2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of town	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Needs Refinement
C17	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/ I-5 Interchange	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Needs Refinement

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A2	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A9	Improvements to help mobility of through- traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	•	•	0		•	Refinement Topic Area
A13	Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
C3	Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin River	•	•	•	•		•	0	Refinement Topic Area
C7	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D7	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	•	•				N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D8	Improve visibility, add signal restrict left turns from 108th onto Tualatin	•	_	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D9	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd	•	N/A		-	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D13	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road	0	0	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D15	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd northbound onto 108th Ave		-	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and Tualatin-Sherwood	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin- Sherwood to Cipole	-		N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D19	Improve NB right and left turns onto Herman	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D21	Improve SB left turns from Jurgens and 106th onto Tualatin	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	-	Refinement Topic Area

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Major Corridors and Intersections Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
А3	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A6	Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•	•			-	0	•	Yes
B6	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
B8	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave <u>or</u> remove trees in the southwest corner	0	•	0		•	0	•	Yes
B9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	Yes
B10	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing	-	•		•	•	•	•	Yes
B16	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	Yes
B21	Extend 124th Ave to south		-	_	•	•	•	•	Yes
B23	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at Tualatin-Sherwood	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	Yes
C2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	•		0	•	0	•	0	Yes
C4	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd between Bridgeport Village and downtown	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	Yes
D1	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	Yes
A2	Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School	•	_	_	N/A	_	0	0	No
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
B14	Reconfigure Boones Ferry at Tualatin Road	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	No

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser	0	•	•	0	-	_	•	No
B20	Roundabout or signal at Nyberg and 65 th intersection	•	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	No
B22	Address congestion caused by high school	•	_	•	•	_	0	•	No
C7	Revise connection between Tualatin and Boones Ferry near the railroad tracks	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	No
C9	Widen Sagert to 2-lanes each way	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	No
D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A4	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange	N/A	•	N/A		-	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A5	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A8	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•				•	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B1	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	0		N/A	0	-	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B12	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	•	•	N/A	•	0	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B13	Extend NB left turn and create a SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin- Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train		•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B17	Widen Boones Ferry Rd at the south end of the City	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B24	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	•	•	N/A	•	-	0	—	Refinement Topic Area
C12	Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Refinement Topic Area

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Neighborhood Livability Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
А3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and railroad crossings	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
A8	Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area	0	•	•	0		-	•	Yes
B1	Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
B4	Improve intersection at Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
C1	Extend 124th Ave to south	•	•	_	•	•	•	•	Yes
C2	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A		0	•	•	•	Yes
C3	Balance needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
C7	Extend 65th Ave to the north	•	-	0	•	0	•	0	Yes
D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D4	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg			•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D5	Repair sidewalk gap on south side of Borland	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D9	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	_	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D11	Connect to Tualatin Path	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D12	Add benches for walkers throughout city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D13	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
D8	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry Road	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Only with urban upgrade
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
B5	Address congestion caused by high school	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	No
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
F2	Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Tualatin Rd out of the Police Station	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•	No
A1	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•	•			-	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
A4	Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd.	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A5	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian- friendly	•			•	•	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
A6	Improve intersection at 108th and Tualatin	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A9	Eliminate free right turns – on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B2	Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
В6	Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic		•	0	•	0	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
B8	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	•	•	N/A	•	•	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
D2	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom ES and Tualatin HS	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D7	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area

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Transit Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street	•	N/A	•	•	_	•	•	Yes
A3	Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	•	N/A	•	•	-		•	Yes
A5	Extend bus service to east Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
Α7	Explore a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	•	N/A	•			•	•	Yes
A8	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
A10	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	•	N/A			•	•	•	Yes
A12	General – need extended service for all transit	•	N/A	•	_	•	•	0	Yes/ Focus on 96
B2	Provide high capacity transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	•	N/A		•	•	•	•	Yes (combine with South Corridor conversation)
C1	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D1	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D2	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D3	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure	•	N/A	-	•	0	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A13	General – use more energy efficient buses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A14	Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A16	Add stops on higher volume routes	0	N/A	•	N/A	-	_	0	No
B1	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
B4	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping	•	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	No
D4	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	No
D5	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	No
A1	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A4	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	•	N/A	•	-	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area

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									Number of connections for all modes			Availability and quality of	
Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	Access and Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip time between origins and destination	es Amount of delay (in ns minutes or seconds) V/C ratio	within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
Bike/Ped	A1	Downtown	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Nyberg St.		-	•	•		•	-	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	A2	CIO-2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	● Would improve acces	ss/mobility for all modes		•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	А3	CIO-1	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns near schools.	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	A4	Boones Ferry Road	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns at the intersection of Boones Ferry Rd and Siletz Dr	O	•		O Increases vehicle delay			•	•	-
Bike/Ped	A6	City-wide	Provide wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School	Reduces confusion for students to use safest pedestrian and bike routes	•					•	•		
Bike/Ped	B1	CIO-5	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•	-		•	•	-	•	•
Bike/Ped	B10	Boones Ferry Road	Add a bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House	Bicycle safety concerns at the intersection of Boones Ferry Road and Sweek Dr	•	Increases travel time for vehicles		O Increases vehicle delay		•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B11	Boones Ferry Road	Add a dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry Rd	Bicycle facilities gap on Avery St	•	•	•			•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B13	Bridgeport Village, Downtown	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings	Rough railroad crossings that are difficult for pedestrians and bicyclists	•					•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B14	Bridgeport Village/Downtown/CIO-4	Improve pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd	Lack of a marked pedestrian crossing on Boones Ferry Road at the Tualatin View Apartments, safety concern for pedestrians	-	•	•		•	•	-	•	•
Bike/Ped	B15	Boones Ferry Road	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd	Bicycle facilities gap on Boones Ferry Rd	-	•	•			•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B16	Interstate 5	Add I-5 multi-use crossing– connect to planned and existing multi-use paths.	Lack of safe pedestrian and bicycle crossing facilities over I-5	•	•	-		•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B17	CIO-5	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops	Bicycle and multi-use path gap between Tualatin and Sherwood	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B18	CIO-1	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W	Pedestrian crossings safety concerns on 99W	-	•	•		•	•	•	•	-
Bike/Ped	B19	Boones Ferry Road, Manufacturing	Add bike detection loops at major intersections	Improve mobility for bicyclists at major intersections	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B2	CIO-6	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd	On street bicycle and pedestrian facilities gap on Norwood Rd	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	B20	City-wide	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	Lack of facilities to accommodate aging and mobility-limited pedestrians	N/A								
Bike/Ped	B21	City-wide	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes	Narrow sidewalks and lack of a pedestrian- oriented streetscape downtown	N/A								
Bike/Ped	В3	Downtown	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians	Pedestrian and bicycle safety and comfort concerns on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•				•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	В4	Manufacturing, Downtown, CIO-2	Add bicycle facilitiesnear the hospital, 95th Ave and Martinazzi	Bicycle facilities gaps on 65th Ave., 95th Ave., and Martinazzi Ave	-	•	-			•	-	•	•

Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed		I Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip time between origins and destination		V/C ratio	Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
Bike/Ped	B5	Downtown	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core	Bicycle facility gaps in downtown		•	•	-			•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	В6	Downtown	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	Narrow and sub-standard pedestrian and bicycle crossings over I-5 and the Tualatin River	r	•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	В7	Boones Ferry Road	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg	Pedestrian safety crossing concerns on Boones Ferry Rd		O ficantly slow vehicle t	raffic		O				•	•	
Bike/Ped	B8	CIO-6	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry and Herman	Lack of pedestrian facilities		•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	В9	CIO-3, CIO-5	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105th Ave, Blake St, and 108th Ave	Pedestrian and bicycle facilities gap on 105th Ave., Blake St., and 108th Ave.		•	•				•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	C2	Downtown	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River	Lack of pedestrian and bicycle crossings over the Tualatin River.		•	•	-	•		•	•	•	•	•
Bike/Ped	C4	City-wide	Create a bicycle boulevard system conencting major areas	Lack of low volume, low speed signed bikeway alternatives to major corridors throughout the city		•	•					•	•	•	-
Bike/Ped	C5	Manufacturing	Build the Tonquin Trail	Gaps in the multi-use path network		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Corridors/Intersections	A1	Grahams Ferry Road	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd	Grahams Ferry Rd does not meet City standards		N/A									
Corridors/Intersections	A2	Boones Ferry Road	Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School	Traffic delay and congestion on Boones Ferry Rd		•		Will smooth traffic flow			•	•		•	•
Corridors/Intersections	А3	Boones Ferry Road	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	Traffic delay and congestion on Boones Ferry Rd		N/A									
Corridors/Intersections	A4	Interstate 5	Improve the sight distance at the I-5 and Nyberg St interchange	Safety concerns at a known high-crash location		N/A									
Corridors/Intersections	A5	Tualatin Road	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave	Congestion on Tualatin Rd, safety concerns for vehicles turning from 108th Ave		•	•	•			•	•		•	•
Corridors/Intersections	A6	City-wide	Consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals	System-wide delay and driver confusion at intersections		•						•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	A8	Tualatin Road	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	Through and freight traffic cut-through on neighborhood streets. Congestion on Tualatin Rd		•						•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	B1	Downtown, Manufacturing	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Corridors/Intersections	B10	Interstate 5	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossings	e Congestion and crossing safety concerns on Nyberg St		•	•	-		•	•	•			
Corridors/Intersections	B12	Interstate 5	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg St.	Congestion on the northbound I-5 off ramp to Nyberg St		•	•		Adds capacity at conges	• sted intersection		•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	B13	Downtown	Extend NB left turn and create a SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin-Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train	Congestion at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd		•	•	•		-					
Corridors/Intersections	B14	Downtown	Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd	Congestion and an intersection with tight turns		-	•								

					Access and Mobility average	Travel time for all	Reliability - consistent trip times	s Amount of delay (in		Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important	Availability of	Vehicle Miles traveled	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate	Numbers/types of connections
Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	score	modes	between origins and destination		V/C ratio	destinations	travel modes	(VMT)	routes/modes	between destinations and origins
Corridors/Intersections	B15	Manufacturing	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser	Congestion at the intersection of 90th Ave and Kaiser	O Project may result in further cor	Ongestion		•	0		•			
Corridors/Intersections	B16	Boones Ferry Road	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	Congestion on Boones Ferry Rd from buses	•	Reduces traffic delay		•	•		•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	B17	Boones Ferry Road	Widen Boones Ferry Rd at the south end of the city	Boones Ferry Rd does not meet roadway standards	•	•	•		•	•	•			•
Corridors/Intersections	B2	CIO-4	Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave.	Intersection safety and congestion concerns for all modes at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	•	● Improves traffic flow	•			•	•		•	•
Corridors/Intersections	B20	C1O-2	Roundabout or signal at Nyberg St and 65th intersection	Congestion on Nyberg St at 65th Ave	•	•	•							
Corridors/Intersections	B21	Manufacturing	Extend 124th Ave to south	Lack of north-south connectivity between Boones Ferry Rd and 99W	•	•	-			-	-	li	• ncreases connectivity	•
Corridors/Intersections	B22	Boones Ferry Road	Address congestion caused by high school	Traffic delay and congestion on Boones Ferry Rd	•		•	-	•		•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	B23	Manufacturing	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd.	Congestion and delay on Teton Ave at Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	•	•	•	Will help address conge	estion at					
Corridors/Intersections	B24	Manufacturing	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124th Ave	Anticipated congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd as the area develops	•	•	-	intercection	•					
Corridors/Intersections	В3	CIO-2	Realign Sagert/Borland to one intersection	Safety concerns at Sagert St and Borland Rd	•	•	•	•	•					
Corridors/Intersections	B5	Interstate 5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	Safety concerns at a known high-crash location	O Would increase delay at interch	O ange		O	0					
Corridors/Intersections	В6	Downtown	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	Delay and difficulty of turning into and out of Tualatin Community Park	•								•	
Corridors/Intersections	B8	CIO-1	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest corner	Congestion on Tualatin Rd, safety concerns for vehicles turning from 108th Ave	Will reduce turning movements	O : increase travel time	for vehicles						-	
Corridors/Intersections	В9	Boones Ferry Road	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd	Congestion on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	•	•	•		-		•	•
Corridors/Intersections	C12	Downtown	Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	Boones Ferry Rd across the Tualatin River is currently congested. Limited connectivity over the river.	Will significantly reduce conges	• tion	•	● Will expand capacity	•	•	•		•	•
Corridors/Intersections	C2	CIO-2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	Congestion on the current Boones Ferry Rd connection across the Tualatin River, lack of north-south roadway connectivity	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
Corridors/Intersections	C4	Bridgeport Village	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd betwee Bridgeport Village and downtown	n Congestion near Bridgeport Village	•	•	•	•	-		•		•	
Corridors/Intersections	C7	Downtown	Revise connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd near the railroad tracks	Confusion and sharp curves connecting Tualatin Road and Boones Ferry Road	•						-			
Corridors/Intersections	C9	CIO-2, CIO-4	Widen Sagert St to 2-lanes each way	Sagert Street is not built to city standards	•	•	•	-	•	•	•			
Corridors/Intersections	D1	Downtown	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinzaai to I-5	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•		-	Adds capacity on	T-S Road					

					Access and Mobility average	Travel time for all	Reliability - consistent trip times	Amount of delay (in		Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important	Availability of	Vehicle Miles traveled	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate	Numbers/types of connections
Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	score	modes	between origins and destinations		V/C ratio	destinations	travel modes	(VMT)	routes/modes	between destinations and origins
Corridors/Intersections	D2	Downtown	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street	Congestion and driver confusion on Boones Ferry Rd	N/A									
Downtown	A1	CIO-1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path in back of Haggens	Pedestrian and bicycle safety and comfort concerns on the boardwalk	•	-				•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	A2	Downtown	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns on Martinazzi Ave.	•	•		O			•	•	•	•
Downtown	A4	Bridgeport Village	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village	Speeding and congestion concerns near Bridgeport Village	•	O					•		•	
Downtown	A5	Downtown	Redesign Fred Meyer to Kmart intersection (include pedestrian crossing)	Safety concerns on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd near Fred Meyer	•	-	•		•	•	•		•	
Downtown	A5-1	Downtown	Upgrade the pedestrian connection at Fred Meyer/Kmart intersection	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns on Tualatin Sherwood Rd near Fred Meyer										
Downtown	A6	Downtown	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry Road and Lower Boones Ferry Road	Congestion at the intersection of Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Roads	-	•	•				•		•	
Downtown	A7	Downtown	Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca St	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns downtown	O	0	O	0	0	•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	B1	Downtown	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	Delay and difficulty of turning into and out of Tualatin Community Park	•					Project would enhance accesibility of p	eark to all modes			
Downtown	B10	Downtown	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd in downtown	•	•	•				•		•	•
Downtown	В3	Downtown	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi to I-5	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	Will decrease travel time			-	•		•	
Downtown	В7	Downtown	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River	Congestion and lack of bicycle and pedestrian facilities on Boones Ferry Rd over the Tualatin River .	•	•	•				•		•	•
					•	•	•				•		•	-
Downtown	B9	Boones Ferry Road	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	Congestion on Boones Ferry Rd										
Downtown	C1	Downtown	Build trail along river from Boones Ferry to downtown, extend to greenway	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	C2	Downtown	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	Boones Ferry Rd across the Tualatin River is r currently congested. Limited connectivity over the river.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	C4	Downtown	Create grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with connection to Seneca	Lack of connectivity and vehicle cut-through in downtown parking lots	•	•	-			•	•		•	
Downtown	C5	Downtown	Improve downtown core street connectivity	Lack of connectivity downtown	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Downtown	C6	Manufacturing	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave.	Lack of public road connection between Boones Ferry Road and SW 90th Ave	•	•	•			•			•	•
Downtown	D1	Downtown	Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights	Pedestrian delay waiting at signals downtown, pedestrian crossing concerns	•		0	0		-	•	•	•	
Downtown	D10	Downtown	General – coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians in downtown.	Pedestrian delay waiting at signals downtown	0	-		O			•			0

							Reliability - consistent trip times		Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important	Availability of		Availability and quality of facilities or alternate	Numbers/types of connections
Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry	Problem addressed Safety concerns at pedestrian crossings on	score	modes		minutes or seconds) V/C ratio	destinations	travel modes	(VMT)	routes/modes	between destinations and origins
Downtown	D11	Boones Ferry Road	Road at Tonka Road	Boones Ferry Rd	A signalized crossing already exi	ts poarby	O	Will cause delay for most road users	•	•	•		•
				8: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1: 1:	A signalized crossing already exi	sts field by		Will cause delay for most road users					
Downtown	D2	Interstate 5	Upgrade Nyberg interchange for bicyclist safety	Bicycle safety concerns at this high crash location over I-5	•	•				•	•	•	•
Downtown	D3	Downtown, Manufacturing	Optimize intersection to reduce conflicts along Boones Ferry and Tualatin-Sherwood Roads	Pedestrian crossings safety concerns on Boones Ferry and Tualatin-Sherwood Roads	s <u> </u>	•			•	•		•	
Downtown	D4	Boones Ferry Road	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca)	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns in downtown	0	•	-	0	•	•		•	
			Improve sidewalks and biasele lane at Pooper Forns to	Redestrian and hisyele safety conserve on	Railroad constraints, lack of	idewalks complica	ate this crossing						
Downtown	D6	Boones Ferry Road	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry	Boones Ferry Rd	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	D7	Bridgeport Village	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village	Pedestrian and bicycle safety concerns near Bridgeport Village	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Downtown	D8	Boones Ferry Road	Provide signage to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd	Bicycle safety and comfort concerns on Boones Ferry Rd	•					•	•	•	•
Downtown	D9	Downtown	Add bicycle lane on Martinazzi north of Warm Springs	Bicycle safety and comfort concerns downtown	•	•				•	•	•	-
Downtown	F1	Downtown	Encourage multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment	Lack of connectivity and transit-oriented development downtown	•					•		•	-
Downtown	F2	Downtown	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront	Lack of connection between downtown and the river	•	-			•	-	•	•	-
Downtown	F3	Downtown	General – Eliminate parking minimum development requirements and consider parking maximums in downtown.	Large surface parking lots downtown detract from the "small town" feel, make it difficult for pedestrians	N/A								
Downtown	F4	Downtown	Add structured parking in the downtown core	Traffic congestion and limited parking availability downtown	N/A								
Industrial/Freight	A1	CIO-4	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi	Intersection safety and congestion concerns for all modes at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	•	-	•		•	•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	A11	Manufacturing	Address congestion on Avery and Teton	Delay and congestion at Avery St and Teton Ave	•	•	•						
Industrial/Freight	A12	Boones Ferry Road	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry Rd to Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; coordinate with the train signal		•	•	•	•		•		•	
Industrial/Freight	A13	Boones Ferry Road	Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown	Congestion on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	-			•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	A2	Manufacturing	Divert truck traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road	Through and freight traffic cut-through on neighborhood streets. Congestion on Tualatin Rd	•	•	•	•					
Industrial/Freight	A5	Manufacturing	Extend 124th Ave to the south	Lack of north-south connectivity between Boones Ferry Rd and 99W	-	•	•		•	-		orreases north-south connective	▼
Industrial/Freight	A6	Manufacturing	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials	Congestion and delay on major arterials citywide	•	•	•	•				•	•
Industrial/Freight	A7	Boones Ferry Road	Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Boones Ferry Road	Congestion concerns on Boones Ferry Rd at the intersection with Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	-	-		• •					

Washing Consus Tonia Associate	Duniant ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	Access and Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip times between origins and destinations		V/C ratio	Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
Working Group Topic Area Industrial/Freight	A9	Manufacturing	Improvements to help mobility of through-traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Score	•	between origins and destinations	Tillinates of seconds)	V/CTatio	uesunations	travermodes	(VIVII)	Toutes/modes	between destinations and origins
Industrial/Freight	B1	City-wide	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day - consider charging fares	Lack of local transit connections between regional transit lines and employment areas, lack of transit service on evenings and weekends	•	•	•			•	•	·		
Industrial/Freight	В2	Manufacturing	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of town	Freight traffic congestion	•		•	•	•	•				
Industrial/Freight	В3	City-wide	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	Lack of local transit connections between regional transit lines and employment areas	•	-	-			•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C1	Manufacturing	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd	Lack of north-south connectivity between Tualatin and Herman Roads	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C12	Interstate 5	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)	Lack of east-west connectivity across I-5 south of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	
Industrial/Freight	C13	City-wide	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system	System-wide congestion, lack of connectivity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C14	Manufacturing	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on-street parking	Myslony St is not built to city standards	•	•	•				•		•	
Industrial/Freight	C15	Manufacturing	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bil lanes	Cipole Rd	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C16	Manufacturing	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way	Lack of east-west connectivity south of Tualatin Sherwood Rd	-	•	•				•		•	
Industrial/Freight	C17	Bridgeport Village	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/I-5 Interchange	Congestion near Bridgeport Village	•	•	•				•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	C3	Downtown	Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin River	the river.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	C4	Tualatin Road	Add left turn lane from Teton to Tualatin Rd	Congestion and delay on Teton Ave at Tualatin- Sherwood Road	N/A									
Industrial/Freight	C5	CIO-2	Extend 65th Ave north	Congestion on the current Boones Ferry Rd connection across the Tualatin River, lack of north-south roadway connectivity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C6	Manufacturing	Improve 115th Ave	115th Ave is not fully built to city standards	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	С7	Manufacturing	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	Congestion on Herman Road - Herman is not fully built to standard	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Industrial/Freight	C8	Downtown	Add signal to Tualatin and Boones Ferry intersection	Difficult intersection geometry, sight distance concerns, and railroad conflict concerns	•	•	•	•	-	•	•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	C9	CIO-3, CIO-5	Consider removing trucks/adding truck ino signs along 108th/105th Aves	Freight and high speed traffic on local and minor streets instead of on freight routes	O						O		•	•
Industrial/Freight	D1	City-wide	General – Coordinate freight receiving/shipping times	Rush hour traffic concerns	N/A Should be addressed in plan outsi	de of TSP								
Industrial/Freight	D10	Downtown	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Martinazzi Ave signal timing	Congestion and safety concerns on Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	•	•	•		•		•		•	

Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	Access and Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip time: between origins and destination		V/C ratio	Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
Industrial/Freight	D11	Manufacturing	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin Sherwood Rd	- Rush hour congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood and Herman roads	•	•	•	•	-					
Industrial/Freight	D12	City-wide	General - Make "Truck Route" signs larger	Freight traffic on local and minor streets instead of on freight routes	N/A									
Industrial/Freight	D13	Tualatin Road	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road	Traffic safety and speed concerns on Tualatin Rd	0	•								
Industrial/Freight	D14	City-wide	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on local and mino collectors	or Freight and high speed traffic on local and minor streets instead of on freight routes	•	O								
Industrial/Freight	D15	Manufacturing	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd northbound onto 108th Ave	Difficult intersection angle for trucks	-	-	-				-		-	
Industrial/Freight	D16	Manufacturing	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave	Concern with slow travel along 124th Avenue	-	•					•		•	
Industrial/Freight	D17	Manufacturing	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th Ave and Tualatin Sherwood Rd	- Congestion and delay on Tualatin-Sherwood Ro and 115th Avenue	•	•	•				•		•	
Industrial/Freight	D18	Manufacturing	Improve turning radius from Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Cipole Rd	Difficult intersection angle for trucks	-	•	-				•		•	
Industrial/Freight	D19	Manufacturing	Improve northbound right and left turns onto Herman Rd	Difficult intersection angle for trucks - conflicts with the railroad	-	•	-				•		•	
Industrial/Freight	D2	Tualatin Road	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut-through traffic.	Truck traffic impacts on surrounding neighborhoods	0	•		O				0		O
Industrial/Freight	D20	Bridgeport Village	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd Ave and Lower Boones Ferry Rd	Difficult intersection angle for trucks	-	•	•				-		•	
Industrial/Freight	D21	CIO-1	Improve southbound left turns from Jurgens and 106th Aves onto Tualatin Rd	Congestion on Tualatin Road, safety concerns for vehicles making left turns	-	-	•				•		-	
Industrial/Freight	D22	CIO-2	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway	65th Ave is not built to city standards	•	-	•				•		-	
Industrial/Freight	D23	City-wide	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks	Future freight traffic mobility	•	•	•	•			•		•	•
Industrial/Freight	D3	City-wide	Provide incentives to telecommute	System-wide rush hour traffic congestion concerns	•	•	•	•	•			•		
Industrial/Freight	D5	Downtown	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinzaai to I-5	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd near I-5	•	•	•							
Industrial/Freight	D6	Downtown	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street	Confusion around which lane connects to which roadway - safety concerns	-							•		
Industrial/Freight	D7	Manufacturing	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood R	Congestion and intersection delay on Tualatind Sherwood Rd and 97th Ave	-	-	-			•	-		•	-
Industrial/Freight	D8	Tualatin Road	Improve visibility, add signal, restrict left turns from 108th Ave onto Tualatin Rd.	Congestion on Tualatin Rd, safety concerns for vehicles turning from 108th Ave	-								-	
Industrial/Freight	D9	Tualatin Road	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd	Delay and safety concerns at intersection of Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Road and Tualatin Road	-	•	•			•	•		•	•

							Reliability - consistent trip times			Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important	Availability of	Vehicle Miles traveled	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate	Numbers/types of connections
Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas Discourage/restrict through and truck traffic along	Problem addressed Through and freight traffic cut-through on	score	modes	between origins and destinations	minutes or seconds)	V/C ratio	destinations	travel modes	(VMT)	routes/modes	between destinations and origins
NH Livability	A1	CIO-1	Tualatin Rd while encouraging a through and truck traffic along Herman Rd.	neighborhood streets. Congestion on Tualatin Rd	•						•		•	
NH Livability	А3	Downtown	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and railroad crossings	Congestion on Tualatin Road caused by buses stopping at each railroad crossing	-	•	•	•						
NH Livability	A4	Boones Ferry Road	Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd	Congestion and safety concerns at Boones I. Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd	•	-	•	•	•					
NH Livability	A5	Boones Ferry Road	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian-friendly	Pedestrian facility gaps on Boones Ferry Rd	-	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	A6	Tualatin Road	Improve intersection at 108th Ave and Tualatin Rd	Congestion on Tualatin Rd, safety concerns for vehicles turning from 108th Ave	•	-		-						
NH Livability	A8	CIO-3	Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area.	Safety concerns and lack of pedestrian and bicycle facilities on 105th Ave., Blake St., and 108th Ave.	•	O		O				•	•	-
NH Livability	A9	Manufacturing	Eliminate free right turns – on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd	e Intersection safety for all users	0	O		•	0					
NH Livability	B1	CIO-4	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	Intersection safety and congestion concerns for all modes at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	•	•	•			•	•		•	•
NH Livability	B2	CIO-2	Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center	Congestion and crossing safety concerns on Nyberg St	-									-
NH Livability	В3	CIO-2	Realign Sagert St and Borland Rd to one intersection	Intersection safety concerns for all modes at Sagert St and Borland Rd	•	•	•	•	•					
NH Livability	B4	Manufacturing	Improve intersection at Avery St and Teton Ave	Intersection delay and difficult angle for trucks at Avery St and Teton Ave	•	•	•							
NH Livability	B5	Boones Ferry Road	Address congestion caused by high school	Traffic delay and congestion on Boones Ferry Rd	-		•	•	•		•		•	
NH Livability	В6	Tualatin Road	Adjust signal timing to reflect traffic needs – give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic.	Congestion on Tualatin Rd	•		•	•						
NH Livability	B8	Manufacturing	Add right turn lane from Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124t Ave	Congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	-	•	•	•	•					
NH Livability	C1	Manufacturing	Extend 124th Ave south	Lack of north-south connectivity between Boones Ferry Rd and 99W	•	•	•	•						
NH Livability	C2	CIO-3, CIO-5	Consider removing trucks/adding truck ino signs along 108th/105th Aves	Freight traffic on local and minor streets instead of on freight routes	0						0		•	•
NH Livability	C3	CIO-3	Balance the needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school	Freight traffic and congestion on Avery	•								•	
NH Livability	C6	Bridgeport Village	Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd	Congestion and lack of connectivity near Bridgeport Village	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
NH Livability	C7	CIO-2	Extend 65th Avenue north	Congestion on the current Boones Ferry Rd connection across the Tualatin River, lack of north-south roadway connectivity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	D10	CIO-3, CIO-5	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•

Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	Access and Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip times between origins and destinations		Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
NH Livability	D11	CIO-2	Connect to Tualatin Path	Lack of connections to multi-use path network	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	D12	City-wide	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	Lack of facilities to accommodate aging and mobility-limited pedestrians	N/A								
NH Livability	D13	City-wide	Create a bike boulevard system connecting major area	Lack of low volume, low speed signed bikeway alternatives to major corridors throughout the s city	-	•				•	•	•	•
NH Livability	D2	Boones Ferry Road	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom Es and Tualatin HS	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns on Boones Ferry Rd	0			O		•		•	
NH Livability	D3	Downtown	Provide a mutli-use path along the river	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	-
NH Livability	D4	CIO-2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	Sidewalk gaps on 65th Ave	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	D5	CIO-2	Repair gap in sidewalk on the south side of Borland Rd	Sidewalk gaps on Borland Rd	•				•		•	-	
NH Livability	D6	CIO-2	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•			•	•	•	•	-
NH Livability	D7	Tualatin Road	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Rd	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns on Tualatin Road	O			0				•	•
NH Livability	D8	Grahams Ferry Road	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry Road	Lack of pedestrian facilities on Grahams Ferry Rd	•	•			•	•	-	-	•
NH Livability	D9	Manufacturing	Build the Tonquin Trail	Gaps in the multi-use path network	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	E1	CIO-1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	Lack of east-west transit service in north Tualatin	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
NH Livability	F2	Tualatin Road	Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Tualatin Rd out of the Police Station	Congestion at the intersection of Tualatin Rd and the Police Station	0	0		•					
Transit	A1	Manufacturing	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	Lack of east-west transit service	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Transit	A10	Manufacturing	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day - consider charging fares	Lack of local transit connections between regional transit lines and employment areas	•	•	-		•	•	•		
Transit	A12	City-wide	General – need extended service for all transit	Limited transit service on the weekends and evenings	•	•	•			•	•	•	
Transit	A13		General – use more energy efficient buses	Air quality concerns	N/A								
Transit	A14	Downtown	Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule	Long transfer times between buses and WES	N/A	•							
Transit	A16	City-wide	Add stops on higher volume routes	Long distances between stops, few stops near residential areas	•	0		O	•				-
Transit	A2	Manufacturing	Provide bus transit service on 124th Avenue	Lack of transit service in west Tualatin	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

Working Group Topic Area	Project ID	Geographic Area	Project ideas	Problem addressed	Access and Mobility average score	Travel time for all modes	Reliability - consistent trip times Amou between origins and destinations minute		Number of connections for all modes within 2 miles of important destinations	Availability of travel modes	Vehicle Miles traveled (VMT)	Availability and quality of facilities or alternate routes/modes	Numbers/types of connections between destinations and origins
Transit	A3		Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	Lack of east-west transit service	•	•	•	, c. seconds, , , e. and	- Contractions	•	•	•	•
Transit	A4	Tualatin Road	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	Lack of east-west transit service in north Tualatin	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Transit	A4	ruaiatiii Noau	downtown and 55W	Tudiotiii									
Transit	A5	CIO-2	Extend bus service to east Tualatin	Lack of transit service in eastern Tualatin	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Transit	A6	Interstate 5	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem	Limited transit service to Salem	N/A								
Transit	А7	Bridgeport Village	Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	Lack of transit connections between Bridgeport Village and the Commons, limited transit on the weekends	•	•			•	•	•	•	•
Transit	A8	City-wide	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	Lack of local transit connections between regional transit lines and employment areas	•	-	•		•	•	•	•	•
Transit	B1	Downtown	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station	Lack of bicycle parking at WES station	•					•	•	•	
Transit	B2	Downtown	Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Lack of east-west high capacity transit in Tualatin	•	•	•		•	•	-	•	•
Transit	В4	Bridgeport Village	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping	Pedestrian crossing safety concerns near Bridgeport	-					•	•	•	
Transit	C1	Downtown	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	Lack of land use support for WES, lack of a "sense of place" near downtown	•							•	
Transit	D1	CIO-1, Manufacturing	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	Lack of park-and-ride lots in west Tualatin	•	•				•	•	•	•
Transit	D2	CIO-6	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	Lack of park-and-ride lots in south Tualatin	•	•				•	•	•	•
Transit	D3	Bridgeport Village	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure	Heavy use and capacity concerns at the Bridgeport park-and- ride facility	-	•				•	•	•	•
Transit	D4	Manufacturing, Bridgeport Village	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas	Underutilized park-and-ride lots in Tualatin	•	•				•	•	•	-
Transit	D5	CIO-2	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	Lack of park-and-ride lots east of I-5	•	_				•	_	•	-

			Number of high	Does the potential option improv	ve an existing Does the r	potential option increase the number of	f	Qualitative assessment of security		Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment		Maintain slow speeds and low		Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the
		Number of geometric	crash locations	facility to meet design standards	? Does a new alternat	e routes/connections for emergency		issues (eyes on the street, lighting,		nity centers, streets that include pedestria	Number of streets that include	traffic volumes on neighborhood		potential option, traffic impacts, types of
Project ID	Safety Average Score	deficiencies addressed	addressed	facility meet adopted policies an	nd standards?	vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	etc)	Average Scor		pedestrian and bike facilities	streets	Minimize cut-through traffic	traffic, etc)
A1	•		•					•	•	•	•			•
			There are three pedes	strian crash locations on Tualatin Sh	erwood Road and Nyberg R	toad								
A2	•	•		•				•	•	•	•			•
		Separated path eliminates		geometry concerns										
А3	•		•					•	-		•	•		•
	There are two bicycle	crashes near Byrom and Tu	ualatin HS											
A4	•	•	•	•				•	O				•	•
A4		Significant improvement i	n pedestrian crossing	safety										
A6	•			•					•			•		•
B1	•			•				•	•					•
B10	0		0						_		•			
B11	•		-						N/A					
B13	•	•		•				•	N/A					•
		Addresses multiple crossi	ng locations											
	_			_				_		_	_			•
B14			•	•				•		•	•			•
B15	•		•	•					•	•	•			
			Lack of bicycle facilites	s on Boones Ferry is significant safe	ty hazard									
B16	•			•				•	•	•	•			
	_	-									Creates new ped/bike connection			
B17	•	•		•					•	•	•			•
		Creates low-stress alterna	ative to on-road routes	S										
B18	•	•		•				•	O	•		•		
		Grade-separated crossing	eliminates unsafe int	tersection geometry								Allows for greater vehicle speeds		
B19	N/A								•	•	•			
											_			
B2	_	•		•				•	•	•	•			•
B20	N/A							•	•					•
	_							•	•					•
B21														Significantly improves pedestrian
														environment
В3	•	•	•	•				•	•					•
			There are a large num	nber of bicycle and pedestrian crashe	es reported on T-S Road				Would increase m	ulti-modal access on major arterial				
D4	•		•	•		•			•	•	•			
J-4														
	•													

Project ID	Safety Average Score	Number of geometric deficiencies addressed			Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities		Maintain slow speeds and low traffic volumes on neighborhood streets Min	imize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
B5	•		•	-		· ·		•	•	Improves cycling environment down			•
В6	-	•		-			•	-	•	•			•
В7	•			O			-	•	•	•			•
B8	-	•		•			-	-	•	•			•
В9	•	•	•	-			•	•		•	•	•	•
C2	•			•			•	•		• Enhances multi-modal access across	river		•
C4	•		● Creates safe bike rout	tes on low-traffic roads				-	•	•	•	-	•
C5	•			•			•	•					•
A1	•	•		•			•	•			•	•	•
A2	•		•					•	•	•			
A3	•		•					N/A					
A4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	N/A					
A5	•		•					-	•	•			
A6	•		● Ensures signal consist	ency				N/A					
A8	•			•				•			•	•	
B1	•			-	•	•	•	0					0
B10	•	•	-	•			•	•	•				•
B12	•						-	N/A					
B13	•		•	•	•	-		•	•				
B14	ļ			•				•					•

Project ID	Safety Average Score	Number of geometric deficiencies addressed	crash locations		Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Maintain slow speeds and low traffic volumes on neighborhood streets	Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
B15	•			•				•				•	
B16	-		•					O				O	
B17	-		•	•	-	•		•	•				
B2	-	•		•	•	•	•	-					•
B20	N/A A signal already exists	at this intersection						0					O
B21	-			•	•	•	•	•	-				
B22	-		•					•			•	•	•
B23	•		•	•	•	•		N/A					
B24	•		•	•		•		N/A					
В3	•			•	•	•	•	O					0
В5	•	,	● Will improve safety a	t high-crash location.				N/A					
В6	•	•	•	•				•					Improves connection between downtown and the park
B8	•	•	•	•			•	•			•		•
В9	•					•		N/A					
C12	•		•	•	•	•		•	•	•			
C2	-		•	•	•	•	-	O	•			•	
C4	•		•			•		-				•	
C7	•			•	-			0		•			•
C9	•		•	•		•		•					
D1	•		-			•		•					0

Project ID	Safety Average Sco	Number of geometric ore deficiencies addressed	crash locations	Does the potential option improve an existing facility to meet design standards? Does a new facility meet adopted policies and standards?	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
D2	N/A							N/A				
A1	•			-			 Lighting enhances path safety 	•				•
A2	-		•			0	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	•		•		•
A4	•		•					O		O		•
A5	-	•	-	•			•	•	¥			
A5-1												
A6	O			Increases response time for emergency vehicles	•		•	O	•		O	
A7	-	0	•	The leases response time for energency ventues			•	O		•	0	•
B1	-			•	•			•	•			•
B10	-		•			•	•	O	~			0
В3	•		-	•	O		•	O				0
В7	•	•		•			•	•	•			•
В9	•					•	•	-	•			•
C1	0			•			•	•				•
C2	-			-	•		•	-	•			O
C4	-	•		•			•	•	₩			
C5	-			-	•	•	•	•		•	•	Wil increase walkability of downtown
C6	•	O	O	•	•	•	-	N/A				
D1	•		-	-			•	-		•		•
D10	N/A							•				•

Project ID	Safety Average Score	Number of geometric deficiencies addressed	Number of high crash locations addressed	Does the potential option improve an existing facility to meet design standards? Does a new facility meet adopted policies and standards?	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities		Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
D11	•		•	•			•	•		•			•
D2	•	•	•					•	-	-			
D3	•		•			•	•	•	•				
D4	0			•		O	•	•	•	•			•
D6	•		•	•			•	-		-			•
D7	•		•	-			•	•	•	•			•
D8	•		•					•	•	•	•		•
D9	•		•	•				•	•	•			•
F1	•			-	•	-	•	•	•	•			•
F2	•			•	•		•	•					•
F3	•						•	•					0
F4	0			•				0					•
A1	•	•		-	-	•	•	N/A					
A11	•	•		-				N/A					
A12	N/A							-				•	
A13	•					-	•	•	•				•
A2	N/A							•				-	
A5	•			-	•	•	•	O	-				
A6	•			•		•		•				•	0
А7	•		•					•				•	

		Number of geometric		facility to meet design standards? Does a new	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency		Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting,		Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian	Number of streets that include			Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of
Project ID	Safety Average Score	e deficiencies addressed	addressed —	facility meet adopted policies and standards?	vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	etc)	Average Score	and bike facilities	pedestrian and bike facilities	streets N	linimize cut-through traffic	traffic, etc)
B1	N/A							•	•				•
B2	N/A							•				•	•
В3	N/A							•	•				•
C1	•			-	•	•	•	0					0
C12	•			•	•	•		O		•	O	•	0
C13	•	-		-	-	•	•	•		0			•
C14	•	•		•		•		N/A					
C15	•	•		•			0	•	•	•			
C16	•	-				-		N/A					
C17	•					•		•				•	
C3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•			
C4	N/A							N/A					
C5	•		•	•	•	•	•	-	•			O	
C6	•			•	•	•	•	•				O	
C7	•	•	•	-			•	0		•			0
C8	•	•	•	•		-	•	N/A					
C9	N/A							•			•	•	•
D1	N/A							N/A					
D10	N/A							N/A					

Project ID	Safety Average Scor	Number of geometric edeficiencies addressed	crash locations	Does the potential option improve an existing facility to meet design standards? Does a new facility meet adopted policies and standards?	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities		Ainimize cut-through traf	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of ffic traffic, etc)
D11	N/A							N/A					
D12	N/A							-				•	•
D13	•	O						•			•	•	•
D14	0					0		•			•	•	•
D15	•	•				•		N/A					
D16	N/A							N/A					
D17	•	-	•			•		N/A					
D18	-	-	•			•		N/A					
D19	•	-				•		N/A					
D2	•						O	•			•	•	•
D20	•	•				•		N/A					
D21	•	•				•		N/A					
D22	•	•				•		N/A					
D23	•	•		•	•	•		N/A					
D3	•		•			•		N/A					
D5	•		•	•	-	•		0					0
D6	N/A							N/A					
D7	•		-					-	•	•			
D8	-	•	•	•			•	-			•		
D9	N/A							-	•	•			

Project ID	Safety Average Score	Number of geometric deficiencies addressed	Number of high crash locations addressed		Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities		Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
A1	•					•		•			•	•	
A3	•					•		-					•
A4	•			•			-	O					Roundabouts can be difficult for active modes to navigate
A5	•	•	•				•	•		•			_
A6	•	•						-					•
A8	•	•	-	•			•	•		•			•
А9	•	•		•			-	•			•	•	
B1	•	•		•	•	•	•	-					•
B2	•			•			-	-			•		
В3	-			•	-	•	•	•					0
B4	•	•		•				N/A					
B5	•				•			_			•	•	•
В6	•	•						•					0
B8	•		•			•		N/A					
C1	•			•	•			-				-	
C2	N/A							•			•	•	_
С3	-			-				-			•	-	
C6	•			•			•	0					•
C7	•		•	•	•	-	•	O	•			•	
D10	-			•			•	-					•

Project ID	Safety Average Sco	Number of geometric re deficiencies addressed	Number of high crash locations addressed	Does the potential option improve an existing facility to meet design standards? Does a new facility meet adopted policies and standards?	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)	Vibrant Community Average Score	Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities		Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
D11	•			-		geney removes appeared mine		•		•			—
D12	N/A							•					•
D13	•		•					•	•	•	-	•	•
D2	•			•			•	-					•
D3	•	•		•				•		•			•
D4	-	•		-			•	•	•	•			•
D5	•	•		•			•	•		•			•
D6	•	•		-			-	•		•			•
D7	•	•		-			•	•					•
D8	•	•		-			•	-		•			•
D9	•	•		-			•	•					•
E1	N/A							•	•				
F2	•		•					N/A					
A1	N/A							•	•				
A10	N/A							•	•				•
A12	N/A							•	•				
A13	N/A							N/A					
A14	N/A							N/A					
A16	N/A							•	•				-
A2	N/A							•	•				

Project ID	Number of geometric Safety Average Score deficiencies addressed	Number of high crash locations addressed	Does the potential option increase the number of alternate routes/connections for emergency vehicles?	Emergency vehicle response time	Qualitative assessment of security issues (eyes on the street, lighting, etc)		Access to transit within a reasonable distance for residential and employment centers, streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Number of streets that include pedestrian and bike facilities	Maintain slow speeds and low traffic volumes on neighborhood streets	Minimize cut-through traffic	Provides opportunities to support the small town feel (consider the scale of the potential option, traffic impacts, types of traffic, etc)
А3	N/A					•	•				
A4	N/A					•	•				
A5	N/A					•	•				
A6	N/A					N/A					
А7	N/A					•	•				•
A8	N/A					•	•				•
B1	N/A					N/A					
В2	N/A					-	•				0
В4	N/A					0					•
C1	N/A					•					•
D1	N/A					•	•				-
D2	N/A					•	•				-
D3	N/A					-	•				O
D4	N/A					•	•				•
D5	N/A					•	•				•

				Number of transportation	Minimize and/or avoid	Maximize and/or create	Ability for freight traffic to								
Project ID		Availability and quality of transportation access to the City Center	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	options to major employers/employment centers	negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on residential and business areas	move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin			Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Q: Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	ualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)		Avoid/minimize negative impacts on the natural environment
Δ1	•	■	•	•	•	•	0		•		•	•	■	<u> </u>	•
71						Could reduce freight mobility	1								
A2	•	•	•	•	•	•			Could impact wetlands	if a new bridge is required over the slou	gh on 65th Ave	•	•	•	•
А3	O		•		•	•	O		- Could impact we dailed	•	•	•	•		•
A4	0				•	•	O		-		•	•			
A6	-				•				-				-		
B1	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•
B10	0		•	•	•	May reduce freight mobility	O	O	-		•		•		
B11	N/A		•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•		
B13	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	•		Addresses critical cross	sings on multiple ped/bike routes	•	•	•		•
B14	•	•	•	•	•	•			-		•	•	•	•	-
B15	N/A								•	•	•	•	•		
B16	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	Significantly improves	bike/ped connectivity across I-5	•	•	•	•	•
B17	-		•	•	•	-			•		•	•	•		
B18	0		•	•	•	O			•		•	•	•	•	•
B19	N/A								•		•	•	-		
B2	-			•	•	Provides active transportation	n options for residents on Norv	vood Rd	•		•	•	•		•
B20	N/A	•			•	•			Enhances the pedestria	an env. city wide	•		•	•	•
B21	•	•			•	•			•				•		
В3	-	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	•
B4	-	•	•	-	•	•			•	•	•	•	•		

Project ID	Economy Average Score	Availability and quality of transportation access to the City Center	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on		Improved traffic conditions		Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	(Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, opens spaces, trails, and parks	
B5	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•		
В6	•	•	•	•	•	Manusadus fizitaba a a biliba	O	O	Detection for some and		•	•	•		•
В7	•	•	•	•	0	May reduce freight mobility May reduce traffic mobility	O	O	Totential for some envi	ronmental impacts, depending on projec	± design			•	•
В8	N/A					may reduce dame mosmey			•	•	•	•	•		•
В9	O		-	Increases multi-modal options	O for residents	-			-		•	•	-	•	O
C2	-	•			•	•			Addresses lack of bike/	ped facilities across the river	•	•	-	•	•
C4	-	•	-	•	-	-			•	•	•	•	-		
C5	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	-	•	•
A1	N/A								-					•	-
A2	N/A								-	•	•	•			
А3	N/A								N/A						
A4	-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•				-		
A5	-					•			-	•	•	•			
A6	-		•			•	•	•	N/A						
A8	•				•	•			•	•	-				
B1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0		•		•		O
B10	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-						•
B12	•		•			•	•	•	O			O			
B13	•	•	-		•	•	•	•	-				•	•	-
B14	•	-	-	-	•				•					-	•

Project ID	Economy Average Score	Availability and quality of transportation access to the City Center	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin	Improved traffic conditions		Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas		Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, opens spaces, trails, and parks	
B15	0	·					•	•	-				0	•	•
B16	-		•		•	-	•	-	•			O			
B17	•	•	•	•	O		-	•	0				-	Q	O
B2	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-			•		•	-
B20	•	•	•	0	O	O	-	-	O		•	O	-		
B21	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	0	•	•	•	•		
B22	•				•	•			•				•		
В23	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•				•	•	
B24	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•		
В3	0	•	•	•	•	O	•		0		•		•	O	0
B5	O				0	•	0	O	•			•			
В6	N/A								-					•	
B8	-	•			•		O		-					•	•
В9	•	•	•		O	•	•	•	N/A						
C12	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0		-	•			O
C2	•	•	•	•			•		O		•	•		•	•
	•	•	•		-	•	-	-	Improves north-south o	onnectivity			•		
C4						Will positively impact busine	esses at Bridgeport Village								
C7	-	•			•				0			•		•	Could impact the Tualatin River
C9	•	•	•	•		-	•	•	O	•			•		O
D1	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•				•		0

Project ID	Economy Average Scor	Availability and quality of transportation access to the City Center		Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin	Improved traffic conditions and access through Tualatin to regional destinations	Average Score	Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, opens spaces, trails, and parks	Avoid/minimize negative impacts on the natural environment
D2 A1	N/A ●	•	•		•	•			N/A ●		•		•	•	•
A2	O	-	•		•	-	•	0	-			•	•		
A4	O			•			0	0	•			•	•		
A5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-						•
A5-1															
A6	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•						•
А7	•	•	•		•	O	0	•	-				•		
B1	•	•			•				•			•	•	•	•
B10	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•			•		•	•
В3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0			•		0	•
В7	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•
В9	-	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	0					•	O
C1	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	•
C2	•	•	•	•	•	-		•	•			•	•	•	•
C4	•	•			•	•	•	0	•		•	•		•	•
C5	0	•	•	•	•		0	•	•		•	•	•		•
C6	•	•	•	•	•	•			0				•		•
D1	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	-		•		•		•
D10	O	•	•	•		•	0	0	O				O		

		transportation access to the	Availability and quality of transportation access to	employers/employment	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business	positive impacts on residential and business		and access through Tualatin		Number of bike lanes and pedestrian		Number of network gaps addressed		Preserves or enhances natural areas, Avoid/minimize negative im	
D11	Economy Average Score	City Center	employment centers	centers	areas —	areas —	outside of Tualatin	to regional destinations	Average Score	facilities within 1 mile of schools	residential areas	in bicycle an pedestrian system	congestion)	opens spaces, trails, and parks the natural environme	nt
D2	0		•	•	•	•	O	O	•		•	•	•		
D3	0	•	•	-			O	O	-		-	-		•	
D4	0	•	•	•		•	O	O	-		•		•	•	
D6	-	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	
D7	-		-	•	-	-			•				•	•	
D8	•				•	•			•	•	•	•	•		
D9	-	-	-	•	-	-			•	•	•	•	•		
F1	-	•	-	•	•	-			•		•		•	•	
F2	-	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•	•	•	
F3	0	O							N/A						
F4	-	-				-			N/A						
A1	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	-	-			•		•	
A11	-	-	-		-	-	•		N/A						
A12	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	N/A						
A13	-	•	•	•	O	•	•	•	•					• 0	
A2	-		•			•			-				•		
A5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•		
A6	•	•	•		O		•	•	N/A						
A7	•				•				N/A						

Project ID	Economy Average Score	Availability and quality of transportation access to the City Center		Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin		Health/Environment	Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, opens spaces, trails, and parks	Avoid/minimize negative impacts on the natural environment
А9		•	•				•	•	N/A				•		
B1	•	•	•	•					•				•		
B2	•	0	O	0	•	•	•		•				•	•	•
В3	•	•	•	•					•		•		•		
C1	•	•	•	•	0		•		O Significant impacts to no	earby wetlands				O	O
C12	•						-		0	-	•	•	•	O	O
C13	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
C14	-		•			•	•		N/A						
C15	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•	•		
C16	-		•		•	•	•	•	N/A						
C17	•		•		•	•	•	•	•				•		
C3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		
C4	N/A								N/A						
C5	•	•	•	•			•		•		•	•	-	•	•
C6	-	•	•	•		•	•		•	•	•	•			•
C7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•	•		•	•
C8	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		•			•	O
C9	0	O	O	O	O		0		•				0	•	•
D1	•				•		•	•	N/A						
D10	•	•				•	•	•	N/A						

Project ID	Economy Average Score	transportation access to the	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin	Improved traffic conditions and access through Tualatin to regional destinations	Health/Environment	Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, Avoid/minimize negative impacts on opens spaces, trails, and parks the natural environment
D11	•	• ency derived	employment centers	centers	■	•	- Catalactin	₩ .	•	Tachtics Within 1 time of schools	residential dreas	m beyone un pedesarium system	•	opens spaces, ransj and paris
D12	-						•	•	N/A					
D13	O				O	-	O		•		-	-		•
D14	0				•	•	O		-	•	•	•		
D15	-		•		•	•	-		N/A					
D16	-		•			•	-	-	N/A					
D17	-		•		•	•	-	-	N/A					
D18	-		•		•	•	•	-	N/A					
D19	-		•		•	•	•		N/A					
D2	0				O	•	O	O	•				•	O Project may have significant visual impacts
D20	•		•		•	•	•		N/A					impacts
D21	•		•		•	•			N/A					
D22	-		•		•	•	•	•	N/A					
D23	-		•		•	•	•	-	N/A					
D3	-		•				-	-	-				•	
D5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				•	
D6	•								N/A					
D7	-					•			-	•		•		
D8	0						O		•					•
D9	-					•			-	•	•	-		

Project ID	Economy Average Score	transportation access to the	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	Maximize and/or create positive impacts on residential and business areas	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin	Improved traffic conditions		Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas		ualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, A opens spaces, trails, and parks	
A1	•			•	•	•	O		•	•	•				
А3	N/A								-				•		
A4	0				0		•	•	0	•	•			0	
A5	•	•		•	0	O			•	•	•	•	•		•
A6	•					•	•		•						
A8	•				•	O			-		•	•	•	•	•
A9	•				•	-	O		•				•		
B1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•		•	•
B2	0	•	O			•			•					•	
В3	•	•	-	-	•	O	-		0		•		•	0	•
В4	•	•	•		•	•	•		N/A						
B5	-				•	-			-				•		
B6	•					_			_				•		
В8			•	•	•	-	•	•	0				-		
C1		•		0			0	· ·					• •	•	•
C2	0	<u> </u>	•	0	0		0		•				0	•	•
С3	•	•	-	•	•	•	-		•	•	•		•	•	•
C6	•				O	-	•		0				•		•
C7	•	•	•	•			•		0		•	•			O
D10	•	•	•	•	•	-			•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Proiect ID	Economy Average Score	transportation access to the	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	Maximize and/or create positive impacts on residential and business areas	Ability for freight traffic to move efficiently and quickly to destinations both in and outside of Tualatin	Improved traffic conditions	Health/Environment	Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality in impacts (linked to location and congestion)	Preserves or enhances natural areas, Avo	roid/minimize negative impacts on the natural environment
D11	N/A	·						•	-		•		•	•	•
D12	N/A								•				•	•	-
D13	-	•	-	-	-	•			•	•	•	-	-		
D2	•						O		-	•	-		-		
D3	-	•	•	•	-	•			•		•	•	•	•	•
D4	•	•	•	•	•	•			Could have negative	mpacts on wetlands	•	•	•	•	O
D5	N/A								•	•	•	•	•		•
D6	-	•	-	•	-	-			•		•	•	•	•	-
D7	O					•	O	0	•		•		•		•
D8	N/A								-	•	•	•	-	•	-
D9	•	•	•	•	-	•			•		•	•	•	•	•
E1	•	•	•	•					•		•		•		•
F2	N/A								N/A						
A1	-	•	•	•					-		•		•		-
A10	-	•	•	•					-				-		
A12	•	•	•						-		•		•		
A13	N/A								N/A						
A14	N/A								N/A						
A16	N/A								-				-		
A2	•	•	•	•					•		•		•		•

Project ID	Economy Average Score	transportation access to the	Availability and quality of transportation access to employment centers	Number of transportation options to major employers/employment centers	Minimize and/or avoid negative impacts on residential and business areas	positive impacts on	to destinations both in and	Improved traffic conditions	Health/Environment	Number of bike lanes and pedestrian facilities within 1 mile of schools	Number and frequency of active transportation choices near residential areas	Number of network gaps addressed in bicycle an pedestrian system	Qualitative assessment of air quality impacts (linked to location and congestion)	/ Preserves or enhances natural areas, opens spaces, trails, and parks	
A3	•	•	•	•					•		•		•		•
A4	-	•	-	-					-		•		-		-
A5	-	•	•	•					-		•		•		•
A6	N/A								N/A						
A7	•	•		•					-				-		
A8	•	•	-	-					-		•		•		
B1	N/A								N/A						
B2	•	•	•	•					•		•		•		
B4	N/A								N/A						
C1	•	•							•				•		
D1	-		-	•					•		•		•		
D2	N/A								•		•		•		
D3	•		•	•					0				•		0
D4	•		•	-					-		•		-		
D5	N/A								•		•		•		

Project ID	Equity Average Score	Qualitative assessment of the relative benefits and impacts on population groups within the City	Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?			Does the option consider using existing infrastructure before proposing new roads?	Recommend?
A1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A2	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
А3	•	•		•	•	-	-	•	-	•	•	•	Yes
A4	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A6	•			-	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	-	Yes
B1	•	Benefits primarily those immediately adjacent to scho	•	O Would require railroad cro	—	-	-	•	-	•	•	O	Yes
B10	•	0		Project would be inexpens	•						•		No
B11	-	•		-		•	-	•	-		-		Yes
B13	•	•		O Requires coordination with	• h railroad	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	Yes
B14	N/A			Relatively inexpensive to in	● mplement	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
B15	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-		•		Only upon urban upgrade
B16	•	-		0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
B17	•	•		•	•	•	-	•	•	O No strong advocate identified currently	-	O Would require new right-of- way	No - Tonquin Trail
B18	0	0	•	O Project is very expensive	•	•	•	•	O	0	•	•	No
B19	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•		•		No
B2	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	Only upon urban upgrade
B20	•	•		N/A									Yes - as a policy item
B21	N/A			•		•	•	•	•	•		•	Refinement topic area
В3	•	Increases multi-modal access on major through route		O Project is redundant with 1	Tonquin Trail development goals	O	O	O	-	•	•	•	No - Tonquin Trail
B4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		Only upon urban upgrade, or as part of A2

Project ID	Equity Average Score		Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups		Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	Qualitative assessment of the life cycle and benefits of the options	Does the option consider using existing infrastructure before proposing new roads?	Recommend?
B5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•		Refinement topic area
В6	•	•		O Project could be very exper	Onsive.	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	Only upon urban upgrade
В7	•	•		•	•	•	-		-	-	O	•	No
В8	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	yes
В9	•	•		•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•	Yes
C2	•	•		O Project could be very exper	Onsive	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
C4	•	Increases access to bicycling city-wide	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	-	Yes
C5	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	0	Yes
A1	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A2	•	•		O Unclear if intersection mee	O ets signal warrant.	•			-	• Requires new traffic light inf	rastructure.	•	No
А3	N/A			•	•	•			•		•		Yes
A4	-	•		-	O	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	Refinement topic area
A5	•	•	•	•	O				•	•	•		Refinement topic area
A6	N/A			•	•	•			•		•	•	Yes
A8	•	-		•		•	O	0	O	O		•	Refinement topic area
B1	•	•	•	O	•	-	-	-	-	•		•	Refinement topic area
B10	•	•		•	•	•	•	O	•	•	•	•	Yes
B12	•	•		•	•	•		•				•	More analysis needed
B13	•	•		•	-	•	•	-	-	•		•	Refinement topic area
B14	•	•		O Project area recently upg	graded by city	•	-	•	-	•		•	No

Project ID	Equity Average Score	Qualitative assessment of the relative benefits and impacts on population groups within the City		Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded		Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	Qualitative assessment of the life cycle and benefits of the options	Does the option consider using existing infrastructure before proposing new roads?	Recommend?
B15	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Ť	No
B16	•		•	-	O	•	•			•	•	•	Yes
B17	•	-	-	O		•	•	•	O	O	•	O	Refinement topic area
B2	0	•		-	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B20	0	•		O Project is potentially costly	O y due to presence of new wastew	vater infrastructure.	•	•	•	O		0	No
B21	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B22	•	0		-	•	•	•	-	-		•	•	No
B23	-	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B24	•	0		-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	Refinement topic area
В3	•	0		0		•	•	•	•	•		•	No
B5	-	•		•	•			•					Refinement topic area
В6	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	O		•	Yes
В8	0	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	0		•	Yes
В9	•	-		•	0	•	•		•			•	Yes
C12	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	O	0	•	•	Refinement topic area
C2	•	•	•	-		•	Community support uncertain	O)	O	O	•	0	Yes
C4	•	•		-	•	•	-	•	-	0	•	•	Yes
C7	-	-		O	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	No
C9	O	0		O Project is likely to be costl	O	•	•			-		•	No
D1	-	•		-	•	•	-	-	-	-	•	•	Yes

Project ID		Qualitative assessment of the relative benefits and impacts on population groups within the City	Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?		Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	life cycle and benefits of the		Recommend?
D2	N/A			O	•				O	O			No
A1	•	•		•	•	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	Yes
A2	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	No
A4	N/A			Need approvals/justification	O on for lowering speeds						-		No
A5	•	•		•	•	•	•	O	•	•	-	•	Yes
A5-1													Yes
A6	•	•		0	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	O	Refinement topic area
A7	•	-		O	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	No
В1	•	•		Project is potentially exper	▼ nsive	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B10	•	•		•		O	O	O	O	•		•	Refinement topic area
В3	-	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
В7	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B9	•	•		•	0	O	•	O	•	•	o		Refinement topic area
C1	•	•		Project is potentially exper	▼ nsive	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
C2	•	•		O	•	O	O	O	•	O	O	O	Refinement topic area
C4	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		O	Yes
C5	•	•		0	0	-	-	-	-	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
C6	•	•		•		O	0	O	•	•		C	No
D1	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
D10	•	•		0		O	•	•					No

Project ID	Equity Average Score	Qualitative assessment of the relative benefits and impacts on population groups within the City		Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	h Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	life cycle and benefits of the		Recommend?
D11	-	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	•	•	•	–	•	0	-	•	No
D2	•	•		O	0		•	•	•	0	-		Yes
D3	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	Refinement topic area
D4	•	•		0	•	•	•	•	•		-	•	No
D6	-	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D7	Project benefits not widely distributed	O		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D8	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•		•		Yes
D9	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•		•		Yes
F1	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	•	-		Yes
F2	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
F3	N/A			O		•	•	•	•	O No project advocate			No
F4	N/A			•		•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
A1	•	0		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A11	N/A			-	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	-	Yes
A12	N/A			Project already complet	●	•	-	•	•		-	-	No
A13	-	•		O		•	•	0	0	O	O		Refinement topic area
A2	•	•		0							-	-	Refinement topic area
A5	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	O	Yes
A6	N/A			•	•	•	•	•		•	•	0	Yes
A7	N/A			•	•							•	No

Project ID			Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle- limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded		Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	Qualitative assessment of the life cycle and benefits of the options		Recommend?
А9	N/A			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	· ·	Refinement topic area
B1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
B2	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
В3	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•			Yes
C1	0	O		•	•	•	O	0	0	•	•	•	No
C12	N/A			•	•	0	•	•	O	O	•	•	Yes (with Basalt Creek)
C13	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	No
C14	N/A			•	•	•			•		•		Only with urban upgrade
C15	N/A			•	•	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	Only with urban upgrade
C16	N/A			-	•	•	•		•		•	•	Only with urban upgrade
C17	•	•		-	•	•	-		•		•		Needs Refinement
C3	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	O	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
C4	N/A			O Turn lane already exists	0	0	O	O	O	0		0	No
C5	•	•	•	•		0	O	•	O	•	•	O	Yes
C6	-	•		-	•	•	-	-	-	•		•	No
C7	-	-		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
C8	•	•		O		0	O	O	O	0	O	O	No
C9	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D1	N/A			-	•	•	•	•	•		•		No
D10	N/A			Project is already under	construction	•	•	•	•		•	•	No

			Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-		Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to	existing community	existing regional	Is the option consistent with		champion willing to		using existing infrastructure	Recommend?
Project ID D11	Equity Average Score N/A	impacts on population groups within the City	limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	score	be funded	goals/policies	goals/policies?	existing state goals/policies?	leadership?	advocate?	options	before proposing new roads?	Yes
D12	N/A			•	•				•	•		•	No
D13	•	•		•		O			-	•	•	-	Refinement topic area
D14	•	•		•					•	•			Yes
D15	N/A			•	•	•	•		•		•	•	Refinement topic area
D16	N/A			•								-	No
D17	N/A			•		-			-		•	-	Refinement topic area
D18	N/A			•	•	•	•		•		•	•	Refinement topic area
D19	N/A			•	•	•	•		•		•	•	Refinement topic area
D2	•	•		•	O	O	•	O	•	•	•	•	No
D20	N/A			•		•	•		-		•	•	No
D21	N/A			•		•	•		•			•	Refinement topic area
D22	N/A			•	O	-	•		-		•		Yes
D23	N/A			•		•	•	•	•		•		Yes
D3	-	•		Project is relatively low o	cost	•	•	•	-	•			Yes
D5	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D6	N/A			0	•				O	0			No
D7	N/A			•						•	•		Refinement topic area
D8	•	•		•	•	-	•	-	-	•		•	Refinement topic area
D9	-	•		•						•			Refinement topic area

Project ID			Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	h Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?	Is the option supported by the community and political leadership?	Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	Qualitative assessment of the life cycle and benefits of the options	Does the option consider using existing infrastructure before proposing new roads?	Recommend?
A1	•	•		0		O	O	0	•	0		•	Refinement topic area
А3	•	•		•		•			•	•	•	•	Yes
A4	•	•		-	•	-	-	•	•	•		•	Refinement topic area
A5	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
A6	-	•		•	-	•	-	-	-				Refinement topic area
A8	-	•		•	•	•	•	•	O	•	•		Yes
A9	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	Refinement topic area
B1	O	•		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B2	-	•		•	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	Refinement topic area
В3	0	O		•		•	•	•	0	O		0	No
В4	N/A			•	•	-	-	-	•	•	•	•	Yes
B5	•	O		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	No
В6	0	•		•	•							•	Refinement topic area
В8	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Refinement topic area
C1	•	•		•	-	-	-	-				0	
C2	•	•		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	Yes
C3	-	•		•	-	•	-	-	•	•	•	•	Yes
C6	0	•		0	O	•	•	•	•	•			No
C7	-	•	-	•		O	O	0	O	0	•	0	Yes
D10	•	•	-	0	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	O	Yes

Project ID			Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?		Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?	Qualitative assessment of the life cycle and benefits of the options		Recommend?
D11	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	-	•		Yes
D12	•	•		•	•	•			•	-			Yes
D13	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	•		•		Yes
D2	•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Refinement topic area
D3	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
D4	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D5	-	•		•	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	Yes
D6	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
D7	-	•		-	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	Refinement topic area
D8	•	•		-	•	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	Only with urban upgrade
D9	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
E1	•	•	•	O	•	•	•	•	•	-	•		Yes
F2	N/A			•	•							-	No
A1	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Refinement topic area
A10	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	-		Yes
A12	•	•		0	0	•	•	•	•	•	•	O	Yes
A13	N/A			0	O	•	O	O	•	O	•		No
A14	N/A			O	•	•			•	•	•		No
A16	•	•	•	0	O	•	O	•	•	O	O		No
A2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes

Project ID	Equity Average Score	Qualitative assessment of the relative benefits and impacts on population groups within the City	Availability of transit adjacent to areas with low incomes, transit dependant populations (vehicle-limited, under 16, over 65, etc), and other groups	Ability to be implemented average score	Qualitative assessment of ability for the project idea to be funded	Is the option consistent with existing community goals/policies	Is the option consistent with existing regional goals/policies?	Is the option consistent with existing state goals/policies?		Does the option have a champion willing to advocate?		Does the option consider using existing infrastructure before proposing new roads?	Recommend?
А3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
A4	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	-	•		Refinement topic area
A5	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•		Yes
A6	N/A			-	•								No
A7	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
A8	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	-	•	Yes
B1	N/A			0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		No
B2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
B4	0	•	•	0	O	•	O	•	•	•	O		No
C1	•	•		·	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		Yes
D1	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	-	-	•	•		Yes
D2	•	•		-	•	•	-	•	-	-	•		Yes
D3	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	•		Yes
D4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		No
D5	•	•	•	_	-	•	-	•	•	_	•		No

Refinement Area Analysis Refinement Area #1: Nyberg Interchange

Concept Package #1: Safety-Focused Solutions

Goal Statement

The primary goal for this refinement area is to address safety concerns at the Nyberg interchange, for all modes. The interchange serves as the main connection between Tualatin and the I-5 freeway, but also via Nyberg Road provides a main connection between downtown and east Tualatin. The interchange ramps have the highest crash rates in Tualatin, including several reported bicycle- and pedestrian-related crashes.

Possible Solution

The following solutions are put forth as one package at the Nyberg interchange area:

- A. Paint the pavement through the interchange area to make the bicycle lane more visible and distinct from travel lanes
- B. Redesign location of bicycle lane at the east end of interchange
- Bring bicycle lane across and over at west end of interchange with skip striping
- D. Improve lane signage west of the interchange to help vehicles be in the correct lane before entering interchange area
- E. Move guardrail on southbound off ramp to improve sight distance
- F. Redesign westbound-northbound movement to enhance safety
- G. Redesign northbound off ramp to discourage traffic getting off and then right back onto I-5

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic and safety near the interchange?	 Minor effects on motor vehicle traffic Moderate safety benefits from visible separation between bicycle and motor vehicle traffic 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Minimal effect on city-wide traffic	_
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Striping revisions can be incorporated with minor impacts Provides better delineation for traffic and bicyclists Redesigns the northbound on ramp terminal to allow double rights Discourages the northbound through traffic with minor impacts 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Painted pavement would require ODOT review/approval Recent precedent for painted bike lanes on ODOT facility Minor changes to the interchange configuration will not 	_

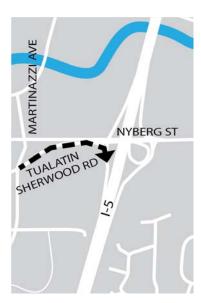


Refinement Area #1: Nyberg Interchange

Concept Package #2: Adding lane to Tualatin-Sherwood Road from Martinazzi to I-5 (eastbound direction)

Goal Statement

Concept package #2 addresses a goal to reduce congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Road for eastbound drivers between Martinazzi Avenue and I-5. Traffic backups have been reported at the southbound on ramps which have been verified through field visits. However, traffic analysis for the Nyberg interchange does not show congestion concerns either now (2012 traffic volumes) or in the future (forecasted 2035 traffic volumes). The southbound on-ramps with I-5 operate at a Level of Service (LOS) D now and anticipated in the future, and the northbound on-ramps with I-5 operate at LOS B now and anticipated LOS C in the future.



Potential Solution

Add a new lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Road in the eastbound direction from Martinazzi to I-5.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic near the interchange?	 Minor increase in eastbound traffic accessing the freeway (50-100 vehicles during the PM peak hour) Operations stay relatively consistent Could detract from bicycle and pedestrian safety 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	This potential solution has minimal effect on city-wide traffic	_
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Width of Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Nyberg Street from Martinazzi to the east is tight No impacts forecasted to the Fred Meyer truck access road, though walls may be needed to ensure truck access retained Requires removal of mature street trees Possible solution would be to shift lanes and widen to the median Past the Fred Meyer intersection, widening would likely require walls, structure widening and impacts to sensitive areas 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 The area is already built Only impacts are to the landscaping strip between the roadway and Fred Meyer 	•

Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 1: Extending North into River Grove Only

Goal Statement

This option provides an alternative to crossing the Tualatin River in a north-south direction east of I-5. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as a major north-south route. It serves residents and medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is of concern due to expected residential and business growth. 65th Avenue has sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.



Potential Solution

Extend 65th Avenue north of its current terminus near Nyberg Road to 65th Avenue

across the Tualatin River in River Grove. At its crossing over the Tualatin River, the bridge could be a narrower cross section as a turn lane would not be needed. Reconstruct intersection of 65th Avenue and Nyberg Street and consider a roundabout at this location.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 New connection has the potential for 1,000 to 1,200 motor vehicles during the PM peak hour Allows for connectivity to the north Slight increase in traffic on Sagert Street, Borland Road, 50th Avenue, SW Wilke Road, and Nyberg Lane 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Reduces traffic on I-5 and Boones Ferry Road Slight increase in traffic on Tualatin Sherwood Road eastbound over the Nyberg interchange Traffic would be impacted in River Grove and Lake Oswego 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Available right of way is 40' ± from river to SW Childs St Alignment could be designed to avoid impacts to recently constructed lift station east/north of the bridge Connection to the local roadway network north of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Solution requires multi-jurisdictional coordination Adjacent to land zoned high density residential where transportation facilities are an allowed use Impacts to Metro Riparian class Habitats I-III 	•

Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 2: Widening to Existing Sections of 65th Avenue Only

Goal Statement

This option addresses forecasted future congestion on 65th Avenue. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as the major north-south route east of I-5. It serves residents and medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is problematic due to expected residential and business growth. This facility has some sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.

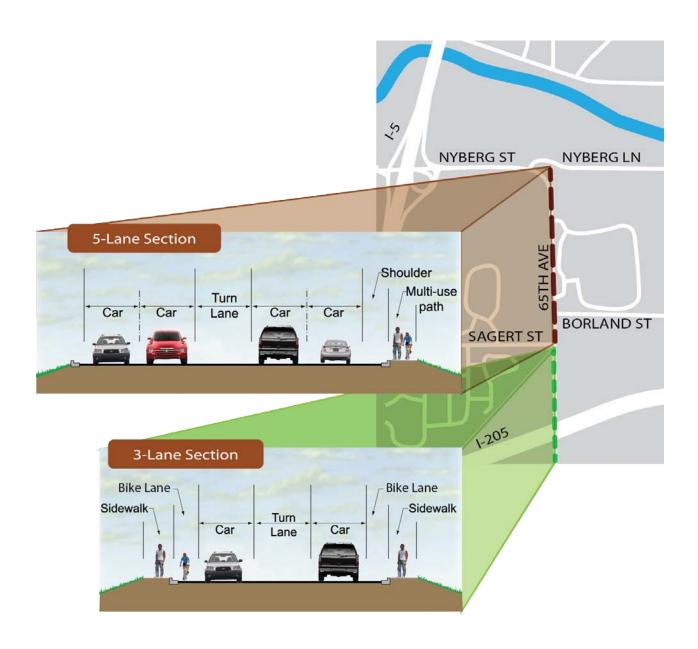
Potential Solution

This potential solution consists of the following:

- Widen 65th Avenue to 4 or 5 lanes between Nyberg Road and Sagert Street
- Widen the road to 3 lanes south of Sagert Street across I-205 to city limits
- · Address the dips in the existing road
- Bicyclists and pedestrians would be accommodated via:
 - o A separated bicycle and pedestrian multi-use path located near 65th Avenue, OR
 - o Via continuous bicycle lanes and sidewalks on 65th Avenue
- New traffic signal at Sagert Street and 65th Avenue would operate in conjunction with the existing signal at 65th Avenue and Borland (traffic progresses through both intersections in one signal cycle) OR
- Realign intersections at Sagert Street/65th and 65th/Borland into one intersection

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Helps meet future motor vehicle demand along 65th Avenue Little new vehicle activity attracted to the roadway (150-200 new PM peak hour vehicles) over what is expected without widening 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Little effect realized city-wide	
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Widening north of Borland to Nyberg street to accommodate bicyclists or a multi-use path likely possible with minor impacts until the structure crossing Nyberg Creek and the wetlands area Widening for lane/capacity likely to involve more significant right of way and utility impacts Realignment of Borland/Sagert intersection to one location, likely the current location of Sagert/65th Alignment dictates the extent of impacts, but could include the utility substation, or private structure 	

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Environmental / Policy	Realigning the Sagert and Borland intersections would have	
Considerations	right-of-way impacts	
	 Widening the roadway would require some easements 	
	Replacing the bridge over Nyberg Creek Greenway to	
	accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians on the structure	



Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 3: Extending North into River Grove AND Widening Existing Section

Goal Statement

This option provides an alternative to crossing the Tualatin River in a north-south direction east of I-5, as well as addresses forecasted future congestion on 65th Avenue. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as the major north-south route east of I-5. It serves residents and major medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is problematic due to expected residential and business growth. This facility has some sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.

Potential Solution

- Extend 65th Avenue to the north as described in Option 1
- Widen the existing sections of 65th Avenue as described in Option 2

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Combination of extending 65th Avenue and widening the roadway is similar to the extension alone Widening allows capacity to service the future demand on the roadway and at intersections 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	• Similar effects as the 65 th Avenue extension	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 See constraints/considerations from the two previous options 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Solution requires multi-jurisdictional coordination Adjacent to land zoned high density residential where transportation facilities are an allowed use Impacts to Metro Riparian class Habitats I-III The City of Rivergrove does not have a TSP 	•

Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

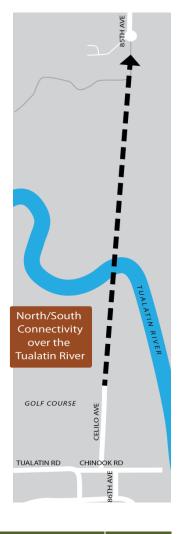
Option 1: Extension East of Country Club and West of Railroad Track

Goal Statement

This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to connect with Boones Ferry Road, and an extension to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard.

Potential Solution

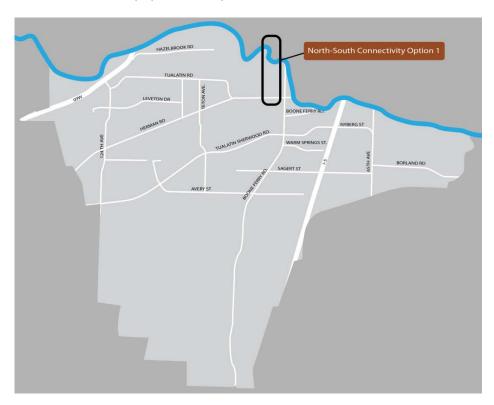
- An extension west of the railroad tracks, in the general vicinity of SW 86th Avenue east of the Country Club appears to be feasible
- Road would extend northward in the vicinity of SW Celilo Road and connect with SW 85th Avenue north of the Tualatin River



Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	New extension allows connectivity north/south across the Tualatin River	
	 New roadway has the potential to carry up to 1,000 – 1,200 vehicles in each direction during PM peak hour 	
	 Will increase traffic on Boones Ferry Road in front of Tualatin Community Park – uncertain whether signal warrant would be met 	

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Tualatin, Herman, 99W, and Boones Ferry Road (north of the Tualatin River) experience a moderate decrease in traffic Boones Ferry Road immediately south of Celilo Road has an increase in traffic leading up to the extension 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Does not impact Tualatin Community Park At least one, if not two railroad crossings would be upgraded and require crossing orders from ODOT Rail North improvements to alignment would extend along the west edge of the tracks and tie into 85th Ave on the north side of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 An extension of Hall Boulevard into Tualatin is included in the Tigard TSP (long-term not fiscally constrained project list) and in the Washington County TSP 	0

North-South Connectivity Option 1 Vicinity



Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Option 2: Widen Boones Ferry Road

Goal Statement

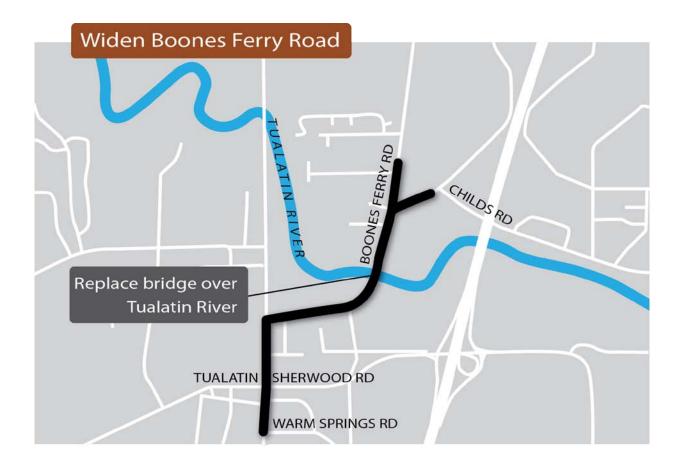
This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5, by increasing capacity along the existing Boones Ferry Road between downtown and north of the river, towards the communities of Durham and Tigard. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to connect with Boones Ferry Road, and an extension to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard. The extension of Tualatin Road project would have impacted Tualatin Community Park. After a robust community conversation the City decided not to pursue this project, and an amendment was voted in March 2011 to amend the City Charter (Chapter XI) to prevent the transfer, sale, vacation or major change in use of city parks without a public vote.

Potential Solution

- Widening Boones Ferry Road between the intersection of Lower Boones Ferry Road to the north and Warm Springs to the south
- Widening explored through:
 - Retaining a three-lane section with intersection improvements and coordinated signal timing
 - o Widening to four lanes, limiting turning pockets to intersections
 - o Widening to five lanes, with two travel lanes in each direction and a centerturn lane transitioning to a turn pocket at intersections
- All options assume replacement of the Tualatin River bridge

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	Potential to shift traffic from Tualatin-Sherwood Road (east of Boones Ferry Road) and away from the Nyberg interchange	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Moderate shift in traffic from Hwy 99W/Durham Road to Boones Ferry Road Moderate shift in traffic from I-5 between the Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg interchanges to Boones Ferry Road 	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 4 lane and 5 lane options have significant impacts to right of way/access All options likely require coordination and improvements to the railroad crossing north of the bridge Widening at Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road south of the intersection is problematic Constraints are railroad to the west and McDonald's drive thru to the east 	0
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 ODOT is interested in a jurisdictional transfer from ODOT to the City if bridge is replaced The City or ODOT could initiate the transfer process The City would then be responsible for maintenance and upkeep on the new or modified bridge The County would be required to approve the transfer The existing bridge is within the Tualatin River Greenway 	0



Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Other Options Considered but Dismissed

Extension west of Country Club

The team considered placing the northerly extension west of the Country Club, but dismissed this for the following reasons:

- 1. Traffic flows on the new arterial lessened traffic on 99w, but did not address congestion on Tualatin arterials, including Boones Ferry Road.
- 2. Disruption to the community in the Hazelbrook area, and especially for residents at its eastern edge including SW Shawnee Trail, and SW Cheyenne Way, was thought to be too great.
- 3. Geometrically, it was deemed difficult to place an arterial in this vicinity without creating an additional 90 degree turn. This in turn would create safety concerns associated with driver expectation, speed, and sight visibility.
- 4. This general location is aligned with a northward bend in the Tualatin River, which could make construction of a new river crossing difficult.
- 5. Connections with the roadway network in Tigard would be difficult. SW 92nd Avenue is the nearest roadway north of the river but connections to it are problematic, and it does not continue northward beyond SW Durham Road.

Extension north of SW 90th Avenue

The team explored extending SW 90th Avenue northward, but dismissed this concept for the following reasons:

- It would bisect the Tualatin Country Club, a regional destination.
 The Tualatin Country Club serves patrons from throughout the south Metro area and is a major employer in Tualatin. Bisecting the club would make it difficult for it to continue its current operations as a golf course.
- 2. Connections with the roadway network in Tigard would be difficult. Extending SW 90th Avenue north across the Tualatin River connects with Cook Park in Tigard. It would be difficult to design an alignment that avoided impacts to this park, though it could be possible to align the river crossing so that it touched down east of the park's boundary.

This alignment could be reconsidered in the future if the Country Club were to redevelop to another use.

Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Option 3: Hybrid. Two-lane local road connecting to Hall Boulevard, extending 65th Avenue across the Tualatin River, and Widening Boones Ferry Road.

Goal Statement

This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard.



Potential Solution

- An extension west of the railroad tracks, in the general vicinity of SW 86th Avenue east of the Country Club
- Road would extend northward in the vicinity of SW Celilo Road and connect with SW
 85th Avenue north of the Tualatin River
- Combine extending to Hall Boulevard with widening Boones Ferry Road, and extending SW 65th Avenue north over the River

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Tualatin River New two lane local roadway could carry up to 800-900 vehicles in each direction during the 2035 PM peak hour Will increase traffic on Boones Ferry Road in front of Tualatin Community Park – uncertain whether signal warrant would be met Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd V/C deteriorates slightly 	

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Tualatin, Herman, 99W, and Boones Ferry Road (north of the Tualatin River) experience a moderate decrease in traffic Boones Ferry Road immediately south of Celilo Road has an increase in traffic leading up to the extension 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Does not physically impact Tualatin Community Park At least one, if not two railroad crossings would need crossing improvements and would require coordination with the Railroad and ODOT Rail. North improvements to alignment would extend along the west edge of the tracks and tie into 85th Ave on the north side of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 An extension of Hall Boulevard into Tualatin is included in the Tigard TSP (long-term not fiscally constrained project list) and in the Washington County TSP Potential impacts (likely temporary) to the Tualatin River and adjacent natural resources. Potential impacts to wetlands/sensitive areas west of the existing railroad tracks north of Tualatin Road. 	0

Refinement Area #4: Herman Road and Tualatin Road

Goal Statement

The refinements along these two corridors aim to encourage some through traffic to move onto Herman Road, and off of Tualatin Road, as a way to improve safety and livability for residents north of Tualatin Road. Herman Road and Tualatin Road run parallel to each other in north Tualatin. Both provide connections to downtown at the east and to 99W at the west. Herman Road is located in Tualatin's industrial center, and Tualatin Road features some industrial and manufacturing to the south, but residential to the north.

Potential Solution

The following projects have been explored as a package:

- A. Reclassify Herman Road as a Minor Arterial, and retain Tualatin Road's classification as a Major Collector
- B. Upgrade the remaining section of Herman Road as a 3-lane cross section between Tualatin Road and Teton Road
- C. Lowering speeds on Tualatin Road
- D. Eliminate the free right turn at Tualatin Road at the intersection with Herman Road, and consider a roundabout at this location
- E. Add signals at the east and west ends of Tualatin Road, such as in the vicinity of 115th Avenue and Jurgens Avenue
- F. Remove trees at intersection of Tualatin Road and 108th Avenue to improve sight distance at this location
- G. Modify channelization of 124th Avenue and Tualatin Road to encourage traffic to proceed along 124th to the intersection with Herman Road. Consider a roundabout at this location
- H. Signage that indicates that Tualatin Road is for local traffic

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Major effect is shifting of traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road On the west end traffic is diverted to 124th Avenue On the east end traffic is diverted to Herman Road Small amount of traffic shifted to Tualatin-Sherwood Road Some traffic diverted along Hwy 99W up to Durham Road 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Minimal effects to city-wide trafficMajority of effects are local	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Traffic calming projects can be installed with minor impacts Projects could be chicane type improvements (lane weave) or speed tables Coordination with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue and Tualatin Police likely needed Improvements to Herman Road and the intersection of Tualatin/Herman Road would require right of way but are straight forward with likely impacts to some access Signal improvements at the intersection of Tualatin Rd/108th Ave were not met as recently as the last 5 years New locations for signals recommended at Jurgens and 115th have not been analyzed for warrants Removal of tree(s) at Teton, at the SW quadrant improve sight distance but have impacts to natural resources 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Some adjacent land would be required north of Herman to widen to three lanes Potential impact some landscaping and parking Planter circles and speed table design standards would need to be added to the City's code 	•



Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Option 1: Five-Lane Section Teton to Cipole

Goal Statement

Relieve congestion and improve safety for all modes along Tualatin-Sherwood Road within the City of Tualatin.

Tualatin-Sherwood Road serves as the major east-west arterial through Tualatin. It connects residents, employees, and visitors to the I-5 freeway system, to the community of Sherwood, and areas west. Tualatin-Sherwood Road is owned and maintained by Washington County. West of 124th Avenue average daily traffic volumes are higher than 26,000 vehicles.

Though there are continuous sidewalks and bicycle lanes throughout the corridor, including a buffered bicycle lane west of downtown, the team has heard from the community that the traffic volumes still make this corridor feel unsafe from the vantage point of a bicyclist. Crossing this arterial at key intersections can be difficult for a pedestrian.

Potential Solution

Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Road to five lanes with bicycle lanes and sidewalks between Teton to the east and Cipole to the west.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Serves future demand that is beginning to be seen today Minor to moderate increases in traffic seen on Avery Street, 124th Avenue, and new connection between 112th and Myslony Widening Tualatin-Sherwood Road from 3 to 5 lanes changes V/C and LOS at the following intersections: Improves 124th Ave: from 1.33, LOS F to 0.92, LOS C Improves Avery St: from 0.99, LOS E to 0.92, LOS D Teton Ave deteriorates slightly: from 0.95, LOS E to 1.03, LOS E 	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Draws traffic away from Hwy 99W, Tualatin Road, Herman Road, and the Cipole Rd extension New traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Road forecasted to be approximately 200-350 vehicles in each direction during afternoon rush hour 	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Right-of-way setbacks likely allow widening with minor impacts to properties from Teton west to Cipole Some drainage/water quality basins that would likely need to be relocated Major design complications not anticipated 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Most widening impacts would be to landscaping Project is included in Washington County TSP Any widening west of Cipole would require coordination with Sherwood. 	•



Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Option 2: Retain 3-Lane Section, Transportation System Management

Goal Statement

Relieve congestion and improve safety for all modes along Tualatin-Sherwood Road within the City of Tualatin.

Tualatin-Sherwood Road serves as the major east-west arterial through Tualatin. It connects residents, employees, and visitors to the I-5 freeway system, to the community of Sherwood, and areas west. Tualatin-Sherwood Road is owned and maintained by Washington County. West of 124th Avenue average daily traffic volumes are higher than 26,000 vehicles. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry Road is the most congested intersection in the community of Tualatin, and serves as a activity hub, with the WES Commuter Rail station and commercial businesses on all four corners. Crossing this arterial at key intersections can be difficult for a pedestrian.

Potential Solution

The team explored keeping Tualatin-Sherwood Road as a three-lane section west of Teton, improving travel conditions via coordinated signal timing and intersection-specific treatments that would reduce overall conflicts and delay.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 There could be a modest shift of traffic to utilize Tualatin-Sherwood Road if TSM type enhancements occur and make the corridor more efficient. Likely shift in traffic would come from Herman Road, Tualatin Road, and Avery Street. 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Most impacts would be local with little city-wide effect.	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	• N/A.	N/A
Environmental / Policy Considerations	• None	•

Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Drilling Down on the Tualatin-Sherwood Road / Boones Ferry Road Intersection

Goal Statement

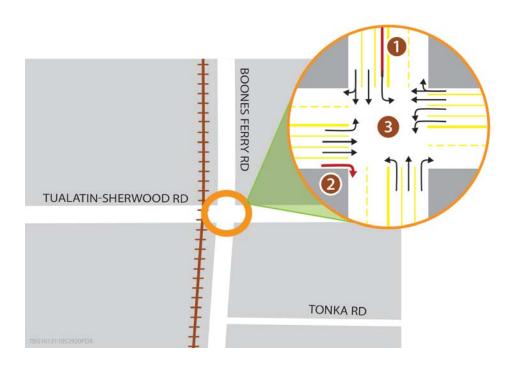
The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry Road is one of the busiest in the City. It is the junction of two major arterials, serves traffic moving north-south and east-west, has commercial businesses on all four corners, and is the location of WES commuter rail service. The intersection is already wide and intimidating to pedestrians. Right-of-way is limited for further widening.

Potential Solution

The team looked into several treatments that would improve conditions at this intersection while minimizing further widening.

These include:

- 1. Lengthening the southbound left turn pocket on Boones Ferry Road
- 2. Adding a right turn pocket on Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 3. Changing the signal phasing to allow westbound left and through movements to proceed at the same time.



Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Overall intersection operation improvements allow for better east/west traffic flow. Capacity improvements on side streets could allow for a signal timing shift on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. The intersection is still likely to be over capacity by 2035 (PM peak hour). 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Most impacts would be local with little city-wide effect.	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Lengthening the southbound left turn pocket would have impacts to the northbound turn pocket at Nyberg Street and the Hagens parking lot. Adding a right turn pocket on Tualatin-Sherwood Road would require improvements to the signal and railroad crossing and sidewalk/planter on Tualatin-Sherwood Road and available right-of-way width would need to be reviewed for adequacy. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Drainage ditch impacts from the right turn pocket on eastbound Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Adding a turn pocket would move Tualatin-Sherwood Road closer to the business at that corner. 	•

Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Five-lane option North of Martinazzi Avenue

Goal Statement

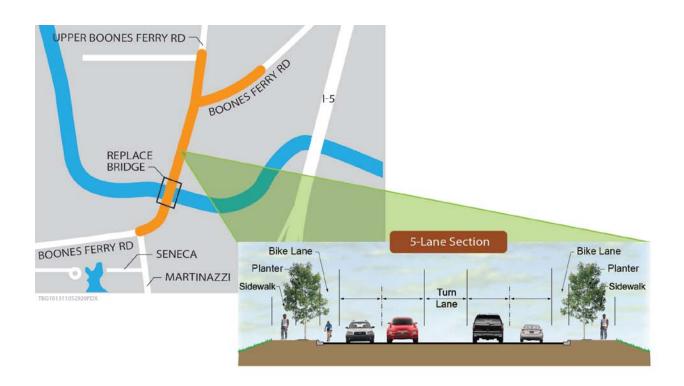
Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs – to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Between Warm Springs and the Tualatin River, Boones Ferry Road is one of the major streets serving the core of downtown.

North of the river it transitions to Upper Boones Ferry Road to Durham and Tigard, and Lower Boones Ferry Road to serve the Bridgeport Village Regional Center. Our team's analysis has found the intersection of Boones Ferry Road and Lower Boones Ferry Road is one of the more congested intersections in the City. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Solution

The team explored widening Boones Ferry Road between the intersection of Lower Boones Ferry Road to the north and Martinazzi to the south, as well as keeping that section three-lanes. Assumes replacement of the Tualatin River bridge.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	Could potentially shift traffic from Tualatin-Sherwood Road (east of Boones Ferry Road) and away from the Nyberg interchange.	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Would shift traffic from Hwy 99W/Durham Road, and from Interstate 5 between the Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg interchanges onto Boones Ferry Road 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would have minor (likely temporary) impacts on natural resources. Would require little, if any right-of-way. However accesses would be affected and would need to be reconstructed. The railroad crossing between the bridge and Lower Boones Ferry Road would require coordination with ODOT Rail and the Railroad. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Widening Boones Ferry Road would not impact any structures, mainly landscaping adjacent to the roadway. 	•



Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Options between Martinazzi Avenue and Warm Springs Avenue

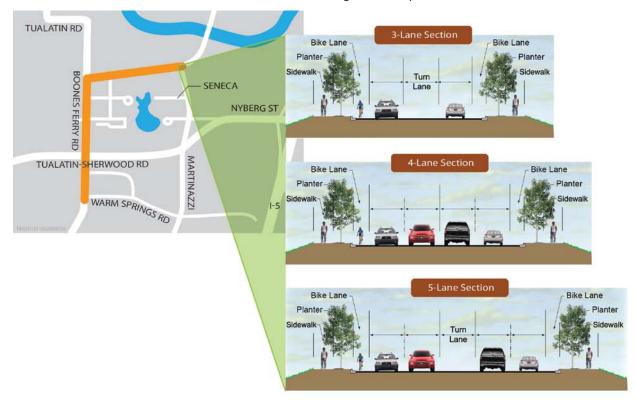
Goal Statement

Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs – to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Between Warm Springs and the Tualatin River, Boones Ferry Road is one of the major streets serving the core of downtown. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood and Boones Ferry Roads is one of the most congested intersections in the city. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry road is also the site of 50 crashes in the last five years and has been flagged by Washington County as a location of safety concern. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Potential Solution

The team explored three options between Martinazzi and Warm Springs:

- a) Retaining a three-lane section with intersection improvements and coordinated signal timing;
- b) Widening to four lanes, limiting turning pockets to intersections; and
- c) Widening to five lanes, with two travel lanes in each direction and a center-turn lane transitioning to a turn pocket at intersections.



Consideration Area	Three-Lane Section with Intersection Improvements and Signal Timing		Four-Lane Section with Turn Pockets at Intersection		Five-lane Section with Center Turn	ı lane
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	Signal timing improvements alone have a minor improvement, but there would still be intersection deficiencies.	•	 Would improve operations along the corridor to better meet demand, while shifting traffic from Interstate 5 and away from the Nyberg interchange. Could add delay on the corridor due to turning vehicles in the travel lane 	•	Would improve operations along the corridor to better meet demand, while shifting traffic from Interstate 5 and away from the Nyberg interchange.	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Effects are mostly local with signal timing improvements. 	•	 The effects are mostly local Shifts traffic away from I-5 and the Nyberg Interchange 	•	 The biggest effect is the shift from traffic away from Interstate 5 and the Nyberg interchange. 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would not impact natural resources. Minor impacts associated with intersection improvements. 	•	 Would have minor (likely temporary) impacts on natural resources. Would require right-of-way, and would impact accesses. 	•	 Would have minor impacts on natural resources. Would require additional right-of-way and reconstructed accesses. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	Few impacts — maintains the existing cross-section	•	 Would impact businesses and parking between Martinazzi and Warm Springs Would make it more difficult for turning vehicles to access driveways in this section. 	•	 Would impact businesses and parking between Martinazzi and Warm Springs. 	0

Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Options South of Warm Springs

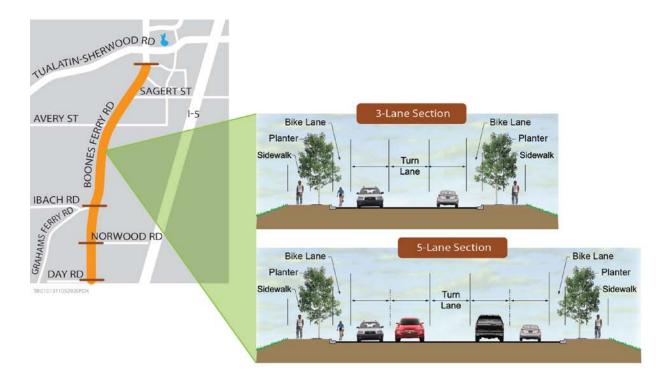
Goal Statement

Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs – to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Potential Solution

The team explored widening Boones Ferry Road to five lanes between Warm Springs and Ibach, and between Ibach and Norwood. Between Norwood and Day Boones Ferry Road will be expanded to three lanes (this latter project is planned for construction by Washington County).

The other option is to keep Boones Ferry Road at three lanes and improve signal timing and make targeted improvements at intersections.



Consideration Area	Three Lane Cross Section		Five Lane Cross Section	
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 The three lane section would slightly improve intersection operations Would not add additional vehicles on the roadway 	0	 The 5 lane option would address 2035 PM peak hour capacity and operational deficiencies along Boones Ferry Road. Widening would add approximately 200-300 vehicles in each direction along Boones Ferry Road. Widening Boones Ferry Road from 3 to 5 lanes changes V/C and LOS at the following intersections: Improves Sagert St: from 1.11, LOS E to 0.84, LOS C Improves Avery St: from 1.15, LOS F to 0.96, LOS D Improves Ibach St: from 0.98, LOS D to 0.88, LOS C 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Would have little effect on city- wide traffic	0	 Moderate levels of traffic would shift from the new 124th Avenue extension, 65th Avenue, and 105th Avenue/Blake Street (a local roadway) to Boones Ferry Road. 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would have few impacts on right-of-way as the roadway is already 3 lanes wide. Intersection improvements could require additional room to add turn lanes, etc, though few impacts are anticipated 	•	 Widening to 5-lanes is relatively straight forward from Warm Springs to Norwood. There may be some opportunities to improve vertical profiles and horizontal curves for sight distance. Right of way varies throughout the corridor with some newer developments having full width for 5-lanes, while other areas have structures up to the ROW line. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	• None	•	 Some houses are very close to Boones Ferry Road between Warm Springs and Norwood. Widening Boones Ferry Road in this area would impact setbacks and landscaping; though no houses would be impacted. Widening the roadway could have some small impacts to Little Woodrose Nature Park, depending on the design of the widening. There are no other environmental concerns as the area is already built-up residential. 	0

Refinement Area #7: Downtown Connectivity

Connections for Nyberg and Seneca

Goal Statement

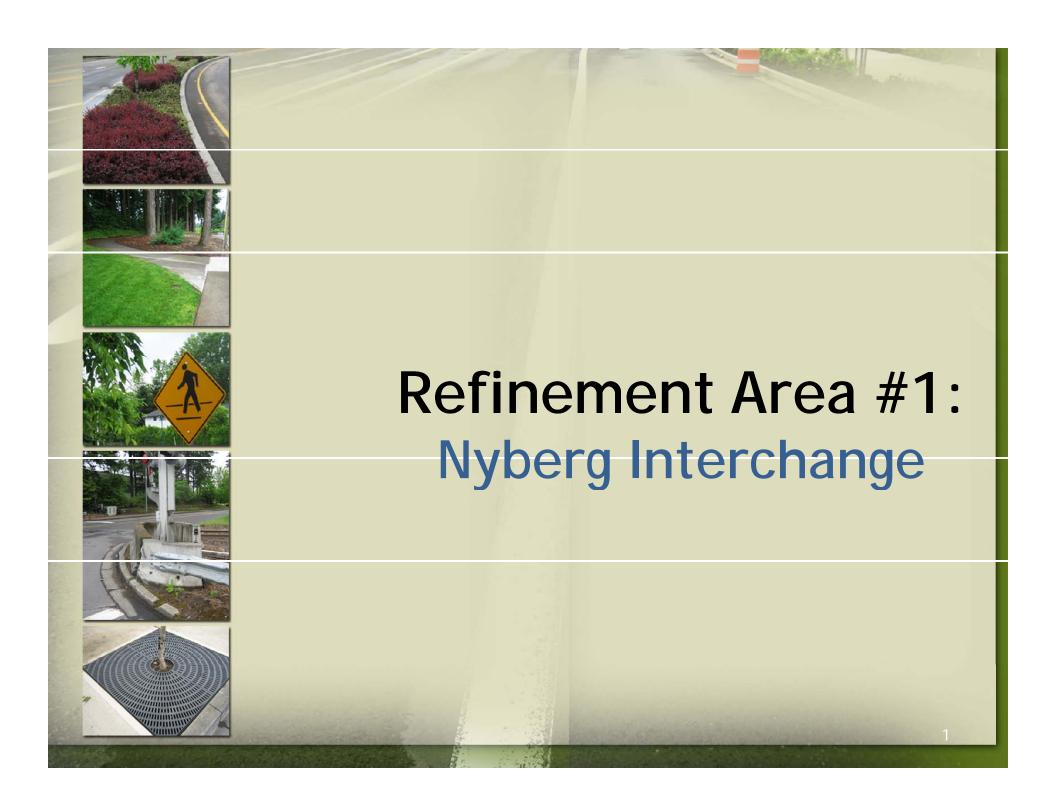
Connectivity within the downtown core is limited by the Lake at the Commons, the railroad line, and high traffic volumes along the Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road corridors.

Potential Solution

Connect both sides of Seneca Street via a pedestrian and bicycle bridge over the lake. Connect to existing path around the lake, providing a connection for through east-west bicycle and pedestrian traffic.



Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	No effects on local traffic	N/A
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	No effects on city-wide traffic	N/A
Design Constraints / Considerations	Impacts to lake are temporary and minor	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Tualatin Commons and Tualatin Commons Park are Cityowned parks The lake is human-made and a bridge and is not expected to impact habitat 	•





Goal Statement (#1 of 2)

Address safety at the Nyberg Interchange for all modes

Possible Solution



- A. Paint bike lanes
- B. Redesign bike lane at east end of interchange
- C. Skip striping on bike lane at west end of interchange
- D. Improve lane signage west of interchange
- E. Move guardrail on SB off ramp
- F. Disallow right turns on red from SB off ramp
- G.Redesign WB-NB movement to enhance safety
- H. Redesign NB off ramp to discourage traffic getting off and then right back onto I-5

Nyberg Interchange - Findings

Consideration Area		Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	•	Minor effects on motor vehicle traffic	
	•	Moderate safety benefits	
City-wide traffic	•	Minimal effect on city-wide traffic	_
Design Constraints /	•	Revisions can be incorporated with minor impacts	
Considerations	•	Provides better delineation for traffic and bicyclists	
	•	Redesigns the NB on ramp to allow double rights	
	•	Discourages the NB through traffic with minor impacts	
Environmental /	•	Painted pavement would require ODOT review/approval	
Policy Considerations	•	Recent precedent for painted bike lanes on ODOT facility	_
	•	Minor changes to the interchange configuration will not	
		impact the wetlands preservation district	





Goal Statement (#2 of 2)

Reduce congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Road for eastbound drivers



 Add a new lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Road in the eastbound direction from Martinazzi to I-5





Nyberg Interchange - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	Minor increase in EB traffic accessing freeway	
	Operations stay relatively consistent	_
	Could detract from bicycle and pedestrian safety	
City-wide traffic	This potential solution has minimal effect on city-wide traffic	_
Design Constraints /	Width of Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Nyberg Street from	
Considerations	Martinazzi to the east is tight	
	No impacts forecasted to the Fred Meyer truck access road	
	Requires removal of mature street trees	_
	• Possible solution would be to shift lanes and widen to median	
	Past Fred Meyer intersection, widening would likely require	
	walls, structure widening and impacts to sensitive areas	
Environmental /	The area is already built	
Policy Considerations	 Only impacts are to the landscaping strip between the 	
	roadway and Fred Meyer	



Discussion

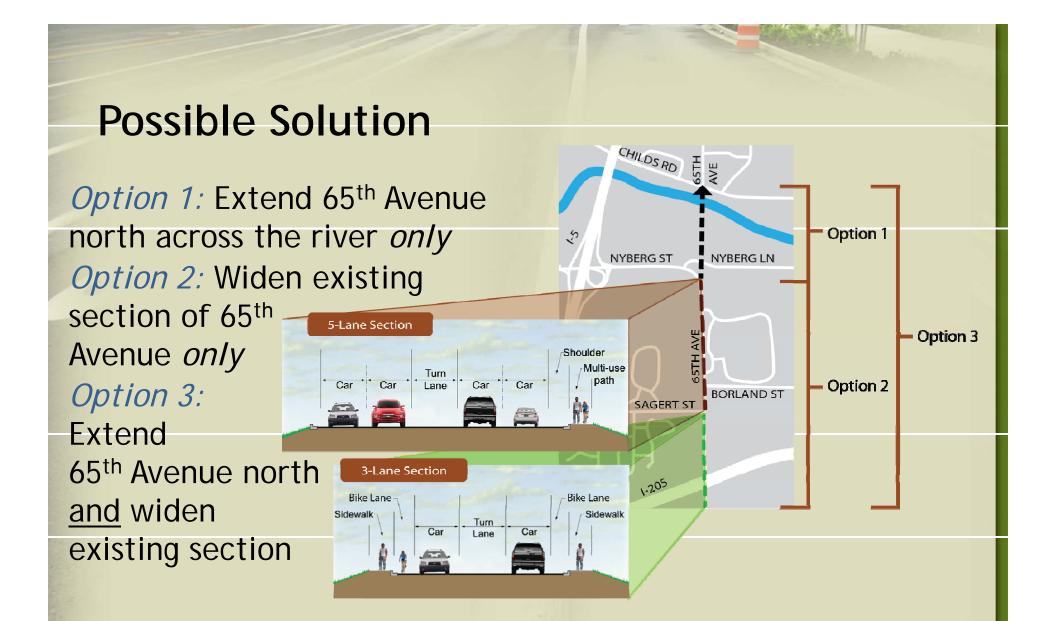
TTF recommendation:
No, do not forward on to summit
as a long-term solution. Revisit
upon next TSP update.





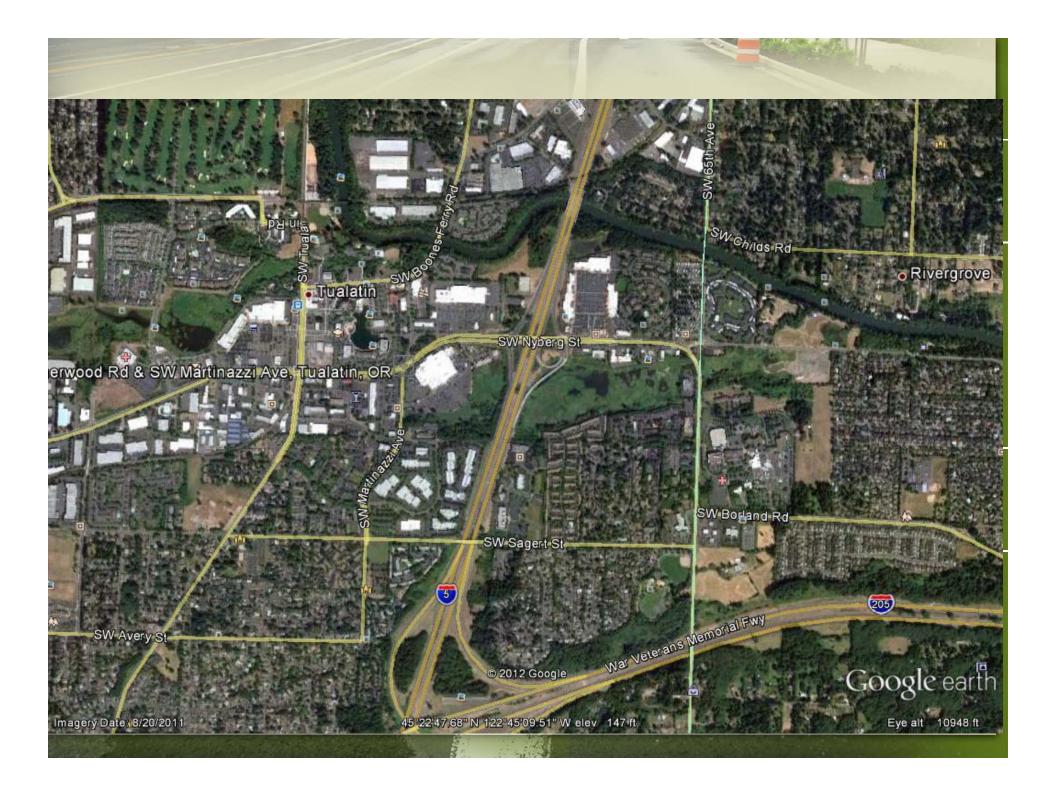
Goal Statements

- 1. Provide north-south connectivity east of I-5
- 2. Address forecasted future congestion along 65th Avenue



65th Avenue - Findings

Consideration Area		Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	•	A Four-Lane Extension allows for	
		Connectivity to north	
		Potential for 1,000-1,200 vehicles during PM	
		peak hour	
	•	Widening allows	
		Capacity to service the future demand on the	
		roadway and at intersections	
City-wide traffic	•	Extension would	
		Reduce traffic on I-5 and Boones Ferry Road	
		Create slight increase in traffic on Tualatin	
		Sherwood Road eastbound over the Nyberg	
		interchange	



65th Avenue - Findings

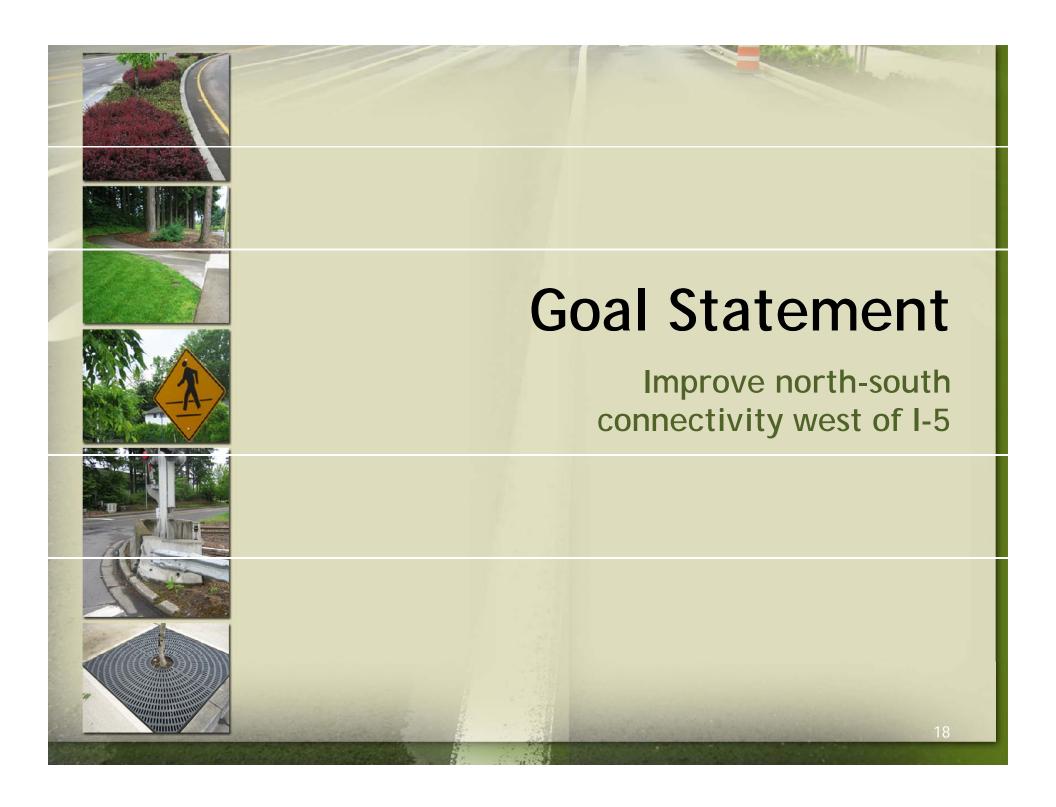
Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints /	• Extension considerations:	
Considerations	➤ 40' ± right of way available from river to Childs	
	➤ Alignment could be designed to avoid lift station	
	east/south of Nyberg Lane	
	• Widening considerations:	
	➤ Widening Borland to Nyberg possible for bikes and peds	_
	with minor impacts until structure crossing Nyberg Creek and wetlands area	
	➤ Widening for lane/capacity involves more significant	
	right of way and utility impacts	
	➤ Signal at Sagert less impactful than combining Sagert	
	and Borland into one intersection	
Environmental /	 Multi-jurisdictional coordination needed 	
Policy Considerations	• Impacts to Metro riparian class I-III habitat	
	• Easements or right of way required to extend and/or widen 65 th Avenue	



Discussion

TTF recommendation: Forward two options (Variation of Option 1 with multi-use path along 65th Avenue, Option 3) on to summit

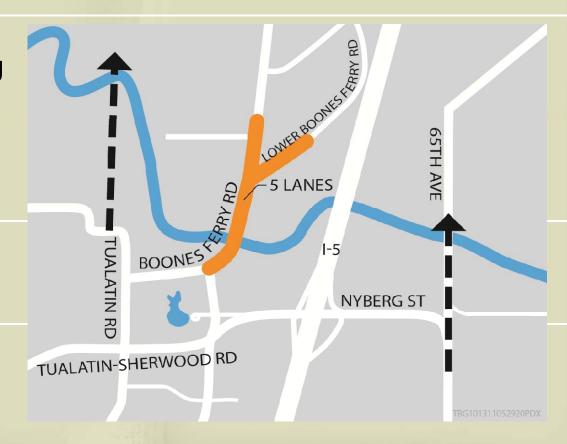


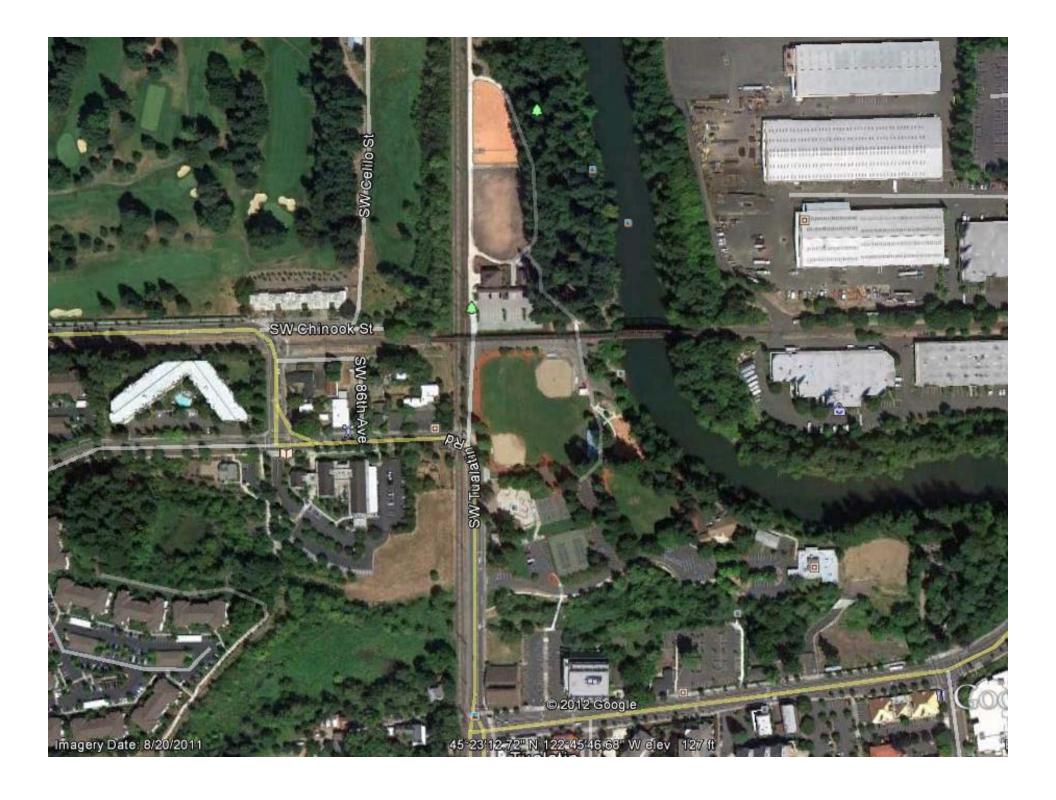


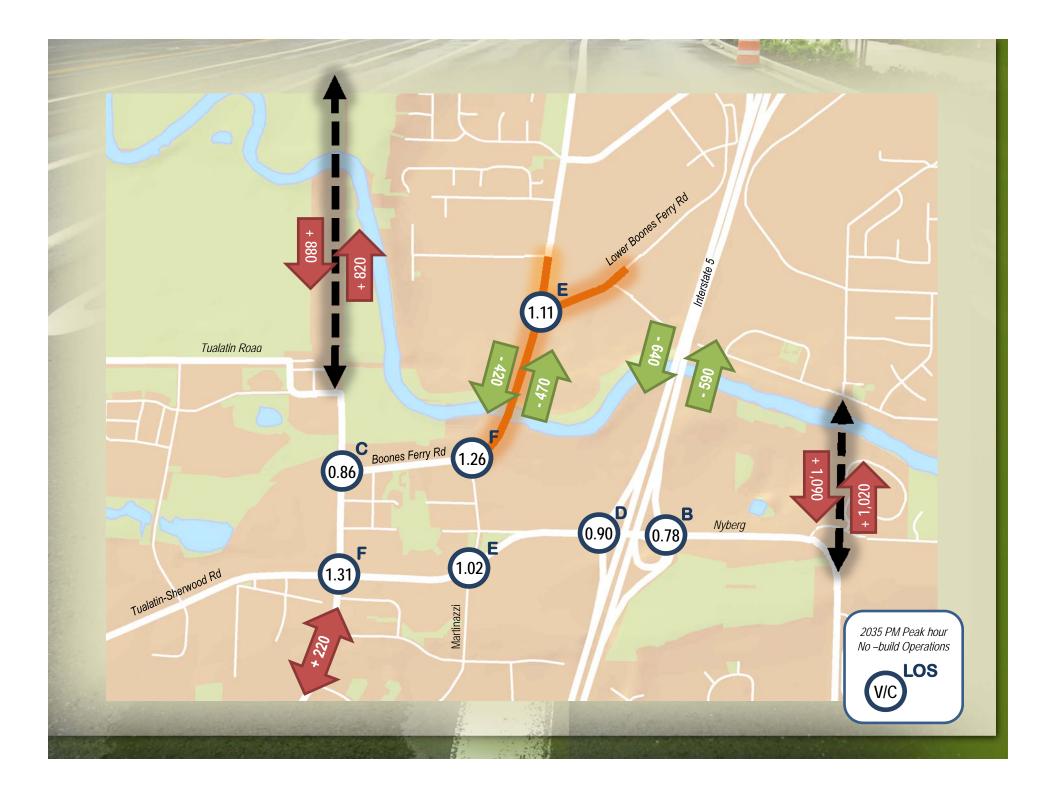
From our July Meeting...

Look at a hybrid option that:

- Constructs a twolane road connecting from Tualatin Road to Hall Boulevard north of the river
- Widens Boones Ferry Road to five lanes between Martinazzi and Lower Boones Ferry
- Assumes extension of 65th Avenue







What Does This Do For Tualatin?

	Area	Benefits	Impacts
	Traffic	 Decreases traffic on 99W, Boones Ferry Road (east of Tualatin Road), I-5 Decreases traffic on Herman and Tualatin Roads 	 Increases traffic into downtown and onto Tualatin-Sherwood Road
	Design	 Removes one 90 degree turn on Tualatin Road 	 Requires significant right of way Additional at-grade crossing of RR tracks might be difficult
	Environmental / Policy	 Extension included in Tigard and Washington County TSPs Does NOT impact Sweek House If local connection is made at Tualatin Community Park, helps circulation into park 	 Additional environmental analysis would be needed related to river crossing, crossing of trail(s), and noise and air quality assessments



Discussion

City Council discussed North-South connectivity and voted No, do not move north-south connectivity on to Summit



Refinement Area #4: Herman Road and **Tualatin Road**



Goal Statement

Encourage through traffic to move onto Herman Road and off of Tualatin Road

Refined Solution



- A. Reclassify Herman to a minor arterial
- B. Upgrade section of Herman to 2 lanes
- C. Lower speeds on Tualatin
- D. Eliminate free right turn at Tualatin/Herman intersection, consider roundabout
- E. Add signals at the east and west ends of Tualatin
- F. Remove trees at Tualatin and 108th
- G. Modify channelization of 124th and Tualatin, consider roundabout
- H. Signage to indicate that Tualatin is for local traffic

Responses to Questions

No.	Question	Response
1.	Can you look at keeping Herman at 2-lanes between Teton and Tualatin?	Yes. There are limited driveways that would warrant a center-turn lane. Modified recommendation to upgrade Herman to 2-lanes with bicycle lanes and sidewalks
2.	Can you look at retaining current speeds on Tualatin?	Yes, but fewer cars move off of Tualatin as a result. Speeds would decrease as a result of signals
3.	What would the roundabout look like at the east end?	There appears to be sufficient room for a single-lane roundabout at this location, allowing Cheyenne to access it, would shift intersection slightly to north to avoid railroad tracks
4.	What happens to the signal on Tualatin and Teton?	This signal stays above the mobility threshold but we can look at minor modifications to the intersection and the timing to improve flow
5.	How many vehicles move from Tualatin to Herman?	See next slide – approx. 400 with suite of projects
6.	What about the 45-degree angles east of where you're looking?	See earlier discussion. There are modifications that could be done, or other ways to encourage traffic to turn on Teton or 124 th to move south



Herman Road and Tualatin Road - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	Major effect is shifting of traffic from Tualatin	
	Road to Herman Road	
	 On the west end traffic is diverted to 124th 	
	• On the east end traffic is diverted to Herman	
	 Small amount of traffic shifted to Tualatin- 	
	Sherwood Road	
	 Some traffic diverted along Hwy 99W up to 	
	Durham Road	-
City-wide traffic	 Minimal effects to city-wide traffic 	
	 Majority of effects are local 	

Tualatin Road and Herman Road - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints /	Traffic calming can be installed with minor impacts	
Considerations	 Projects could be chicane type improvements (lane weave) or speed tables 	
	 Coordination with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue and Tualatin Police likely needed 	
	 Improvements to Herman and the intersection of Tualatin/ Herman require right of way 	•
	 New locations for signals recommended at Jurgens and 115th have not been analyzed for warrants 	
	 Removal of tree(s) at Teton, at the SW quadrant improve sight distance but have impacts to natural resources 	
Environmental /	Some adjacent land would be required north of Herman	
Policy Considerations	to widen to three lanes	
	 Potential impact some landscaping and parking 	
	Planter circles and speed table design standards would	
	need to be added to the City's code	

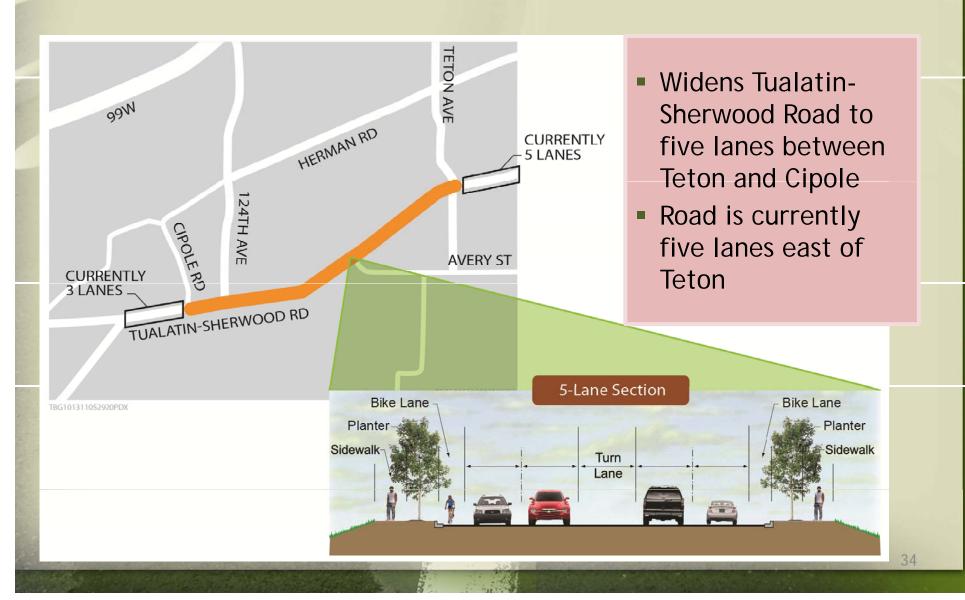




Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road



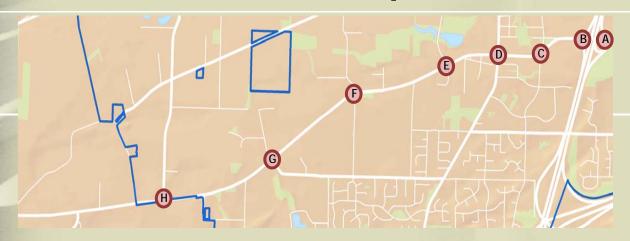
Option #1: Complete Five Lane Section



Option #2: Retain Three Lane Section

- One travel lane in each direction
- Center turn lane
- Retains shoulder bicycle lanes and sidewalks
- Coordinated signal timing
- Spot improvements at key intersections

What Do These Options Do For Traffic?



PM Peak Hour Operations

Tualatin-Sherwood Road &	2011 Existing	Retain Three Lane Cross Section	Widen to Full Five-Lane Cross Section
A I-5 Northbound	0.68 (B)	0.78 (B)	0.78 (B)
B I-5 Southbound	0.79 (D)	0.90 (D)	0.90 (D)
© Martinazzi Ave	0.94 (D)	1.02 (E)	1.02 (E)
D Boones Ferry Road	0.93 (D)	1.31 (F)	1.31 (F)
E 90 th Avenue	0.60 (C)	0.78 (C)	0.78 (C)
F Teton Avenue	0.79 (D)	0.95 (E)	0.95 (E)
G Avery St	0.71 (B)	0.99 (E)	0.92 (D)
H 124 th Avenue	0.60 (C)	1.33 (F)	0.92 (C)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	West of Boones Ferry Rd	East of Boones Ferry Road
65 th Extension	+ 50 vehicles	+180 vehicles
North/South Connection	+ 170 vehicles	-50 vehicles
Hybrid (both 65 th and North/South)	+130 vehicles	+80 vehicles
TSM Option	Negligible	Negligible

V/C ratio (Level-of-Service)

What are the Other Benefits to Tualatin?

Area	Five-Lane	Three-Lane
Design Constraints	 Setbacks appear to allow widening with minor impacts to properties Some drainage/water quality basins may require relocation 	 None – this largely retains existing cross section. Widening at key intersections could be accommodated with no major design concerns
Environmental / Policy	 Project is included in Washington County TSP 	 This option is not consistent with the Washington County TSP







Goal Statement

Reduce congestion and improve safety on Boones Ferry Road throughout Tualatin

Three Segments of Boones Ferry Road



41

Segment A: North of Martinazzi



Widen to five lanes from

intersection with Lower Boones

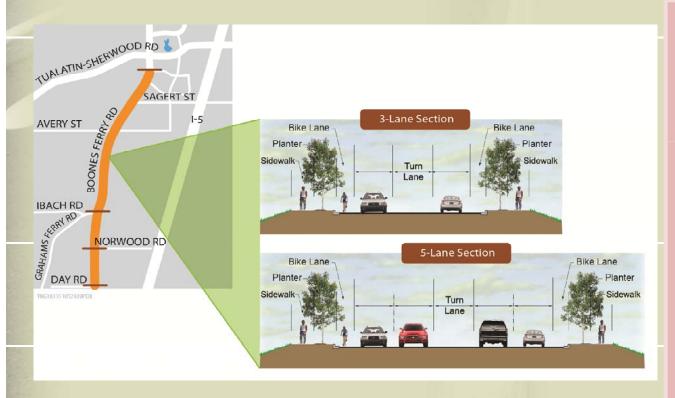
Segment B: Through Downtown



- Option 1: Retain 3-Lane Section
- Option 2: Widen to 4-lanes 2 lanes in each direction (center turn lane goes away)
- Option 3: Widen to 5-lanes 2
 lanes in each direction with center turn lane

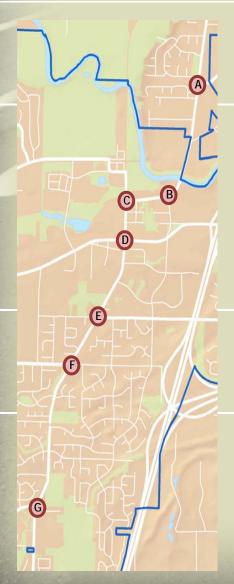
5-Lane Section

Segment C: South of Warm Springs



- Option 1: 3-lane section with widening at key intersections, coordinated signal timing
- Option 2: 5-lane section (2 travel lanes in each direction with center turn lane)

Boones Ferry Road Traffic: All Options



PM Peak Hour Operations

(Boones Ferry Road &	2011 Existing	2035 No-Build	Widen South of Tualatin- Sherwood Rd to Norw ood	Widen North of Martinazzi to Lower Boones
(Lower Boones	0.76 (C)	1.11 (E)	1.11 (E)	0.89 (C)
	Martinazzi Ave	0.89 (D)	1.26 (F)	1.26 (F)	1.33 (F)
(1	Tualatin Road	0.62 (B)	0.86 (C)	0.86 (C)	0.92 (C)
(1	Tualatin-Sherwood	0.93 (D)	1.31 (F)	1.30 (F)	1.31 (F)
(Sagert St	0.75 (C)	1.11 (E)	0.84 (C)	1.11 (E)
(Avery St	0.87 (C)	1.15 (F)	0.96 (D)	1.15 (F)
	Ibach St	0.70 (B)	0.98 (D)	0.88 (C)	0.98 (D)

V/C ratio (Level-of-Service)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	South of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	TSR to Martinazzi Rd	North of Martinazzi
65 th Extension	- 70 vehicles	-180 vehicles	-440 vehicles 🔱
North/South Connection	+ 520 vehicles 🏠	-270 vehicles	-570 vehicles
Hybrid (both 65 th and North/South)	+220 vehicles 👚	-500 vehicles	-890 vehicles

What are the Benefits for Tualatin?

Area		Segment A	Segment B	Segment C
Design	3-lane	No impacts	No impacts	No impacts
	4-lane	• N/A	Would require ROWAccess impacts	• N/A
	5-lane	Minor impactsLittle ROW neededRailroad coordination needed	 Would require additional ROW Would require reconstructed accesses 	 Could improve curves and grade for sight distance improvements Some structures close to ROW line
Environmental/	3-lane	• None	• None	• None
Policy	4-lane	• N/A	Business impactsDifficult turning movements	• N/A
	5-lane	 Some landscaping impacts adjacent to road 	Impacts businesses in this segment	 Impacts setbacks and landscaping (no houses) Near Woodrose Nature Park



Discussion

TTF recommendation: Move forward with

Segment A: Five lanes

Segment B: Three lanes

Segment C: Three lanes

To the summit



Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road Intersection



Notes:

- Signal timing is already optimized at this intersection, but other phasing/timing/ coordination alternatives may be tested
- Changing the signal timing to 120 seconds could improve the V/C ratio from 1.30 (F) to 1.22 (F)
- Intersection is well over capacity, even a test of 140 second signal cycle with right turns on every approach yields a V/C of 1.06 (E)

PM Peak Hour Operations

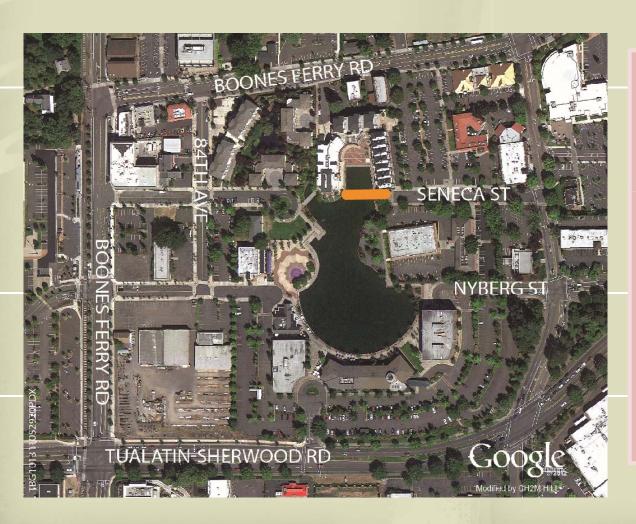
	Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road
Existing Conditions	0.93 (D)
2035 No-Build	1.31 (F)
Added Eastbound Right Turn Pocket	1.18 (E)
Added Westbound Right Turn Pocket	1.31 (F)
Added Southbound Right Turn Pocket	1.18 (E)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	West of Boones Ferry Rd	East of Boones Ferry Road	North of TSR	South of TSR
65 th Extension	+ 50 vehicles	+180 vehicles	-60 vehicles	- 70 vehicles
North/South Connection	+ 170 vehicles	-50 vehicles	+420 vehicles	+ 520 vehicles
Hybrid (both 65 th and North/South)	+130 vehicles	+80 vehicles	+280 vehicles	+220 vehicles
TSM Option	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

V/C ratio (Level-of-Service)

Connectivity in the Downtown Core



- Auto bridge over the lake was screened out
- Auto tunnel under the lake was screened out
- At least we can improve connectivity for bicyclists and pedestrians



Discussion

TTF recommendation: No, with changes to Lake, Yes, with recommendations to Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Road intersection

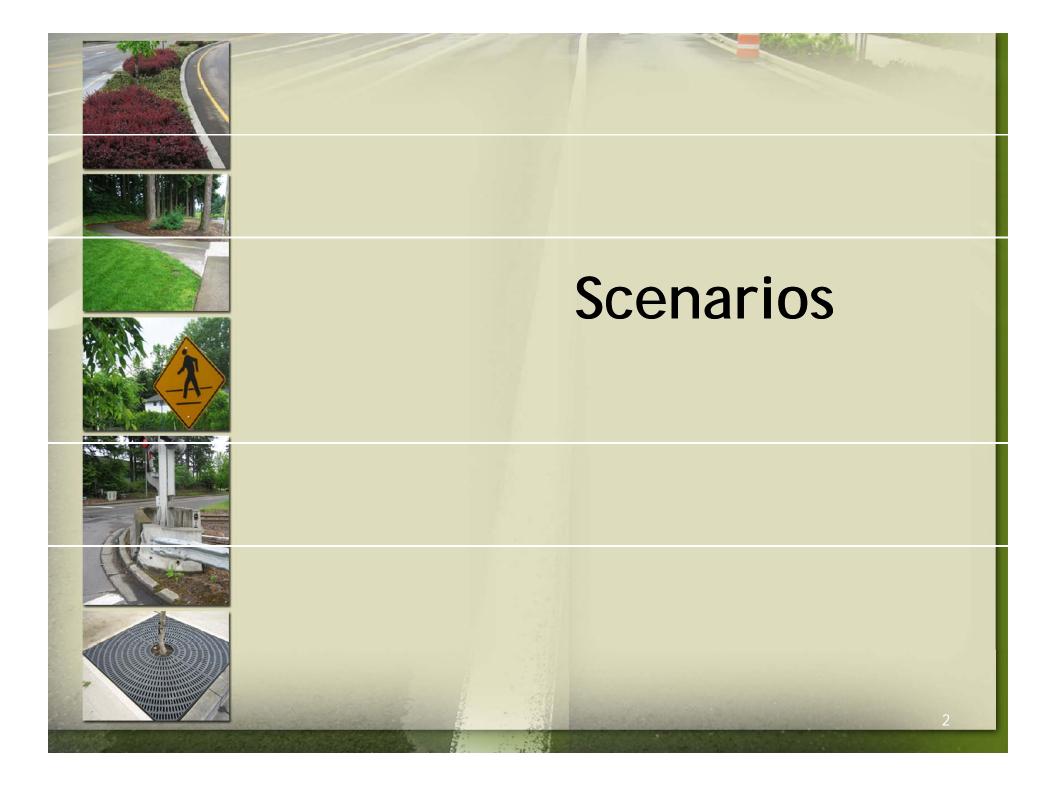




City of Tualatin Putting it all Together

Tualatin TSP

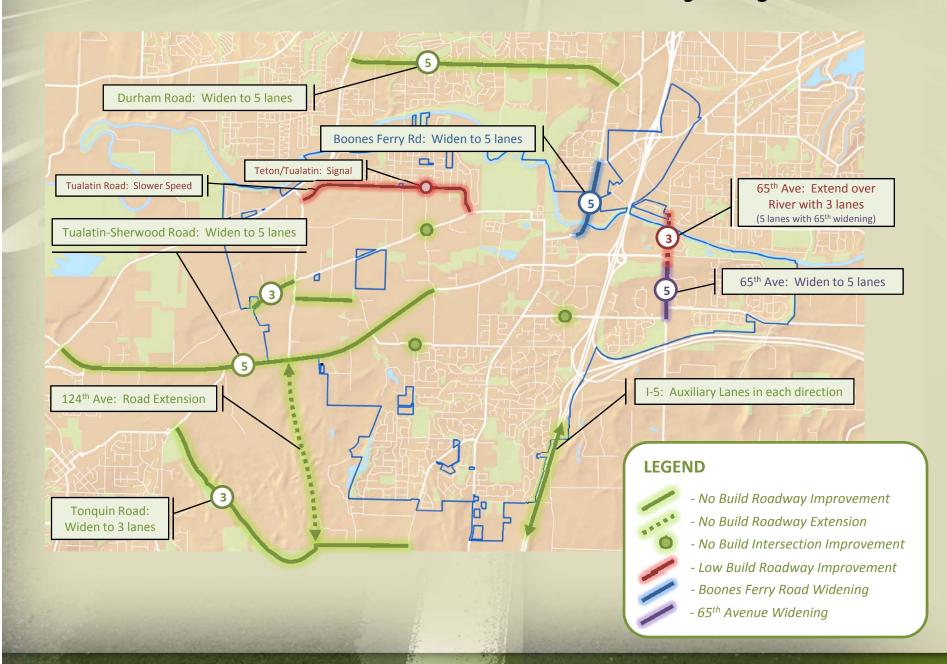
Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
September 20, 2012

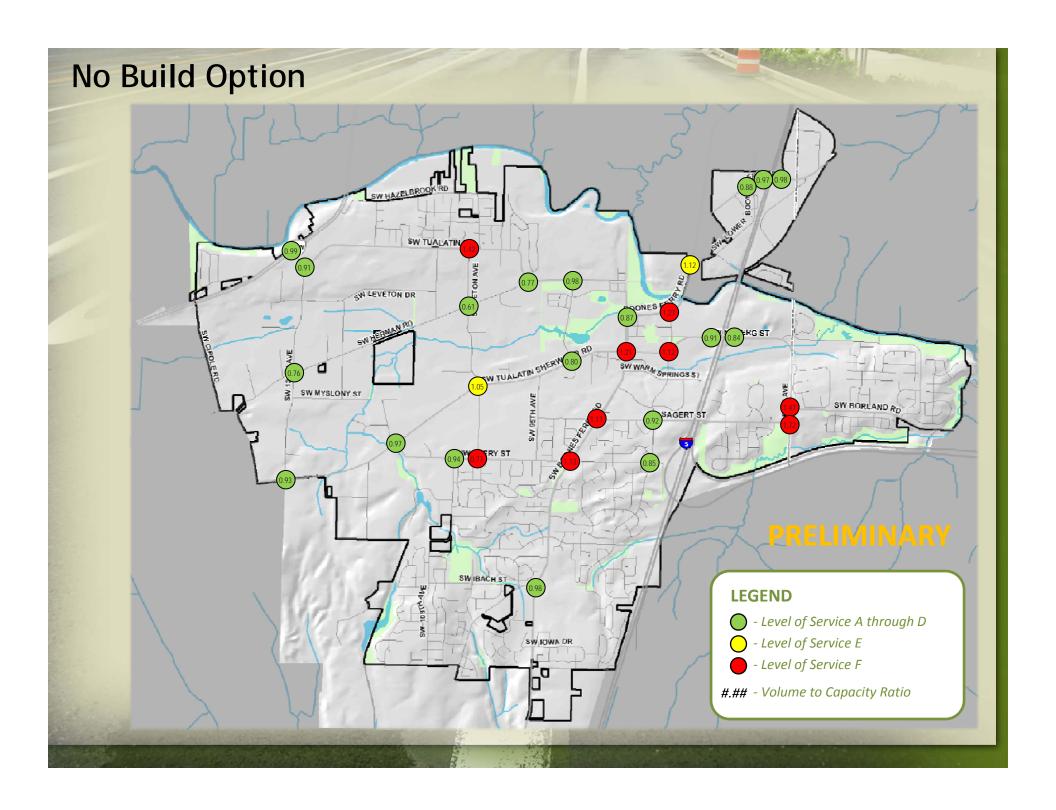


Scenarios Rely on TTF Guidance

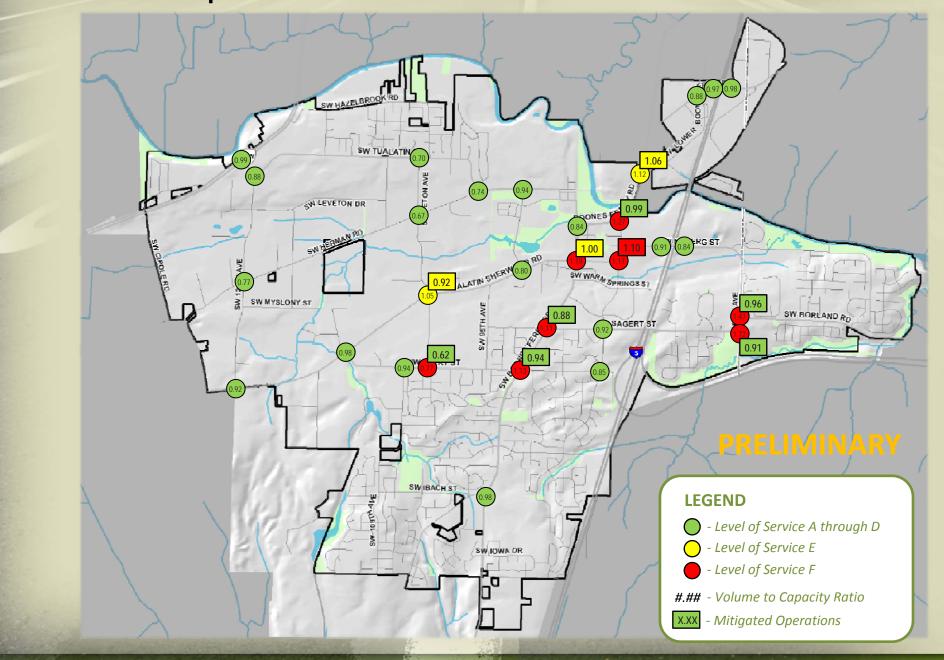
- 1. Includes compilation of guidance from 7 refinement areas
- 2. Looked at various options for 65th Avenue
 - a. No extension
 - b. 2-lane bridge extension
 - c. 5-lane widening of 65th with 4-lane bridge extension
- 3. Looked at widening Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi

Assumed Future 2035 Scenarios and Roadway Projects

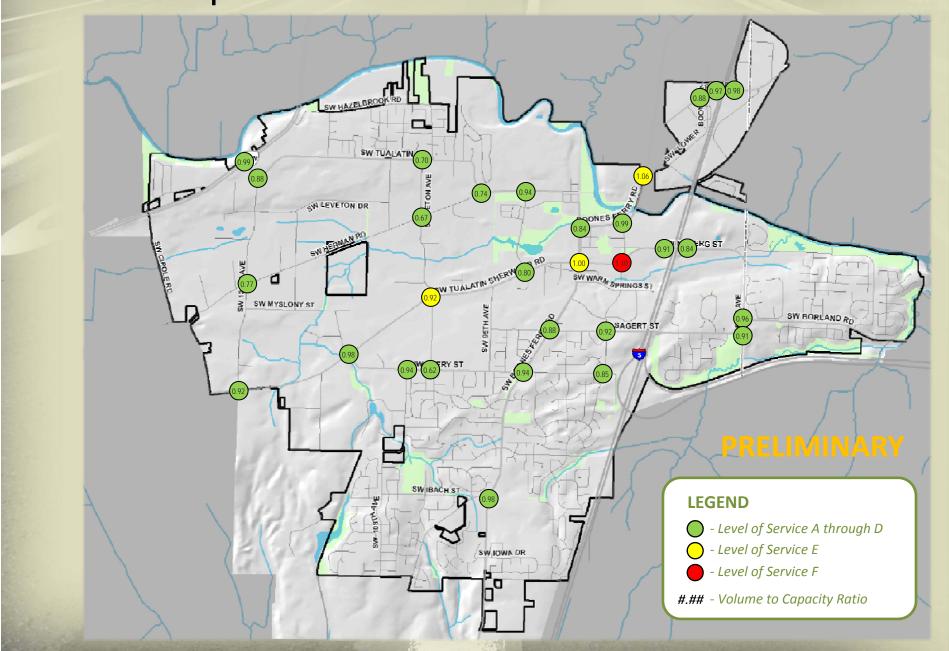




LOW Build Option - Without 65th Ave Extension



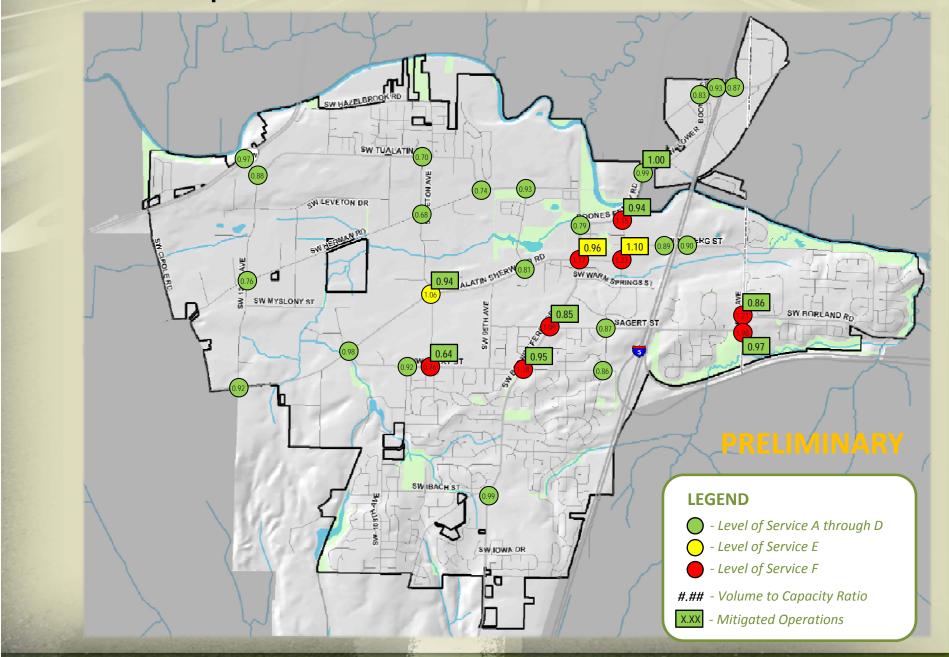
LOW Build Option - Without 65th Ave Extension



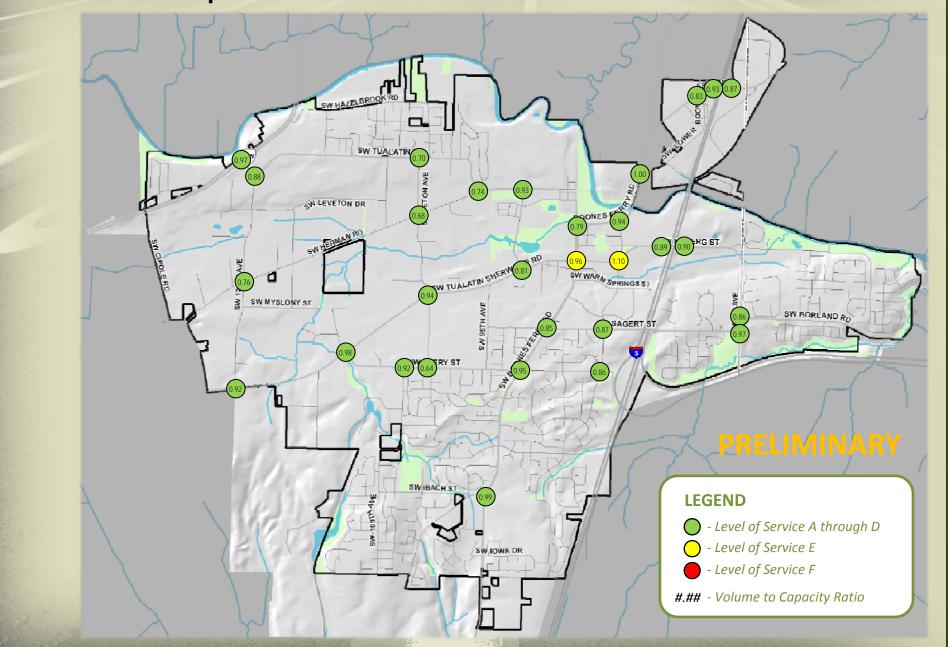
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension SW TUALATINO N LEVETON DR SW WARM SPRINGS ST SW MYSLONY ST **LEGEND** - Level of Service A through D - Level of Service E Level of Service F #.## - Volume to Capacity Ratio X.XX - Mitigated Operations

LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension SW TUALATINO N LEVETON DR SW WARM SPRINGS ST SW MYSLONY ST **LEGEND** - Level of Service A through D - Level of Service E Level of Service F #.## - Volume to Capacity Ratio

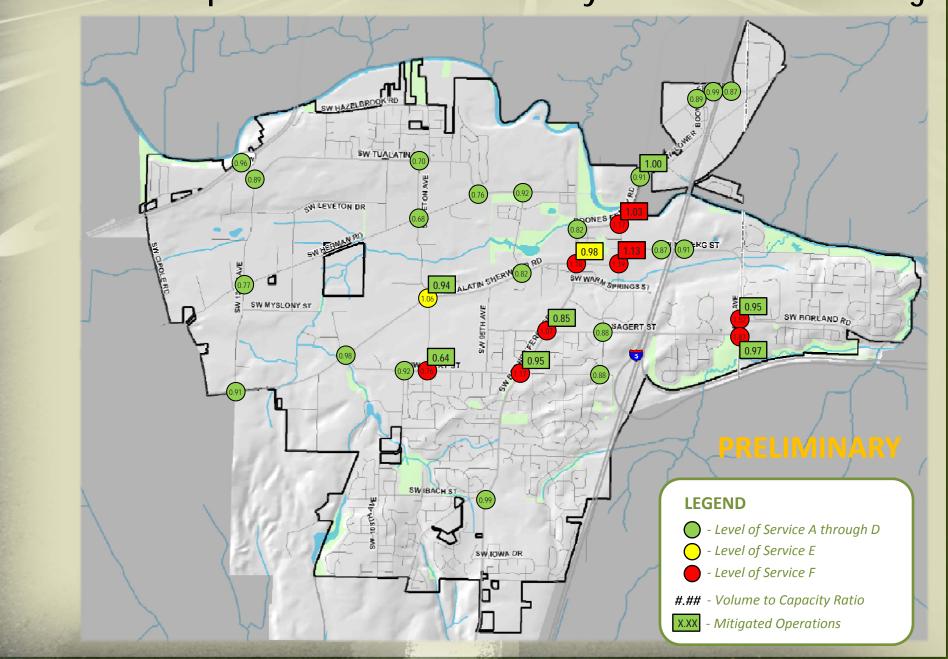
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension and 5 Lane



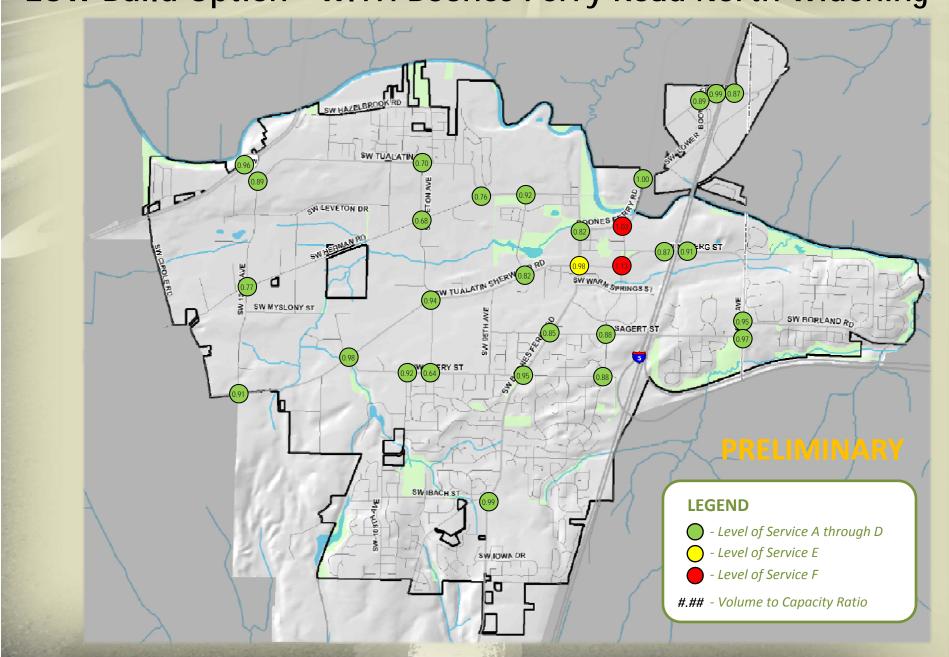
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension and 5 Lane



LOW Build Option - WITH Boones Ferry Road North Widening



LOW Build Option - WITH Boones Ferry Road North Widening



Technical Memorandum

City-Wide Traffic Analysis Results for Roadway Capacity Scenarios



PREPARED FOR: Tualatin Transportation System Plan

Project Management Team

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Eryn Deeming Kehe, JLA

DATE: October 17, 2012

This memorandum highlights traffic analysis findings for six roadway infrastructure scenarios prepared for Tualatin's Transportation System Plan (TSP). The purpose is to provide information about the benefits and tradeoffs of various capacity projects being considered in the TSP, with a focus on a possible extension of 65th Avenue to the north and the possible widening of Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi. Both of these projects center on a crossing of the Tualatin River: the 65th Avenue extension would be a new crossing, and the Boones Ferry Road widening would be a widening of an existing crossing. This memorandum provides information to support decision makers and the community with finalizing TSP recommendations (fall of 2012). The analysis centers on mobility/access, one of the TSP's seven evaluation categories. The other evaluation categories are: safety, vibrant community, equity, economy, health and the environment, and ability to be implemented.

Information is organized into four sections: (1) project scenarios, which includes descriptions of the six scenarios analyzed; (2) results, which highlights the intersection operations, traffic volumes, and travel time changes associated with each scenario; (3) conclusions and recommendations; and (4) next steps.

Project Scenarios

What follows are descriptions of the six scenarios evaluated in this memo, and a description of the three components of the traffic analysis: (1) intersection level of service, (2) traffic volume shifts, and (3) travel times. Each of these three components reveals something different about overall system performance: from what it feels like to live near a major roadway capacity project, to how much time drivers spend waiting to proceed through an intersection, to what effect a project can have on the total amount of time it takes a driver to cross town.

Six scenarios were analyzed:

1. **Existing conditions.** An existing conditions analysis takes into account what drivers experience *today*. It is based on traffic counts collected in October 2011 throughout the City, site visits to

Draft: As of October 17, 2012

- verify intersection geometry and land uses, and observed and recorded travel times (also from fall 2011). Existing conditions lay a solid foundation on which to compare all future scenarios.
- 2. Future "no build." This scenario takes into account the projected growth in population and employment in Tualatin and elsewhere over the next 20+ years (Year 2035), assuming the transportation network will remain the same. The only transportation projects are included in this scenario are those with funding and a subset of projects on Metro's fiscally-constrained Regional Transportation Plan (RTP), such as the extension of 124th Avenue south of Tualatin-Sherwood Road. This scenario allows us to consider what congestion concerns might arise in the future.
- 3. **Future "low build.**1" The future "low build" scenario begins with the assumption that there will be "no build" and then adds in those projects that the Tualatin Task Force (TTF) agreed to unanimously during the evaluation and refinement area analysis meetings (May through August 2012). A list of projects included in the "low build" scenario is included below. This scenario does not include any changes to 65th Avenue or Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi Avenue.
- 4. **Future "low build" with 65th Avenue extension.** This scenario begins with the "low build" option and then adds an extension of 65th Avenue to the north, from Nyberg Road to the vicinity of Childs Road north of the Tualatin River. This option was analyzed with the assumption that the existing three-lane cross section of 65th Avenue between Nyberg Road and Sagert Street would be retained and the northerly extension would transition to a two-lane cross section over the river, continuing as a two-or three-lane roadway towards Lakeview Boulevard.
- 5. **Future "low build" with Boones Ferry Road widening.** This scenario begins with the "low build" option and then adds a widening of Boones Ferry Road to five lanes north of Martinazzi Avenue. The existing cross section of three lanes would be retained through Tualatin's downtown core.
- 6. **Future "low build" with 65**th **extension and Boones Ferry Road widening.** This scenario begins with the "low build" option and then adds a widening of Boones Ferry Road to five lanes north of Martinazzi Avenue and an extension of 65th Avenue to the north, from Nyberg Road to the vicinity of Childs Road north of the Tualatin River. This scenario is a combination of Scenarios 4 and 5.

The traffic analysis for each of these scenarios relies on both the traffic counts collected during the fall of 2011 and Metro's regional travel demand model. For each of the scenarios analyzed, major infrastructure improvements were:

- (1) Coded into the Metro regional travel demand model;
- (2) Post-processed to be calibrated to traffic counts taken for the TSP; and
- (3) Analyzed in the Synchro operational analysis software at an intersection-specific scale.

¹ The "low-build" scenario assumes the following projects:

Tualatin-Sherwood Road as a five lane facility (throughout Tualatin, including widening of Sherwood segment as per Regional Transportation Plan)

Boones Ferry Road as a three lane facility for entire length

Herman Road as a two lane facility from Teton Ave to Tualatin Road

Tualatin Road as a "30 mph" roadway

Signal at Teton Avenue/Tualatin Road

[•] Teton Avenue as a three lane road from Herman Road to Avery Street

Intersection Level of Service

An analysis of intersection-level traffic operations helps to understand the driver experience of waiting at specific intersections along the network. The wait can be long, frustrating, and—in some cases—unsafe when traffic volumes are high, when there is a mix of different types of users (e.g., railroad trains, freight trucks, bicycles), or when there are multiple approaches and traffic movements. To mitigate this, traffic engineers work to keep intersection performance within certain congestion thresholds or mobility standards. Mobility standards can vary depending on where the intersection is located, who owns (and therefore controls) it, and its main purpose.

Depending on the location, roadways and intersections are owned and operated by one of three jurisdictions: (1) City of Tualatin, (2) Washington County, or (3) the Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT). These jurisdictions measure traffic operations in different ways – either by level of service (LOS) or by volume-to-capacity (v/c). These terms are defined below:

- Level of service (LOS): A "report card" rating (A through F) based on the average delay experienced by vehicles at the intersection. LOS A, B, and C indicate conditions where traffic moves without significant delays over periods of peak hour travel demand. LOS D and E are progressively worse operating conditions. LOS F represents conditions where average vehicle delay has become excessive and demand has exceeded capacity. This condition is typically evident in cars waiting through more than one signal cycle to get through an intersection.
- Volume-to-capacity (v/c) ratio: This measure is a range and represents how full an intersection is with vehicles. The ratio is similar to a percentage, for example, if a glass of water were 75 percent full, it would have a v/c ratio of 0.75. A lower ratio indicates smooth operations and minimal delays. As the ratio approaches 1.00, congestion increases and performance is reduced. If an intersection reports v/c higher than 1.0, it indicates that volumes are higher than capacity.

The City of Tualatin uses a LOS standard; depending on intersection type, the acceptable standard is either LOS D or LOS E. Washington County and ODOT use a v/c standard, which compares traffic volumes to intersection capacity. Both agencies define the acceptable mobility standard at or under a 0.99 v/c.

The next section of this memorandum compares intersection-level performance with congestion thresholds at these intersections:

- 1. Along Tualatin-Sherwood Road
 - a. Tualatin-Sherwood Road/124th Avenue
 - b. Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road
 - c. Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Martinazzi Avenue
- 2. Along Boones Ferry Road
 - a. Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin-Sherwood Road
 - b. Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin Road
 - c. Boones Ferry Road/Martinazzi Avenue
 - d. Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road
- 3. Along 65th Avenue
 - a. 65th Avenue/Sagert Street
 - b. 65th Avenue/Borland Road
 - c. 65th Avenue/Nyberg Road

Shifts in Traffic Volumes from One Roadway to Another

Coding infrastructure improvements into Metro's travel demand model—Step 1 of the analysis process outlined at the top of this page—will provide key outputs that will be helpful in understanding the major trends of specific infrastructure projects. One of those trends is traffic volume shifts. Volume shifts provide an understanding of the scale of activity both at new connections and at the existing connections that are "relieved" by a new one. For example, when a new roadway is added to the network, volume shift diagrams help illustrate the number of trips that involve the new roadway, and—of those trips—how many are new trips versus those that have been diverted from elsewhere in the system. This analysis is only relevant to Scenarios 4-6, as these are the scenarios which introduce one or both of the river crossing projects that could affect traffic routing. Further, volume shifts were only recorded for these key roadways:

- Tualatin Road
- Herman Road
- 99W
- I-5
- Boones Ferry Road
- Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- Martinazzi Avenue
- Sagert Street
- Borland Road
- 65th Avenue
- Nyberg Road

Travel Time

Travel time is one of the most intuitive measures of traffic performance. Drivers know the amount of time it takes to get from one place to another, and the extent to which congestion can change travel times. What follows is a comparison of travel times, for each scenario, between these key north-south and east-west destination pairs:

- Boones Ferry Road
 - Tualatin High School to Bridgeport Village
 - Tualatin High School to Nyberg Interchange
- Tualatin Road
 - 115th/Tualatin to Bridgeport Village
 - 115th/Tualatin to Nyberg Interchange
- Tualatin-Sherwood Road (TSR)
 - TSR/Cipole Road to Bridgeport Village
 - TSR/Cipole Road to Nyberg Interchange
- Borland Road and 65th Avenue
 - Bridgeport Elementary School to Nyberg Interchange
 - Sagert/65th to Bridgeport Village

Results

This section includes a description of findings from intersection operations, traffic volume shifts, and travel times for each of the scenarios outlined in the previous section. Appendix A provides the traffic operations results by scenario with and without intersection-level optimizations.

Scenario 1: Existing Conditions

Traffic Operations

Figure 1 shows traffic conditions for all 30 study intersections in Tualatin as of October 2011. It is based on counts collected on weekdays during the morning (7:00 a.m.to 9:00 a.m.) and afternoon (4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.) traffic rush hours. In addition, 24-hour counts were conducted at 11 locations on key roadways in Tualatin to provide an understanding of the fluctuations in traffic throughout the day and night. Figure 1 illustrates the current operations within the City of Tualatin. Green circles indicate the intersection meets City accepted standards and red circles indicate that standards are not met. Numbers within the circles indicate the intersection v/c ratio. Three intersections currently do not meet City accepted standards: (1) Tualatin Road/Teton Road, which performs at an LOS F with a v/c ratio of 0.98; and (3) Martinazzi Avenue/Sagert Street, which performs at an LOS F with a v/c ratio of 0.95.

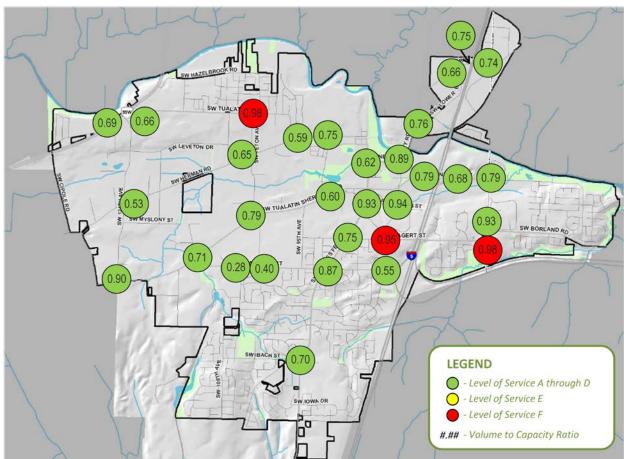


Figure 1. Intersection Operations, Existing Conditions

Travel Times

In addition to intersection and daily volume profiles, the project team collected corridor data related to travel times and speeds during the p.m. peak period. These travel times are recorded in Table 1 below. As can be seen, it takes between 9 and 10 minutes to drive north-south through Tualatin on Boones Ferry Road, and between 11 and 13 minutes to drive east-west through the City on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. These current travel times are compared to various future scenarios in the pages that follow.

TABLE 1
Existing (2011) P.M. Peak Period (4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel Time
CM Decree France Decre	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	10 min, 20 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin High School	9 min, 10 sec
SW Pagnas Form, Pagd	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	7 min, 25 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin High School	7 min, 5 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	8 min, 35 sec
SVV Tudiatili Rodu	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	8 min, 30 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	8 minutes
SVV Tudiatili Rodu	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	8 min, 40 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	11 min, 40 sec
SW Tudiatiii-Silei wood Rodu	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	13 minutes
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	8 min, 40 sec
SW Tudiatiii-Silei wood Rodu	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	10 min, 10 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 10 sec
SW Boriand Road / 65 Ave	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	2 min, 20 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	9 min, 10 sec
SVV BOTTATIO NOAU / 65 AVE	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	8 min, 25 sec

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times are rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

Scenario 2: Future "No Build" (2035)

Traffic Operations

By 2035, there will be much more congestion throughout the network in Tualatin, both along Tualatin-Sherwood Road (intersection with Teton Road, Boones Ferry Road, and Martinazzi Avenue), along Boones Ferry Road (intersections with Lower Boones Ferry Road, Martinazzi Avenue, Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Sagert Road, and Avery Street), along Teton Avenue (intersections with Tualatin Road, Tualatin-Sherwood Road, and Avery Street), and along 65th Avenue (intersections with Borland Road and Sagert Street). Operations are illustrated in Figure 2 below.

Travel Times

Travel times are summarized in Table 2 for the future (Year 2035) "no build" scenario. Travel times in the north-south direction would increase over existing conditions substantially, from between 9 and 10 minutes to between 12 and 15 minutes. Travel time increases would be more dramatic in the east-west direction: from between 11 and 13 minutes to approximately 17 minutes. Table 2 shows the travel time differences between the future no build and existing conditions. In most instances travel times increase by at least one minute. Some locations travel times increase by over 4 minutes – for example between Tualatin High School and Bridgeport Village, between 115th Avenue and Bridgeport Village, and between Bridgeport Village and Cipole Road. One destination pairing (Bridgeport Village to Bridgeport Elementary) saw a travel time increase of 6 minutes.

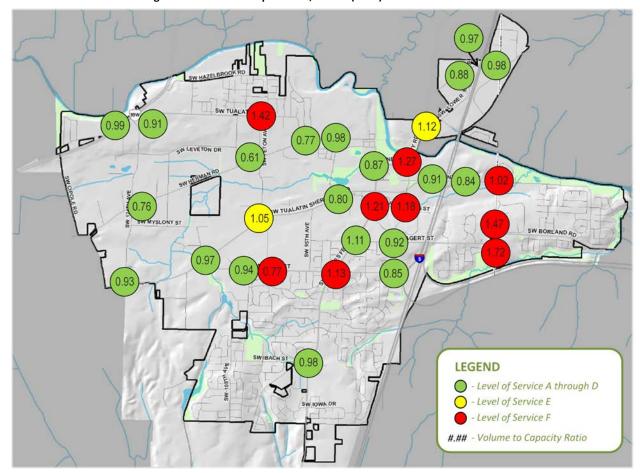


Figure 2. Intersection Operations, Future (2035) "No Build" Conditions

TABLE 2 Future (2035) "No Build" P.M. Peak Period (4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel Time	Difference from Existing Conditions
SW Boones Ferry	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	15 min, 5 sec	+4 min, 45 sec
Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin High School	12 min, 10 sec	+3 min
SW Boones Ferry	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	9 min, 40 sec	+2 min, 15 sec
Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin High School	8 min, 10 sec	+1 min, 5 sec
CM/ Tualatin Bood	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	13 minutes	+4 min, 25 sec
SW Tualatin Road	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	11 min, 40 sec	+3 min, 10 sec
CMT LU D	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	10 min, 35 sec	+2 min, 35 sec
SW Tualatin Road	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	10 min, 25 sec	+1 min, 45 sec
SW Tualatin-	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	17 minutes	+5 min, 20 sec
Sherwood Road	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	17 min, 20 sec	+ 4min, 20 sec
SW Tualatin-	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	11 minutes 35 sec	+2min, 55 sec
Sherwood Road	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	11 min, 50 sec	+1 min, 45 sec
SW Borland Road /	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 20 sec	+15 sec
65 th Ave	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	3 min, 30 sec	+1 min, 10 sec
SW Borland Road /	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 55 sec	+3 min, 45 sec
65 th Ave	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	14 min, 25 sec	+6 min

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times are rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

Scenario 3: Future "Low Build"

Traffic Operations

As described above, the future "low build" scenario serves as a starting point that represents all of the roadway infrastructure projects agreed to by the Task Force, Planning Commission, Tualatin Parks Advisory Committee, and City Council through the project evaluation and refinement area evaluation phases of the TSP. These include widening Tualatin-Sherwood Road between Cipole and Teton Roads, widening Teton Road to three lanes, and other intersection-specific treatments.

Raw outputs from the traffic model Synchro (as shown in Appendix A) indicate that up to ten study intersections have a v/c higher than 1.0 and/or LOS of F. However, intersections can be optimized to improve performance through one or more of these treatments:

- Signal timing adjustments
- Adding a turn lane in one or two directions (such as an eastbound left-turn lane)
- Restriping an approach lane to allow turn movements from two lanes instead of one
- Restricting a driveway approach to right-in, right-out (only used if traffic volumes entering facility are very low)

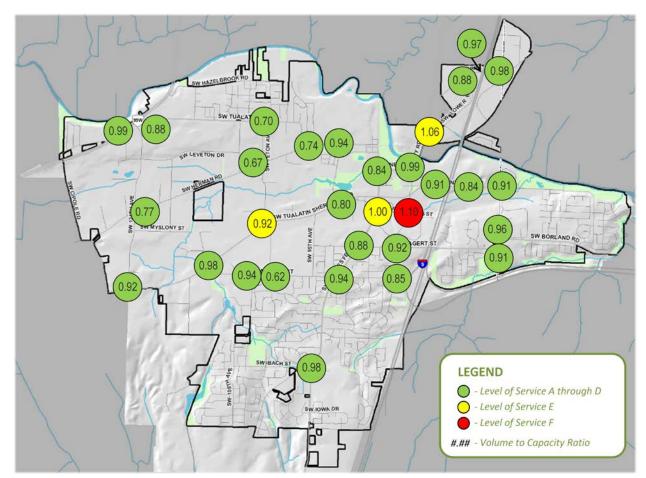


Figure 3. Intersection Operations, Future (2035) "Low Build"

With adjustments, traffic operations can improve. As shown in Figure 3, three intersections would operate with v/c at or higher than 1.0; two of these (Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin-Sherwood Road) would operate at an LOS E and one (Boones Ferry Road

and Martinazzi Avenue) operates at an LOS F. One additional intersection (Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Teton Avenue) would operate at an LOS E, but meets Washington County standards with a v/c of 0.92.

Travel Times

Travel times are summarized in Table 3 for the future (Year 2035) "low build" scenario.

TABLE 3 Future (2035) "Low Build" P.M. Peak Period (4:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel Time	Difference from
				Future No Build
CM Decree Francis Decre	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	15 min, 5 sec	No difference
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin High School	12 min, 10 sec	No difference
CM/ Doones Form, Dood	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	9 min, 40 sec	No difference
SW Boones Ferry Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin High School	8 min, 10 sec	No difference
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	13 min, 30 sec	+30 sec
3W Tudidili Nodu	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	12 minutes	+20 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	10 min, 55 sec	+20 sec
3W Tudidilii Nodu	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	10 min, 50 sec	+25 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	17 minutes	No difference
Road	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	17 min, 25 sec	+5 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	11 min, 35 sec	No difference
Road	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	12 minutes	+10 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 20 sec	No difference
Ave	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	3 min, 30 sec	No difference
CM/ Devlaced Dead / CEth	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 50 sec	-5 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	14 min, 25 sec	No difference

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times are rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

Travel times in the north-south direction would not change from the "no build" condition, and would increase slightly over the "no build" condition in the east-west direction.

Scenario 4: Future "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension

Traffic Operations

Scenario 4 is the future "low build" (Scenario 3) with the extension of 65th Avenue to the north over the Tualatin River. Under this scenario, the cross section of 65th Avenue would remain three lanes between Nyberg Road and Sagert Street and then transition to two lanes south of Sagert Street. The northerly extension would involve three lanes transitioning to a two-lane bridge over the Tualatin River, connecting with 65th Avenue in Rivergrove in the vicinity of Childs Road.

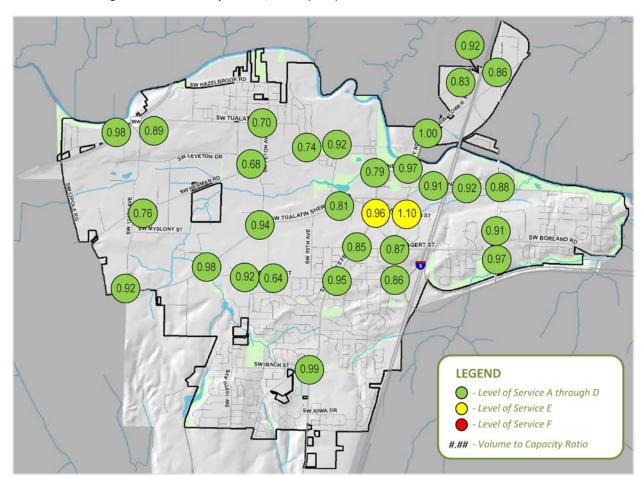
Raw outputs from the traffic model Synchro, as shown in Appendix A, indicate that up to 10 study intersections would have a v/c higher than 1.0 and/or LOS of F. However, when optimized to improve performance, traffic operations would improve. Figure 4 illustrates the traffic operations at all study intersections. Those intersections which show an improvement over the "low build" scenario alone are highlighted in Table 4 below.

TABLE 4
Future (2035) Operational Analysis Comparison between Scenario 3 and Scenario 4

		enario 3 ow Build")	Scenario 4 ("Low Build" with 65 th Extension)			
	<u>LOS</u>	<u>V/C</u>	<u>LOS</u>	<u>V/C</u>		
I-5 NB Ramps and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road	D	0.98	С	0.86		
I-5 SB Ramps and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road	D	0.97	D	0.92		
SW 72 nd Avenue and Lower Boones Ferry Road and Bridgeport Road	D	0.88	D	0.83		
SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Lower Boones Ferry Road	E	1.12	D	1.00		
SW Tualatin Road and SW Boones Ferry Road	С	0.87	С	0.79		
SW Boones Ferry Road and SW Tualatin- Sherwood Road	F	1.21	E	0.96		

Scenario 4 shows only one intersection (Boones Ferry Road/Martinazzi Avenue) operating with v/c higher than 1.0, and one intersection (Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road) operates at a v/c of a 1.0. No intersections would operate with an LOS F. Two intersections (Boones Ferry Road/Martinazzi Avenue and Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin-Sherwood Road) would operate at an LOS E. In this scenario, Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin-Sherwood Road would meet Washington County standards with a v/c of 0.96.

Figure 4. Intersection Operations, Future (2035) "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension



Traffic Volume Shifts

In this scenario, traffic volumes would shift to 65th Avenue and drivers would use the new crossing between Tualatin and Lake Oswego/Rivergrove. Moderate increases in traffic volumes would occur along 65th Avenue between Nyberg Street and Sagert Street and between Childs Road and Lakeview Boulevard. Minor increases in traffic would occur south of Sagert Street to Norwood Road, along Childs Road, along Sagert Street, and along Nyberg Road east of 65th Avenue. Traffic volumes would decrease along I-5 between the Lower Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg Road interchanges, which indicates that some drivers would take I-5 for short, local trips in this location. Minor to moderate traffic decreases would also occur on Boones Ferry Road between Lower Boones Ferry Road and Sagert Street and along Stafford Road.

Travel Times

Travel times are summarized in Table 5 below for the future (Year 2035) "low build" scenario with an extension of 65th Avenue over the Tualatin River.

TABLE 5
Future (2035) "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension P.M. Peak Period (4:00 n.m. to 6:00 n.m.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel	Difference from
			Time	Future "No Build"
CM Doones Form, Dood	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	13 min, 40 sec	-1 min, 25 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin High School	11 min, 20 sec	-50 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	10 min	+20sec
3W Boones Perry Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin High School	8 min, 25 sec	+15 sec
SW Tualatia Bood	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 20 sec	-40 sec
SW Tualatin Road	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	11 min, 25 sec	-15 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	11 min, 10 sec	+35 sec
3W Tudiatiii Kodu	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	11 min	+35 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	16 min	-1 min
3W Tualatiii-Silei Wood Road	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	16 min 25 sec	-55 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	12 min	+25 sec
3W Tualatiii-Silei Wood Road	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	12 min, 25 sec	+40 sec
SW Borland Road/65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 20 sec	No difference
SW BUIIdilu KUdu/05 AVE	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	3 min, 30 sec	No difference
SW Borland Road/65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	10 min, 40 sec	-2 min, 15 sec
SW Bullallu Nudu/05 Ave	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	12 min, 10 sec	-2 min, 15 sec

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times have been rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

Travel times would decrease under this scenario by approximately 1 minute among various destination pairs. This difference is most notable for travel times extending through Tualatin either north-south or east-west. This is due to the fact that the main east-west pairing would actually extend northward along Boones Ferry Road and would benefit from the lower traffic volumes on Boones Ferry Road. In addition, however, travel times between Bridgeport Elementary School near Borland Road and 65th Avenue and Bridgeport Village would decrease by more than 2 minutes in both directions (northbound and southbound).

Scenario 5: Future "Low Build" with Boones Ferry Road Widening

Traffic Operations

Scenario 5 is the future "low build" (Scenario 3) with the widening of Boones Ferry Road to five lanes north of Martinazzi Avenue. Under this scenario, the cross section of 65th Avenue would remain three lanes between Nyberg Road and Sagert Street and not be extended north over the Tualatin River. Boones Ferry Road would be widened to a five lane section between Martinazzi at the south and Lower Boones Ferry Road at the north, replacing the existing two lane structure over the Tualatin River with a four lane structure.

Raw outputs from the traffic model Synchro (as shown in Appendix A) indicate that up to 12 study intersections would have a v/c higher than 1.0 and/or LOS of F. However, when optimized to improve performance, traffic operations would improve so that 4 intersections operate at a v/c at or above 1.0. As shown in Figure 5, these are: Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Martinazzi Avenue/Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Martinazzi Avenue/Boones Ferry Road, and Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road. In this scenario, Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road improves slightly but not sufficiently by itself to meet ODOT standards. In addition, conditions worsen at the intersection of Martinazzi/Boones Ferry Road as this intersection represents where the cross section tapers back to its original three lane section through the heart of downtown Tualatin. Additional volumes cause congestion at this intersection.

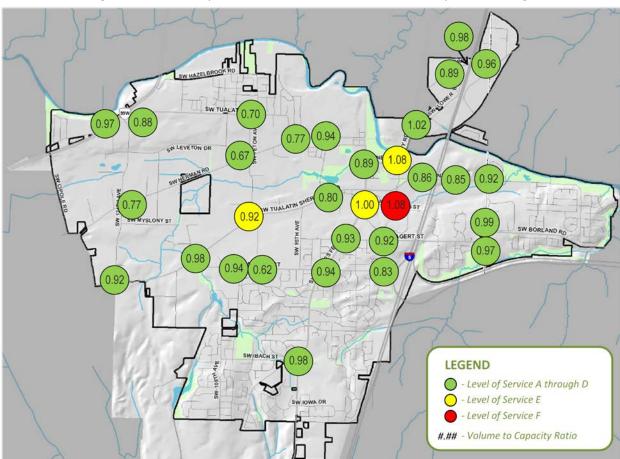


Figure 5. Intersection Operations, Future "Low Build" with Boones Ferry Road Widening

Another observation is that traffic diverts in this scenario from Tualatin-Sherwood Road to Sagert Street, as it becomes quicker to stay on Boones Ferry Road. This worsens conditions slightly along Sagert Street, as seen at both the Boones Ferry Road and 65th Avenue intersections. However, conditions improve slightly along Tualatin-Sherwood Road between Boones Ferry Road and 65th Avenue.

Traffic Volume Shifts

Widening this segment of Boones Ferry Road diverts trips from I-5 to Boones Ferry Road between the Lower Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road interchanges. Shifts are moderate on Boones Ferry Road between Tualatin Road and Lower Boones Ferry Road, and minor north and south of these intersections.

Travel Times

Travel times for Scenario 5 are highlighted in Table 6 below.

TABLE 6
Future (2035) "Low Build" with Boones Ferry Road Widening P.M. Peak Period (4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel Times	Difference from Future No Build
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	13 min, 40 sec	-1 min, 25 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin HS	11 min, 30 sec	-40 sec
CM/ Doones Form, Dood	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	9 min, 40 sec	No difference
SW Boones Ferry Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin HS	8 min, 10 sec	No difference
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 30 sec	-30 sec
Sw Tualatin Road	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	11 min, 20 sec	-20 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	10 min, 55 sec	+20 sec
3W Tudidilii Nodu	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	10 min, 40 sec	+15 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	15 min, 50 sec	-1 min, 10 sec
Road	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	16 min, 40 sec	-40 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	11 min, 35 sec	No difference
Road	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	12 minutes	+10 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 25 sec	+5 sec
Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	3 min, 30 sec	No difference
SW Borland Road / 65 th	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 10 sec	-45 sec
Avenue	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	13 min, 40 sec	-45 sec

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times are rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

The travel time savings associated with this scenario are similar to what is seen under Scenario 4 ("low build" with 65th Avenue extension), with the notable exception of travel times between Bridgeport Elementary School in the vicinity of 65th Avenue / Borland Road and Bridgeport Village. Scenario 4 sees a travel time savings of over 2 minutes due to the extension of 65th Avenue whereas Scenario 5 sees a 45 second travel time increase. Other destination pairings, such as Tualatin High School/ Bridgeport Village, and Cipole Road/Bridgeport Village, see over a 1 minute travel time savings due to the widening of Boones Ferry Road.

Scenario 6: Future "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension and Boones Ferry Road Widening

Traffic Operations

Scenario 6 illustrates traffic operations when both Boones Ferry Road is widened north of Martinazzi Avenue and when 65th Avenue is extended northward over the Tualatin River. Raw outputs from the Synchro model show that up to nine intersections operate at a v/c of 1.0 or an LOS of F. However, by implementing such mitigations as signal timing modifications, restriping, and turn pockets at intersections, operations can be improved so that only two intersections (Martinazzi/Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Martinazzi/Boones Ferry Road) would continue to operate within failing conditions. In addition, operations would be much improved at several intersections under this scenario, as shown in the table below.

Although the operations improvements at the intersection of Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road would be slight, they would bring the intersection within the 0.99 v/c threshold and are thus reported here. Under this scenario, there would be substantial improvements at the intersection of Boones Ferry Road and Lower Boones Ferry Road and at the intersection of I-5 and Lower Boones Ferry Road, with better mobility from a combination of additional capacity along Boones Ferry Road and an alternate route east of I-5.

TABLE 7
Future (2035) Operational Analysis Comparison between Scenario 3 and Scenario 6

		enario 3 ow Build")	Scenario 6 ("Low Build" with 65 th Extension and Boones Ferry Road Widening)			
	<u>LOS</u>	<u>V/C</u>	<u>LOS</u>	<u>v/c</u>		
Boones Ferry/Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Е	1.0	E	0.98		
I-5 SB Ramps and Nyberg Road	D	0.91	С	0.87		
Boones Ferry Road / Lower Boones	E	1.06	С	0.91		
Ferry Road						
I-5 NB Ramps and Lower Boones	D	0.98	С	0.87		
Ferry Road						
Martinazzi/Sagert	D	0.92	D	0.88		
65 th /Nyberg	С	0.91	С	0.86		

Traffic Volume Shifts

Traffic volumes shift to 65th Avenue under this scenario, though with fewer shifts than under Scenario 4. Moderate increases in traffic volumes would occur along 65th Avenue between Nyberg Street and Sagert Street and between Childs Road and Lakeview Boulevard. Minor increases would continue south of Sagert Street to Norwood Road, along Childs Road, along Sagert Street, and along Nyberg Road east of 65th Avenue. Traffic volumes would decrease along I-5 between the Lower Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg Road interchanges, which indicates that some drivers would take I-5 for short, local trips in this location. Unlike Scenario 4, minor increases would occur on Boones Ferry Road between Lower Boones Ferry Road and Sagert Street, due to the extra capacity along that corridor.

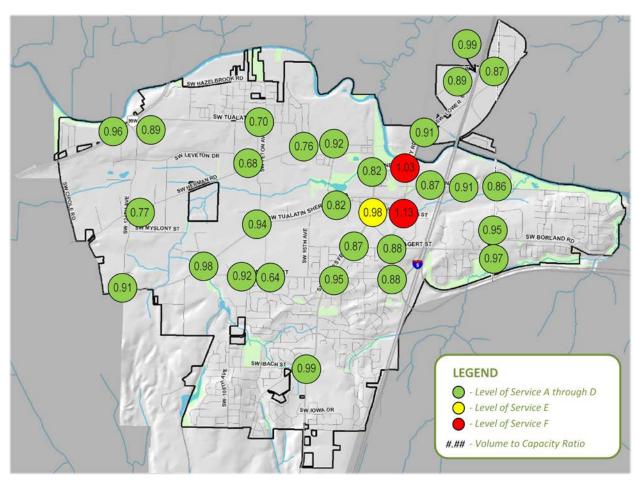


Figure 6. Intersection Operations, Future (2035) "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension and Boones Ferry Road Widening

Travel Times

Travel times are summarized in Table 8 below for the future (Year 2035) "low build" scenario with an extension of 65th Avenue over the Tualatin River and a widening of Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi.

TABLE 8
Future (2035) "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension and Boones Ferry Road Widening P.M. Peak Period (4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel	Difference from
			Times	Future No Build
CM Decree Francis Decree	Tualatin High School	Bridgeport Village	12 min, 35 sec	-2 min, 30 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin High School	10 min, 35 sec	-1 min, 35 sec
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin High School	Nyberg Interchange	9 min, 50 sec	+10 sec
3W boolles relly Road	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin High School	8 min, 25 sec	+15 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Bridgeport Village	11 min, 30 sec	-1 min, 30 sec
SVV Tudidilli Nodu	Bridgeport Village	115th Avenue	10 min, 55 sec	-45 sec
SW Tualatin Road	115th Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	11 minutes	+25 sec
3W Tudiatili Nodu	Nyberg Interchange	115th Avenue	10 min, 55 sec	+30 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Bridgeport Village	14 min, 55 sec	-2 min, 5 sec
Road	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Road	15 min, 40 sec	-1 min, 40 sec
SW Tualatin-Sherwood	Cipole Road	Nyberg Interchange	11 min, 50 sec	+15 sec
Road	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Road	12 min, 20 sec	+30 sec
SW Borland Road / 65 th	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3 min, 30 sec	+10 sec

TABLE 8
Future (2035) "Low Build" with 65th Avenue Extension and Boones Ferry Road Widening P.M. Peak Period (4:00 P.M. to 6:00 P.M.) Travel Time Data

Corridor	From	То	Average Travel	Difference from
			Times	Future No Build
Avenue	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	3 min, 30 sec	No difference
SW Borland Road / 65 th	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	10 min, 25 sec	-2 min, 30 sec
Avenue	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	11 min, 50 sec	-2 min, 35 sec

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

NOTE: All travel times are rounded to the nearest 5 seconds

Travel time decreases under this scenario would be dramatic for some destination pairings. Between Tualatin High School and Bridgeport Village and between Bridgeport Elementary School and Bridgeport Village, for example, there are travel time savings of greater than 2 minutes. For traffic to and from the west (Tualatin Road, Cipole Road, 115th Avenue), there would be a travel time savings greater than a minute.

Conclusions

Looking at the six scenarios as a whole, we see that Tualatin is somewhat congested now, and becomes very congested in the future. The main roadways of Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, 65th Avenue, Teton Avenue, and SW Avery Street bear the burden of this congestion, as observed in both intersection operations and travel times. In some locations, it is expected to take 6 minutes longer to travel across town than it does today.

The "low build" scenario does a fair job of mitigating intersection level problems. Adding signals, restriping lanes, and adding turn pockets by themselves can move cars more quickly through any given intersection but travel times show that conditions on the roadway sections between intersections remain congested. "Low build" travel times are no different than those seen under future no build.

Scenario 4, which combines the "low build" projects with the 65th Avenue extension, improves both intersection conditions and travel times. Travel time savings are seen for cross-town trips in both the north/south and east/west direction, but are most dramatic in the vicinity of 65th Avenue (between Bridgeport Elementary School and Bridgeport Village), where travel time reductions are in excess of two minutes.

Scenario 5, which combines the "low build" with widening Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi, displays similar travel time benefits to Scenario 4 except for this last pairing, which is purely a benefit of the 65th Avenue extension. Scenario 5 maintains much of the intersection level operations as under the "low build" and improves conditions at the Boones Ferry Road/Lower Boones Ferry Road intersection through additional capacity. Conditions at the Boones Ferry Road/Martinazzi Avenue intersection are worsened because this is the location that the roadway transitions back to its existing three lane section.

Scenario 6 intersection operations show that more traffic flows along Boones Ferry Road, but that capacity projects at Boones Ferry Road / Lower Boones Ferry Road accommodate some of this traffic. Operations from Scenario 6 are improved along sections of Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, and along 65th Avenue. Of concern for Scenario 6 are the two Martinazzi intersections (Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road) which experience worsened traffic congestion in the afternoon rush hour. When intersection conditions are considered in combination with travel time savings, Scenario 6 benefits Tualatin more than any other scenario. Travel time savings in the north/south and east/west

directions are in excess of 2 minutes (Tualatin High School/Bridgeport Village, Cipole Road/Bridgeport Village, Bridgeport Elementary School/Bridgeport Village).

Next Steps

The Tualatin TSP is available in draft form as all project, program, and policy recommendations have been identified apart from the two river crossings described in this memorandum. At its next meeting, the Transportation Task Force will use the traffic analysis results to make a recommendation on which, if any, river crossing projects should be included in the TSP. This recommendation will then be taken into consideration by the Tualatin Planning Commission, Tualatin Parks Advisory Committee, and City Council as they begin deliberations on the TSP package as a whole.

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Appendix A: Traffic Operations and Travel Times Data

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APPENDIX A
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations by Scenario (Without Intersection Mitigations)

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	2011 LOS	2011 V/C	2035 No-Build LOS	2035 No-Build V/C	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th LOS	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th V/C	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th & w/BFR widened LOS	2035 Low-Build w/o 65 th & w/BFR widened V/C	2035 Low-Build w/2-lane 65th LOS	2035 Low-Build w/2-lane 65 th V/C	2035 Low-Build with 2- lane 65 th & w/BFR widened LOS	2035 Low-Build with 2- lane 65 th & w/BFR widened V/C
Signalized														
SW 124th Ave & Hwy 99W	ODOT	0.99	С	0.69	D	0.99	D	0.99	D	0.97	D	0.98	D	0.96
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.66	С	0.91	С	0.88	С	0.88	С	0.89	С	0.89
SW 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.53	С	0.76	С	0.77	С	0.77	С	0.76	С	0.77
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.90	С	0.93	С	0.92	С	0.92	С	0.92	С	0.91
SW Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.71	D	0.97	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.79	Е	1.05	E	1.05	E	1.05	E	1.07	E	1.06
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.60	С	0.80	С	0.80	С	0.80	D	0.81	D	0.82
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	F	1.21	F	1.19	F	1.17	F	1.18	F	1.18
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.94	F	1.18	F	1.17	F	1.15	F	1.23	F	1.19
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.79	D	0.91	D	0.91	D	0.86	С	0.91	С	0.87
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.68	С	0.84	С	0.84	С	0.85	С	0.92	С	0.91
SW 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	F	1.47	F	1.47	F	1.47	F	1.54	F	1.52
SW Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.65	В	0.61	С	0.67	С	0.67	С	0.68	С	0.68
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.59	В	0.77	В	0.74	В	0.77	В	0.74	В	0.76
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.75	D	0.98	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.92	С	0.92
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	В	0.62	С	0.87	С	0.84	С	0.89	С	0.79	С	0.82
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	D	0.89	F	1.27	F	1.27	F	1.24	F	1.20	F	1.18
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.76	Е	1.12	E	1.12	D	1.05	D	1.00	С	0.91
SW 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	С	0.66	D	0.88	D	0.88	D	0.89	D	0.83	D	0.89
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.75	D	0.97	D	0.97	D	1.03	D	0.92	D	0.99
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.74	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	1.00	С	0.86	С	0.87
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.87	F	1.13	F	1.13	F	1.20	F	1.17	F	1.17
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.75	E	1.11	E	1.11	F	1.13	Е	1.09	E	1.07
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.70	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.99	D	0.99
SW 105th Ave & SW Avery St ²	Tualatin	E	С	0.28	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.92	С	0.92
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St ³	Tualatin	E	F	0.95	D	0.92	D	0.92	D	0.93	D	0.87	D	0.88
SW 65 th Ave & SW Nyberg Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	В	0.79	D	1.02	D	1.02	D	1.02	F	1.50	F	1.41

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control.

Praft: As of October 17, 2012

Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control. HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the three lanes (one dedicated to each movement) are combined into two: through-right and through-left lanes. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

APPENDIX A
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations by Scenario (Without Intersection Mitigations)

Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	2011 LOS	2011 V/C	2035 No-Build LOS	2035 No-Build V/C	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th LOS	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th V/C	2035 Low-Build w/out 65 th & w/BFR widened LOS	2035 Low-Build w/o 65 th & w/BFR widened V/C	2035 Low-Build w/2-lane 65th LOS	2035 Low-Build w/2-lane 65 th V/C	2035 Low-Build with 2- lane 65 th & w/BFR widened LOS	2035 Low-Build with 2- lane 65 th & w/BFR widened V/C
All-way Stop-control														
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	В	0.55	D	0.85	D	0.85	D	0.83	D	0.86	D	0.88
SW Teton Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	С	0.40	F	0.77	F	0.77	F	0.77	F	0.76	F	0.76
SW 65th Ave & SW Sagert St*4	Wash. Co.	0.99	F	0.98	F	1.72	F	1.72	F	1.72	F	1.87	F	1.87
Minor Street Stop-control*														
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	E	F	0.98	F	1.42	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**

SOURCE: Consultant Team

BOLD and highlighted dark grey text indicates meet minimum performance standard is not met

Praft: As of October 17, 2012

^{*}LOS and V/C reported for highest delay movement.

^{**}Evaluated as a traffic signal. Assumes construction of traffic signal.

⁴ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the dedicated southbound left turn lane and through lane are combined, due to the relatively small volume on the left turn movement. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

APPENDIX A
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations by Scenario (With Mitigations)

PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operation	ons by Sce	nario (w		gations		2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	Ballet and the
Intersection	Jurisdiction	Minimum Standard	2011 LOS	2011 V/C	2035 No-Build LOS	2035 No-Build V/C	2035 Low- Build LOS	2035 Low- Build V/C	2035 Low- Build w/BFR widened LOS	2035 Low- Build w/BFR widened V/C	Low-Build (w/2-lane 65 th)	2035 Low- Build (w/2- lane 65 th) V/C	2035 Low- Build 2- lane 65 th & w/BFR widened	2035 Low-Build 2 lane 65 th & w/BFR widened V/C	Mitigation (identified for Low-Build Scenario w/65 th Avenue, unless noted otherwise)
<u>Signalized</u>															
SW 124th Ave & Hwy 99W	ODOT	0.99	С	0.69	D	0.99	D	0.99	D	0.97	D	0.98	D	0.96	
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.66	С	0.91	С	0.88	С	0.88	С	0.89	С	0.89	
SW 124th Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.53	С	0.76	С	0.77	С	0.77	С	0.76	С	0.77	
SW 124th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.90	С	0.93	С	0.92	С	0.92	С	0.92	С	0.91	
SW Avery St & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.71	D	0.97	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98	
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.79	Е	0.92	E	0.92	Е	0.92	D	0.94	D	0.94	Signal Adjustments (Timing and Phasing)
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.60	С	0.80	С	0.80	С	0.80	D	0.81	D	0.82	
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	Е	1.02	Е	1.00	Е	1.00	E	0.96	E	0.98	EBR, WBR, SBL pockets & Signal Adjustments
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.94	Е	1.11	F	1.10	F	1.08	Е	1.10	F	1.13	EBT, NBR pocket, WBR prohibited & Signal Adjustments
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	D	0.79	D	0.91	D	0.91	D	0.86	С	0.91	С	0.87	
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Nyberg Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.68	С	0.84	С	0.84	С	0.85	С	0.92	С	0.91	
SW 65th Ave & SW Borland Rd	Wash. Co.	0.99	D	0.93	D	0.96	D	0.96	D	0.99	С	0.91	D	0.95	NBR, WBL pocket & Signal Adjustments. Alternative access for EB approach (closed)
SW Teton Ave & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	С	0.65	В	0.61	С	0.67	С	0.67	С	0.68	С	0.68	
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Herman Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.59	В	0.77	В	0.74	В	0.77	В	0.74	В	0.76	
SW 90th Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	D	В	0.75	D	0.98	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.92	С	0.92	
SW Tualatin Rd & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	В	0.62	С	0.87	С	0.84	С	0.89	С	0.79	С	0.82	
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Boones Ferry Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	D	0.89	D	0.99	D	0.99	E	1.08	D	0.97	F	1.03	Widen BFR east to create 2 EB entry lanes. Alternative access for SB approach (closed.) Restripe lanes & Signal adjustments.
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.76	Е	1.06	E	1.06	D	1.02	D	1.00	С	0.91	RIRO on EB approach including prohibiting NBL.
SW 72nd Ave & Lower Boones Ferry Rd & Bridgeport Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	С	0.66	D	0.88	D	0.88	D	0.89	D	0.83	D	0.89	
I-5 SB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	С	0.75	D	0.97	D	0.97	D	0.98	D	0.92	D	0.99	
I-5 NB Ramps & SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd	ODOT	0.99	В	0.74	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.96	С	0.86	С	0.87	
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Avery St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.87	D	0.94	D	0.94	D	0.94	D	0.95	D	0.95	EBR, SBR pockets & Signal Adjustments (Timing and Phasing)
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Sagert St	Wash. Co.	0.99	С	0.75	D	0.88	D	0.88	D	0.93	D	0.85	D	0.87	NBR pocket & Signal Adjustments (Timing and Phasing)
SW Boones Ferry Rd & SW Ibach St	Wash. Co.	0.99	В	0.70	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.98	D	0.99	D	0.99	
SW 105th Ave & SW Avery St ⁵	Tualatin	E	С	0.28	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.94	С	0.92	С	0.92	
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Sagert St ⁶	Tualatin	E	F	0.95	D	0.92	D	0.92	D	0.92	D	0.87	D	0.88	

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control.

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APPENDIX A
PM Peak Hour Intersection Traffic Operations by Scenario (With Mitigations)

FINI FEAR HOUL IIILEISECTION HAIRE OF	erations by ocer	iailo (VV	ונווו ועוונוי	gations)										
Intersection			2011	2011	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	2035	Mitigation
		Minimum	LOS	V/C	No-Build	No-Build	Low-	Low-	Low-	Low-	Low-	Low-	Low-	Low-Build 2	(identified for Low-Build Scenario w/65 th Avenue, unless
						V/C	Build	Build	Build	Build w/BFR	Build	Build	Build 2-	lane 65 th &	noted otherwise)
	Jurisdiction				LOS			V/C	w/BFR	widened	(w/2-	(w/2- lane	lane 65 th	w/BFR	
mersection	Julisaletion	Standard					LOS		widened	V/C	lane	65 th)	& w/BFR	widened	
											65 th)	V/C	widened		
									LOS					V/C	
											LOS		LOS		
SW 65 th Ave & SW Nyberg Rd	Wash. Co	0.99	В	0.79	С	0.91	С	0.91	С	0.92	С	0.88	С	0.86	Signal timing adjustments.
All-way Stop-control															
SW Martinazzi Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	В	0.55	D	0.85	D	0.85	D	0.83	D	0.86	D	0.88	
SW Teton Ave & SW Avery St*	Tualatin	E	С	0.40	F	0.77	B**	0.62**	B**	0.62**	B**	0.64**	B**	0.64**	Traffic Signal
SW 65th Ave & SW Sagert St* ⁷	Wash. Co.	0.99	F	0.98	D**	0.91**	D**	0.91**	D**	0.97**	D**	0.97**	D**	0.97**	Traffic Signal & Restripe (NBL, EBL). Alternate access for
or osti Are a orr sugert st	vvasii. co.	0.55	•	0.50		0.51	D	0.51		0.57	5	0.57	J	0.57	WB approach (closed)
Minor Street Stop-control*															
SW Teton Ave & SW Tualatin Rd	Tualatin	Е	F	0.98	F	1.42	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**	B**	0.70**	Traffic Signal (assumed in Low-Build)

SOURCE: Consultant Team

BOLD and highlighted dark grey text indicates meet minimum performance standard is not met

Praft: As of October 17, 2012

^{*}LOS and V/C reported for highest delay movement.

^{**}Evaluated as a traffic signal. Assumes construction of traffic signal.

⁶ Existing Conditions operations evaluated with minor street stop control. HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the three lanes (one dedicated to each movement) are combined into two: through-right and through-left lanes. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

⁷ HCM Methodology does not account for a three-lane approach for an all way stop (as exists for the southbound approach.) To estimate LOS and V/C for the intersection the dedicated southbound left turn lane and through lane are combined, due to the relatively small volume on the left turn movement. Because of this approximation, actual performance may be slightly better than reported above.

2035 PM Peak Travel Time Comparison by Scenario (minutes)

Corridor	From	То	Existing (2011)	No-Build (2035)	Low-Build	Low-Build w/ Boones Ferry Rd. Widening	Low-Build w/ 65 th Extension	Low-Build w/65 th Extension & Boones Ferry Rd. Widening
CM Page Same Page	Tualatin HS	Bridgeport Village	10.3	15.1	15.1	13.7	13.7	12.6
SW Boones Ferry Road	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin HS	9.2	12.2	12.2	11.5	11.3	10.6
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin HS	Nyberg Interchange	7.4	9.7	9.7	9.7	10.0	9.8
	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin HS	7.1	8.2	8.2	8.2	8.4	8.4
SW Tualatin Road	115th Ave	Bridgeport Village	8.6	13.0	13.5	12.5	12.3	11.5
	Bridgeport Village	115th Ave	8.5	11.7	12.0	11.3	11.4	10.9
SW Tualatin Road	115th Ave	Nyberg Interchange	8.0	10.6	10.9	10.9	11.2	11.0
	Nyberg Interchange	115th Ave	8.7	10.4	10.8	10.7	11.0	10.9
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Rd	Bridgeport Village	11.7	17.0	17.0	15.8	16.0	14.9
	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Rd	13.0	17.3	17.4	16.7	16.4	15.7
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Rd	Nyberg Interchange	8.7	11.6	11.6	11.6	12.0	11.8
	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Rd	10.1	11.8	12.0	12.0	12.4	12.3
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.5
	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	2.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	9.2	12.9	12.8	12.2	10.7	10.4
	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	8.4	14.4	14.4	13.7	12.2	11.8

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

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2035 PM Peak Travel Time Comparison by Scenario (Percent Change Relative to No-Build Scenario)

Corridor	From	То	Low-Build	Low-Build w/ Boones Ferry Rd. Widening	Low-Build w/ 65 th Extension	Low-Build w/ 65 th Extension & w/ Boones Ferry Rd. Widening
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin HS	Bridgeport Village	0%	-10%	-9%	-16%
	Bridgeport Village	Tualatin HS	0%	-5%	-8%	-13%
SW Boones Ferry Road	Tualatin HS	Nyberg Interchange	0%	0%	3%	1%
	Nyberg Interchange	Tualatin HS	0%	0%	3%	2%
SW Tualatin Road	115th Ave	Bridgeport Village	3%	-4%	-5%	-12%
	Bridgeport Village	115th Ave	2%	-3%	-3%	-7%
SW Tualatin Road	115th Ave	Nyberg Interchange	3%	3%	6%	4%
	Nyberg Interchange	115th Ave	4%	3%	6%	5%
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Rd	Bridgeport Village	0%	-7%	-6%	-13%
	Bridgeport Village	Cipole Rd	1%	-4%	-5%	-9%
SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road	Cipole Rd	Nyberg Interchange	0%	0%	4%	2%
	Nyberg Interchange	Cipole Rd	2%	1%	4%	4%
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Nyberg Interchange	0%	1%	0%	4%
	Nyberg Interchange	Bridgeport Elementary	0%	0%	1%	0%
SW Borland Road / 65 th Ave	Bridgeport Elementary	Bridgeport Village	0%	-5%	-16%	-19%
	Bridgeport Village	Bridgeport Elementary	0%	-5%	-15%	-18%

SOURCE: All Traffic Data, November 2011 (Existing), Metro Travel Demand Forecast Model (2035)

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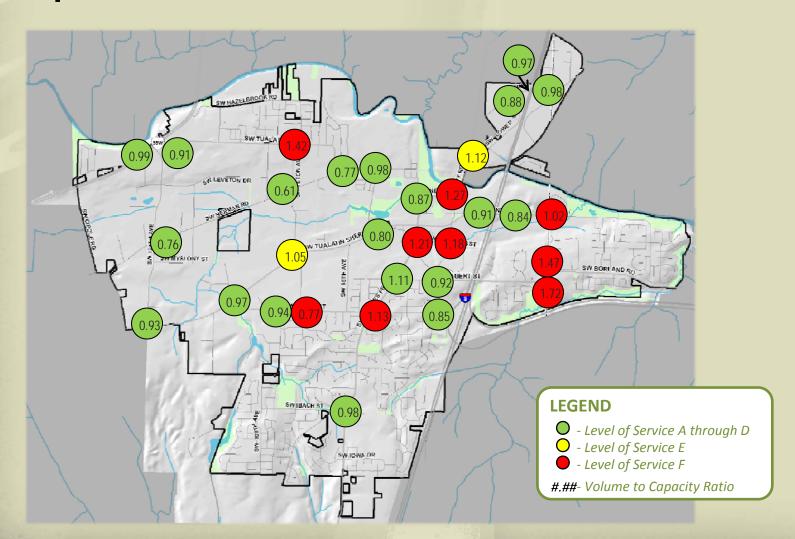


City of Tualatin

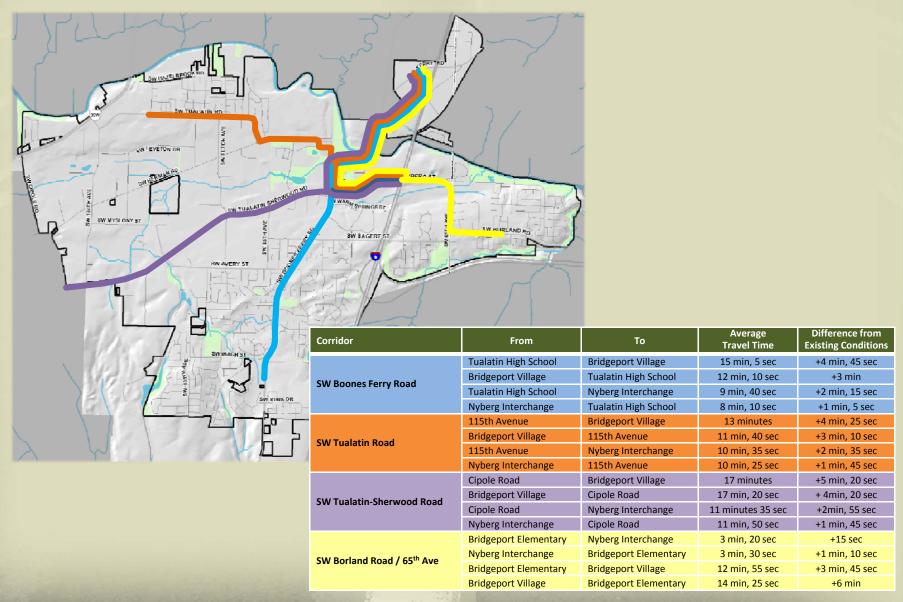
Overview of Traffic Analysis Tualatin TSP

Presentation to Tualatin Task Force November 1, 2012

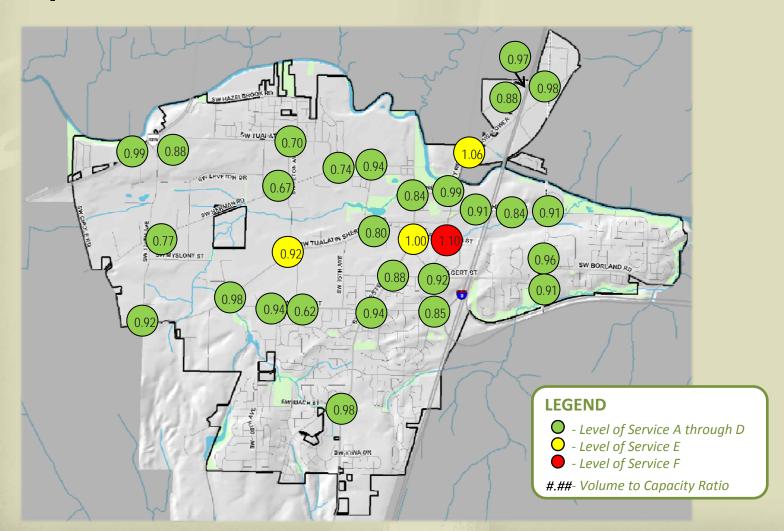
No-build Operations



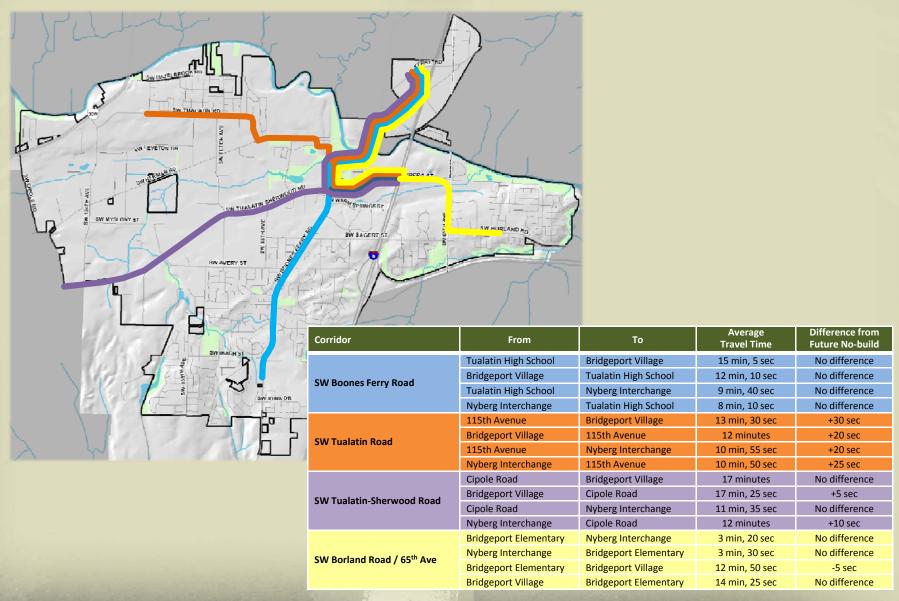
No-build Travel Times



Low Build Operations

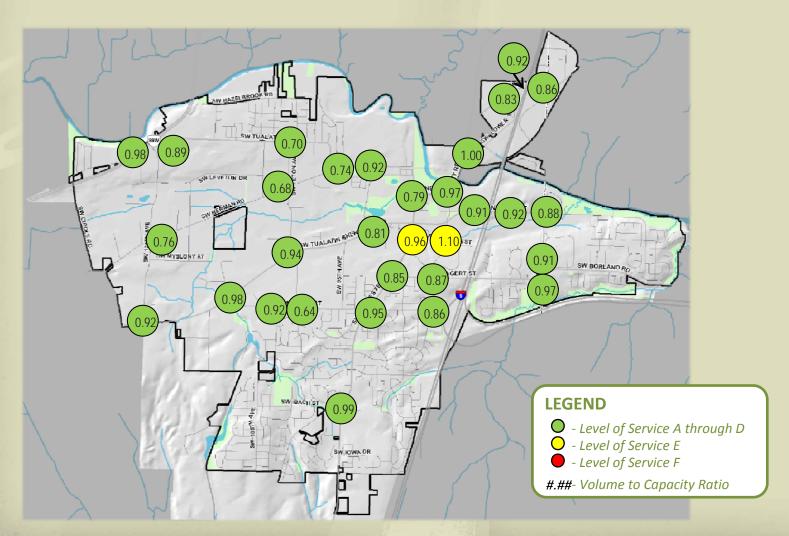


Low Build Travel Times

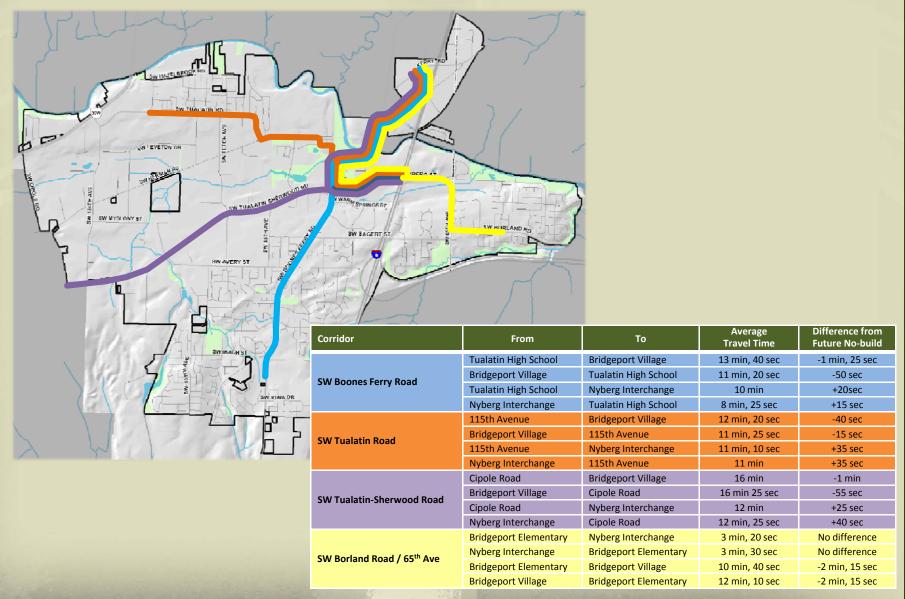


Low Build + 65th Ave Extension **Volume Shifts** Lower Boones Ferry Rd Tualatin Road Boones Ferry Rd Tualatin-Sherwood Rd

Low Build + 65th Ave Extension Operations

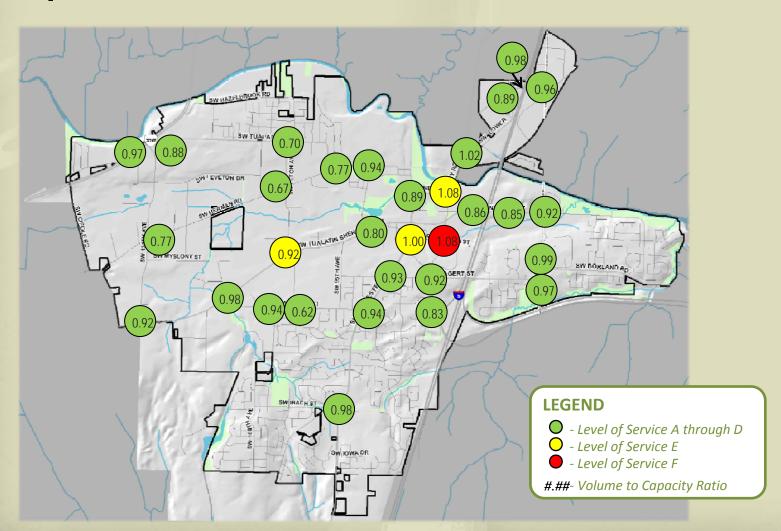


Low Build + 65th Ave Extension Travel Times

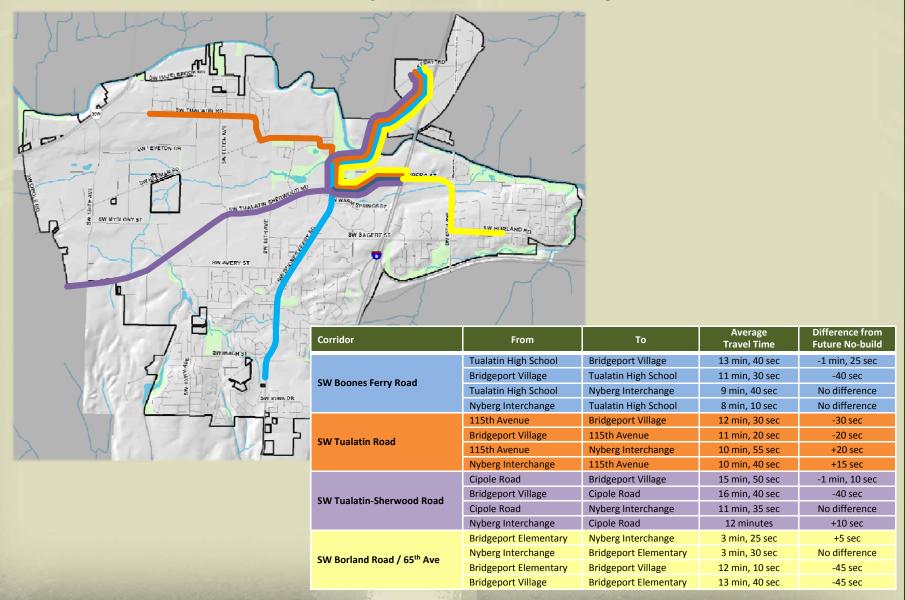


Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening **Volume Shifts** Lower Boones Farry Rd Tualatin Road Boones Ferry Rd Nyberg Tualatin-Sherwood Rd

Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening Operations

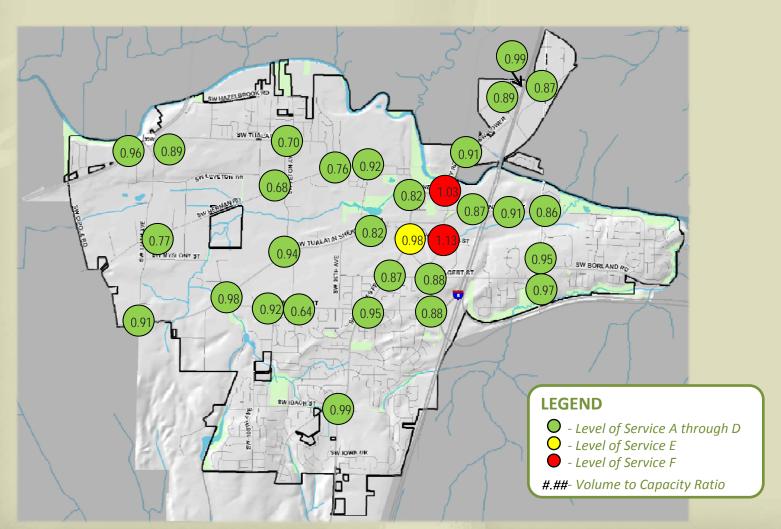


Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening Travel Times

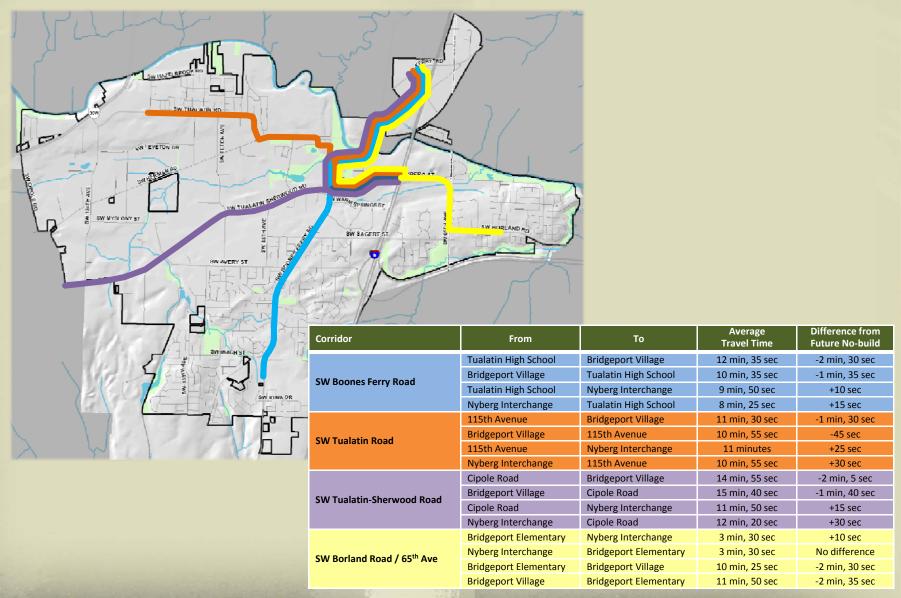


Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening **Volume Shifts** Lower Boones Ferry Rd Tualatin Road Boones Ferry Rd Tualatin-Sherwood Rd

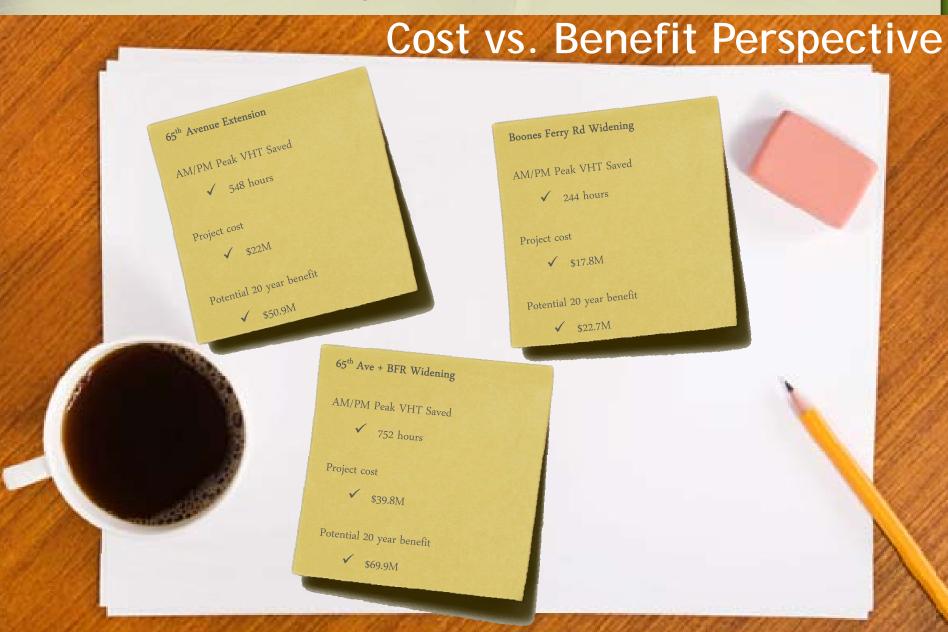
Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening Operations



Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening Travel Times



How do these projects pencil out?



Summary of Operations and Travel Time Findings

- Tualatin becomes very congested in the future
- Low Build does a fair job of mitigating intersection operations, but minor travel time changes
- 65th Avenue extension pulls traffic from Boones Ferry Road and enhances that travel time
- Boones Ferry Road widening helps enhance travel times, but creates some intersection issues in downtown
- Combination of 65th Avenue and Boones Ferry Road widening enhances travel times in North Tualatin, but has similar downtown intersection issues

Technical Team Recommendation

- In addition to the Low Build projects, include:
 - Include Boones Ferry Road widening project from Martinazzi to Lower Boones Ferry Road
 - Include 65th Avenue extension as a <u>refinement plan</u> project
 - Establishes and acknowledges the need for improvements and connectivity in the area
 - Acknowledges the need to work collaboratively with surrounding jurisdictions
 - Identifies a project area that goes into deeper planning analysis to determine details

Environmental Justice

The Tualatin TSP considered the needs and impacts of its projects and policies to environmental justice populations as consistent with Executive Order 12898 (Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations), the United States Department of Transportation (US DOT) Order on Environmental Justice (Order 5610.2), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act. Executive Order 12898 requires that "impacts to low-income and minority populations be evaluated to determine if such populations bear an undue burden of high and adverse impacts caused by the action." The policy of the DOT Order promotes the principles of environmental justice in all DOT programs. ²

US DOT Order 5610.2 requires that agencies accomplish the following:

- Explicitly consider human health and environmental effects related to transportation projects
 that may have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on minority or low-income
 populations.
- Implement procedures to provide "meaningful opportunities for public involvement" by members of those populations during project planning and development (US DOT Order 5610.2, Section [§] 5[b][1]).

The US DOT Guidance defines the term "minority" as a person who is:

- Black (having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa);
- Hispanic (of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race);
- Asian American (having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands);
- American Indian and Alaskan Native (having origins in any of the original people of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition); or
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander (a person having origins in any of the original peoples
 of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands).

The US DOT Guidance defines the terms "low-income" and "low-income population" as:

• Low-Income means a person whose median household income is at or below the Department of Health and Human Services poverty guidelines.

¹ President Clinton (02/11/1994). Executive Order 12898: Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations. Available online at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr/eo/eo12898.pdf

² Department of Transportation (10/30/1997). *Department of Transportation Order 5610.2(a): Final DOT Environmental Justice Order.* Available online at http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/environmental_justice/ej_at_dot/order_56102a/

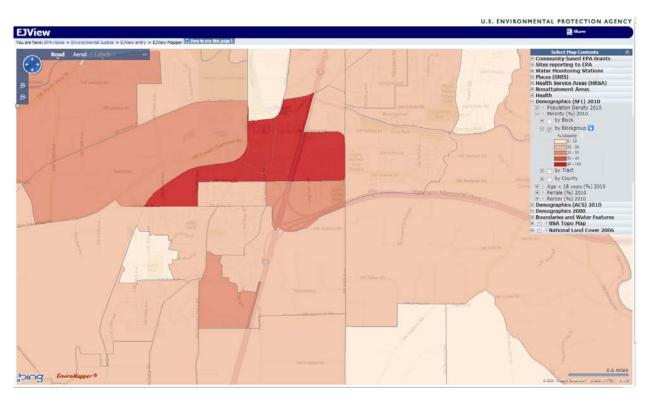
 Low-Income Population means any readily identifiable group of low-income persons who live in geographic proximity, and, if circumstances warrant, geographically dispersed/transient persons (such as migrant workers or Native Americans) who will be similarly affected by a proposed DOT program, policy or activity.

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 requires that "no person in the United States shall, on the ground of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance."

In addition, Metro's Regional Transportation Functional Plan directs local TSPs to outreach to and identify effects of potential projects to "transit dependent" populations – including households with zero vehicles at home, those under 16 and above 65 years of age, and those with a physical disability that impacts travel.

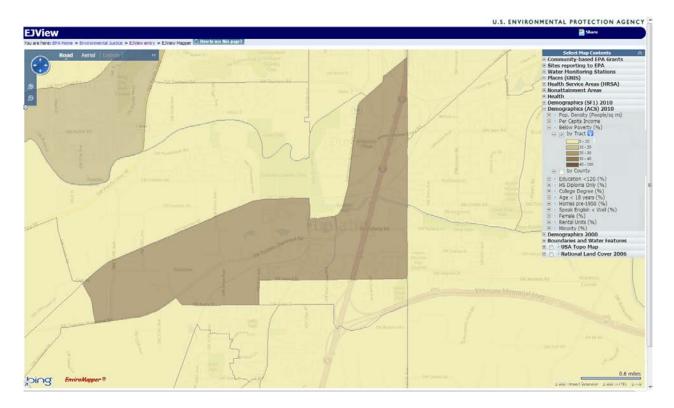
Documentation of Populations and Needs

At the beginning of the TSP process, the public involvement team documented the demographics and character of Tualatin in a memo dated March 2011. This memo documented that approximately 8 percent of families lived below the poverty level in Tualatin. Additionally, the majority (85 percent) of residents in Tualatin identify themselves as white/Caucasian; with 18 percent identifying themselves as Hispanic or Latino, and 15 percent of the population is foreign born. As per the U.S. Census Bureau 2010 Decennial Census approximately 10 percent of the population speaks Spanish at home and speak English less than "very well."



According to the 2010 Census block group data, concentrations of minority populations (40 percent or more) are located near downtown in the area east of I-5 between SW Nyberg Road, SW 65th Avenue, and SW Sagert Street. Other concentrations of minority populations occur west of I-5 between the river and SW Sagert Street, extending west to the railroad. The screen capture from the United States Environmental Protection Agency EJ View mapping tool show the areas of minority concentrations below. These areas of high minority concentrations also have high percentages of renter-occupied housing.

Household poverty data is reported at a larger scale than the minority data in the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) three year data, and there are two census tracts with higher concentrations of households below the poverty line compared to the rest of the City. These two tracts are located along I-5 between SW Sagert Street and the northern City limits near Bridgeport Village where roughly 28 percent of households are below the poverty line, and the tract encompassing SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road west of SW Martinazzi Avenue and south of SW Herman Road and North of SW Avery Street where around 22 percent of households are below the poverty line. The remainder of the City has between 0 and 10 percent of householders below the poverty line.



Outreach

These environmental justice populations were documented and considered at the outset of the project to ensure the public involvement process provided adequate opportunities for these populations to be involved in the process. Several techniques were used to meet the needs of these identified groups.

- A banner was hung near the center of identified concentration areas at Tualatin Sherwood Road and Martinazzi to announce public events.
- Public meetings were held in locations near the center of the City, near these concentrations, and near bus routes. Meeting locations were ADA accessible.
- Food was provided at meetings.
- Children's activities were provided at meetings.
- Imagery and videos were used to explain project information so it would be accessible for all people.

Interviews with leaders in the Latino community held early in the process suggested several ways to engage the Spanish-speaking population of Tualatin. Following these suggestions, the project team:

- Made materials available in English and Spanish
- Visited bilingual Parent-Teacher organization at Bridgeport Elementary
- Provided materials at the library because families attend library events
- Shared information at local ESL classes
- Contacted local churches (Tualatin Spanish Seventh-day Adventist Church and Esperanza Iglesia)
- Left materials at local Hispanic businesses.

The team conducted interviews with Tualatin's Youth Advisory Council during development of the Public Involvement Plan. During the process or developing the plan, staff provided project updates in several local venues including at the Tualatin Senior Center.

Evaluation

The evaluation framework and the alternatives analysis process included consideration of equity impacts. Goal 4 of the TSP was equity: consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from potential transportation options, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities. There were two objectives:

- 1. Promote a fair distribution of benefits to and burdens on different populations within the City (that is, low-income, transit-dependent, minority, age groups) and different neighborhoods and employment areas within the City.
- 2. Consider access to transit for all users.

All potential transportation investments considered in the Tualatin TSP process were evaluated in relation to this goal and the two objectives. Each project idea was scored in particular against population groups around and within the city, areas with low incomes and/or high minority populations, and the transit dependent population (e.g., zero vehicle households, those under 16 or over 65, and those with a physical disability). The full results of those evaluations are included in the alternatives analysis documentation. The end recommendations were assessed for broad distribution of benefits and effects to all populations including minority, low-income (as identified above) as well as geographic distribution – the conclusions were that the TSP provides multimodal investments throughout all sections of the city. Many of the recommendations will benefit these populations by providing safe walking areas, expanded transit service, intersection safety improvements, and multi-use pathways.

Appendix E Transportation Funding and Improvement Costs

This Appendix describes existing transportation funding programs from federal, state and local sources, and well as potential sources that the City of Tualatin could pursue. The second section of this report also contains preliminary cost estimates for recommended alternatives. These cost estimates provide a general understanding of project costs and are intended for planning purposes only.

Established Funding Sources for Future Projects

A variety of established federal, state and local funding sources are available to fund future transportation projects in the Tualatin TSP, depending on the eligibility requirements.

Federal Funding Sources

Federal funding currently accounts for approximately 20 percent of total funding for transportation projects in Oregon. Allocation of federal funds is managed through Metro, Tualatin's Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO). Metro generally programs federal funding for regional and local projects that affect the state transportation system, though some funds are made available directly for local projects. All projects utilizing federal funds must be programmed through Metro's 20-year Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and the Metropolitan Transportation Improvement Program (MTIP), as well as the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

Most federal funding is available through the federal surface transportation program, supported by tax revenue to the Highway Trust Fund.

Federal Highway Trust Fund (HTF)

Revenues to the HTF are comprised of motor vehicle fuel taxes, sales taxes on heavy trucks and trailers, tire taxes, and annual heavy truck use fees. The fund is split into two accounts – the highway account and transit account. Funds are appropriated to individual states on an annual basis. The 2005 legislation for the federal surface transportation program (Safe, Accountable, Flexible and Efficient Transportation Equity Act – A Legacy for Users, referred to as SAFETEA-LU) will be replaced with Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century (MAP-21), effective October 1st, 2012. This new 2-year program keeps total federal funding at the SAFETEA-LU rate, consolidates the 90 current programs under SAFETEA-LU into 30, eliminates transportation earmarks, and increases funding for the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Program (TIFIA). The TIFIA program provides loans to finance transportation projects of regional or national significance, and seeks to leverage federal transportation dollars with local funds and private investment. Tualatin may be eligible to receive funding under the expanded TIFIA program.

Most federal funds must be matched with state or local funds; the current matching ratio for most projects is 10.27 percent.

Federal Transit Administration grants

The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) manages a number of grants available to transit agencies nationwide. The city of Tualatin could work with TriMet to fund transit projects serving the City.

Transit Expansion and Livable Communities Grants

Approximately \$2.4 billion in funds was appropriated for this program in the current budget year. The goal of this initiative from the Federal Transit Administration is to advocate for and support projects and programs that improve the link between public transit and communities. Several formula and competitive grant programs are available through this initiative. Policy goals include better integrating transportation and land use planning, fostering multimodal systems, providing transportation options and improving access, reducing emissions, and increasing public participation in transportation decision-making. Tualatin and TriMet may be eligible for grant funding under this program.

Transportation for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities (SAFETEA-LU §5310, MAP-21 §20009)

1

This formula grant program is managed by the state, with funds provided for capital projects that enhance the accessibility of older adults and those with disabilities.

Job Access Reserve Commute (JARC) program (SAFETEA-LU §5316, MAP-21 §20010)

Activities funded by the JARC program (formerly Section 5316 of SAFETEA-LU) have been preserved in MAP-21. The JARC program was established to address the transportation needs of welfare recipients and other low-income persons seeking to obtain or maintain employment. This program helps provide mobility to those whose work hours may fall outside traditional transit service hours and service areas. Under MAP-21, JARC activities have been integrated into the urban and rural formula grant programs. Financial assistance will be available for capital, planning and operations projects. In addition to local government and transit operators, private non-profits are eligible to receive funds. In 2012, the Chamber of Commerce received JARC monies that funded the industrial worker shuttle service.

Tri-Met is the current recipient of all JARC funds which are distributed to regional agencies through a competitive application process. Under MAP-21, the competitive application requirement has been removed. Tri-Met is currently developing its new JARC program in response to MAP-21; it is presently unclear how much funding will be available, or how agencies will apply for funding from the program. Approximately \$600,000 has been available regionally under the program in recent funding cycles.

Other Federal Sources

Section 319 Non-Point Source Implementation Grants

Transportation projects that integrate stormwater treatment may be eligible to receive federal funding through Section 319 grants. This program, administered by the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ), provides federal funds to address non-point pollution, including stormwater improvement projects. Funding is very competitive, with less than \$500,000 available statewide in the most recent grant cycle. Projects that could be eligible for funding include applications of pervious pavements, stormwater detention and retention, and other low impact stormwater development tactics. Funds can be used for all or a portion of a project, but require a minimum 40 percent match. The Tualatin River and several of its tributaries are on the Clean Water Act 303(d) list for a number of pollutants, and projects within the river basin may be attractive for funding.

State Funding Sources

State funds are distributed via the Oregon Transportation Commission (OTC). The State Highway Fund is the most significant source of funding for the programs described below. To be eligible for funding, projects must be programmed through the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP).

State Highway Fund

State Highway Fund Revenues are received from a combination of fuel taxes, vehicle registration and title fees, driver's license fees, the truck weight-mile tax and federal monies. Fund revenues may only be used for construction and maintenance of state and local highways, bridges, and roadside rest areas. State law (ORS 366.514) specifies that a reasonable amount of highway funds must be spent on walkways and bikeways, and that in any given fiscal year, a minimum of 1 percent of State Highway Funds must be spent on these projects by funding recipients. However, cities and counties receiving may allocate these funds to a reserve fund, which they must expend within a period not to exceed 10 years. All funds must be expended on projects within road, street, or highway rights-of-way.

State Highway Funds are appropriated by the OTC on an annual basis. Sixty percent of fund revenues are kept at the state level, 24 percent is distributed to counties based on the number of vehicles registered in each county, and 16 percent is distributed to cities based on population.

Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)

The STIP is the 4-year capital improvement program for the state of Oregon. It provides a schedule and identifies funding for projects throughout the state. Projects included in the STIP are generally "regionally significant" and have been given a high priority through planning efforts and by the relevant area commission on transportation

(ACT) or metropolitan planning organization (MPO). For Tualatin, the relevant MPO is Metro. The current 2010-2013 STIP has six program categories: modernization, safety, preservation, bridge, operations, and special programs. All regionally significant state and local projects, as well as all federally-funded projects and programs, must be included in the STIP. The City of Tualatin does not have any projects in the 2010 – 2013 or 2012 – 2015 STIP.

The 2010-2013 STIP includes projects totaling \$1.25 billion and covers the period from October 2009 to the end of September 2013. The 2012-2015 STIP was recently approved. About 80 percent of projects are expected to use federal funds. Federal funding levels projected for the 2010-2013 and 2012-2015 STIP are assumed to be at the same annual level distributed under SAFETEA-LU from 2005 to 2009.

ODOT has started the planning process for the 2015-2018 STIP. The STIP will be reorganized into two broad categories: "Fix-it" and "Enhance" that encompass the previous funding categories detailed in the 2012-2015 STIP. "Fix-it" projects are those that fix or preserve the current transportation system; "Enhance" projects are those that enhance, expand or improve the transportation system. The main purpose of this reorganization is to allow maximum flexibility to fund projects that reflect community and state values, rather than those that fit best into prescriptive programs. "Fix-it" activities will include:

- Bicycle and pedestrian facilities on state routes only
- Bridges (state owned)
- Culverts
- High Risk Rural Roads
- Illumination, signs and signals
- Landslides and Rockfalls
- Operations (includes ITS)
- Pavement Preservation
- Rail-Highway Crossings
- Safety
- Salmon (Fish Passage)
- Site Mitigation and Repair
- Stormwater Retrofit
- Transportation Demand Management (part of Operations)
- Work zone Safety (Project specific)

"Enhance" activities will include:

- Bicycle and/or Pedestrian facilities on or off the highway right-of-way
- Development STIP (D-STIP) projects (development work for projects that will not
- be ready for construction or implementation within the four years of the STIP)
- Modernization (projects that add capacity to the system, in accordance with ORS
- 366.507)
- Most projects previously eligible for Transportation Enhancement funds
- Projects eligible for Flex Funds (the Flexible Funds program funded Bicycle,
- Pedestrian, Transit and Transportation Demand Management (TDM) projects,
- plans, programs, and services)
- Protective Right-of-Way purchases
- Public Transportation
- (capital projects only, not operations)
- Safe Routes to School (infrastructure projects)
- Scenic Byways (construction projects)
- Transportation Alternatives (new with MAP-21, the federal transportation
- authorization)
- Transportation Demand Management

Under this new STIP organization, there will be one application for all projects eligible under the "Enhance" program. Communities will apply for the "Enhance" projects that best serve their community and ODOT will determine the appropriate funding mechanism. "Fix-it" projects will be selected through a collaborative process between ODOT and Metropolitan Planning Organizations. This new organization is primarily intended to increase funding flexibility and does not represent a fundamental change in the type of projects that will be funded through the STIP. The current "Enhance" application process for the 2015-2018 STIP will close at the end of November, 2012.

Other State Programs

ConnectOregon

ConnectOregon funds are lottery-backed bonds distributed to air, marine, rail, transit and other multimodal projects statewide. No less than 10 percent of ConnectOregon IV funds must be distributed to each of the five regions of the state, provided that there are qualified projects in the region. The objective is to improve the connections between the highway system and other modes of transportation.

Oregon Transportation Infrastructure Bank (OTIB)

The OTIB is a statewide revolving loan fund available to local governments for many transportation infrastructure improvements, including highway, transit and non-motorized projects. Most funds made available through this program are federal, and roads must be functionally classified as a major collector or higher to be eligible for loan funding.

Oregon Parks and Recreation Department: Recreational Trails Grant

The Oregon Parks and Recreation Department (OPRD) administers this program using Oregon Lottery revenues. These grants can fund recreational trail projects to build new recreation trails, including trail bridges and installing wayfinding signs, restoring existing trails, developing and rehabilititating trailhead facilities, and acquiring land and permanent easements for trails. OPRD has distributed \$4 million annually under this program through a competitive grant process. A match of at least 20 percent is required, and cities are eligible to apply. Recent grants (2011) ranged from \$10,000 to \$130,000.

Oregon Immediate Opportunity Fund

The Oregon immediate opportunity fund supports primary economic development in Oregon through construction and improvements of streets and roads. Funds are discretionary and may only be used when other sources of financial support are unavailable or insufficient. The objectives of the Opportunity Fund are providing street or road improvements to influence the location, relocation, or retention of a firm in Oregon, providing procedures and funds for the OTC to respond quickly to economic development opportunities, and providing criteria and procedures for the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD), other agencies, local government and the private sector to work with ODOT in providing road improvements needed to ensure specific job development opportunities for Oregon, or to revitalize business or industrial centers.

Regional Funding Sources

Metro, the elected regional government, coordinates two transportation grant programs relevant to Tualatin.

Flexible Funds

Metro manages the allocation of regional federal flexible funds. These funds come from two federal funding sources: the Surface Transportation program (STP) and the Congestion Mitigation/Air Quality program (CMAQ). These funds can be spent on a wide variety of projects. In the most recent funding round, \$24 million was made available to Metro jurisdictions for various projects, including transit oriented development, high capacity transit, transportation system management, and regional planning projects. Funding is allocated through a competitive process.

Regional Travel Options grants

Metro also manages this federal grant source, distributing over \$500,000 to several projects in the Metro region in the most recent round of funding. Projects are selected through a competitive process. Projects that improve air quality, address community health, reduce auto traffic or create more opportunities for walking and biking are all eligible for funding.

Nature in Neighborhoods Grants

Metro provides funds to communities to add vegetation and natural features in neighborhoods. Funds for Nature in Neighborhoods come from the voter-approved 2007 natural areas bond measure. Projects awarded grants involve the community, foster diverse partnerships and innovate, leading to bigger social and economic benefits, from jobs and economic development to livable neighborhoods and clean air. Metro has awarded \$6.6 million to 23 projects. Up to \$2.25 million is available annually, with \$15 million available through the life of the program.

County Funding Sources

Washington County Gas Tax

Tualatin receives approximately \$90,000 per year currently in county gas tax revenue. These funds can be spent on a wide variety of transportation projects, though are currently only spent on construction and maintenance of City streets.

Washington County Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program (MSTIP)

Washington County's MSTIP program provides funding for major transportation improvements on roads throughout the county. The program is funded through property taxes with approximately \$35 million available each year. MSTIP has funded a wide variety of projects, including expansion of Highway 26, Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) and signal upgrades to Tualatin-Sherwood Road and numerous bicycle and pedestrian improvements. Only roads classified in the Washington County Functional Classification system are eligible for funding from MSTIP. Roads that would be eligible under this program include Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, Nyberg Road, 65th Avenue, Sagert Street, and several others. Tualatin does not have any projects identified for funding in the current 5 year MSTIP program (MSTIP 3d), but several projects just outside the city, including the extension of 124th Avenue south to Tonquin Road, are funded. The city can continue to pursue funding for major improvements on these streets through this dedicated funding source.

Washington County Minor Betterment Program

Washington County administers the Minor Betterment Program (MBP), funded by an allocation from the County Road Fund (County Gas Tax). The Program funds small-scale interim improvements beyond routine maintenance but not large enough to be programmed as capital improvements. MBP projects are site-specific enhancements to the county's transportation system, projects are typically interim and intended to supplement routine maintenance and capital improvements. Eligible projects need to be on a county road, improve or resolve a specific situation, and address safety, capacity, environmental and/or connectivity issues. In fiscal year 2013/14 the County is funding sidewalk completing along SW Grahams Ferry Road with this funding source.

Local Funding Sources

This section describes existing local funding sources for the city of Tualatin. Major local funding sources include general fund revenues, road utility fees, system development charges, and the City's share of State Highway Fund revenue.

Road Utility Fees

This fee is assessed to all residential and non-residential properties in the city of Tualatin to fund upkeep of the City's road system. Approximately \$650,000 in fee revenue was forecast for FY 2011. These revenues are made

available exclusively for road maintenance. These fees represent a significant source of funding for maintenance of existing roads. Per city code (TMC 3-4), these funds may be spent on pavement rehabilitation, sidewalk maintenance, landscaping enhancements, replacing street trees and street lighting.

Transportation Development Taxes (TDT)

Transportation Development Taxes (TDT) are one-time fees on new development that compensate for the increased traffic associated with new development, and are system development charges or impact fees for transportation. The City has authorized the collection of transportation system development charges since 1991. The former county-managed Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program has been replaced with the Transportation Development Tax (TDT), approved by voters in 2008. TDTs cannot be expended on transportation operations or maintenance projects, and may be used exclusively for capital improvement projects. These taxes are payable to the City when a building or other development permit is issued. The outlook for TDT revenue is very uncertain, given limited development during the current economic downturn.

Potential Other Funding Sources for Future Projects

The following funding sources and strategies may be available to the City in addition to the established programs listed above.

Washington County Major Streets Transportation Improvement Program (MSTIP)

Washington County's MSTIP program provides funding for major transportation improvements on roads throughout the county. The program is funded through property taxes with approximately \$35 million available each year. MSTIP has funded a wide variety of projects, including expansion of Highway 26, Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) and signal upgrades to Tualatin-Sherwood Road and numerous bicycle and pedestrian improvements. Only roads classified in the Washington County Functional Classification system are eligible for funding from MSTIP. Roads that would be eligible under this program include Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, Nyberg Road, 65th Avenue, Sagert Street, and several others. Tualatin does not have any projects identified for funding in the current 5 year MSTIP program (MSTIP 3d), but several projects just outside the city, including the extension of 124th Avenue south to Tonquin Road, are funded. The city can continue to pursue funding for major improvements on these streets through this dedicated funding source.

Department of Energy: Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grants (EECBG)

This program was initially funded through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The current funding authorization expired in April 2012. Future funding for this program is currently uncertain. The program provided formula grants to states and competitive grants for projects that reduce fossil fuel emissions, reduce total energy use of eligible grantees, and improve energy efficiency of transportation and other sectors. Tualatin may be eligible for competitive grants if this program is funded in future federal budgets.

Increased State Highway Fund revenues

Gas tax revenue to the State Highway Fund has not kept pace with inflation or demands of the state's transportation system. ODOT is exploring new revenue models to meet state transportation needs, which may result in increased funds for state transportation programs in coming years. Oregon is actively exploring a vehicle miles travelled (VMT) tax to replace the current gas tax, with full implementation of any VMT program expected to take up to 20 years.

Local Improvement Districts (LID)

LIDs are created by property owners within a district of a city to raise revenues for constructing improvements within the district boundaries. LIDs may be used to assess property owners for improvements that benefit properties and are secured by property liens. Property owners typically enter into LIDs because of the economic or personal advantages of the improvements. The City would work with property owners to acquire financing at lower interest rates than under typical financing methods. The formation of LIDs is governed by state law and local jurisdictional development codes. LID revenues can only be used on capital projects. LID revenues can be combined with other revenue sources to fully fund projects.

Transit Utility Fee

A number of jurisdictions in Oregon have implemented transportation utility fees that fund road system maintenance, transportation improvements, and transit service. The city of Corvallis, Oregon recently enacted a Transit Utility Fee in 2011 to support transit operations. These fees are typically collected on monthly residential and business utility bills and assessed on a per-housing unit basis, with businesses and industry charged rates based on the type of business or number of employees. A modest monthly fee could fund capital improvements and transit operations in Tualatin. Fee revenue can also be used to support or improve existing transit services in Tualatin, like the Chamber of Commerce's employee shuttle service. A transit utility fee would provide dedicated and reliable funding for transit projects identified in the Transit Plan.

Urban Renewal Areas

The City of Tualatin has successfully implemented two urban renewal areas over the past 25 years in the central area and Leveton. Both Urban renewal areas have expired and are no longer collecting revenue. Urban Renewal Areas (URA) remain an option for the City in the future whereby tax increment financing (TIF) can be used for a variety of improvements within the URA. With TIF, the county assessor "freezes" the assessed value of properties within the URA and the property taxes collected above those that were collected when the property values were frozen are used to pay for improvements within the URA. This financing method assumes that property values within the urban renewal area will increase over time. URA designations are primarily used as an economic development tool, but may be useful for targeting areas in the City with serious improvement needs.

Revenue and General Obligation Bonds

Bonding allows municipal and county government to finance construction projects by borrowing money and paying it back over time, with interest. Financing requires smaller regular payments over time compared to paying the full cost at once, but financing increases the total cost of the project by adding interest. General Obligation Bonds are often used to pay for construction of large capital improvements and must be approved by a vote of the public. These bonds add the cost of the improvement to property taxes over a period of time. Tualatin could consider issuing a General Obligation Bond to pay for significant transportation improvement projects identified within the City.

Parking Fees

The City does not currently charge for parking, but does charge an annual fee to business owners in the "core area parking district" that funds parking maintenance in the immediate core area. Income generated by charging parking fees could be used to implement a variety of transportation projects. The collection system would require purchase of parking meter infrastructure, careful study of where to install meters, and analysis of the appropriate fee amount to charge drivers.

Improvement Costs

This section contains cost estimates for projects included in the Tualatin TSP. Assumptions underlying each project cost estimate are also included.

Roadway Projects

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
	TUALATIN 15P	- OKDER O	F MAGNITUD	EESIIWAIE			
PROJ	IECT: Project R1 - Herman Road	Imp. 124th to					
	Cipole		PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/19/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain		-	.34	1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.34	\$935,700.00	\$318,138		
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0		
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.4	\$412,500.00	\$561,000		
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0		
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0		
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0		
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0		
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0		
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0		
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	7,500	\$7.50	\$56,250		
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0		
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.34	\$260,000.00	\$88,400		
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.34	\$235,000.00	\$79,900		
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0		
15	Walls	SF	1,080	\$50.00	\$54,000		
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,157,688		

	ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
C	Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$28,900
T	ΓP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$92,600
N	Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$115,800
E	Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$23,200
C	Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$463,100
E	Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
	Design Year				
	Construction Year		2012		
	TC	\$1,881,288			

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$100,000.00	\$100,000
Railroad Crossing	EA		\$600,000.00	\$0

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	24,500	\$5.00	\$122,500
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$282,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$188,100
	\$2,574,000			

Assumptions: See next page

Project R1 1 of 2

Assumptions:

Project is for 3-L widening (2-12' lanes, 1-12' turn, 2-6' bike, 2-10' sidewalk/planter

Improvements to the interseciton of Cipole and Herman Road, including improvements to the P&W rail crossing are included in other projects

Existing ROW varies from 54' to 40' width.

No impacts to the P&W railroad are included

Landscaping and illumination are inlcuded for the length of improvements

Assume 2' average height non-structural (<4' height) modular block retaining wall for property ties over 30% of the improvements length one side

Full roadway reconstruction is assumed

Due to flattness of area and other project experience, \$100K allowance is included for natural resource impact mitigation

Project R1 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE					
PRO	IECT: Project D2 Hozolbro	ok Dood	ı			
i KO	Troject NZ Trazerore					
	Improvements	3	PREPARED BY:		DATE:	
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	10/11/2012	
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:	
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting	0.	85	1 of 1	
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST	
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.43	\$935,700.00	\$402,351	
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0	
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.42	\$412,500.00	\$585,750	
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.99	\$89,400.00	\$177,906	
5	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0	
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0	
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	13,500	\$7.50	\$101,250	
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.85	\$260,000.00	\$221,000	
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.43	\$235,000.00	\$101,050	
10	Bridges - Long Span	SF		\$250.00	\$0	
11	Bridges - Long Span (Multi-use)	SF		\$250.00	\$0	
12	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0	
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,589,307	

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$39,700
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$127,100
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$158,900
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$31,800
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$635,700
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			\$2,582,507	

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS						
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	0	\$250,000.00	\$0		
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0		
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	63,000	\$5.00	\$315,000		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Engineering, Environmental						
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$387,400		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$258,300		
TOTAL PROJECT COST \$3,543,0						

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Assumptions Continued:

Roadway Section is 3-L section (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-10' sidewalk/planter) - 68' total width

Existing roadway width is 28' curb to edge of pavement. Existing pavement overlay inlcuded Existing curb and sidewalk on the southside to remain.

Curb & Gutter, Sidewalk and Drainage are halved (northside only)

Average existing ROW width is 60'. Total new width need is 68' plus 6' PUE

No structures impacted by improvements

No bridges, walls, or other structures included

illumination is included for the full length

Landscaping is included at half the improvements length (no landscaping southside)

Easrthwork inlcuded for shoulder widening (fill)

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
	TUALATIN ISP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	EESIIMAIE					
PROJ	Project R3 - Herman Rd. I	mprovements							
	Teton to Tualatin	Rd.	PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/6/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain		-	32	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.32	\$935,700.00	\$299,424				
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.97	\$412,500.00	\$400,125				
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0				
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0				
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0				
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0				
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0				
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	5,650	\$7.50	\$42,375				
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0				
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.32	\$260,000.00	\$83,200				
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.32	\$235,000.00	\$75,200				
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0				
15	Walls	SF	940	\$50.00	\$47,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$947,324				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$23,700
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$75,800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$94,700
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$18,900
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$378,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$1,539,324

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	33,100	\$5.00	\$165,500
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$300,000.00	\$300,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$230,900
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$153,900
	\$2,390,000			

Project limits are from the end of the 3-L section east of Teton (~300') to Tualatin Road Proposed width is 2-L section (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike lanes, 2-10' sidewalk/planter) Landscaping and illumination are included

Assume 1' average earthwork depth from Teton to 550' west of Tualatin Road Assume 2' average earthwork depth from 550' west of Tualatin Road to Tualatin Road No impacts to railroad or improvements to existing rail crossings.

3 structure assumed impacted by widening/improvements

Project R3 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	Project R4 - Widen Teton t	o 3-L Herman							
	To T-S Rd		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/6/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting	0.	47	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.47	\$935,700.00	\$439,779				
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.47	\$412,500.00	\$193,875				
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.42	\$89,400.00	\$126,948				
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0				
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0				
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0				
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0				
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	3,000	\$7.50	\$22,500				
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0				
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.47	\$260,000.00	\$122,200				
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.47	\$235,000.00	\$110,450				
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0				
15	Walls	SF	500	\$50.00	\$25,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,040,752				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$26,000
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$83,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$104,100
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$20,800
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$416,300
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$1,691,252

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$250,000.00	\$250,000
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	20,000	\$5.00	\$100,000
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$253,700
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$169,100
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$2,464,000

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Project R4 1 of 2

Assumptions Continued:

Total roadway section is 3-L (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike lanes, 2-10' sidewalk/planters)
The existing roadway with is 36' curb-to-curb and will be rehabilitated with an overlay
The existing ROW varies but is estimated to average 60' width from Herman to T-S Road
10% of the total length, one side is estimated for a 2' average height (<4') modular block wall
Minor earthwork is assumed at 1' total depth over the width of the widening (lanes and sidewalk/planter)
The bridge across Hedges Creek and wetland will not require widening. The planter will be removed through this area.

Approaches to the bridge will require widening resulting in impacts to natural resources. No impacts to signals at Herman Road or T-S Road

Length of improvements is estimated at 2,500LF beginning south of the P&W Railroad track south to T-S Road. No impacts to the railroad crossing are included.

Project R4 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO.	JECT: Project R6 - Widen SW								
	Teton to T-S R	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/17/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting	0.	53	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.61	\$935,700.00	\$570,777				
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.4	\$412,500.00	\$165,000				
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0				
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0				
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0				
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0				
8	New Signal	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000				
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	2,900	\$7.50	\$21,750				
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0				
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.53	\$260,000.00	\$137,800				
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.53	\$235,000.00	\$124,550				
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0				
15	Walls	SF	1,680	\$50.00	\$84,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,403,877				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$35,100
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$112,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$140,400
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$28,100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$561,600
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$2,281,377

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	0	\$250,000.00	\$0
Railroad Crossing	EA	1	\$600,000.00	\$600,000

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	29,700	\$5.00	\$148,500
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$342,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$228,100
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$3,600,000

Assumptions: See Reverse

Project R6 1 of 2

3-L section is 2-12' lanes, 1-12' median, 2-6' bike and 2-10' planter/sidewalk. Total length - 2,800LF Widening to the westside at T-S Road will not impact Hedges Creek Utilities impacted will be relocated by utility.

Transmission towers near substation at SW 105th will not be impacted
Railroad crossing signals impacted and will need to be widened
Widening area is flat. Assume 1' total depth EW over length of improvements
No structural retaining walls needed. Assume short 2' average height wall for 30% of length
No signal modifications needed at T-S Road (3-L). New signal at SW Avery/Teton
Landscaping and lighting for entire length

Project R6 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PROJ	IECT: Project R7 - 105th/Blake	e/108th Ave							
	Improvements	3	PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	gn Level: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	10/12/2012				
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Walls		0.	63	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.46	\$935,700.00	\$430,422				
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	2.37	\$412,500.00	\$977,625				
4	Guardrail	FT	450.00	\$50.00	\$22,500				
5	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0				
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	15,000	\$7.50	\$112,500				
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.63	\$260,000.00	\$163,800				
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.46	\$235,000.00	\$108,100				
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF	2,400	\$185.00	\$444,000				
11	Walls (4'<)	SF		\$75.00	\$0				
12	Walls (4'>)	SF	600	\$50.00	\$30,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$2,288,947				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$57,200
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$183,100
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$228,900
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$45,800
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$915,600
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$3,719,547

	ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS						
		UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
Sensitive Area	Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$100,000.00	\$100,000		
Railroad Crossi	ng	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0		
RIGHT O	F WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of W	ay Acquisition	SF	42,100	\$8.00	\$336,800		
Structure(s)		LS	All		\$0		
ENGINE	ERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Engineering, Er	nvironmental						
Documents, Pe	rmitting		15.0%		\$557,900		
Construction Er	ngineering		10.0%		\$372,000		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST						

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Assumptions Continued:

Roadway Section is 3-L section (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-10' sidewalk/planter) - 68' width from Avery to Blake St

Roadway Section is 2-L section (2-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-12' sidewalk/planter) - 60' width from Blake to 200' north of Willow Ave.

All existing roadway is assumed to be reconstructed.

Existing curb and sidewalk on the eastside of SW 105th and westside of 108th will remain

Assume a 50' length strcuture (culvert or bridge) over Hedges Creek

Average existing ROW width is 50'. Total new width varies from 60'-68"

No structure impacts are assumed

Natural resource impacts and mitigation are assumed through the Hedges Creek corridor

3' average height wall between 108th and Blake Street reconstructed assumed 200' length illumination is included for the full length

Landscaping is included but halved where sidewalks are to remain

450' length of guardrail assumed to replace existing guardrail along outside curve from Blake to 105th

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
DDO	PROJECT: Project R8 - Boones Ferry Road							
PROJ	Troject No Boolies I	•						
	Improvements	3	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	gn Level: Preliminary			lippenstiel	10/15/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Walls		0.	21	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.12	\$935,700.00	\$112,284			
2	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.21	\$412,500.00	\$86,625			
3	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
4	Guardrail	FT		\$50.00	\$0			
5	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	1,570	\$7.50	\$11,775			
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.12	\$260,000.00	\$31,200			
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.12	\$235,000.00	\$28,200			
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF		\$185.00	\$0			
11	Walls (4'<)	SF		\$75.00	\$0			
12	Walls (4'>)	SF	200	\$50.00	\$10,000			
			SUBTOTAL		\$280,084			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$7,000
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$22,400
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$28,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$5,600
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$112,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS					
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST	
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	0	\$100,000.00	\$0	
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0	
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST	
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	11,400	\$8.00	\$91,200	
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0	
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Engineering, Environmental					
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$68,300	
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$45,500	
	TOTAL PROJECT COST				

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Improvements are widening BFR to consistent 3-L section between Ibach and Norwood Road Improvement limits are 700' south of Ibach to 500' north of Iowa, and 360' north of Norwood No signals, or bridges are included

ROW width varies from 60' near Ibach/lowa, to 60-75' approaching Norwood

Includes a 2' average height wall for 100' approaching Norwood

Approximate average widening is 12' width

BFR is assumed serviceable and not reconstructed or rehabilitated.

	TUALATIN TSP	ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE	
PROJ	PROJECT: Project R9 - Helenius Road Improvements		PREPARED BY:		DATE:
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	10/14/2012
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:
	Walls		0.	32	1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.19	\$935,700.00	\$177,783
2	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.50	\$412,500.00	\$206,250
3	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0
4	Guardrail	FT		\$50.00	\$0
5	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	2,700	\$7.50	\$20,250
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.19	\$260,000.00	\$49,400
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.19	\$235,000.00	\$44,650
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF		\$185.00	\$0
11	Walls (4'<)	SF		\$75.00	\$0
12	Walls (4'>)	SF		\$50.00	\$0
			SUBTOTAL		\$498,333

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$12,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$39,900
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$49,800
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$10,000
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$199,300
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
To	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			\$809,833

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS						
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigat	tion LS	0	\$100,000.00	\$0		
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0		
RIGHT OF WAY COST	TS UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	n SF	48,840	\$8.00	\$390,720		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COST	SUGGESTE	D PERCENTAGE		COST		
Engineering, Environmental						
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$121,500		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$81,000		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST \$1,403,00					

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Roadway is 2-L section (2-12' lanes, 2-6' bike or 2-6' parking, 2-12' sidewalk/planter) total 60-64' width 60' width Grahams Ferry Road to east of 106th, 64' east of 106th to 108th, 30' 108th to end of project. Existing ROW is 30' GFR to east of 106th, 40' east of 106th to 108th, 30' 108th to end of project

No structures, walls or natural resource impacts assumed

Existing pavement width is 24' from east of 106th to end of project.

Full pavement reconstructio from east of 106th to GFR

Grade is flat, assumed 1' total depth earthwork over widening areas

	TUALATIN TSP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE	
PRO.	JECT: Project R10 - Norwoo	od Road			
	Improvements		PREPARED BY:		DATE:
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	10/14/2012
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:
	Walls		0.	49	1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.49	\$935,700.00	\$458,493
2	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.98	\$412,500.00	\$404,250
3	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.98	\$89,400.00	\$87,612
4	Guardrail	FT		\$50.00	\$0
5	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	5,700	\$7.50	\$42,750
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.49	\$260,000.00	\$127,400
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.49	\$235,000.00	\$115,150
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF		\$185.00	\$0
11	Walls (4'<)	SF		\$75.00	\$0
12	Walls (4'>)	SF	2,400	\$50.00	\$120,000
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,355,655

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$33,900
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$108,500
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$135,600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$27,100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$542,300
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
To	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			\$2,203,055

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

	7.11.1011 7.11 22 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2 7.12 2							
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	0	\$100,000.00	\$0				
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0				
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	8,800	\$8.00	\$70,400				
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0				
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST				
Engineering, Environmental								
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$330,500				
Construction Engineering		10.0%	-	\$220,300				
	TOTAL PROJECT COST							

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

3-L roadway (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-12' s/w & planter) total width 72'

Existing pavement width is 24' and is assumed serviceable with an overlay

Existing bridge over I-5 is not impacted by project

ROW width is 71' for all but 200' feet approaching BFR. 40' width for 200' approaching BFR

4' average height at back of walk assumed for 600' between 89th and Vermillion

1' depth earthwork assumed over entire widening (48' width)

Additional 2' average depth earthwork assumed on northside between 89th and Vermillion Illumination and landscaping included

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
	TOALATIN 13F - ORDER OF WAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
DD0	PROJECT:						
PROJ	Project R11 - Widen Sa	gert Bridge					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/19/2012		
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
L	Structures			19	1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.19	\$935,700.00	\$177,783		
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0		
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.1	\$412,500.00	\$37,125		
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0		
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0		
6	Guardrail	FT	1,430	\$50.00	\$71,500		
7	Guardrail Terminals	EA	4	\$2,500.00	\$10,000		
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0		
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0		
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	5,250	\$7.50	\$39,375		
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0		
12	Illumination	Mi.		\$260,000.00	\$0		
13	Landscaping	Mi.		\$235,000.00	\$0		
14	Bridges	SF	5,120	\$250.00	\$1,280,000		
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0		
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,615,783		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$40,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$129,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$161,600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$32,300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$646,300
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$2,625,683

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$393,900
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$262,600
	\$3,282,000			

Project widens I-5 overcrossing structure on Sagert Street, 16' total width, 320' length

Roadway widened to include bike lanes and sidewalks 200' west and 800' east of bridge.

Guardrail is replaced east and west of structure to accommodate widening

Sidewalks are improved to connect with existing sidewalks east and west of the structure

Bridge structure is widened symmetrically

EW assumed at 8' average depth both sides for sliver fill

No natural resource or ROW impacts are assumed

No lighting or landscaping is included.

Project R11 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP	ORDER O	E MAGNITUD	F FSTIMATE	
	TOALATIN TO	ONDER	MACINITOD	LLOTIMATE	
PROJ	ECT: Project R12 - Sidewalk Ga	ps on Boones			
	Ferry Road	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/17/2012
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:
	Structures		0.	08	1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.06	\$935,700.00	\$56,142
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0
3	New Roadway	SF	2,600	\$7.00	\$18,200
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0
	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0
	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	1,350	\$7.50	\$10,125
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.06	\$260,000.00	\$15,600
	Landscaping	Mi.	0.06	\$235,000.00	\$14,100
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0
15	Walls	SF	690	\$50.00	\$34,500
		•	SUBTOTAL		\$148,667

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$3,700
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$11,900
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$14,900
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$3,000
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$59,500
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
7	OTAL CONSTI	RUCTION COST	\$241,667

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	2,600	\$5.00	\$13,000
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$36,300
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$24,200
	\$315,000			

BFR sidewalk gaps at the south end of BFR in the City Limits approximately 400' north of Norwood on the west side and approximately 250' north of Norwood on the east side.

Improvements include sidewalk, curb, drainage, and roadway widening (minor)

A 3' average height non-structural wall will be used to retain the slope on the Westside for ~200' Assume 2' average height cut for project widening limits

Landscaping and illumination in planter strip is included.

ROW width existing is 60'. Widened section is 68'. Assume 8' width needed over length of project

Project R12 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO.	PROJECT: Project R17 - Multiuse Path on Norwood								
	Road	ii oii Noiwood	PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/18/2012				
	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):	пррополог	SHEET:				
	Multiuse Path, Earthwork		` '	46	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.		\$935,700.00	\$0				
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.	0.46	\$173,700.00	\$79,902				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0				
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0				
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0				
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0				
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0				
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0				
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	1,070	\$7.50	\$8,025				
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0				
12	Illumination	Mi.		\$260,000.00	\$0				
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.23	\$235,000.00	\$54,050				
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0				
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0				
			SUBTOTAL		\$141,977				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$3,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$11,400
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$14,200
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$2,800
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$56,800
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	\$230,677		

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	5,600	\$5.00	\$28,000
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		10.0%		\$23,100
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$23,100
	\$305,000			

Project reconstructs the narrow MUP on Norwood Road to 12' width from the I-5 over crossing to BFR Existing ROW is adequate from 180' east of BFR to Norwood Road.

ROW at BFR is 20' wide from centerline. Assume width needed is 51' to match existing east of BFR Lighting is not included in this estimate

Landscaping is included at 1/2 length since improvements are to one side only.

Walls and other structures are not included in this estimate. The path alignment and existing grade are relatively flat

Project R17 1 of 1

^{1&#}x27; depth of earthwork is assumed for preparation of path grade

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
	TUALATIN 15P	- ORDER O	FWAGNITUD	EESIIWAIE				
	PROJECT:							
PROJ	Project R18- Cipole Road I	Improvements						
	<u> </u>	·	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			ippenstiel	11/29/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Walls			20	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.45	\$935,700.00	\$421,065			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.65	\$412,500.00	\$680,625			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.22	\$89,400.00	\$19,668			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA	1.0	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	10,000	\$7.50	\$75,000			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.45	\$260,000.00	\$117,000			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.45	\$235,000.00	\$105,750			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF	500	\$50.00	\$25,000			
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,744,108			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$43,600
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$139,500
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$174,400
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$34,900
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$697,600
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	\$2,834,108		

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS							
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
Cipole Road Improvements North of							
Herman Road (Factored 2007 RTP)	LS	1	\$ 15,817,000	\$15,817,000			
Railroad Crossing	EA	1	\$600,000.00	\$600,000			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	14,160	\$5.00	\$70,800
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$0.00	\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$425,100
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$283,400
	\$20,030,000			

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Project R18 1 of 2

Assumptions Continued:

Improvements are from OR99W to SW T-S Road. Costs for the improvements from OR99W to SW Herman Road are from the 2007 RTP update factored to 2012 dollars. Cost for Improvements south of SW Herman Road are included in this form.

Improvements south of SW Herman Road are for a major collector, 3-L (2-12' lanes, 1-14' turn, 2-6' bike, 2-6' planter, & 2-6' sidewalks)

Existing roadway width north of T-S Road to the end of existing curb is 360LF and will be rehabilitated.

Existing roadway width to be rehabbed is 38' curb to curb. New width is 50' curb to curb.

Total length of improvements from T-S Road to Herman Road is 2,360 LF

Improvements will include a rail crossing upgrade at the P&W Rail line

Improvements will include a new signal at SW Herman Road and SW Cipole Road.

A 2' average height wall is included over 10% of the project length

Planter strip landscaping and illumination is included.

Project R18 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
DDO	PROJECT: Project R19 - Boones Ferry Road North							
PROJ	Troject Kito Boolies i en	•						
	Improvements	8	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	8/22/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Structures		0.	.45	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.39	\$935,700.00	\$364,923			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.59	\$412,500.00	\$243,375			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.57	\$438,900.00	\$689,073			
5	New Signal	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			
6	Signal Modifications	EA	1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000			
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	3,700	\$7.50	\$27,750			
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.45	\$260,000.00	\$117,000			
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.39	\$235,000.00	\$91,650			
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF		\$185.00	\$0			
11	Bridges - Long Span	SF	24,000	\$250.00	\$6,000,000			
12	Walls	SF	3,800	\$75.00	\$285,000			
			SUBTOTAL		\$8,193,771			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$204,800
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$655,500
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$819,400
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$163,900
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$3,277,500
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$13,314,871			

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS								
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$250,000.00	\$250,000				
Railroad Crossing	EA	1	\$600,000.00	\$600,000				
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	40,600	\$8.00	\$324,800				
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0				
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST				
Engineering, Environmental								
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$1,997,200				
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$1,331,500				
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$17,818,000				

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Assumptions Continued:

Roadway section varies from Martinazzi to Upper/Lower BFR Intersection

- Martinazzi to the Tualatin River Bridge is 4-L (4-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-10' S/W & Planter)
- Tualatin River Bridge is 4-L (4-12', 2-6' bike, 2-8' S/W, 2-2' bridge rail)
- Tualatin River Bridge to Upper/Lower BFR is 5-L (5-12' lane, 2-6' bike, 2-10' S/W & Planter)

Bridge height at the same elevation as the existing bridge, minimizing additional earthwork Improvement length is 2,370 LF including improvements along Upper and Lower BFR for tapers Bridge structure over Tualatin River is 300LF long, 80' wide. Piers will be on the bank not in the river. Embankment would have 4:1 slope on both sides

Average roadway cut/fill height is assumed 2' where widening occurs Retaining walls assumed at the bridge ends and along the widening

- 10' height walls at bridge ends for the entire bridge width (80')
- 6' average height wall on the north side of BFR south of the T. River bridge (150' length)
- 3' average height wall on the south side of BFR south of the T. River bridge (100' length)
- 2' average height wall west side of BFR north of the bridge, south of the tracks (200' length)
- 3' average height wall west side of BFR north of the tracks (200' length)

Landscaping and lighting would be included for the entire length. (no landscaping on the bridge)

New traffic signal assumed at the intersection of Upper/Lower BFR

Signal Modification at BFR/Martinazzi

Narrow ROW and Easement (PUE) needed along entire alignment (varying width)

No structures are impacted and no full takes are assumed

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
	TUALATIN 15P	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	EESIIWAIE				
PRO.	Troject NEO Widen 1 O							
	Cipole to Teto	n	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/4/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Walls			55	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	1.55	\$935,700.00	\$1,450,335			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	3.1	\$412,500.00	\$1,282,875			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS	1	\$35,000.00	\$35,000			
8	New Signal	EA	3.5	\$300,000.00	\$1,050,000			
9	Signal Modifications	EA	1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	7,300	\$7.50	\$54,750			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	1.55	\$260,000.00	\$403,000			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	1.55	\$235,000.00	\$364,250			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF	1,230	\$50.00	\$61,500			
			SUBTOTAL		\$4,776,710			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$119,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$382,100
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$477,700
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$95,500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$1,910,700
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$7,762,110			

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS							
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$500,000.00	\$500,000			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	36,000	\$5.00	\$180,000
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$500,000.00	\$500,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$1,164,300
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$776,200
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$10,883,000

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Project R20 1 of 2

Assumptions Continued:

Existing roadway is 3-L (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bikes). No reconstruction of existing roadway New roadway is for 2-12' lane widening.

Signal reconstruction assumed at 112th Ave, 115th Ave (1/2 only), 124th Ave & Cipole Signal modification included for 115th Avenue signal.

ROW need assumed from existing widths shown on taxmap subtracted from ROW need (92')

Proposed roadway width is 92', 5-lane section (5-12' lanes, 2-6' bike, 2-10' s/w & planter)

Earthwork is assumed 1' total depth over entire widening limits

Modular block wall, less than 4' height is assumed over 5% of the total length, one side only

Roadway widening will occur adjacent to sensitive areas including over Hedges Creek and two other culvert crossings. Allowance for impact mitigation included at \$500K

Landscaping and lighting will be impacted and require reconstruction over entire project length.

Project R20 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
PRO.	IECT: Project R21 - Borlan	d Road					
	Improvements (5	5-L)	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	10/12/2012		
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Walls, Signals		0.	95	1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.62	\$935,700.00	\$580,134		
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0		
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	2.92	\$412,500.00	\$1,204,500		
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0		
5	New Signal	EA	2	\$300,000.00	\$600,000		
6	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0		
7	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	22,600	\$7.50	\$169,500		
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.85	\$260,000.00	\$221,000		
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.43	\$235,000.00	\$101,050		
10	Bridges - Short Span	SF	2,400	\$185.00	\$444,000		
11	Walls (4'<)	SF	2,800	\$75.00	\$210,000		
12	Walls (4'>)	SF	1,000	\$50.00	\$50,000		
			SUBTOTAL		\$3,580,184		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$89,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$286,400
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$358,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$71,600
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$1,432,100
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$5,817,784			

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS								
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$100,000.00	\$100,000				
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0				
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	128,000	\$8.00	\$1,024,000				
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$1,250,000.00	\$1,250,000				
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST				
Engineering, Environmental								
Documents, Permitting		15.0%		\$872,700				
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$581,800				
	\$9,646,000							

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Assumptions Continued:

Roadway Section is 5-L section (4-12' lanes, 1-14' median, 2-6' bike, 2-12' sidewalk/planter) - 98' width

Existing roadway width is 40' from 65th to Wilke and 30' from Wilke to Eastern Limits

Curb & Gutter, Sidewalk and Drainage are halved (Southside only)

Average existing ROW width is 60'. Total new width need is 98'

5 structures are assumed impacted by the widening project

4' average height structural wall is assumed for 700' along the northside near Prosperity Park Road

2' average height non-structural wall assumed over 10% of the project length (one side only)

illumination is included for the full length

Landscaping is included at half the improvements length (no landscaping northside)

Include short span bridge/culvert structure over Saum Creek

New signals at 65th Avenue and at 56th Terrace

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	JECT: Project R24 - Upper/Lowe	er BFR Ped. &						
	Bike Imp.		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Structures				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Concrete Sidewalk	SF	360	\$5.00	\$1,800			
2	Concrete Curb	FT	60	\$15.00	\$900			
3	New Roadway	SF	120	\$7.00	\$840			
4	Bike Lane Colored Marking	SF	1,200	\$2.00	\$2,400			
			SUBTOTAL		\$5,940			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$100
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$500
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$2,400
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$9,640			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering				\$0
Construction Engineering				\$0
	\$10,000			

Project location is the intersection of Lower and Upper Boones Ferry Road

Sidewalk improvements are to fill gap at the SW quadrant of the intersection and provide an accessible ramp for pedestrians.

Bike lane improvements add colored pavement marking in the bike lane through the right turn lane extension line along the south leg of the intersection

Colored pavement marking in the bike lane is durable MMA or Thermoplastic

Project R24 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
	. 6/12/1111		, (3.11.02				
PROJ	IECT: Project R26 - Fill Sidewa	alk Gaps on					
	Borland Road		PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012		
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Structures				1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.30	\$935,700.00	\$280,710		
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0		
3	New Roadway	SF	17,700	\$7.00	\$123,900		
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0		
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0		
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0		
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0		
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0		
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0		
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	6,900	\$7.50	\$51,750		
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0		
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.56	\$260,000.00	\$145,600		
13	Landscaping	Mi.		\$235,000.00	\$0		
14	Walls (Non-Structural)	SF	2,400	\$50.00	\$120,000		
15	Walls (Structural)	SF	7,200	\$75.00	\$540,000		
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,261,960		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$31,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$101,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$126,200
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$25,200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$504,800
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
To	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	8,000	\$5.00	\$40,000
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$307,600
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$205,100
	\$2,603,000			

Project R26 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP	ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE			
PROJ	PROJECT: Project R28 - Myslony Street						
	Improvements 115th	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		-	lippenstiel	10/14/2012		
	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):	.,	SHEET:		
	Structures	2 . 2 0,	` '	09	1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.09	\$935,700.00	\$84,213		
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0		
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.3	\$412,500.00	\$115,500		
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0		
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0		
6	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	2,200	\$7.50	\$16,500		
7	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0		
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.09	\$260,000.00	\$23,400		
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.09	\$235,000.00	\$21,150		
10	Bridges	SF	6,400	\$150.00	\$960,000		
11	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0		
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,220,763		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$30,500	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$97,700	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$122,100	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$24,400	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$488,300	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS						
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$100,000.00	\$100,000		
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0		
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	2,550	\$5.00	\$12,750		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$297,600		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$198,400		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST					

3-L roadway (3-12' lanes, 2-6' bikes, 2-12' sidewalk/planter) total width - 72'

All new construction including roadway, curb, gutter, sidewalk, drainage, illumination and landscaping Bridge over Hedges Creek L=100', width is 64' total 60' roadway (minus planter) plus 4' rails

2' EW total over entire project for clearance over Hedges Creek

Limits of project are from SW 112th Ave to the existing end of Myslony Street

Existing ROW is 46.5' west of Hedges Creek and 74' east of Hedges Creek

No walls included

\$100k allowance included for impacts to sensitive natural resources

Project R28 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
PRO	JECT: Project R32 - Remove T	rees at SW					
	108th/Tualatir	า	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Clearing				1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Tree Removal	EA	5.00	\$1,000.00	\$5,000		
			SUBTOTAL		\$5,000		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$100	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$400	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$500	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$100	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$2,000	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
7	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		0.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	\$8,000			

5 Trees are assumed to be removed at the SW corner of SW Tualatin Road and SW 108th Avenue

Project R32 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
	TOALATIN 13F - ORDER OF WAGNITODE ESTIMATE							
DDO	PROJECT: Project R34 - Roundahout at							
PROJ	1 Tojout Nound							
	Tualatin/Herman Road I	ntersection	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/4/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain			T	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.25	\$935,700.00	\$233,925			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	SF	47,680	\$7.00	\$333,760			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	3,250	\$7.50	\$24,375			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.22	\$260,000.00	\$57,200			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.22	\$235,000.00	\$51,700			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF	310	\$75.00	\$23,250			
			SUBTOTAL		\$724,210			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$18,100
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$57,900
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$72,400
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$14,500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$289,700
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$1,176,810			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	2,000	\$5.00	\$10,000
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$150,000.00	\$150,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$176,500
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$117,700
	\$1,631,000			

Standard 1-L roundabout with assumed 100' diameter. 3-L roadway section on approaches

Cheyenne Way becomes right-in/right-out at Tualatin Road

West leg (450'), East leg (400'), North leg (300'); reconstruction

3rd lane on approaches (center lane) is 100' length, 12' width concrete island at roundabout

No impacts to Railroad ROW are assumed

Existing intersection signal will be removed

Project is mostly at grade with little slope. Assume only 1' of excavation over entire project for earthwork

A short wall is assumed (2' average height) along the north side of the west leg

Lighting and landscaping on approaches only.

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	Project R36 - SB Turn Po	cket Teton to						
	Avery		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/4/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Walls			1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.03	\$935,700.00	\$28,071			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	3,825	\$7.00	\$26,775			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	225	\$7.50	\$1,688			
11	Signs	EA	3	\$500.00	\$1,500			
12	Illumination	Mi.		\$260,000.00	\$0			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.09	\$235,000.00	\$21,150			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF	550.0	\$50.00	\$27,500			
			SUBTOTAL		\$106,684			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$2,700	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$8,500	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$10,700	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$2,100	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$42,700	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
TO	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	3,825	\$15.00	\$57,375
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$26,000
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$17,300
	\$274,000			

17' widening for turn pocket includes 12' lane and 5' bike. Pocket is 100' long with 100' taper curb radius is flattened for trucks/busses

Curb and sidewalk reconstruction length is half turn pocket length for half street improvement 2' average height wall included behind sidewalk to minimize slope impacts from widening. ROW and parking impacted at NW intersection quadrant. Assume 17' needed for widening ROW cost increased due to parking impacts

Project R36 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	ROJECT: Project R37 - Install Signal at SW Avery							
	and Teton Ave	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	gn Level: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/6/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Signals				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.00	\$935,700.00	\$0			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY		\$7.50	\$0			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.00	\$260,000.00	\$0			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.00	\$235,000.00	\$0			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0			
			SUBTOTAL		\$300,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$7,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$24,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$30,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$6,000
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$120,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$487,500			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$73,100
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$48,800
	\$609,000			

Project installs a signal at SW Avery Street and SW Teton Avenue No ROW is impacted with installation

No roadway improvements are included with installation

Project R37 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PROJECT: Project R38 - Local Traffic Signage only									
		on Tualatin Roa	ad	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL:	Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
		Signing		2.	30	1 of 1			
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Signs		EA	16.00	\$500.00	\$8,000			
				SUBTOTAL		\$8,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$200	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$600	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$800	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$200	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$3,200	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		30.0%		\$3,900
Construction Engineering		20.0%		\$2,600
	\$20,000			

Project installs signs for no trucks/through movements on SW 105th and SW 108th south of Avery St.

- 1 sign on SW 124th North of Tualatin Road
- 1 sign every 2,000 FT on SW Tualatin Road
- 2 signs on BFR (1 south and 1 east) of Tualatin Road

Project R38 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	JECT:	Project R39 - SW 105th/1	08th Signing						
	(No Trucks)			PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL:	Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/3/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
		Striping				1 of 1			
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Signs		EA	10.00	\$500.00	\$5,000			
				SUBTOTAL		\$5,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$100	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$400	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$500	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$100	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$2,000	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
7	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		30.0%		\$2,400
Construction Engineering		20.0%		\$1,600
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$12,000

Project installs signs for no trucks/through movements on SW 105th and SW 108th south of Avery St.

Project R39 1 of 1

¹ sign on Avery east and west of SW 105th (2 total)
1 sign every 2,000 FT on SW 105th, SW Blake Street & SW 108th Ave.

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	IECT: Project R40 - K-Mart Sit	e Roadway						
	Improvements	3	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	10/15/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Walls		0.	35	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.35	\$935,700.00	\$327,495			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	1.2	\$412,500.00	\$482,625			
4	New Roadway	SF	14,600	\$7.00	\$102,200			
5	Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
6	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	4,200	\$7.50	\$31,500			
7	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
8	Illumination	Mi.	0.35	\$260,000.00	\$91,000			
9	Landscaping	Mi.	0.35	\$235,000.00	\$82,250			
10	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
11	Walls	SF	370	\$50.00	\$18,500			
			SUBTOTAL		\$1,135,570			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$28,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$90,800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$113,600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$22,700
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$454,200
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONST	RUCTION COST	\$1,845,270

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS								
	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	0	\$100,000.00	\$0				
Railroad Crossing	EA	0	\$600,000.00	\$0				
RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF		\$5.00	\$0				
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0				
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST				
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$276,800				
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$184,500				
		\$2,307,000						

Alignment 1 is from Boones Ferry Road to T-S Road (L=1,250FT). Alignment 2 is from Martinazzi to Alignment 1 (600FT). Roadway section is 2-L (2-12' lanes, 2-8' parking, 2-10' sidewalk)

Alignment 1 widens to 5-L with 2-6' bike lanes for 400' approaching T-S Road

Existing development structures and elements are assumed removed by other projects and not included No ROW acquisition is included.

New signal is assumed at T-S Road

Additional 150' of 12' widening assumed on BFR north of the connection with Alignment 1

Walls are assumed at 2' average height, non-structural, for 10% of the total length on one side.

Project R40 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	JECT: Project R41 - Bus Pullout	s on Boones							
	Ferry Road		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age			1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Bus Pullout	EA	10.00	\$20,000.00	\$200,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$200,000				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$5,000	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$16,000	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$20,000	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$4,000	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$80,000	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
To	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		10.0%		\$32,500
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$32,500
	\$390,000			

Assumptions: Project adds 10 bus pullouts at locations along Boones Ferry Road, 5 in each direction

Project R41 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE	
PROJ	ECT: Project R42 - T-S Rd. EE	3 Right Turn			
	Pocket to BFF	₹	PREPARED BY:		DATE:
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:
	Structures				1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.03	\$935,700.00	\$28,071
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0
3	New Roadway	SF	5,100	\$7.00	\$35,700
4	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0
5	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0
6	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0
7	Signal Modifications	EA	1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000
8	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	350	\$7.50	\$2,625
9	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0
10	Illumination	Mi.	0.06	\$260,000.00	\$15,600
11	Landscaping	Mi.	0.12	\$235,000.00	\$28,200
12	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0
13	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0
			SUBTOTAL		\$185,196

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$4,600		
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$14,800		
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$18,500		
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$3,700		
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$74,100		
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0		
Design Year						
Construction Year		2012				
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST					

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

		UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Water Quali	y Treatment	LS	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000
Railroad Cro	ssing	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000

	RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Ne	ew Right of Way Acquisition	SF	4,200	\$5.00	\$21,000
Si	te Impacts	LS	All	\$75,000.00	\$75,000
	ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
De	esign Engineering		15.0%		\$45,100
Co	onstruction Engineering		10.0%		\$30,100
		\$792,000			

Assumptions

Turn pocket is 350' long measured from BFR west curbline. Widening width is 17' (5' bike, 12' lane) Taper length for turn pocket is 100' long

Existing ROW is assumed at the back of walk ~13' from face of curb

Widening is measured from edge of traveled way, ~2' from face of curb. Total ROW need is 12' Impacts are assumed to the railroad crossing (extended), signal bridge, gate, and traffic signal ped pole No impacts are assumed to the railroad signal controller.

Existing water quality facility south of T-S Road impacted. Allowance included for mechanical treatment Project R42

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	JECT:	Project R43 - Restriping BI	R Between T	1				
		S Rd and Nyberg	g St	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL:	Preliminary	_	Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012		
KIND	KIND OF WORK: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain		age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
		Structures				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Stripe Rer	noval	FT	1,610	\$0.65	\$1,047		
2	Thermopla	astic Pavement Striping	FT	1,610	\$1.00	\$1,610		
3	Thermople	astic Pavement Arrows	EA	4.0	\$500.00	\$2,000		
				SUBTOTAL		\$4,657		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$100
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$400
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$1,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		0.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	\$8,000			

Project is to restripe BFR turn lanes between T-S Road and Nyberg Street to provide more storage for left turning traffic to T-S Rd.

4" lines are assumed in unit cost

Length between T-S Rd and Nyberg Street is 400'

Turn pockets are 170' long at Nyberg St and 100' long at T-S Road existing

Project is considered maintenance/operations and therefore no engineering is included.

Project R43 1 of 1

	THALATIN TOD ODDED OF MACNITUDE COTIMATE							
	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO.	PROJECT: Project R44 - Sight Dist. Imp. I-5 SB Off-							
		Ramp	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary			Darren Hippenstiel		9/3/2012		
KIND	KIND OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
		Guardrail, Earthwork				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Guardrail		LF	45.00	\$50.00	\$2,250		
2	Earthwork	(See Note)	CY	300	\$7.50	\$2,250		
3	Landscapi	ng	SF	2000.00	\$5.60	\$11,200		
				SUBTOTAL		\$15,700		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$1,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$1,600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$6,300
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$25,600

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$3,800
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,600
	\$32,000			

Project R44 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	IECT: Project R45 - Redesign W							
	Interchange On-R	amp	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/17/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Signals				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.03	\$935,700.00	\$28,071			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	SF	12,400	\$7.00	\$86,800			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	500	\$7.50	\$3,750			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.03	\$260,000.00	\$7,800			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.03	\$235,000.00	\$7,050			
14	Concrete Barrier	LF	400	\$50.00	\$20,000			
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0			
	SUBTOTAL \$453,471							

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$11,300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$36,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$45,300
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$9,100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$181,400
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$736,871

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF		\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All	\$150,000.00	\$150,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$110,500
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$73,700
	\$1,071,000			

Widening along WB right turn pocket for 2 lanes, assume 10' widening

Concrete island is reconstructed smaller than existing

Widening/reconstruction of ramp 150' north of island to tie lanes/improvements

Signal assumed reconstructed due to pole impact at island

No ROW or structures impacted for improvements

Lighting and landscaping included for length of turn pocket improvements

Project R45 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJECT: Project R46 - Signage Impro								
		WB/NB On Ran	np	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL:	Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
		Signing				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Signs		EA	2.00	\$500.00	\$1,000		
				SUBTOTAL		\$1,000		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$0	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$100	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$100	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$0	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$400	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		0.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$2,000

Project installs signs for "no stopping" at concrete island on NB ramp Assume 1 sign on I-5 NB on-ramp

Assume 1 sign on concrete island north of Nyberg Road

Project R46 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	Project R47 - Crosswalk In Nyberg/Fred Me	•	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/17/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Concrete, Striping				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Sidewalk	SF	800	\$5.00	\$4,000			
2	Concrete Island	SF	2,440	\$12.00	\$29,280			
3	New Roadway	SF	1,100	\$7.00	\$7,700			
4	Signal Modification	EA	0.25	\$75,000.00	\$18,750			
5	Signs	EA		\$500.00	\$0			
6	Bike Lane Striping	SF		\$2.00	\$0			
7	Landscaping	SF		\$5.60	\$0			
			SUBTOTAL		\$59,730			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$1,500
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	20.0%	\$11,900
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$6,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$1,200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$23,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	\$104,230		

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		30.0%		\$31,300
Construction Engineering		20.0%		\$20,800
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$156,000

Improvements are to the pedestrian crossing T-S Road at the Fred Meyer/K-Mart intersection Improvements are to the west leg of the intersection only to provide refuge only, not a multi-stage cross Improvements inlcude new ADA ramps and sidewalk at the corners

Traffic Control increased due to volumes on T-S Road and construction times for concrete Crossing assumed to be reconstructed with concrete

Assume 1/4 typical signal modification since one leg only

Project R47 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE	
PRO	Project R48 - Turn Pock Teton/T-S Roa	-	PREPARED BY:		DATE:
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary	iu		ippenstiel	9/4/2012
	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age Lighting		пррепонен	SHEET:
KIND	Signals	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILL).		1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.06	\$935,700.00	\$56,142
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0
3	New Roadway	SF	6,000	\$7.00	\$42,000
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0
8	New Signal	EA	1.00	\$300,000.00	\$300,000
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	370	\$7.50	\$2,775
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.00	\$260,000.00	\$0
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.00	\$235,000.00	\$0
14	Fence Reconstruction	LF	250	\$25.00	\$6,250
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0
			SUBTOTAL		\$407,167

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$10,200	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$32,600	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$40,700	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$8,100	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$162,900	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
TO	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

		UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Priv	ate Utility Relocations	LS	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	2,500	\$5.00	\$12,500
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$99,300
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$66,200
	\$890,000			

Notes:

Widening for right turn pocket from Teton NB to T-S Road WB. 17' total widening (12' lane, 5' bike)

Turn pocket is 250' long. Taper from 0-17' over 100'

Curb and sidewalk construction from T-S Road to Manhasset (650' total length)

Curb length is divided in half due to half street improvement

Existing signal pole and controller at NW quadrant is impacts. Assume signal reconstruction

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	JECT: Project R49 - Right Turn P							
	to SW 124th		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting	0.	06	1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.03	\$935,700.00	\$28,071			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	SF	3,300	\$7.00	\$23,100			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
9	Signal Modifications	EA	1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	250	\$7.50	\$1,875			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.06	\$260,000.00	\$15,600			
	Landscaping	Mi.	0.06	\$235,000.00	\$14,100			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0			
			SUBTOTAL		\$157,746			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$3,900
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$12,600
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$15,800
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$3,200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$63,100
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$256,346

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$38,500
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$25,600
	\$320,000			

Turn pocket width is 12' lane plus 5' bike lane. 10' sidewalk/planter included ROW width is adequate for widening. No ROW acquisition is included No signals impacts are included. Signal modification will be needed for turn pocket light Lighting and landscaping are included

Project R49 1 of 1

^{1&#}x27; average depth earthwork is included for the turn pocket widening.

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
PROJECT: Project R50 - Improve Signing to I-5			PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/18/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Signing, Structures				1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Sign Structure - Mast Arm	EA	2.00	\$50,000.00	\$100,000		
2	Signing (Type G Panels)	SF	640	\$120.00	\$76,800		
			SUBTOTAL		\$176,800		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$4,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$14,100
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$17,700
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$3,500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$70,700
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				\$287,200

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		10.0%		\$28,700
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$28,700
	\$345,000			

Sign supports will be cantilever mast arm type structures

Two sign panels assumed per support

Signs are estimated to be 6' high X 10' wide

Signs are Type G metal panels

Locations of supports to be determined by design

No other physical impacts or improvements assumed (i.e. curb line, sidewalk, roadway, etc.)

Project R50 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
	TUALATIN ISP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	EESIIMAIE				
PRO.	IECT: Project R51 - Install Signa	al at SW 65th						
	Ave and SW Sage	ert St	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/6/2012			
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Drain	age, Lighting,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Structures				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.00	\$935,700.00	\$0			
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0			
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS	1	\$35,000.00	\$35,000			
8	New Signal	EA	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000			
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0			
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY		\$7.50	\$0			
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0			
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.00	\$260,000.00	\$0			
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.00	\$235,000.00	\$0			
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0			
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0			
			SUBTOTAL		\$335,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$8,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$26,800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$33,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$6,700
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$134,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$544,400			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$81,700
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$54,400
	\$681,000			

Project installs a signal at SW 65th Avenue and SW Sagert Street

No ROW is impacted with installation

No roadway improvements are included with installation

Project R51 1 of 1

Bicycle/Pedestrian Projects

TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
PROJECT: Project BP1 - Safe Routes to School						
Way finding S	igns	PREPARED BY:	PREPARED BY:			
DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/18/2012		
KIND OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
Signing				1 of 1		
NO. ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1 Signs	EA	90	\$500.00	\$45,000		
		SUBTOTAL		\$45,000		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$1,100	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$3,600	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$4,500	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$900	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$18,000	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		0.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	\$73,000			

Assumptions:
Project installs way finding signage along routes to schools
Assume 6 signs per route, 3 routes per school & 5 total schools

Project BP1 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	JECT:	Project BP2 - Bicycle Impi						
		Bridgeport Village	ge	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL:	Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
		Striping				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Colored Pa	avement Marking	SF	3,240	\$2.00	\$6,480		
				SUBTOTAL		\$6,480		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$200	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$500	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$600	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$100	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$2,600	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		0.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$10,000

No pedestrian improvements included in the improvement plan as sidewalks and crosswalks were constructed by Bridgeport project and are in good condition Improvements to bicycle facilities are for colored bike lanes extensions through right turn lanes Material is assumed to be durable MMA or Thermoplastic

Project BP2 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	JECT: Project BP3 - BFR Mid-BI	ock Crossing						
	North of Tualatin F	River	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	11/29/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Roadway				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Concrete Sidewalk	SF	340	\$5.00	\$1,700			
2	Concrete Islands	SF	240	\$12.00	\$2,880			
3	Concrete Curb	LF	125	\$15.00	\$1,875			
4	Signing	EA	6	\$500.00	\$3,000			
5	Striping	LF	360	\$1.00	\$360			
6	Crosswalks/Stopbars (Thermo)	SF	248	\$10.00	\$2,480			
	Illumination	EA	2	\$5,000.00	\$10,000			
			SUBTOTAL		\$22,295			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$600
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$1,800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$2,200
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$400
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$8,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$36,195			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Design Engineering		20.0%		\$7,200		
Speed Study		LS		\$10,000		
Construction Engineering		15.0%		\$5,400		
TOTAL PROJECT COST						

Project is for mid-block crossing of Boones Ferry Road north of the Tualatin River at the Tualatin View Apartments

Improvements include concrete islands (30' x 8'), sidewalk ramps, signage and striping

Striping is for ladder style cross walk. 12" width x 10' long markings

Sidewalk ramps assume 10' wings each side and 6' throat, parallel type ramps

illumination poles (non-decorative) assumed both sides of BFR

A speed study was requested by ODOT in 2008 to determine desirability to extend an existing 30MPH spreed zone to encompass the crossing in both traffic directions. Estimate inlcudes costs for data collection, analyzing results, and preparing a technical memorandum with recommendations

Project BP3 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO.	JECT: Project BP4 - Improve	Crosswalk						
	Visibility at Siletz/BFR		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		9/17/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Signing, Lighting				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Signs	EA	4	\$500.00	\$2,000			
2	Illumination	EA	2	\$5,000.00	\$10,000			
			SUBTOTAL		\$12,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$1,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,200
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$4,800
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TC	\$19,500		

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$2,900
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,000
	\$24,000			

Project is to improve awareness and visibility at the intersection of SW Siletz Drive and SW BFR

Project BP4 1 of 1

¹ pedestrian warning sign approaching the intersection on each leg is assumed

Lighting around the intersection is low (due to distance from nearest lights). Assume 2 lights installed near the intersection to improve lighting

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
DDO	PROJECT: Project RP5 - Rike Lane Through Avery							
PROJ	Troject Di o Bike Lane i	nrough Avery						
DE01	At BFR		PREPARED BY:	linnonotial	DATE: 9/3/2012			
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	-			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):	00	SHEET: 1 of 1			
NO.	Roadway, Drainage ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	00 UNIT COST	COST			
NO.		Mi.	0.04					
2	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.04	\$935,700.00 \$173,700.00	\$37,428			
_	Multi-use Path		0.04		\$0 \$16,500			
	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.	0.04	\$412,500.00	\$16,500			
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0			
	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0			
	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0			
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0			
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0			
9	Signal Modifications	EA CY	100	\$75,000.00	\$0			
11	Earthwork (See Note)	5-10%	100	\$7.50	\$750 \$0			
12	Traffic Calming	5-10% Mi.	0.00	+260,000,00	•			
	Illumination	Mi.		\$260,000.00	\$0			
	Landscaping	SF	0.00	\$235,000.00	\$0			
14	Bridges Walls	SF SF		\$150.00	\$0 \$0			
15	vvalis	SF	CUDTOTAL	\$75.00				
			SUBTOTAL		<i>\$54,678</i>			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$1,400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$4,400
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$5,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$1,100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$21,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$88,978			

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	1,200	\$5.00	\$6,000		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$13,300		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$8,900		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST					

Minor widening 200' east of the intersection of Avery and Boones Ferry Road All widening is to the northside $\,$

Cross section proposed is 3-12' lanes, 2-6' bike lanes, 2-6' sidewalks 0-12' of ROW acquisition is assumed.

Project BP5 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJECT: Project BP6 - Improve Bridge		ridge Behind						
	Hagens		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	gn Level: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/17/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Surfacing, Lighting				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Bridges	SF	2,600	\$19.00	\$49,400			
			SUBTOTAL		\$49,400			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST	
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$1,200	
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$4,000	
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$4,900	
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$1,000	
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$19,800	
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0	
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
7	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$12,000
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$8,000
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$100,000

Project BP6 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PROJ	Project BP10 - Trail Near Blake/SW108t		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Hippe	enstiel	12/6/2012				
KIND	of work: Roadway, Earthwork, Struc	tures	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
			0.	32	1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.		\$935,700.00	\$0				
2	Multi-Use Path	Mi.	0.11	\$173,700.00	\$19,107				
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0				
4	New Roadway	SF	1,950	\$7.00	\$13,650				
5	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0				
6	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0				
7	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0				
8	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0				
9	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0				
10	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0				
11	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	870	\$7.50	\$6,525				
12	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0				
13	Illumination	Mi.		\$260,000.00	\$0				
14	Landscaping	Mi.		\$235,000.00	\$0				
15	Bridges - MUP (Wooden)	SF	3,500	\$90.00	\$315,000				
16	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0				
17	Mitigation (Natural Resources)	LS	1	\$35,000.00	\$35,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$389,282				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST		
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.0%	\$7,800		
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$31,100		
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$38,900		
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$7,800		
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$155,700		
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0		
Design Year					
Construction Year		2012			
T	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	315	\$5.00	\$1,575		
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0		
ENGINEERING COSTS		PERCENTAGE		COST		
Design Engineering, Permitting		15.0%		\$94,600		
Permitting		2.5%		\$15,800		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$63,100		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST					

Alternative includes minor widening of shoulders and off-alignment 10' shared use path

Avg. H=5' cut of inside curve 105th/Blake to improve sight distance ~15' width

Avg. H=3' cut of outside curve behind g-rail for shared use path ~16' width

Avg. H=1' minor fill north side Blake/108th for shoulder improvements

Avg. H=1' minor fill eastside approaching Paulina to connect shared use patht to sidewalk

Wooden bridge type structure for shared use path behind guardrail through sensitive area, eastside

May require utility relocations (assumed by utility) to move poles out of shared use path

Assumes minor ROW acquisition at inside curve 108th/Blake

Project BP10 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP	- ORDER O	F MAGNITUD	E ESTIMATE	
PRO	Project BP12 - Tonq	uin Trail			
	Neighborhood Conn	ections	PREPARED BY:		DATE:
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/19/2012
KIND	of work: Multiuse Path, Earthwork, D	Orainage,	LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:
	Structures				1 of 1
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.28	\$935,700.00	\$261,996
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.	0.18	\$173,700.00	\$31,266
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	1,320	\$7.50	\$9,900
11	Traffic Calming	5-10%		-	\$0
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.00	\$260,000.00	\$0
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.18	\$235,000.00	\$42,300
14	Bridges	SF	21,000	\$150.00	\$3,150,000
15	Walls	SF	500	\$75.00	\$37,500
			SUBTOTAL		\$3,532,962

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$88,300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$282,600
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$353,300
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$70,700
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$1,413,200
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$5,741,062

ANTICIPATED ADDITIONAL COSTS

	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Sensitive Area Impact Mitigation	LS	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000
Railroad Crossing	EA	1	\$150,000.00	\$150,000

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	30,000	\$5.00	\$150,000
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$861,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$574,100
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$7,626,000

Assumptions: Next Page

Project BP12 1 of 2

Estimate excludes Blake Street connection. That estimate prepared previously from 2009 SW Tualatin Concept Plan Update.

Clearance over railroad to bottom of structure 23'6". Depth of structure estimated at 5'6"

Maximum slope for path is 5% and was used in developing path approach lengths to bridge

- 1 access assumed almost entirely on structure due to major sensitive resource impacts and excessive embankment heights
- 1 access improvement area assumed existing at grade rail crossing used for the path. Minor improvements included for the rail crossing

Sidewalk and curb are added to the at grade location to connect to SW 105th

15' ROW is assumed for the MUP approaches on structure and easement for the at grade connection

Project BP12 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE									
	TUALATIN 13P	- OKDEK C	F MAGNITUD	EESTIMATE						
222	PROJECT: Project RP13 - Colored Rike Lane									
PROJ	110,000 D1 13 - 0010100									
	Through Nyberg Inter	rchange	PREPARED BY:		DATE:					
	GN LEVEL: Preliminary			lippenstiel	9/3/2012					
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:					
	Striping				1 of 1					
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST					
1	Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks & Drainage	Mi.	0.00	\$935,700.00	\$0					
2	Multi-use Path	Mi.		\$173,700.00	\$0					
3	New Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$412,500.00	\$0					
4	Overlay Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$89,400.00	\$0					
5	Reconstruct Existing Roadway	Lane-Mi.		\$438,900.00	\$0					
6	Intersection Widening	EA		\$76,500.00	\$0					
7	Interconnect Signal	LS		\$35,000.00	\$0					
8	New Signal	EA		\$300,000.00	\$0					
9	Signal Modifications	EA		\$75,000.00	\$0					
10	Earthwork (See Note)	CY		\$7.50	\$0					
11	Bike Lane Striping	SF	4,920	\$2.00	\$9,840					
12	Illumination	Mi.	0.00	\$260,000.00	\$0					
13	Landscaping	Mi.	0.00	\$235,000.00	\$0					
14	Bridges	SF		\$150.00	\$0					
15	Walls	SF		\$75.00	\$0					
			SUBTOTAL		\$9,840					

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$200
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$3,900
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	_
TO	OTAL CONST	RUCTION COST	\$15,940

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		30.0%		\$4,800
Construction Engineering		20.0%		\$3,200
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$24,000

Project to add roadway striping only. No new pavement or roadway construction is assumed.

Pavement marking will be applied between existing bike lane lines. No striping removal will be required.

Colored pavement marking will be applied at ramp terminal crossings only.

Material is assumed MMA or Thermoplastic

Project BP13 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE									
PROJECT: Project BP14 - Bike Lane Across I-5 SB Off-ran			PREPARED BY:	PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary			Darren Hippenstiel		9/3/2012	2			
KIND	OF WORK:	•		LENGTH (MILE):	•	SHEET:				
		Striping				1 of 1				
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Striping		Lane-Mi.	0.06	\$8,700.00		\$522			
				SUBTOTAL			\$522			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$0
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$0
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$100
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$0
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$200
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
T	OTAL CONST	RUCTION COST	\$822

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering				\$1,000
Construction Engineering		0.0%		\$0
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$2,000

Existing stripe removal

Two stripes, 150' length each

Striping across ramp is an operations/maintenance activity. DE cost is included to estimate Admin time/costs

Project BP14 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	JECT: Project BP15 - Bike Land	•	DDED ADED DV		DATE				
	Nyberg Interchange	e East	PREPARED BY:	Para a rate d	DATE:				
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren H	lippenstiel	9/3/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
Concrete, Guardrail, Striping		g			1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Guardrail	LF	160	\$50.00	\$8,000				
2	Concrete Island	SF	480	\$12.00	\$5,760				
3	New Roadway	SF	300	\$7.00	\$2,100				
4	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	300	\$7.50	\$2,250				
5	Signs	EA	2	\$500.00	\$1,000				
6	Bike Lane Striping	SF	300	\$2.00	\$600				
7	Landscaping	SF	1,000	\$5.60	\$5,600				
			SUBTOTAL		\$25,310				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$600
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$2,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$2,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$10,100
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$41,010

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		30.0%		\$12,300
Construction Engineering		20.0%		\$8,200
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$62,000

No lane revisions. New Roadway is for bike lane pavement widening only (assumed 0-6' W X 100' L) $\,$

Guardrail reconstructed between bridge rail end pieces (Nyberg Bridge to Ramp bridge)

Concrete island reconstructed to better align bikes for 90° crossing 20'± up the ramp

Sliver fill along bike lane revisions, 100'

Add two warning signs at interchange (standard signs and posts)

Add colored pavement marking in bike lane crossing of I-5 NB loop ramp terminal

Project BP15 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	PROJECT: Project BP16 - Improve Bike/Ped Rail								
	Crossings		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary Darren Hipp		lippenstiel	8/1/2012					
KIND	KIND OF WORK: Roadway, Earthwork, Drainage		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Structures				1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Sidewalk	SF	3,210	\$5.00	\$16,050				
2	Railroad Crossing Panels	FT	335	\$402.00	\$134,670				
3	Earthwork (See Note)	CY	260	\$7.50	\$1,950				
			SUBTOTAL		\$152,670				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$3,800
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$12,200
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$15,300
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$3,100
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$61,100
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
To	OTAL CONST	RUCTION COST	\$248,170

RIGHT OF WAY COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
New Right of Way Acquisition	SF	0	\$5.00	\$0
Structure(s)	LS	All		\$0
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$37,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$24,800
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$310,000

Estimate includes two project sites. Site 1 is along SW Boones Ferry Road just north of the Tualatin River. Site 2 is along SW Lower Boones Ferry Road at the east city limits.

Site 1 improvements are to the crossing panels only. Crossing signal, gates, and sidewalk exist but the panels are settled and deteriorated.

Site 2 improvements include sidewalks each side of the track and crossing panel improvements. Sidewalks at site 2 are estimated to run behind existing curb, parallel to existing tracks, and cross at 90° angles to the track.

Panels are improved across travel lanes to provide improved crossing for bicycles. Assumes panel improvements for bikes would trigger improvements across all lanes

Project BP16 1 of 1

Transit Projects

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	PROJECT: Project T1 - Provide Bus Transit Service								
	on SW Herman Road		load	PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary Darren		Darren H	lippenstiel	11/8/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
		Signing, Bus Shelter		2.00		1 of 1			
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Signs		EA	16	\$500.00	\$8,000			
2	Bus Shelte	er	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000			
				SUBTOTAL		\$13,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$1,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,300
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$5,200
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$21,100

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$3,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,100
SUI	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$466,000

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	1300	\$128.95	\$167,635			
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$1							
		TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$634,000			

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T1 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	JECT: Project T2 - Provide 6	Bus Transit Service							
	on SW 124th Stre		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Signing, Bus Shelter		1.40		1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Signs	EA	12	\$500.00	\$6,000				
2	Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$11,000				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$900
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,100
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$4,400
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$17,900

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$2,700
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$1,800
SUI	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$462,000

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	884	\$128.95	\$113,992		
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$11						
		TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$576,000		

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T2 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	JECT: Project T3 - Prov								
	on SW Avery Stre		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Signing, Bus Sheli	ter	1.10		1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Signs	EA	10	\$500.00	\$5,000				
2	Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$10,000				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$800
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,000
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$200
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$4,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$16,300

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$2,400
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$1,600
SUI	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$460,000

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	754	\$128.95	\$97,228		
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST						
	TOTAL PROJECT COST						

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T3 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE								
PRO	PROJECT: Project T4 - Provide Bus Transit Service								
	on SW Tualatin Roa		PREPARED BY:		DATE:				
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012				
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:				
	Signing, Bus Shelte	er	1.50		1 of 1				
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST				
1	Signs	EA	20	\$500.00	\$10,000				
2	Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000				
			SUBTOTAL		\$15,000				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COST	TS SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$1,200
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$6,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
	TOTAL CONSTI	RUCTION COST	\$24,400

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$3,700
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,400
SUI	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$471,000

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	1430	\$128.95	\$184,399		
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST						
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$1 TOTAL PROJECT COST \$6						

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T4 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE									
PRO	PROJECT: Project T5 - Provide Bus Transit Service									
	on SW T-S Roa	ad	PREPARED BY:		DATE:					
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/28/2012					
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:					
	Signing, Bus Shelter		2.70		1 of 1					
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST					
1	Signs	EA	22	\$500.00	\$11,000					
2	Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000					
			SUBTOTAL		\$16,000					

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$400
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$1,300
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,600
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$6,400
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$26,000

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000			
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST			
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$3,900			
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,600			
SUI	SUBTOTAL CAPITAL COST						

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	1690	\$128.95	\$217,926			
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$218							
	TOTAL PROJECT COST \$691,00							

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T5 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE									
PRO.	PROJECT: Project T6 - Extend Bus Service to East									
	Tualatin		PREPARED BY:		DATE:					
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012					
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:					
	Signing, Bus Shelter		1.10		1 of 1					
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST					
1	Signs	EA	16	\$500.00	\$8,000					
2	Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000					
			SUBTOTAL		\$13,000					

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$300
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$1,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$1,300
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$300
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$5,200
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$21,100

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$3,200
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$2,100
SUI	\$466,000			

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	754	\$128.95	\$97,228			
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$97							
	TOTAL PROJECT COST \$563,							

Bus Stop Frequency = 1 per direction per 0.25 miles

(Matches average existing stop frequency on Boones Ferry Road)

1 sign/post per stop

1 shelter per route

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

Dwell/Layover Time = 18% of Travel Time

Hours of Service = 6am to 7pm, Monday to Friday only

Service Frequency = 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Operating unit cost per hour (\$128.95/hr) provided by TriMet

New bus cost at \$440K per bus provided by TriMet

Project T6 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE									
PROJ	PROJECT: Project T7 - Extend Service Hours For									
	•		PREPARED BY:		DATE:					
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012					
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:					
	Bus Service Hours				1 of 1					
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST					
						\$0				
						\$0				
			SUBTOTAL			\$0				

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$0
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$0
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$0
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$0
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$0
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST				

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST		
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$0		
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$0		
SUBTOTAL CAPITAL COST						

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	8400	\$128.95	\$1,083,180			
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING COST \$1,083,0							
	TOTAL PROJECT COST \$1,083,000							

Assumptions: On Reverse Page

Project T7 1 of 2

Assumptions Continued:

Mileage of each bus line only includes portion within study limits.

Average Travel Speed = 25 mph

All bus lines assumed to be bi-directional.

Dwell / Layover Time = 18% of travel time

Existing buses will be used for extended lines, so no new buses are needed.

Hours of Service / Frequency: Line 12

Weekday and Weekend

5am to 10am, 1 bus per 15 minutes

10am to 3pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

3pm to 7pm, 1 bus per 15 minutes

Hours of Service / Frequency: Lines 36, 37, 38

Weekday

6am to 9am, 1 bus per 15 minutes

9am to 4pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

4pm to 7pm, 1 bus per 15 minutes

Weekend

6am to 7pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

Hours of Service / Frequency: Line 76

Weekday and Weekend

6am to 9am, 1 bus per 15 minutes

9am to 4pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

4pm to 7pm, 1 bus per 15 minutes

7pm to 9:30 pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

Hours of Service / Frequency: Line 96

Weekday

6am to 9am, 1 bus per 15 minutes

9am to 4pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

4pm to 7pm, 1 bus per 15 minutes

7pm to 9 pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

Weekend

6am to 7pm, 1 bus per 30 minutes

Service Period = 1 year

Project T7 2 of 2

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	PROJECT: Project T8 - Provide Shuttle between							
	Bridgeport Village and Tualatin		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESIG	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
		New Shuttle Service				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
							\$0	
				SUBTOTAL			\$0	

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$0
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$0
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$0
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$0
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$0
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$0

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
Shuttle	EA	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$0
SUI	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$50,000

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	2392	\$128.95	\$308,448
	SUBTO	TAL OPER	ATING COST		\$308,000
		TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$358,000

Assumptions Continued:

1 new shuttle van operates constantly within hours of service, including 18% dwell / layover time. Cost of shuttle van assumed at \$50K/ea.

Hours of Service

6 hours on weekdays (Mon-Fri)

8 hours on weekends (Sat-Sun)

Service Period = 1 year

Project T8 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PROJ	PROJECT: Project T9 - Expand Shuttle for							
	Industrial/Manufacturing Workers		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	DESIGN LEVEL: Preliminary			Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:			LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Sh	uttle Service Hours				1 of 1		
NO.		ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
							\$0	
							\$0	
				SUBTOTAL			\$0	

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$0
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$0
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$0
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$0
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$0
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$0

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$0
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$0
SU	BTOTAL CA	PITAL COST		\$0

NO.	OPERATING COSTS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Total Service Hours	HRS	1625	\$35.61	\$57,866		
	SUBTO	TAL OPER	ATING COST		\$58,000		
	TOTAL PROJECT COST \$58						

Assumptions Continued:

2 existing shuttle vans operate constantly within hours of service, including 18% dwell / layover time. Increase in Hours of Service (weekdays only)

Van 1: 4.25 additional hours (all day from 5:30 am to 6:15pm)

Van 2: 2 additional hours

Service Period = 1 year

Cost per day of operation provided by the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce. Cost per hour is computed by dividing cost per day (\$373.78) by 10.5 hours (current operating hours per day total for both vans)

Project T9 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE							
PRO	PROJECT: Project T11 - Park-And-Ride Locations							
	In West Tualat		PREPARED BY:		DATE:			
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012			
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:			
	Signing, Bus Pullout				1 of 1			
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST			
1	Signs	EA	10	\$500.00	\$5,000			
2	2 Bus Pullout EA 1 \$20,000.00 \$20,00							
			SUBTOTAL		\$25,000			

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE	COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%	\$600
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%	\$2,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%	\$2,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%	\$500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%	\$10,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%	\$0
Design Year			
Construction Year		2012	
TO	OTAL CONSTR	RUCTION COST	\$40,600

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$6,100
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$4,100
	TOTAL PRO	DJECT COST		\$51,000

Project utilizes existing parking lots for parking spaces. No paving or striping is included for parking.

Bus pull out added for bus stop/parking during service

10 signs/posts per lot

1 bus pullout per lot

Project T11 1 of 1

	TUALATIN TSP - ORDER OF MAGNITUDE ESTIMATE						
PRO.	JECT: Project T12 - Park-And-R	ide Locations					
	In South Tualat	in	PREPARED BY:		DATE:		
DESI	GN LEVEL: Preliminary		Darren Hippenstiel		11/8/2012		
KIND	OF WORK:		LENGTH (MILE):		SHEET:		
	Signing, Bus Pullout				1 of 1		
NO.	ITEM	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST		
1	Signs	EA	10	\$500.00	\$5,000		
2	2 Bus Pullout EA 1 \$20,000.00 \$20,00						
			SUBTOTAL		\$25,000		

ADDITIONAL CONST. COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Construction Surveying	1.0-2.5%	2.5%		\$600
TP & DT	3.0-8.0%	8.0%		\$2,000
Mobilization	8.0-10.0%	10.0%		\$2,500
Erosion Control	0.5-2.0%	2.0%		\$500
Contingency	30-40%	40.0%		\$10,000
Escalation (per year)	0.5-2.0%	0.0%		\$0
Design Year				
Construction Year		2012		
TO	\$40,600			

ANTICIPATED ITEMS	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT COST	COST
ENGINEERING COSTS	SUGGESTED	PERCENTAGE		COST
Design Engineering		15.0%		\$6,100
Construction Engineering		10.0%		\$4,100
	\$51,000			

Project utilizes existing parking lots for parking spaces. No paving or striping is included for parking.

Bus pull out added for bus stop/parking during service

10 signs/posts per lot

1 bus pullout per lot

Project T12 1 of 1

Factored Cost Estimates

FACTORED ESTIMATES FOR ROADWAY PROJECTS										
Revised No.	No.	Project	Description	Estimated Cost	Source	2012 Costs Adj from 1993 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2001 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2007 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2009 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2010 @ 4%/yr
						19	11	5	3	2
Project R16 -	BP7 (BPU21)	Multiuse Path along 65th Avenue	Multiuse path from Tualatin River to I-205 on the westside of 65th Avenue	\$8,000,000	2007 RTP			\$ 9,734,000.00		
Project R35 -	R1 (I11)	SW Sagert/SW Martinazzi Signal		\$1,700,000	2007 RTP			\$ 2,069,000.00		
Project R18 -	U6 (UU22)	Improve SW Cipole Road	From Tualatin-Sherwood Road to OR99W	\$13,000,000	2007 RTP			\$ 15,817,000.00		
Project R5 -	U7 (UU29)	Widen SW Myslony Street	From 124th to 112th	\$9,400,000	2007 RTP			\$ 11,437,000.00		
Project R25 -	U9 (BPU18)	Fill Sidewalk Gaps								
	a	SW Grahams Ferry Road		\$797,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 1,680,000.00				
Project R15 -	U14 (BPU20)	Add bicycle facilities to SW 95th Ave.	From T-S Road to SW Avery	\$2,400,000	2007 RTP			\$ 2,920,000.00		
Project R14 -	BP27 (BPU19)	Add Bike Lanes on Martinazzi		\$860,000						\$ 931,000.00
Project R29 -	U17	SW Tualatin Concept Plan Roadways	excludes Tonquin Road and SW 124th Ave	\$27,955,000					\$ 31,446,000.00	
Project R23 -	U17b	Tonquin Road from Waldo Way to Grahams Ferry Road		\$9,950,000					\$ 11,193,000.00	

			FACTORED ESTIMA	TEC FOR BICYC	LE AND DEDECTE	DIAN DOO LECT				
			FACTORED ESTIMA	ES FUR DICTU	LE AND PEDESIF	MAN PROJECTS	.			
Revised No.	No.	Project	Description	Estimated Cost	Source	2012 Costs Adj from 1993 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2001 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2007 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2009 @ 4%/yr	2012 Costs Adj from 2010 @ 4%/yr
						19	11	5	3	2
500000	9.0.9.0			is disclosis						5212521252125
Project BP11 -		Multiuse Path near Fred Meyer under I-	Multiuse crossing under I-5 near Fred Meyer	\$1,600,000	2007 RTP			\$ 1,947,000.00		
Project BP17 -		INITITIESE NATH DRINGES OVER THATATIN	At Jurgens Park and north of SW Cipole Road in conjunction with Westside Trail (cost per each bridge)	\$2,000,000	2007 RTP			\$ 2,434,000.00		
Project BP8 -	BP16	Multiuse path as part of the Tualatin Trail	Eastside Trail	\$1,013,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 2,135,000.00				
Project BP7 -	BP17 (BPU10)	Construct the multi-use path projects from the previously adopted Tualatin Pedestrian Plan								
		Tualatin River Path (Bike)		\$3,152,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 6,641,000.00				
		TRP Connections (Bike)		\$859,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 1,810,000.00				
		Nyberg Creek Path (Bike)		\$605,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 1,275,000.00				
		NCP Connections (Bike)		\$165,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 348,000.00				
	е	Hedges Creek Path (Bike)		\$418,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 881,000.00				
	f	Tualatin High School Path (Bike)		\$176,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 371,000.00				
	g	I-5 Path (Bike)		\$1,540,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 3,245,000.00				
	h	I-5 Path Connections (Bike)		\$99,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 209,000.00				
	i	Saum Creek Path (Bike)		\$1,013,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 2,135,000.00				
	i	Norwood Expressway Path (Bike)		\$1,783,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 3,757,000.00				
		Tualatin River Bridges (Bike)		\$1,500,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 3,161,000.00				
		Saum Creek Path Trail (Ped)		\$170,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 359,000.00				
		SCOP Ped Connections (Ped)		\$14,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 30,000.00				
	n	Hedges Creek Ped Connections (Ped)		\$94,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 199,000.00				
		Nyberg Creek Path (Ped)		\$11,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 24,000.00				
	р	Indian Meadows Path (Ped)		\$9,100	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 20,000.00				
Project BP9 -		Tualatin River Greenway - east side	Fill in gaps	\$123,000	1993 Bike/Ped	\$ 260,000.00				

Unit Costs

Unit Costs (Based on Development Pricing)

Curb, Gutter, Sidewalks, & Enclosed Drainage (Unit: Mile)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Concrete Curb and Gutter	LF	10,560	\$15.00	\$158,400.00	For Both Sides of Rdwy
Concrete Sidewalk	SF	63,360	\$5.00	\$316,800.00	For Both Sides of Rdwy, 6' Wide
15 Inch Storm Sewer Pipe, 10' deep	LF	5,280	\$65.00	\$343,200.00	Long. Storm Pipe, Including Trenching/Backfill
Storm Manhole	EA	21	\$2,400.00	\$50,400.00	Every 250' (21 in a mile)
Standard Catch Basin	EA	42	\$1,200.00	\$50,400.00	Every 250' (21 in a mile*2 for both sides= 42)
			SUBTOTAL	\$919,200.00	
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%				\$5,515.20	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$11,030.40	
		TO	\$935,700.00		

Multi-use Path (Unit: Mile)

man dee r am (erm mile)					
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN	802	\$95.00	\$76,168.89	12' Lane, 5280' long, depth=2 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY
Aggregate Base	TN	3,618	\$20.00	\$72,355.56	10' Lane, 5280' long, depth=12 IN, density=1.850 TN/CY
12 Inch Storm Sewer Pipe, 5' deep	LF	260	\$85.00	\$22,100.00	Lateral Culverts: 20' long, every 400 LF (13/mile)
			SUBTOTAL	\$170,624.44	
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%				\$1,023.75	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$2,047.49	
		ТО	TAL UNIT COST	\$173,700.00	

New Roadway (Unit: Lane-Mile)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN	3,207	\$95.00	\$304,675.56	12' Lanes, 5280' long, depth=8 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY
Aggregate Base	TN	4,341	\$20.00	\$86,826.67	12' Lanes, 5280' long, depth=12 IN, density=1.850 TN/CY
15 Inch Storm Sewer Pipe, 10' deep	LF	130	\$65.00	\$8,450.00	Lateral Culverts: 13' per lane, every 250 LF (21/mile)
Excavation	CY	-	\$7.50	\$0.00	
Embankment	CY	-	\$7.50	\$0.00	See Below For Earthwork
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF	5,280	\$1.00	\$5,280.00	1 solid stripe per lane
	-		\$405,232.22		
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%			·	\$2,431.39	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$4,862.79	
_		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$412,500.00	

New Roadway (Unit: SF)

New Roadway (Olit. Ol)					
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
New Roadway/SF per Lane Mile	SF	1	\$6.51	\$6.51	See New Roadway (Unit: Lane-Mile) for Breakdown
		\$7.00			

Overlay Existing Roadway (Unit: Lane-Mile)

Overlay Existing Roadway (Onit. Lai	ie-iville)				
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN	802 \$95.00	C70 400 00	12' Lanes, 5280' long, depth=2 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY	
Aspirali	IIN	002	802 \$95.00	\$70,100.09	TN/CY
Cold Plane Pavement Removal	SF	15,840			12' Lanes, 5280' long, 25% of extg. rdwy.
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF	5,280	\$1.00	\$5,280.00	1 solid stripe per lane
	·•	TO	\$89,400,00		

Reconstruct Existing Roadway (Unit: Lane-Mile)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Excavation	CY	3,520	\$7.50	\$26,400.00	Removal of 4in. AC and 14in Aggregate Base
New Roadway	-	1	-	\$412,500.00	See 'New Roadway' Sheet for Cost Breakdown
		ТО	\$438,900.00		

Intersection Widening (Unit: Each)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN	J 296	\$95.00	\$28,130.56	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150'
Aspriait	IIN	290	φ95.00	φ20, 13U.30	long, depth=6 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY
Aggregate Base	TN	624	\$20.00	\$12,470.37	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150'
Aggregate base	IIN	024	\$20.00	\$12,470.37	long, depth=14 IN, density=1.850 TN/CY
Concrete Curb and Gutter	LF	600	\$15.00	\$9,000.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches
Sidewalk	SF	4,200	\$5.00	\$21,000.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches, 7' Wide
Demolition of Extg. Curb/Sidewalk	CY	200	\$15.00	\$3,000.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches, 9' Wide, 1' Deep
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF	1,200	\$1.00	\$1,200.00	2 solid stripes per lane, 4 new lanes, 150' long
			SUBTOTAL	\$74,800.93	
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%				\$448.81	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$897.61	
Landscaping - 0.5%				\$374.00	
_		ТО	\$76,500.00		

Large Roundabouts (Unit: Each)

Large Roundabouts (Unit: Each)	LINUT	TOTAL	COMMENTO		
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN		\$95.00	\$0.00	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150'
Aspirali	IIN		\$95.00	φυ.υυ	long, depth=6 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY
A D	TNI		¢00.00	60.00	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150'
Aggregate Base	TN		\$20.00	\$0.00	long, depth=14 IN, density=1.850 TN/CY
Concrete Curb and Gutter	LF		\$15.00	\$0.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches
Concrete Sidewalk	SF		\$5.00	\$0.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches, 7' Wide
Concrete Islands	SF		\$12.00		
Demolition of Extg. Curb/Sidewalk	CY		\$15.00	90.00	300' per approach, 4 approaches, 9' Wide, 1' Deep
	O1		\$13.00	ψ0.00	300 per approach, 4 approaches, 9 Wide, 1 Deep
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF		\$1.00	\$0.00	2 solid stripes per lane, 4 new lanes, 150' long
	•		SUBTOTAL	\$0.00	
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%				\$0.00	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$0.00	
Landscaping - 0.5%				\$0.00	
Roundabout OLD	EA	1	\$1,100,000.00	. , ,	Includes all costs associated with the construction of a One Lane Roundabout where an existing intersection is located. Cost per Rick Kuehn.
		ТО	\$1,100,000.00		

Small Roundabouts (Unit: Each)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Asphalt	TN		\$95.00	\$0.00	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150' long, depth=6 IN, density=2.050 TN/CY
Aggregate Base	TN		\$20.00	\$0.00	26' of widening per approach, 2 approaches, 150' long, depth=14 IN, density=1.850 TN/CY
Concrete Curb and Gutter	LF		\$15.00	\$0.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches
Concrete Sidewalk	SF		\$5.00	\$0.00	300' per approach, 2 approaches, 7' Wide
Concrete Islands	SF		\$12.00		
Demolition of Extg. Curb/Sidewalk	CY		\$15.00	\$0.00	300' per approach, 4 approaches, 9' Wide, 1' Deep
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF		\$1.00	\$0.00	2 solid stripes per lane, 4 new lanes, 150' long
			SUBTOTAL	\$0.00	-
Clearing and Grubbing - 0.6%				\$0.00	
Removal of Structures - 1.2%				\$0.00	
Landscaping - 0.5%				\$0.00	
Roundabout OLD	EA	1	\$1,100,000.00	\$400,000.00	Includes all costs associated with the construction of a One Lane Roundabout in virgin ground. Cost per Rick Kuehn.
	•	TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$400,000.00	

Restriping Existing Roadway (Unit: Lane-Mile)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Stripe Removal	LF	5,280	\$0.65	\$3,432.00	1 solid stripe removed per lane
Thermoplastic Pavement Striping	LF	5,280	\$1.00	\$5,280.00	1 solid stripe per lane
		ТО	\$8,700.00		

Bike Lane Colored Marking (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Bike Lane Colored Marking	SF	1	\$2.00	\$2.00	Durable marking (MMA or Thermoplastic)
	•	TO	\$2.00		

Interconnnect Signal (Unit: Lump Sum)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Interconnect Signal System	LS	1	\$35,000.00	\$35,000.00	Includes all costs to interconnect
		TO	\$35,000.00		

New Signal (Unit: Each)

New Olgital (Offit: Each)					
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
New Signal	LS	1	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00	Includes signal system and all appurtenances (pole, wiring, detection devices, etc.) for 1 intersection
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$300,000.00	

Signal Modifications (Unit: Each)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Modify Signal	LS	1	\$75,000.00	\$75,000,00	Includes all evaluations and modifications to the signal at one intersection
		ТО	\$75,000.00		

Earthwork (Unit: CY)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Excavation	CY	2,933	\$7.50	\$22,000.00	Length=5280/2=2640LF, Max depth = 5'
Embankment	CY	2,347	\$7.50	\$17,600.00	Length=5280/2=2640LF, Max depth = 4'
		TO	\$39,600,00		

Earthowrk Estimated (Unit: CY)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Earthwork (Cut/Fill)	CY	1	\$7.50	\$7.50	Unit Cost
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$7.50	

Illumination (Unit: Mile)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Luminaire and appurtenances	EA	52	\$ 5,000.0	\$260,000.00	Luminaire, pole, wiring, etc (1 pole on each side every 200'=52 poles)
	-	то	T \$260,000.00		

Illumination (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT		UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Luminaire and appurtenances	EA	1	\$	5,000.00	\$5,000.00	Per Each Luminaire Estimated Cost
		TO)TA	AL UNIT COST	\$5,000.00	

Landscaping (Unit: Mile)

Landscaping (Onit. Wille)					
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Landscaping	LS	1	\$ 235,000.00		Plantings, Trees, Topsoil, and Irrigation sums up to aproximately \$235,000 per mile (for both sides of roadway)
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$235,000.00	

Landscaping (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNI	T COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Landscaping	SF	1	\$	5.56	\$5 5h	Per mile landscaping cost divided by 2-4' planter widths at 5,280 LF
		TO	NIT COST	\$5.60		

Bridges - Short Span (Unit: Square Foot)

Bridges - Short Span (Offic. Square 1 00t)											
ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS						
	SF	1	\$185.00	\$185 00	The cost of this item is project dependent; see note 3 of the directions tab for more information						
		TO	\$185.00								

Bridges - Long Span (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
	SF	1	\$250.00	\$250.00	The cost of this item is project dependent; see note 3 of the directions tab for more information
	•	ТО	TAL UNIT COST	\$250.00	

Bridges - MUP (Wooden) (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
	SF	1	\$19.00	\$19.00	The cost of this item is project dependent; see note 3 of the directions tab for more information
	-	TO	\$19.00		

Walls (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Retaining Wall (H>=4')	LS	1	\$75.00	\$75.00	
		TO	\$75.00		

Walls (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Retaining Wall (H<4')	LS	1	\$50.00	\$50.00	
		TO	\$50.00		

Right-of-Way - Undeveloped (Unit: Square Foot)

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ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Right-of-Way Acquisition	LS	1	\$5.00	\$5.00	ROW acquisition cost is approx. \$5/SF
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$5.00	

Right-of-Way - Developed (Unit: Square Foot)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Right-of-Way Acquisition	LS	1	\$8.00	\$8.00	ROW acquisition cost is approx. \$5/SF
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$8.00	

Fence Reconstruction (Unit: LF)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Fence Construction	LF	1	\$25.00	\$25.00	Includes Removal
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$25.00	

New Signs - Small (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Signs	EA	1	\$500.00	\$500.00	Includes Post, In place complete
		TO	\$500.00		

New Signs - Large (Unit: SF)

ÎTEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Signs	SF	1	\$120.00	\$120.00	Assumes Type G1 Panels, Sign only
		TO	\$120.00		

New Signs Supports (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Sign Supports	EA	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	Mast Arm Type Structure
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$50,000,00	

Guardrail (Unit: LF)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Guardrail	LF	1	\$50.00	\$50.00	
	·	TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$50.00	

Tree Removal (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Tree Removal	EA	1	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	
		TO	TAL UNIT COST	\$1,000,00	

Concrete Barrier (Unit: LF)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Concrete Barrier	LF	1	\$50.00	\$50.00	
	· · · · · ·	TO	\$50.00		

Bus Pullouts (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Bus Pullouts	EA	1	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	
		TO	\$20,000.00		

Bus Shelter (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Bus Shelter	EA	1	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	Bus shelter only, no pullout (see previous)
		ТО	\$5,000.00		

Bus (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Bus	EA	1	\$440,000.00	\$440,000.00	New bus (per TriMet)
TOTAL UNIT COST				\$440,000.00	

Shuttle (Unit: EA)

ITEM	UNIT	AMOUNT	UNIT COST	TOTAL	COMMENTS
Shuttle	EA	1	\$50,000.00	\$50,000.00	New Shuttle (large van)
TOTAL UNIT COST			\$50,000.00		

Appendix F HDF 'UbX'FH D'7ca d`]UbW

TPF	Requirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance			
660	660-012-0015 Preparation and Coordination of TSPs				
(3)	Cities and counties shall prepare, adopt and amend local TSPs for lands within their planning jurisdiction in compliance with this division:				
	(a) Local TSPs shall establish a system of transportation facilities and services adequate to meet identified local transportation needs and shall be consistent with regional TSPs and adopted elements of the state TSP;	Chapter 2 of the TSP includes facilities and services to meet identified transportation needs. Needs are identified in Appendixes B and C, existing and future conditions and needs. The Tualatin TSP has been compared to regional (RTP and RTFP) requirements for consistency			
(5)	The preparation of TSPs shall be coordinated with affected state and federal agencies, local governments, special districts, and private providers of transportation services.	The TTF described in Chapter 2 included regional agency representatives to coordinate the TSP process for all required coordination			
(6)	Mass transit, transportation, airport and port districts shall participate in the development of TSPs for those transportation facilities and services they provide. These districts shall prepare and adopt plans for transportation facilities and services they provide. Such plans shall be consistent with and adequate to carry out relevant portions of applicable regional and local TSPs. Cooperative agreements executed under ORS 197.185(2) shall include the requirement that mass transit, transportation, airport and port districts adopt a plan consistent with the requirements of this section.	The TTF described in Chapter 2 included a TriMet representative and participated throughout the development of the TSP. The Tualatin TSP is consistent with TriMet agency plans.			
660	0-012-0020 Elements of TSPs				
(2)	The TSP Shall include the following elements (a) A determination of transportation needs as provided in OAR 660-012-0030	Transportation needs are included in Appendixes B and C: Existing and Future Conditions and Needs The TSP also includes a summary of needs for each transportation element			

TPR Requirements

(b) A road plan for a system of arterials and collectors and standards for the layout of local streets and other important non-collector street connections. Functional classifications of roads in regional and local TSP's shall be consistent with functional classifications of roads in state and regional TSPs and shall provide for continuity between adjacent jurisdictions. The standards for the layout of local streets shall provide for safe and convenient bike and pedestrian circulation necessary to carry out OAR 660-012-0045(3)(b). New connections to arterials and state highways shall be consistent with designated access management categories. The intent of this requirement is to provide guidance on the spacing of future extensions and connections along existing and future streets which are needed to provide reasonably direct routes for bicycle and pedestrian travel.

Tualatin TSP Compliance

The Roadway element of the TSP (first section in Chapter 2) includes a functional classification plan and roadway standards to address this requirement. The Functional Classification plan shows extensions of existing streets, connections to existing and planned streets, including arterials and collectors, and connections to neighborhood destinations.

The standards for the layout of local streets shall address:

- (A) Extensions of existing streets
- (B) Connections to existing or planned streets, including arterials and collectors; and
- (C) Connections to neighborhood destinations.

PR Requirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
 (c) A public transportation plan which: (A) Describes public transportation services for the transportation disadvantaged and identifies service inadequacies; 	The transit modal plan in Chapter 2 includes the existing public transportation services and identifies service inadequacies. It also describes the intercity bus and passenger rail service and the location of stations and transfer stations.
 (B) Describes intercity bus and passenger rai service and identifies the location of terminals; 	Appendix B: Existing conditions describes existing transit routes, transit ways, terminals and major transfer stations, stops, and park-and-ride stations.
(C) For areas within an urban growth boundary which have public transit service, identifies existing and planned transit trunk routes, exclusive transit way terminals and major transfer stations, major transit stops, and park-and-ride stations. Designation of stop or station locations may allow for minor adjustmen in the location of stops to provide for efficient transit or traffic operation or to provide convenient pedestrian access to adjacent or nearby uses.	
(D) For areas within an urban area containing a population greater than 25,000 persons not currently served by transit, evaluates the feasibility of developing a public transit system at buildout. Where a trans system is determined to be feasible, the plan shall meet the requirements of paragraph (2)(c)(C) of this rule.	
(d) A bicycle and pedestrian plan for a network o bicycle and pedestrian routes throughout the planning area. The network and list of facility improvements shall be consistent with the requirements of ORS 366.514;	· ·
(e) An air, rail, water and pipeline transportation plan which identifies where public use airport mainline and branchline railroads and railroad facilities, port facilities, and major regional pipelines and terminals are located or planne within the planning area. For airports, the planning area shall include all areas within airport imaginary surfaces and other areas covered by state or federal regulations;	existing facilities.
(f) For areas within an urban area containing a population greater than 25,000 persons a pla for transportation system management and demand management;	Chapter 2 includes a Transportation System Management and Transportation sections

(g) A parking plan in MPO areas as provided in OAR 660-012-0045(5)(c); (h) Policies and land use regulations for implementing the TSP as provided in OAR 660-012-0045; (i) For areas within an urban growth boundary containing a population greater than 2500 persons, a transportation financing program as provided in OAR 660-012-0040. (a) An inventory and general assessment of existing and committed transportation facilities and services by function, type, capacity and condition: (A) The transportation capacity analysis shall include information on: (i) The capacities of existing and committed facilities; (ii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and services are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance standards;	TPR Requ	irements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
implementing the TSP as provided in OAR 660-012-0045; (i) For areas within an urban growth boundary containing a population greater than 2500 persons, a transportation financing program as provided in OAR 660-012-0040. (a) An inventory and general assessment of existing and committed transportation facilities and services by function, type, capacity and condition: (A) The transportation capacity analysis shall include information on: (i) The capacities of existing and committed facilities; and (iii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and (iii) The assumptions upon which these capacities are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance Parformance standards are in the street section.			Chapter 2 includes a parking plan
containing a population greater than 2500 persons, a transportation financing program as provided in OAR 660-012-0040. (a) An inventory and general assessment of existing and committed transportation facilities and services by function, type, capacity and condition: (A) The transportation capacity analysis shall include information on: (i) The capacities of existing and committed facilities; (ii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and (iii) The assumptions upon which these capacities are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance capacities in Chapter 2 includes a summary of roadway capacity. Appendixes B and C existing and foruse capacity. Appendixes B and C existing and project future capacity is sue on the transportation network.	i	mplementing the TSP as provided in OAR 660-	language to implement the TSP. Appendix F includes
existing and committed transportation facilities and services by function, type, capacity and condition: (A) The transportation capacity analysis shall include information on: (i) The capacities of existing and committed facilities; (ii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and (iii) The assumptions upon which these capacities are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance	(containing a population greater than 2500 persons, a transportation financing program as	improvement costs. Project tables in Chapter 2 include
include information on: (i) The capacities of existing and committed facilities; (ii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and (iii) The assumptions upon which these capacities are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance	1	existing and committed transportation facilities and services by function, type,	Appendixes B and C existing and future conditions include an in-depth analysis of existing and project
facilities; (ii) The degree to which those capacities have been reached or surpassed on existing facilities; and (iii) The assumptions upon which these capacities are based. (B) For state and regional facilities, the transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance			
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transportation capacity analysis shall be consistent with standards of facility performance considered acceptable by the affected state or regional transportation agency; (C) The transportation facility condition analysis shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very poor). (3) (b) A system of planned transportation facilities, services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance transportation analysis Chapter 2 includes modal plans which describe the planned transportation facilities, services, and major improvements, including the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services. Performance standards are in the street section			
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services and major improvements. The system shall include a description of the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services and their planned capacities and performance planned transportation facilities, services, and major improvements, including the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services. Performance standards are in the street section	: •	shall describe the general physical and operational condition of each transportation facility (e.g., very good, good, fair, poor, very	
standards;	servi inclu class their	ces and major improvements. The system shall de a description of the type or functional ification of planned facilities and services and planned capacities and performance	planned transportation facilities, services, and major improvements, including the type or functional classification of planned facilities and services.
660-012-0025 Complying with the Goals in Preparing TSPs			 Ps

TPR F	Requirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
a c f	except as provided in section (3) of this rule, adoption of a TSP shall constitute the land use decision regarding the need for transportation acilities, services and major improvements and their function, mode, and general location.	In process
p c T	Findings of compliance with applicable statewide planning goals and acknowledged comprehensive plan policies and land use regulations shall be developed in conjunction with the adoption of the TSP.	In process
	<u> </u>	
t	The TSP shall identify transportation needs relevant to the planning area and the scale of the transportation network being planned including:	Appendixes B and C include a determination of transportation needs in the planning area including state, regional, and local transportation needs, needs of transportation disadvantaged, and needs for goods
	a) State, regional, and local transportation needs;	movement to support industrial and commercial development.
(b) Needs of the transportation disadvantaged;	
(c) Needs for movement of goods and services to support industrial and commercial development planned for pursuant to OAR 660-009 and Goal 9 (Economic Development).	
c	Within urban growth boundaries, the determination of local and regional transportation needs shall be based upon:	Appendix C, future conditions, includes population and employment forecasts consistent with Metro's 2040 plan, with 2035 as the study year.
(a) Population and employment forecasts and distributions that are consistent with the acknowledged comprehensive plan, including those policies that implement Goal 14. Forecasts and distributions shall be for 20 years and, if desired, for longer periods; and	Modal targets from Metro's 2040 plan are included in the Transportation Demand Management section and are designed to reduce reliance on the automobile. Bicycle, pedestrian, and multi-use path policies and projects will also help reduce reliance on the automobile
(b) Measures adopted pursuant to OAR 660-012-0045 to encourage reduced reliance on the automobile.	
660-0	012-0035 Evaluation and Selection of Transportation	n System Alternatives
i b r v	The TSP shall be based upon evaluation of potential mpacts of system alternatives that can reasonably be expected to meet the identified transportation needs in a safe manner and at a reasonable cost with available technology. The following shall be evaluated as components of system alternatives:	The TSP system and network of improvements includes considerations of impacts on identified transportation needs.
	a) Improvements to existing facilities or services;	Improvements to existing facilities and services were considered before new facilities and are high priorities in this TSP for all modal elements

TPR Re	equirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
(b)	 New facilities and services, including different modes or combinations of modes that could reasonably meet identified transportation needs; 	All new facilities were evaluated based on their ability to include all modes or combinations of travel modes to meet the need
(c)	Transportation system management measures;	The Transportation System Management section in Chapter 2 includes measures to better manage existing facilities to meet anticipated demand
(d)) Demand management measures; and	Transportation Demand Management strategies in Chapter 2 includes measure to manage demand within the City
(e)) A no-build system alternative required by the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 or other laws.	Appendix C, future conditions documents the "no- build" system alternative and the deficiencies to meet Tualatin's future transportation system needs
	ne following standards shall be used to evaluate and select alternatives:	Appendix D includes documentation of the alternatives evaluation and selection process. Goals and objectives developed in the first phase of the project guided alternative selection
(a)	The transportation system shall support urban and rural development by providing types and levels of transportation facilities and services appropriate to serve the land uses identified in the acknowledged comprehensive plan;	Appendix C, future conditions documents the anticipated land uses and the TSP projects include consideration of these land uses in determining an appropriate transportation system
(b)		Appendix D, Alternatives Analysis includes an evaluation of project alternatives against adopted state and federal standards.
(c)	The transportation system shall minimize adverse economic, social, environmental and energy consequences;	Appendix D, Alternatives Analysis includes an evaluation of project alternatives for impacts to economic, social, environmental, and energy metrics
(d) The transportation system shall minimize conflicts and facilitate connections between modes of transportation; and	Appendix D, Alternatives Analysis includes an evaluation of project alternatives for ability to minimize conflicts and facilitate connections between modes of transportation
(e)) The transportation system shall avoid principal reliance on any one mode of transportation by increasing transportation choices to reduce principal reliance on the automobile.	Chapter 2 includes transit and bicycle, pedestrian, and multi-use trail modal plans which increase transportation choices to reduce reliance on the automobile

TPR Requirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
(4) In MPO areas, regional and local TSPs shall be designed to achieve adopted standards for increasing transportation choices and reducing reliance on the automobile. Adopted standards are intended as means of measuring progress of metropolitan areas towards developing and implementing transportation systems and land use plans that increase transportation choices and reduce reliance on the automobile. It is anticipated that metropolitan areas will accomplish reduced reliance by changing land use patterns and transportation systems so that walking, cycling, and use of transit are highly convenient and so that, on balance, people need to and are likely to drive less than they do today.	
(7) Regional and local TSPs shall include benchmarks to assure satisfactory progress towards meeting the approved standard or standards adopted pursuant to this rule at regular intervals over the planning period. MPOs and local governments shall evaluate progress in meeting benchmarks at each update of the regional transportation plan. Where benchmarks are not met, the relevant TSP shall be amended to include new or additional efforts adequate to meet the requirements of this rule.	and other regional planning partners to evaluate progress toward established regional benchmarks
(1) For areas within an urban growth boundary containing a population greater than 2,500 persons, the TSP shall include a transportation financing program.	Funding for individual transportation projects in the TSP is included in Chapter 2 modal plans, and in the Implementation Section of Chapter 2. Full documentation of the financing plan is included in Appendix E
 (2) A transportation financing program shall include the items listed in (a)-(d): (a) A list of planned transportation facilities and major improvements; (b) A general estimate of the timing for planned 	The modal elements in Chapter 2 include planned transportation facilities and major improvements Tables in the modal element sections include an
transportation facilities and major improvements; (c) A determination of rough cost estimates for the transportation facilities and major improvements identified in the TSP; and	estimated timing for planned facilities and major improvements Tables in the modal element sections include rough cost estimates for planned facilities and major improvements. Full documentation of the cost estimates is included in Appendix E

TPR Requirements	Tualatin TSP Compliance
(d) In metropolitan areas, policies to guide selection of transportation facility and improvement projects for funding in the short-term to meet the standards and benchmarks established pursuant to 0035(4)-(6). Such policies shall consider, and shall include among the priorities, facilities and improvements that support mixed-use, pedestrian friendly development and increased use of alternative modes.	The implementation chapter includes information on selection of improvements including mixed-use, pedestrian friendly development.
(3) The determination of rough cost estimates is intended to provide an estimate of the fiscal requirements to support the land uses in the acknowledged comprehensive plan and allow jurisdictions to assess the adequacy of existing and possible alternative funding mechanisms. In addition to including rough cost estimates for each transportation facility and major improvement, the transportation financing plan shall include a discussion of the facility provider's existing funding mechanisms and the ability of these and possible new mechanisms to fund the development of each transportation facility and major improvement. These funding mechanisms may also be described in terms of general guidelines or local policies.	The funding section and funding sources in the tables indicates cost estimate and how the project will be implemented.
(5) The transportation financing program shall provide for phasing of major improvements to encourage infill and redevelopment of urban lands prior to facilities and improvements which would cause premature development of urbanizable lands or conversion of rural lands to urban uses.	The streets plan includes phasing and roadways to be development as adjacent land uses are developed.

Attachment A: Findings of TPR Compliance

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
OAR 660-012-0045	
(1) Each local government shall amend its land use regulations to implement the TSP.	
(b) To the extent, if any, that a transportation facility, service, or improvement concerns the application of a comprehensive plan provision or land use regulation, it may be allowed without further land use review if it is permitted outright or if it is subject to standards that do not require interpretation or the exercise of factual, policy or legal judgment.	The TDC permits transportation facilities and improvements in its planning districts
(c) Where a transportation facility, service or improvement is determined to have a significant impact on land use or requires interpretation or the exercise of factual, policy or legal judgment regarding the application of a comprehensive plan or land use regulation, the local government shall provide a review and approval process that is consistent with 660-012-0050 (Transportation Project Development). Local governments shall amend regulations to provide for consolidated review of land use decisions required to permit a transportation project.	There are existing references to coordination with other agencies, and specifically ODOT, in the review notice procedures for architectural review in TDC Section 31.074(2)(b), for notice procedures for quasi-judicial hearings in TDC Section 31.077(2)(a), and for notice procedures for proposed amendments in TDC Section 1.031(1). Proposed amendments to TDC 1.031(1), TDC 31.074(2)(b), and TDC 31.077(2)(a) (Attachment A of the Staff Report for PTA 12-02) expand notice requirements to cover more providers, managers, and interest groups related to transportation facilities and services.
(2) Local governments shall adopt land use or subdivision ordinance regulations, consistent with applicable federal and state requirements, to protect transportation facilities for their identified functions.	

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
(a) Access control measures.	Block lengths and access management are addressed by existing code in future street extension requirements (TDC Section 74.410) and Chapter 74 (Access Management on Arterial Streets). These code sections will be updated to reflect any changes to access management included in the updated TSP.
(b) Standards to protect the future operations of roadways and transit corridors	Mobility standards for roadways in the city are provided in the OHP for state roadways, in the RTP for regional roadways, and in the City TSP for local roadways.
	Traffic impact studies are required for development proposals according to the discretion of the City Engineer (TDC 74.440). Studies must include recommendations for improvements to ensure a level of service specified in the traffic impact study requirements.
	Plan amendment criteria (TDC 1.032) specifically set mobility standards for amendments in Town Centers and other Metro 2040 design areas: "Granting the amendment is consistent with Level of Service F for the p.m. peak hour and E for the one-half hour before and after the p.m. peak hour for the Town Center 2040 Design Type (TDC Map 9-4), and E/E for the rest of the 2040 Design Types in the City's planning area."
	Proposed amendments to TDC 1.032 (Attachment A of the Staff Report for PTA 12-02) add references to TIS requirements that can be used in the analysis supporting the findings for OAR 660-012-0060.

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
(d) Coordinated review of future land use decisions affecting transportation facilities, corridors or sites	See response and proposed amendments related to OAR 660-012-0045(1)(c).
(e) Process to apply conditions to development proposals in order to minimize impacts and protect transportation facilities	The City's authority to condition approval is codified both in TDC 31.073 (Action of the Community Development Director and City Engineer on Architectural Review Plans), TDC 31.077 (Quasi-Judicial Evidentiary Hearing Procedures), and TDC 36.160.2 (Subdivision Plan Approval).
	Pursuant to TDC 74.440.4, "[t]he applicant shall implement all or a portion of the improvements called for in the traffic study as determined by the City Engineer."
(f) Regulations to provide notice to public agencies providing transportation facilities and services, MPOs, and ODOT of: land use applications that require public hearings, subdivision and partition applications, applications which affect private access to roads, applications within airport noise corridor and imaginary surfaces which affect airport operations.	See response and proposed amendments related to - 0045(1)(c).
g) Regulations assuring amendments to land use designations, densities, design standards are consistent with the function, capacities, and levels of service of facilities designated in the TSP.	Plan amendment criteria (TDC 1.032) include compliance with the City Comprehensive Plan objectives and Statewide Planning Goals and Oregon Administrative Rules.
	Proposed amendments to TDC 1.032 (Attachment A of the Staff Report for PTA 12-02) acknowledge the findings that need to be made for OAR 660-012-0060.
(3) Local governments shall adopt land use or subdivision regulations for urban areas and rural communities as set forth in 660-012-0040(3)(a-d):	

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference	
(a) Provide bicycle parking in multifamily developments of 4 units or more, new retail, office and institutional developments, transit transfer stations and park-and-ride lots	Addressed by RTFP, Title 4: Regional Parking Management, 3.08.410.I.	
(b) Provide "safe and convenient" (per subsection 660-012-0045.3(d)) pedestrian and bicycle connections from new subdivisions/multifamily development to neighborhood activity centers; bikeways are required along arterials and major collectors; sidewalks are required along arterials, collectors, and most local streets in urban areas except controlled access roadways	Addressed by RTFP, Title 1: Pedestrian System Design, 3.08.130, and Title 1: Bicycle System Design, 3.08.140	
(c) Off-site road improvements required as a condition of development approval must accommodate bicycle and pedestrian travel, including facilities on arterials and major collectors	See response about authority to condition approval in - 0045(2)(e). Existing and proposed City street design standards (TSP, Figure 2) include pedestrian and bicycle facilities on arterials and collectors.	
(e) Provide internal pedestrian circulation within new office parks and commercial developments	Addressed by RTFP, Title 1: Street System Design, 3.08.110E	
(4) To support transit in urban areas containing a population greater than 25,000, where the area is already served by a public transit system or where a determination has been made that a public transit system is feasible, local governments shall adopt land use and subdivision regulations as provided in (a)-(g) below:		
(a) Transit routes and transit facilities shall be designed to support transit use through provision of bus stops, pullouts and shelters, optimum road geometrics, on-road parking restrictions and similar facilities, as appropriate;	Addressed by RTFP, Title 1: Transit System Design, 3.08.120	
(b) New retail, office and institutional buildings at or near major transit	Addressed by RTFP, Title 1: Transit System Design, 3.08.120	

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
stops shall provide for convenient pedestrian access to transit through the measures listed in (A) and (B) below.	
(A) Walkways shall be provided connecting building entrances and streets adjoining the site;	
(B) Pedestrian connections to adjoining properties shall be provided except where such a connection is impracticable. Pedestrian connections shall connect the on site circulation system to existing or proposed streets, walkways, and driveways that abut the property. Where adjacent properties are undeveloped or have potential for redevelopment, streets, accessways and walkways on site shall be laid out or stubbed to allow for extension to the adjoining property;	
(C) In addition to (A) and (B) above, on sites at major transit stops provide the following:	
(i) Either locate buildings within 20 feet of the transit stop, a transit street or an intersecting street or provide a pedestrian plaza at the transit stop or a street intersection;	
(ii) A reasonably direct pedestrian connection between the transit stop and building entrances on the site;	
(iii) A transit passenger landing pad accessible to disabled persons;	
(iv) An easement or dedication for a passenger shelter if requested by the transit provider; and	
(v) Lighting at the transit stop.	
(c) Local governments may implement (4)(b)(A) and (B) above through the	Addressed by RTFP Title 1: Pedestrian System Design,

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
designation of pedestrian districts and adoption of appropriate implementing measures regulating development within pedestrian districts. Pedestrian districts must comply with the requirement of (4)(b)(C) above;	3.08.130B
(d) Designated employee parking areas in new developments shall provide preferential parking for carpools and vanpools;	Subsection (1)(x) of TDC 73.370 (Off-Street Parking and Loading) specifies standards for the dimensions and signage of vanpool and carpool parking. Proposed amendments to Subsection (1)(x) of TDC 73.370 (Attachment A of the Staff Report for PTA 12-02) add provisions for the preferential location of vanpool and carpool parking spaces.
(e) Existing development shall be allowed to redevelop a portion of existing parking areas for transit-oriented uses, including bus stops and pullouts, bus shelters, park and ride stations, transit-oriented developments, and similar facilities, where appropriate;	TDC 73.370.1.w provides for transit-oriented redevelopment in parking areas.
(f) Road systems for new development shall be provided that can be adequately served by transit, including provision of pedestrian access to existing and identified future transit routes. This shall include, where appropriate, separate accessways to minimize travel distances;	Addressed by RTFP Title 1: Street System Design, 3.08.110E, and Title 1: Transit System Design, 3.08.120, and Title 1: Pedestrian System Design, 3.08.130
(g) Along existing or planned transit routes, designation of types and densities of land uses adequate to support transit.	The area around the fixed rail station in Tualatin (WES Commuter Rail) is zoned predominantly high density residential (High Density Residential and High Density Residential/High Rise) and commercial (Central Commercial and General Commercial). Otherwise, bus routes in the city serve a range of land use designations from high to low density residential, commercial, and industrial/employment. Low density residential areas are served when they are between higher

TPR Requirement	RTFP or Local Development Code Reference
	density designations in Tualatin and neighboring communities (e.g., along Boones Ferry between Downtown Tualatin and Wilsonville). This requirement is met in terms of concentrating density and
	mixed uses around the fixed rail station and having some degree of density and mixed uses along the bus lines and at bus stops.
(6) As part of the pedestrian and bicycle circulation plans, local governments shall identify improvements to facilitate bicycle and pedestrian trips to meet local travel needs in developed areas.	Addressed by RTFP Title 1: Pedestrian System Design, 3.08.130, and Title 1: Bicycle System Design, 3.08.140, and Title 2: Transportation Needs, 3.08.210, and Title 2: Transportation Solutions, 3.08.220
(7) Local governments shall establish standards for local streets and accessways that minimize pavement width and total ROW consistent with the operational needs of the facility.	Addressed by RTFP Title 1: Street System Design, 3.08.110B
OAR 660-012-0060	
Amendments to functional plans, acknowledged comprehensive plans, and land use regulations that significantly affect an existing or planned transportation facility shall assure that allowed land uses are consistent with the identified function, capacity, and performance standards of the facility.	TDC 1.032 (Burden of Proof) requires that text and map amendments be consistent with applicable state planning goals and rules.
	Proposed amendments to TDC 1.032 (Attachment A of the Staff Report for PTA 12-02) acknowledge the findings that need to be made for OAR 660-012-0060.

RTP and RTFP Compliance

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	Local TSP
	reference?
Include, to the extent practicable, a network of major arterial streets at one-mile spacing and minor arterials or collectors at half-mile spacing, considering: • existing topography; • rail lines; freeways; pre-existing development, leases, easements or covenants; • requirements of Metro's Urban Growth Management Functional Plan Title 3 (Water Quality and Flood plains) and Title 13 (Nature in Neighborhoods), such as streams, rivers, flood plains, wetlands, riparian and upland fish and wildlife habitat areas. • arterial design concepts in chapter 2 of RTP • best practices and designs as set forth in regional state or local plans and best practices for protecting natural resources and natural areas (Title 1, Street System Design Sec 3.08.110C)	The Functional Classification Plan in Chapter 2 of the TSP includes a network of major arterial streets. The evaluation criteria and alternatives analysis for all projects (Appendix D) included environmental impact considerations and protection of natural resources and natural areas.
Include a conceptual map of new streets for all contiguous areas of vacant and re-developable lots and parcels of five or more acres that are zoned to allow residential or mixed-use development. The map shall identify street connections to adjacent areas and should demonstrate opportunities to extend and connect new streets to existing streets, provide direct public right-of-way routes and limit closed-end street designs consistent with Title 1, Sec 3.08.110E (Title 1, Street System Design Sec 3.08.110D)	The urban upgrades and street extension map shows new streets to areas of vacant and redevelopable lots and parcels.
Applicable to both Development Code and TSP To the extent feasible, restrict driveway and street access in the vicinity of interchange ramp terminals, consistent with Oregon Highway Plan Access Management Standards, and accommodate local circulation on the local system. Public street connections, consistent with regional street design and spacing standards, shall be encouraged and shall supersede this access restriction. Multimodal street design features including pedestrian crossings and on-street parking shall be allowed where appropriate. (Title 1,Street System Design Sec 3.08.110G)	Included in the access management plan in Chapter 2
Include investments, policies, standards and criteria to provide pedestrian and bicycle connections to all existing transit stops and major transit stops designated in Figure 2.15 of the RTP. (Title 1, Transit System Design Sec 3.08.120A)	Policy language in the Bicycle, pedestrian, and multi-use path modal plans includes policy language to provide connections to transit stops

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	Local TSP
	reference?
Include a transit plan consistent with transit functional classifications shown in Figure 2.15 of the RTP that shows the locations of major transit stops, transit centers, high capacity transit stations, regional biketransit facilities, inter-city bus and rail passenger terminals designated in the RTP, transit-priority treatments such as signals, park-and-ride facilities, and bicycle and pedestrian routes, consistent with sections 3.08.130 and 3.08.140, between essential destinations and transit stops. (Title 1, Transit System Design Sec 3.08.120B(1))	Chapter 2 includes a transit plan. The existing conditions summary in the transit plan and Appendix B Existing conditions includes a map that shows the location of major transit stops, transit centers, high capacity transit stations , inter-city bus and rail passenger terminals (WES) ,
Include a pedestrian plan, for an interconnected network of pedestrian routes within and through the city or county. The plan shall include: • An inventory of existing facilities that identifies gaps and deficiencies in the pedestrian system; • An evaluation of needs for pedestrian access to transit and essential destinations for all mobility levels, including direct, comfortable and safe pedestrian routes; • A list of improvements to the pedestrian system that will help the city or county achieve the regional Non-SOV modal targets in Table 3.08-1 of the RTFP, and other targets established pursuant to section 3.08.230; • Provisions for sidewalks along arterials, collectors and most local streets, except that sidewalks are not required along controlled roadways, such as freeways; • Provision for safe crossings of streets and controlled pedestrian crossings on major arterials (Title 1, Pedestrian System Design Sec 3.08.130A)	and park and ride facilities Tualatin is an Industry center, employment Center, and town center. Non-SOV mode targets for industrial and employment areas are 40-45% average daily weekday trips for 2035 Town Center modal targets are 45-55%. Chapter 2 modal plans include policy language to connect pedestrian access to transit. Design standards in the roadway plan include provisions for sidewalks along arterials, collectors, and most local streets.

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	Local TSP
 Include a bicycle plan for an interconnected network of bicycle routes within and through the city or county. The plan shall include: An inventory of existing facilities that identifies gaps and deficiencies in the bicycle system; An evaluation of needs for bicycle access to transit and essential destinations, including direct, comfortable and safe bicycle routes and secure bicycle parking, considering <i>TriMet Bicycle Parking Guidelines</i>; A list of improvements to the bicycle system that will help the city or county achieve the regional Non-SOV modal targets in Table 3.08-1 of the RTFP and other targets established pursuant to section 3.08.230; Provision for bikeways along arterials, collectors and local streets, and bicycling parking in centers, at major transit stops shown in Figure 2.15 in the RTP, park-and-ride lots and associated with institutional 	Included in the bicycle and pedestrian modal plan in Chapter 2. The roadway standards include provision for bikeways along arterials, collectors, and local streets.
uses; • Provision for safe crossing of streets and controlled bicycle crossings on major arterials (Title 1, Bicycle System Design Sec 3.08.140)	
 Include a freight plan for an interconnected system of freight networks within and through the city or county. The plan shall include: An inventory of existing facilities that identifies gaps and deficiencies in the freight system; An evaluation of freight access to freight intermodal facilities, employment and industrial areas and commercial districts; A list of improvements to the freight system that will help the city or county increase reliability of freight movement, reduce freight delay and achieve targets established pursuant to section 3.08.230. (Title 1, Freight System Design Sec 3.08.150) 	The interconnected freight network information is included in Chapter 2 in the freight modal plan and the street modal plan and discusses access to employment and industrial areas and commercial districts.
Include a transportation system management and operations (TSMO) plan to improve the performance of existing transportation infrastructure within or through the city or county. A TSMO plan shall include: • An inventory and evaluation of existing local and regional TSMO infrastructure, strategies and programs that identifies gaps and opportunities to expand infrastructure, strategies and programs • A list of projects and strategies, consistent with the Regional TSMO Plan, based upon consideration of the following functional areas: • Multimodal traffic management investments • Traveler Information investments • Traffic incident management investments • Transportation demand management investments (Title 1, Transportation System Management and Operations Sec 3.08.160)	These strategies can be found in Chapter 2 in the TSMO and TDM sections

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	Local TSP
Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	reference?
Incorporate regional and state transportation needs identified in the 2035 RTP as well as local	Standards are
transportation needs. The determination of local transportation needs based upon:	included in the
• System gaps and deficiencies identified in the inventories and analysis of transportation system pursuant to Title 1;	street section.
 Identification of facilities that exceed the Deficiency Thresholds and Operating Standards in Table 3.08- 	
2 or the alternative thresholds and standards established pursuant to section 3.08.230;	
Consideration and documentation of the needs of youth, seniors, people with disabilities and	
environmental justice populations within the city of county, including minorities and low-income families.	
A local determination of transportation needs must be consistent with the following elements of the RTP:	
The population and employment forecast and planning period of the RTP, except that a city or county	
may use an alternative forecast for the city or county, coordinated with Metro, to account for changes to comprehensive plan or land use regulations adopted after adoption of the RTP;	
• System maps and functional classifications for street design, motor vehicles, transit, bicycles, pedestrians and freight in Chapter 2 of the RTP;	
 Regional non-SOV modal targets in Table 3.08-1 and the Deficiency Thresholds and Operating 	
Standards in Table 3.08-2.	
When determining its transportation needs, a city or county shall consider the regional needs identified in	
the mobility corridor strategies in Chapter 4 of the RTP.	
(Title 2, Transportation Needs Sec 3.08.210)	All starts of a consum
Consider the following strategies in the order listed, to meet the transportation needs determined	All strategies were
pursuant to section 3.08.210 and performance targets and standards pursuant to section 3.08.230. The city or county shall explain its choice of one or more of the strategies and why other strategies were not	considered and included in the
chosen:	projects and
 TSMO, including localized TDM, safety, operational and access management improvements; 	policies in Chapter
Transit, bicycle and pedestrian system improvements; Transit, bicycle and pedestrian system improvements;	2 of the TSP,
Traffic-calming designs and devices;	except for Land
Land use strategies in OAR 660-012-0035(2)	use strategies,
Connectivity improvements to provide parallel arterials, collectors or local streets that include	which are
pedestrian and bicycle facilities, consistent with the connectivity standards in section 3.01.110 and design classifications in Table 2.6 of the RTP,	addressed in the TDC
Motor vehicle capacity improvements, consistent with the RTP Arterial and Throughway Design and	
Network Concepts in Table 2.6 and Section 2.5.2 of the RTP, only upon a demonstration that other	
strategies in this subsection are not appropriate or cannot adequately address identified transportation needs	
A city or county shall coordinate its consideration of the above strategies with the owner of the	
transportation facility affected by the strategy. Facility design is subject to the approval of the facility owner.	
If analysis under subsection 3.08.210A (Local Needs determination) indicates a new regional or state need	
that has not been identified in the RTP, the city or county may propose one of the following actions:	
Propose a project at the time of Metro review of the TSP to be incorporated into the RTP during the next RTP update; or	
Propose an amendment to the RTP for needs and projects if the amendment is necessary prior to the	
next RTP update. (Title 2, Sec 3.08.220 Transportation Solutions)	
Thue 2, Jet 3.03.220 Halisportation Journalis	

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement Local TSP reference? Demonstrate that solutions adopted pursuant to section 3.08.220 (Transportation Solutions) will achieve Included in the progress toward the targets and standards in Tables 3.08-1, and 3.08-2 and measures in subsection D street modal plan. (local performance measures), or toward alternative targets and standards adopted by the city or county. The city or county shall include the regional targets and standards or its alternatives in its TSP. A city or county may adopt alternative targets or standards in place of the regional targets and standards upon a demonstration that the alternative targets or standards: • Are no lower than the modal targets in Table 3.08-1 and no lower than the ratios in Table 3.08-2; • Will not result in a need for motor vehicle capacity improvements that go beyond the planned arterial and throughway network defined in Figure 2.12 of the RTP and that are not recommended in, or are inconsistent with, the RTP; and • Will not increase SOV travel to a degree inconsistent with the non-SOV modal targets in Table 3.08-1. If the city or county adopts mobility standards for state highways different from those in Table 3.08-2, it shall demonstrate that the standards have been approved by the Oregon Transportation Commission. Each city and county shall also include performance measures for safety, vehicle miles traveled per capita, freight reliability, congestion, and walking, bicycling and transit mode shares to evaluate and monitor performance of the TSP. To demonstrate progress toward achievement of performance targets in Tables 3.08-1 and 3.08-2 and to improve performance of state highways within its jurisdiction as much as feasible and avoid their further degradation, the city or county shall adopt the following: • Parking minimum and maximum ratios in Centers and Station Communities consistent with subsection 3.08.410A; • Designs for street, transit, bicycle, freight and pedestrian systems consistent with Title 1: and • TSMO projects and strategies consistent with section 3.08.160; and • Land use actions pursuant to OAR 660-012-0035(2). (Title 2, Performance Targets and Standards Sec 3.08.230) Specify the general locations and facility parameters, such as minimum and maximum ROW dimensions Included in and the number and width of traffic lanes, of planned regional transportation facilities and improvements Chapter 2, identified on general location depicted in the appropriate RTP map. Except as otherwise provided in the Roadway modal TSP, the general location is as follows: plan in the **Functional** • For new facilities, a corridor within 200 feet of the location depicted on the appropriate RTP map; Classification and • For interchanges, the general location of the crossing roadways, without specifying the general location street design of connecting ramps; standards sections • For existing facilities planned for improvements, a corridor within 50 feet of the existing right-of-way • For realignments of existing facilities, a corridor within 200 feet of the segment to be realigned as measured from the existing right-of-way depicted on the appropriate RTP map. A City or county may refine or revise the general location of a planned regional facility as it prepares or revises impacts of the facility or to comply with comprehensive plan or statewide planning goals. If, in

A City or county may refine or revise the general location of a planned regional facility as it prepares or revises impacts of the facility or to comply with comprehensive plan or statewide planning goals. If, in developing or amending its TSP, a city or county determines the general location of a planned regional facility or improvement is inconsistent with its comprehensive plan or a statewide goal requirement, it shall:

- Propose a revision to the general location of the planned facility or improvement to achieve
 consistency and, if the revised location lies outside the general location depicted in the appropriate RTP
 map, seek an amendment to the RTP; or
- Propose a revision to its comprehensive plan to authorize the planned facility or improvement at the revised location.

(Title 3, Defining Projects in Transportation System Plan Sec 3.08.310)

Regional Transportation Functional Plan Requirement	Local TSP
	reference?
Could be adopted in TSP or other adopted policy document) Adopt parking policies, management plans and regulations for Centers and Station Communities. Plans may be adopted in TSPs or other adopted policy documents and may focus on sub-areas of Centers. Plans shall include an inventory of parking supply and usage, an evaluation of bicycle parking needs with consideration of TriMet Bicycle Parking Guidelines. Policies shall be adopted in the TSP. Policies, plans and regulations must consider and may include the following range of strategies: By-right exemptions from minimum parking requirements; Parking districts; Shared parking; Structured parking; Bicycle parking; Timed parking; Differentiation between employee parking and parking for customers, visitors and patients; Real-time parking information; Priced parking; Parking enforcement.	Included parking policies, management plans and regulations for the center. We have an inventory and usage for the downtown core.
 (Title 4, Parking Management Sec 3.08.410I) If a city or county proposes a transportation project that is not included in the RTP and will result in a significant increase in SOV capacity or exceeds the planned function or capacity of a facility designated in the RTP, it shall demonstrate consistency with the following in its project analysis: The strategies set forth in subsection 3.08.220A(1-5) (TSMO, Transit/bike/ped system improvements, traffic calming, land use strategies, connectivity improvements) Complete street designs consistent with regional street design policies Green street designs consistent with federal regulations for stream protection. If the city or county decides not to build a project identified in the RTP, it shall identify alternative projects or strategies to address the identified transportation need and inform Metro so that Metro can amend the RTP. This section does not apply to city or county transportation projects that are financed locally and would be undertaken on local facilities. (Title 5, Amendments of City and County Comprehensive and Transportation System Plans Sec 3.08.510C) 	None of the potential improvements are likely to significantly increase SOV capacity that isn't already included in the RTP. This section does not apply

Appendix G Public Involvement Process

This Appendix describes public outreach and involvement conducted during development of the Transportation System Plan. Detailed summaries from project meetings are included in the following pages.

TSP Meetings and Outreach Summary

Task Force Meetings:

November 29, 2011

December 12, 2011

January 19, 2012

February 2, 2012

March 15, 2012

April 19, 2012

May 24, 2012

June 21, 2012

July 19, 2012

August 16, 2012

August 23, 2012

September 20, 2012

October 4, 2012

November 1, 2012

Online Public Forums:

Comment Map Open from July 15, 2011 through January 15, 2012 Online Forum and Map Open from July 2, 2012 to September 6, 2012

Other Public Meetings:

Year of Transportation Open House, February 16, 2012 Transportation Summit, September 20, 2012

Working Groups:

Industrial and Freight: February 28, 2012 April 10, 2012 June 13, 2012

Downtown:

February 28, 2012 April 2, 2012

June 4, 2012

Bicycle and Pedestrian: February 29, 2012

April 4, 2012

June 6, 2012

Major Corridors and Intersections:

March 1, 2012

April 16, 2012

June 14, 2012

Neighborhood Livability:

March 5, 2012

April 11, 2012

June 13, 2012

Transit:

February 9, 2012*

March 8, 2012

March 29, 2012

June 5, 2012

July 17, 2012*

Agency, Council, and Community Briefings:

Agency – November 29, 2011 - Discuss future land use assumptions

Agency – December 22, 2011 - Discuss future land use assumptions

Agency – January 30, 2012 - Discuss comments on Existing Conditions Report

City Council - April 23, 2012 – Presentation on Screening Results

TPARK - May 8, 2012 - Presentation on Screening Results

TPC - May 1, 2012 - Presentation on Screening Results

Agency – May 21, 2012 - Discuss project evaluation results

City Council - June 25, 2012 – Presentation on Evaluation Results

TPARK - June 12, 2012 - Presentation on Evaluation Results

TPC - June 5, 2012 - Presentation on Evaluation Results

CIO Leaders – July 2, 2012 – Online Forum overview and training

City Council - August 13, 2012 – Presentation on Refinement Area #1

TPARK - August 9, 2012 - Presentation on Refinement Area #1

TPC - August 9, 2012 - Presentation on Refinement Area #1

City Council – September 10, 2012 – Presentation on Refinement Area #2

TPARK – September 6, 2012 – Presentation on Refinement Area #2

TPC – September 4, 2012 – Presentation on Refinement Area #2

City Council – November 26, 2012 – Presentation on SW $65^{\rm th}$ Avenue & SW Boones Ferry Road Refinement Areas

TPARK – November 13, 2012 – Presentation on SW 65th Avenue & SW Boones Ferry Road Refinement Areas

TPC – November 15, 2012 – Presentation on SW 65th Avenue & SW Boones Ferry Road Refinement Areas

^{*}Linking Tualatin Focused Meeting

Events Outreach:

Farmers Market 2011: July 28, August 10, and October 27 Concert on the Commons 2011: August 4 and September 9 Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Luncheon: August 25, 2011

Crawfish Festival: September 9, 2011

Tualatin Rotary Luncheon: September 28, 2011

Pumpkin Regatta: November 1, 2011

Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Luncheon: March 22, 2012

Farmers Market July 13, 2012: Crawfish Festival: August 11, 2012

Media Coverage:

In My Opinion – The Impact of Option 1, Tualatin Life, August 2012

Why Your Kids Will Care How You Vote, Tualatin Life, August 2012

Get Involved Today - Future Transportation Choices will Shape the Future of

Tualatin, Tualatin Life, August 2012

Community Input Shapes Our Future, Tualatin Life, July 2012

Tualatin unveils online forum for transportation ideas, Oregonian, July 2012

The Times They are a Changin', Tualatin Life Blog, May 2012

Help! Working Groups Are Working! Tualatin Life, February 2012

The Year of Transportation, Tualatin Life, September 2011 (pdf 540kb)

Tualatin's Transportation Project Pushes for Community Involvement,

OregonLive.com, Sept 21, 2011

City of Tualatin has smart phone ap? KATU.com August 18, 2011

Moving Tualatin - video contest deadline extended, KATU.com, August 19, 2011

There's Still Time To Enter Video Contest, The Times, August 25, 2011 (pdf 431 kb)

Moving Tualatin, Tualatin Life, August 2011 (pdf 518 kb)

Chamber Forum, Tualatin Life Crawfish Festival Advertisement, August 2011

How Do You Get Home? The Times, July 28, 2011

<u>City of Tualatin's transportation plan inspires video contest,</u> OregonLive.com, July 26, 2011

2012 Online Forum Flier Distribution:

Concert on the Commons 2012: July 13, July 27, August 10, and August 17

Tualatin Farmer's Market: July 27, August 10, and August 17

City Offices

Tualatin Library

CIO Chairs and Leaders

Task Force Members

WES Station and Parking Lot

Tualatin Park and Ride

Most Businesses near downtown on the north and south sides of SW Tualatin-

Sherwood Road, SW Nyberg Road, along SW Martinazzi and SW Boones Ferry Road

Spanish Language Outreach

Bridgeport Elementary School Parent-Teacher Association (Bilingual organization), October 17, 2011

Phone calls to Spanish Language Churches:

- Tualatin Spanish Seventh-day Adventist Church left message, no return
- Esperanza Iglesia attempt a meeting and presentation to the Elder Board and the congregation

Distribute Spanish Language Bookmarks (500): Library Businesses

Facebook Advertisement

July 2012



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group Summary February 29, 2012

Deficiencies:

- Lack of "loops" to connect neighborhoods/downtown area
- Greenway missing link
- Voids/gaps concern voiced about the width of sidewalks in various areas being inadequate (two groups mentioned this as a top concern)
- Bikeway system
- The crosswalk adjacent to the Martinazzi Avenue transit station is very hazardous.
- Maximize the new Tonquin Trail
- Improve I-5 overpass crossings on both Sagert and Nyberg Streets to better handle pedestrians and bicyclists (two groups mentioned this as a top concern)
- Improve the safety element at major intersections for pedestrians and bicyclists
- Safety concerns crossing north and south on Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- · Lack of crossings for pedestrians and bicyclists over the Tualatin River

Solutions

- Complete Tualatin River Greenway/Nyberg Creek
- Improve Martinazzi in area of transit station
- Separate the shared path along 99W
- Trail bridges
- Intersection improvements
- Pedestrian/bicyclist activated lights at major crossings
- Tonguin Trail
- "Countdown" walk sign at major intersections
- Installation of more benches in areas frequently used by pedestrians and bicyclists
- Neighborhood ties to Tonquin Trail
- Conduct a study focusing on a "loop system" for eventual presentation to the City Council
- Education through kiosks and signage (particularly along routes that school children may take)
- Connectivity to access both sides of I-5
- Infrared signals for safety purposes
- Wider sidewalks based on geographic area
- Work on the "gaps"

Other Documents:

- Pedestrian Plan http://www.ci.tualatin.or.us/departments/legal/docs/TDC/Maps/Figure11-4TualatinPedestrianPlan.pdf
- Bicycle Plan http://www.ci.tualatin.or.us/departments/legal/docs/TDC/Maps/Figure11-5TualatinBicyclePlan.pdf
- Greenway Locations (includes locations for off-street pedestrian and bicycle facilities) http://www.ci.tualatin.or.us/departments/legal/docs/TDC/Maps/Map72-1NRPOandGreenways.pdf



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group Summary April 4, 2012 Police Department Training Room

The purpose of this working group meeting was to study and discuss the potential solutions generated from the previous working group meeting, and to discuss the feasibility of potential projects to help decide if they should be considered in the evaluation phase of the TSP process.

The Working group separated into groups of no more than six people to discuss the project ideas on the maps. Each meeting attendee was given three cards (green = yes, yellow = maybe, and red = no). Groups first went through each project idea and showed the card that they thought was appropriate for the project to be carried forward into evaluation for the TSP. Once the projects were tallied, groups then discussed the projects and whether they should be forwarded into the TSP for further evaluation. The tally is reported below, along with notes from the conversation. Projects that received all green votes from members were not discussed further, and the recommendation from the group is to evaluate the project in the TSP.

Pote	ential Safety-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
A1	Add pedestrian-focused crossing improvements at key crossings of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Nyberg St	11		
A2	Separate walking/bike area with plantings or barriers on 65th Ave between Borland Rd and Nyberg Lane	4	7	
	Is there room to separate facilities? On bridge, no. Where does that ROW come from? Short term – bike lanes on 65 th would be good. Short term – Connect the sidewalk that is there (east side). The 5 yellows turned to 6 Green after discussion (But not as currently written – 6 yellows)			
A3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	5	6	
	Is this needed? We have crosswalks, guards, and signs already. Maybe further from actual schools (wish list)			
A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	3	8	
	Do we need lights? Is it needed?			
A5	Improve lighting at Jurgens Rd and Hazelbrook Rd	8	3	
	Would neighbors complain about lights? Who would it help? Is there much traffic? (School) Keep.			
A6	General - Add wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School (not on the map)	2	8	1
	They know where the schools are? Is it needed? Definitely no BIG signs. Focus on smaller signs that are not intrusive. "Low Profile" in neighborhood. Not limited to just safe routes to			

school. Wayfinding standard would be good too. Fitness related as well. The "4" Maybe and "1" NO turned to all Green after discussion

Faci	lity-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
B1	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	9	2	
	It will be expensive (have to cross railroad tracks). Need at least 1 or 2 connections, reduce distance to access Tonquin Trail. A lot of connections are not needed.			
B2	Add sidewalks & bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd	5	6	
	Concerns with speed. The current crossing is good and wide over I-5.			
В3	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to make it more bicycle and pedestrian friendly	8	3	
B4	Add bicycle facilities (65th Ave near the hospital, 95th Ave and Martinazzi Ave)	10	1	
B5	Focused bicycle facility improvements in heart of downtown, including Martinazzi Ave, Boones Ferry Rd, and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	7	4	
	This project is too vague. Connect bike lanes on all streets through intersections. Explore alternative routes with less traffic. Maybe not on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd but Warm Springs Rd or a separated facility off of higher traffic roads (off street too). This is a bigger issue then downtown - overall bike connectivity citywide is a bigger issue. Delineate bike and pedestrian areas in downtown core. Add more bike parking.			
В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	10		
В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg (crossing Boones Ferry Rd)	1	8	1
	Lots of traffic, relatively high speeds - 35 mph. Are there trucks? (no) No – too much traffic. Would not do much. Yes, a problem, but not the right solution. Possibly remove / relocate City Council building so that intersection aligns, leading to other improvements (wider sidewalks, etc.). Bike lanes on			

	Martinazzi are needed as well. Bus stops are in bad locations, shouldn't be stopping here. This project stays red as written as raised intersection doesn't fix problem(s).			
B8	Fill sidewalk gaps (Herman Rd, Grahams Ferry Rd, Boones Ferry Rd, and the connection between Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd)	8	2	
В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105 th Ave, Blake St, 108 th Ave	8	2	
	No room for anything there – very expensive. Is there another route? Maybe signs with alternative route? Something needs to be done.			
B10	Add a bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House	5	4	1
	Good first place to implement bike boxes in Tualatin. Like the idea. Northbound? Maybe not enough bikes to warrant that improvement. Other routes could serve bikes and connections. Improvement of bike lanes rather than bike boxes. Need other off street improvements. The 2 Green, 1 Yellow, 1 Red turned to 5 Green and 1 Yellow after discussion.			
B11	Add a dedicated bike lane through intersection at Avery St & Boones Ferry Rd	9	1	
B12	Add a pedestrian overcrossing between the Community park and Tualatin Commons	2	1	8
	ADA requirements – elevators expensive. How many people would use it? The road is only 1 lane each way, and is not too hard to cross now.			
B13	Make bicycle and pedestrian facility improvements at railroad crossings	10	2	
	Maybe a sign would be better? Rubber pad as other option.			
B14	Pedestrian crossing improvements (Tualatin View Apartments, Boones Ferry Rd; Martinazzi Ave and Warm Springs St)	9	1	
B15	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd	5	5	
	Dangerous. At your own risk. Washington County is already planning on adding bike lanes. In favor or separated facility, not bike lane in-road. Off street is			

B16	Add a separate bicycle/pedestrian bridge over I-5	1	7	2
	Is it within our control? There is a better way to make this connection. Improve what you have.			
	Group feels C1 could be a reasonable			
	"Replacement" for B16 provided there is			
	connectivity on Sagert.			
B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops	4	6	
	Tonquin Trail may cover this (partially).			
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W	1	9	
	Tonquin Trail should put that in. (Could be part of that project). The trail project could better secure funding than the City.			
B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections (indicated by purple dots)	9	1	
	Has to do with the weight. Paint bicycle where the loop is. Good for bike/pedestrian friendliness.			
B20	Add benches between residential and commercial areas throughout the city, especially between the Heritage	2	8	
	Center and Haggens (not on map)	۷	•	
	Are there benches elsewhere? Concerns with vandalism in targeted locations.			

Trail	-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
C1	Construct multi-use trails (between Martinazzi and 65th Aves, eastwest connection to downtown, Tonquin Trail, and east of the hospital)	10		
C2	Build bridges for pedestrian and bicycle access over the Tualatin River		10	
	A couple bridges are good idea, but not all. Think about destinations on the north side of the river, one on east side (look at destinations), one on west side, maybe near Jurgens Park. Don't need all shown but here are the "top" ones: Cipole (north of it), Jurgens Park (lowest priority of these), 65 th Ave, east near the Urban Growth Boundary.			
C3	Add a pedestrian shortcut between Hazelbrook Rd and 99W	3	4	3
	Why? What purpose? Currently graveled, hard to walk/bike to 99W. Concern – there is nothing to walk to. May be too steep.			
C4	Create multi-use path loops connecting all major areas including residential areas (Not on map)	5	3	2
	Where is the best place to you spend the money? What are the impacts on existing residences? Would it be right next to homes? Would be nice to connect/have a complete system. Modify – look at gaps that exist.			
C5	Tonquin Trail	9	1	
	This is ok to evaluate for TSP. There is a planned path under I-5 (wetland), hospital to Fred Meyers – waterfront is priority. Evaluate further. Functional, reduce need for improvements to Nyberg.			
Mart	inazzi – 65 th		1	

Additional projects that were discussed that were not on the map:

- Connecting sidewalks, ie. Pedestrian bridge from Park across Boones Ferry to Commons, all should connect
- Wider sidewalks to allow strolling and outdoor café's with tables, chairs, etc.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group #3 Summary

The Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group met on June 6th, 2012 from 6-8 p.m. at the Tualatin Police Department. The working group heard how the project team evaluated each project, and then discussed the evaluation and the projects. At the end of the working group meeting, attendees were given five red and five green dots. Attendees were asked to place green dots on the projects that were the most important to the community and red dots on projects that they thought should not be carried forward into the TSP given the discussion and the preliminary evaluation results. One dot per project per person was allowed (attendees were not able to put all of their dots on one project).

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
<u>A1</u>	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg		1
A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg		1
А3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks		
A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd		
A6	Provide wayfinding for Safe Routes to School	3	
	Strong support for city-wide wayfinding signage program		
B1	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	2	
	Make "vibrant community" circle a whole circle		
B2	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd		2
	Discussion about Norwood – separated with and without bike lane – as it exists now instead of		
	standard sidewalks and bike lanes. Require a multi-use path on Norwood, and/or allow flexibility		
	in codes throughout the city.		
<u>B3</u>	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians		1
	Part of a corridor that will be studied further.		
В4	Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th and Martinazzi		
B5	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core		
	Include bike parking		
В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	1	
	Boones Ferry Road specifically		

Page 1 June 6, 2012

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg		4
	Full circle on vibrancy; dinged on things we don't want anyway		
	Had 3 red and 1 green when initially discussed, and then the green dot was changed to red when it		
	was clarified that it was on Boones Ferry Rd, not Martinazzi. There is no sidewalk on the west side		
	of Boones Ferry Road, so most attendees were against this project moving forward.		
<u>B8</u>	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman	3	
	Graham's Ferry Road specifically – this is a huge need.		
В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105th Ave, Blake St, and 108th Ave		
	Separated path; nothing on-street. Leave at half circle for ability to be implemented – there are		
	ongoing talks with a property owner, and potential paths in conjunction with already planned		
D40	paths.		2
B10	Add bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House		3
	What is the need here? Tualatin is not like Portland. Attendees were against this project moving forward into the TSP.		
B11	Add dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry intersection		
B13	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings	3	
D13	This should count for roads too, not just sidewalks and bike lanes.	3	
<u>B14</u>	Improve pedestrian crossing along Boones Ferry Rd		
<u> </u>	Corridor for further study this summer.		
<u>B15</u>	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd		1
<u> </u>	Corridor for further study this summer		_
B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned and existing multi-use paths	2	
	Carl and Paul mentioned that this is already planned for under I-5 near Fred Meyer, and would		
	make the most sense to put in there, as future paths are planned to connect.		
B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops		1
	This would be redundant with the Tonquin Trail.		
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W		1
	This will help connect the Tonquin Trail, and attendees felt that the Tonquin Trail project should		
	pay for the improvement.		
B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections		1
B20	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	3	
	Need to accommodate the aging population.		

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
B21	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes	3	
C2	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River Currently there are 7 on the list – it is not feasible to build all of them. Will need to narrow the options to two or three bridges and determine where makes the most sense Want other people to pay. Bridges are expensive	1	1
C4	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas. Would provide an alternative to the busier streets for bicyclists.	2	
C5	Build the Tonquin Trail This project received a perfect score on the evaluation criteria – maybe add GPS markers on trail	2	

General Comments

Most benefit to community

MU Path standardization through City with benches, Spring Water Trail

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Downtown Working Group Summary February 28, 2012

Issues:

- Pedestrian Crossing
 - Length of light
 - Vehicles don't respect the crosswalk
- 90th/Kaiser Accidents
 - o 4-Way stop?
- Train drivers/education
- Congestion
- Retail on LBFR
- Getting out of park
- Congestion at Tualatin/SW etc.
- Kmart/Fred Meyer intersection
- Rush hour congestion
- Downtown is a pass through
- Lack of connection

Solutions:

- Build a Park & Ride on 99W
- Our own transit service
- Seneca connect through Lake and council building
- Traffic circles 1 way streets
- Bike path along Tualatin River from Browns Ferry to downtown
- Boardwalk connects near PD
- Expand WES service
- Tear down Kmart
- Pedestrian crossing re-work
 - Lighted crosswalk
 - Overcrossing
- Boones Ferry Rd over Tualatin Sherwood Rd
- Skywalk /Commons to park (shopping)
- Buy "Riverhouse" site and provide exit from park
- Re-route school busses off of Tualatin Rd
- No left turn from Park
- Pedestrian connectivity
- Raised sidewalks
- Different design widths for sidewalk
- Corridor study Connect BPV/Kmart
- 2nd right turn lane from EB Tualatin Sherwood Road to southbound on-ramp
- 2 lanes southbound onto I-5 at 72nd/BFR



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Downtown Working Group Summary April 2, 2012 Tualatin Police Department

The purpose of this working group meeting was to study and discuss the potential solutions generated from the previous working group meeting, and to discuss the feasibility of potential projects to help decide if they should be considered in the evaluation phase of the TSP process.

The Working group separated into groups of no more than six people to discuss the project ideas on the maps. Each meeting attendee was given three cards (green = yes, yellow = maybe, and red = no). Groups first went through each project idea and showed the card that they thought was appropriate for the project to be carried forward into evaluation for the TSP. Once the projects were tallied, groups then discussed the projects and whether they should be forwarded into the TSP for further evaluation. The tally is reported below, along with notes from the conversation. Projects that received all green votes from members were not discussed further, and the recommendation from the group is to evaluate the project in the TSP.

Pote	ential Safety-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
A1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek	16		
A2	Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at Seneca St and Nyberg St	10	7	
А3	Add a grade separated railroad crossing on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		5	6
	Huge cost – could be cost prohibitive. Does not necessarily solve problem. With a tunnel, you have problems with youth, flood conflicts. Technically feasible? Does the city control? Potential railroad conflicts.			
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village	6	7	
	Not sure if makes a difference. Speed not the issue, it's the signal timing. Pedestrian refuge island. Pedestrian bridge? (is there an issue? Mixed)			
A5	Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection – upgrade the pedestrian connection	13	2	
A6	Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and Boones Ferry Rd	4	6	5
	Ask Durham. May fill up traffic circle. Impacts on downtown/Boones Ferry. How will this work? Space it would take up – private property. Right on river. Would it solve the problem?			
A7	Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca St	4	7	6
	Part of all downtown circulation ideas. One-way loop pedestrian refuges needed. Signs help. Pedestrian improvements may not be needed with Loop. Don't need because of A2.			

Pote	ential Congestion-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
B1	Reconfigure park entrance to right in/right out only. North intersection (Dog Park).	4	9	3
	Left turn is dangerous. Would be OK if there was another way in/out. Not sure there is a problem at current intersection. Coupling with B2, mixed on B2's.			
B2	Provide secondary exit from park, and provide additional parking	3	7	3
	Can't use private bridge. OK to remove as a project idea. How expensive? Concerned with converting private property to parking/city. Where? Senior center. Revisit access on B1 – not just right in/right out. Impacts on Boones Ferry Road traffic.			
В3	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi Ave to I-5	13	4	
	Cost? Impacts to Fred Meyer?			
В4	Add a travel lane on I-5 northbound (between Tualatin and OR 217)	1	7	9
	Not feasible with ODOT, Tualatin does not control. Encourage ODOT? Can it be done?			
B5	Create a one-way circulator loop roadway around downtown	3	10	4
	Look at more – move South "Street" to Warm Springs. Adding congestion. Where does ROW come from? Expensive.			
В6	Reduce ambient noise along Boones Ferry Rd in downtown	1	6	9
	Trail safety. Worse on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. Take this project off the list. Who is there to notice the noise? Not transportation-related			
В7	Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd	14	3	
В8	Add HOV lanes on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	1	6	10
	Adds traffic, Remove! Don't think it will work. No space to add lanes. Don't want Tualatin-Sherwood road to become the next highway.			
В9	Widen Boones Ferry Rd to 5 lanes	5	8	4
	5-lane, nowhere to go – would create bottlenecks elsewhere in the system. Bridge is 2-lane. Take it out of consideration. OK if cost effective.			

B10 Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through downtown	2	4
B11 Focused pedestrian crossing on Martinazzi & Tualatin-Sherwood Rd.	1	

Pote	ential Connectivity-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
C1	Build a trail from Boones Ferry Rd to the downtown core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway	14	2	1
	Private property. Transportation nexus? (Mixed) – does it go across freeway? Discussion mixed – provide in TSP if developer were to build?			
C2	Extend Boones Ferry Rd to 85th Ave/Hall Blvd	2	5	10
	Not enough room for roadway. Per Kittelson study – has to be over park, not OK with being over park. Look at another river crossing if it helps traffic between 65 th & 108 th . Legal hurdles – traffic – Pandora's box, wetlands & regulatory, SWS, multiple jurisdictions.			
C 3	Connect Nyberg Rd through the Commons	2	3	12
	No way for pedestrians to get on either side of commons without major road/delays to go around/impacts on the Lake/bridge may cause more problems. Turn to a pedestrian bridge or move to Seneca as road (closed on weekends). Pedestrian only? Economic – park not good connectivity could improve. Returns investments made in Commons.			
C4	Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to Seneca St	4	8	5
	Problems with private ownership and public street. Keep private. Covered by F1. Forcing on property owners? Additional traffic in front of library. (mixed discussion – positives of straightening I/5) (Two felt driveway closed after library)			
C5	General – improve street connectivity in downtown	5	8	4
	Keep. Sounds nice but don't know what it means.			
C6	Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90 th Ave.	4	9	4
	Keep. Little room – signs can help. Mixed road exists, good connectivity. Private property.			
C7	Extend Lower Boones Ferry Rd across Tualatin River	2	3	12
	Requires a vote to go through the park. Downtown loop may help. Trucks off road. Exacerbates to failing interchange 290 – Need vote. Legal challenge – vote serve Tualatin? Serves other communities.			

Pote	ential Land-Use Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
F1	Encourage better circulation for all modes and a transit-oriented focus when these major land uses redevelop	14	2	1
	Loop makes cars travel around to some locations. Discourage thru traffic. Ideas about Loop routes impacts on south Martinazzi. Transportation nexus.			
F2	Look for opportunities to improve connections from downtown to the riverfront. Transportation nexus.	11	3	3
F3	General – Eliminate parking minimum development requirements and consider parking maximums in downtown	2	11	4
	Need to have parking downtown. Create a pedestrian environment and parking need is less. Market will control maximum. Don't encourage "sea of parking". Lake Oswego example. Majority – throw out. Need to balance parking needs. Drive around looking for spaces?			
F4	General – add structured parking in the downtown core	12	5	
Tran	sit-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
E1	Look for opportunities to build a new park-and-ride to the west of downtown towards 99W (not shown on map)	13	4	
Bicy	cle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
D1	Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights	13	5	
D2	Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists	13	4	
D3	Optimize intersection to reduce conflicts between cars and pedestrians (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Martinazzi Ave and Boones Ferry Rd)	14	2	1
	Concern about the implications to flow, capacity – not specific enough a suggestion.			
D4	Add pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd	3	12	2
	No sidewalk on the west side of Boones Ferry. No need – cross at signal. Funnel pedestrian and bike thru downtown. Doesn't make sense. No sidewalk on west side. Does this mean to add sidewalk?			
D5	Create a pedestrian skybridge that connects downtown retail businesses and the park	3	12	2
	Sky bridge – no place to go. Take off. Should line up with Commons and foot bridge. Don't think there is a reason for it. There is no need, Boones Ferry is not that big of road. Why would people park? Maybe if this is where future			

structural parking is located? Other ways to address the pedestrian safety concern. Steve Titus – look at illumination in downtown. Color of bulbs, location of masts.

D6	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd	16	1	
D7	Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities near Bridgeport Village	13	2	2
	Already there – tie to A4.			
D8	Provide "Share the Road" signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd	11	1	5
	Signs are not effective.			
D9	Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs on Martinazzi Ave	15	1	1
	Signs are not effective. OK A9 if bike lanes. Look at Bike Boulevards instead.			
D10	General – coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians in downtown	11	3	3
	Tualatin is a pass through city – what are the implications for cars?			
D11	Focused pedestrian crossing at Tonka Rd and Boones Ferry Rd (added by one group at the meeting)	1		

Downtown Working Group #3 Summary

The Downtown Working Group met on June 4th, 2012 from 6-8 p.m. at the Tualatin Police Department. The working group heard how the project team evaluated each project, and then discussed the evaluation and the projects. At the end of the working group meeting, attendees were given five red and five green dots. Attendees were asked to place green dots on the projects that were the most important to the community and red dots on projects that they thought should not be carried forward into the TSP given the discussion and the preliminary evaluation results. One dot per project per person was allowed (attendees were not able to put all of their dots on one project).

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
A1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path in back of Haggens	6	
	Not a transportation issue – it's a park issue		
	It is a pedestrian and bicycle issue		
	Who owns the path from police station to Haggens?		
	It is currently dark and dangerous		
	Include in TSP/Move to Parks Department		
A2	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi for pedestrian safety		3
	No. Don't think it makes sense here. Need better lighting there instead.		
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village		2
A5a	Redesign Fred Meyer / Kmart intersection	2	
	Really needs consideration – YES!		
A5b	Improve pedestrian crossing at Fred Meyer/Kmart intersection	2	
	Really needs consideration – YES!		
<u>A6</u>	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road		2
	No – property impacts, and a roundabout would make it difficult for trucks		
	Yes – they do move traffic – it stacks in two directions and a roundabout would allow traffic to move		
A7	Add pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca		1
	There is not enough room. There is no need; it is not a wide road.		

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
B1	Improve circulation into and out of the Tualatin Community Park Right In/Right Out access to dog park/community park Look at all 3 park entrances – congestion issues, seniors going to exercise classes Concerned about implementation. It's important to look more at it and see what the options are. More discussion needed. Do not change road in park. Add lights to get out of park during rush hour.	4	2
<u>B3</u>	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi to I-5 Good idea. Needs more discussion. Need to involve the two property owners in discussion (also A5a and A5b). There is room near Jack in the Box	1	
<u>B7</u>	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River Important. Makes sense	9	
<u>B9</u>	Widen Boones Ferry Rd Related to B7 (widening). The choke point is the two lane section. This is needed for circulation. McLain already uses it as major truck through way. We don't want this to be a route for trucks going through downtown and near the community park. It would impact downtown and livability.	3	1
B10	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through downtown Property impacts. Not sure widening would help improve circulation.		8
C1	Build a trail from Boones Ferry to downtown core along river and extend to the greenway Great idea. Crossing at I-5 would be challenge.	3	
<u>C2</u>	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles Needs discussion – where would it go?	3	4
C4	Create a grid system near the Kmart upon redevelopment with a connection to Seneca Will never happen. Impact to City Hall is big problem – voters rejected a bond to build a new city hall recently. Ability to implement should be empty circle. This would be hard to implement		4
<u>C5</u>	Improve downtown core street connectivity This project is not clear. Don't understand how this would be implemented. More discussion needed. Don't always need roads to connect.		3

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
C6	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave This would impact private property, and a connection is not necessary		
D1	Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing lights in the downtown core This should stay in the TSP. Really hard to cross streets in downtown. Positive comments from group	5	
<u>D2</u>	Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists More discussion is needed on Nyberg Interchange		
<u>D3</u>	Optimize intersections to reduce car/pedestrian conflicts along Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads Yes. One person really likes this project.	1	
D4	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca) Crossings to WES are not needed at this location – there is no where to go once you're across Boones Ferry Rd		5
<u>D6</u>	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry. This is not a bad idea – should be part of a bike/ped plan. Coordination with Durham would be required Improve signage by public parking lots downtown	6	
D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village Signal timing could help, but difficult to implement Include overpass/interchange at Bridgeport Village area in project – this is a safety concern. There are often debris in bike lane	2	
D8	Provide signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles Not expensive, may not be effective		
D9	Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs Most people liked this project	1	
D10	Coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians. Everyone agrees		2
D11	Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry Road at Tonka Some discussion occurred about where nearest crossing options are. Pedestrian crossing not allowed on south side of intersection at Boones Ferry and TualatinSherwood Road.		1

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
F1	Encourage better multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment for major downtown uses Most people liked this project	5	
F2	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront Most people liked this project	3	
F3	Eliminate parking minimums, consider parking maximums		2
F4	Add structured parking in downtown core Is there enough need for it? Seems like a good idea. Would need more density in future.	3	

General Notes

Don't change names of streets through downtown

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Industrial and Freight Working Group Summary February 28, 2012

Issues:

- Freight through neighborhoods
 - o BFR
 - Avery
 - o Tualatin
 - o 90th
- Boones Ferry Road congested
- 65th/Borland
- 65th Bridge over river
- 90th left turn onto Tualatin
- Herman extended over river to I-5
- Teton/Tualatin congested (left hand turns)
- I-205 Exit to 65th
- Off ramps congested
- How much through traffic?
- Better way for employees to get to work
- School buses impact traffic
- · Connections-lack of
- Rail mobility-freight vs. comm.
- Shuttle program works
- Reduce SOV

Ideas:

- Reduce Tri-Met bus service
- SW 124th construct to I-5
- Complement residential/commercial
- Increase transportation knowledge
- Drivers meet w/consultants
- Right turn arrows
- Adjust signal timing

Questions:

- Volume/Capacity
- How do we determine capacity?

- What time is peak hour?
- What month was study conducted? October
- Do we have data from AM peak?
- Are we less congested further from I-5?
- How much delay is "F"? 80 seconds; 2 cycles

Solutions/Ideas:

- Urban interchange BR/BFR
- Grade separation railroads
- Tunnels/Hall ext. & Herman Rd.
- I-205 interchange to 65th
- Staggered traffic patterns
- More kids on buses vs. individual cars
- Boones Ferry bridge widening
- 124th construction-long term in mind (6 lanes)
- Limit accesses
- Rail station/freight
- Hwy 99-Build Park & Ride
 - o Loop transit system-Tualatin Loop Road
- Sound walls at neighborhood
- Plan for future
- Telecommute
- Signal timing



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Industrial and Freight Working Group Summary April 10, 2012 City Operations Department

The purpose of this working group meeting was to study and discuss the potential solutions generated from the previous working group meeting, and to discuss the feasibility of potential projects to help decide if they should be considered in the evaluation phase of the TSP process.

The Working group separated into groups of no more than eight people to discuss the project ideas on the maps. Each meeting attendee voted via a show of hands if they thought each project should be forwarded for evaluation in the TSP. Groups first went through each project idea and voted if they thought the project was to be carried forward into evaluation for the TSP, discussion on each project happened as the projects were voted on. The tally of the votes is reported below, along with notes from the conversation. Projects that received all green votes from members were not discussed further, and the recommendation from the group is to evaluate the project in the TSP.

Con	gestion Focused Ideas	Yes	Maybe	No
A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	12	8	
A2	Divert truck traffic from Tualatin Rd to Herman Rd	6	6	9
A3	Provide an undercrossing for Nyberg through traffic under I-5 to avoid signal/conflicts. Create an urban interchange		2	18
	Expensive.			
A4	Reconsider the connection between 99W and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (note: in Sherwood)	7		14
A5	Extend 124th Ave and connect to I-5 south of Tualatin	21		
A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials. Restrict trucks to right lane. Widen travel lanes	1	6	7
	Most agreed for this project along major arterials, but disagreed with restricting trucks. Coordinated signal timing – 7 yes, access management – 6 maybe, restrict trucks – 6 no, widen travel lanes – 7 no.			
A7	Widen Boones Ferry Rd. Remove right turn light at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	1		20
	Based on southbound left turns.			
A8	Close 90th Ave to 18-wheel trucks	12	2	5
A9	Improvements to help mobility of through-traffic (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd)	8	9	1

What does this mean? What are the options? Finish light timing – widen to all nine lanes.

A10	Create a loop road around central downtown, with a turn radius that works for trucks		14	7
	Need to see options, pros and cons.			
A11	Improve turn radius at Avery St and Teton Ave, look at congestion	11	7	
A12	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry Rd to Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; coordinate with the train signal	18		

Tran	sit-Focused Ideas	Yes	Maybe	No
B1	General – Add Saturday, Sunday, late evening transit shuttle	9	10	
	WES service (evenings and weekends). No public transit at those hours to connect to. Need business specific.			
В2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry	4	15	
	Freight terminal = location? Who will operate? Determine targeted growth industries. Accessibility to 99W & I-5. Freight only?			
В3	General – Provide local loop bus	17	1	1
	Is the ridership there? Study Yamhill County connection.			
В3	General – Provide bus from Clackamas MAX stop to WES for employees	3	13	1
	And Yamhill County transit. Include Newberg. Needs more study.			

Conr	ectivity-Focused Ideas	Yes	Maybe	No
C1	Add connection and entry to I-205	5	6	7
C2	Provide direct connection between Herman Rd & Boones Ferry Rd. Consider a tunnel	3		18
	Alternative could be: provide connections outside of city core. Impacts to parks and residences. Concern about more traffic. Alternative project – More connections to I-5 (i.e. C11 & North Wilsonville). This will decrease need for Herman Road – less traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood. Herman Road and Chinook – add sign to direct traffic to Tualatin Road.			
C3	Add a connection to Hall Blvd/Tigard		3	18
C4	Add a left turn from Teton Ave to Tualatin Rd		12	9
	Does not mesh with moving traffic to Herman. Needs to be a light.			
C 5	Extend 65th Ave north	3	9	7
	Expensive; challenges with property owners. Need more improvements to connecting roads. Inter-jurisdictional challenges.			
C6	Improve 115th Ave	1	11	6
	Not sure if this is a public street. Also needs a light on Tualatin Road if gets improved. Not viable at this time. When property is developed it will resolve.			
C 7	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	14	6	
C8	Improve connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd; add signal	5	9	6
C 9	Balance the needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along 108th/105th Aves. Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs.	11	9	
	108 th – green, 105 th – yellow.			
C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd		4	18
C11	Add an interchange on I-5 at Norwood Rd	2	6	12
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)	12	6	1

Othe	r Ideas	Yes	Maybe	No
D1	General – Coordinate freight receiving/shipping times	12	7	2
	Commercial delivery also.			
D2	Add vision & sound walls; reduce cut-through traffic.	6	8	7
	Avery, 105 th too. Ugly; doesn't kill noise, sends in another direction. Expensive. Urban design criteria – to address sound and vision instead of sound walls.			
D3	General – Improve safety and reduce congestion by education and incentivize telecommuting	7	12	2
	Business decision.			
D4	Move industrial area to the SW area (no direct truck route), change to multi- family residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	3	12	7
	Next cycle with long range Master Plan. Put with Southwest Concept Plan.			
D5	Add a lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Add traffic camera for red light violations.	11	3	7
D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street	19	2	
D7	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	2	2	14
D8	Improve visibility, restrict left turns from 108th Ave onto Tualatin Rd	2	16	1
	Improve visibility but no left turn restrictions. Not needed, should move to D9.			
D9	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd	9	1	5
	Remove Jurgens Road.			
D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi Ave signal timing/add a red light camera	10	4	6
D11	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	16	2	1
	Freight usage, allow large trucks form 11 PM – 5 AM			
D12	General – Make "Truck Route" signs larger	11	1	7
	Designate specific roads as "Truck Routes" and enforce specific times.			

New Ideas:

Traffic calming on Tualatin Road – make it a roadway for local access only. Non-local truck traffic should be diverted to Herman and Leveton Roads.

Additional measures to reduce truck traffic on local/minor streets. Business hours rules different, prohibitions.

More connectivity in roadway system to provide options

All Yellows need more information

Industrial and Freight Working Group #3 Summary

The Industrial and Freight Working Group met on June 13th, 2012 from 11:30 a.m.-1:00 p.m. at the City of Tualatin Operations Building. The working group heard how the project team evaluated the project ideas, and then discussed the evaluation and the projects. At the end of the working group meeting, attendees were given five red and five green dots. Attendees were asked to place green dots on the projects that were the most important to the community and red dots on projects that they thought should not be carried forward into the TSP given the discussion and the preliminary evaluation results. One dot per project per person was allowed (attendees were not able to put all of their dots on one project).

ID	Project Description	Green Dots	Red Dots
A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi		1
<u>A2</u>	Divert truck traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road		2
	Tied to C4.		
	 Teton should be the main off route for truck traffic. 		
	 Truck traffic isn't the issue, it is cars/vehicles. Each meeting said this. 		
	 Teton should be widened and needs to be the main connection to Tualatin-Sherwood Road. 		
	 We will need to take the kink out of Teton and adjust the signal at Tualatin-Sherwood Road 		
	and Teton to let UPS get onto Tualatin-Sherwood Road.		
A5	Extend 124th Ave south	2	
A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials	1	
<u>A7</u>	Remove northbound right turn light on Boones Ferry Road		1
	(at the McDonalds)		
<u>A9</u>	Improvements to help mobility of through-traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		
A11	Address congestion on Avery and Teton		
<u>A12</u>	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal	2	

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ID	Project Description	Green Dots	Red Dots
<u>A13</u>	 Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown Add to memo (missing) When widening Boones Ferry Road through downtown, Boones Ferry Road impacts/reduces those connections. Objective of residents from South to the park is connectivity. Widening will negatively impact this. 		3
B1	Expand service hours of chamber shuttle to nights and weekends		1
B2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of townThis should also include loading considerations.		
В3	Provide local loop bus TriMet may be able to implement this within 10 years.	2	
<u>c3</u>	 Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin River Overwhelming public sentiment (per Jan): don't bring more traffic into downtown For this option to continue, we probably need to incorporate it into another project like 90th. Explore extending 90th to the north, while being sensitive to existing uses. North – South citizens don't want it. Park & Ride in Transit. Important to transit! 		5
C4	 Add a right turn from Teton Ave to Tualatin-Sherwood Rd Trucks on 90th have a significant impact to livability of residents Teton could be widened through the entire length, being sensitive to impacts The original C4 project (left turns from Teton to Tualatin Road) was intended as originally written. Would like the original project put back on the list. Note – left turns already exist on Teton to Tualatin Road. Traffic lights for UPS when they leave need signal timing to prioritize UPS from Teton. UPS has difficulty getting onto Teton. Improve Teton including intersections. May need to be a project to improve all of Teton including all intersections. Change this project to include all of Teton. 	4	

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ID	Project Description (Green Dots	Red Dots
C5	Extend 65th Ave north		
	Big arrow rather than show narrow alignment.		
	 Needs a big arrow for general North-South connection. Should be yellow. 		
C6	Improve 115th Ave	2	
<u>C7</u>	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd		1
<u>C8</u>	Add signal to Tualatin Road and Boones Ferry Road intersection		4
	 Speed reduction through curves is a good thing. 		
	Probably doesn't move forward.		
	C8 would speed traffic, this is a bad project.		
	Not a good idea.		
C9	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves		
C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd		1
	Not a good idea.		
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)	2	
C13	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system		
C14	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on-street parking		
C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes	1	1
C16	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way		
C17	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/I-5 Interchange		
D1	Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times	2	
D2	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut-through traffic		1
	Thought was dropped, remove.		
	D2 dropped off?		
	Should be dropped during last round.		
D3	Provide incentives to telecommute		
<u>D5</u>	Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood to Fred Meyer, better I-5 lane signage, add red light camera	3	
D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street		
<u>D7</u>	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		
	Business cannot make left turns		

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ID	Project Description	Green Dots	Red Dots
<u>D8</u>	Improve visibility, add signal restrict left turns from 108th onto Tualatin		1
	 School buses use Jurgens – Holland. A signal should go there instead. 		
<u>D9</u>	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd		
	 Is this a better location for a signal over D8 because of school buses? 		
D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood and Martinazzi signal timing		
<u>D11</u>	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		
D12	Make "Truck Route" signs larger	1	
<u>D13</u>	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road		2
D14	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on local and minor streets		
D15	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd northbound onto 108th Ave		
D16	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave		1
D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and Tualatin-Sherwood		
D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin-Sherwood to Cipole		
D19	Improve NB right and left turns onto Herman		
D20	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd and Lower Boones Ferry		
D21	Improve SB left turns from Jurgens and 106th onto Tualatin		
D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway		
D23	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks		
All	 Address with neighborhood CIOs what their problems and desires are 		

GENERAL NOTES

- Suburan Door Biggest issue time to get to freeway.
- Goals not achieved
 - o Reduce traffic on TS road
 - Not park project but removing traffic
 - Working on transit E/W loop and Park & Ride
 - O Doesn't support parking garage at Bridgeport
 - o Goal should be to reduce Single Occupancy Vehicles (SOV)

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- Nothing to destroy parks
 - Park has huge impacts to livability and environment (i.e., pollution)
- Add Park & Ride recommendation to Industrial & Freight map. Note the transit working group map has this concept, and all
 concepts moving forward will be combined in the TSP.
- Park commission must review this process.
- Goal should be reduce traffic (SOV) on TS Road.
- Truck traffic on Tualatin Rd is not a problem, car traffic is the problem.
- Teton needs to be widened.
 - Keep left turn
 - o Traffic signals work with WACO on timing for UPS
- Traffic on Avery talk to the neighborhood.
- Widening Boones Ferry in downtown would adversely impact the park.
- Need park & ride on the Industrial & Freight map. Note the transit working group map has this concept, and all concepts moving forward will be combined in the TSP.
- Comments during introductions:
 - o Suburban door, has not attended before.
 - O Goal we missed: Limit single occupancy vehicles on TSR. Would like to see a Park & Ride at 99W to show on Industrial & Freight map. Note the transit working group map has this concept, and all concepts moving forward will be combined in the TSP.
 - o Don't bring more traffic into downtown via Hall extension.

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Major Corridors and Intersections Working Group Summary March 1, 2012

Guess the intersection with most collisions:

- Avery/Tualatin Sherwood Road
- Boones Ferry Road/Tualatin Sherwood Road (9 votes)
- Boones Ferry Road/Bridgeport
- 115th/Tualatin Sherwood Road
- 65th/Sagert
- Teton/Tualatin
- Martinazzi/Tualatin Sherwood Road (2 votes)
- Nyberg Interchange
- Martinazzi/Warm Springs

ANSWER: Nyberg Interchange

Deficiencies:

- Tualatin Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry Road there is too much going on at this intersection.
- Sagert/Martinazzi 4 way stop.
- Sagert/Borland Stop sign here causes congestion.
- Garden Corner curves.
- The curve on Grahams Ferry Road is dangerous.
- Traffic volumes along Tualatin Sherwood Road.
- Conflicts between through traffic in Tualatin vs. local/neighborhood traffic.
- Boones Ferry Road Conflicts and congestion along corridor.
- 65th in the vicinity of Sagert and Borland too much activity for this to be a stop-controlled intersection. Backups.
- Tualatin Sherwood Road/90th Collisions/Cut through/Speeds.
- Tualatin Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road Issues with left turn (from Boones Ferry Road) when train going through. Causes backups.
- Boones Ferry Road/Boones Ferry Road at Bridgeport. Too much activity and confusion safety and congestion issues.

Project Ideas:

(NOTE: The below ideas are just highlights recorded in large group discussion. All ideas generated by groups on maps will be recorded in the long list of project ideas.)

• Eliminate left turns onto I-5. Consider redesigning I-5/Nyberg interchange to a cloverleaf design.

- Coordinate the signal timing along Tualatin Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road and Martinazzi Avenue.
- School zone Make the school zone signage consistent at the various locations in the City.
- Add a northbound left lane on Boones Ferry Road at Tualatin Sherwood Road. Further, the southbound right lane at this intersection needs more length or lane.
- Add capacity to Boones Ferry from Lower Boones Ferry to Tualatin.
- Add a signal on Boones Ferry Road at the High School.
- 65/Sagert Add a left turn lane and realign signal.
- 90th and Tualatin Sherwood Road at Frontage Add a stop sign.
- Put in a signal on Tualatin Road at Teton or 108th.
- Consider a roundabout at the vicinity of 65th/Sagert/Borland.
- Implement the 124th extension project.
- Add a signal to the intersection of Tualatin/Teton.
- Martinazzi/Sagert intersection consider a signal or roundabout.
- Consider one big traffic circle around downtown a one-way loop that allows right turns only.
- Eliminate the school buses at Park.
- Eliminate left turns at Park.



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Major Corridors Working Group Summary April 16, 2012 Police Department Training Room

The purpose of this working group meeting was to study and discuss the potential solutions generated from the previous working group meeting, and to discuss the feasibility of potential projects to help decide if they should be considered in the evaluation phase of the TSP process.

The Working group separated into groups of no more than eight people to discuss the project ideas on the maps. Each meeting attendee was given three cards (green = yes, yellow = maybe, and red = no). Groups first went through each project idea and showed the card that they thought was appropriate for the project to be carried forward into evaluation for the TSP. Once the projects were tallied, groups then discussed the projects and whether they should be forwarded into the TSP for further evaluation. The tally is reported below, along with notes from the conversation. Projects that received all green votes from members were not discussed further, and the recommendation from the group is to evaluate the project in the TSP.

Safe	ty-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd	18	2	1
	Not familiar with road.			
A2	Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School	6	11	3
	This would only be two times during the day for two accesses. Study it. Don't put in more signals because traffic is already a problem today. Needs something, but a signal may not be the solution.			
A3	Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School & Byrom Elementary School	20	2	
A4	Raise the southbound off-ramp to allow a better view of traffic on Nyberg Rd	4	10	7
	The money needed to construct this project is not justified. There is a cost for the Right-Of-Way. This would not be practical for truck turns.			
A5	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108 th Ave	2	15	3
	If a signal is installed at Teton Ave, it is not needed at 108^{th} Ave. Teton Ave maybe a better location. There is bad visibility at this location. All "greens". Need more information on this project.			
A6	General – consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals	23	1	

A7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	5	14	3
	Do not know what this project is about. More information is needed. Is this a problem?			
A8	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herma Rd. Make residential access easier.	13	5	5
	The problem is cars cutting through, not trucks. Need to address Tualatin-Sherwood Road issues for cut through to solve this problem. Herman Rd has too many lights – people will not divert to Herman Rd. Provide signal to move to somewhere else. Add lights too.			

Con	gestion-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
B1	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	19	3	1
	Where exactly would it be widened? This is a bottleneck issue. Congestion is just being moved to where it would narrow again.			
B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	8	11	3
	Prefer a signal over a roundabout. The roundabout consumes too much land, and this is a challenging intersection.			
В3	Realign Sagert St/Borland Rd intersection	7	14	1
B4	Consider a traffic loop in downtown (one way, right turn only)	3	3	18
	Not sure if this is the best solution, and the project is very unclear. Not sure what intersection problem this would address. Would this project increase safety concerns downtown? It is unclear where the one-way roadways would be. Other towns have struggled and converted back and forth between one way and two-way. Study this to see what it would do. Is there room to implement this? Doesn't make sense. This project would cause more problems and have a serious impact on business. This project would be expensive.			
B5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	7	9	7

What purpose does this serve? Don't restrict turns.
This intersection shouldn't be a traffic signal, just a
stop sign. This project is very unclear. This would cause
more congestion. Note this is the solution. Is a signal
the solution?

	the solution?			
В6	Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park	8	6	9
	The access is fine most of the time. No problem here.			
В7	Consider removing ramp signals at Nyberg interchange	1	5	17
	Projects B7 through B11 are not feasible. Consider moving the meter to minimize the spill back. Question of control. Not in our control, bad idea.			
B8	Prohibit left turns out of 108 th Ave <u>or</u> remove trees in the southwest corner	5	8	10
	Not sure this is a problem. No problem seen. Signal is not required if one is installed at Teton Ave. Not sure if it's a problem. Don't prohibit left turn. Clear the trees.			
В9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd and Tualatin- Sherwood Rd; widen Boones Ferry Rd	14	2	1
	Adaptive signal technology. Just widened Boones Ferry Road. Good with signal timing. Separate traffic signal from widening in the project.	2-7	2	
B10	Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Rd)	5	18	1
	Only useful redesign would be elimination.			
B11	Consider redesigning the Nyberg interchange into a full cloverleaf	1	12	11
	This project is not feasible. There is too much land/cost when compared to the benefit. Would have been good for ODOT to have widened cloverleaf in the first place. No go.	-	-	
B12	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	3	13	7
	More information needed. ODOT just built there. This project isn't needed. Consider one big fix instead of all smaller fixes.			·
		<u>-</u>		

B13	Extend the northbound left turn lane and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to reduce backup from WES train; add red light cameras	19	2	2
	Two separate issues. The problem is on the south side. Consider timing WES train. There is a congestion issue at this intersection. Not sure this is the right solution. Need flow. Not sure of the correct solution. Make train wait for green light. Still need help for Northbound turn pocket. Look at WES also.			
B14	Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd	4	7	11
	This slows people down the way it is today. There is not enough room. Would require additional land. Cost plus functioning adequate. Confused, no trouble here.			
B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90 th Ave at Kaiser	13	6	2
	Why a signal? Isn't needed. Traffic would back up into Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Remove bushes. This is a sight distance issue.			
B16	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	19	2	1
	Only downtown Northbound.			
B17	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	8	13	3
	Lots of debate. Pedestrian safety concern. Worried about right of way acquisition. Consider three lanes. This is the same as project B9. Need more information. This would create a barrier and a divided city. Consider a roundabout on Boones Ferry, Victoria Woods house intersection would flow down. Consider 3 lanes. Add bus pull outs, bike lanes, deal with different speed zones.			
B18 interc	Add a southbound left turn and right turn lane to Nyberg hange	6	12	6
	Don't understand this project. There are already 2 lanes in each direction. Cost benefit. Don't know what this is.	U	12	0
B19	Restrict trucks to right lane. Widen travel lanes.	4	1	18

This project is not feasible, it won't work. Impossible, requires too much land. Not practical. Don't encourage more through traffic in or on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. How would this happen and what purpose would it serve?

B20 keep	Roundabout or signal intersection at Nyberg Rd/65 th Ave; Nyberg Rd 2 lanes	5	6	11
	Roundabout sounds like a crazy idea. Signal exists. Don't want business near roundabout. Too much traffic for this location. Is there enough space? Wetlands on one side, and a bridge. The roundabout is a crazy idea.	-		
B21	Extend 124 th Ave and connect to I-5			
	Under review by Washington County. More support if it goes down to Beckman. Impacts to neighborhoods. Understudy by another project. Should go to Beckman.	17	4	3
B22	Address congestion caused by high school	17	5	
B23 Sherv	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin- vood Rd	17	2	
B24	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124 th Ave	21	7	1
	Not sure there is a problem here. Not sure there is a need. Already 5 lanes.		,	
B25 Tuala	Limit access and grade separate the intersection of tin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd		8	15
	Too expensive. This project would destroy retail and create a barrier to the community. This would be expensive. Cost prohibitive and permits would be impossible.		Ü	19

Con	nectivity-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
C1	Extend 124 th Ave to Tonquin Rd This project is not problematic. All about connectivity to I-5.	18	6	
C2	Extend 65 th Ave north There could be better connections across river elsewhere, maybe make the improvement near Boones Ferry Rd instead. This project would have high		8	15
C3	residential impacts, and is politically infeasible. Connect other cities via McKewan Rd instead. Construct a new road between Tualatin High School and			
Буго	Don't understand problem. This would impact neighborhoods. Can't make a decision because the project is too vague. What is the need? Negatively effects neighborhood. School district property is out of city control. Don't understand the need.		3	20
C4 Bridg	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near geport Village into downtown Tualatin	11	11	2
	We should look at widening bridge to 3-4 lanes. Needs to include a Boones Ferry Rd bridge.			
C5	Improve intersection at 99 W and Tualatin Rd Would encourage traffic on Tualatin Rd. Not worth the cost, this intersection was just improved. Just fine, not needed. New intersection there. Existing is fine.	1	5	16
C6	Extend Tualatin Rd to Lower Boones Ferry Rd Concern about park and intersection at 90 th Ave. Destroys park. This has been studied already. Goes	1	4	18
C 7	through golf course and would destroy park. This would impacts exit 290 on I-5. Add a connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd;			
revis	e signal Charter amendment money Tualatin TSP for Tualatin. Don't invite other traffic loads. Moving bottleneck. Destroys park. Studied already. Goes through golf course.	1	6	16

C8	Need on/off ramps from I-5 to Norwood Rd	1	4	18
	This would have negative impacts on I-205, and large impacts on residential areas. ODOT won't approve. Too close to other interchange, and would encourage more traffic in this area.	-	·	
C9	Widen Sagert St to 2-lanes each way with pedestrian median	3	11	10
	Why? This project is too expensive with few benefits to justify. A pedestrian median would be okay, but extra	_		
	lanes are not needed. The bridge is a bit narrow - concerned about the cost of bridge. Look at strobe lights for a pedestrian crossing.			
C10	Extend Helenius Rd (Grahams Ferry Rd to Norwood Rd)	2	4	18
	This would be difficult to build and would increase traffic cut through in the area. Would impact a wetland and the neighborhoods and would require displacements and residential impacts. Grade issues to construct.			
C11	Create street grid in Bridgeport	3		21
	There is already a street grid, and this is private property. More information is needed, the project is too vague. This would be the developers' responsibility. It is too late to require it now – the area is built-up.			
C12	Extend Boones Ferry Rd to Hall Blvd			24
	The Hall extension is a bad idea. Destroys park. Too much traffic through Tualatin, and the residential area in Durham. What is the cost benefit? This project straddles multiple jurisdictions, and could have impacts to wetlands. This has already been studied, and there are constraints with the railroad right-of-way. This would interfere with the park system. A connection over the park turns Boones Ferry Rd into a freeway. There would be too much through traffic.			

Othe	er Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
D1	Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Install traffic camera for signal violations.	9	10	4
	Need detailed information. Don't like red light cameras. Where would they be installed? East? Would a longer lane address the problem?			
D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street	18		6
D3 add a	Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi adjust signal timing, and red light camera Lights are already timed. Don't like cameras. Make flashing yellow light consistent throughout the City.	12		
D4	Adjust signal timing The timing now is fine - satisfied with the existing system.	18		4

Idea	s from Previous Planning Efforts	Green	Yellow	Red
P1	SW Tualatin Concept Plan Roadways (2005)	6		3
	Should be lower priority for funding over existing roads. Lower priority over existing road.			
P2	Extend Pacific Drive to 124 th Ave Hwy 99W (2001 TSP)	3	6	1
	The project does not add any transportation value.			
Planr	ned traffic signal locations (Various) 2001 TSP	6		3
	A signal at Ibach & Grahams Ferry makes sense. Maybe add a signal at Avery & Teton. Yes for a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave.			

Additional Comments

Group all items/changes to get final results:

Group - A2/B22

Group - A4

Group - A8

Group - B12

Group - B18

Group - B11, B12, B5, A4, B18

Major Corridors and Intersections Working Group #3 Summary

The Major Corridors and Intersections Working Group met on June 14th, 2012 from 6-8 p.m. at the Tualatin Police Department. The working group heard how the project team evaluated the project ideas, and then discussed the evaluation and the projects. At the end of the working group meeting, attendees were given five red and five green dots. Attendees were asked to place green dots on the projects that were the most important to the community and red dots on projects that they thought should not be carried forward into the TSP given the discussion and the preliminary evaluation results. One dot per project per person was allowed (attendees were not able to put all of their dots on one project).

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to section of Grahams Ferry	4	
<u>A2</u>	Add traffic signal at Tualatin HS	2	3
	Is this a seasonal problem only?		
A3	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin HS and Byrom Elementary	1	
<u>A4</u>	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange		
<u>A5</u>	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th	1	1
A6	Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals	6	
<u>A8</u>	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along	2	1
	Herman		
	Amendment to A8: traffic from Herman to Teton not through to Tualatin Rd		
	Add signs to direct cars onto Herman		
<u>B1</u>	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	5	1
	Need to do Boones Ferry Road all the way		
B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	2	
B3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	1	2
	Just add a signal at Sagert/65 th		
<u>B5</u>	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange		1
B6	Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park	5	7
	EGRESS only – no change to existing circulation in park		
<u>B8</u>	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest corner		
В9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry	7	
B10	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing	3	1
<u>B12</u>	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	1	3

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
<u>B13</u>	Extend NB left turn and create SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin-Sherwood to reduce backup	3	
	from WES train		
<u>B14</u>	Reconfigure Boones Ferry at Tualatin		13
	C7 Revise connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Road		
B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser		1
<u>B16</u>	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	4	
<u>B17</u>	Widen Boones Ferry at south end of City	1	5
B20	Roundabout at Nyberg and 65 th intersection		3
B21	Extend 124th Ave to south	7	4
B22	Address congestion caused by high school	4	
B23	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at Tualatin-Sherwood	6	
<u>B24</u>	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	5	1
C2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	3	4
C4	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd between Bridgeport Village and downtown	5	
C7	Revise connection between Tualatin and Boones Ferry near the railroad tracks		
	Combined with B14		
C 9	Widen Sagert to 2-lanes each way	1	4
<u>C12</u>	Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles		9
D1	Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Install traffic camera for	1	2
	signal violations.		
D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street		
	Comp. Donal (Nathanna, Llank, et sings), allows before a during MEC		

Boones Ferry Road/Nyberg – look at signal, allow left turns during WES.

Add a project that improves Teton between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Sherwood Road (this needs to be evaluated as a new idea)

Kaaren will look into providing a session on Modeling 101 by Metro, if sufficient interests exists

As part of the Herman and Tualatin options, look at improving 124th between the two roads and making it less convenient to turn onto Tualatin from 124th.

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Neighborhood Livability Working Group Summary March 5, 2012

City of Tualatin

Issues:

- Cut-through traffic:
 - o Halcion/Joshua
 - Siletz
 - Other (Tualatin)
- Intersections:
 - o Large
 - High traffic
 - Difficult lane configurations
- Schools/pedestrians:
 - Safe Routes to School
 - Signage along the biking/walking routes
- Cut-through traffic in neighborhoods traffic moves too fast, break speed limit and other laws
- Trucks and traffic take Tualatin Road they don't take 125th Ave and Herman, which is a better alternate route
- Neighborhoods feel "boxed in" by large streets and manufacturing areas, reduces the quality of life:
 - Noise
 - Air pollution
 - Safety issues
- Access to/from neighborhoods to Tualatin Road is difficult
- It is hard to get into/out of Tualatin Community Park
- Access in and out of town (especially by alternatives to the car):
 - o How to address an aging population that may not be able to drive
- North side issues:
 - o Traffic near Hazelbrook
 - Cut-through
 - Need lighting and safety improvements
- Boones Ferry Road do not want it to become the Tualatin-Sherwood Road to the south
 - o Boones Ferry Road should not be a barrier 5 lanes would be too wide
- Basalt Creek will add additional traffic want to make sure that future traffic will avoid neighborhoods
- The industrial land-uses along Avery cause problems for the neighborhoods
- Along Boones Ferry Road the speed limit changes from the urban to rural feel it is not consistent (especially with the school zone)
- Safety at High School and Elementary School is important:
 - o There is lots of activity near there
 - o There are no medians or traffic calming

Themes:

Industrial and residential uses next to each other causes conflicts

- Safety and noise issues
- Cut-through traffic
- Connectivity and isolation of neighborhoods is a problem.

Project Ideas:

- 124th needs to be a priority for industrial traffic
- Neighborhoods should be "havens" that support livability some beautification projects are needed
- Continue focus on needs of community through the TSP process
- North Tualatin projects:
 - o Lighting in neighborhoods (Hazelbrook), for all users
 - o Bus traffic or a traffic study is needed to better route buses.
- Create a consistent speed on Boones Ferry Road
 - o Provide east-west connectivity across Boones Ferry Road
 - o Roundabout at Boones Ferry Road and Norwood to slow traffic down
- Basalt Creek needs a connector to I-5 south of the residential area
- Sound walls on 99W and I-5
- Small circulator bus within the city
- Build larger roads around Tualatin to reduce cut-through traffic on Tualatin roads
- Improve sidewalks, add benches and amenities at bus stops
- Add lights and slow traffic down near pedestrian crossings
- Provide access to transit in north Tualatin
- Encourage students within a certain distance (1/2 mile?) of schools to walk and bike to school
- Re-work bus routes
- Add strategic roundabouts
- 65th and Sagert crossing
- Safe Routes to School committee for each school
- Create Parkways and Boulevards add medians, fewer access points, and increase design to help slow traffic down
- Add amenities for pedestrians
- Add medians, lighting and seating at high-traffic areas

Important corridors:

- Boones Ferry Road
- Tualatin Road
- 124th Avenue
- Herman Road



Tualatin Transportation System Plan Neighborhood Working Group Summary Meridian Park Hospital, (19300 SW 65th Ave, 97062) April 11, 2012

The purpose of this working group meeting was to study and discuss the potential solutions generated from the previous working group meeting, and to discuss the feasibility of potential projects to help decide if they should be considered in the evaluation phase of the TSP process.

The Working group separated into groups of no more than six people to discuss the project ideas on the maps. Each meeting attendee was given three cards (green = yes, yellow = maybe, and red = no). Groups first went through each project idea and showed the card that they thought was appropriate for the project to be carried forward into evaluation for the TSP. Once the projects were tallied, groups then discussed the projects and whether they should be forwarded into the TSP for further evaluation. The tally is reported below, along with notes from the conversation. Projects that received all green votes from members were not discussed further, and the recommendation from the group is to evaluate the project in the TSP.

Safet	y-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
A1	Discourage/restrict through & truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging a shift to Herman Rd & Leveton Rd. Make residential access along Tualatin Rd easier.	6	10	
	Rebuild Tualatin Rd to make it prohibitive for trucks. Plant flowers and make it a neighborhood street. Cut off access along Teton and 108 th Aves.			
A2	Improve lighting on Hazelbrook Rd	13	3	
	Walking to the park is really dark. There is also a retirement home and school nearby			
A3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and two railroad crossings	11	3	2
A4	Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd &Norwood Rd	3	7	6
	Look at signal options. Is this the best place to do this? The intersection is really small. There is not a lot of room so the City would need to buy ROW. However, this would slow traffic down. Boones Ferry Rd is a major collector, so don't use a roundabout here. If Norwood and I-5 were connected, we would need traffic calming. We don't want the connection, so we don't need traffic calming.			
A5	Explore ways to make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian-friendly, including the creation of one consistent speed limit, without widening	6	10	

	Speed limit because of school zones is not really an issue. Separate bike/pedestrian paths needs more exploration and conversation.			
	When the project is only make it more pedestrian friendly – 4 green and 1 yellow. When the project is creating a consistent speed limit – 5 yellows.			
A6	Improve intersection at 108 th Ave and Tualatin Rd	2	12	2
	Improve visibility? Yes. Improve signal? No. Remove the trees on the southwest corner. There is lots of traffic in the morning and it is difficult to make turns. Light would discourage traffic. Traffic coming through tries to avoid Tualatin-Sherwood Rd.			
A7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	6	9	1
	This seems strange. Not sure of the need or what to do about it? This conflicts with A5. Reduce the speed or keep the speed consistent? Not sure what the sight distance issue is. It is already ok.			
A8	Reduce speed, add sidewalks and bike lanes on Blake St curves. Possibly add trail through wooded area.	9	15	1
	Trail would be hard, private property owners would likely not sell or approve the easement. There is no room for sidewalks and bike lanes. Once you drive it once, you know that you can't go the speed limit on the curves. Add wayfinding signs.			
	For sidewalks only, 2 red, 2 yellow, for reducing speed, 3 green, 1 yellow, for Trail only, 4 yellow.			
A9	Eliminate free right turns	2	9	5
	Not needed for Tualatin and Herman Roads. A1 would eliminate the problem. Light warranted? Don't eliminate free right, though this makes it hard for pedestrians. If Tualatin Rd is redone, you don't need right turns. Not may pedestrians in the area, however needs further study.			
A10	Require a stop before vehicles turn right onto Boones Ferry Rd between Mohawk St and Greenhill Ln	2	5	4
	Isn't that already required on side streets? There are collision issues if this project is added at streets with signals. Don't know where this is. Have to stop before you get on Boones Ferry Rd anyway from side streets.			

Cong	estion-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
B1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave	13	2	2
	Offset to avoid apartments. For signal only – 3 green, 2 red. For roundabout only - 2 green, 3 red.			
B2	Add a dedicated right turn lane into Nyberg Woods Apartments	2	8	7
	Not needed. The shopping area already has a right turn lane. A new solution is B7 – 2 right turns to northbound I-5. Doesn't make sense. Not enough traffic. Maybe it's a left turn?			
В3	Realign Sagert St and Borland Rd intersection (roundabout or signal)	16	10	5
	Study all options. If roundabout is oblong, consider Nyberg/65 th . Realigning is first priority.			
	For realign Sagert and Borland – 5 green. For Signal – 2 yellow, 3 red. For Roundabout – 4 green, 1 yellow.			
B4	Improve intersection at Avery St and Teton Ave	10	3	4
	If we improve the road for truck traffic, it will cause irreparable harm to the residential neighborhood. Encourage more turns.			
B5	Address congestion caused by high school	4	13	
	What does this mean? Only problem for 20 minutes in the morning: this project is not needed. Needs more discussion. More kids bike to schools. Increase the parking rates for school when it's a fire lane road. We'll have signals.			
В6	Adjust signal timing to reflect traffic needs	16	1	
В7	Add two right turns onto I-5 northbound from Nyberg St	5	5	7
	Is there a need? Not going to happen. Not needed and expensive. Congestion because of freight, not because of the single turn lane. Could own Stafford and south of Borland interchange on I-205. Difficult to understand with additional context. This is similar to B2.			
B8	Add right turn lane from Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to northbound 124 th Ave	12	6	
	Would be nice to have. May be needed in the future. Make sense to add a roundabout on Tualatin-Sherwood Road $\&~124^{\text{th}}$ Ave			

Conn	ectivity-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
C1	Connect 124 th Ave to Tonquin Rd	15	2	
C2	Balance neighborhood needs with trucks along 108 th /105 th Aves. Consider disallowing trucks/truck info signs. Add traffic calming.	11	2	4
	Will the 124 th Ave connection solve this problem? Close the street at the curves. Add it to Blake Street Greenway. Too many ideas. Truck route signs aren't useful – the City can't enforce if they area on an arterial road.			
C 3	Balance the needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school	6	10	
	No room for turn lane. Can't restrict truck traffic.			
C4	Add I-5 Interchange with Norwood Rd	3	2	12
	Not going to happen, it is cost prohibited. Too close to other interchanges.			
C5	Limit Siletz to exit only at Boones Ferry Rd and 105 th Ave to minimize cut-through traffic.	7	7	2
	Residential street acts like a connector. Don't like the exit only. Could push traffic to other residential streets. Eliminate cut through without speed bumps. Residential road accommodates traffic. Would stop signs work?			
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd		8	8
	Formalize informal road - "secret resident cut-through". Private property and parking lot. Remove speed bumps.			

Bicyc	le/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
D1	Consider a pedestrian overcrossing on Boones Ferry Rd	3	3	11
	Won't get used – it is out of direction. An overcrossing is expensive			
D2	Consider pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry Rd, near Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High schools	3	8	6
	Island won't help Byron Elementary access on Blake Street. There is already a pedestrian island near Iowa Dr on the south end, need one on Ibach St			
D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river	11	4	2

Good for the area west of I-5

D4	Connect sidewalk on east side of 65 th Ave	16	1	
D5	Repair gap in sidewalk on the south side of Borland Rd	17		
D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	11	3	3
D7	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements (may need signal)	14	1	1
	Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd intersection needs a light. Slow traffic carries a lot of traffic accident issues. Safety issue. Hard to make a left turn westbound on Tualatin Rd			
D8	Add bike facilities & continuous sidewalks; reduce speed limit	16	1	
D9	Build the Tonquin Trail	13	4	
	Build it, it is not our money (Metro will be funding).			
D10	Provide neighborhood connections to Tonquin Trail	10	2	
	Crossing - Pedestrians and railroad don't mix. Overcrossing is no good, expensive, and too large. Undercrossing has safety concerns.			
D11	Connect to Tualatin Path	10	7	
	Undercrossing issue, safety/visibility. Would be great, nature walk, bike to grocery store.			
D12	General – add benches around the city for pedestrians, especially between Heritage Center and Haggens	7	1	
D13	General – Provide 3 loop walking paths that connect all Tualatin neighborhoods	9	3	4
	Too vague, impractical and overly broad.			

Trans	sit-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	14	3	
	As stand-alone this doesn't make sense. People won't take it to do downtown. Ok as long as it part of a larger circulator transit system.			

Othe	r Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
F1	Consider ways to lessen noise from 99W and I-5 on nearby residences	3	9	5
	Not a lot of residences near 99W. "Consider" doesn't cost money. Noise proof window incentive program. Impractical. We have sound walls already along I-5.			
F2	Consider changing "no right on red" sign		5	12
	Keep the sign. Don't see the need why? Unclear. Who has a problem with this? Trying to cut commute but serious safety issue.			
F3	Intersection of Ibach/Grahams Ferry is confusing; rename road or better signs; need better lighting		8	9
	Not confusing every time. Do it once, you know. Not needed. Is it a problem? Not a priority. People who live here know how it works. Not necessary, except lighting.			
F4	General – Add gateway signs to announce CIOs		1	16
	Why? What is the benefit? Not transportation. Not needed, cost prohibited. Not a transportation issue.			
F5	Move industrial area to the SW area (no direct truck route), change to multifamily residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	7	6	10
	It is impractical to restrict truck traffic. This would create blight in transition. Residential right along rail line. The railroad and ODOT rail would not approve an additional rail crossing.			
	For move industrial to the SW area – 1 yellow and 4 red. For buffer existing neighborhood better – 3 green, 2 yellow.			
F6	Create small, neighborhood commercial for residents to walk to	8	4	5
	No one will walk there because it is already commercial. Make Tri-			

Idea	s already in other Plans	Green	Yellow	Red
P1	Extend Boones Ferry Rd to Hall (from the 2001 TSP)		2	5
P2	SW Tualatin Concept Plan Roadways (2005)	7		

General Comment:

• When we talk about congestion, consider time and length of congestion.

County neighborhood/commercial.

Other Ideas:

- All school zone speed restrictions consistent. Why are they different?
- Pedestrian benches on Tualatin Rd. (Could be an Eagle Scout project)
- PI Bring additional traffic downtown, take out the park.
- Look into and extension of 65th to enhance the neighborhood connectivity and relieve congestion on I-5.

Neighborhood Livability Working Group #3 Summary

The Neighborhood Livability Working Group met on June 13th, 2012 from 6-8 p.m. at the Tualatin Police Department. The working group heard how the project team evaluated each project, and then discussed the evaluation and the projects. At the end of the working group meeting, attendees were given five red and five green dots. Attendees were asked to place green dots on the projects that were the most important to the community and red dots on projects that they thought should not be carried forward into the TSP given the discussion and the preliminary evaluation results. One dot per project per person was allowed (attendees were not able to put all of their dots on one project).

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
<u>A1</u>	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin while encouraging through and truck traffic	1	
	along Herman		
	This wording for the project is better than the wording on other Working Group maps		
	The City does not have a lot of control over trucks on Tualatin		
	Different design elements could be used to restrict trucks		
	Herman Rd would be good alternative (it should be labeled an Expressway with specific design		
	standards). Herman is a good connection to 99W		
	Herman Rd could handle the truck, you could put urban design criteria on to shift the traffic		
	Differences in opinions based on which neighborhood you live in		
	UPS trucks hold up traffic on Teton Avenue		
	This project should stay on the list for further evaluation		
	Need to work with school buses on traffic		
А3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and two railroad crossings	1	
	Forward to school, should not be on the TSP		
<u>A4</u>	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Norwood		2
	A roundabout would make a more vibrant neighborhood		
	Accessibility for pedestrian/cyclists could be addressed through design (in response to concerns		
	that roundabouts are hard to navigate for bicyclists and pedestrians)		
<u>A5</u>	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian-friendly	2	
	If Boones Ferry was better, people would use it - change equity to ½ circle		
<u>A6</u>	Improve intersection at 108th and Tualatin		3
A8	Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area	1	
	Issue is somewhat being addressed this year, interim solutions will be constructed		

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
A9	Eliminate free right turns on Herman at Teton and Tualatin The improvements at these intersections were recently made By removing these free right turns turns, you could keep people on Herman		4
B1	Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi Needs to be either a signal or a roundabout, but the only time there is trouble is during peak traffic times Roundabout could probably work, it could be smaller, set the stage for using Sagert more	2	
<u>B2</u>	Add dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center This project doesn't make any sense. This whole area needs work. Originally this concept was to help traffic get onto I-5 northbound, when the other project fell off the list; this project no longer makes sense.		1
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection Most agreed this was good, though there was disagreement	1	4
В4	Improve intersection at Avery and Teton What is the improvement?		
B5	Address congestion caused by HS Add utilize busses more	2	
<u>B6</u>	Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic. At Tualatin Country Club Contradicts the intent of project A7	1	1
<u>B8</u>	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th Agreed	3	
C1	Extend 124th to south Concerns about making sure it connects east to west	4	
C2	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	2	
C3	Balance neighborhood needs and trucks movement along Avery; provide turn lane for traffic entering school This project isn't practical – where does the right-of-way come from? A turn lane is a good idea into the school.		

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry and Bridgeport	1	5
	This project does not meet any need, and should be removed from the TSP		
C7	Extend 65th to the north	5	
	This requires more analysis, and would be difficult to do. This would be a lot of money to spend		
	for people to avoid driving a few blocks. Would it be possible to make this a bike/pedestrian project?		
<u>D2</u>	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom Elementary and Tualatin HS	3	2
<u> </u>	An island already exists south of the HS driveway. How about standardizing the flashing lights for	3	2
	schools, making them only when students are likely to be present (20 mph when the lights flash)		
	as opposed to 20 mph between 8 am and 5 pm?		
D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river	6	
	Would create good path connections		
D4	Connect sidewalk on east side of 65th	1	
	Would create good path connections – yes, add into the TSP. Close sidewalk gaps		
D5	Repair gap in sidewalk on south side of Borland		
03	Good path connections		
D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	6	
	Would improve path connections	· ·	
<u>D7</u>	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road	4	
	Would improve path connections		
D8	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry	2	1
	Don't know why – what is there to walk to? Would create good path connections		
D9	Build the Tonquin Trail	2	
	Good path connections		
D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	2	
	Would create good path connections.		
D11	Connect to Tualatin Path	2	
	Would create good path connections.		
D12	Provide benches for walkers throughout city	3	
	Really like this project.		

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
D13	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	2	
E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	3	
F2	Remove NB right turn signal on Tualatin out of Police Station There is not a problem at the Police Station; the issue is with pedestrians trying to cross the north side of the intersection, because there is a free right turn here for vehicles going to Tualatin Road. If the Tonquin Trail is built, it will allow pedestrians to get around most of these issues.		6

Add SDC fees to Commercial/Industrial areas for parks

Overall – Neighborhoods projects should include transit serving neighborhoods and a park and ride near where people live. Making left turn on Tualatin Rd from Cheyenne Way is very difficult

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Transit Working Group - Meeting #2 Summary

Date: 3/8/12

Location: Police Department Training Room (8650 Tualatin Road, Tualatin, 97062)

Attendees: City of Tualatin: Cindy Hahn, Aquilla Hurd-Ravich, Kaaren Hofmann, Ben Bryant

Consultants: Brandy Steffen, Kate Lyman, Theresa Carr

Purpose

The purpose of this meeting was to review ideas proposed during the first Transit Working Group meeting, answer demographic questions raised during the first meeting, and provide an opportunity for the group to brainstorm ideas for potential projects for transit improvements, both at a regional and local level.

Approximately 12 people attended the event, including several members of the Transportation Task Force. The following is a summary of comments received during the various phases of the meeting.

Welcome and Introductions

Cindy welcomed the group and introduced the City and Consultant staff in attendance. Then the meeting attendees introduced themselves. The meeting participants also said which Citizen Involvement Organization (CIO) they represented:

- CIO 1 4 participants
- CIO 2 2 participants
- CIO 3 1 participant
- CIO 6 1 participant
- Commercial CIO 2 participants

Brandy welcomed the group and reviewed the ground rules and expectations for participation from the attendees.

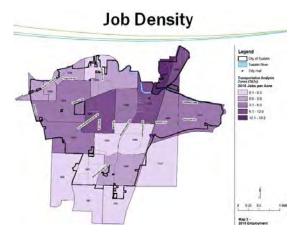
Follow up/Review Last Meeting

Kate presented information to questions that were raised during the first meeting. Below are the slides she presented:

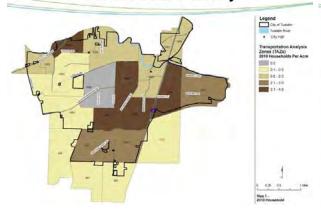
Demographics in Tualatin

- Median income slightly higher than region as a whole
- There are more jobs than residents in Tualatin many people commute in from other places
- There are more children under 18 and fewer adults under 65 in Tualatin than in the region as a whole
- Approximately 72% of residents in Tualatin have moved here since 2000

Source: 2005-2009 American Community Survey



Household Density



Existing Transit Service



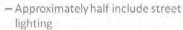
Park & Ride Use

- Tualatin Park & Ride (at Bridgeport Village) 466 spaces, 83% full
- Mohawk Park & Ride 232 spaces, 22% full
- Tualatin South Park & Ride 147 spaces, 24% full
- Boones Ferry Community Church Park & Ride
 20 spaces, 10% full

Source: TriMet, 2011

Bus Stop Amenities

- 79 total bus stops within the city of Tualatin
 - 67 include pole and sign only; remaining 12 include a shelter with posted schedule



 A few of the larger stops include bike parking





Commuting to Work

- 77% of Tualatin commuters drive alone to work
- 7.4% carpool
- 4.2% use public transit
- 2.9% walk
- . 6.1% work at home

Source: 2010 American Community Survey

Ridership in 2011

Transit Service	Average T	otal Weekday	Average Saturday Average S		Sunday	
	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings	Boardings	Alightings
Bus line 12 (Barbur/Sandy Blvd)	66	66	38	38	27	25
Bus line 36 (South Shore)	18	21				
Bus line 37 (Lake Grove)	26	25				
Bus line 38 (Boones Ferry Road)	27	19				
Bus line 76 (Beaverton/ Tualatin)	504	576	416	423	259	263
Busline 96 (Tualatin/ I-5)	603	591				
WES	229	212				

Questions raised at this point include:

- Citizens asked City Council for more service in the past, but didn't get that funded
- No information about number of drivers at Park & Ride (Number from outside Tualatin)
 - o Staff will try to follow up to see if more information is available.
- TriMet survey of riders on #94
 - Survey restults should be ready in September 2012 some data will be ready within the next month and will be presented to the Transit Working Group
- Where does SMART go in Tualatin?
 - Tualatin Park & Ride (and Barbur Blvd)
- Have the TriMet lines already been cut?

- Not yet. Hearings are being held now and it will be voted on in May. They will then take effect in September 2012. Proposed changes include:
 - Fare structure, stop free rail, line 96, no zone transfer change
 - Line 12 will split at Tigard = Sherwood to PDX transfer in Tigard
 - 37/38 keep service, fewer morning trips
 - 96 decreases frequency by 5 minutes
 - 76 had no change
 - 94 ends at Barbur with connection to Sherwood/Tigard
- There is no Park & Ride on 99W
- Can we find out the number of employees who are residents vs. outside employees?
 - The Chamber of Commerce will forward that information to the project.
- No east/west transit
- Chamber shuttle information:
 - o 2 shuttles in the morning, 1 in the evening serves 35 businesses
 - o 70-80 people in morning, 50 people in evening
 - \$4.70 cost/ride, but riders are not charged anything

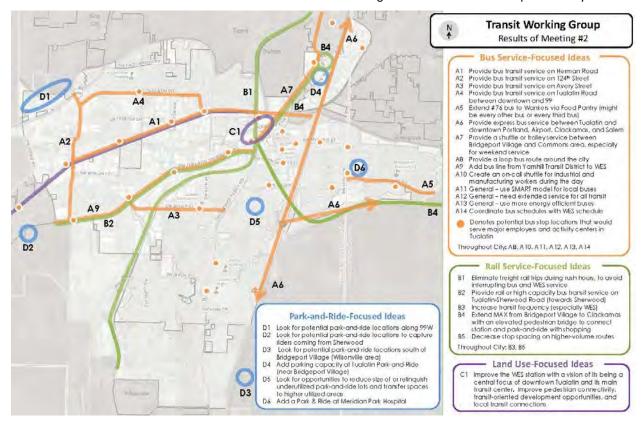
Transit Improvements

Brandy broke the larger group into three small groups, each of which had a staff person to help facilitate the small group discussions. The groups looked at maps based on the ideas developed during the first meeting and then brainstormed ideas for transit improvements at the local and regional level.

After the small group break-out sessions, Brandy had each small group report out to the larger group on their discussion. Here are the highlights of that larger discussion, which allowed for follow-up questions and additional thoughts raised after the small group discussion.

- Residential/jobs downtown
- Food Pantry doesn't have bus
 - o 96 should loop there on the 3 days the Pantry is open
- Transit hub Bridgeport Park & Ride has the most use, shopping area and Park & Ride
 - Use parking at other shopping areas
 - Stop some traffic at Park & Ride farther south by using parking built at Raleigh Hills,
 Costco and church
 - Opportunity to shop before/after
- Don't ruin livability
 - o Keep out of car, HCT to local service
 - No parking in Sherwood
 - Need business incentives
- Fear Haggens had about WES was un-founded
 - Under utilized transit
- Work with Yamhill County Transit to run service to WES (this would provide east-west service in Tualatin)
- Create better, faster connection to PDX airport
- Create a local shuttle that could serve two purposes on weekdays would circulate to employers, on weekends would circulate to shopping areas and event locations
- Build bus stops to serve employers (see map for specific locations)
- Bring the new southwest corridor MAX line to the WES station; create a transit hub

This map shows all of the ideas collected during the meeting.



Wrap-Up

Theresa reminded the group that their comments from the meeting would be reviewed by City staff and presented to the TTF and eventually to City Council. Cindy thanked the group for attending and encouraged them to attend the next Transit Working Group on March 29, 2012 (same location and time).

Evaluation Forms

Evaluation forms were collected from attendees to let project staff know what should be changed in future meetings or to provide other written comments.

	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neutral	Somewhat agree Strongly agree	Not applicable
Information presented was clear and understandable	6				
Meeting facilitator encouraged and allowed all participants to share their ideas	6				
Meeting was efficient and made good use of my time	5	1			
I now have a better understanding of transit issues in Tualatin	4	1	1		
The Transit Working Group will influence decision-making	3	2			
I'm glad I am participating in the Transit Working Group	5				

Below are the open-end comments that were collected:

- Excellent ideas tonight
- Thank you
- I hope so (to question 5: Transit working group will influence decision-making)

Transit Working Group - Meeting #3 Summary

Date: 5/21/2012

Location: Police Department Training Room (8650 Tualatin Road, Tualatin, 97062)

Attendees: City of Tualatin: Aquilla Hurd-Ravich, Kaaren Hofmann, Alice Rouyer, Colin Cortes

Consultants: Matt Hastie, Brandy Steffen, Kate Lyman

Purpose

The purpose of this meeting was to review the changes to the focus areas that will be used by the Linking Tualatin project, comment on the draft land use types that should be explored for the future, and comment on the feasibility of the draft project ideas.

Approximately 22 people attended the event, including several members of the Transportation Task Force. The following is a summary of comments received during the phases of the meeting.

Welcome and Introductions

Brandy welcomed the group and reviewed the agenda for the evening. Aquilla then introduced the City and Consultant staff in attendance. The meeting attendees introduced themselves. Brandy quickly reviewed the ground rules and expectations for participation from the attendees, reminding the group that there was a lot of information to cover but that this meeting was only the first of many discussions on this topic. Many of these topics will be covered during other working group meetings, the May open house, and the June 4-day workshop (charrette).

Follow up/Review Last Meeting

Brandy reminded the group what information was discussed during the second meeting; the group reviewed a long list of project ideas during the last agenda item (as developed during the second meeting).

Matt reviewed the changes to the focus area boundaries, moving from the earlier versions (circle shaped) to the current versions with streets forming the boundaries.

Focus Area Boundaries

Refinements

- · Few changes to most areas
- Downtown boundary extends beyond town center boundary
- Leveton & Herman Road combined in one area
- Teton considered separately
- Southwest Concept Plan area considered differently than other areas

Land Use Types

- Future vision of key areas in city
- Use to develop land use and other recommendations during planning charrette
- Describe:
 - Land use and activities
 - Transit service and function
 - Other transportation facilities
 - Urban design, landscaping

ения.

Then he discussed the idea of land use types, which describe the different sets of "goodies" or features that you need to make the City look the way that residents and businesses would like it to grow in a given area; ways that will help attract and retain high capacity transit (such as MAX or express buses). More information about land use types and deciding what type of development should take place to

encourage/promote high capacity transit will be part of the 4-day workshop in June (charrette). Businesses, residents, and agencies will be invited to this workshop to collect feedback on this topic.

Questions/thoughts raised at this point include:

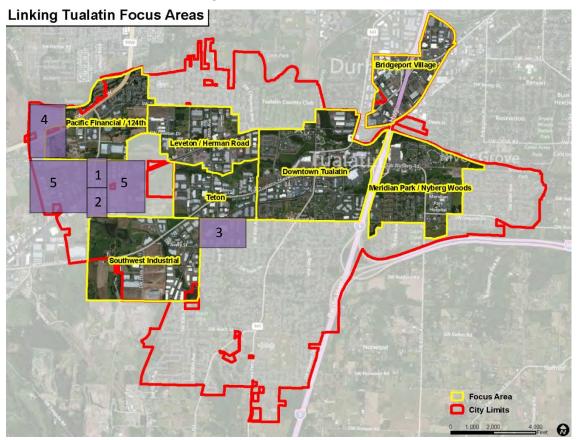
- Need to include residential areas in the discussion and on the maps, since they are important to transit
- Don't use the word "charrette" but say 4 day-workshop
- Don't use the word "typologies"

Group Work

Brandy broke the larger group into three small groups, each of which had a staff person to help facilitate the small group discussions. The groups were asked to review and comment on three topics:

Focus Areas

The focus areas are shown in the figure below.



Suggested changes to the focus areas, included (highlighted in purple on above figure):

- 1. Extend Pacific Financial/124th area south to Herman Road (around 124th Street)
- 2. Extend Southwest Industrial north to Herman Road (around 124th Street)
- 3. Extend Teton south to include industrial area
- 4. Extend Pacific Financial/124th area west to edge of city limits
- 5. Extend Pacific Financial/124th area south to reach the Southwest Industrial area

Other notes from this discussion:

 Northern part of downtown focus area (PacTrust) is not part of downtown; consider making the Downtown boundary smaller to make it more consistent with the established Town Center boundary

- Consider taking out Pacific Financial area
 - o question about city boundary, why does focus area include land outside of Tualatin
 - o doesn't have a lot of redevelopment potential except if there is a Park and Ride (this group did not reach consensus on this topic)

Land Use Types

The groups were asked to review the draft land use types, make changes, pose questions, and inform the facilitators if the land use types would fit in the proposed focus areas.

General comments collected about land use:

- Builders find it difficult to sell residential in employment areas
- Downtown concepts are old
- Would be difficult to develop in Pacific Financial
- What differentiates Teton from Leveton?
- Leveton/Herman: business employment designation is good
- SW Industrial/Teton is ok
- Development in SW industrial should wait until 124th is built

Comments for each of the land use types:

- Mixed-Use Center, applicable for the Bridgeport Village and possibly the Pacific Financial/124th areas.
 - Hard to have residential in Bridgeport Village
 - No big box retail
 - More restaurants, specifically in Pacific Financial area
 - o Residential should be mixed income, to attract the residents that also work in the area
 - Is there sufficient demand for this use at 124th?
 - Need to include park-and-rides in this land use
 - Need more residential (in all land uses)
 - Need taller building options (over 4 stories)
 - Could apply this land use type to downtown Tualatin as well
- Town Center, applicable for downtown Tualatin
 - Downtown north end doesn't feel busy enough
 - Not enough parking
 - Need renter and owner occupied housing
 - Appropriate in the core, but not on the edges (which are more like mixed-use centers)
 - Flooding in downtown
 - Current boundary incorporates broader set of uses than people typically associate with the downtown
- Business Employment District, applicable for Herman Road/Leveton
 - Also see this land use in SW industrial and Pacific Financial (the main part, center should be for mixed-use)
 - o Include transit service beyond 8-5 hours, to capture residential use
 - Should include some residential, that attracts
 - Attract creative businesses
- **Mixed-Use Institutional/Employment**, applicable for Meridian Park/Nyberg Woods and possibly for Pacific Financial/124th
 - Currently very transit deficient
 - Could also describe a portion of downtown (around Kaiser), need a campus specific area there
 - 10-hour work day doesn't work here because of lots of shift workers. Should be 24 hours

- Better at Nyberg Woods, similar to existing uses
- o Pacific and Meridian are very different now; it would be a big change to Pacific
- o Difficult to sell residential; concern about noise
- There needs to be a community wide discussion; including displacements
- Maybe Meridian Park and Nyberg Woods should be separate areas

Project Idea Feasibility

Each meeting attendee was given three cards (green = yes, yellow = maybe, and red = no) to answer the question "is this project feasible and should it be evaluated further?" Each group facilitator asked this question for each of the project ideas listed below. Prompts to help determine if an idea was feasible:

- Is it a transportation project?
- Is it within the city's control or influence?
- Is it technically feasible?
- Do you have concerns about cost?

Each group then revisited project ideas that had red or yellow responses (responses are shown in italics in a row below the idea). Participants were asked to suggest ideas to make the project feasible or explain why it was not feasible for further evaluation. Not every participant answered for each idea.

General comments about the projects:

- Not sure if connection to Yamhill County is needed; probably would not decrease traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- Vehicle parking is in more demand than bike parking at WES. Once Haggen has redeveloped there will be more need for bike parking
- Travel time is the most important factor, include one or no transfers

Potential Bus Service-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
A1 Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	11	9	1
Move to green (rail)			
if part of a loop bus route; not enough demand and already served by shuttle; one group thought this as part of a loop bus to Sherwood would be fine (perhaps alternating on Tualatin Rd)			
A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Street	13	2	
A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	5	6	3
One group said doesn't work with businesses and school, better on Teton One group was concerned about additional traffic in the neighborhood			
A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	20		1
A5 Extend bus service to east Tualatin	17	4	
A6 Provide express bus service between Tualatin and downtown Portland, Airport, Clackamas, and Salem	15	3	3
One group didn't like extension to PDX Airport & Clackamas Town Center(not enough ridership); liked "Maintain/Improve" service to Portland since it already exists and providing service to Salem (though some thought there wasn't enough demand)			

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A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	13	4	3
A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city	21		
A9 Add bus line from Yamhill Transit District to WES	12	5	4
A10 General - Create an on-call shuttle for industrial and manufacturing	9	11	1
workers during the day – consider charging fares			
Intel Model; two groups suggest changing the wording to			
"expand" since it already exists with the chamber shuttle)			
One group gave greens for charging fares			
One group said on call can be a problem and "during the day" is			
a concern			
A11 General – use SMART <i>concept</i> for local buses (leave TriMet service	13	4	3
area)			
One group wanted to use SMART model for local buses and			
TriMet model for regional travel and would support if it didn't			
necessarily include leaving TriMet's service area			
One group said this doesn't seem cooperative, Tualatin should			
partner with TriMet			
A12 General – need extended service for all transit	14	7	
One group said extended hours of service; all green			
A13 General – use more energy efficient buses	20	1	
One group said small buses for local trips; all green			
One group said not in City's control			
A14 Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule	19	1	
One group said this should already happen; all green			
A15 Provide transit service to Lake Oswego	11	7	1
Potential Rail Service-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
B1 Eliminate freight rail trips during rush hours, to avoid interrupting	6	3	9
bus and WES service			
Not Eliminate = reschedule			
Two groups felt that this was out of the City's control or			
influence = would like to encourage freight at less busy			
times/night			
One group felt this is not a problem			
B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-	16	3	1
Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)			
B3 Increase WES frequency	10	9	2

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One group said it's a good idea but not in the City's control, nor

MAX from Bridgeport Village to Clackamas; 5 red and 1 green Pedestrian Bridge from Bridgeport to Park and Ride; 2 red and 6

B4 Extend MAX from Bridgeport Village to Clackamas with an elevated

pedestrian bridge to connect station and park-and-ride with shopping

are they seeing the ridership to support this

green

-	•	•	
B5 Decrease stop spacing on higher-volume routes = express bus		9	2
Add more stops; local bus = safe stops	5		2
Most groups were unclear about this wording and one group felt			
it should be in the bus category			
One group said don't add stops to express bus			
B6 Extend WES to Salem	14	5	2
B7 Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene (route to be	3	7	3
determined)			
One group said that this isn't in the City's control or influence			
and there was a concern about cost			
B8 SW corridor High Capacity Transit	3	4	2
High capacity bus on 99W	3	3	
MAX on 99W	1	4	
One group said no fixed rail, but they do want HCT/Rapid transit			
B9 Add a WES Station in south Tualatin	6	3	8
One group said this is worth looking at/evaluating further			
One group said this is outside the City's control and not a need			
yet			
B10 General – Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains	2	7	5
One group said this isn't a project, nor within the City's control			
B11 Add bicycle storage at the WES station	9	5	1
One group said they weren't sure if it is a problem			
B12 Follow the existing rail line with High Capacity Transit		5	10
One group said it would be ok if it went to downtown Portland,			

One group said it would be ok if it went to downtown Portland, but that Lake Oswego is opposed to the idea so it is out of the City's control and there is an express bus to Portland already (though it needs to run at night)

Potential Land Use-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
C1 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main	5	10	2
transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented			
development opportunities, and local transit connections			
One group said to remove "a central focus of downtown" not			
sure if it helps congestion, warrants further evaluation			

Potential Park-and-Ride-Focused Ideas	Green	Yellow	Red
D1 Look for potential park-and-ride locations along 99W	21		
D2 Look for potential park-and-ride locations to capture riders coming	21		
from Sherwood			
D3 Look for potential park-and-ride locations south of Bridgeport	16		5
Village (Wilsonville area)			
One group said it is outside City control, good to have one when			
Basalt Creek area gets developed in the future if there is need			

D4 Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride (near Bridgeport	17	3	
Village)			
D5 Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized	12	3	6
park-and-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas			
One group said this project doesn't make sense, since you can't			
transfer land and may make it hard to transfer between buses if			
fewer buses frequent a park and ride			
D6 Add a Park & Ride at Meridian Park Hospital	11	9	1
D7 Add a Park & Ride at Rolling Hills Community Church	4	6	5

One group said this is a good idea but out of the City's control

Wrap-Up

One group finished 5 minutes before the other groups and left early. Brandy thanked the remaining group for attending and encouraged them to attend the next Transit Working Group in June and reminded them that they would be able to comment on land use types at the 4-day workshop (charrette) in June and on many of the same project ideas at the other working group meetings in early April.

Evaluation Forms

Evaluation forms were collected from attendees to let project staff know what should be changed in future meetings or to provide other written comments.

	Strongly agree	Somewhat agree	Neutral	Somewhat agree Strongly agree	Not applicable
Information presented was clear and understandable	3	4			
Meeting facilitator encouraged and allowed all participants to share their ideas	6				
Meeting was efficient and made good use of my time	4	3			
I now have a better understanding of transit issues in Tualatin	2	4	1		1
The Transit Working Group will influence decision-making	3		3		
I'm glad I am participating in the Transit Working Group	5	1			

Below are the open-end comments that were collected:

- Pacific-Financial is not a good name
- No more cute words like charrette, not in some dictionaries! Typology is silly!
- Remember the residents
- Great idea with the yes/no/maybe cards
- Thank you

Transit Working Group - Meeting #4 Summary

Date: 6/27/2012

Location: Tualatin Public Library, Community Room (18878 S.W. Martinazzi Ave., Tualatin)

Attendees: City of Tualatin: Cindy Hahn, Alice Rouyer, Colin Cortes

Consultants: Matt Hastie, Brandy Steffen, Kate Lyman, Theresa Carr

Purpose

The purpose of this meeting was to review the results of the Linking Tualatin community workshop results so far and to collect comments from the Working Group on post-it notes. The second purpose of the meeting was to review the preliminary evaluation results from the Transportation System Plan with the group and collect their comments.

Approximately 15 people attended the event, including several members of the Transportation Task Force. The following is a summary of comments received during the phases of the meeting.

Welcome and Introductions

Brandy welcomed the group and reviewed the agenda for the evening. Cindy then introduced the City and Consultant staff in attendance. The meeting attendees introduced themselves.

Presentation

Matt reviewed the results of the Linking Tualatin community workshop, including the efforts made to identify strategies and options on the maps around the room. The Working Group was provided with comment forms to fill out about the maps and would have the opportunity to comment on the maps or provide ideas for the Pacific Financial/124th area during the next phase of the meeting.

Theresa then presented the preliminary evaluation results of the transit projects, many of which were proposed during the previous meetings. Theresa reviewed what the TSP (Transportation System Plan) is and what the project team has done since the previous Working Group meeting. She reviewed the project ideas and put them into three categories, including those that meet the project goals and should be included in the TSP, those that don't meet the goals and should not be included, or those that needed more refinement.

Here are some questions that were raised during the presentations:

- Question: When will there be an opportunity to comment on the dropped options?
 - o **Answer**: There will be outreach to the community in July/August about proposals
- **Question**: Need origin/destination information for transit riders
 - Answer: TriMet will have (and distribute) WES ridership information in October, additionally, Bus lines 12/94/96 information should be available by end of year, maybe have a draft by September
- Question: Why does the Loop bus perform poorly? I disagree.
 - Answer: Not enough riders are anticipated to support the service
- Question: SMART has been extremely successful, within 10 years we need that type of service
 - Answer: Leaving the TriMet service area concept was screened out because we wanted to do short term recommendations/improve existing service before considering leaving the service area. The SW Corridor project will do a HCT (high capacity transit) analysis.
- **Question**: Do we need money from TriMet to run our own service/loop to do on call? How do we get money for that?

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- O **Answer**: We have the chamber shuttle, could we expand the shuttle to accomplish the "loop" idea expand the shuttle, inter-city bus system
- Question: Need to know where people on the bus are going now. The information we have now is not complete because low ridership numbers may not reflect those interested in riding the bus but don't ride because of poor service

Group Work

Brandy had the group walk around the room to review the boards developed during the Linking Tualatin Community Workshop, adding their comments to post-it notes and to their comment forms.

After this time, the group reconnected as two small groups, each of which had a staff person to help facilitate the small group discussions. The groups were asked to ask questions regarding the TSP evaluation results, using the evaluation table and the project idea maps at the tables. After a few minutes the group was asked to take 5 red and 5 green dots to select those project ideas that are most important for inclusion in the TSP (green) and those that should not be included (red). Below are some of the issues that were raised during the small group discussions:

- One bus on Herman Road does not equal good transit, need 24/7 service
- The Portland model doesn't work for Tualatin
- If you have a local circulator/expanded shuttle service, then you will have solved most of the problems
- Need to connect to SMART.
- A loop route zigzag to allow expansion
- Don't need to decide a bus loop route
- Need to figure out TriMet's interest/willingness to have Tualatin drive the transit discussion.
- Need more east-west transit service
- Need additional analysis for river crossing, if that is selected as a project/alternative
- Need link to east Tualatin, 94-→96

After everyone had placed their dots, Brandy reviewed the results with the group (see table below).

ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
A1	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road		
A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street		1
А3	Provide bus transit service on Avery Street		
A4	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W 4A – Concerned that this service would go over the park, support this concept if it doesn't go over park Oppose if over the park	2	
A5	Extend bus service to east Tualatin Foodpak limited service	2	
A6	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem		3
A7	Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service		2
A8	Provide a loop bus route around the city	11	

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ID	Project Idea	Green Dots	Red Dots
A10	Create an on-call shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	3	
	Expand, not create		
A12	General –extend service hours for all transit	2	1
A13	General – use more energy efficient buses		4
	Planning to do it anyway		
A14	Coordinate TriMet and SMART bus schedules with WES schedule		3
A16	Add stops on higher volume bus routes		2
B1	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station		6
B2	Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	10	1
	In context of SW Corridor Plan, transit may not go down Tualatin- Sherwood, may be 99W		
	C10 loop bus where does it go – only HCT didn't need to be on Tualatin-Sherwood, just anywhere, voting for 2 things, Tualatin-Sherwood might not be right area.		
	East-west on 99W is the weakest link		
	This services needs to be somewhere, but not necessarily on Tualatin- Sherwood		
В4	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping at Bridgeport Village	1	8
C1	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	4	2
	Buses need to go to that stop for the whole point – to be the center		
	A: May fit into short/med/long term to make small to large improvements		
D1	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	7	
D2	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	3	
D3	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure	6	1
	Try to encourage riders from Newberg etc to use 99W		
D4	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized parkand-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas		
D5	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	1	2

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Wrap-Up

Brandy thanked the group for attending and encouraged them to attend the next Transit Working Group in July, as well as the Tualatin Farmers Market on July 13 when the TSP will have a booth to review the draft plan with the public.

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Future Land Use Assumptions for the Tualatin TSP



ATTENDEES: Sherry Oeser, Metro

Aquilla Hurd-Ravich, City of Tualatin Colin Cortes, City of Tualatin Dayna Webb, City of Tualatin Steve Kelley, Washington County Theresa Carr, CH2M HILL Alan Snook, DKS and Associates Terra Lingley, CH2M HILL

MEETING DATE: November 29, 2011

MEETING TIME: 3-4:30 p.m.

VENUE: City of Tualatin Council Chambers

Meeting Purpose

Discuss expected future land uses in the City of Tualatin and areas of potential uncertainty. Identify locations for up to two alternate land use scenarios to be evaluated in the TSP.

Agenda

Duration	Topic	Lead
3:00-3:05 p.m.	Welcome and Meeting Purpose	Dayna
3:05-3:15 p.m.	Review of project timeline and future conditions task	Theresa/Alan
3:15-3:30 p.m.	Overview of baseline land use assumptions	Terra
3:30-4:00 p.m.	Potential areas of differences, based on market, current planning efforts	All
4:00-4:20 p.m.	What a scenario might look like	Terra/Theresa
4:20-4:30 p.m.	Wrap up and next steps	Dayna

AGENCYAGENDA11-29-12.DOCX/

Future Land Use Assumptions for the Tualatin Transportation System Plan



ATTENDEES: Sherry Oeser, Metro

Deena Platman, Metro

Aquilla Hurd-Ravich, City of Tualatin Steve L. Kelley, Washington County

Theresa Carr, CH2M HILL Alan Snook, DKS and Associates Terra Lingley, CH2M HILL

MEETING DATE: December 22, 2011

MEETING TIME: 11:00 a.m.-12:00 p.m.

VENUE: Metro Room 270 (Main Floor)

Meeting Purpose

Finalize land use assumptions for baseline future no build conditions analysis. Discuss content and timing of alternate land use scenarios.

Agenda

Duration	Topic	Lead
11:00 a.m.	Welcome and Meeting Purpose	Theresa
11:10 a.m.	Report back on baseline land use assumptions	Terra
	Basalt Creek area	
	Tonquin employment area	
	SW Concept Plan area	
	• East of I-5	
11:30 a.m.	Discuss, agree to baseline assumptions	All
11:40 a.m.	Report back on content of alternate land use scenarios based on city staff discussions	Aquilla/Theresa
12:00 p.m.	Next Steps and Adjourn	All

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Comment Summary

Between July 15, 2011 and January 15, 2012, an interactive comment map was featured prominently on www.tualatintsp.org and promoted at community events as way to gather feedback about transportation issues for the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP). Similar to Google Maps, the comment map allowed users to zoom in and around a map of Tualatin. Users were encouraged to click on the map and leave transportation related comments for others to read. In addition, users were given the opportunity to agree or disagree with posts and submit additional comments. Additionally, City staff collected comments from the public at a variety of community events, and added comments to the map. Those commenting were able to classify their comments according to travel mode - cars, bikes, freight, pedestrians, and transit.

The interactive map provided a unique opportunity for the public to conveniently share feedback to the TSP update process. Comments will be used to identify needed improvements and existing system deficiencies. Input received through this process will also contribute to the identification of options and potential solutions. Comments will be incorporated into the Tualatin TSP Existing Conditions Report. To view the map and the complete list of comments, visit: http://www.tualatintsp.org/?p=geocomment-map.

The following is a summary of the 369 comments left on the map:

Total number of comments: 369

Total number of people that commented: 248

Total number of comments from special events:

- Chamber Events: 29
- Concerts on the Commons:17
- Crawfish Festival: 39
- Farmers Markets: 96
- Pumpkin Regatta: 11

Percentage of comments per mode (only if specified in comment):

- Bike: 14.0%Car: 55.3%
- Freight: 1.6%
- Pedestrian: 19.6%
- Transit (Bus/WES Westside Express Service commuter rail): 9.5%



Bike — Comments were generally about the need for new and/or improved bike lanes on busy roads and through dangerous intersections. Bike issues across Tualatin were discussed, but 35% of all bike comments highlighted issues or suggested improvements along SW Boones Ferry Road. Participants made the following bike-related comments on the map:

Areas/intersections that need new and/or improved bike lanes:

- SW Tualatin Rd @ SW Nyberg St and Tualatin Park
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Avery St (1 agreed)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ McDonalds (1 agreed)
- 99W Bridge
- Downtown

Streets that need new and/or improved bike lanes:

- SW Old Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Boones Ferry Rd (2 agreed)
- SW Grahams Ferry Rd
- SW Martinazzi Ave
- SW 65th Ave (1 agreed)
- SW Blake St
- SW 95th Ave

Streets too narrow for multiple modes of transit:

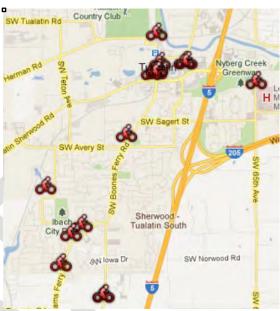
Downtown

Need improved access to:

• Tonquin Trail

Car — Many participants
mentioned congestion on
major roads throughout
Tualatin (mainly during peak
times) and the inability to turn
safety onto or across these
major roads from side streets.
Many participants commented
about congested intersections
and roads, especially along SW





Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and SW Boones Ferry Rd. Participants were concerned about the timing of stoplights at specific major intersections and many felt that signal timing contributes to congestion. Participants made the following car-related comments on the map:

Intersections with congestion during peak times:

- SW Ibach Rd @ SW Boones Ferry Rd
- SW Avery St @ SW Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
- Tualatin High School @ SW Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Siletz Dr @ SW Boones Ferry Rd
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd @ SW Teton Ave (5 agreed)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd @ SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd @ SW Martinazzi Ave and
- Martinazzi @ Public Library

Roads with congestion during peak times:

- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (17 agreed)
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd south of river
- SW Boones Ferry Rd north of Sagert (1 agreed)

Roads that should be expanded and/or improved:

- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (3 agreed)
- SW 65th Ave (add bridge over river)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd
- SW Nyberg St at SW 65th Ave
- SW Seneca St @ the Tualatin Commons
- SW Sagert St (2 lanes in each direction)
- Extend SW 124th Ave to SW Tonguin Rd (1 agreed)

Streets with poor visibility, safety concerns, and accidents:

- SW Boones Ferry Rd (2 agreed)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Arapaho Rd
- SW Sweek Dr @SW 90th Ave (3 agreed)
- SW Avery St @ SW 90th Ave
- Need guardrail @ SW Chippewa Trail on SW Tualatin Rd
- Better signage @ SW Herman Rd @ SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Herman Rd (dangerous gulch)

Re-align roads:

- SW Borland Rd /SW 65th Ave /SW Sagert St
- Between 105th Ave/SW 108th Ave/SW Blake St
- SW Tualatin Rd

Through-access areas that need improvement:

- Alternate route to 99W (2 agreed)
- Limit SW Tualatin Rd local access (3 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd to Connect SW 95th Ave

- SW Tonka Rd to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Helenius Rd between SW Grahams Ferry and SW Boones Ferry Rds
- Open SW Hazel Fern Rd to SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd
- Upgrade unofficial road between SW Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave
- Connect SW Boones Ferry Rd with dead-end near Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (1 agreed)
- Connect SW Bridgeport Rd and SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd
- Contradicting feedback:
 - Keep SW Hall Blvd access (4 agreed)
 - Should be no SW Hall Blvd/SW Boones Ferry Rd connection (3 agreed)

Difficult/dangerous turns and intersections:

- K-Mart/Fred Meyer (10 agreed)
- Tualatin High School
- SW Sagert St @ SW Martinazzi Ave (7 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd @ SW Cheyenne Way (4 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd @ Tualatin Community Park entrance
- SW Nyberg St @ SW 65th Ave
- Library access onto SW Martinazzi Ave

Streets with speeding traffic:

- SW Borland Rd @ SW Wilke Rd
- SW Tualatin Rd @ SW Cheyenne Way
- SW 108th Ave (2 agreed)
- SW Arapaho Rd
- SW Sweek Dr between SW 90th Ave and SW Tualatin Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Sagert St Bridge over I-5

Improve signal timing:

- Along SW Tualatin Rd (3 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd @ SW 90th Ave (1 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd and residential side streets
- SW Tualatin Rd @ Tualatin Country Club (1 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd @ SW Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd @ SW Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Sherwood Rd @ SW Martinazzi Ave
- Signal @ 99W (1 agree)
- Signal @ SW 97th Ave
- SW Ibach Rd @ SW Grahams Ferry Rd (light shield too low) (3 agreed)
- Traffic camera @ SW 72nd Ave and SW Bridgeport Rd is too bright

Running red lights:

- Bridgeport Village
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Tualatin Rd
- SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd @ SW Martinazzi Ave

Lack of parking:

Library/City Hall (5 agreed)

- Tualatin Community Park (2 agreed)
- Senior Center
- Downtown
- SW Tillamook Ct (2 agreed)

Highway ramps:

- SW Norwood Rd access ramps from I-5 (3 agreed)
- SW Nyberg Rd off ramp is disorganized, dangerous (1 agreed)
- Ramp from SW 65th Ave onto I-205

Excessive noise:

- SW Boones Ferry Rd downtown (1 agreed)
- Tualatin Greens (2 agreed)
- SW 115th Ave @ SW Tualatin Rd

Participants also mentioned the following issues:

- Poor visibility and safety at some intersections,
- Areas where speeding or running red lights is a problem,
- Lack of parking,
- · Need for improved access and signage,
- Noise, and
- The need to expand SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd.

Freight — Although freight comments were limited, most comments mentioned heavy truck traffic noise and congestion, mainly on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/SW 124th Ave. This intersection has many manufacturing and industrial businesses, and is a heavily used access route between 99W and I-5. Participants made the following freight-related comments on the map:

Comments included:

- Restrict heavy trucks from SW 124th Ave to SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- Local access only on SW Tualatin Rd through to I-5/99W/SW 124th Ave/SW Herman Rd
- Too much heavy traffic on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (1 agreed)



Pedestrian — Most pedestrian comments addressed pedestrian safety concerns: dangerous crossings, poor sidewalks, no sidewalks, and poor crosswalk timing. There were also comments advocating for more convenient access to recreation and shopping areas via footbridges. Overall, the majority of comments expressed the need for better pedestrian safety and improved facilities, especially

in areas along SW Boones Ferry Rd.
Participants made the following
pedestrian-related comments on the map:

Footbridges at/over:

- Tualatin River (1 agreed)
- Jurgens Park over the Tualatin River (1 agreed)
- SW Sagert St over I-5 (3 agreed)
- Browns Ferry Park over the Tualatin River
- Lake of the Commons

Safer pedestrian crossings at:

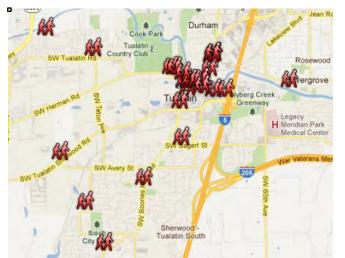
- SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd
 - SW Boones Ferry Rd @ Tualatin View Apts.
 - SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Martinazzi Ave (1 agreed)
 - SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Siletz Dr (1 agreed)
 - SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Lower Boones Ferry Rd (1 agreed)
 - SW Boones Ferry Rd @ Travellers Ln
- SW Martinazzi Ave @ SW Seneca St (1 agreed)
- SW Nyberg St @ Fred Meyer and Kmart
- I-5 @ SW Nyberg St (2 agreed)
- SW Tualatin Rd (1 agreed)
- SW Industrial Wy between SW 105th Ave and SW 108th Ave

Better timing at crosswalks:

- Downtown
- SW Avery St @ SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Sweek Dr @ SW Tualatin Rd
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Tualatin Rd

Better sidewalks/access on:

- SW Grahams Ferry Rd (access to Target/Costco) (1 agreed)
- SW Grahams Ferry Rd (near high school) (5 agreed)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd (both sides of road) (4 agreed)
- SW Boones Ferry Rd @ SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- SW Boones Ferry Rd bus stop @ the Tualatin river
- SW Boones Ferry Rd over Tualatin River
- Along Tualatin River
- Kmart driveway
- SW Blake St (3 agreed)
- SW Tillamook Ct
- Tualatin Community Park (7 agreed)



- SW 108th/105th Aves @ Garden Corner (1 agreed)
- Near the Alara Hedges Creek Apts along SW Sweek Dr

Trees/weeds at:

Sidewalks along SW Tualatin Rd

Transit (bus/WES) — The majority of transit related comments requested additional bus service hours on evenings and weekends with route extensions to downtown and Sherwood. There were also some suggestions for additional Park and Rides areas. Many agreed that extending the hours (and line) of WES and adding bike storage would be beneficial as well. Participants made the following transit-related comments on the map:



Better connections:

- WES/bus lines on SW Boones Ferry Rd
- To Rolling Hills church (food bank) (1 agreed)
- Extend service hours on weekend (1 agreed)
- Tualatin to downtown Portland on weekends, more lines (3 agreed)
- Sherwood to 99W (1 agreed)
- Tualatin to Lake Oswego (1 agreed)
- Extend WES service hours (9 agreed)
- Extend WES line to Portland (1 agreed)
- Extend line to Bridgeport and Kruse Way (Lake Oswego)

Add Park and Rides:

- Add park and rides @ industrial areas
- SW 124th Ave @ SW Tualatin Rd (1 agreed)

Tualatin TSP Agency Meeting to Discuss Existing and Future Conditions

January 30th, 2012 City of Tualatin Develop Service Conference Room 18876 SW Martinazzi Ave



Agenda

Purpose of meeting: discuss agency comments on draft Technical Memorandum #5, and share initial findings for the future conditions analysis.

3:30 Welcome, Review Agenda- Theresa
3:40 Existing Conditions Comment Review – A/l/
4:20 Revised Goals and Objectives - A/l/
4:30 Future Conditions Preview - A/an
4:50 Next Steps – Terra/A/an
5:00 Adjourn

Tualatin Year of Transportation Kick-off Meeting February 16, 2012

Public Meeting & Comments Summary













Background

Meeting Purpose and Format

The City of Tualatin held the **Tualatin Year of Transportation Kick-off Meeting** to provide information and an opportunity to comment on various transportation projects in the Tualatin area. The meeting was held on Thursday, February 16 from 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. at the Living Savior Lutheran Church in Tualatin. Thirty-five people signed in for the event.

The purpose of the kick-off meeting was primarily to share information about the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP) Update and the Linking Tualatin projects, to obtain feedback on the goals and objectives of both projects, and to obtain feedback on transportation needs and problems from the public point of



view. Staff from Metro and Washington County also provided information about other projects in the area, including the Tonquin Trail, 124th Ave Extension, SW Boones Ferry Rd project, and the Basalt Creek Transportation Refinement Plan.

The meeting was an informal, drop-in style event. Attendees were greeted at the sign-in table where they received project handouts, a comment form, and a meeting guide. People were invited to take a "bus tour" of the various projects by following the meeting guide that led them to five bus stops, which included:

 Existing Transportation Issues and Future Growth: Various display boards provided information from the recent Existing Conditions study for both the TSP update and Linking Tualatin, including existing and future conditions for corridor traffic operations, intersection operations, bicycle and pedestrian issues, public transit, and number of motor vehicle trips.

2. Linking Tualatin: Various display boards provided information on the Linking Tualatin project goals and key transit linkages. Large maps and display boards explained the project's seven focus areas. Participants were invited to provide their comments and suggestions for transit in Tualatin on each of these sets of materials. A looping PowerPoint provided



- additional information about the project, and staff members were available to further describe the planning effort and answer questions.
- 3. **Tualatin TSP**: Several display boards walked participants through information on the TSP goals and process. A looping PowerPoint provided a "TSP 101," explaining why Tualatin is updating its TSP now. Participants were invited to provide ideas for projects to be

considered in the TSP for all transportation modes on large maps of Tualatin laid out on tables. Tables were facilitated by Transportation Task Force members.

- **4. Tonquin Trail**: Staff from Metro provided information about the Tonquin Trail project.
- 5. Washington County Projects: Staff from Washington County provided project information about the SW Boones Ferry Rd Project, SW 124th Ave Extension, and the Basalt Creek Transportation Refinement Plan.

The meeting was staffed by project team members from the City of Tualatin, Washington County, Metro, JLA Public Involvement, CH2M Hill, DKS and Associates, and Angelo Planning Group.



Meeting Notification and Outreach

People were invited to attend the meeting through a number of outreach methods, including:

- Newsletter Announcements The meeting was advertised in the Tualatin City Newsletter, the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce Newsletter, the Tualatin CIO enewsletter, and various school newsletters.
- **CIO 5 Meeting Announcement** Washington County staff announced the meeting at the CIO 5 Meeting.
- Website Announcements The meeting was announced on the Tualatin TSP, Linking
 Tualatin, and Tonquin Trail project websites. It was also announced on the Tualatin CIO
 website, the City of Tualatin's online events calendars, and the Tualatin Chamber of
 Commerce events calendar, and the El Hispanic News online calendar.
- **Flyer** JLA created a flyer for the event in English and in Spanish. The City of Tualatin posted the flyer in high-traffic locations around the city, and in minority and low-income areas, including:

- Apartment complexes (Tualatin Meadows Apartments, Forest Rim Apartments, Tualatin Heights Apartments, Berg Properties, Chelan Apartments, Terrace View Apartments, and J Con Properties)
- Grocery Stores (Tualatin Food Store, Haggen Food and Pharmacy, El Sol Latino, and 7-Eleven)
- Churches (Tualatin Spanish Seventh-Day Adventist Church, The Table, Rolling Hills Community Church, Tualatin United Methodist Church)
- Tualatin Library
- Skate Park
- Bridgeport Village
- Legacy Medical Center
- Transit areas (WES Station and Tualatin Park & Ride)
- Three city bulletin boards
- Banner at Major Street Intersection JLA produced a banner that announced the meeting location and time and directed people to the Tualatin TSP project website. The banner was at the corner of SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and SW Martinazzi Ave, a high-traffic intersection in the Tualatin Commons area starting Wednesday February 8th.
- Media Release A media release announcing the event was distributed to local media outlets, including the El Hispanic News and the Asian Reporter.
- **Media Coverage** Tualatin KATU.com announced the meeting in an article on its website on February 2, 2012.
- Email Blast An email was sent to the City of Tualatin's distribution list, the Tualatin Mayor's email list, the Chamber of Commerce email list, as well as to members of the Transportation Task Force and City Council members. Emails were also sent to seventeen major employers including Meridian Park Hospital, Novellus and Precision Wire Components, and the Tigard-Tualatin School District, among others.
- Outreach to Portland Hispanic Professionals Network

Public Input Overview

Six (6) people submitted comment forms. Other participants made comments directly on the Linking Tualatin displays. Another approximately 60 individual comments were made on the Tualatin TSP maps. The comments summarized below are from either the comment form or were captured at the Linking Tualatin or TSP areas during the event.



Tualatin TSP Comments

Project Goals: Those who commented felt that the TSP project goals were complete with the exception of two suggested additions. One person suggested including constructing alternate connections, and another person felt the goals do not have a strong statement for the protection and consideration of neighbors and the neighborhoods.

Bike/Ped: Many comments were made on specific areas that have missing or inadequate sidewalks, need better crosswalks, or need better bike lanes and bike facilities. Four people commented the Tonquin Trail is a great idea that should be incorporated into the TSP.

Downtown: People commented that Tualatin needs a vibrant and livable downtown neighborhood that is easy to get around.

Freight: Several people noted that the intersection of Teton and Tualatin Sherwood Rd is difficult for freight, and that Avery St should be avoided as a freight route.

Transit: Several people commented that a public transit loop around Tualatin would be helpful, and would like more intra-city service through the neighborhoods. People wanted more park and ride options. A couple of people noted that there is not enough transit on the west side. Several comments were made about the WES system, and suggesting a shuttle service to get to WES stations and other transit connections. A couple of people would support a service like the Wilsonville SMART system.

Roads and Traffic: Several suggestions were made about installing roundabouts or traffic lights at specific intersections. A number of people commented about traffic and safety issues at Tualatin High School. A couple of people commented that the speed limit is an issue on Avery St. One person noted that more east-west connections are needed. One person was concerned

about the widening of Boones Ferry Rd.

Working Groups: Also at the TSP station, participants were encouraged to attend one of several working group meetings occurring about two weeks after the event. A handout explaining the working groups was made available. Four people signed-up to attend one of the upcoming working group meetings.



Linking Tualatin Project Comments

Project Goals: Those who provided comments felt that the project goals were complete and were in support of them. There was a question about the "consistency and coordination" goal, and whether being consistent would help to leverage funds and how these two items go together.

WES/Bus: Some people would like to see an increase in WES frequency to Portland on weekends (more frequency in general), and some people don't think it's convenient for commuting to Portland. Some would like to see better transit along Tualatin Sherwood Rd, Herman Road, and Avery Road for commuters.

Other comments on transit included:

- Suggestion that Tualatin should switch from TriMet to a SMART model for a local transit circulator, but still maintain Park and Rides (like at 99W) for people going to downtown Portland or other locations outside of Tualatin.
- There are gaps in transit, such as from the Park and Rides to the WES station.
- Expanded shuttles (or even a trolley/streetcar) would lead to better transit use and connectivity to the WES and bus stops, as would lower or free fares.
- Expanded transit to Estacada/Oregon City and Tualatin/Sherwood would be favorable.
- Focus not only on high capacity transit, but also rapid high capacity transit to serve residents and seniors who do not drive.

NOTE: This information has been shared with the TSP team.

Roads/Traffic/Connectivity: The message was that east to west traffic congestion is a problem, but just building bigger roads is not the solution. An extension of 124th was suggested as a favorable solution to alleviate congestion. A number of people felt there is a lack of connectivity between the parks, paths and downtown.

NOTE: This information has been shared with the TSP team.

Employment connections: A lot of people live in Tualatin and work outside the city and vice versa. Participants who commented said that there needs to be better connectivity from residential areas to employment areas within and outside of Tualatin.

SW Washington County Projects

One person commented that, for the SW Boones Ferry Rd Project, there are three main problems: 1) 45 MPH is too fast for the SW Iowa Dr. intersection at Boones Ferry. 2) No police patrols to enforce speed limit. 3) No traffic or crosswalk light to improve safety at SW Iowa Dr.

Tualatin Transportation System Plan

Agency Review Meeting May 21, 2012

Tualatin City Council Chambers 18880 SW Martinazzi Avenue



Purpose of meeting: review preliminary evaluation results, discuss process and timeline for further evaluations

3:00 Welcome, Review Agenda - Theresa

3:10 **Update on Work Completed to Date - Terra**

- Evaluation criteria
- Scoring and review process

3:20 Review and Discussion of Evaluations by Topic Area - All

- **ODOT** facilities
- Clackamas County facilities
- Washington County facilities
- Regionally significant projects

Task Force and Working Groups − Theresa • Purpose of May 24th TTF meeting 4:00

- Timeline for and purpose of 3rd round of Working Group meetings
- Purpose of June 21st TTF meeting

What Does the "Further Refinement" Look Like? - Alan/Theresa 4:10

- Areas for further refinement include:
 - Northern arterial
 - o Boones Ferry Road
 - o Tualatin Sherwood Road
 - Nyberg Interchange
 - o Connectivity within the Downtown Core
 - Herman and Tualatin Road corridors
- Geometric and traffic analysis
- Conversations with community who, when?

4:20 **Adjourn**

ODOT

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
Nyber	g Interchange							
D2	Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists (Downtown)	•	•	•	0		•	0
A4	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange (Major Corridors)	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	•
B5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange (Major Corridors)	0	•	N/A	0	-	•	0
B12	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd (Major Corridors)	•	•	N/A	•	0	•	•
B2	Add dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center (Neighborhood Livability)	•	-		0	•	•	•
Other	ODOT Facilities							
A6	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road (Downtown)	•	0	0	•	•	•	0
В7	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River (Downtown)	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
I-5 or 9	99 Crossings							
B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned and existing multi-use paths (Bike/Ped)		0	•	•	•	•	•
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W (Bike/Ped)	•	•	0	0	•	0	0
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd) (Industrial)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
В3	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin- Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi to I-5 (Downtown, also Industrial D5 and Major Corridors D1)	•	•	0	•	0	•	•

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ID	Project Idea	Access /	Safety	Vibrant	Economy	Health /	Equity	Ability to be
		Mobility		Community		Environment		Implemented
A5a	Redesign Fred Meyer / Kmart intersection (Downtown)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
A5b	Improve pedestrian crossing at Fred Meyer/Kmart intersection (Downtown)	•	•	•	•		•	•

Clackamas County

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
D5	Repair gap in sidewalk on south side of Borland (Neighborhood Livability)	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•

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Washington County

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
65 th Av	venue venue							
C7	Extend 65th to the north (Neighborhood Livability, also Industrial C5 and Major Corridors C2)	•	•	0		0	•	0
D4	Connect sidewalk on east side of 65th (Neighborhood Livability)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway Industrial)	•	•	N/A		N/A	N/A	•
В3	Realign Sagert/Borland to one intersection (Neighborhood Livability, also Major Corridors B3)	•	•	0	0	0	0	0
B20	Roundabout at Nyberg and 65 th intersection (<i>Major Corridors</i>)	•	N/A	0	0	0	0	0
A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg (Bike/Ped)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Tualat	in Sherwood Road							
A1	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg (Bike/Ped)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
В3	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians (Bike/Ped)		•	N/A	•	•	•	0
B3	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin- Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi to I-5 (Downtown, also Industrial D5 and Major Corridors D1)	•	•	0	•	0	•	•
D3	Optimize intersections to improve safety and mobility on Tualatin Sherwood Road (Downtown, Industrial A6, A9, A12, D10)	•	•	•	0	•	•	•
D7	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin- Sherwood Rd (Industrial)	•	•	•	•	•	N/A	•

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
D11	Encourage off-peak usage on Tualatin- Sherwood Rd (Industrial)	•	N/A	N/A	•	•	N/A	•
D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and Tualatin-Sherwood (Industrial)	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin- Sherwood to Cipole (Industrial)	•	•	N/A		N/A	N/A	•
B1	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood (Major Corridors, through downtown (Downtown B10))	•	•	0	•	0	•	0
A5a	Redesign Fred Meyer / Kmart intersection (Downtown)	•	•		•	-	•	•
A5b	Improve pedestrian crossing at Fred Meyer/Kmart intersection (Downtown)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
B24	Right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124 th (<i>Major Corridors, Neighborhood B24</i>)	•		N/A	•	•	0	•
Vicinit	y of Bridgeport Village							
C17	Improve circulation east of Bridgeport/I-5 Interchange (Industrial)			-	•	•	•	•
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry and Bridgeport (Neighborhood Livability)		-	0	0	0	0	0
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village (Downtown)	0	•	0	0	•	N/A	0
D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village (Downtown)	•	•	•	•	•	0	•
Grahai	ms Ferry Road							
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to section of Grahams Ferry (Major Corridors)	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•
В8	Bike/ped Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry (Bike/Ped)	•	•	•	N/A	•	_	-
Cipole	Road							
C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes (Industrial)	•	•	•	•	_	•	•

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Projects of Regional Significance

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
Tonqu	in Trail							
C5	Build the Tonquin Trail (Bike/Ped, also Neighborhood Livability D9)	•	•	•	•		•	•
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W (Bike/Ped)	•	•	0	0	•	0	0
D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods (Neighborhood Livability)	•	•	-		•	•	•
North	ern Arterial							
C2	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles (<i>Downtown,</i> also Industrial C3 and Major Corridors C12)	•	•			•	•	0
Other	Road Extensions							
C5	Extend 65th Ave north (Industrial, also Major Corridors C2 and Neighborhood Livability C7)	•			•	•	-	0
C1	Extend 124th to south (<i>Neighborhood Livability, also Industrial A5 and Major Corridors B21</i>)				•	•	•	•
A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street (<i>Transit</i>)	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	-

In addition to the above, projects along Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, crossing I-5 near Greenhill Road, and at the Nyberg Interchange may be considered of regional significance. These are listed earlier under ODOT or Washington County.

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Tualatin Transportation System Plan Online Forum Report

Between July 1, 2012 and September 6, 2012, an interactive "Online Forum" was featured prominently on www.tualatintsp.org and promoted at community events as a way to gather feedback about potential transportation projects for the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP).



Similar to Google Maps, the Online Forum allowed users to zoom in and around a map of Tualatin, click on and learn about potential projects, and rate and/or comment on them. One hundred potential projects were included on the map, with visitors providing 1,428 total star ratings and 99 total comments. The Online Forum used a 5 star rating scale for users to indicate if they thought each potential project was a good idea or a bad idea.

The interactive map provided a unique opportunity for the public to conveniently share feedback to the TSP update process from their smartphone, from home, the library or place of business. Input received through this process will contribute to the projects included in the TSP. To view the map and the complete list of projects, ratings and comments, visit: http://www.tualatintsp.org/ideasmap. A full list of comments is also included as an appendix to this report.

Most Talked About Projects

The number of people who rated a project can be used as a way to identify the most talked about or most popular projects in the forum. One project rose to the top with 123 total ratings (split between two project descriptions¹, rated separately). This was the North-South Connectivity west of I-5. Average star rating was 1.2 and 1.6 stars respectively. The other projects receiving between 27 and 43 total ratings were rated between 2.4 to 4.9 stars.

The following is a summary of the most talked about projects:

- Same project; rated separately over the course of the forum's use
 - North South Connectivity, Extension East of Country Club and West of the Railroad Track. (64 ratings, 1.2 average stars)
 - Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles. (59 ratings, 1.6 average stars)
- Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. (43 ratings, 2.4 average stars)
- Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connections. (33 ratings, 2.9 average stars)
- Build the Tonquin Trail. (32 ratings, 4.5 average stars)
- Extend 124th Ave to south. (31 ratings, 4.6 average stars)
- Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials. (27 ratings, 4.9 average stars)
- Build bridges for pedestrian and bicycle access over the Tualatin River. (27 ratings, 3.9 average stars)
- Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd. (27 ratings, 3.8 average stars)

¹ With feedback from the Transportation Task Force, halfway through the Online Forum, the North South Connection description was updated from a general description to a more specific location description as part of a Refinement Area.

Least Talked About Projects

Although many projects on the forum were never discussed and received zero comments or ratings, the projects that received only a few ratings, tended to be positive, receiving between 2.8 and 5 stars.

The following is a summary of the least talked about projects:

- Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd. (3 ratings, 5 average stars)
- Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront. (3 ratings, 5 average stars)
- Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd. (4 ratings, 2.8 average stars)
- Eliminate free right turns on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd. (4 ratings, 3.8 average stars)
- Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way. (5 ratings, 3.2 average stars)
- Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks. (5 ratings, 3.6 average stars)
- Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes. (5 ratings, 4.2 average stars)
- Add structured parking in the downtown core. (5 ratings, 4.4 average stars)

Lowest Ranked Projects

Six projects received less than two average stars. By choosing fewer stars, users felt that these projects were less desirable or acceptable. These lower ranked projects received at least six total ratings. Some, discussed earlier, received over 50 ratings.

The following is a summary of the lowest ranked projects:

- Same project; rated separately over the course of the forum's use:
 - North South Connectivity, Extension East of Country Club and West of the Railroad Track. (1.3 average stars, 56 ratings)
 - Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles. (1.6 average stars, 54 ratings
- Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave. (1.4 average stars, 8 ratings)
- Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange. (1.6 average stars, 16 ratings)
- Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road. (1.6 average stars, 9 ratings)
- Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd. (1.8 average stars, 12 ratings)
- Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center. (1.8 average stars, 6 ratings)

Highest Ranked Projects

Four projects received a perfect rating of five stars. These projects didn't receive as many total ratings, ranging from three to eleven total ratings.

- + Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd. (5 average stars, 11 ratings)
- + Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times. (5 average stars, 9 ratings)
- + Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd. (5 average stars, 3 ratings)
- + Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront. (5 average stars, 3 ratings)

APPENDIX: All Online Forum Ratings and Verbatim Comments

Received between July 1, 2012 and September 6, 2012

Bike/Ped:

Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd. Average rating 5 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman. Average rating 4.6 based on 21 votes.

- We could really use continuous sidewalks on Grahams Ferry. Also, a safe crosswalk on Grahams Ferry near Helenius
 Rd is really needed.
- With respect to Grahams Ferry Road, the Ibach CIO has secured a commitment from the City to begin construction on the completion of sidewalks on both sides of the road from Ibach Road to Helenius Road. This project should be complete in 2012.
- Right now, to walk or bicycle on Herman road between Tualatin Road and Teton is to put your life into the hands of those driving by. On the other hand, keeping that part of Herman Road narrow and unpleasant probably helps discourage traffic that would otherwise divert itself from Tualatin-Sherwood Road, thus keeping the traffic down a little.
- Sidewalks are crucial. Bike lanes are also very important on this well-traveled bicycle route.
- These types of improvements should be inventoried, assessed, and determine a cost to complete. Once the package is assembled a bond should be proposed to the voters for approval and then implemented.
- This is a no-brainer. Should have been done years ago.

Provide wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School. Average rating of 4.6 based on 9 votes.

- Anything we can do to keep our kids safe is a good idea.
- This in conjunction with a city wide way finding program and one that is not intrusive (i.e. colored sidewalks through the various CIOs, small pedestrian sized signs, etc.) Near schools, the safe route would be a distinctive color/signage.

Repair sidewalk gap on south side of Borland. Average rating 4.5 based on 10 votes.

- Important feature for the safety of pedestrian use.
- A wide, safe sidewalk running the full length of Borland Rd is of critical importance to the many people who walk to
 The Tualatin Schoolhouse Food Pantry. Rolling Hills Church will be opening The Community Life Center in September
 '12 which will also serve those in our community who are in need of essential services.

Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th Ave and Martinazzi. Average rating of 4.5 based on 14 votes.

• A multi-use path is the way to plan along this corridor.

Build the Tonguin Trail. Average rating of 4.5 based on 32 votes.

- Metro's Tonquin Trail Project should coincide along with MSTIP (Washington County's Major Street Improvement Plan). Promoting, educating and facilitating a regional transportation system to include an optional trail system creates economic success and an alternative towards a healthier life style. This 22 mile trail system will connect our cities, communities, neighborhoods, and businesses to positively grow, benefit and flourish from. Let's set the bar for anticipation and a network of support. We're very privileged to live in the rich beauty, culture and history that surrounds us, let's give emphasis and make it happen!
- Use the name "Ice Age Tonquin Trail" which identifies the area as a major ice age floods national geological area for mapping, economics, history, GIS, geology, signing, interpretives.
- We need bike trails to make it safe for bicyclists. I would use the trails and I'm 70 years old!

Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods. Average rating 4.5 based on 20 votes.

- Concerns with rail crossing to and from neighborhoods is viable. Ideas and solutions are needed to connect neighborhoods to the trail.
- Where ever feasible and cost effective
- Sooner rather than later. This will help reduce traffic through Tualatin.

Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core. Average rating 4.5 based on 8 votes.

• This shows a need to up-dating the park and recreation master plan (which is out of date), it is only one of a number of items which discuss walking, bicycle paths and other community recreation related needs where contemporary

- urban design standards are missing or out dated to meet present and future requirements. Up-dating the present parks and Recreation Master Plan would address this and many other issues and establish priorities which have been brought up during TSP and Linking Tualatin workshop meetings.
- YES!!! I would not consider riding my bike in a bike lane downtown until changes are made, because I don't feel safe. Perhaps a "curb" or something to prevent drivers from coming into bike lanes except at intersections.

Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg. Average rating of 4.2 based on 6 votes.

No comments

Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes. Average rating of 4.2 based on 16 votes

- Especially downtown in what's now Kmart and the other buildings around it.
- What a wonderful idea!! Finally, the city is actually taking into consideration how narrow those sidewalks actually are, two strollers that are going in opposite directions can barely fit on it, a bike and pedestrian all use that same walk way (until the bike lanes are installed), not to mention elders and disabled people who have mobility devices. Shouldn't the engineers make sure that everyone that uses the sidewalk can actually USE it, and providing enough room so those people don't worry about injuring another?
- I consider this a normal or contemporary urban design as well as development practice where businesses are desirable of attracting customers and the public desires amenities. There is a nominal cost involved both for public as well as the private sector but acceptable where public spaces urban design standards are in place.
- This will be expensive, but in new development it should be required.

Add I-5 multi-use crossing - connect to planned and existing multi-use paths. Average rating of 4.1 based on 8 votes.

• It should be convenient to shop on both sides of I-5 as a pedestrian or bicyclist, but it is not!

Add benches for walkers throughout the city. Average rating of 4 based on 19 votes.

- Seating done strategically on trails and walkways in the design of erratic rock formations or out of newly designed recyclable materials provides a more natural solution for spots to rest. More importantly seating and benches should be considered at transit stops, to encourage more use and to address a population with limits due to age or health.
- Walking is the #1 trend for exercise within the aging population. We have very few if any benches on any of our walkways. This is extremely important for the aging population as many are require to rest at certain times. Within our shopping areas where people walk a lot we should have benches at least every 800 1000 ft (along with other street furniture), along our more urban walkways and areas where there is a concentration of people over 50 residing at least every 1000 to 1500 ft and finally along other walking paths and trails at least 1500 2500 ft. There are many recognized national park and recreation guidelines for providing street furniture and seating along walkways we should be incorporating within our pedestrian and bikeways master plan (part of the parks and recreation master plan which is out of date)
- I like this idea as it will help get more people out walking at a relatively less expense than roads or even trails.
- Whether privately or publicly funded, more benches are a good idea. Benches would be helpful to people of all ages and abilities, and I believe would also look welcoming.
- I don't think the city needs to pay for benches that will be used primarily by the more elderly population. I rarely see anyone on the benches we have now. Why not have some private groups come up with the funding for benches if it is important to them?
 - Your comment takes aim at seniors in, what I believe to be, an unfair assessment. I think you should take a look around Tualatin on a weekend / holiday / warm day and you'd see these benches in use. People do not usually spend a big length-of-time on a bench, so, there will be times no one is there. Just looking close at the existing benches and they will show their use through how worn down the wood is. Our benches get lots-of-use. One way to involve Private Groups / Organizations / Companies is to off-set the cost of the benches through sponsorship by-way of a fee being charged by the city for the actual sponsorship.

Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks. Average rating 4 based on 24 votes.

• Let's keep our kids safe!

Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges. Average rating of 3.9 based on 15 votes.

• A badly needed thing to do, especially on the Sagert Street Bridge.

Build bridges for pedestrian and bicycle access over the Tualatin River. Average rating of 3.9 based on 28 votes.

- Absolutely! Find a way to connect the Brown's Ferry trail to Cooks Park. Find a way to avoid the horrors of the I5
 crossing and more bikers would commute and use WES.
- The probably place for a ped/bike bridge is at the Jurgens area. The expense may be prohibitive however. If at Jurgens this could link up with Cook Park and then the Tonquin Trail.

Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105th Ave, Blake St, and 108th Ave. Average rating of 3.8 based on 16 votes.

• See my comment under this topic's Roadway Improvements heading.

Multi-use path between Borland and Nyberg. Average rating 3.8 based on 6 votes.

 65th will become the east side's Boone's Ferry and providing a solid connection to the Tualatin River Trail will be greatly needed.

Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd. Average rating of 3.8 based on 27 votes.

- That roadway needs street lights as well. Driving the narrow, 1-lane curvy road on dark rainy nights can be treacherous.
- I have seen many bikes on this road and it is very dangerous for the bikers and the cars trying to pass. It really needs to be done.
- Thank you and much needed as it is really the only north south corridor for cyclists. I cycle commute every day on it. The brush and berries on the road side are over grown and forcing us out into the car lane at points. Any chance of a cut back soon?

Create bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas. Average rating 3.8 based on 18 votes.

- Pedestrian/bicycle facilities element should first be up-dated in the Parks and Recreation Master Plan (which is out of
 date), including design standards and with a priority implementation program which then should be as John suggests
 with project s funded under a local bond measure or measures.
- This should be the first project funded under a local bond measure. Getting vehicles parked at home is the best solution to our traffic congestion within the city and also will provide better neighborhood livability and connectedness. This project would attract so many great things and Tualatin could set the bar for pedestrian/bicycle facilities in the region.

Connect to Tualatin Path. Average rating for 3.7 based on 16 votes.

• This needs to be done right. Any new development along the river needs to be very aware of the expectations of the community.

Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings. Average rating 3 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd. Average rating of 2.8 based on 4 votes.

- No comments
- A better network of pedestrian and bicycle pathways will help protect the safety of our citizens.
- Great idea!
- Great idea. Let's get started
- Connecting Sherwood to I-5 will keep a lot of traffic on the periphery of Tualatin
- Yes do this as soon as possible. However, plan a trail route either under or over 99W.
- Do this!

Corridors/Intersections:

Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal. Average rating 4.9 based on 12 votes

• I agree that this is an important consideration.

Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd. Average rating 4.8 based on 14 votes.

Good idea

Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at Tualatin-Sherwood. Average rating 4.7 based on 10 votes.

No comments

Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals. Average rating 4.7 based on 15 votes.

- Especially dumb and annoying is the right turn arrow from westbound Boones Ferry to northbound Tualatin Road. When it turns yellow, it's followed by all lights turning green, instead of a red arrow as one would expect. This leads drivers to slow down anticipating a stop then suddenly they need to accelerate again! The crosswalk across Tualatin Road is closed. If it ever opens, I can understand needing to stop right turns before allowing them through. Until then, I ignore the right turn arrow when it turns yellow, because I know the lights will turn green. I get frustrated when drivers in front of me unfamiliar with the signal slow down, understandably expecting they'll have to stop, and then not realizing that all the lights have turned green.
- Only where it works safely. Not all intersections can utilize the flashing yellow.

Extend 65th Ave to the north. Average rating 4.5 based on 11 votes.

 Drivers in east Tualatin badly need to be able to choose to get north to Bridgeport Village and shops near 65th and McEwan Rd via I-5 or an extended 65th.

Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th. Average rating 4.5 based on 11 votes.

No comments

Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd. Average rating 4.4 based on 14 votes.

No comments

Extend northbound left turn and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin-Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train. Average rating 4.4 based on 10 votes.

No comments

Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Average rating 4.3 based on 19 votes.

- There are better projects competing for limited money, and I feel any widening should be limited to west of Teton, that is widening Tualatin-Sherwood from 2 to 4 lanes (or 3 to 5) Downtown projects are more important.
- Priority one in my estimation (five stars!). With continued construction of commercial buildings along TS it is only
 going to get worse. TS should absolutely be four lanes to accommodate East/West traffic, even in the event of a
 bypass highway listed below.
- Traffic on TS road certainly needs to be alleviated. I'm not sure this is the right solution and would like to see some impact studies done to project overall effects on the city center and neighborhoods adjacent to TS road.
- TS Road could stand to be widened, but the bigger picture should be on a westside bypass highway that would connect the entire westside region in the same way as 205 does for the east. Widening TS Road may only provide more delays in a regional transportation project that should be moved forward quickly.
- I would give this 10 stars if possible. This, in conjunction with completing 124th south and directing trucks onto Herman would go a LONG way towards decreasing congestions in Tualatin.

Signal at Sagert and Martinazzi. Average rating 4.3 based on 19 votes.

- I would like to see a round-about here, like those in Sherwood and on Borland.
- I drive through this intersection at least twice a day. It is badly needed and I would support the change.
- It needs it. Everyone who can is skipping Nyberg due to the congestion. Reducing wait time and confusion here would help.
- Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal....

Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd. Average rating 3.9 based on 13 votes.

- How about neither!
- I have seen large trucks on Tualatin Road, and it is not appropriate. They should be using Tualatin-Sherwood Road, which is not as close to residential neighborhoods.
- Tualatin Road needs one signal added, probably at Jurgens. Then Herman Road should not be improved to encourage
 truck traffic onto Tualatin Road at the intersection of Herman and Tualatin Rd. It seems to me one effective way to
 keep truck traffic off Tualatin Road is to improve Teton between Herman and T/S Road. If this were done, then is
 would be easier for truck traffic to either take 124th or Teton-thus avoiding coming east on Herman and then onto
 TR. Most often then they turn onto 90th-with the intersection not improved to handle semis.
- I suggest linking options concerning Herman with the improvement of Teton.

65th Avenue Refinement Area. Average rating 3.8 based on 9 votes.

- This would increase traffic on SW 65th and McEwan Roads. The intersection as McEwan and Boones Ferry is already overcrowded with many car accidents.
- This connection is critical to alleviate congestion on I-5 and the Nyberg interchange. The bridge would need to consider all modes of transportation and safety. Having the crossing would allow pedestrians from east Tualatin to get to Bridgeport and other destinations. The crossing would allow for a multi-use path connection for the region (Tualatin to Lake Oswego) and thus encourage biking/walking. Finally, the east side of Tualatin will eventually develop and expand to 65th; a new N/S connection is needed. Traffic may increase in the area, but the distance traveled would be so much less.
- As long as pedestrians and bikes have a secure and safe access to crossing this would a nice access point across bridge. But, if it becomes a traffic cluster like the Nyberg I5 without pedestrians and cyclists safety in mind than nothing has been accomplished and instead it will add another hazard for cyclists and pedestrians to navigate.
- This would allow local car/truck traffic to avoid I-5, decreasing congestion. It would also provide a much needed alternative route for cyclists and pedestrians, who have very limited routes for crossing the Tualatin River. This would also help improve circulation in the northeast part of Tualatin.
- What does it mean, alternatively, realign intersections at Sagert Street and 65th/Borland into one intersection? How
 would you do that?
- Will the new bridge have a bike lane, walking area, or sidewalks?

Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange. Average rating 3.7 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection. Average rating 3.7 based on 11 votes.

No comments

Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd. Average rating 2.1 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Roundabout at Nyberg and 65th intersection. Average rating 2.1 based on 11 votes.

• There is a signal at Nyberg and 65th already, right? The intersection is complicated because of the angle of the road that goes to Brown Ferry Park. A roundabout would take up too much space and be confusing to folks new to the situation. It is not a simple intersection of east-west road with north-south road. A driveway to businesses is involved (7-11, vet if I remember rightly).

Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave. Average rating 1.8 based on 9 votes.

- We need a traffic signal at Jurgens and Teton, not 108th.
- We need a signal system at Teton and Jurgens (not at 108th) on Tualatin Road. Teton is dangerous. School buses on Jurgens have a difficult time turning left onto Tualatin Road.
- There is no need for a light at this location- the traffic volume here does not justify is as it is at the Teton intersection.
- Seems like overkill. I live nearby and rarely see cars trying to turn out of 108th. Maybe briefly during weekday peak hours when employees are coming to and leaving the industrial area, but outside of those times it is pretty low use. So a signal would likely create a notable inconvenience for Tualatin Rd traffic (of which there is a lot) just to benefit a handful of users.

Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange. Average rating 1.7 based on 18 votes.

No comments

Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles. Average rating 1.6 based on 62 votes.

- The rating star system is NOT working. I want NO stars on this one. Tigard apparently in their TSP does not address this other than a vague statement about Hall Street. Any location across the Tualatin River in the Riverpark CIO would destroy neighborhoods and if Hall is extended, destroy the Community Park. This is a bad, bad idea should not even be considered.
- No stars for me on this one it's a bad idea and as other posters have indicated, it would only increase traffic, pollute our air, screw up our neighborhoods, and slice up our town just take a look at some of the neighborhoods in Woodburn around Hwy 5 I'm sure they regret whatever decisions led their current state.
- We have said, no,no,no. How many times do we have to say it. I live on this road and it already has too much traffic so forget the hall street Tualatin road thing. I will be out of town on this date, but let this opinion be heard.
- If I could give this project 0 stars, I would. This would add a ridiculous amount of congestion to an already overburdened Durham Rd. which is mostly residential. I often take neighborhood kids on bike rides over the Kiakuts Bridge, which was a brilliant development btw, and adding a bridge for vehicles would destroy the little bit of nature

we have left here to enjoy in Tualatin and Tigard. Drop this idea please. It really is terrible. Expanding Boones Ferry is much more preferable.

- The bridge doesn't have to be at Hall Street. Explore other areas even east of I5.
- I do not want this project.
- I opposed building a connector from SW Boones Ferry to Hall Street.
- I would probably prefer to drive farther or through more congestion than accept the changes that would come with a
 new road crossing. Ped/bike crossings should be far less impactful and still improve connectivity for those willing to
 travel on bike or foot

North South Connectivity, Extension East of Country Club and West of the Railroad Track. The average rating for this project is 1.2 based on 69 votes

- It is absolutely incredible that this option is even being considered. In a time when we need MORE parks and wild spaces, consideration is being given to a project that would reduce and bisect existing parks and wetlands, add untold amounts of vehicle noise, congestion and disruption to one of the few peaceful areas (thankfully WES operates only during rush hours) that we have left?! Use the existing Boones Ferry connector; it would be far cheaper to upgrade and widen Boones Ferry, including the bridge over the Tualatin River than it would be to build an entire new road. And how about finishing the North-South connector at 124th and seeing how that satisfies the current and future needs before destroying one of the largest contiguous natural areas in our area
- Ridiculous. Will bring TONS of traffic into our town, making it even more difficult to get around. Pollution and noise in the park? Might as well call it blight now and be done with it!!
- This road is a terrible idea we need to take traffic away from our park, away from our downtown core. I wish I could give this a negative 5 stars get rid of it
- This is a bad place for a road. It would mess with the Cook Park Wetlands, Durham Park, Tualatin Community Park, the Tualatin River Trail, and the Fanno Creek Trail.
- I do not agree with this idea, It seems to only bring greater traffic to the down town core and near our parks. We must protect our parks and Boones Ferry already causes such a headache I can only imagane a second connector dead ending at the same intersection could cause a headache beyond imagine.
- For these reasons I do not agree with a North South connection in this particular area.
 - There are 2 North South Connections between Tualatin and Tigard forgotten by this project of the newly completed 124th and Cipole
 - o It will bring industrial traffic further East causing wider spread issues
 - o Old growth timbers line the West side of proposed connection which would surely be lost
 - o Flood land to the East home to migrating birds would be encroached upon
 - o Increased congestion and surely traffic would be drawn closer to the park
 - o This would surely divide the current connection Durham and Tualatin have to Cook park
 - o North of this connection is a nature reserve that would surely be devastated by the new roadway
 - o Greater noise and air pollution to reserves, golf courses, parks, trails, homes you name it
 - Greater traffic at an already overly complicated spider web of entrances, exits, rail crossings and intersections
 - Ultimately resulting in more traffic turning onto and off of Tualatin Sherwood Road causing greater congestion

Downtown:

Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing lights. Average rating 4.7 based on 9 votes.

- The idea is good, but flashing lights seem unlikely to make drivers stop. Those who refuse to stop will continue to refuse to stop, without more policing and ticketing.
- This is important to me, since I live right there in the Villa II townhouses. I've seen numerous accidents in 16 years, near misses with pedestrians, and a recent bicycle accident that could have been avoided. Flashing lights would be helpful, what would be more helpful is route the thru traffic around this area-with a bridge over the Tualatin River. This piece of Boones Ferry, once owned by the State, was not designed for the traffic it has now. The people who

voted and pushed the bridge plan down two years ago to save their parks do not live in this immediate area and are not impacted by the level of traffic and noise. They use the park facilities allot less than they use this road!

Build trail along river from Boones Ferry to downtown, extend to greenway. Average rating 4.5 based on 10 votes.

- This would be wonderful. Any way to get people moving on their bikes or walking is healthy and safe, and keeps them
 out of cars.
- Alternate options for commuting/traveling through city is extremely important to achieve an economic outlook for an improved, richer, more dynamic, sustainable city.
- Providing a strong bike and ped connection through Tualatin will help alleviate local traffic.

Redesign Fred Meyer to Kmart intersection (including pedestrian crossing). Average rating 4.4 based on 22 votes

- OH YES, PLEASE! As a pedestrian who wants to cross between Fred Meyer and Kmart, it is crazy to walk all the way to
 the corner first.
- A good thing if redesign does NOT mean a prettier vast expanse of pavement for fast, noisy traffic. No more turn lanes! It would be a good thing to designate more area for walkers: wider sidewalks and crosswalks, more medians and islands, different paving in crosswalks, and narrower lanes. Traffic shouldn't speed towards I-5 an east Tualatin until east of the intersection.
- hit in my car earlier this summer as I tried to turn left one evening from Fred Meyer onto Nyberg Road west-bound. A young kid driver pulled out of the south-bound lane leaving KMart (the lane that is currently dedicated to both left turns and driving straight ahead into Fred Meyer). He was a few cars back in that lane, and I assume he got impatient waiting for the cars in front of him because he floored it as he moved into the right-turn only lane. Apparently he did not see that I was already into my turn and crossing that lane he was moving into. His turn was totally illegal, as he was trying to go straight from the right-turn only lane. Thank goodness I saw him as he entered the south-bound right-turn lane, as I was able to brake quickly and provide enough room for him to stop and then swerve around us. The only reason I had time to brake was that I always watch that intersection for the possibility that an idiot like him will pull that exact maneuver. If I hadn't reacted quickly, he would have hit my passenger front side or my passenger door -- both of which were near where my 15-year-old daughter was sitting. Ironically, that was very much on her mind as she began driver's ed training at TuHS a few weeks later.
- A protected left turn from KMart parking lot onto Nyberg is desperately needed!

Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road Bridge over Tualatin River. Average rating 4.3 based on 14 votes.

No comment

Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village. Average rating 4.2 based on 9 votes

No comments

Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront. Average rating 4.2 based on 5 votes.

No comments

Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts along Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads. Average rating 4.1 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Widen Boones Ferry Rd. Average rating 4.1 based on 13 votes.

• The only thing this would do is make Boones Ferry as wide, ugly, noisy, and congested as Tualatin Sherwood Road and help to eliminate what's left of downtown.

Improve downtown core street connectivity. Average rating 4 based on 10 votes.

- Downtown circulation has always been a problem, and it continues today. Sometimes cars don't see me as a pedestrian because they are trying to navigate the streets.
- I see this has little ability to be implemented per the project team scores and might be addressed by other ideas but I must add that we have lived in Tualatin for three years and I am just barely figuring out how to navigate the downtown area. It's so confusing figuring out where to park to attend events on the commons, or how to navigate between the library area to other nearby businesses. It doesn't really feel like a proper city center.

Add structured parking in the downtown core. Average rating 3.9 based on 7 votes.

- Currently, several of the public parking lots are full during business hours. It is pretty easy to see we will need more parking. If a structured parking garage is built with public funds and on public land, it should have a reliable revenue source to ensure maintenance expenses are covered.
- Allowing for a private structured parking garage could be helpful, however it would need to be done very tastefully. A
 public structure would probably not be feasible without some sort of additional tax to 1) construct it; and 2) maintain
 it

Upgrade Nyberg interchange for bicyclist safety. Average rating 3.7 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Encourage multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment. Average rating 3.7 based on 13 votes.

• YES, YES YES!!! Multimodal development would encourage people to use mass transit, thereby saving the roads and environment and money. It would also encourage a wider variety of businesses in the core downtown area.

Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road. Average rating 3.5 based on 13 votes.

No comments

Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park. Average rating 2.9 based on 15 votes.

- This should be a priority study area for the city both from vehicle access and through traffic as well as pedestrian and bikeway access and convenience. The city is currently underway in establishing facilities within Community Park as a multi-generational recreation facility which will only increase the accessibility problems which exist today. With the recently completed improvements to the Juanita Pohl Center which serves as the city's recreation center for the 50+ population (our fastest growing sector) it will become an even further problem as the aging population has greater difficulty in coping with park accessibility problems.
- ABSOLUTELY CRITICAL!!!!

Create grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with connection to Seneca. Average rating 2.3 based on 14 votes.

No comments

Industrial/Freight:

Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials. Average rating 4.9 based on 27 votes.

No comments

Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times. Average rating 4.9 based on 13 votes.

• Good idea - trucks and rush hour traffic are not a good mix

Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of town. Average rating 4.3 based on 16 votes.

No comments

Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves. Average rating 4.1 based on 14 votes.

- This will really help the neighborhoods. More can be done in other neighborhoods as well.
- Removing trucks from Tualatin road between Boones Ferry and 95th hasn't worked I don't know why this should.
- The Ibach CIO has secured a commitment from the City to post signage restricting usage of this route to trucks no larger than "three-axle, single unit," per TMC 8-3-142. Moreover, the City has also responded to the CIO's request to limit usage of this route by Allied Waste only to its vehicles making pick-ups (i.e. not to use route as short-cut into South Tualatin) a request to which Allied Waste has assented.

Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi. Average rating 4.1 based on 14 votes.

 Good idea - would eliminate the confusion and those stop-sign-jumpers who are apparently in a big hurry to get home

Improve cross-section on Herman Rd. Average rating 4 based on 9 votes.

- If Herman is improved, bigger trucks will use it ... and then we end up with more truck traffic going thru town to get to Hwy 5, or traffic up Tualatin Road to get to Hwy 99. Neither is acceptable kids wait for school buses on Tualatin Road right near that Herman Road/Tualatin Road intersection.
- Well, once more the rating stars do not work. I would like this to be 0 stars, not three. The unimproved section of Herman just before it merges into Tualatin Rd should not be improved to the extent truck traffic is encouraged to use Tualatin Road. Sidewalks and bike lanes do need to be added.

Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes. Average rating 4 based on 7 votes.

No comments

Provide a loop bus route serving local residents. Average rating 3.9 based on 19 votes.

- GREAT IDEA!!!!
- This local system could fix half of the transit problems listed. Find a way to fund this program and utilize Tri-Met for the regional connections.

Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks. Average rating 3.3 based on 7 votes.

 Let's find other solutions for larger trucks - they don't belong in our neighborhoods, which is likely where roundabouts would be situated.

Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way. Average rating 3.3 based on 6 votes.

No comments

Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd). Average rating 3.1 based on 12 votes.

- The proposed idea makes sense if the under/overpass actually connects to I-5 with a northbound on-ramp and a
 southbound off-ramp to allow drivers to avoid going out of their way by going south to or north from Elligsen Road or
 driving through downtown Tualatin.
- "No" to this unfavorable proposal. It erodes nice land, adding more roads for future businesses. Access across I-5 is already just south less than half a mile away. Money should be better spent on other projects using existing roads, not building more roads.

Add a signal along Tualatin Rd to allow residential and business access. Average rating 2.9 based on 18 votes

- For turning left onto Tualatin Rd from Jurgens, visibility could be drastically improved by removing the first 10 to 20 feet of hedge, or by keeping it at a lower level. It's difficult to see the oncoming cars from the left (East).
- A light would certainly help the problem of folks that speed on Tualatin Road. Trying to exit from the neighborhoods onto Tualatin Road is a dicey situation at times I'm surprised we don't see more accidents. And I do agree that improving the sight line in some areas is crucial.
- During rush-hour, it seems like a light at Teton would only make matters worse, as traffic would back up eastward blocking the Jurgens intersection.
- There is more traffic at the Teton/Tualatin Road intersection that impacts both residents and business, and there
 have also been a number of accidents at this location. A light is needed here for both safety and traffic flow
 improvement.
- Best at Jurgens

Provide incentives to telecommute. Average rating 2.6 based on 14 votes.

• With the right kind of sensitive planning and incentives to telecommute or take mass transit, Tualatin could become an example for other communities.

Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Average rating 2.4 based on 43 votes.

- Agree businesses need this light very badly. So do their customers! The key thing will be to coordinate it carefully with
 the light at Teton. Seems the only way this really works is if the timing can be engineered so as to stop a wave of eastbound traffic at the Teton light (not allowing it to reach 97th) while simultaneously stopping a wave of west-bound
 traffic at 97th (not allowing it to reach Teton). The idea here is to keep the stretch between 97 and Teton free for
 those vehicles turning onto T-S Road from 97th (i.e., no backups in this stretch). And that helps all the traffic trying to
 turn onto T-S Road from Teton too.
- If the light is only triggered for left hand turns onto Tualatin-Sherwood from 97th, it will improve safety. We need it.
- There are a huge amount of signals on tualatin-sherwood road at present and they are poorly coordinated as it is. Will
 adding another signal really address congestion?
- Businesses need this light to safely make left hand turns onto Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road. Average rating 1.5 based on 10 votes

• This doesn't seem appropriate at all. Tualatin Rd is an arterial. Traffic calming would be in direct conflict with many of the intended functions of this road. How do the emergency service providers feel about this? As a resident off of this road, I don't see this as helping me. It would be incredibly annoying to have to drive through this constantly.

Neighborhood Livability:

Extend 124th Ave to south. Average rating 4.7 based on 32 votes

- Since the West Side By-Pass is not on the horizon we need to do something to help alleviate the industrial traffic off of TS Road. Plan 124th so it could someday be an interchange for the by-pass.
- Let's move truck traffic away from T/S Road, and away from our City core.
- I think the forest next to the proposed extension should be made a park. And what about the drop-off into the quarry? If they build a road, I hope they don't put a view-destroying fence up. I say no new roads>
- Every year the traffic through the city center increases laden with trucks and industrial traffic. This would certainly protect the livability of our city.
- This is vital to keep truck traffic out of residential areas, reducing noise, fumes and increasing livability.
- I DON'T like seeing trucks parked in the middle of Tualatin Road, as if it's an OK parking space.
- Makes it dangerous turning out of residential areas
- Absolutely yes. As soon as possible

Provide a mutli-use path along the river. Average rating 4.3 based on 17 votes

- One of the few areas in which the city has complete control is in parks and recreation. The park and recreation master plan needs updating and should include as one of the main focus areas a river front park system from the golf course to Browns Ferry Park at minimum length this would include multi-use trails as well as other park features there are many examples both in Oregon as in the rest of the country as to what this could be and would mean to the city.
- This should only be considered after the key targeted employment area determined. It may or may not support the targeted industries we wish to attract.
 - o This may be true for the west end of town, but this is critical for the east side of Tualatin to connect safely with the downtown area.

Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail. Average rating 4.2 based on 13 votes

• Connect to a local multi-use path as well, let's think big and plan for it.

Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi. Average rating 4.2 based on 11 votes.

- This intersection works very well as it is for cars, but is daunting if you're a pedestrian or bicyclist. However, I wouldn't change it until there is a sidewalk over I-5 that would provide more pedestrians.
- I used to live nearby this intersection and it was usually a challenge to know when it was my turn to enter the intersection. I do not know if many accidents occurred there -- what are the statistics?

Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin. Average rating 4.1 based on 18 votes

No comments

Balance needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school. Average rating 3.8 based on 9 votes.

No comments

Eliminate free right turns - on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd. Average rating 3.8 based on 4 votes.

- Eliminating free right turns on Herman Rd at Teton Ave: ok.
- Eliminating free right turns on Herman Rd at Tualatin Rd: bad.
- bad idea

Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area (105th Ave., Blake St., and 108th Ave.) Average rating is 3.8 based on 16 votes

- The Ibach CIO has secured a commitment from the City to begin construction of various safety improvements to the "S" curve, including a pedestrian/bicyclist safety light system, a stop sign for westbound traffic at Blake and 108th and bump outs to reduce overall speed through the "S" curve. While these are short-term solutions, the best long term solution is elimination/straightening of the "S" curve or a pedestrian and bicycle path through the woods with ingress and egress at both Ibach Park and Willow Street.
- This is a fabulous idea!

Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom ES and Tualatin HS. Average rating 3.6 based on 11 votes.

No comments

Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road. Average rating 3.6 based on 10 votes

- This should also include Tualatin Road from the golf course to lower Boones Ferry Road downtown
- Don't we already have several focused pedestrian crossing treatments on Tualatin Rd? There may not be one right at Jurgens, but there is one just to the east that may be serving the same purpose. Drivers are pretty good about stopping when you are waiting to cross at these locations.

Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and railroad crossings. Average rating 3.1 based on 9 votes

No comments

Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road Traffic at 90th Ave. Average rating 2.9 based on 15 votes

Keeping Tualatin Road slower and more local is an important priority.

Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center. Average rating 2.4 based on 9 votes.

- This stretch of road is already too wide, fast, and noisy. The strip malls on the south side are ugly, and Nyberg Woods
 squats on top a giant ugly wall with only big driveways in and out. Widening Nyberg with this turn lane will only make
 the whole situation worse.
- More important to deal with the 'merging' lane across the road and help eliminate aggressive, unsafe driving. Too much road rage from that merging action

Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd. Average rating 1.7 based on 13 votes.

No comments

Transit:

Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin. Average rating 4.6 based on 16 votes.

• We need a park and ride at 99W and 124th/Tualatin Road. Tri-Met needs to add EXPRESS bus service that stops in Sherwood on 99W near Tualatin-Sherwood Road and at this new park and ride. There is enough demand to justify it and it would help reduce traffic going through Tualatin to I-5.

General - need extended service for all transit. Average rating 4.3 based on 20 votes.

- PLEASE lobby for additional WES hours, and for public information to let people know how to use it. I have talked to
 people in Tualatin who do not know what it is or how to use it. Also, sometimes I have been waiting for WES and
 people come to buy a ticket but don't have a debit card, so I end up using my card and they reimburse me with cash,
 but that won't work many times for students or immigrants or others without a debit card.
- It would be really nice to be able to take the WES/Trimet to and from the airport from the southwestern suburbs, especially on weekends.
- Need bus service out on Borland Rd for the 3 days/week when the Food Pantry is open.
- We need some sort of transit service for the employees that work in the businesses west of downtown and between Tualatin-Sherwood road and Tualatin road. Lots of businesses, lots of employees, but zero transit service. Reliable transportation for employees to and from work might even attract more businesses.
- If I knew that WES was reliable in terms of service hours, I would consider this option and probably use it more often. As it turns out, I do not contribute to the origin/destination statistics due to the low hours of operation.

Extend bus service to east Tualatin. Average rating 3.9 based on 15 votes.

No comments

Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W. Average rating 3.8 based on 12 votes.

No comments

Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure. Average rating 3.8 based on 22 votes

- As it is now there's a queue of people waiting to get on each bus that arrives and some of those buses are full.
 Greater parking capacity without matching capacity on the 96 won't help much. Add a structure only with the 100% commitment from TriMet that they would add additional buses to the 96.
- With the cost of an added structure, hopefully TriMet would also add busses that use this stop. Particularly the #96 that go to downtown Portland
- Please more buses connecting Lake Oswego and Tualatin and down macadam to Portland, what a beautiful route!
 This would really save congestion-we need more times than just rush hour commute buses and really, where are the bike paths???? Are we all too old or too rich to be interested in green practices and healthy choices? What about families and learning about the rivers?

- Please connect to PORTLAND TRIMET #96 and add more times and buses NIKE PATHS AND ROUTES PLEASE!
- This is a great idea if we add more express bus service. The park and ride draws from throughout the area.
- This could be a win-win for the park and ride along with the much needed parking for Bridgeport Village shopping during the holidays. Tri-Met would add more service if the capacity is there. If you don't supply parking, then the facility will reach its capacity and no additional buses would be needed. Must expand this popular and very visible park and ride facility.

Explore a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service. Average rating 3.8 based on 23 votes

- That's a great idea and would keep people out of their cars, which saves roads and gas and pollution.
- Having a Tualatin Trolley that could not only serve these retail areas that would attract visitors, but one that might
 even work for weekday businesses, and provide service to the city during special events would give Tualatin a more
 unique attraction in the region.
- Excellent idea! This will tie-in with the new development replacing the Kmart shopping center.

Add a Lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Road between Martinazzi and I-5 Average rating 3.7 based on 9 votes.

- This section of Tualatin-Sherwood road is already too wide, ugly, and noisy, and the vast majority of the time outside rush hour has speeding traffic. An extra lane will only aggravate the problem and directly conflict with any improvements for cyclists and walkers. The only lane that might help is east of the Fred Meyer driveway, to add a second lane to get on I-5 southbound.
- Heading east on Tualatin-Sherwood Road toward the I-5 entrance -- Even if the new lane just goes from Martinazzi to the Fred Meyer entrance and aligns with the existing on southbound on lane and ramp that would really help. If it is possible to add a second southbound lane, all the better. This is an area of real congestion.

Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin. Average rating 3.6 based on 14 votes.

- Agree with Minda re: bike lane on Grahams Ferry Rd. We're so close to being able to make some nice loops in the
 area but this treacherous area kills it.
- I'd agree that it would be great to have a Park and Ride and more frequent bus options in this area. I also would like safer and continual bike lane on SW Graham Ferry Rd to SW Ibach Rd to SW Boones Ferry Rd. Currently walkers and bikers need to cross the street at a blind area of the road near LDS church. Not safe. Also, there should be speed signs as soon as a car enters Tualatin on SW Graham Ferry Rd not after the Helenius Rd. intersection where people/bikes could be crossing at that flashing yellow light which most vehicles ignore. And the 45 mph speed sign should be past Tualatin limits not before it.

Provide bus transit service on Avery Street. Average rating 3.3 based on 10 votes.

• Was thrilled when the WES stop was added in town, but without local bus/shuttle service on Avery it takes just as long to get to the station as it might be to drive. I think more people would utilize the bus service if they didn't have to go to Boones Ferry or Tualatin/Sherwood Road to catch one.

Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transitoriented development opportunities, and local transit connections. Average rating 2.9 based on 34 votes.

- Providing a true "transit" center or hub makes sense. Planned properly, this area could work out well. Future parking
 could be accommodated by a parking structure. If MAX could be underground in this area then you could tie a MAX
 station into this as well. Pedestrians and bikes could easily get here once a local Tualatin multi-use pathways are
 developed that would connect the entire city.
- The 96 bus aside, the WES is a start of better transit connections to Tigard, Beaverton, and thereabouts. The proposed idea is what we need to lessen car trips in town, particularly for those who work but don't live in town. Personally, anything that improves access to the WES Station can draw more riders that might keep or improve service, and anything that might help me get to and from the airport more easily without driving and paying an arm and a leg for parking is a good thing.
- Agreed. Extending the WES hours into mid-day, or weekends, would be helpful.
- What we really need a schedule that will accommodate commuters connecting to Max: more frequent, throughout the day, evening and weekend runs
- Besides just the central focus how about making it a true solution 7 days a week and extend the hours.

- Why are we NOT CONNECTED to PORTLAND more people more business!!!!! Fewer gas emissions.......just because older richer people stay home in Lake Oswego, or drive their fancy cars, this will not provide a neighborhood future!!
- When WES was being built there was much concern that parking for the businesses (Haggen/etc) would be impacted in negative way. The parking does seem crowded to me now...are there objective ways to measure the current impact and then estimate the impact of this proposal?

Provide bus transit service on Herman Road. Average rating 2.8 based on 12 votes.

No comments

Provide high capacity transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. Average rating 2.8 based on 13 votes.

- Those of us who live near downtown Tualatin without a car find it very difficult to shop at businesses like Target in Sherwood.
- Very necessary
- I am not sure but I believe HCT had very few stops and HCT most likely serves employees. So if the idea is a high speed bus from Sherwood to WES in Tualatin, then my vote would be a conditional maybe. I do not see how HCT would reduce congestion on T/S Road as it is often either truck traffic or pass through auto traffic going to I-5. Also, if this were implemented, then another problem is present (if there were no or very few stops along T/S) which is how then to get workers to their places of employment once they are at WES.

Provide bus transit service on 124th Street. Average rating 2.7 based on 10 votes.

No comments

Verbatim Comments Received Via Email to Project Staff:

- For the public record, I oppose including the proposed "Hall Street Extension" project in the update of the Tualatin Transportation System Plan update for many reasons. The most important ones include:
 - 1. The area along the railroad tracks on the Tigard side of The Tualatin River is a sensitive natural area for wildlife. I walk/ run from Tualatin Community Park to Durham and then to Cook Park several times per week with my dog. I have seen eagles, deer, geese and other water fowl on these excursions. The terrain is partially wetlands. A few years ago, there was an "additional" pond created in exactly where this roadway would go through. The disruption in the ecosystem of this area would be devastating to this natural area.
 - 2. The pedestrian pathways that parallel this proposed pathway and connect all three parks mentioned above are enjoyed by thousands of people daily from Tigard, Tualatin, Durham and from other communities as well. Bicyclists, runners, mothers and fathers pushing their kids in strollers are drawn to this area on both sides of the Tualatin area to enjoy the beauty of nature, the quiet tranquility of listening only to the sounds of nature instead of traffic, and to able to breathe fresh air. All of this would be lost forever for the sake of moving traffic. Our community would pay a heavy price for the sake of moving more vehicles across the River. Which brings me to my next point.
 - 3. Tualatin is already known as a "drive through community". Those of us who live here don't want another roadway bringing in cars and heavy trucks into our community. It is dangerous enough for the kids who walk to TC Park now and have to deal with our current traffic. This roadway would only bring more traffic from many other communities into "our" neighborhood and the pollution that goes along with it.
 - 4. I urge you, in the spirit of transparency, to take public comment on this issue during tonight's City Council meeting. I also urge you, as representatives of the citizens of Tualatin, to stand up for us and protect our city and neighborhoods. Tualatin residents should not have to pay such a heavy price by losing some of the things we treasure most- things that will be lost forever. Please vote NOT to advance this project.
- Consideration Area: How would this solution to the Tual. Transportation Plan affect traffic locally Re: the Hybrid
 two lane road connecting to Hall Blvd. In ADDITION TO all the concerns and objections already raised---air pollution,
 noise pollution destruction of newly protected wet lands and destruction of the restful livability provided by the 3
 connected parks. The result I never hear mentioned or discussed is what affect the 800-900 vehicles a day in each
 direction would have:

- a) After they cross the expensive bridge over the Tualatin River and then come to the intersection of 85th Ave., Durham Road, and Hall Blvd.
- b) The most important result is that all 800-900 vehicles would go directly through two school zones---Durham Elementary to the east and Tigard High School to the west.
- c) Not only would there be extreme congestion and increased safety hazards for the children being dropped off and the school buses trying to maneuver to their drop off areas but all the 800-900 vehicles using this route would need to SLOW TO 20 MILES PER HOUR as is required in all school zones, and surely, the resulting back up would stretch all the way back to Tualatin Road and Boones Ferry areas.
- d) For this and all the many other reasons already voiced this part of the Hybrid North/South connectivity proposal is a non-workable extremely ill-conceived proposal and would definitely affect traffic in the Tualatin area negatively. It should be dropped from the Tualatin Transportation plan.
- I am writing to express my disapproval of the following transportation projects:
 - o Proposed Bridge-Hall Connecter
 - o Proposed SW Boones Ferry Connector

As a Tualatin resident I am against any transportation project that is going to impact our parks. How can you run Hall Blvd. through wetlands? Tualatin Community Park-Cook Park is a nice area and will suffer greatly if the street is pushed through. Not to mention the amount of traffic that will now flow into an area with one lane in each direction. Parks are supposed to be peaceful places. The Hall connection to Boones Ferry has the potential to carry up to 1,000-1,200 vehicles in each direction during peak rush hours. That's terrible, considering it's difficult now to leave the North Tualatin neighborhoods and head east on Tualatin road. There is no other avenue out of this area that is bounded by the river on the North. I don't think it's our job to relieve traffic on I-5 and Hwy 217. I am 100% against both of these projects.

- The proposal for Hall Street Extension to go south between Cook Park and Tualatin Community Park looks so good on a map. It is terrible for the humans using the park, however. The Environmental/policy considerations include"the potential impact (likely temporary) to the Tualatin River and adjacent natural resources" completely leaves out humans. WHY? Is not car exhaust a detriment to public health? And so why place so many cars near a park where people are trying to relax, enjoy some "fresh air" and exercise? This violates the spirit, if not the letter, of the law/ordinance against transportation projects in the Tualatin Community Park without a public vote.
- Hall St. to Tualatin Park...ARE YOU KIDDING ME?!! That has to be the **worst idea** I have heard in my 22 years in Tualatin. I will fight this proposal. Don't destroy what has just been created as a terrific addition to our community.
- Just a brief email to inform you that we are strongly opposed to the extension as it is proposed. This plan uses Tualatin as a pass-through for regional traffic, with all the negative factors that involves, which you are all aware of through prior citizen's testimony and stated concerns. It should not be approved.
- Please do not extend the road. This is one of the few dedicated areas where bikes and runners and walkers can enjoy the tranquility of the river and wetlands without the intrusive noise and pollution of vehicles. This area is a haven from the built environment and gives those of us who commute by bike our own area to cross the river. I think recreation use of the trail system will be reduced if people will have to ride alongside noisy cars and cross back and forth. Also studies have shown the adding more capacity for cars only encourages their use and eventually the level of congestion returns. Please encourage a future where mass transit is more the norm.
- Please do not build a new bridge across the Tualatin River nor put a new road next to Tualatin Community Park and
 through the Cook Park Wetlands. While the current Tualatin plan calls for a two-lane bridge, the Tigard plan calls for a
 much larger \$60 million project. Less damaging alternatives exist for improving traffic flow in the area including
 replacement of the bridge on Boones Ferry Road.

- I as a member of the community and user of Cook Park would like to request that you remove the bridge from the Transportation plan. The truth is that the wetlands are more important that a quick fix to a problem with transportation, which in comparison to other parts of the country is not even really a problem. The traffic through Tigard, Tualatin, and Lake Oswego is minimal unless you are on a major highway or freeway and let's face it- a bridge through the park isn't going to change that the wetlands that we have through Tigard, Tualatin, and Lake Oswego, are jewels, precious treasures. Not something to be squandered for the sake of something as common as a road. I am asking that you help lead our collective cities into the future and look for a more progressive and environmentally sound way to deal with our population/transportation problem. Our park is neither the cause nor the solution of this problem. I would love for the City of Tualatin to show the rest of South West Portland what true ingenuity and environmental responsibility looks like. And besides that, our collective towns do not have the money to build or maintain a bridge anyway. I would personally feel like part of what makes this area nice place to live has been destroyed. Please please please, do the right thing. Kill the bridge idea. Look forward. Not back.
- For the project that you have titled "this is a potential Tualatin Development Code change to allow wider sidewalks.' What a wonderful idea!! Finally, the city is actually taking into consideration how narrow those sidewalks actually are, two strollers that are going in opposite directions can barely fit on it, a bike and pedestrian all use that same walk way (until the bike lanes are installed), not to mention elders and disabled people who have mobility devices. Shouldn't the engineers make sure that everyone that uses the sidewalk can actually USE it, and providing enough room so those people don't worry about injuring another?
- Please remove the proposed new bridge across the Tualatin River from the Transportation System Plan. This would put a new road next to Tualatin Community Park and through the Cook Park Wetlands. This is a beautiful and important place to enjoy nature and view wildlife. Recently a significant link in the Fanno Creek Trail was added along with the Ki-A-Kuts pedestrian/bike bridge over the river. Clean Water Services (CWS) has invested in a successful habitat restoration effort in this area. Native grasses once common to the Willamette Valley, but now scarce, have returned to the site. We are certain that there are less damaging alternatives for improving traffic flow in the area including replacement of the bridge on Boones Ferry Road. Please work with us and the community to find an acceptable alternative that will save the Cook Park Wetlands.
- Please remove the plans for a new bridge across the Tualatin River from the Tualatin Transportation System Plan. The bridge and road would negatively impact the Cook Park Wetlands. I urge you to consider alternatives for improving traffic flow in the area, including replacement of the bridge on Boones Ferry Road.
- NO! No new bridge over the Tualatin River to "ease" connectivity in the North/South direction! Adding a bridge over the Tualatin River for N/S connectivity to Tigard is a TERRIBLE idea, especially since the new road would bisect one of the largest contiguous natural areas around. It won't ease congestion anywhere; it will, however, draw TONS MORE traffic right through our downtown core. It already takes too long to transit the city what with the traffic lights strung light Christmas lights along Boones Ferry downtown. Not to mention the additional traffic that the new Nyberg Family project (another shopping center) at KMart is going to bring. Improve existing roads: widen Boones Ferry including the bridge; complete 124th since it's already in the plans. That would be far cheaper than developing an entire new road complete with bridge. Although adding gridlock in a north/south direction might just do the trick; in conjunction with the existing east/west gridlock on Tualatin-Sherwood Road it will bring traffic to a complete standstill downtown. Genius!
- I would like you to know that I and my family and so many other people have been enjoying the peacefulness of the Cook, Durham, and Tualatin Park trails, where there is no road! More importantly, this area being free of automobile traffic is beneficial to the wildlife that travels along the Tualatin River. The train does not affect the animals so much, as it is not continuously running. A road through the same area would severely impact the animals and birds that use the area for their home, because, as you know, so many animals get hit by cars on the road. There is so little forest left for them, please don't take away the little they have left!
- Thanks for passing along the information. Improved bike and pedestrian safety is a primary objective for our City. To be
 clear, the City is not proposing that Boones Ferry Road become 5-lanes between Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Norwood

Road. However, in the Metro Regional Transportation Plan, Washington County Transportation System Plan, and Tualatin's 2001 Transportation Plan, Boones Ferry Road is scheduled to be a 5-lane road in the future. In the City's process of updating our Transportation System Plan (TSP), we've heard many times that residents don't want the road to be 5-lanes. At the same time, we've heard complaints about traffic congestion. Therefore, we are calling the project into question. As you will notice in the meeting packet (page 13) for the Task Force, one option is to widen the road to 5-lanes between Tualatin-Sherwood Road. Another option is to keep the road 3-lanes and improve the signal timing along Boones Ferry Road. Again, we have not made a recommendation at this point. The purpose of the Task Force meeting is to outline a couple of options and allow our community members to forward projects to a larger community "Transportation Summit" on September 20th. Feel free to come and provide comments at the August 27th meeting.

- I am have conflicts both Wednesday & Thursday and so I am unable to attend either of the meetings being held to discuss transportation concerns impacting Tualatin. However, I would like to provide some input. I do not have a strong opinion regarding the options being considered for Basalt Creek but I do have a strong opinion regarding Boones Ferry Road. I believe it should be maintained as 3-lanes anywhere north of wherever the Basalt Creek road connects with Boones Ferry. I understand Boones Ferry is a significant arterial for the city but it runs (south of Tualatin-Sherwood) through primarily residential properties. It should not become an alternative to north-south traffic being routed on 124th or even I-5. I am confident that the vast majority of south Tualatin residents would agree that we do not need five lanes and that having five lanes will only encourage pass-through traffic, endangering pedestrian and bike traffic and reducing the quality of life of the many residents adjacent to Boones Ferry.
- Please remove the plan for a new bridge across the Tualatin River that would put a new road next to Tualatin Community
 Park and through the Cook Park Wetlands. There has been a lot of effort to reclaim the wetlands, and it is working! The
 Wetlands should be protected. There are better alternatives for instance replacing the bridge on Boones ferry road.
- Sorry I won't be here for meeting on hall street access. I thought we voiced our opinions on that before. How many times do we have to say "no"? I live on Tualatin road and there is already too much traffic and most exceed the speed limit. I say no,no,no.
- use smart lights at intersections
- I was helping a visually impaired person cross the street. She couldn't read the sign on the south side of Seneca, crossing toward Haydens, saying the crosswalk is closed. She didn't know the button for audio was a recessed area on the larger button because she initially hit the button with the palm of her hand and couldn't feel where to press for audio. The audio doesn't start immediately when the light changes which cuts off two seconds of crossing time. Either an earlier warning that the light is changing or more time would help.
- I have an older, visually impaired friend who is short. I have not been able to identify a safe crossing for Tualatin Sherwood Rd. I suggest one street be identified for extra safety measures, i.e. by Haydns Restaurant where fewer cars turn. Perhaps more time could be allowed, a safety island, or flags/signs for visibility which could be carried from one side to the other. This street has 23 seconds to cross but the audio direction doesn't start immediately which takes away 2 seconds. That may not be enough time for the elderly or women pushing strollers.
- Bridge across Tualatin River from 65th. Bad idea from the start: bring all the traffic and noise into a neighborhood? Ambulance and fire sirens and speed/traffic? Displace (take) four residences? Impact on wildlife in this area. 65th and Childs has a bus stop for children who use it as a hub. There is also a sewer pumping station there. This is a flawed premise from the beginning to bring part of I5 into our quiet community. Unthinkable.
- I live in Fox Hill and am not in favor of a vehicle bridge over 65th. I do not want to see additional traffic close to Browns Ferry Park and the walking paths. We've got a nice pedestrian environment going, I would hate to see it spoiled with a car bridge and more traffic. What I really would like is a foot/bicycle bridge over the river in that general area. We are sort of land-locked on the east side here as far as walking or riding bikes to other areas, and a foot/bike bridge could help ease some car traffic by giving us an alternative way to get to the Lake Grove area. Thank you.

- Regarding the 65th ave bridge across the Tualatin river: NO, NO, NO!!! Rivergrove was not consulted. It is NOT a good idea

 location is definitely not a good place. The surrounding area cannot handle the traffic; we do not have services to
 support it. The streets there are residential, not arterial. Additional traffic would overload the streets and definitely is not
 in keeping with the nature of the area. It would cut our city in half. It would displace several citizens. I along with most of
 Rivergrove completely oppose it. Thank you
- Not for a motor vehicle bridge across the Tualatin near 65th but I'd love to see a pedestrian/bike bridge that ties the two sides of the river together!
- I live on the north bank of the Tualatin River, a short distance as the crow flies from Meridian Park Hospital. But when my wife lost consciousness, it took the paramedics ten minutes to transport her to the hospital because they had to take the circuitous route north into Lake Grove and onto I-5 to get across the river. Senior citizens need this bridge.
- Sorry I won't be here for meeting on hall street access. I thought we voiced our opinions on that before. How many times do we have to say "no". I live on Tualatin road and there is already too much traffic and most exceed the speed limit. I say no,no,no,
- The section of SW Avery Street between Boones Ferry west to the industrial area has seen an extensive increase in commuter traffic over the past five years. Recommend the speed limit on Avery between Boones Ferry and Teton be reduced to 25 MPH and NOT considered for expansion
- The STOP for Pedestrians floppy sign in the middle of 95th prior to the Sagert intersection misleads drivers. I've noticed
 many drivers stop because they see a STOP sign on the vertical banner sign. The sign should remain but the STOP sign
 painted on it should be removed or replaced with a YIELD indicator. I've seen four near-accident incidents because of
 drivers on Sagert expecting drivers on 95th to stop at that crosswalk.
- In the early morning (5:00 to 7:00 am), there is often semi-truck trailer traffic that departs from the industrial park exit onto 95th and then uses the residential street of SW Sagert to go to Boones Ferry Road. I have seen semis with full 50' trailers driving down Sagert in the early morning. Northern Van Lines trucks seem to do this the most. This section of SW Sagert should be marked as NO TRUCK TRAFFIC because it is residential.
- Stop freight traffic movement on SW 95th between Avery and Sagert, and freight traffic on SW Avery from Boones Ferry to
 SW Kawanda Court. There has been an increase in semi-truck trailer traffic on both of these residential street sections over
 the past four years. Often, semis with full trailers will park in the middle of 95th at 5:30 am with their engines running. It is
 disturbing to homeowners. The semis need to stick to access to the industrial park from Teton or using 95th off of
 Tualatin-Sherwood Road.
- There are bushes in the NE corner of the intersection crossing when walking on the East-West crosswalk. These bushes block drivers view when coming westbound and turning northbound onto 95th. I have been almost hit twice by morning and lunchtime traffic that haven't seen me when walking across the crosswalk. Recommend the bushes be removed or cut down to 1 foot height (for reference these bushes are directly west of the Natural Gas valve fenced-in enclosures.
- As a resident of Rivergrove I am opposed to a bridge connecting Tualatin to Rivergrove. The roads and neighborhoods in this area do not have the capacity to accept further traffic, which should be going through the main artery into Lake Oswego that is Lower Boones Ferry.
- I am a resident living near the corner of 65th and Childs Road where the proposed bridge connection to Nyberg Road would be built. This is such a bad idea on so many levels. This would change a residential neighborhood, heavily inhabited by families and children, into a busy thoroughfare when there is already I-5 connecting the areas you mention (Nyberg Rd businesses, hospital, etc.) 1/2 mile to the west. Adding this so-called short cut doesn't make sense especially because it is basically equi-distant only about 2 miles from Boones Ferry Road to Nyberg Road using I-5. And the cost?????? At this time in our economy, what a waste of money not to mention the environmental impact on the Tualatin River. The several environmental groups I've notified are not happy and plan to make their voices known. Ask yourselves in earnest, would

you want a busy highway and bridge running right by your house, subjecting your neighborhood to trucks, busses, ambulance and their obvious increase of air and noise pollution. I'm sure in your hearts you'd answer NO!				











City of Tualatin

Transportation System Plan Update

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
November 29, 2011

Presentation Objectives

- 1. What is a Transportation System Plan (TSP)
 - ✓ Why do one?
 - ✓ What do they need to include?
 - ✓ Why do one now?
- 2. What does Tualatin's TSP look like?
 - ✓ Who develops the TSP?
 - ✓ What is our timeline?



What is a TSP?

- Identifies transportation improvements needed to address current (2012) and future (2035) needs of residents, businesses, and visitors to Tualatin
- Will recommend improvements to all modes of transportation in Tualatin
- Includes infrastructure investments and policy recommendations

Why do a TSP?

A TSP is a resource for staff, policy makers, and the public to:

- ✓ Identify future transportation facilities
- ✓ Direct funding resources to transportation projects
- Support anticipated development impacting the community
- Serves as the transportation element of a local comprehensive plan

Why do a TSP?

Provides long range direction

for all modes

 Ensures transportation improvements meet future land use needs

- Ensures transportation options for all users
- Provides a link to state funding



What Must a TSP Include?

Be consistent with State TSP, Metro's RTP,

and County TSP

Contain the following elements:

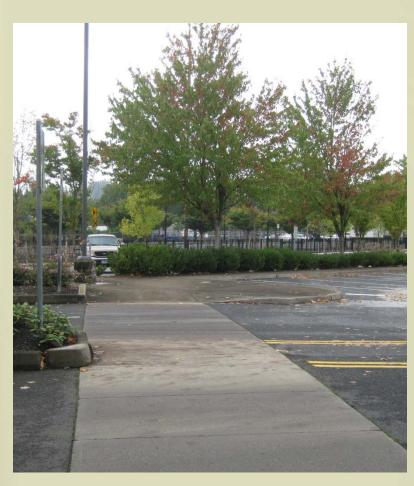
- Roadway
- Bicycle and pedestrian
- Public transportation
- Air, rail, water, and pipeline
- Determination and explanation of needs
- Policies and regulations to implement the TSP
- Transportation Financing Program



Why Update Tualatin's TSP Now?

- Tualatin's last TSP was completed in 2001
- Metro requires that we update our TSP within two years of their Regional Transportation Plan
- As Tualatin and the region changes, transportation goals must adapt to the

ways that people want to get around.



What Must a TSP Include?

Be consistent with State TSP, Metro's RTP,

and County TSP

Contain the following:

- Roadway element
- Bicycle and pedestrian element
- Public transportation element
- Air, rail, water, and pipeline element
- Determination and explanation of needs
- Policies and regulations to implement the TSP
- Transportation Financing Program



The Tualatin TSP

- Phase I: Understanding Community Concerns
- Phase 2: Deliberation and Discussion
- Phase 3: Options and Recommendations



Who is Involved in Developing the Tualatin TSP?

- City Council
- TPAC
- Task Force
- Working Groups
- City staff
- Consultant Team
 - CH2M HILL
 - JLA
 - DKS
 - Angelo Planning



Tualatin TSP - Main Steps

STEP 1

Identify Needs and Opportunities

- Gather data
- Analyze conditions
- Interview stakeholders
- Establish goals and measures
- Analyze "no build"

STEP 2

Develop and Evaluate Solutions

- Brainstorm "universe" of solutions
- Apply measures
- Develop recommendations

STEP 3

Make Recommendations

- Analyze "build"
- Interview stakeholders
- Refine recommendations
- Prepare costs
- Identify funding options
- Prioritize recommendations

STEP 4

Create and Adopt the Plan

- Draft plan
- Review with community
- Refine plan
- Present to Commission
- Present to Council
- Adopt plan

Tualatin TSP Schedule

Task		20	11					2	012								
lask	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	
Public Meetings						•	Public Ope	n Hayaa	→ ,	Public Ope	Hausa		4	e Klatches/			Online Open House
							ublic Ope	II House		ublic Ope	nouse			ublic Oper	nouse		House
Committee Meetings	Task Ford	e Meeting	s* 4	•	•	•	+	+	Worki	ng Group I	Meetings	•				\rightarrow	
Methodology Development and Data Collection																	
Plan and Policy Review																	
Existing Conditions Analysis																	
Future Conditions Analysis																	
Develop and Screen System Options																	
Prepare TSP Recommendations																	
Implementation Plan																	
Ordinance Language																	
Prepare TSP																	BG101311052920PDX
Support for TSP Adoption																	TBG101311











City of Tualatin Virtual Tour of Existing Conditions

Presentation to Tualatin Transportation Task Force December 15, 2011

CITY OF TUALATIN

What existing conditions we studied

- Land use
- Roadway system and conditions
- Traffic operations (congestion, etc.)
- Safety
- Bicycle System
- Pedestrian System
- Public Transit
- Freight rail, pipeline, waterway, airport

Why do we study existing conditions?

- Understand the current state of the transportation system in Tualatin
 - Opportunities
 - Deficiencies
- Baseline for analysis
- Required by state TSP guidelines

Land use

Land uses affect the transportation system

- Residential
- Employment
 - Manufacturing
 - Office
- Commercial

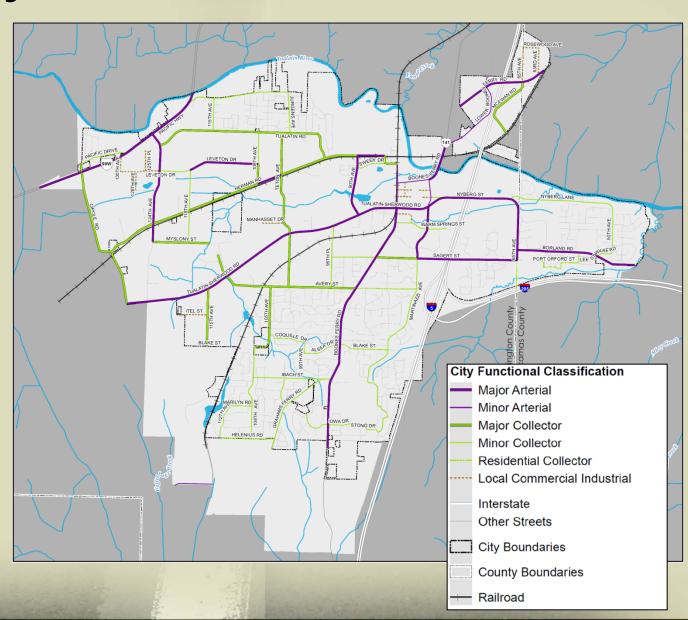






Roadway System and Conditions

- Roadway designations
- Compare to standards
- Intersection configuration

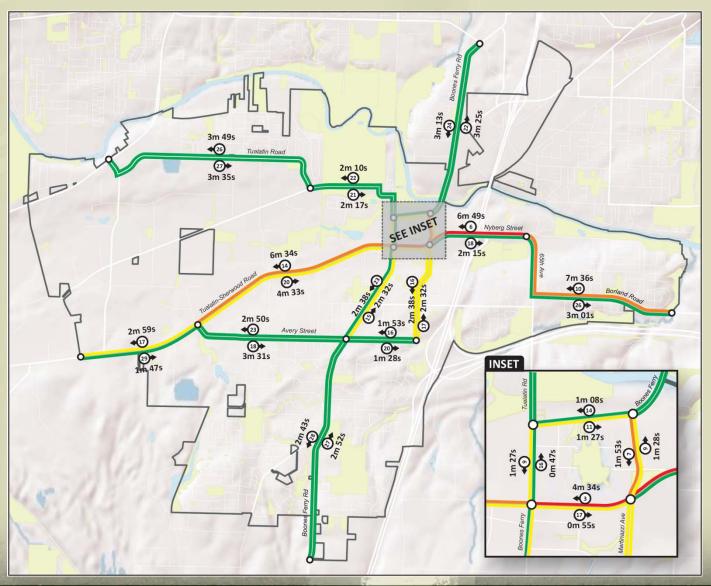


Traffic Operations

- Congested intersections and road segments
- Rush hour
- Truck percentages
- Travel speeds

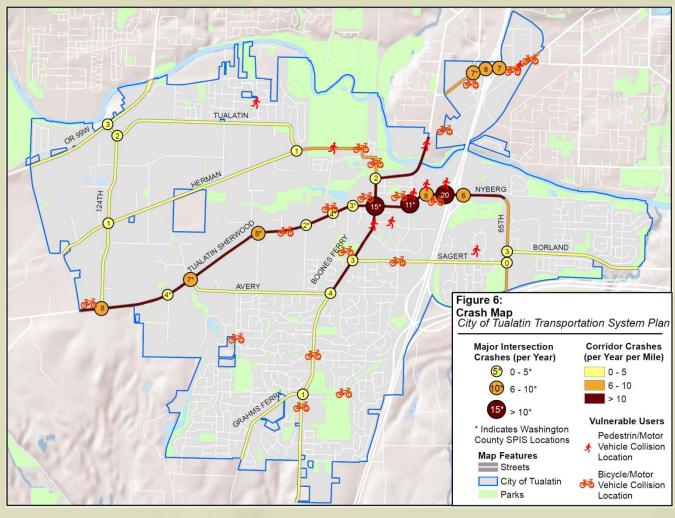


Travel time in Tualatin



Safety

- Crash locations
- Areas with multiple crashes



Safety Priority Index Sites (SPIS) compare crash rate to state or county averages

Bicycle Facilities

- Bicycling is an alternate to the vehicle
- Accommodates those who cannot or do not want to drive











Bicycle Needs

- Difficult left turns
- Narrow bike lanes
- Areas with low bike visibility
- Obstacles in bike lanes
- Gaps in the network







Pedestrian Facilities









- Everyone is a pedestrian
- Alternative for those who cannot or do not want to drive

Pedestrian Needs

- Sidewalk gaps
- Barriers on sidewalks
- Interconnected network of multi-use paths
- Safety







Public Transit

- 6 TriMet lines
- 1 SMART line
- 4 Park and Rides
- Commuter Rail
- Ridership average daily passengers getting on and off:

-Line 96: 1190

-Line 76: 1080

-WES: 440

-Line 12: 130

-Lines 37 and 38: 50

-Line 36: 40







Freight Rail and Pipeline

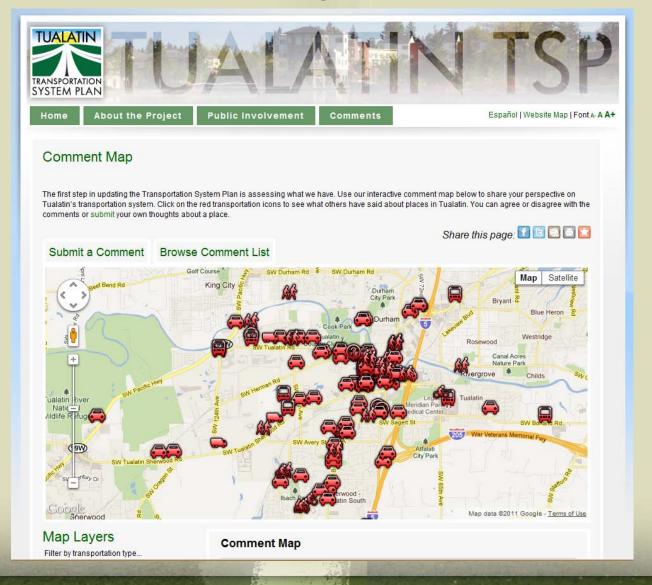
Could potentially impact other transportation

- 2 freight rail lines
- 1 natural gas pipeline within the city
- 1 gasoline pipeline in the SW Concept Plan area





What we heard from you













City of Tualatin

Goals and Objectives Tualatin TSP and Linking Tualatin

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
January 19, 2012



Tualatin TSP Goals

Goal Category	Goal
Access	Maintain and enhance the transportation system to reduce transit times, provide travel time reliability, and provide a functional and smooth transportation system
Safety	Improve safety for all users, all modes, all ages, and all abilities within the City of Tualatin
Vibrant Community	Allow for a variety of alternatives transportation choices for citizens of and visitors to Tualatin to support a high quality of life and the livability of the community



Tualatin TSP Goals (Continued)

Goal Category	Goal
Support Local Economy	Support local employment, local businesses and a prosperous community
Health/ Environment	Provide options for active transportation to improve the health of citizens in Tualatin and ensure transportation does not adversely impact public health or the environment



Tualatin TSP Goals (Continued)

Goal Category	Goal
Equity	Consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from transportation alternatives, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities
Ability to be built	Promote alternatives that are able to be implemented because they have community and political support and are likely to be funded.



Linking Tualatin Goals

Goal Category	Goal
Community	Provide meaningful opportunities for citizens to be involved in the Linking Tualatin planning process, particularly those most directly affected by the outcomes.
Economy	Enhance transit connections for local employers and employees to strengthen Tualatin's economy.
Land Use	Develop land use plans for focus areas that support future use of transit as part of a multi-modal, convenient, safe, and well-connected transportation system.





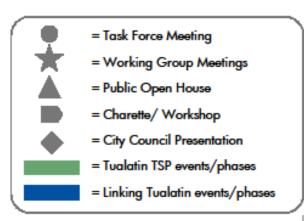
Goal Category	Goal
Transportation Choice and Mobility	Provide a full range of safe, efficient transportation options within transit focus areas, particularly linkages between transit and other modes of transportation, including bicycling, walking and driving.
Consistency and Coordination	Coordinate with regional partners to leverage regional resources, while building on and furthering local planning and other community objectives.
Implementation	Develop common sense, cost-effective and efficient tools and strategies to ensure implementation of project recommendations.

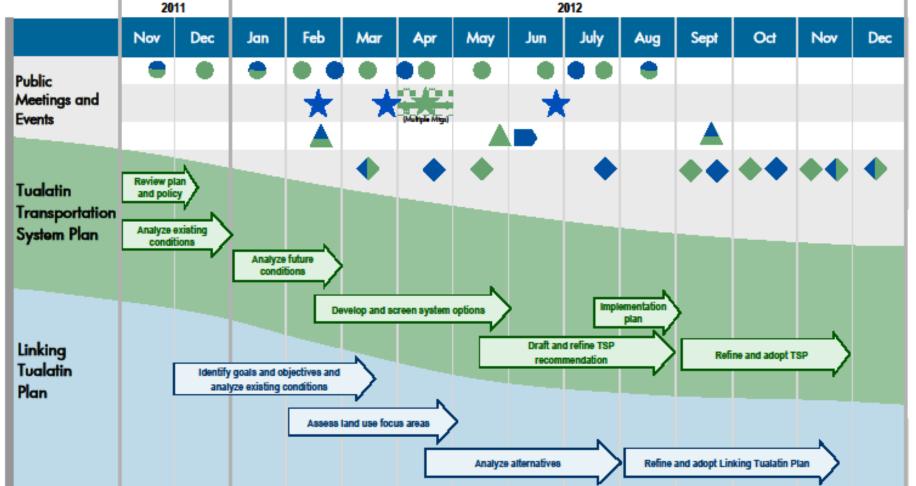
Transportation Task Force Schedule

This shows the schedule for two projects:

The Tualatin Transportation System Plan and the Linking Tualatin Plan.

Many public events and meetings are scheduled for the projects. Symbols in green represent the Tualatin TSP, and symbols in blue represent Linking Tualatin. Symbols that are both blue and green represent joint events for both projects.





Understanding Future Conditions



What is a Future Conditions Analysis?

The future conditions analysis for a transportation system plan helps identify future needs, opportunities, and constraints for circulation and transportation system connections for all transportation modes.

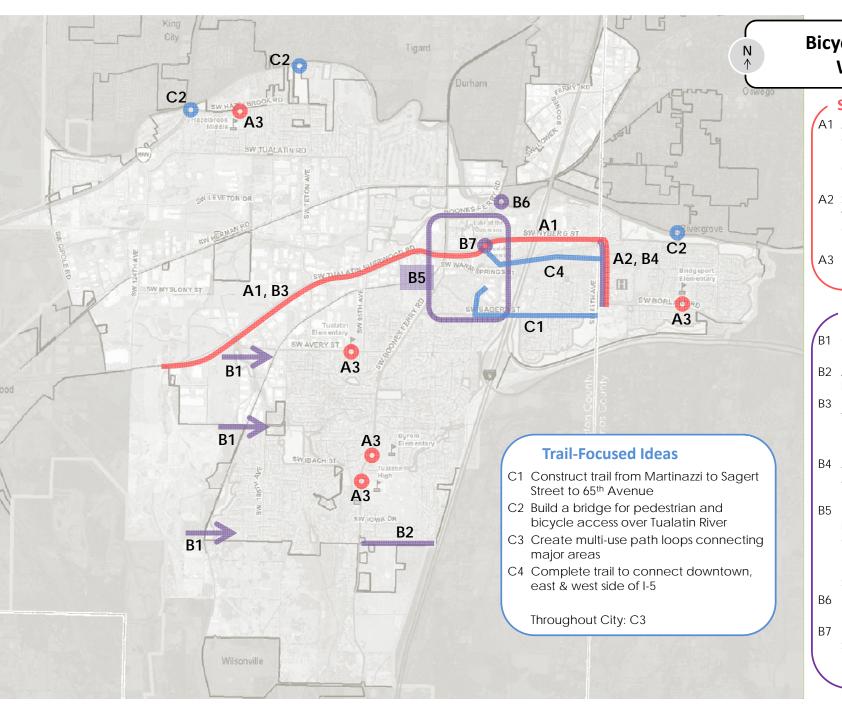
The analysis starts with an examination of existing conditions. Community values and opinions on the various modes of travel are gathered to help inform the vision of the future for transportation in the community, and a technical analysis of future population and employment growth assumptions are combined with anticipated future development to provide a picture of future travel demand.

Typically, future conditions are forecasted for a planning horizon of 20 years and relate primarily to motor vehicles, however, conditions and connections for other modes (such as pedestrian, bicycle, and transit) are also included. Considering these other modes in addition to motor vehicles helps create a balanced transportation system that serves the entire community.

Why is a Future Conditions Analysis Important?

Future conditions analyses help identify areas that are underserved by the existing transportation network or areas that could be improved by better connections or enhanced environments for a particular mode. Another important element of the analysis is determining potential infrastructure improvements necessary to create a balanced multi-modal system that serves the community.

The TSP process will establish a transportation vision for the future, determine the priority of improvements, and identify funding sources based on the future conditions analysis and the areas identified for improvement.



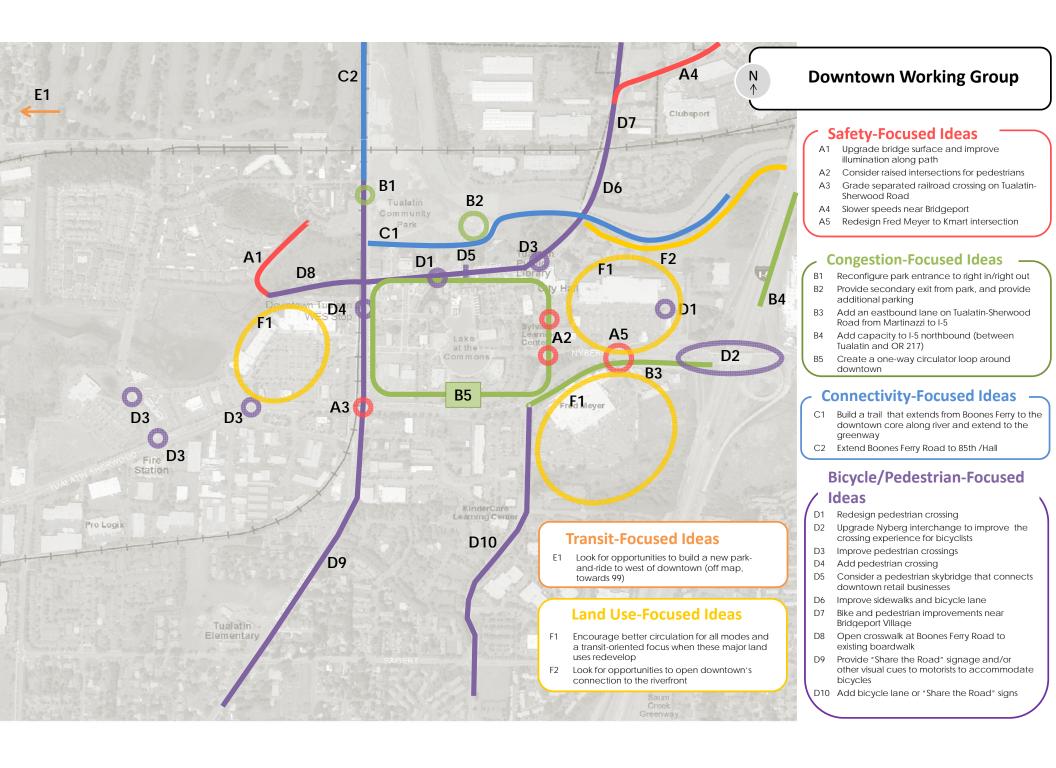
Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group

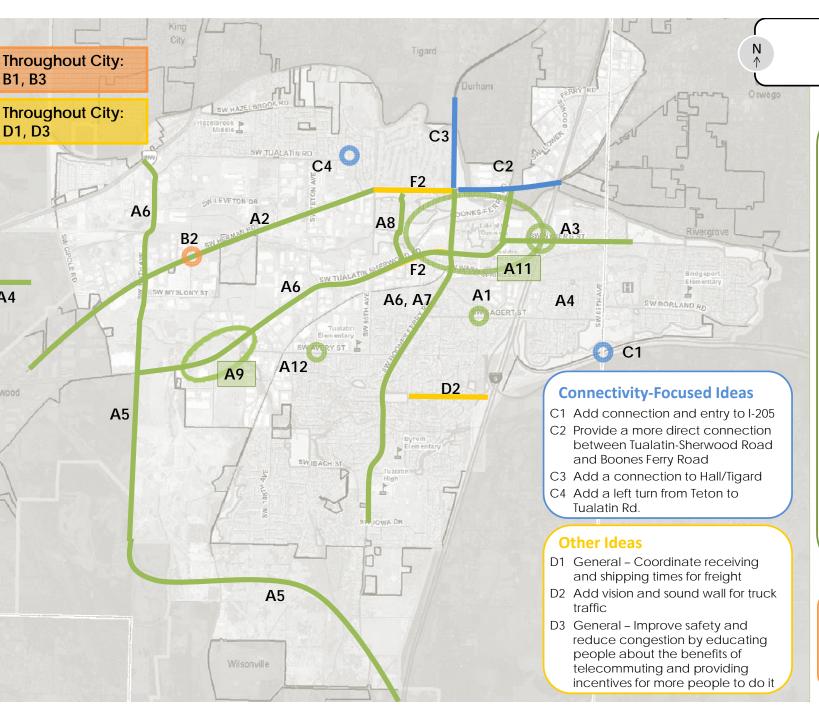
Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Add pedestrian-focused crossing treatments (such as HAWK treatments) at key crossings of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Nyberg Street
- A2 Separate walking/bike area with plantings or barriers on 65th Avenue between Borland Road and Nyberg Lane
- A3 Focused safety improvements near schools at crossings

Facility-Focused Ideas

- B1 Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods to the east
- B2 Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Road
- B3 More focused improvements on Tualatin-Sherwood Road to make it more bicycle and pedestrian friendly
- B4 Add bicycle lane on 65th
 Avenue on one side near the hospital
- B5 Focused bicycle facility improvements in heart of downtown, including Martinazzi, Avenue, Boones Ferry Road, and Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- B6 Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridge
- B7 Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg (crossing Boones Ferry Road)





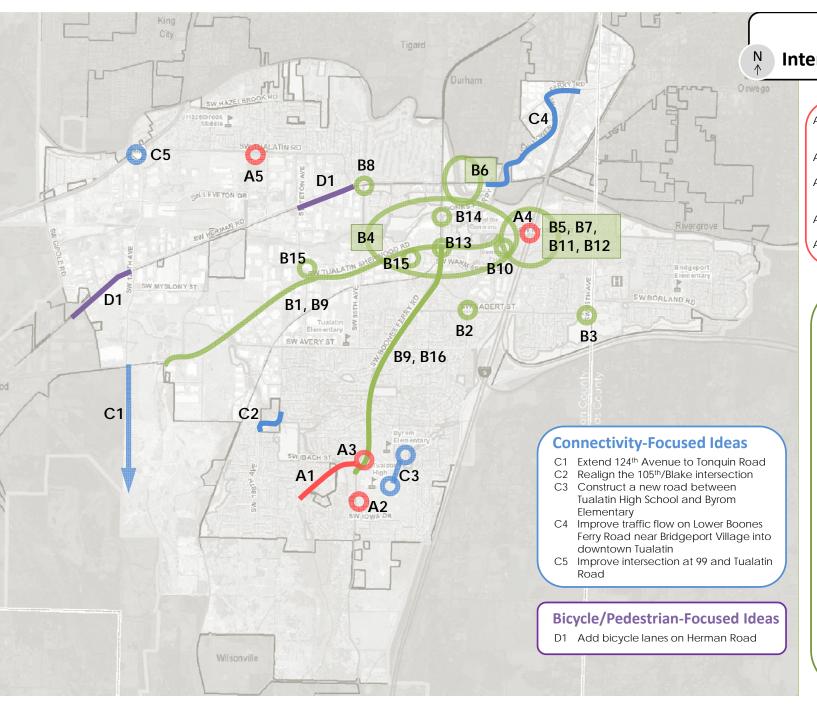
Industrial and Freight Working Group

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- A1 Signal, roundabout, or all-way stop at Sagert/ Martinazzi
- A2 Divert truck traffic from Tualatin-Sherwood Road to Herman Road
- A3 Reconsider the Nyberg interchange consider an urban interchange, and an undercrossing along Nyberg to avoid signal and conflicts
- A4 Reconsider the connection between 99W and Tualatin-Sherwood Road (NOTE: This idea is in Sherwood)
- A5 Extend 124th and connect to I-5
- A6 Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials (Tualatin-Sherwood Road, Boones Ferry Road, and 124th Avenue)
- A7 Widen Boones Ferry through town from bridge to light at top of hill
- A8 Close 90th to 18 wheel trucks
- A9 Improvements to help mobility of through traffic
- A11 Create a loop road around central downtown with a turn radius that works for trucks
- A12Improve turn radius at Avery and Teton

Transit-Focused Ideas

- B1 Add Saturday, Sunday and late evening transit shuttle service
- B2 Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry
- B3 Provide a local loop bus



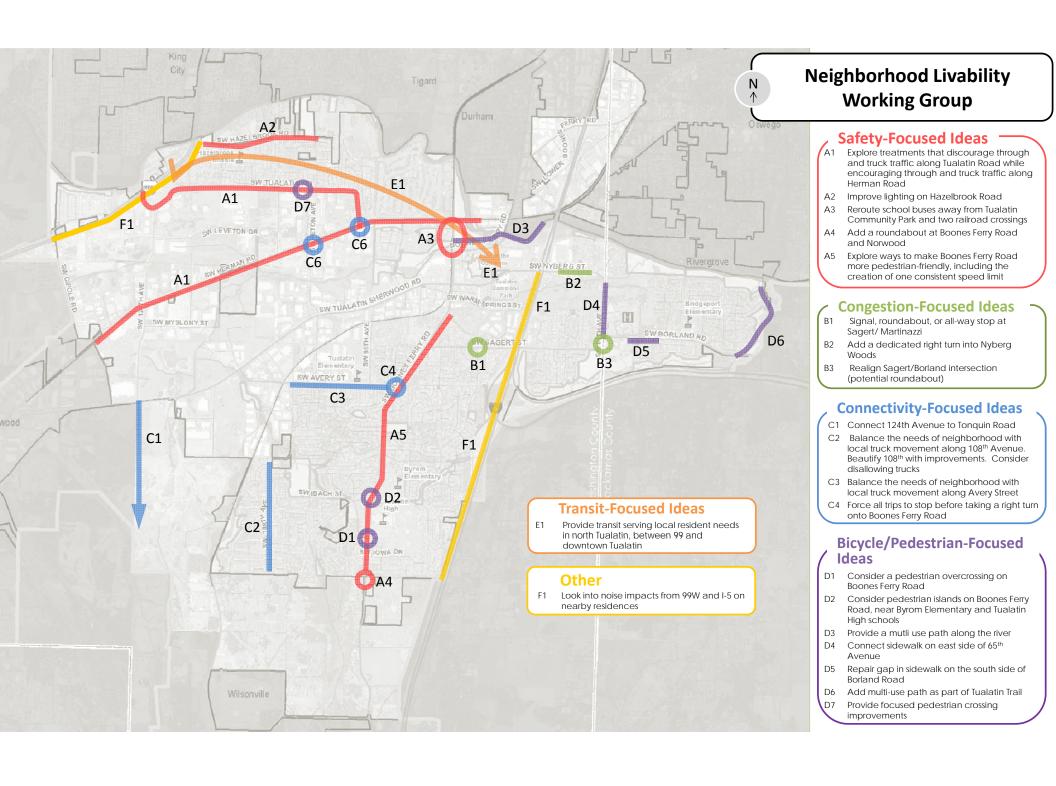
Major Corridors and Intersections Working Group

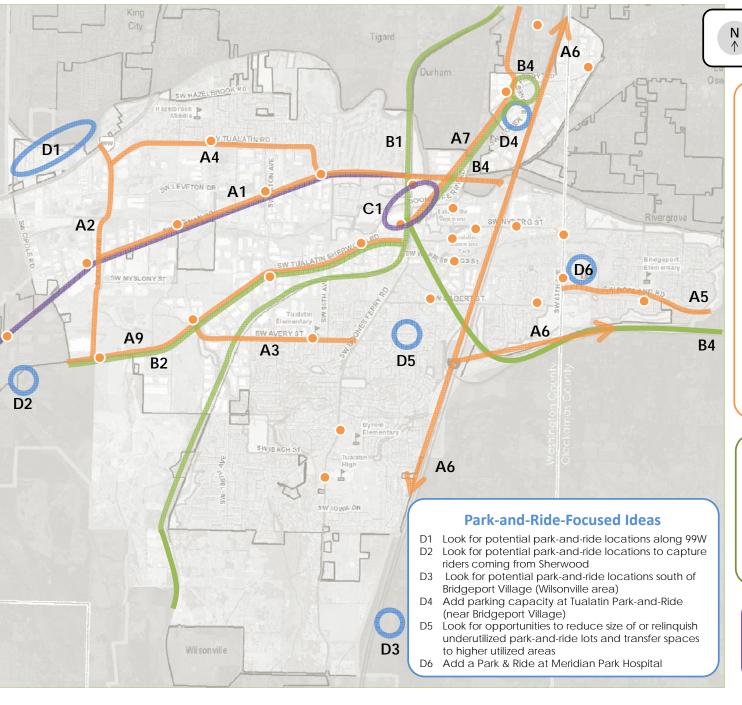
Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Lower speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Road
- A2 Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
- A3 Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School
- A4 Raise elevation of SB off-ramp to allow better view of traffic on Nyberg Road
- A5 Add traffic signal on Tualatin Road

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- 31 Widen Tualatin Sherwood Road
- 32 Signal, roundabout, or all-way stop at Sagert/ Martinazzi
- Realign Sagert/Borland intersection
- 34 Consider a traffic loop in downtown (one way, right turn only)
- Don't allow right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange
- Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park
- 37 Consider removing ramp signals at Nyberg interchange
- Prohibit left turns out of 108th or remove trees in SW corner
- Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads
- B10 Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Road)
- B11 Consider redesigning the Nyberg interchange into a full cloverleaf
- B12 Make 2 right lanes okay to make right turn from I-5 North onto Nyberg
- B13 Extend length of the NB left turn lane and the SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry/Tualatin Sherwood Road to reduce backup from WES train
- B14 Reconfigure Boones Ferry Road at Tualatin Road
- B15 Add a 4-way stop by 90th at Kaiser
- B16 Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Road





Transit Working Group

Results of Meeting #2

Bus Service-Focused Ideas

- A1 Provide bus transit service on Herman Road
- A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Street
- A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street
- A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99
- A5 Extend #76 bus to Wankers via Food Pantry (might be every other bus or every third bus)
- A6 Provide express bus service between Tualatin and downtown Portland, Airport, Clackamas, and Salem
- A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between
 Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially
 for weekend service
- A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city
- A9 Add bus line from Yamhill Transit District to WES
- A10 Create an on-call shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day
- A11 General use SMART model for local buses
- A12 General need extended service for all transit
- A13 General use more energy efficient buses
- A14 Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule
- Denotes potential bus stop locations that would serve major employers and activity centers in Tualatin

Throughout City: A8, A10, A11, A12, A13, A14

Rail Service-Focused Ideas

- B1 Eliminate freight rail trips during rush hours, to avoid interrupting bus and WES service
- B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)
- B3 Increase transit frequency (especially WES)
- B4 Extend MAX from Bridgeport Village to Clackamas with an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect station and park-and-ride with shopping
- B5 Decrease stop spacing on higher-volume routes

Throughout City: B3, B5

- Land Use-Focused Ideas

C1 Improve the WES station with a vision of its being a central focus of downtown Tualatin and its main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections











City of Tualatin

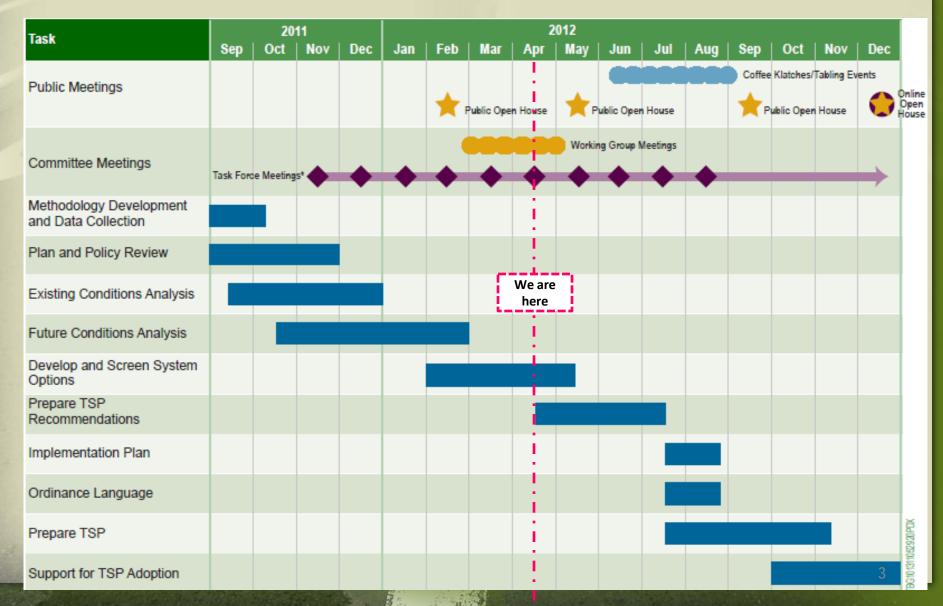
Project Screening Results Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
April 19, 2012

Presentation Outline

- What is the Screening Process?
- Screening Results
 - Bicycle and Pedestrian
 - Downtown
 - Neighborhood Livability
 - Major Corridors and Intersections
 - Transit
 - Industrial and Freight
- Next Steps

Tualatin's TSP Timeline



What Progress Have we Made?

- Remember March's theme?
 - "Generating a long list of potential project ideas"
- By April 1, the City collected a total of 248 preliminary project ideas from:
 - The first round of working groups (Feb/March)
 - The first TSP open house (Feb)
 - Online comment map and website
 - You! At March 15th Task Force Workshop
 - Ideas from various small group discussions (CIO meetings, Allied Waste, Chamber of Commerce gathering, city staff)

From Long List, We Screen...

- Screening helps us:
 - 1. Form a feasible set of project ideas to move into evaluation
 - 2. Organize project ideas into different "bins"
 - Project ideas to be evaluated for the TSP
 - Project ideas to be forwarded to others:
 - Other agencies
 - Other departments within the City of Tualatin
 - Projects that do not address a need and/or are not feasible to construct

Tualatin's TSP Process

STEP 1 STEP 2 STEP 3 STEP 4 Identify Needs and Develop and Create and Make Recommendations **Opportunities** Evaluate Solutions Adopt the Plan Develop Goals and Prepare Draft Project Create a Long List of Objectives Recommendations **Potential Solutions** Develop a **Survey Existing** Refine Project Draft TSP We are Screen/Evaluate Conditions Recommendations here How Ideas Help Adopt the Meet Goals and Forecast Future **Prioritize Project** Final TSP Objectives Conditions Recommendations * Public Involvement * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included Activities Included

What is a Feasible Idea?

- Our screening questions:
 - 1. Is the project transportation related, and does it address a known transportation deficiency or opportunity?
 - 2. Is it within the City? Is it within the city's control to implement?
 - 3. Is it technically feasible to build this project?*
 - 4. Is the idea cost prohibitive? Are there more cost effective ways of addressing the same need?

^{*} We used basic engineering design requirements to assess technical feasibility. Projects were removed only if they were nowhere close to meeting design requirements or were thought to make the identified need *worse* than forecasted under the no build analysis.

The Screening Process

- Second round of working group meetings (March/April)
- Participants were asked to provide input on feasibility of project ideas
 - Red not feasible
 - Yellow not sure and/or have questions
 - Green feasible move forward into evaluation
- Comments recorded for all red cards
- Engineering team used working group notes to assess feasibility of project ideas



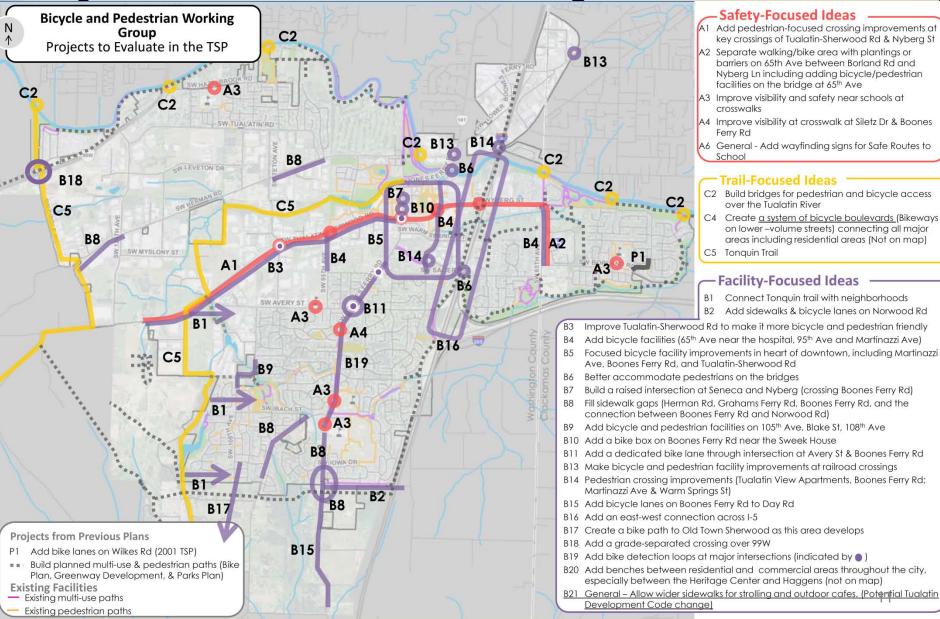
Screening Results

By Working Group Topic Area



Bicycle/Pedestrian

Bicycle and Pedestrian - Projects to Evaluate



Bicycle and Pedestrian - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A5	Improve lighting at Jurgens Rd and Hazelbrook Rd	1 (transportation related, addressing an identified need)	Forward to engineering
B1	Add a pedestrian overcrossing between the Community park and Tualatin Commons	1 (transportation related), 4 (cost)	Consider upon future development
C3	Add a pedestrian shortcut between Hazelbrook Rd and 99W	1 (addressing an identified need)	Consider if a future development occurs at this location



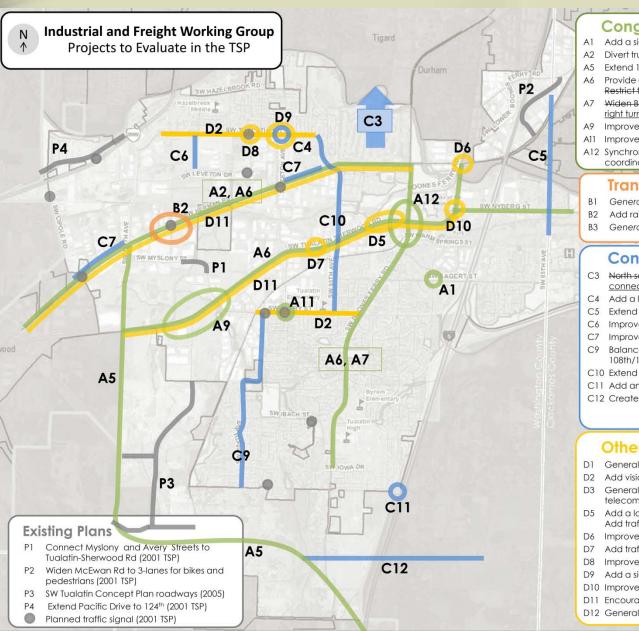
Bicycle/Pedestrian

Discussion



Industrial and Freight

Industrial and Freight - Projects to Evaluate



Congestion-Focused Ideas

- A1 Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- A2 Divert truck traffic from Tualatin Rd to Herman Rd
- A5 Extend 124th Ave and connect to I-5 south of Tualatin
- A6 Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials Restrict trucks to right lane. Widen travel lanes.
- 7 Widen Boones Ferry Rd. Remove right turn light at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Boones Ferry Rd.
- A9 Improvements to help mobility of through-traffic (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd)
- All Improve turn radius at Avery St and Teton Ave, look at congestion
- A12 Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry Rd to Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; coordinate with the train signal

Transit-Focused Ideas

- 31 General Add Saturday, Sunday, late evening transit shuttle
- Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry
- 3 General Provide local loop bus

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C3 North-south connection to Hall Blvd Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Add a left turn from Teton Ave to Tualatin Rd
- C5 Extend 65th Ave north
- C6 Improve 115th Ave
- 7 Improve cross-section on Herman Rd
- C9 Balance the needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along 108th/105th Aves. Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs.
- C10 Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd
- C11 Add an interchange on I-5 at Norwood Rd
- C12 Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)

Other Ideas

- D1 General Coordinate freight receiving/shipping times
- D2 Add vision & sound walls; reduce cut-through traffic.
- 3 General Improve safety and reduce congestion by education and incentivizing telecommuting
- D5 Add a lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Add traffic camera for red light violations.
 - 6 Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street
- D7 Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- D8 Improve visibility, restrict left turns from 108th Ave onto Tualatin Rd
- D9 Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd
- D10 Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi Ave signal timing/add a red light camera
- D11 Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd 5
- D12 General Make "Truck Route" signs larger

Industrial and Freight - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project Idea	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
А3	Provide an undercrossing for Nyberg through traffic under I-5 to avoid signal/conflicts. Create an urban interchange	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	None
A4	Reconsider the connection between 99W and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd (note: in Sherwood)	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to City of Sherwood
A8	Close 90th Ave to 18-wheel trucks	1 (addressing a transportation problem)	Reassess during review of functional classification plan
A10	Create a loop road around central downtown, with a turn radius that works for trucks	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
В3	General – Provide bus from Clackamas MAX stop to WES for employees	1 (addressing a transportation problem)	Forward to TriMet

Industrial and Freight - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project Idea	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken	
C1	Add connection and entry to I-205	3 (technical feasibility)	None	
C2	Provide direct connection between Herman Rd & Boones Ferry Rd. Consider a tunnel	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	None	
C1	Add interchange at Norwood Road	3 (technical feasibility)	None	
D4	Move industrial area to the SW area, change to multi-family residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	1 (transportation- related)	Forward to Planning	



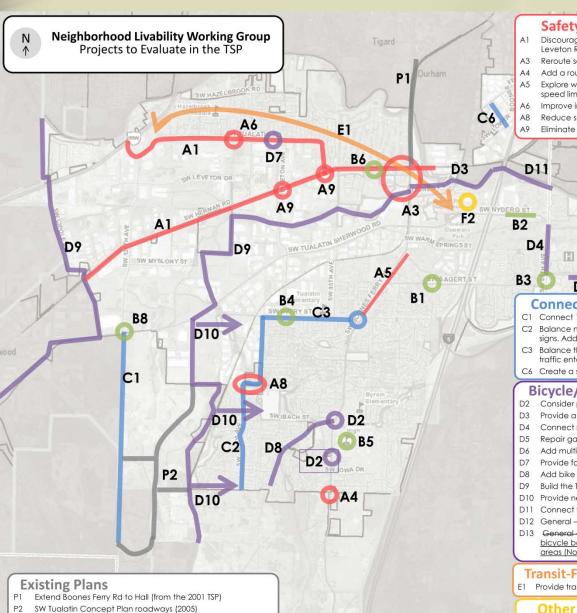
Industrial and Freight

Discussion



Neighborhood Livability

Neighborhoods - Projects to Evaluate



Safety-Focused Ideas

- Discourage/restrict through & truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging a shift to Herman Rd & Leveton Rd. Make residential access along Tualatin Rd easier.
- Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and two railroad crossings
- Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd & Norwood Rd
- Explore ways to make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian-friendly, including the creation of one consistent speed limit, without widening
- Improve intersection at 108th Ave and Tualatin Rd
- Reduce speed, add sidewalks and bike lanes on Blake St curves. Possibly add trail through wooded area.
- Eliminate free right turns

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- Add a dedicated right turn lane into Nyberg Woods
- Realign Sagert St and Borland Rd intersection (roundabout or signal)
- Improve intersection at Avery St and Teton Ave
- Address congestion caused by high school
- Adjust signal timing to reflect traffic needs
 - Add right turn lane from Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to northbound 124th Ave

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

SW BORLAND RA

- C1 Connect 124th Ave to Tonquin Rd
- C2 Balance neighborhood needs with trucks along 108th/105th Aves. Consider disallowing trucks/truck info signs. Add traffic calmina.
- C3 Balance the needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school
- C6 Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd

Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

- D2 Consider pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry Rd, near Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High schools
- Provide a mutli-use path along the river
- Connect sidewalk on east side of 65th Ave
- Repair gap in sidewalk on the south side of Borland Rd
- Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail
- Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements (may need signal)
- Add bike facilities & continuous sidewalks; reduce speed limit
- Build the Tonquin Trail
- Provide neighborhood connections to Tonquin Trail
- Connect to Tualatin Path
- General add benches around the city for pedestrians, especially between Heritage Center and Haggens
- General Provide 3 loop walking paths that connect all Tualatin Neighborhoods. Create a system of bicycle boulevards (bikeways on lower-volume streets) connecting all major areas including residential areas (Not on map)

Transit-Focused Ideas

Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin

Other Ideas

Consider changing "no right on red" sign Remove northbound right turn light in Boones Ferry Rd

Neighborhood Livability - Ideas Screened Out

1	D	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A	2	Improve lighting on Hazelbrook Rd	1 (transportation-related)	Forward to Engineering
Δ	۸7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering
Δ	10	Require a stop before vehicles turn right onto Boones Ferry Rd between Mohawk St and Greenhill Lane	3 (technical feasibility)	None
В	37	Add two right turns onto I-5 northbound from Nyberg St	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to ODOT
C	24	Add I-5 Interchange with Norwood Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C	25	Limit Siletz to exit only at Boones Ferry Rd and 105 th Ave to minimize cut-through traffic.	1 (not included in TSP analysis)	Revisit upon completion of Boones Ferry Road analysis and recommendations
С)1	Consider a pedestrian overcrossing on Boones Ferry Rd	4 (cost)	Assess more effective, lower cost solutions to pedestrian safety

Neighborhood Livability - Ideas Screened Out (Cont.)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
F1	Consider ways to lessen noise from 99W and I-5 on nearby residences	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Engineering
F3	Intersection of Ibach/Grahams Ferry is confusing; rename road or better signs; need better lighting	1 (transportation related, addressing a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering
F4	General – Add gateway signs to announce CIOs	1 (transportation related)	Forward to CIOs
F5	Move industrial area to the SW area (no direct truck route), change to multifamily residential, or buffer existing neighborhood better from industrial area	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Planning
F6	Create small, neighborhood commercial for residents to walk to	1 (transportation related)	Forward to Planning



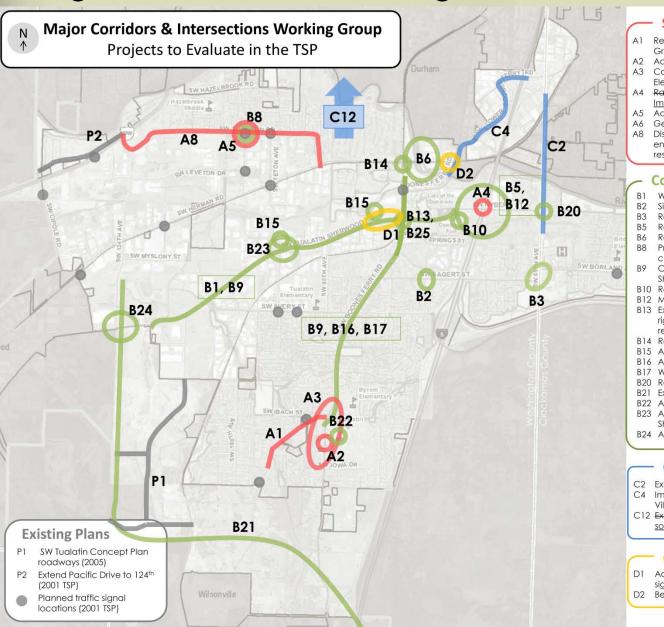
Neighborhood Livability

Discussion



Major Corridors and Intersections

Major Corridors - Projects to Evaluate



Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd
- A2 Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
- A3 Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School & Byrom Elementary School
- A4 Raise the southbound off-ramp to allow a better view of traffic on Improve the sight distance at the I-5-Nyberg Rd interchange
- A5 Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave or on Teton Ave
- A6 General consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals
- A8 Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd. Make residential access easier.

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- 31 Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B2 Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- B3 Realign Sagert St/Borland Rd intersection
- B5 Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange
- B6 Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park
- B8 Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave <u>or</u> remove trees in the southwest corner
- B9 Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B10 Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Rd)
- B12 Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd
- B13 Extend the northbound left turn lane and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to reduce backup from WES train; add red light cameras
- B14 Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd
- B15 Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser
- B16 Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd
- B17 Widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B20 Roundabout at Nyberg Rd/65th Ave; keep Nyberg Rd 2 lanes
- B21 Extend 124th Ave and connect to I-5 and Tonquin Rd
- B22 Address congestion caused by high school
- B23 Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B24 Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124th Ave

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C2 Extend 65th Ave north
- C4 Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near Bridgeport Village into downtown Tualatin
- C12 Extend Boones Ferry Rd to Hall Blvd Look for ways to provide northsouth connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles

Other Ideas

- D1 Add Iane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better Iane signage for I-5. Install traffic camera for signal violations.
- D2 Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken	
A7	Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Forward to Engineering	
B4	Consider a traffic loop in downtown (one way, right turn only)	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation	
В7	Consider removing ramp signals at Nyberg interchange	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 2 (Ability to Implement)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange	
B1	Consider redesigning the Nyberg interchange into a full cloverleaf	2 (ability to implement), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange	
B1	Add a southbound left turn and right turn lane to Nyberg interchange	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address congestion at Nyberg interchange	
B1	Restrict trucks to right lane, widen travel lanes	2 (ability to implement)	None	

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
B25	Limit access and grade separate the intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
C3	Construct a new road between Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	Look at other options to address school congestion
C5	Improve intersection at 99W and Tualatin Rd	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	None
C6	Extend Tualatin Rd to Lower Boones Ferry Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C8	Add on/off ramps from I-5 to Norwood Rd	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C 9	Widen Sagert St to 2 lanes each way with pedestrian median	1 (does not address a transportation problem)	None 27

Major Corridors - Ideas Screened Out (cont'd)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
C10	Extend Helenius Road (Grahams Ferry Rd to Norwood Rd)	3 (technical feasibility)	None
C11	Create street grid in Bridgeport	1 (does not address a transportation problem), 2 (ability to implement)	None
D3	Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi Ave – Adjust signal timing, add a red light camera	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to Washington County – potential project already underway
D4	Adjust signal Timing	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to Washington County – potential project already underway

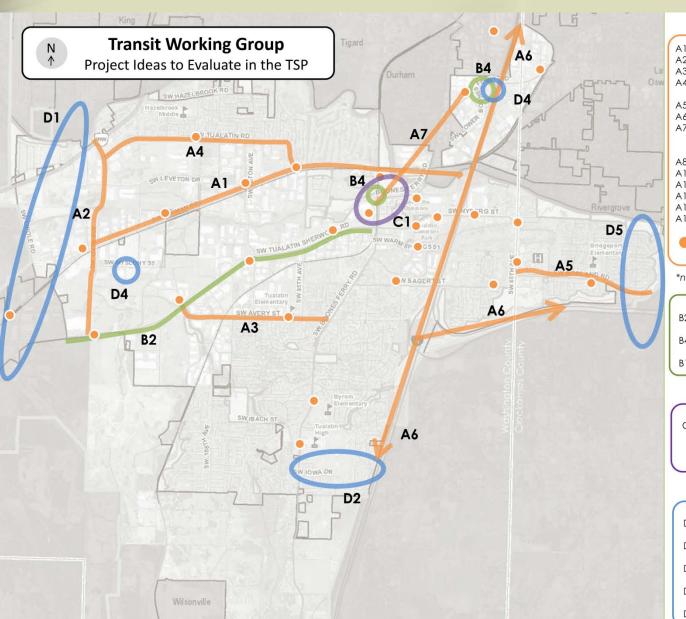


Major Corridors and Intersections

Discussion

Transit

Transit - Projects to Evaluate



Bus Service-Focused Ideas

- Provide bus transit service on Herman Road
- A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Street
- A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street
- A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W
- A5 Extend bus service to east Tualatin
- A6 Improve bus service between Tualatin and Salem
- A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service
- A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city*
- A10 Expand existing on-call shuttle and charge fares*
- A12 General need extended service hours for all transit*
- A13 General use more energy efficient buses*
- A14 Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule*
- A16 Add stops on higher-volume routes*
- Potential bus stop locations connecting major employers and activity centers

*not shown on map

Rail Service-Focused Ideas

- B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)
- B4 Build elevated pedestrian bridge to connect park-andride with shopping at Bridgeport Village
- B10 General Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains*

Land Use-Focused Ideas

C1 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Park-and-Ride-Focused Ideas

- D1 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- D2 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south
- Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride (near Bridgeport Village)
- D4 Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots 31
- D5 Add a park-and-ride location in east Tualatin

Transit - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Screening Question	Moving forward into evaluation?
A9	Add bus line from Yamhill Transit District to WES	2 (Ability to Implement)	Forward to Yamhill Transit District and TriMet
A11	General –leave TriMet service area	3 (Technical Feasibility)	Assess ability to improve transit service in Tualatin first, and then reconsider the need for this idea
A15	Provide transit service to Lake Oswego	1 (Addressing a need)	None
B1	Eliminate freight rail trips during rush hours, to avoid interrupting bus and WES service	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions around increasing WES frequency (B3)
B3	Increase WES frequency	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions around increasing WES frequency
B5	Extend WES to Salem	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions on this topic

Transit - Ideas Screened Out (Cont.)

ID	Project	Screening Question	Moving forward into evaluation?
B6	Oregon Passenger Rail between Portland and Eugene	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in future regional discussions on this topic
B7	SW corridor High Capacity Transit	2 (Ability to implement)	Participate in ongoing regional discussions on this topic
B8	Add a WES Station in south Tualatin	1 (Addressing a need)	Reconsider upon future buildout of Basalt Creek area
B9	General – Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains	2 (Ability to implement)	Forward to TriMet
B11	Follow the existing rail line with High Capacity Transit	2 (Ability to implement)	Forward to Metro for ongoing SW Corridor and other regional transit discussions











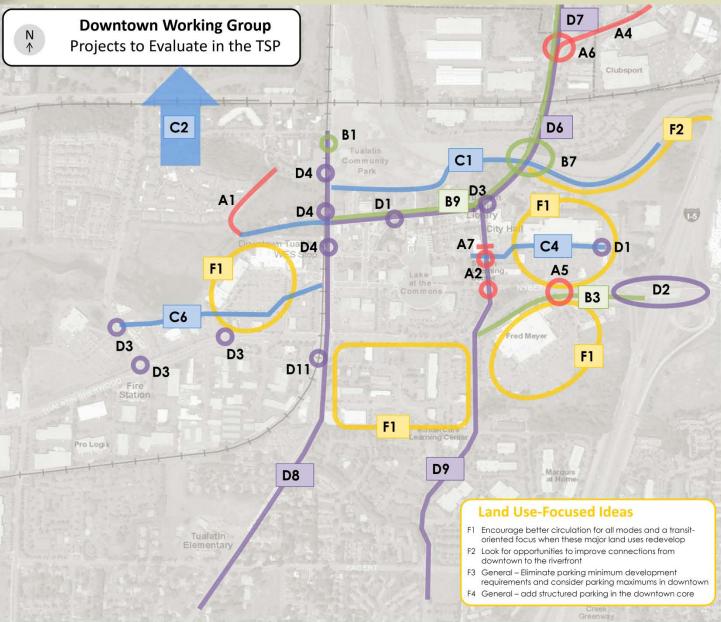
Transit

Discussion



Downtown

Downtown - Projects to Evaluate



Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek
- A2 Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at Seneca St and Nyberg St
- A4 Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village
- A5 Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection upgrade the pedestrian connection
- A6 Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and Boones Ferry Rd
- A7 Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca St

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Improve circulation into and out of the park
- B3 Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi Ave to I-5
- B7 Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd
- B9 Widen Boones Ferry Rd to 5 lanes

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C1 Build a trail from Boones Ferry Rd to the downtown core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway
- C2 Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to Seneca St
- C5 General-improve street connectivity in downtown
- C6 Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and

Bicvcle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

- D1 Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights
- D2 Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists
- D3 Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts between cars and pedestrians (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Martinazzi Ave and Boones Ferry Rd)
- D4 Add pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd
- D6 Improve sidewalks and bicycle lanes Boones Ferry Rd
- D7 Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities near Bridgeport Village
- D8 Provide "Share the Road" signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd
- D9 Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs on Martinazzi Ave
- D10 General coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians in downtown
- D11 Focused pedestrian crossings

Downtown - Ideas Screened Out

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
A3	Add a grade separated railroad crossing on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	None
B2	Provide secondary exit from park, and provide additional parking	3 (technical feasibility)	Look at other options to improve circulation at park
B4	Add a travel lane on I-5 northbound (between Tualatin and OR 217)	2 (ability to implement)	Forward to ODOT
B5	Create a one-way circulator loop roadway around downtown	1 (addressing a transportation problem), 4 (cost)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation
В6	Reduce ambient noise along Boones Ferry Rd in downtown	1 (transportation- related)	None

Downtown - Projects to Screen (Cont.)

ID	Project	Based on what screening question?	Action to be taken
B8	Add HOV lanes on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	2 (ability to implement), 3 (technical feasibility)	None
C3	Connect Nyberg Rd through the Commons	1 (addressing a transportation need)	Look at other options to address downtown circulation
C7	Extend Lower Boones Ferry Rd across Tualatin River	3 (technical feasibility)	None
D5	Create a pedestrian skybridge that connects downtown retail businesses and the park	1 (transportation-related), 4 (cost)	Consider upon future development



Downtown

Discussion

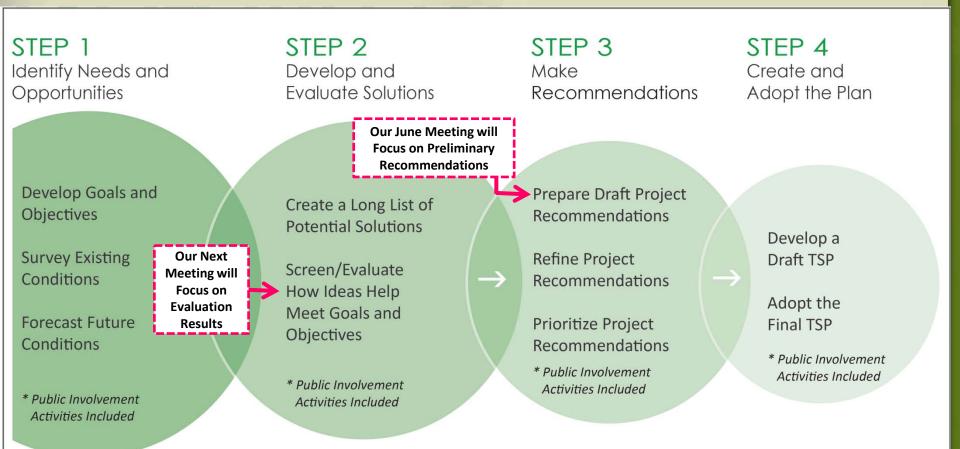
In Summary

- We started with 248 project ideas
- Of the 60 ideas proposed to be screened out...
 - 19 to be forwarded to other agencies or City departments
 - 6 to be reconsidered again in the future
 - 6 will be considered as part of regional conversations
 - 4 will be woven into other project ideas being evaluated

Next Steps

No.	Action	Timing
1.	Discuss results of TTF screening process with City Council	April 23
2.	Evaluate feasible project ideas	Late April through mid May
3.	Discuss evaluation results with Task Force	May 24
4.	Hold 3 rd round of working groups to develop preliminary recommendations	June 4 – June 14
5.	Discuss preliminary recommendations with Task Force	June 21
6.	Public outreach on preliminary recommendations	Late June through August

Next Steps





Thank You



Tualatin Transportation System Plan, Preliminary Evaluation Results

PREPARED FOR: Tualatin Transportation Task Force

COPY TO: Kaaren Hofmann, City of Tualatin

Alice Rouyer, City of Tualatin Dayna Webb, City of Tualatin

PREPARED BY: Terra Lingley, CH2M HILL

Theresa Carr, CH2M HILL Darren Hippenstiel, CH2M HILL

Kate Lyman, CH2M HILL Alan Snook, DKS Associates

DATE: February 14, 2013

This memorandum summarizes the preliminary evaluation results of the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP)'s feasible project ideas. It presents both the methodology used to perform the evaluation and the evaluation summary at a project goal level. Maps identifying the location of each project idea and next steps are also included.

The TSP's technical team reviewed each of the projects identified as feasible against a set of evaluation criteria. The evaluation criteria, nested into each project objective, and further nested within each project goal category, are quantitative or qualitative measures that help the team identify how well the project idea is at meeting the TSP's goals and objectives. These goals and objectives were created by the Transportation Task Force (TTF) and reviewed by the community, and accepted by City Council. There are seven goal categories:

- 1. Access/Mobility
- 2. Safety
- 3. Vibrant Community
- 4. Economy
- 5. Health/Environment
- 6. Equity
- 7. Ability to be Implemented

Ratings

Each project was evaluated against all evaluation criteria by one or more members of the project team, and reviewed by the project management team as a group. The scale used for the evaluation is as follows:

Evaluation Results Rating Scale

Rating	Description
•	The project idea addresses the criterion and/or makes substantial improvements in the criteria category
•	The project idea partially addresses the criterion and/or makes some improvements in the criteria category
0	The project idea does not support the intent of and/or negatively impacts the criteria category
N/A	The project idea neither meets nor does not meet intent of criterion. The project idea has no effect, or criterion does not apply

The results of the preliminary evaluation are included by Working Group topic, which are:

- Bicycle and Pedestrian
- Downtown
- Industrial and Freight
- Major Corridors and Intersections
- Neighborhood Livability
- Transit

Scores for each individual project idea are included at the end of this memo. Cells highlighted in yellow indicate that the team recommends further analysis of this concept as part of a larger corridor or interchange assessment. Many project ideas spanned more than one topic area. Although concepts were reviewed only once, the evaluation results are reported under each Working Group topic area.

How will this Information be Used?

The focus of the May 24th TTF meeting will be to review the preliminary evaluation results. These will also be used as a basis for the third round of Working Group meetings, held in the first half of June. This next round of Working Group meetings will discuss the evaluations, discuss how well project ideas address identified needs and deficiencies, and prepare preliminary recommendations for the TSP. These project ideas will be organized into three categories:

- 1. What projects completely make sense and should become part of the TSP?
- 2. What projects do not make sense, and should not become a part of the TSP?
- 3. What projects need to be considered more, either in relation to different alternatives to address one problem, or in the context of how a corridor or segment operates as a whole.

The June 21 TTF meeting will review the developments from this third round of Working Group meetings, and preliminary recommendations will be forwarded to the community as a whole for review over the summer months. At this time the third category of ideas will be refined in more detail, with additional traffic or engineering analysis, and discussed with staff, reviewing agencies, and the community.











City of Tualatin

Preliminary Evaluation Results Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
May 24, 2012

Presentation Outline

- Overview of the Evaluation Process
- Highlights by Working Group Topic Area
 - Bicycle and Pedestrian
 - Downtown
 - Industrial and Freight
 - Major Corridors and Intersections
 - Neighborhood Livability
 - Transit
- Discussion
- Next Steps

Where We Are In the TSP Process



Progress Since our April 19th Meeting...

- 1. Discussed the project screening process with
 - ✓ City Council
 - ✓ Planning Commission
 - ✓ TPARK
- 2. Finalized our evaluation framework
- 3. Conducted a preliminary evaluation
- 4. Summarized the evaluation by criteria category

The Evaluation Process

- Reviews each feasible project idea against a set of evaluation criteria
- How well does the idea meet the goals and objectives of the TSP?

There are Seven Goal Categories

- 1. Access and Mobility
- 2. Safety
- 3. Vibrant Community
- 4. Economy
- 5. Health and the Environment
- 6. Equity
- 7. Ability to be Implemented

Our Evaluation Scale

Rating	Description
	The idea addresses the criterion and/or makes substantial improvements in the criteria category
•	The idea partially addresses the criterion and/or makes some improvements in the criteria category
0	The idea does not support the intent of and/or negatively impacts the criteria category
N/A	The criterion does not apply

How Will This Information Be Used?

- Preliminary review of evaluation results (tonight)
- Discussion of evaluation results (3rd round of working group meetings, early June)
- 3rd Round of Working Group meetings will also develop preliminary recommendations
 - What projects make sense, include in TSP?
 - What projects don't make sense, don't include in TSP?
 - What projects need additional analysis before we decide
- Preliminary recommendations discussion with Task Force (June 21st)
- Online open house on preliminary recommendations (July and August)

Areas for Additional Analysis

- 1. Tualatin-Sherwood Road Options
- 2. Nyberg Interchange Options
- 3. Boones Ferry Road Options
- 4. North to South Connectivity
- 5. Herman Road and Tualatin Road Options
- 6. Tualatin's Downtown Circulation



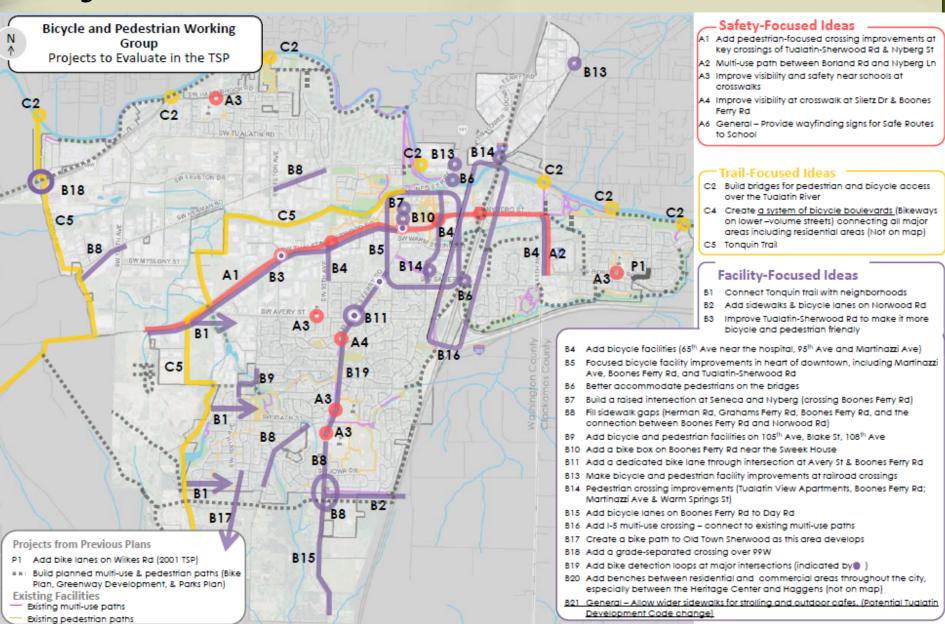
Evaluation Highlights

By Working Group Topic Area



Bicycle/Pedestrian

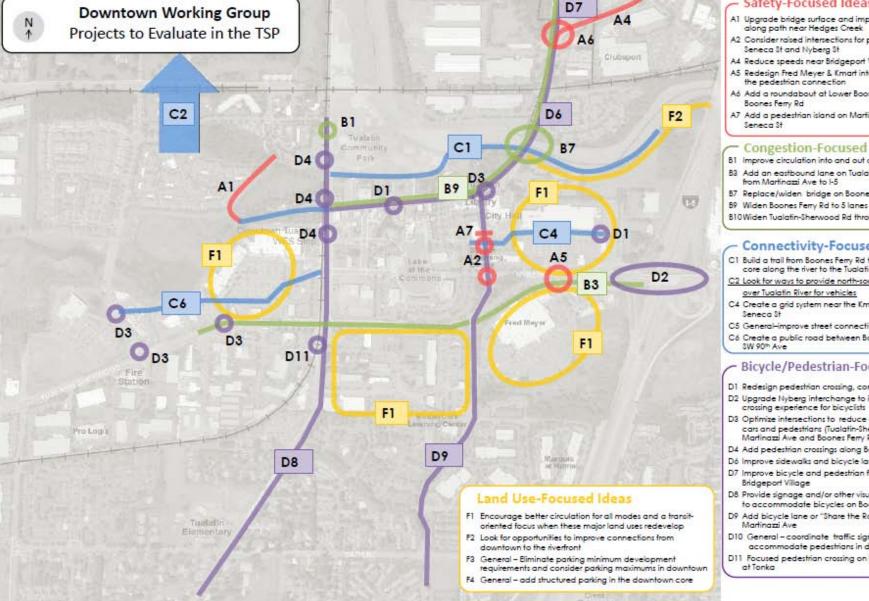
Bicycle and Pedestrian





Downtown

Downtown



Safety-Focused Ideas

- Al Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek
- A2 Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at
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- A5 Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection upgrade
- A6 Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and
- A7 Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Improve circulation into and out of the park
- B3 Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B7 Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd
- B10Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through downtown

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C1 Build a trail from Boones Ferry Rd to the downtown core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway
- C2 Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to
- C5 General-improve street connectivity in downtown
- Có Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and

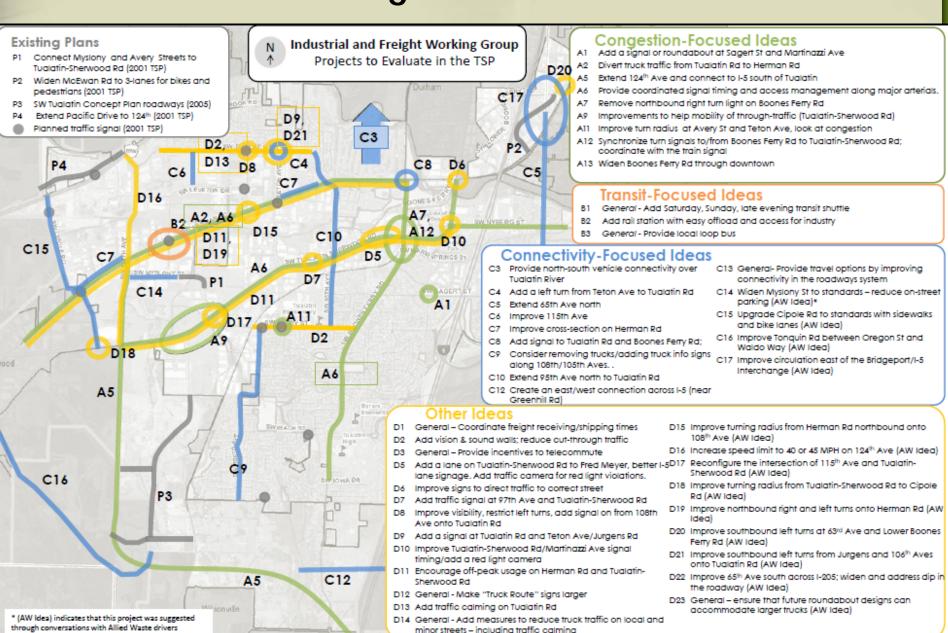
Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

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- D10 General coordinate traffic signal firning to accommodate pedestrians in downtown
- D11 Focused pedestrian crossing on Boones Ferry Road



Industrial and Freight

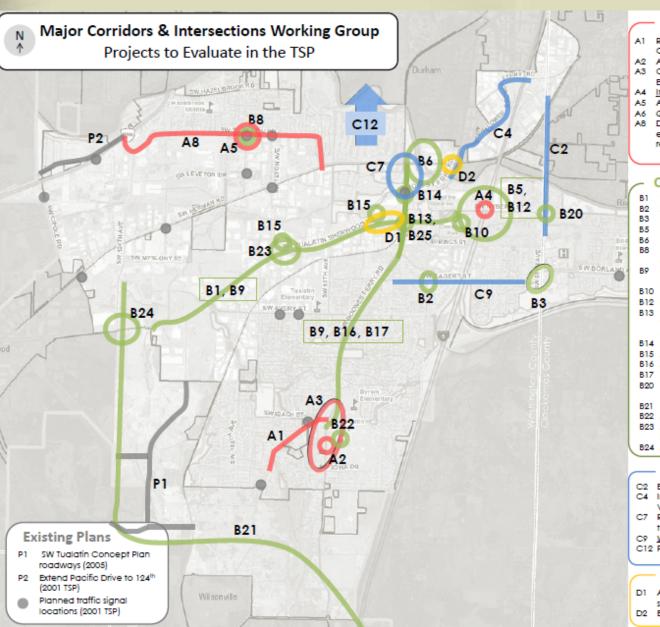
Industrial and Freight





Major Corridors and Intersections

Major Corridors and Intersections



Safety-Focused Ideas

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- Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
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- Improve the sight distance at the I-5-Nyberg Rd interchange
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- Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
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Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C2 Extend 65th Ave north
- C4 Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near Bridgeport Village into downtown Tualatin
- C7 Revise connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd near the railroad tracks
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- C12 Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles

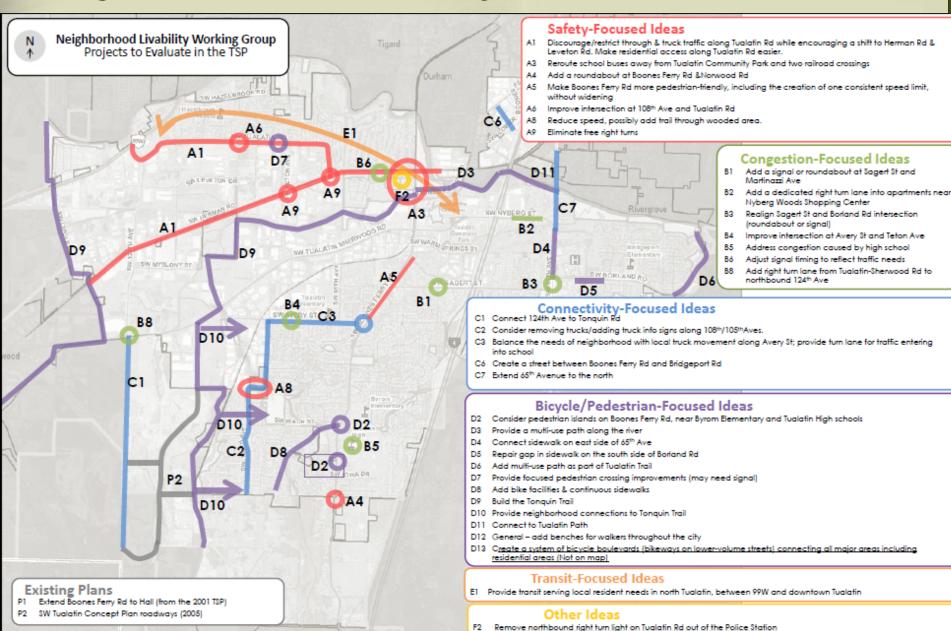
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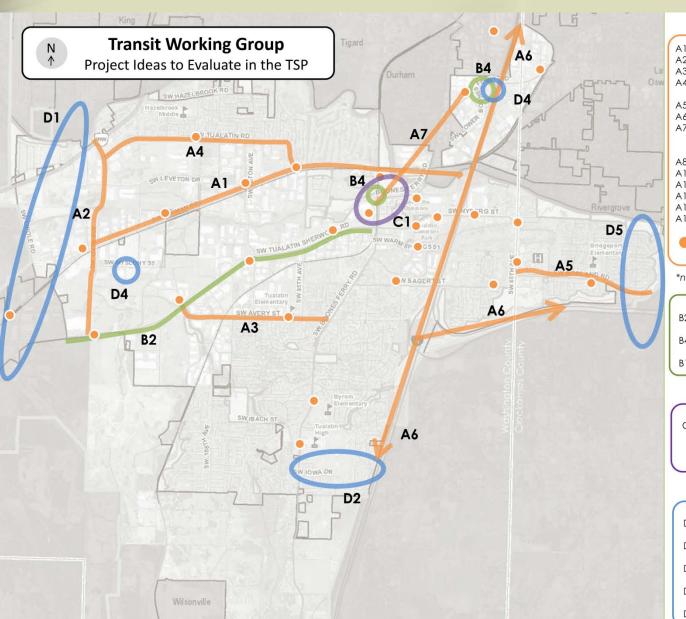
Neighborhood Livability

Neighborhood Livability



Transit

Transit - Projects to Evaluate



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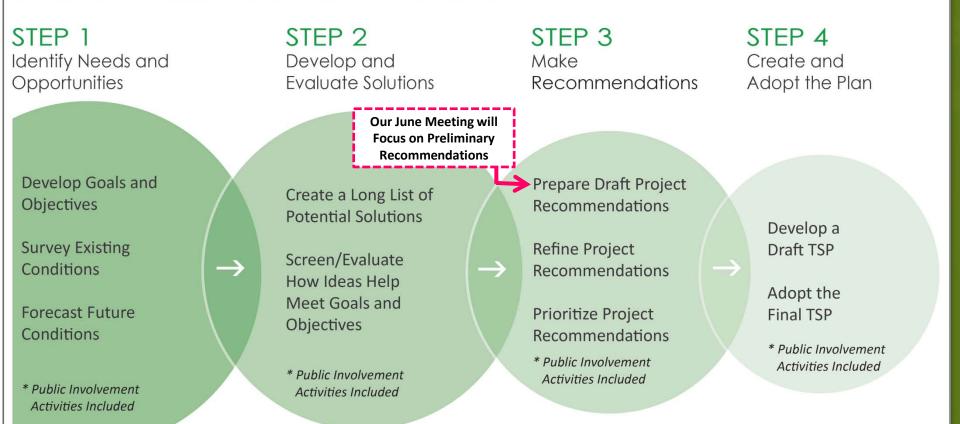
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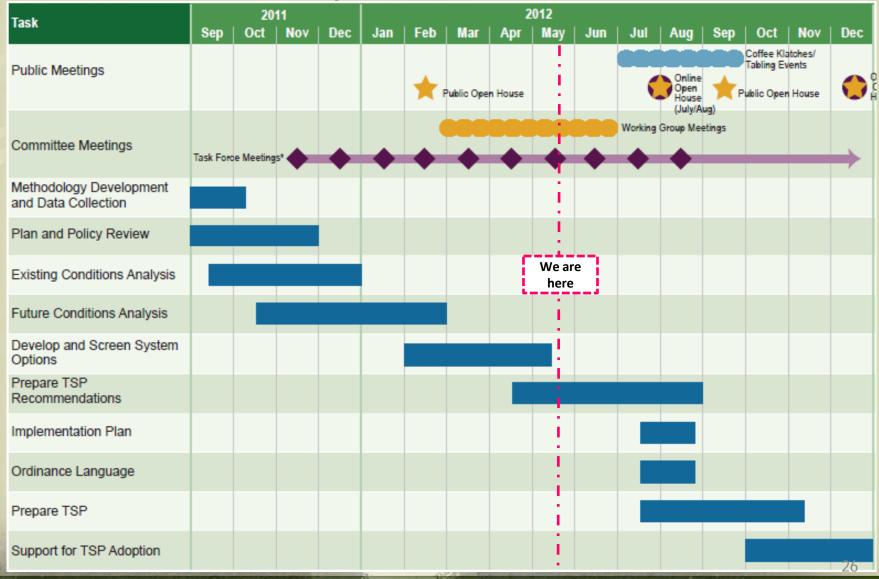
Third Round of Working Group Meetings

No.	Working Group	Date
1.	Downtown	June 4
2.	Transit	June 5
3.	Bicycle and Pedestrian	June 6
4.	Industrial and Freight	June 13 (lunchtime)
5.	Neighborhood Livability	June 13 (evening)
6.	Major Corridors	June 14

Next Steps



Transportation System Plan Timeline





Thank You

Tualatin TSP Goals and Objectives

As accepted by the Transportation Task Force at its February 2, 2012 meeting With suggestions at and following Open House



Goal Category	Goal	Objective				
Access and Mobility	Maintain and enhance the transportation system to reduce	Improve travel time reliability/ provide travel information for all modes including freight and transit				
	travel times, provide travel time reliability, provide a functional and smooth transportation system, and promote access for all	Provide efficient and quick travel between point A and B				
	users.	Provide connectivity within the City between popular destinations and residential areas				
		Accommodate future traffic, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit demand				
		Reduce trip length and potential travel times for motor vehicles, freight, transit, bicycles, and walking				
		Improve comfort and convenience of travel for all modes including bicycles, pedestrians, and transit users				
		Increase access to key destinations for all modes				
Safety	Improve safety for all users, all modes, all ages, and all abilities within the City of Tualatin.	Address known safety locations, including high crash locations for motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians				
		Address geometric deficiencies that could affect safety including intersection design, location and existence of facilities, and street design				
		Ensure emergency vehicles are able to provide services throughout the City to support a safe community				
		Provide a secure transportation system for all modes				
Vibrant Community	Allow for a variety of alternative transportation choices for citizens of and visitors to Tualatin to support a high quality of life	Create a variety of safe options for transportation needs including bicycling, pedestrians, transit, freight, and motor vehicles				
	and the livability of the community. Produce a plan which respects and preserves neighborhood values and identity.	Provide complete streets that include universal access through pedestrian facilities, bicycle facilities and transit on some streets				
		Support a livable community with family-friendly neighborhoods				
		Maintain a small town feel				
Equity	Consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from potential transportation options, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities.	Promote a fair distribution of benefits and burdens on different populations within the City (i.e. low-income, transit dependant, minority, age groups) and different neighborhoods and employment areas within the City				
		Consider access to transit for all users				

Goal Category	Goal	Objective					
Economy	Support local employment, local businesses and a prosperous	Support a vibrant City Center and community, accessible to all modes of transportation					
	community while recognizing Tualatin's role in the regional economy	Support employment centers by providing transportation options to major employers					
		Increase access to employment and commercial centers on foot, bike, or transit					
		Consider positive and negative effects of alternatives on adjacent residential and business areas					
		Accommodate freight movement					
		Facilitate efficient access for goods, employees, and customers to and from commercial and industrial lands, including access to the regional transportation network.					
Health/Environment	Provide active transportation options to improve the health of	Provide active transportation options to area schools to reduce childhood obesity					
	citizens in Tualatin. Ensure transportation does not adversely impact public health or the environment.	Promote active transportation modes to support a healthy public and children of all ages					
		Provide interconnected networks for bicyclists and pedestrians throughout the City for all age groups					
		Consider air quality effects of potential transportation solutions					
		Protect park land and create an environmentally sustainable community					
		Consider positive and negative effects of potential solutions on the natural environment (including wetlands and habitat areas)					
Ability to be Implemented	Promote potential options that are able to be implemented because they have community and political support and are	Promote fiscal responsibility and ensure that potential transportation system options are able to be funded given existing and anticipated future funding sources					
	likely to be funded.	Evaluate for consistency with existing community, regional, and state goals and policies					
		Strive for broad community and political support					
		Optimize benefits over the life-cycle of the potential option					
		Consider transportation options that make best use of the existing network					
		Conduct the planning process with adequate input and feedback from citizens in each affected neighborhood					

Bicycle and Pedestrian Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	<u>A1</u>	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Safety	A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	•	•			•	•	•
	A3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	•	•	•	0	•	•	•
	A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	0	•	0	0	•	•	•
	A6	Provide wayfinding for Safe Routes to School	•	•	•	•	•	0	•
	B1	Add bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House	0	7	-	0	•	0	•
	B2	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood Rd	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	<u>B3</u>	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians	-	-	N/A	•	•	•	0
lity	В4	Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Facility	B5	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core	-	•	•	•	•	•	•
	В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg	0	0	•	0	•	•	0
	<u>B8</u>	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	-

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105th Ave, Blake St, and 108th Ave	•	•	•		7.	•	•
	B10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	B11	Add dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	•	•
	B13	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	•	0
•1	<u>B14</u>	Improve pedestrian crossing along Boones Ferry Rd	•	•		•	-	N/A	•
, cont	<u>B15</u>	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	-
Facility, cont.	B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned and existing multi-use paths	•	0	•	•	•	•	•
	B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W			0	0	•	0	0
	B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•
	B20	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•
	B21	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes	N/A	•	•	•	•	N/A	-
_,	C2	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
Trail	C4	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	•	•	•	•	•	•	₩
	C 5	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

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Downtown Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	A1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		illumination along path in back of Haggens							
	A2	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi for pedestrian safety	0	•		0	•	•	•
	A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village	0	•	0	0	_	N/A	0
₹	A5a	Redesign Fred Meyer / Kmart intersection	_	•				- N/A	_
Safety	A5b	Improve pedestrian crossing at Fred	•	•	-		•	•	•
		Meyer/Kmart intersection							
	<u>A6</u>	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road	•	0	0	•	•	•	0
	A7	Add pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave	0		0	•	_		•
	Α/	north of Seneca	J		J	•	•		
	B1	Improve circulation into and out of the	•	-	-	•	•	•	
		Tualatin Community Park							
⊑	<u>B3</u>	Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-	•	-	0	•	0	•	•
iţio		Sherwood Rd from Martinazzi to I-5							
Congestion	<u>B7</u>	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
) On		over Tualatin River							
O	<u>B9</u>	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	_	•	0	•	0
	B10	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through	_	•	0	•	0	•	0
		downtown							
	C1	Build a trail from Boones Ferry to	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
>		downtown core along river and extend to							
Vit		the greenway	_						
Connectivity	<u>C2</u>	Provide north-south connectivity over	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
u u	0.1	Tualatin River for vehicles					•		
ပ	C4	Create a grid system near the Kmart upon							•
	C.F.	redevelopment with a connection to Seneca				0		_	0
	<u>C5</u>	Improve downtown core street connectivity				<u> </u>			

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	C6	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave	•	0	N/A	•	0	•	0
	D1	Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing lights in the downtown core	0	•	•	0	•	•	•
	<u>D2</u>	Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists	•	•	•	0	•	•	0
	<u>D3</u>	Optimize intersections to reduce car/pedestrian conflicts along Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads	•	•	1	0		•	•
ian	D4	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca)	0	0	•	0	•	•	0
Bicycle/Pedestrian	<u>D6</u>	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry.	•	•		•	•	•	•
rcle/Po	D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village	•	_	•	•	•	0	•
Bic	D8	Provide signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles			-	•	•	•	•
	D9	Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	D10	Coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians.	0	N/A	•	0	0	•	0
	D11	Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry Road at Tonka	0	•	•	0	•	•	0
aا	F1	Encourage better multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment for major downtown uses	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Land Use	F2	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
<u> </u>	F3	Eliminate parking minimums, consider parking maximums	N/A	•	0	0	N/A	N/A	0
	F4	Add structured parking in downtown core	•	N/'A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	•

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Industrial and Freight Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	0	•
	<u>A2</u>	Divert truck traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road	•	N/A		-	-	•	•
	A5	Extend 124th Ave south	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CI	A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials	•			•	N/A	N/A	•
Congestion	<u>A7</u>	Remove NB right turn light on Boones Ferry Road	•	0	•	•	N/A	N/A	•
Cong	<u>A9</u>	Improvements to help mobility of through- traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	-	•	•	0	•	•
	A11	Address congestion on Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	_	N/A	N/A	•
	<u>A12</u>	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal	•	N/A	•	•	N/A	N/A	•
	<u>A13</u>	Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown	•	•	•	•	0	•	0
افد	B1	Expand service hours of chamber shuttle to nights and weekends	•	•	•	•	•	0	0
Transit	B2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of town	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	В3	Provide local loop bus	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
ivity	<u>C3</u>	Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin River	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
Connectivity	C4	Add a left turn from Teton Ave to Tualatin Rd	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
ŭ	C 5	Extend 65th Ave north	•	•	•	•	•	•	0

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	C6	Improve 115th Ave	•	•	0	-	-	•	•
	<u>C7</u>	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	•	•	0	•	•	•	•
	<u>C8</u>	Add signal to Tualatin and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A		0	•	0
	C9	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A	•	0	•	0	•
	C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd	•	•	0	-	0	0	0
Cont.	C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Connectivity, Cont.	C13	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
nnect	C14	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on-street parking	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•
<u>3</u>	C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes	-	-	•	•	•	•	•
	C16	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way	-	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•
	C17	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/I-5 Interchange		-	•	•	•	•	•
	D1	Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D2	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut- through traffic	0	0	•	0	0	0	0
	D3	Provide incentives to telecommute	•	_	N/A	•	•	_	•
Other	<u>D5</u>	Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood to Fred Meyer, better I-5 lane signage, add red light camera	•	•	0	•	•	N/A	•
	D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
	<u>D7</u>	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	•	•	•	•	•	N/A	•

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	<u>D8</u>	Improve visibility, add signal restrict left	•	_	_	0	•	_	•
		turns from 108th onto Tualatin							
	<u>D9</u>	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd	•	N/A	•		-	•	•
	D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood and	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
		Martinazzi signal timing							
	<u>D11</u>	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	N/A	N/A	-	•	N/A	•
	D12	Make "Truck Route" signs larger	N/A	N/A	-	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D13	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road	0	0	•	0	—	•	•
	D14	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on	0	•	•	0	•	•	•
		local and minor streets							
	D15	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd northbound onto 108th Ave			N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
Cont.	D16	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
er, Co	D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and Tualatin-Sherwood	-		N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
Other,	D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin- Sherwood to Cipole	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D19	Improve NB right and left turns onto Herman		•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D20	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd and Lower Boones Ferry	-	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D21	Improve SB left turns from Jurgens and 106th onto Tualatin	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•
	D23	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	-

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Major Corridors and Intersections Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and	•	•	•	N/A	_	_	•
		shoulders to section of Grahams Ferry							
	<u>A2</u>	Add traffic signal at Tualatin HS	•	•	•	N/A	•	0	0
	A3	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin HS and Byrom Elementary	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•
Safety	<u>A4</u>	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange	N/A	•	N/A		•	•	•
Sa	A5	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th	•	•	•	_	_	•	•
	A6	Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals	•		N/A	-	N/A	N/A	•
	<u>A8</u>	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	<u>B1</u>	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		-	0	•	0	•	0
	B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	0	•
	В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	•	-	0	0	0	0	0
u S	<u>B5</u>	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	0	•	N/A	0	•	•	0
Congestion	В6	Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•
S	<u>B8</u>	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest corner	0	•	0	•	•	0	•
	В9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•
	B10	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	<u>B12</u>	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	•	•	N/A	•	0	•	•

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	<u>B13</u>	Extend NB left turn and create SB right	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
		turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin-							
		Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train							
	<u>B14</u>	Reconfigure Boones Ferry at Tualatin	•	•	0	-	0	•	0
	B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser	0	•	•	0	•	•	•
	<u>B16</u>	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	0	-	0	•	•
	B17	Widen Boones Ferry at south end of City	•	•	•	•	0	•	0
	B20	Roundabout at Nyberg and 65 th	•	N/A	0	0	0	0	0
		intersection							
	B21	Extend 124th Ave to south	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	B22	Address congestion caused by high school	•		-	_	•	0	•
	B23	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at	•	•	N/A	_	•	_	•
		Tualatin-Sherwood							
	<u>B24</u>	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood	•		N/A	_	•	0	•
		at 124th							
	C2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	•	•	0	•	0	•	0
	C4	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
_		Ferry Rd between Bridgeport Village and							
Connectivity		downtown							
ij	C7	Revise connection between Tualatin and	•	•	0	•	0	•	0
Jue		Boones Ferry near the railroad tracks							
Ō	C 9	Widen Sagert to 2-lanes each way	•	•	0	•	0	0	0
	<u>C12</u>	Look for ways to provide north-south	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
		connectivity over Tualatin River for							
		vehicles							
	D1	Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred	•	•	0	•	0	•	•
ē		Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Install							
Other		traffic camera for signal violations.							
O	D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
		correct street							

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Neighborhood Livability Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
<u>ety</u>	<u>A1</u>	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman	•	•	•	•	•	•	0
	А3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and two railroad crossings	•	•	-	N/A	-	•	•
	<u>A4</u>	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Norwood	•	•	0	0	0	•	•
Safety	<u>A5</u>	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian- friendly	•	•		-	•	0	•
	<u>A6</u>	Improve intersection at 108th and Tualatin	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	A8	Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area	0			0	•	•	•
	A9	Eliminate free right turns on Herman at Teton and Tualatin	0	•	•	0	•	•	•
ΞI	B1	Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•		•	•	•	0	•
	<u>B2</u>	Add dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center	•	•	•	0	•	•	•
stic	В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection		_	0	0	0	0	0
Вe	B4	Improve intersection at Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	_	N/A	N/A	•
Congestion	B5	Address congestion caused by HS	•	_	_	_	•	Ó	•
_,	<u>B6</u>	Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic.	•	•	0	•	0	0	•
	<u>B8</u>	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	•	•	N/A	•	•	0	•
	C1	Extend 124th to south	•	•	_	•	•	•	_
	C2	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A	•	0	•	•	•

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	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
Connectivity	C3	Balance neighborhood needs and trucks movement along Avery; provide turn lane for traffic entering school	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Conne	C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry and Bridgeport	•	•	0	0	0	0	0
O,	C7	Extend 65th to the north	•	•	0	•	0	•	0
	<u>D2</u>	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom Elementary and Tualatin HS	0	•	-	0	-	•	•
	D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river	•	•	•	_	•	•	•
	D4	Connect sidewalk on east side of 65th	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
- 1	D5	Repair gap in sidewalk on south side of Borland	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•
<u>ia</u>	D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	•	•	•	_	•	•	•
Bicycle/Pedestrian	<u>D7</u>	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road	0	•	•	0	•	•	-
/cle/P	D8	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry		•		N/A	•	•	•
3ic)	D9	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	-	•	•	•	•	•
	D11	Connect to Tualatin Path	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•
	D12	Provide benches for walkers throughout city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•
	D13	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Transit	E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0
Other	F2	Remove NB right turn signal on Tualatin out of Police Station	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•

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Transit Preliminary Project Evaluation

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
	A1	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street	•	N/A	•	-	-	•	•
	A3	Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	A4	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	•	N/A	•		-	•	•
	A5	Extend bus service to east Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	A6	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem	•	N/A	-	-	•	•	•
Bus	A7	Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	A8	Provide a loop bus route around the city	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0
	A10	Create an on-call shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	A12	General –extend service hours for all transit	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	Ο
	A13	General – use more energy efficient buses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	0
	A14	Coordinate TriMet and SMART bus schedules with WES schedule	0	N/A	N/A	•	•	•	•
	A16	Add stops on higher volume bus routes	0	N/A	•	N/A	-	•	0
· <u>=</u> I	B1	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0
Rail	B2	Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•

Page 13 Preliminary: As of May, 2012

	ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented
Rail	B4	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping at Bridgeport Village	•	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	0	0
Land Use	C1	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transitoriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	D1	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	•	N/A	•		•	•	•
e Se	D2	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	-
Park-and-Ride	D3	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and- Ride - Potential structure	-	N/A		•	0	•	•
Park-a	D4	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•
	D5	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	-	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	-

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City of Tualatin

Preliminary Recommendations Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
June 21, 2012

Presentation Outline

- An Overview
- Discussion of Recommendations by Working Group Topic Area
 - Bicycle and Pedestrian
 - Downtown
 - Industrial and Freight
 - Major Corridors and Intersections
 - Neighborhood Livability
 - Transit
- Next Steps

Where We Are In the TSP Process

STEP 1 STEP 2 STEP 3 STEP 4 Develop and Create and Identify Needs and Make Recommendations **Opportunities** Evaluate Solutions Adopt the Plan Develop Goals and Prepare Draft Project Create a Long List of Objectives Recommendations **Potential Solutions** Develop a Survey Existing We are Refine Project Draft TSP Screen/Evaluate Conditions here Recommendations How Ideas Help Adopt the Meet Goals and Forecast Future **Prioritize Project** Final TSP Objectives Conditions Recommendations * Public Involvement * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included Activities Included

Progress Since our May 24th Meeting...

- 1. Discussed project evaluations with
 - ✓ Planning Commission
 - ✓ TPARK
 - ✓ Working Groups
- Refined evaluations based on feedback
- 3. Prepared preliminary recommendations

Working Group Meetings, Round 3

No.	Working Group	Date	No. Attendees
1.	Downtown	June 4	16
2.	Transit	June 5	14
3.	Bicycle and Pedestrian	June 6	6
4.	Industrial and Freight	June 13 (lunchtime)	5
5.	Neighborhood Livability	June 13 (evening)	12
6.	Major Corridors	June 14	18

Structure of Working Group Meetings

- Present evaluation results (project by project) as a large group
- Discuss evaluation results in a small group format
- Provide feedback on recommended projects
 - ✓ Green dots = project provides greatest value to the community
 - ✓ Red dots = project should not be included in TSP

Organization of Recommendations

Description	Recommendation
What projects make sense to include in TSP?	Yes
What projects make some sense, but are not cost effective on their own?	Only with urban upgrade
What projects don't make sense, and shouldn't be included in TSP?	No
What projects need additional analysis before we decide	Refinement Topic Area <u>or</u> Needs Refinement

Your Role Tonight

- 1. Do you agree with these preliminary recommendations?
- 2. If not, why not?
- 3. What additional analysis does the technical team need to do?

Refinement Topic Areas

- 1. Tualatin-Sherwood Road Options
- 2. Nyberg Interchange Options
- 3. Boones Ferry Road Options
- 4. North to South Connectivity
- 5. Herman Road and Tualatin Road Options
- 6. Tualatin's Downtown Circulation



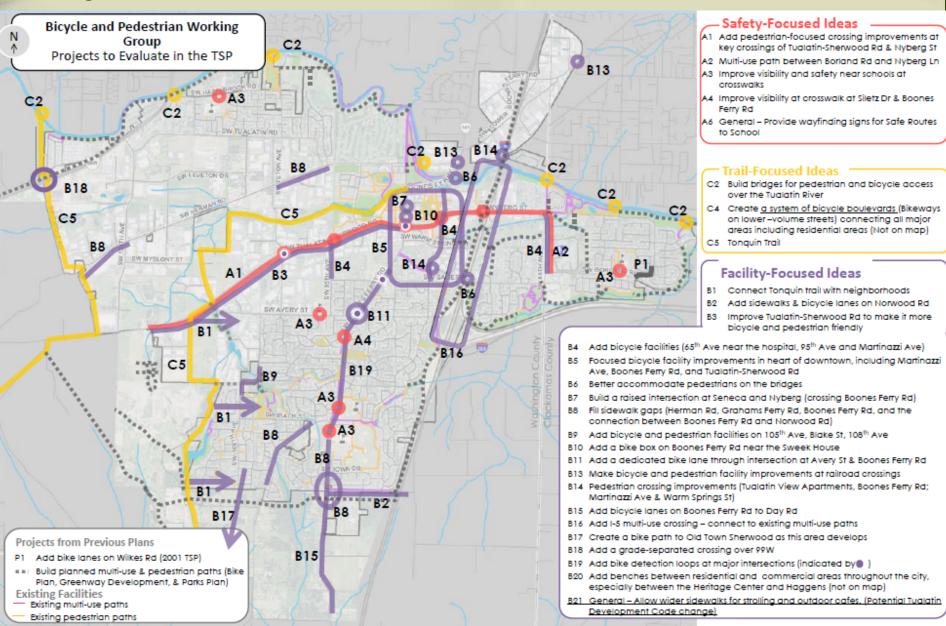
Preliminary Recommendations

By Working Group Topic Area



Bicycle/Pedestrian

Bicycle and Pedestrian



Projects to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description	
A1	Add ped crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood, Nyberg	
A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	
А3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	
A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	
A6	Provide wayfinding for Safe Routes to School	
B1	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	
B8	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman	
В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 15th Ave, Blake St, and 18th	
B11	Add dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry intersection	
B13	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings	
B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned, existing paths	
B20	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	
C4	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	
C 5	Build the Tonquin Trail	13

Urban Upgrade Projects

No.	Project Description
B2	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood
B4	Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th and Martinazzi
В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges
B15	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description		
В3	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians (Tonquin Trail		
	serves as the recommendation instead)		
В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg		
B10	Add bike box on Boones Ferry near Sweek House		
B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops		
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W		
B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections		

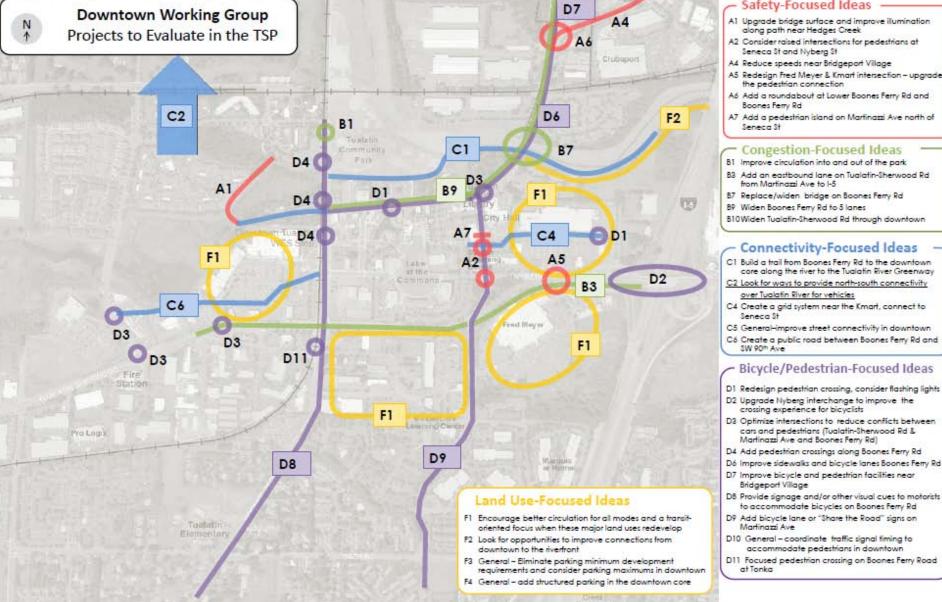
Projects for Further Refinement

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
B5	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown	Connectivity in Downtown
	core	
B14	Improve pedestrian crossing along Boones Ferry Rd	Boones Ferry Road
B21	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor	Connectivity in Downtown
	cafes	
C2	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the	North/South Connectivity
	Tualatin River	



Downtown

Downtown



Safety-Focused Ideas

- Al Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek
- A2 Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at
- A4 Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village
- A5 Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection upgrade the pedestrian connection
- A6 Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and
- A7 Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Improve circulation into and out of the park
- B3 Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B7 Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd
- B10Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through downtown

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C1 Build a trail from Boones Ferry Rd to the downtown core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway
- C2 Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to
- C5 General-improve street connectivity in downtown
- Có Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and

Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

- D1 Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights
- D2 Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the crossing experience for bicyclists
- D3 Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts between cars and pedestrians (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Martinazzi Ave and Boones Ferry Rd)
- D4 Add pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd
- Dó Improve sidewalks and bicycle lanes Boones Ferry Rd
- D7 Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities near
- to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd
- D9 Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs on
- D10 General coordinate traffic signal firning to
- D11 Focused pedestrian crossing on Boones Ferry Road

Projects to Forward into the TSP

ı	No.	Project Description	
	A1	Upgrade bridge surface, improve illumination along path in back of Haggens	
	A5	Redesign Fred Meyer to Kmart intersection (including pedestrian crossing)	
	B1	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	
	В3	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	
	B7	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River	
	C1	Build trail along river from Boones Ferry to downtown, extend to greenway	
	C4	Create grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment, connect to Seneca	
	D2	Upgrade Nyberg interchange for bicyclist safety	
	D6	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry	
	D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village	
	D8	Provide signage to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry	
	D9	Add bicycle lane on Martinazzi north of Warm Springs	
	F1	Encourage multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment	
	F2	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront	
	F4	Add structured parking in the downtown core	19

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description
A2	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village
A7	Add pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca
C6	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave
D4	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca)
D10	Coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians
D11	Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry Road at Tonka
F3	Eliminate parking minimum development requirements and consider parking maximums

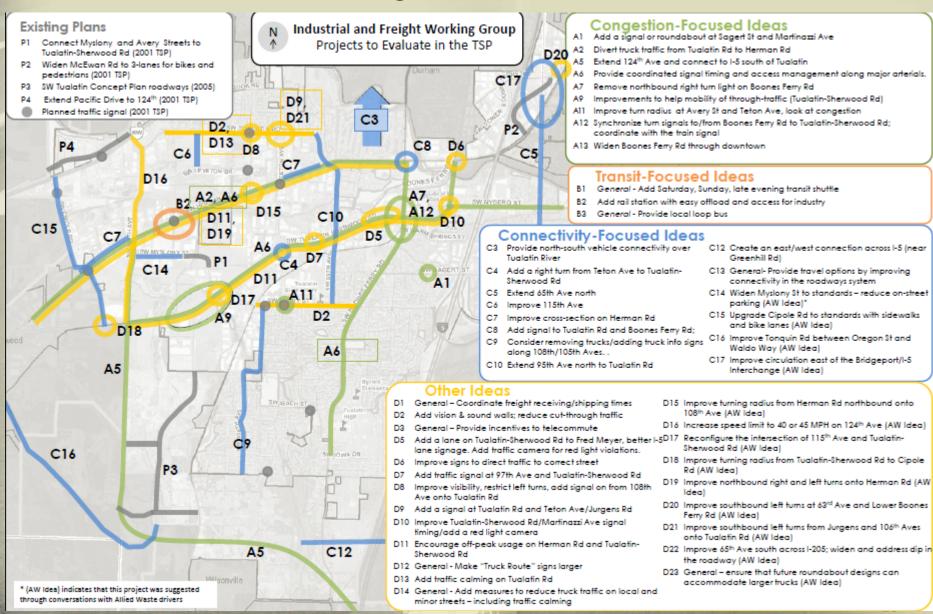
Projects for Further Refinement

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
A6	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower	Boones Ferry Road
	Boones Ferry Road	
В9	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	Boones Ferry Road
B10	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Tualatin Sherwood Road
C2	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin	North/South Connectivity
	River for vehicles	
C5	Improve downtown core street connectivity	Connectivity in Downtown
D1	Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing	Connectivity in Downtown
	lights	
D3	Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts along	Boones Ferry Road, Tualatin
	Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads	Sherwood Road



Industrial and Freight

Industrial and Freight



Projects to Forward into the TSP (1 of 2)

No.	Project Description		
A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi		
A5	Extend 124th Ave to the south		
A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials		
A11	Address congestion on Avery and Teton		
A12	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal		
B1	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares		
В3	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents		
C5	Extend 65th Ave north		
C9	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves		
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)		

Projects to Forward into the TSP (2 of 2)

No.	Project Description	
D1	Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times	
D3	Provide incentives to telecommute	
D5	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	
D11	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	
D14	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on local and minor collectors	
D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway	
D23	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks	

Urban Upgrade Projects

No.	Project Description		
C14	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on-street parking		
C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes		
C16	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way		

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description	
A7	Remove NB right turn light on Boones Ferry	
C4	Add a left turn from Teton to Tualatin Rd	
C6	Improve 115th Ave	
C8	Add signal to Tualatin and Boones Ferry intersection	
C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd	
C13	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system	
D2	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut-through traffic	
D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street	
D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood and Martinazzi signal timing	
D12	Make "Truck Route" signs larger	
D16	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave	
D20	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd and Lower Boones Ferry	

Projects for Further Refinement (1 of 2)

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
B2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry	Stand Alone
	in the west part of town	
C17	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/ I-5	Stand Alone
	Interchange	
A2	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin while	Herman and Tualatin
	encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman	Options
A9	Improvements to help mobility of through-traffic on	Tualatin Sherwood Road
	Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	
A13	Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown	Boones Ferry Road,
		North/South
		Connectivity
C3	Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin	North/South
	River	Connectivity
C7	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	Herman and Tualatin
		Options
D7	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin-Sherwood	Tualatin Sherwood Road

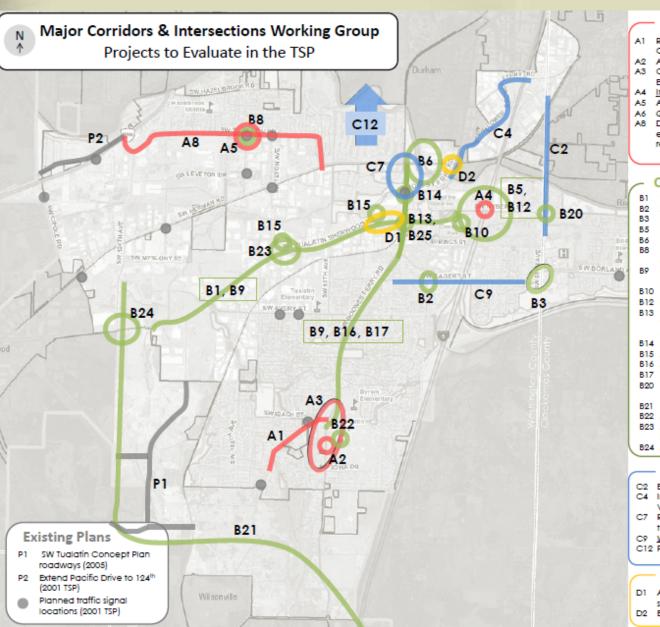
Projects for Further Refinement (2 of 2)

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
D8	Improve visibility, add signal restrict left turns	Herman and Tualatin Options
	from 108th onto Tualatin	
D9	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens	Herman and Tualatin Options
	Rd	
D13	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road	Herman and Tualatin Options
D15	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd	Herman and Tualatin Options
	northbound onto 108th Ave	
D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and	Tualatin Sherwood Road
	Tualatin-Sherwood	
D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin-Sherwood	Tualatin Sherwood Road
	to Cipole	
D19	Improve NB right and left turns onto Herman	Herman and Tualatin Options
D21	Improve SB left turns from Jurgens and 106th	Herman and Tualatin Options
	onto Tualatin	



Major Corridors and Intersections

Major Corridors and Intersections



Safety-Focused Ideas

- Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd
- Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
- Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School & Byrom
- Improve the sight distance at the I-5-Nyberg Rd interchange
- Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave
- General consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals
- Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd. Make residential access easier.

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- Widen Tuglatin-Sherwood Pd
- Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- Realign Sagert St/Borland Rd intersection
- Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange
- Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park
- Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest
- Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd: widen Boones Ferry Rd
- Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Rd)
- B12 Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd
- B13 Extend the northbound left turn lane and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to reduce backup from WES train; add red light cameras
- B14 Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd
- B15 Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser
- B16 Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd
- B17 Widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B20 Roundabout or signal intersection at Nyberg Rd/65th Ave; keep Nybera Rd 2 lanes
- B21 Extend 124th Ave and connect to I-5 and Tonquin Rd
- B22 Address congestion caused by high school
- B23 Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B24 Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124th Ave

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C2 Extend 65th Ave north
- C4 Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near Bridgeport Village into downtown Tualatin
- C7 Revise connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd near the railroad tracks
- C9 Widen Sagert to 2 lanes in each direction.
- C12 Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles

Other Ideas

- D1 Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane sianage for I-5. Install traffic camera for signal violations.
- D2 Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street

Projects to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description	
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd	
А3	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	
A6	Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals	
B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	
В6	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	
B8	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave or remove trees in the southwest corner	
В9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd	
B10	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing	
B16	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	
B21	Extend 124th Ave to south	
B23	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at Tualatin-Sherwood	
C2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	
C4	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry between Bridgeport and downtown	
D1	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description
A2	Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection
B14	Reconfigure Boones Ferry at Tualatin Road
B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser
B20	Roundabout or signal at Nyberg and 65th intersection
B22	Address congestion caused by high school
C7	Revise connection between Tualatin and Boones Ferry near the railroad tracks
С9	Widen Sagert to 2-lanes each way
D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street

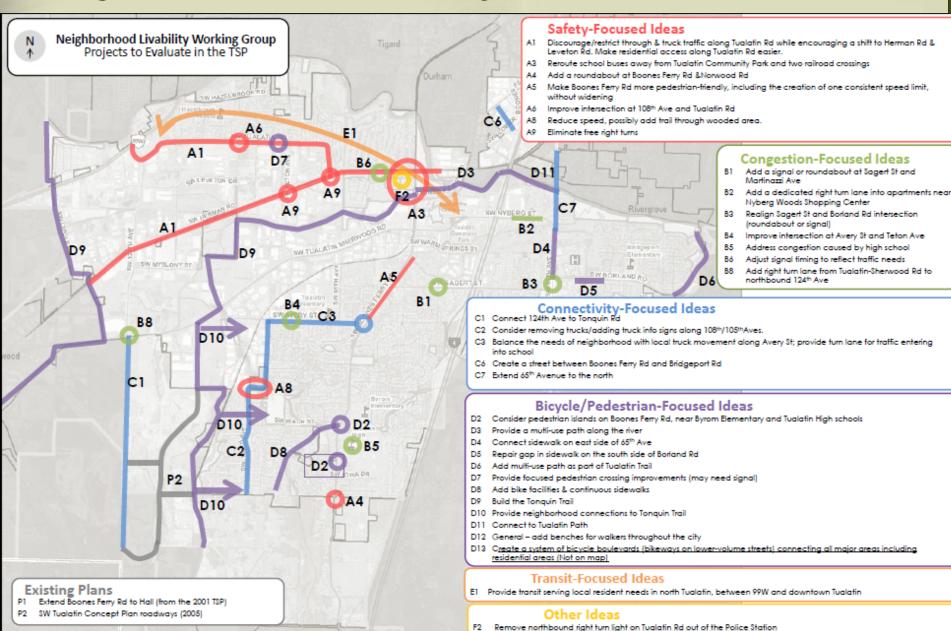
Projects for Further Refinement

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
A4	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd	Nyberg Interchange
A5	Interchange Add traffic signal on Tualatin Pd at 109th	Horman and Tualatin Ontions
AS	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th	Herman and Tualatin Options
A8	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	Herman and Tualatin Options
B1	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	Tualatin Sherwood Road
B5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	Nyberg Interchange
B12	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	Nyberg Interchange
B13	Extend NB left turn and create a SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin-Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train	North/South Connectivity
B17	Widen Boones Ferry Rd at the south end of the City	Boones Ferry Road
B24	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	Tualatin Sherwood Road
C12	Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	North/South Connectivity 34



Neighborhood Livability

Neighborhood Livability



Projects to Forward into the TSP (1 of 2)

No.	Project Description
А3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin Community Park and railroad crossings
A8	Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area
B1	Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi
B4	Improve intersection at Avery and Teton
C1	Extend 124th Ave to south
C2	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves
С3	Balance needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school
C7	Extend 65th Ave to the north
D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river
D4	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg
D5	Repair sidewalk gap on south side of Borland

Projects to Forward into the TSP (2 of 2)

No.	Project Description
D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail
D9	Build the Tonquin Trail
D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods
D11	Connect to Tualatin Path
D12	Add benches for walkers throughout city
D13	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas
E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and
	downtown Tualatin

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

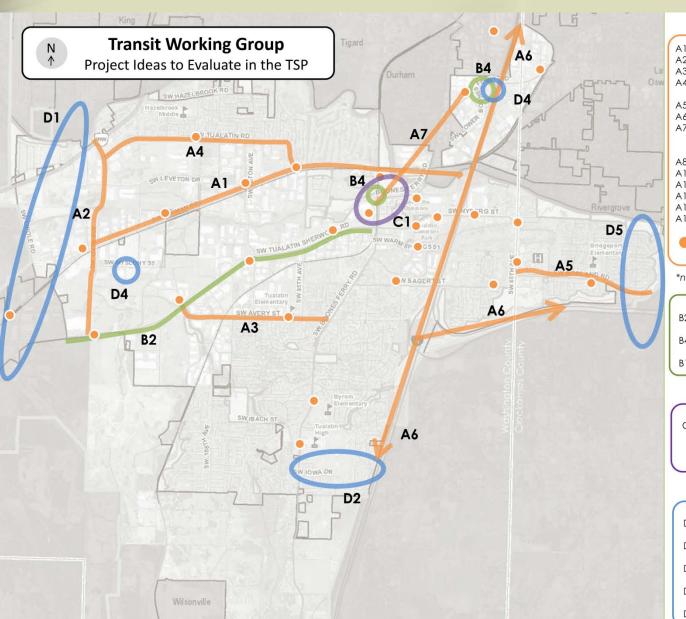
No.	Project Description
D8	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry Road (only as part of an urban upgrade)
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection
B5	Address congestion caused by high school
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd
F2	Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Tualatin Rd out of the Police Station

Projects for Further Refinement

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
A1	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	Herman and Tualatin Options
A4	Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry and Norwood	Boones Ferry Road
A5	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian-friendly	Boones Ferry Road
A6	Improve intersection at 108th and Tualatin	Herman and Tualatin Options
A9	Eliminate free right turns – on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd	Herman and Tualatin Options
B2	Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center	Nyberg Interchange
В6	Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic	Tualatin Sherwood Road
B8	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	Tualatin Sherwood Road
D2	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom ES and Tualatin HS	Boones Ferry Road
D7	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road	Herman and Tualatin Options 40

Transit

Transit - Projects to Evaluate



Bus Service-Focused Ideas

- Provide bus transit service on Herman Road
- A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Street
- A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street
- A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W
- A5 Extend bus service to east Tualatin
- A6 Improve bus service between Tualatin and Salem
- A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service
- A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city*
- A10 Expand existing on-call shuttle and charge fares*
- A12 General need extended service hours for all transit*
- A13 General use more energy efficient buses*
- A14 Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule*
- A16 Add stops on higher-volume routes*
- Potential bus stop locations connecting major employers and activity centers

*not shown on map

Rail Service-Focused Ideas

- B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)
- B4 Build elevated pedestrian bridge to connect park-andride with shopping at Bridgeport Village
- B10 General Add more spaces for bicycles on WES trains*

Land Use-Focused Ideas

C1 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Park-and-Ride-Focused Ideas

- D1 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- D2 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south
- Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride (near Bridgeport Village)
- D4 Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots
- D5 Add a park-and-ride location in east Tualatin

Projects to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description	
A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street	
А3	Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	
A5	Extend bus service to east Tualatin	
A7	Explore a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	
A8	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	
A10	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	
A12	General – need extended service for all transit	
B2	Provide high capacity transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	
C1	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center.	
D1	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin	
D2	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	
D3	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure	

Projects **NOT** to Forward into the TSP

No.	Project Description	
A6	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem	
A13	General – use more energy efficient buses	
A14	Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule	
A16	Add stops on higher volume routes	
B1	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station	
B4	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping	
D4	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and- ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas	
D5	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	

Projects for Further Refinement

No.	Project Description	Refinement Topic Area
A1	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	Herman and Tualatin Options
A4	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	

What Happens Next?

- Online forum goes live July 1st
- Technical team reviews six refinement areas
 - Organize discrete project ideas into packages
 - Up to three alternatives per refinement area
 - Traffic (local and city-wide)
 - Geometric constraints and right of way
 - Cost
 - Environmental and policy effects
- July and August TTF meetings review/discuss findings
 - What are the benefits?
 - What are the impacts?
 - What are we willing to accept?
- Transportation Community Summit in September (draft date September 20th)

Next Two Meetings

STEP 1

Identify Needs and Opportunities

Develop Goals and Objectives

Survey Existing Conditions

Forecast Future Conditions

* Public Involvement Activities Included

STEP 2

Develop and Evaluate Solutions

Create a Long List of Potential Solutions

July, August

meetings focus

on refinement

topics

Screen/Evaluate How Ideas Help Meet Goals and Objectives

* Public Involvement Activities Included

STEP 3

Make Recommendations

STEP 4

Create and Adopt the Plan

Prepare Draft Project Recommendations

Refine Project
Recommendations

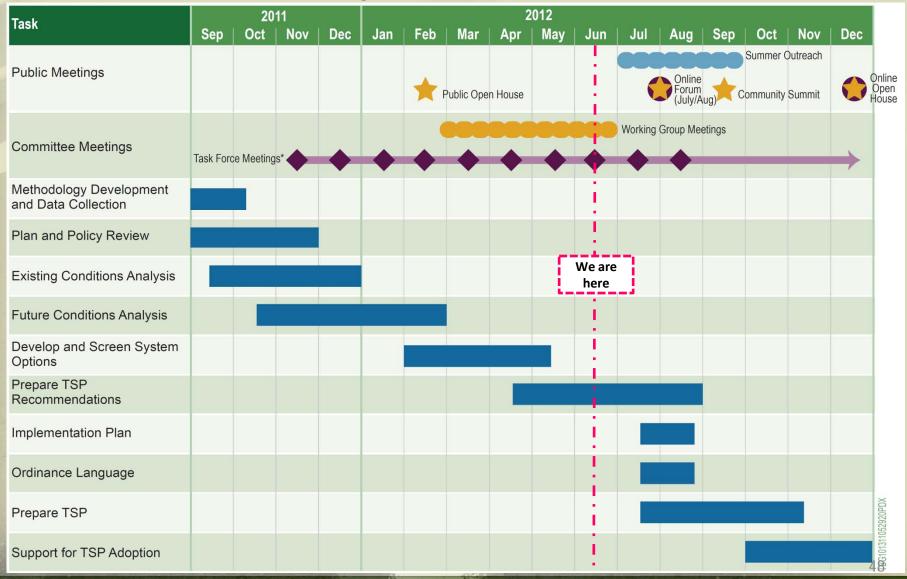
Prioritize Project Recommendations

* Public Involvement Activities Included Develop a Draft TSP

Adopt the Final TSP

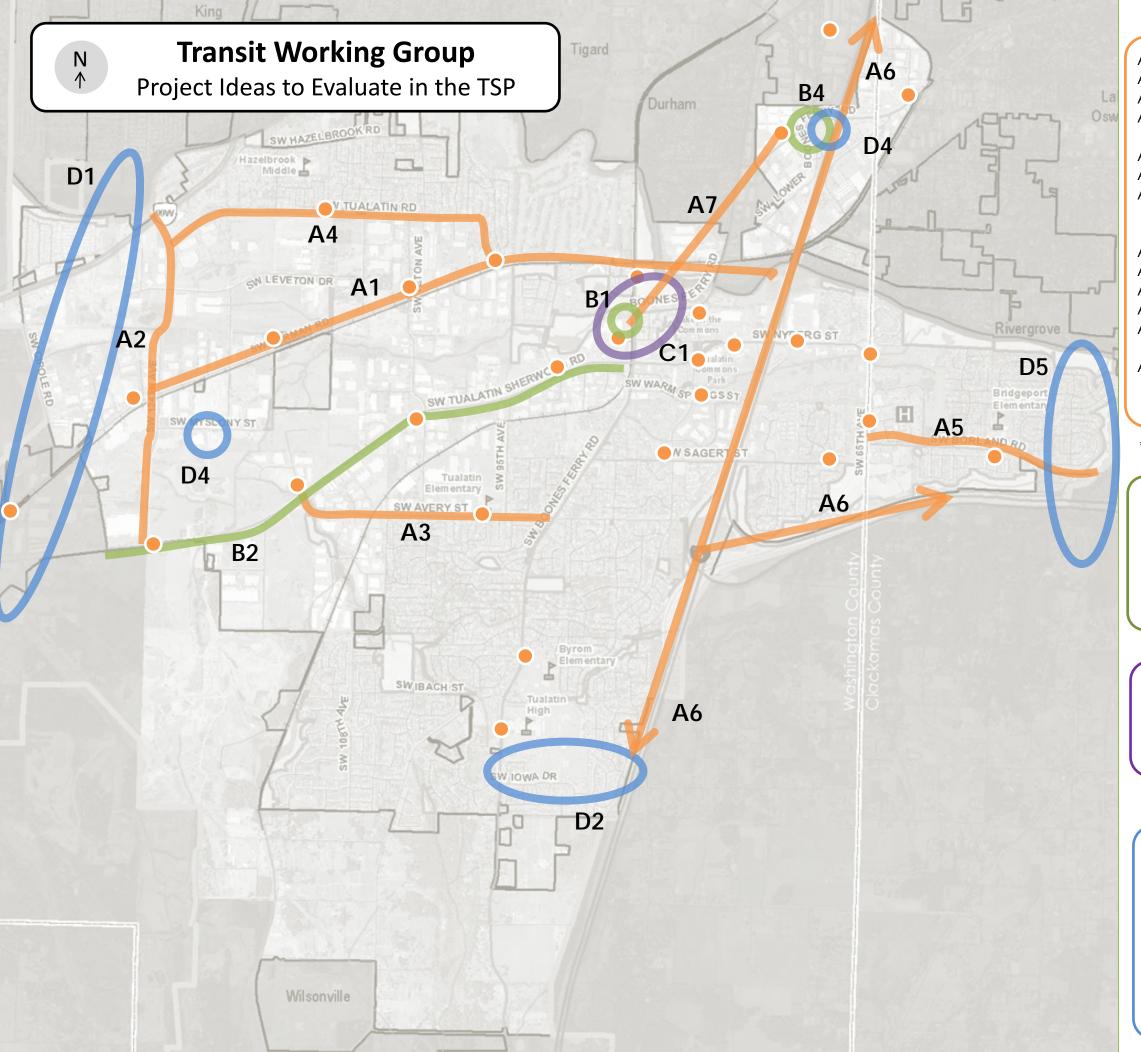
* Public Involvement Activities Included

Transportation System Plan Timeline





Questions



Bus Service-Focused Ideas

- A1 Provide bus transit service on Herman Road
- A2 Provide bus transit service on 124th Avenue
- A3 Provide bus transit service on Avery Street
- A4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W
- A5 Extend bus service to east Tualatin
- A6 Provide express service between Tualatin and Salem
- A7 Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service
- A8 Provide a loop bus route around the city*
- A10 Expand existing on-call shuttle and charge fares*
- A12 General -extend service hours for all transit*
- A13 General use more energy efficient buses*
- A14 Coordinate TriMet and SMART bus schedules with WES schedule*
- A16 Add stops on higher-volume bus routes*
- Potential bus stop locations connecting major employers and activity centers

*not shown on map

Rail Service-Focused Ideas

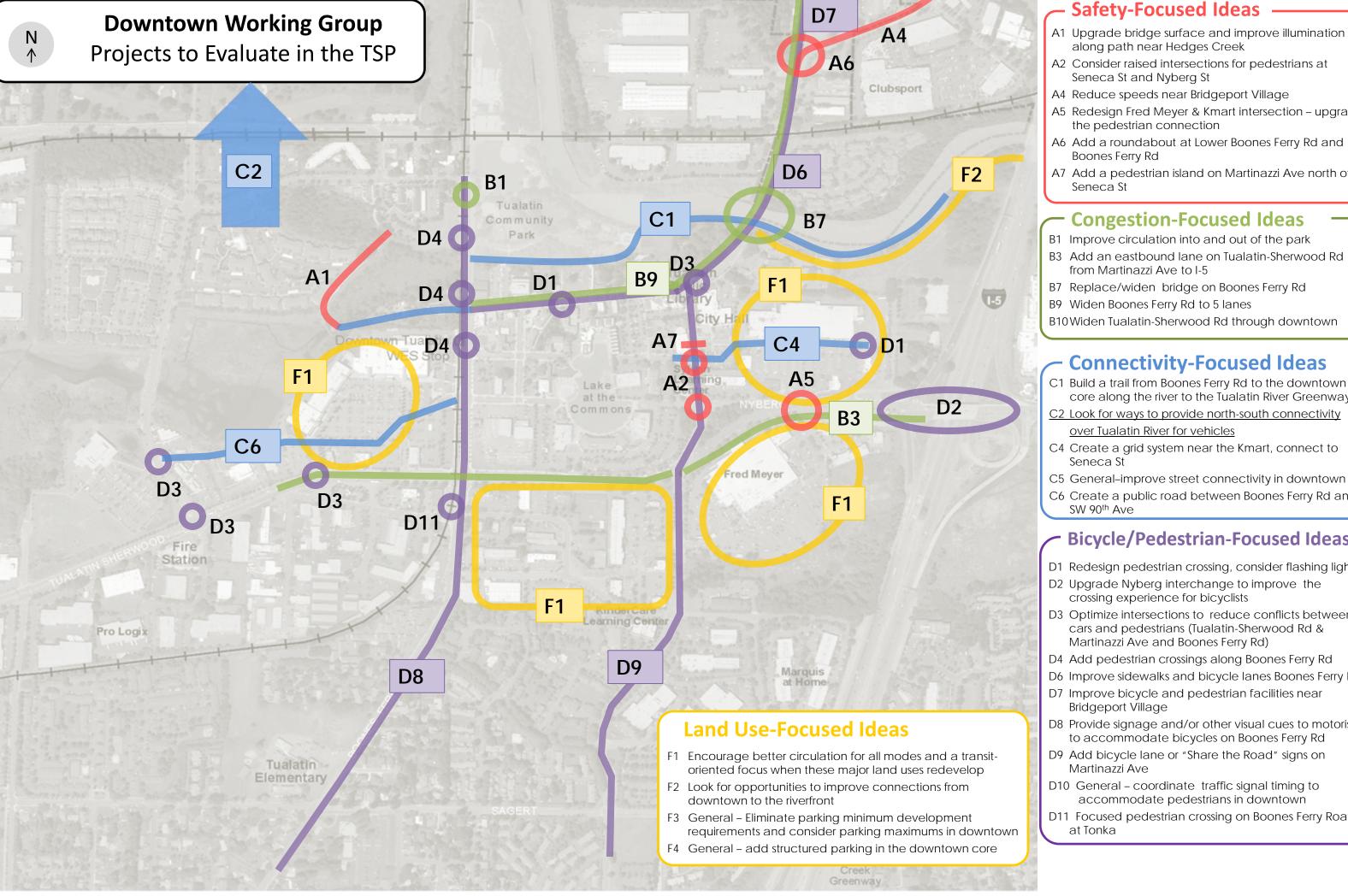
- B1 Add more bicycle storage at the WES Station
- B2 Provide rail or high capacity bus transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road (towards Sherwood)
- B4 Build elevated pedestrian bridge to connect park-andride with shopping at Bridgeport Village
- B10 General Add bicycle storage at the WES Station*

Land Use-Focused Ideas

C1 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Park-and-Ride-Focused Ideas

- D1 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- D2 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin
- D3 Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride (near Bridgeport Village)
- D4 Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots
- D5 Add a park-and-ride location in east Tualatin



Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Upgrade bridge surface and improve illumination along path near Hedges Creek
- A2 Consider raised intersections for pedestrians at
- A4 Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village
- A5 Redesign Fred Meyer & Kmart intersection upgrade
- A6 Add a roundabout at Lower Boones Ferry Rd and
- A7 Add a pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- B1 Improve circulation into and out of the park
- B3 Add an eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B7 Replace/widen bridge on Boones Ferry Rd
- B10 Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd through downtown

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- core along the river to the Tualatin River Greenway
- C2 Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles
- C4 Create a grid system near the Kmart, connect to
- C5 General-improve street connectivity in downtown
- C6 Create a public road between Boones Ferry Rd and

Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

- D1 Redesign pedestrian crossing, consider flashing lights
- D2 Upgrade Nyberg interchange to improve the
- D3 Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts between cars and pedestrians (Tualatin-Sherwood Rd & Martinazzi Ave and Boones Ferry Rd)
- D4 Add pedestrian crossings along Boones Ferry Rd
- D6 Improve sidewalks and bicycle lanes Boones Ferry Rd
- D7 Improve bicycle and pedestrian facilities near
- D8 Provide signage and/or other visual cues to motorists to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry Rd
- D9 Add bicycle lane or "Share the Road" signs on
- D10 General coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians in downtown
- D11 Focused pedestrian crossing on Boones Ferry Road



Downtown Working Group

Ideas that will not be evaluated

Safety-Focused Ideas

Add a grade separated railroad crossing on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd

Congestion-Focused Ideas

- Provide secondary exit from park, and provide additional parking
- Add a travel lane on I-5 northbound (between Tualatin and OR 217)
- Create a one-way circulator loop roadway around
- Reduce ambient noise along Boones Ferry Rd in downtown
- Add HOV lanes on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

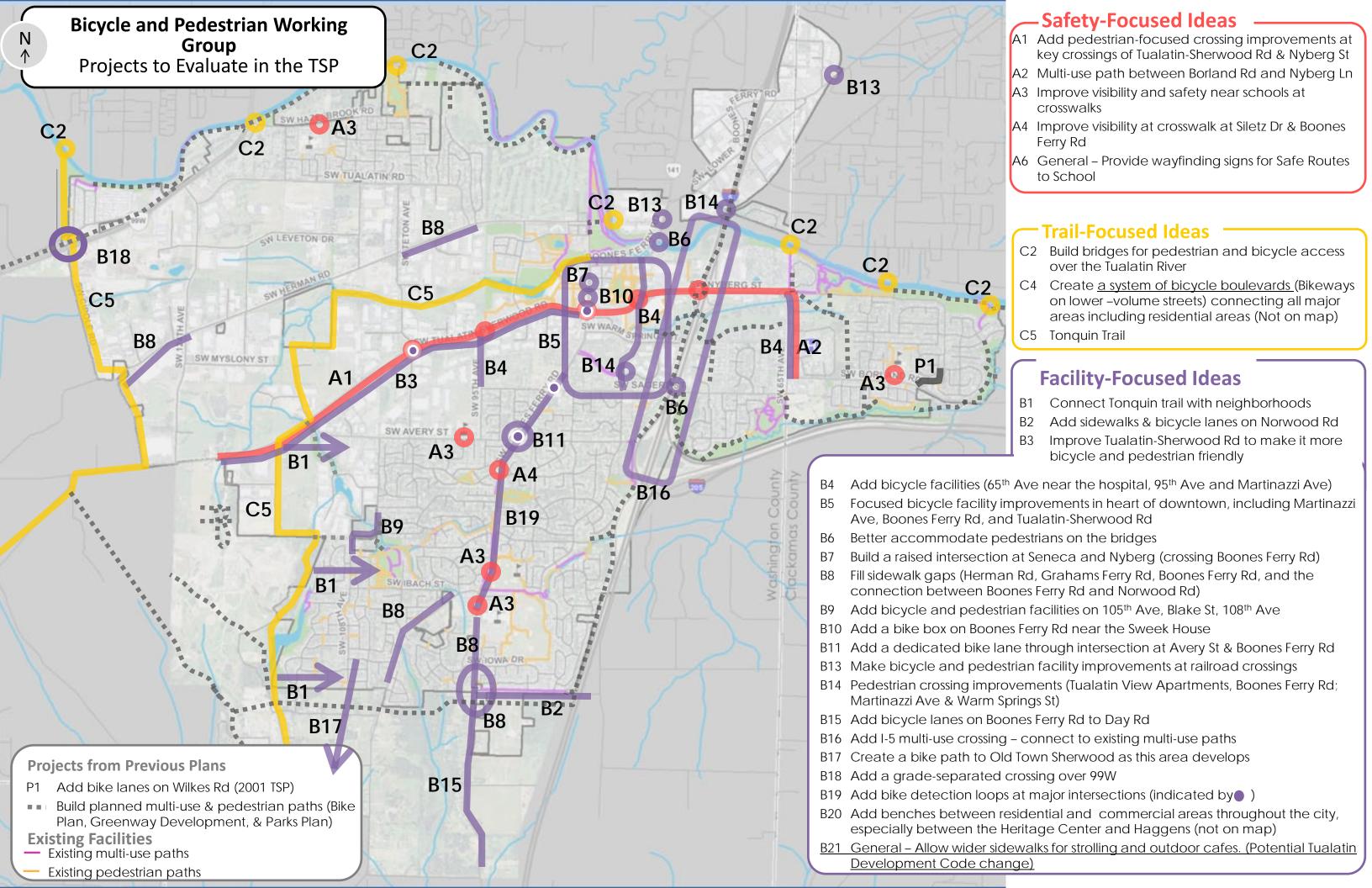
- C3 Connect Nyberg Rd through the Commons
- Extend Lower Boones Ferry Rd across Tualatin

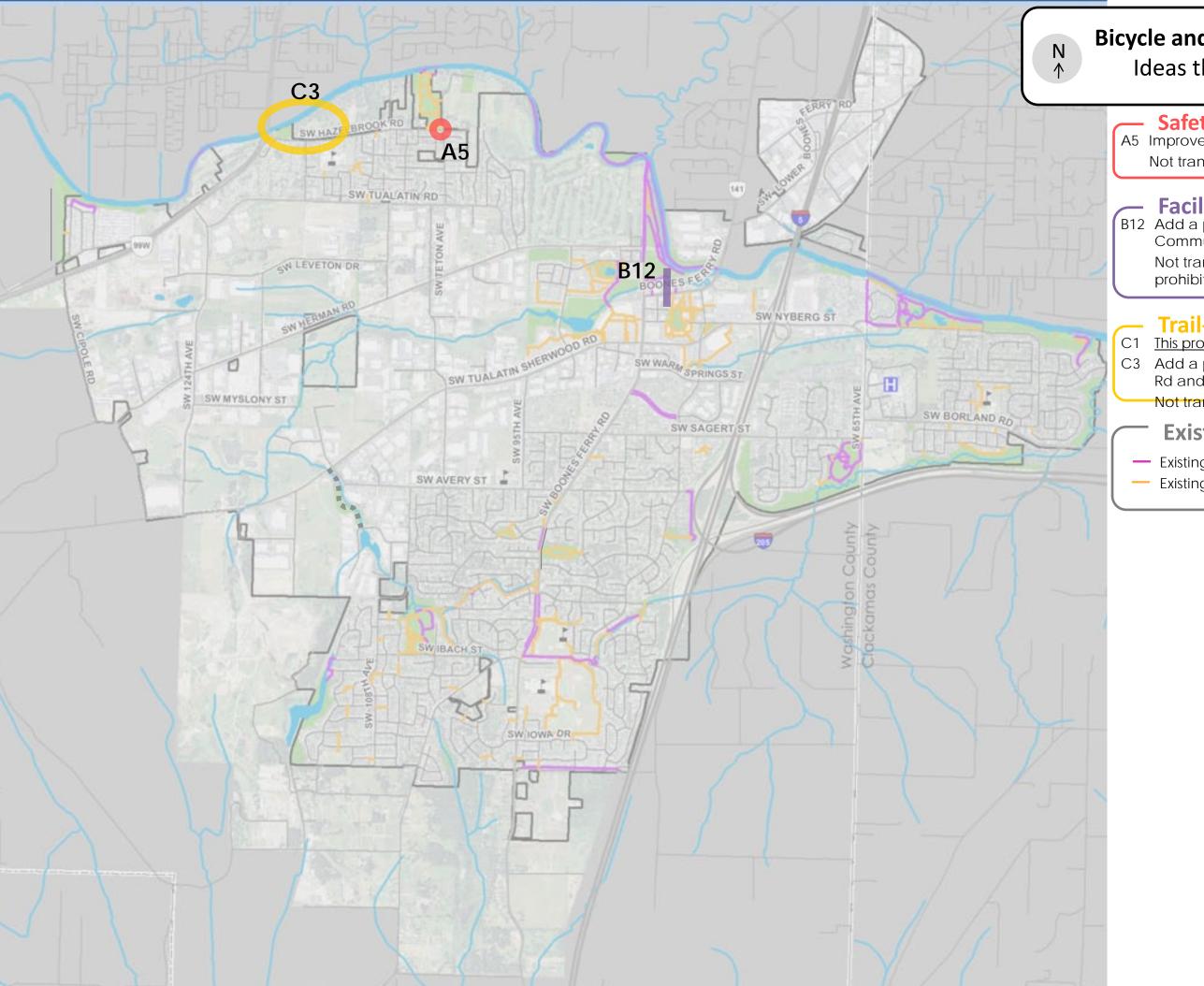
Bicycle/Pedestrian-Focused Ideas

Create a pedestrian skybridge that connects downtown retail businesses and the park

Transit-Focused Ideas

E1 Look for opportunities to build a new park-and-ride to the west of downtown towards 99W (not shown on map) - This is included on the transit map.





Bicycle and Pedestrian Working Group Ideas that will not be evaluated

A5 Improve lighting at Jurgens Rd and Hazelbrook Rd Not transportation related

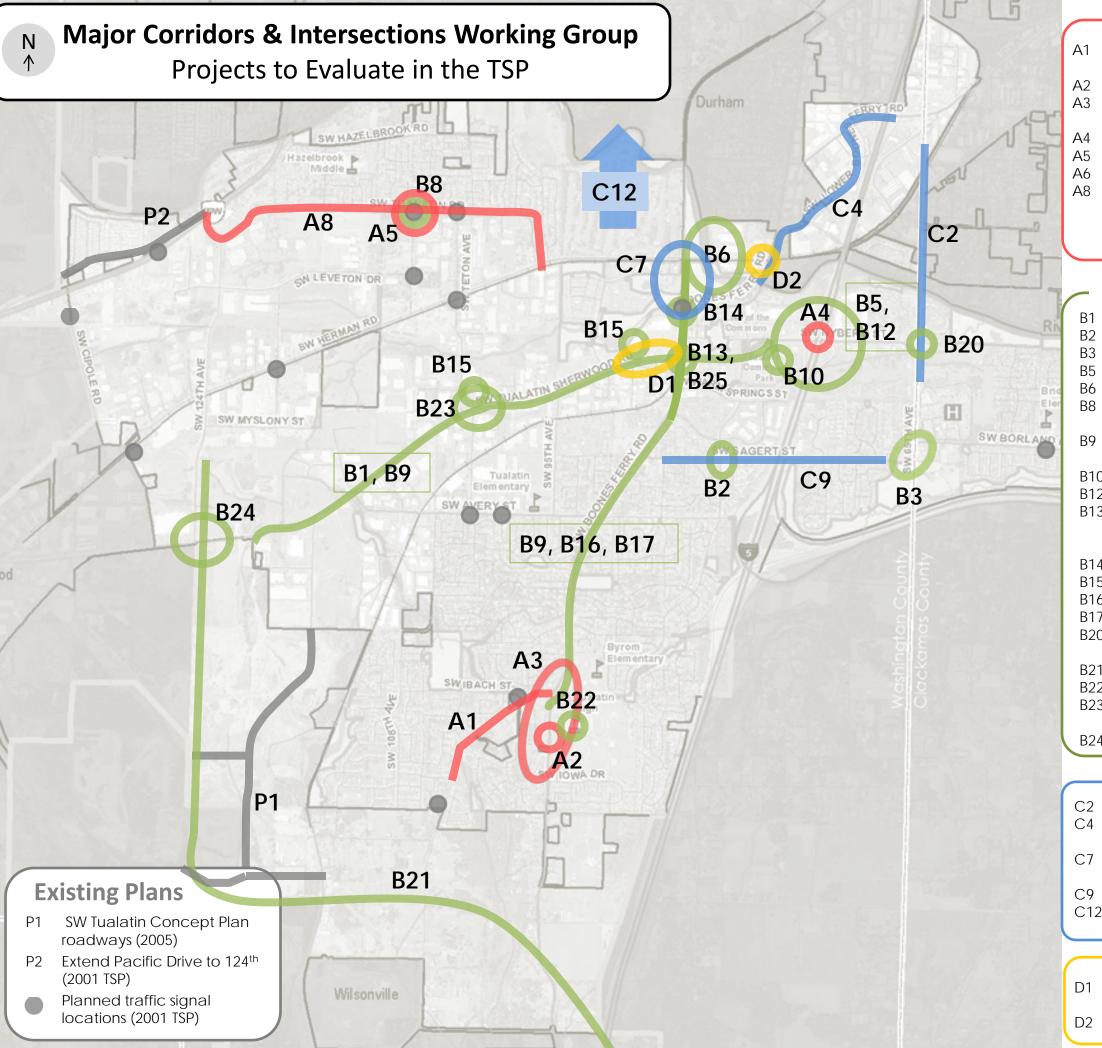
B12 Add a pedestrian overcrossing between the Community park and Tualatin Commons Not transportation related, project is cost prohibitive

- C1 Trail-Focused Ideas

 This project has been combined with B16
- C3 Add a pedestrian shortcut between Hazelbrook Rd and 99W
 - Not transportation related no identified need

Existing Facilities

- Existing multi-use paths
- Existing pedestrian paths



Safety-Focused Ideas

- A1 Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd
- A2 Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School
- A3 Consistent speed zones for both Tualatin High School & Byrom Elementary School
- A4 Improve the sight distance at the I-5-Nyberg Rd interchange
- A5 Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th Ave
- A6 General consistent use of yellow turn signals on all traffic signals
- A8 Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd. Make residential access easier.

Congestion-Focused Ideas

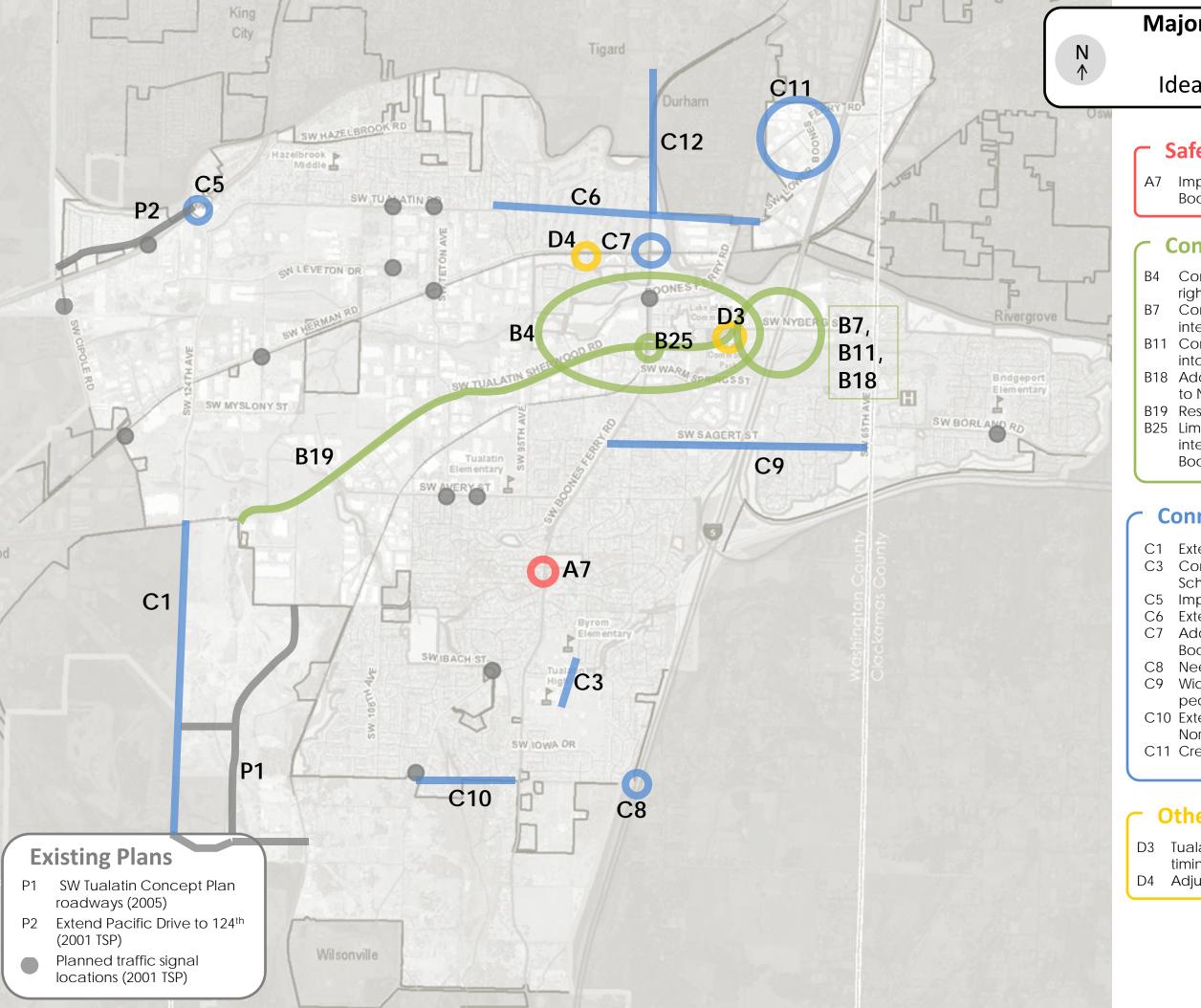
- B1 Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- Signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave
- B3 Realign Sagert St/Borland Rd intersection
- 5 Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange
- B6 Rethink access in vicinity of Tualatin Community Park
- B8 Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave <u>or</u> remove trees in the southwest corner
- B9 Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd; widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B10 Redesign the intersection at the Fred Meyer (from Nyberg Rd)
- B12 Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd
- B13 Extend the northbound left turn lane and create a southbound right turn lane on Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to reduce backup from WES train; add red light cameras
- B14 Reconfigure Boones Ferry Rd at Tualatin Rd
- B15 Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser
- B16 Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd
- B17 Widen Boones Ferry Rd
- B20 Roundabout or signal intersection at Nyberg Rd/65th Ave; keep Nyberg Rd 2 lanes
- B21 Extend 124th Ave and connect to I-5 and Tonquin Rd
- B22 Address congestion caused by high school
- B23 Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton Ave at Tualatin-Sherwood Rd
- B24 Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd at 124th Ave

Connectivity-Focused Ideas

- C2 Extend 65th Ave north
- C4 Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd near Bridgeport Village into downtown Tualatin
- C7 Revise connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd near the railroad tracks
- C9 Widen Sagert to 2 lanes in each direction
- C12 Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles

Other Ideas

- D1 Add lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to Fred Meyer, better lane signage for I-5. Install traffic camera for signal violations.
- D2 Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street



Major Corridors and Intersections Working Group

Ideas that will not be evaluated

Safety-Focused Ideas

A7 Improve sight distance and reduce speeds at Boones Ferry Rd and Arapaho Rd

Congestion-Focused Ideas

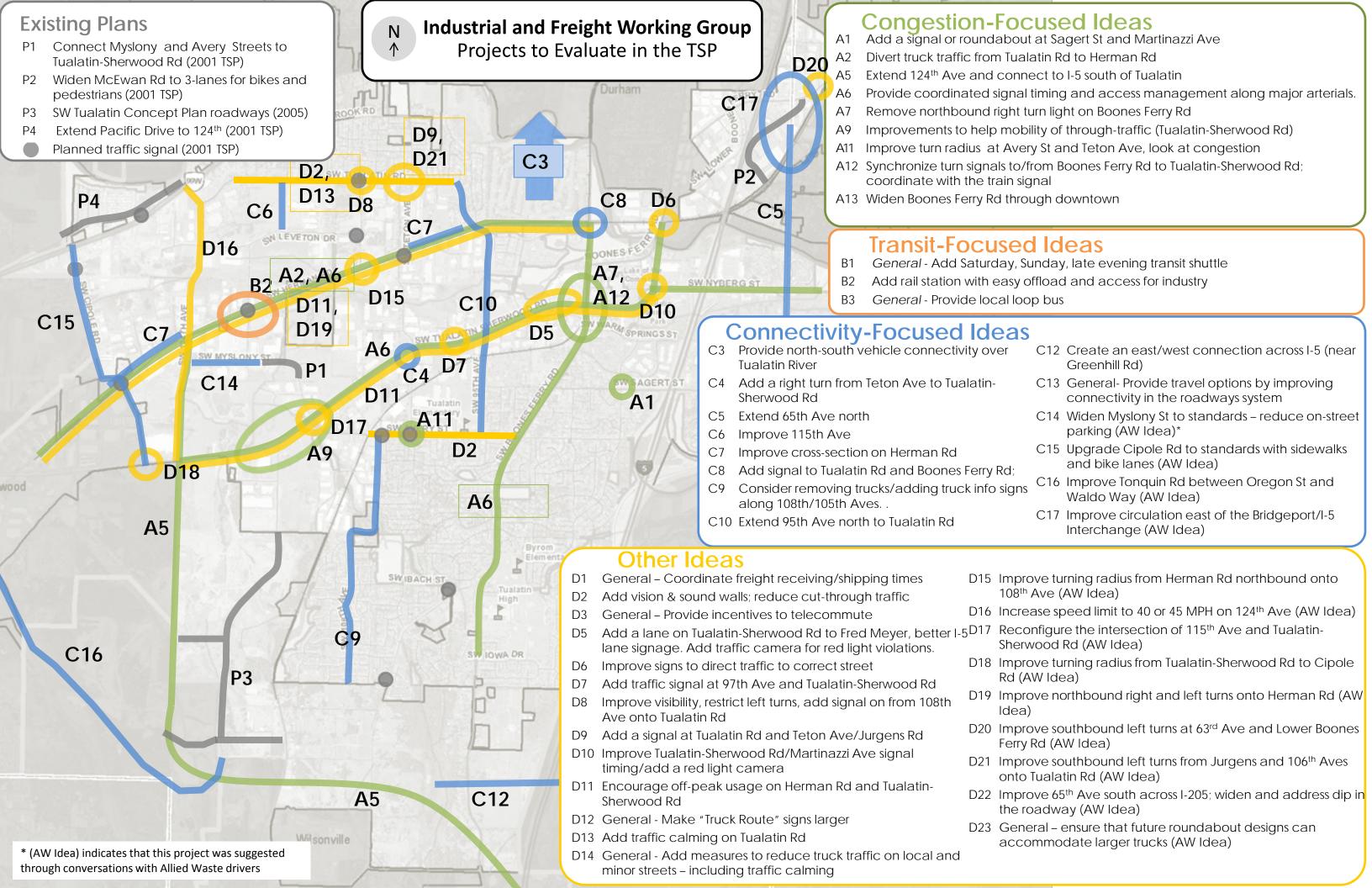
- B4 Consider a traffic loop in downtown (one way, right turn only)
- 7 Consider removing ramp signals at Nyberg interchange
- B11 Consider redesigning the Nyberg interchange into a full cloverleaf
- B18 Add a southbound left turn and right turn lane to Nyberg interchange
- B19 Restrict trucks to right lane. Widen travel lanes.
- B25 Limit access and grade separate the intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd

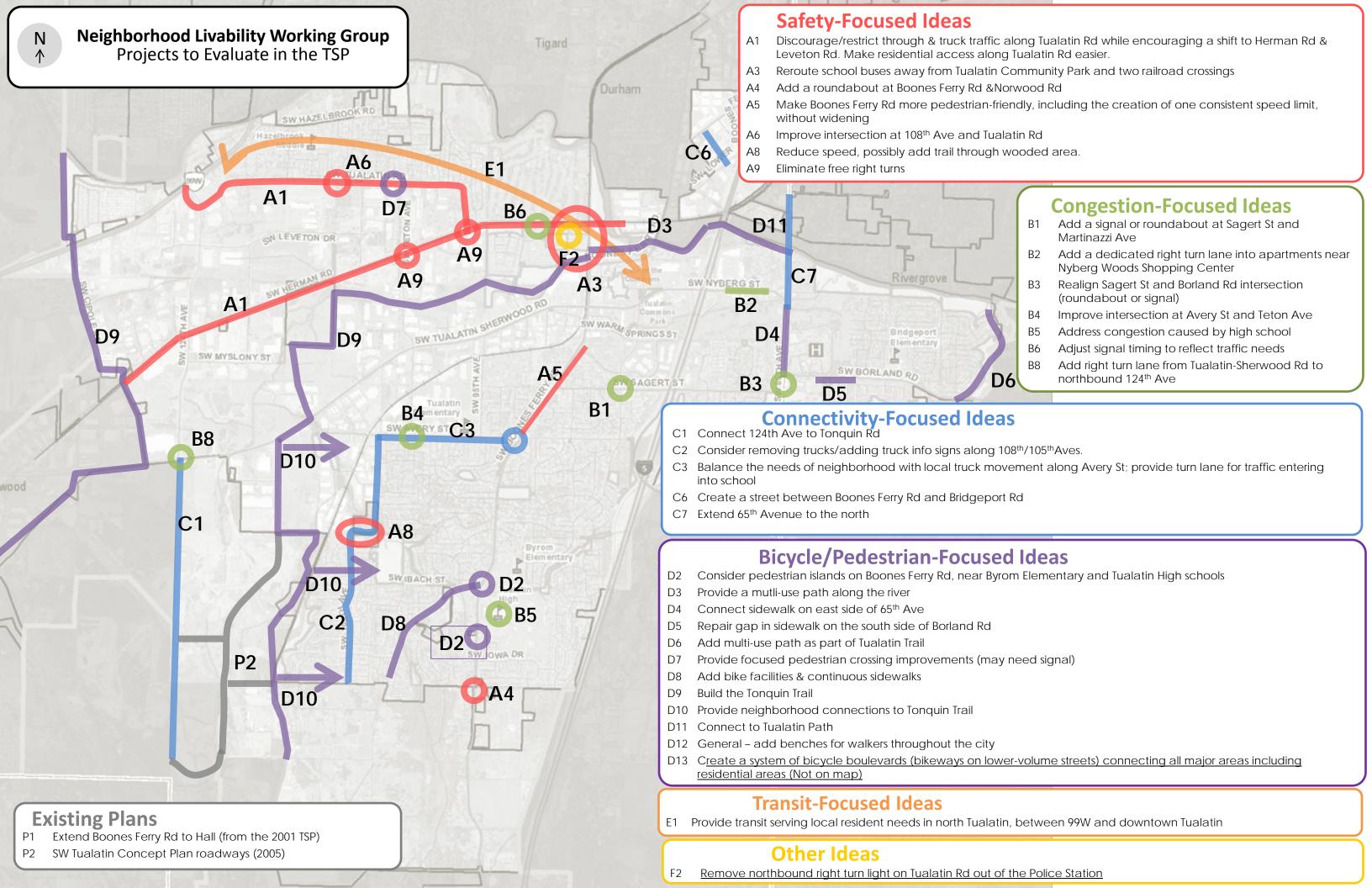
Connectivity-Focused Ideas

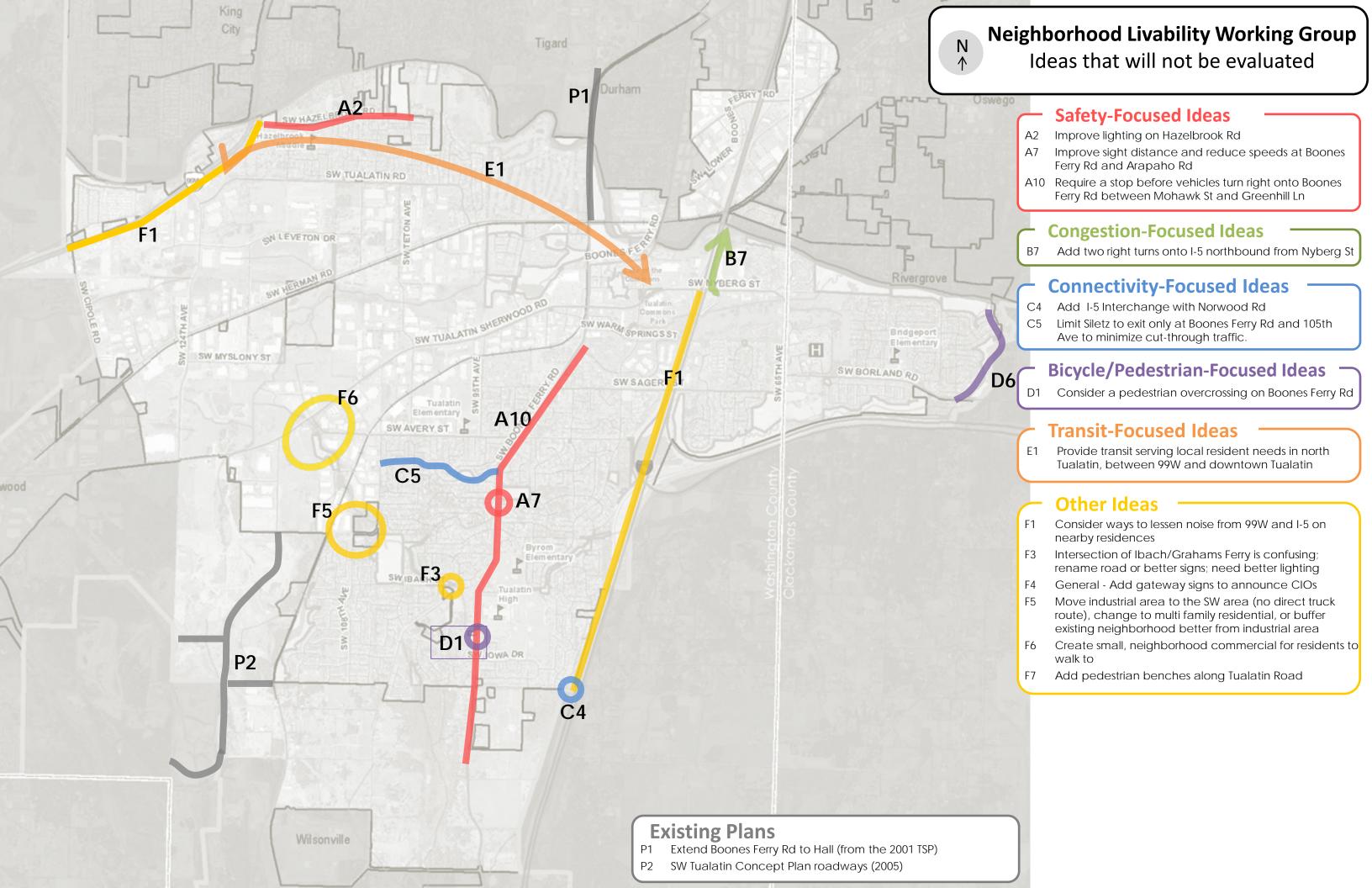
- C1 Extend 124th Ave to Tonquin Rd
- C3 Construct a new road between Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary
- C5 Improve intersection at 99 W and Tualatin Rd
- C6 Extend Tualatin Rd to Lower Boones Ferry Rd
- C7 Add a connection between Tualatin Rd and Boones Ferry Rd; revise signal
- C8 Need on/off ramps from I-5 to Norwood Rd
- C9 Widen Sagert St to 2-lanes each way with pedestrian median
- C10 Extend Helenius Rd (Grahams Ferry Rd to Norwood Rd)
- C11 Create street grid in Bridgeport

Other Ideas

- D3 Tualatin-Sherwood Rd/Martinazzi adjust signal timing, and add a red light camera
- D4 Adjust signal timing







Tualatin TSP Goals and Objectives

As accepted by the Transportation Task Force at its February 2, 2012 meeting With suggestions at and following Open House



Goal Category	Goal	Objective					
Access and Mobility	Maintain and enhance the transportation system to reduce	Improve travel time reliability/ provide travel information for all modes including freight and transit					
	travel times, provide travel time reliability, provide a functional and smooth transportation system, and promote access for all	Provide efficient and quick travel between point A and B					
	users.	Provide connectivity within the City between popular destinations and residential areas					
		Accommodate future traffic, bicycle, pedestrian, and transit demand					
		Reduce trip length and potential travel times for motor vehicles, freight, transit, bicycles, and walking					
		Improve comfort and convenience of travel for all modes including bicycles, pedestrians, and transit users					
		Increase access to key destinations for all modes					
Safety	Improve safety for all users, all modes, all ages, and all abilities within the City of Tualatin.	Address known safety locations, including high crash locations for motor vehicles, bicycles, and pedestrians					
		Address geometric deficiencies that could affect safety including intersection design, location and existence of facilities, and street design					
		Ensure emergency vehicles are able to provide services throughout the City to support a safe commun					
		Provide a secure transportation system for all modes					
Vibrant Community	Allow for a variety of alternative transportation choices for citizens of and visitors to Tualatin to support a high quality of life	Create a variety of safe options for transportation needs including bicycling, pedestrians, transit, freight, and motor vehicles					
	and the livability of the community. Produce a plan which respects and preserves neighborhood values and identity.	Provide complete streets that include universal access through pedestrian facilities, bicycle facilities and transit on some streets					
		Support a livable community with family-friendly neighborhoods					
		Maintain a small town feel					
quity	Consider the distribution of benefits and impacts from potential transportation options, and work towards fair access to transportation facilities for all users, all ages, and all abilities.	Promote a fair distribution of benefits and burdens on different populations within the City (i.e. low-income, transit dependant, minority, age groups) and different neighborhoods and employment areas within the City					
		Consider access to transit for all users					

Goal Category	Goal	Objective					
Economy	Support local employment, local businesses and a prosperous	Support a vibrant City Center and community, accessible to all modes of transportation					
	community while recognizing Tualatin's role in the regional economy	Support employment centers by providing transportation options to major employers					
		Increase access to employment and commercial centers on foot, bike, or transit					
		Consider positive and negative effects of alternatives on adjacent residential and business areas					
		Accommodate freight movement					
		Facilitate efficient access for goods, employees, and customers to and from commercial and industrial lands, including access to the regional transportation network.					
Health/Environment	Provide active transportation options to improve the health of	Provide active transportation options to area schools to reduce childhood obesity					
	citizens in Tualatin. Ensure transportation does not adversely impact public health or the environment.	Promote active transportation modes to support a healthy public and children of all ages					
		Provide interconnected networks for bicyclists and pedestrians throughout the City for all age groups					
		Consider air quality effects of potential transportation solutions					
		Protect park land and create an environmentally sustainable community					
		Consider positive and negative effects of potential solutions on the natural environment (including wetlands and habitat areas)					
Ability to be Implemented	Promote potential options that are able to be implemented because they have community and political support and are	Promote fiscal responsibility and ensure that potential transportation system options are able to be funded given existing and anticipated future funding sources					
	likely to be funded.	Evaluate for consistency with existing community, regional, and state goals and policies					
		Strive for broad community and political support					
		Optimize benefits over the life-cycle of the potential option					
		Consider transportation options that make best use of the existing network					
		Conduct the planning process with adequate input and feedback from citizens in each affected neighborhood					



Tualatin Transportation System Plan, Preliminary Recommendations

PREPARED FOR: Tualatin Transportation Task Force

COPY TO: Kaaren Hofmann, City of Tualatin

Alice Rouyer, City of Tualatin Dayna Webb, City of Tualatin

Eryn Deeming Kehe, JLA Public Involvement

Terra Lingley, CH2M HILL Alan Snook, DKS Associates

PREPARED BY: Theresa Carr, CH2M HILL

DATE: February 14, 2013

This memorandum provides a brief overview of the process used to identify preliminary project recommendations for the Tualatin Transportation System Plan (TSP), as presented to the Transportation Task Force (TTF) at its June 21st meeting. Evaluation summaries for each project idea, with the preliminary recommendations, are included at the end of this memo. Maps identifying the location of each project idea are also included.

In May 2012, the TSP's technical team reviewed each of the projects identified as feasible against a set of evaluation criteria. The evaluation criteria are quantitative or qualitative measures that help the team identify how well the project idea is at meeting the TSP's goals and objectives (see Preliminary Evaluation Results memo dated May 25, 2012 for more information on this evaluation) These results were discussed at the May 24th TTF meeting, and with each of the six Working Groups at their third round of meetings, as follows:

- Downtown (June 4)
- Transit (June 5)
- Bicycle and Pedestrian (June 6)
- Industrial and Freight (June 13, mid-day)
- Neighborhood Livability (June 13, evening)
- Major Corridors and Intersections (June 14)

The attached evaluations have been refined to reflect modest changes made during these meetings.

In late May, the technical team conducted a preliminary assessment of whether each project idea should be moved forward into the TSP. All Working Group participants also had this discussion, and participants at Working Group meetings were asked to place dots next to project ideas they thought should or should not move forward, as follows:

- Green dots (participants were given five total) denoted the projects that would provide the greatest value to the community
- Red dots (participants were given five total) denoted projects that should not move forward into the TSP

Working Group participants did not need to use all dots provided. Photos of this dot exercise are on the project website at www.tualatintsp.org. Following the third round of meetings the technical team incorporated feedback from the Working Groups into the attached preliminary recommendations. The attached tables are organized to illustrate the following:

- Projects that should be included in the TSP
- 2. Projects that should only be included as part of an urban upgrade, consistent with design standards for that roadway's functional classification
- 3. Projects that should not be included in the TSP
- 4. Projects that are topics for further refinement in the summer months

(Please note: Many project ideas were discussed at more than one Working Group meeting. The project team strives for consistency in wording, evaluation, and recommendations, but do allow these crosscutting project ideas to be reported under each Working Group topic area.)

At its June 21st meeting, the TTF will review developments from this third round of Working Group meetings, and TTF members will be asked to accept or refine the preliminary recommendations before they are forwarded to the community as a whole for review over the summer months.

Six areas have been identified for further refinement over the summer months:

- 1. Tualatin-Sherwood Road options
- 2. Nyberg Interchange options
- 3. Boones Ferry Road options
- 4. North to South connectivity options
- 5. Herman Road and Tualatin Road options
- 6. Downtown connectivity options

For each of the six areas above, the traffic analysis and conceptual design teams will be evaluating up to three alternatives to be discussed with the Task Force during July and August and with the community over the summer months and at a larger meeting in September. Tradeoffs will be discussed related to traffic, connectivity, right of way, environmental, and cost.

Bicycle and Pedestrian Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Add pedestrian crossing treatments at key locations on Tualatin-Sherwood and Nyberg	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A2	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg	•	•	•	•		•	-	Yes
А3	Improve visibility and safety near schools at crosswalks	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	Yes
A4	Improve visibility at crosswalk at Siletz Dr and Boones Ferry Rd	0	•	0	0	-	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide wayfinding for Safe Routes to School	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
B1	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	Yes
B8	Fill sidewalk gaps on Grahams Ferry, Boones Ferry, and Herman	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
В9	Add bicycle and pedestrian facilities on 105th Ave, Blake St, and 108th Ave	•			•	•	•	•	Yes
B11	Add dedicated bike lane through Avery and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
B13	Improve bicycle and pedestrian treatments at railroad crossings		•	N/A	N/A	•	•	0	Yes
B16	Add I-5 multi-use crossing – connect to planned and existing multi-use paths	•	0	•	•	-	•	-	Yes
B20	Add benches for walkers throughout the city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
C4	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	Yes
C5	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
B2	Add sidewalks and bicycle lanes on Norwood	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	Only upon urban upgrade

Page 1 As of June, 2012

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
B4	Add bicycle facilities near the hospital, 95th and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	_	•	Only upon urban upgrade, or as part of A2
В6	Better accommodate pedestrians on the bridges	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Only upon urban upgrade
B15	Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Only upon urban upgrade
В3	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood Rd for bicyclists and pedestrians	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	0	No – Tonquin Trail
В7	Build a raised intersection at Seneca and Nyberg	0	0		0	•	•	0	No
B10	Add bike box on Boones Ferry Rd near the Sweek House	0	•	•	0	•	0	•	No
B17	Create a bike path to Old Town Sherwood as this area develops	•	•	7	-	•	•	0	No – Tonquin Trail
B18	Add a grade-separated crossing over 99W	•	•	0	0	•	0	0	No
B19	Add bike detection loops at major intersections	-	N/A		N/A	•	•	•	No
B5	Improve bicycle facility treatments in downtown core	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
B14	Improve pedestrian crossing along Boones Ferry Rd		-	•	•	•	N/A	•	Refinement topic area
B21	Allow wider sidewalks for strolling and outdoor cafes	N/A	•	•	•	•	N/A	•	Refinement topic area
C2	Build pedestrian and bicycle bridges over the Tualatin River	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area

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Downtown Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access /	Safety	Vibrant	Economy	Health /	Equity	Ability to be	Preliminary
	·	Mobility	•	Community	•	Environment		Implemented	Recommendation
A1	Upgrade bridge surface and improve	•	•	•	•	•	_	_	Yes
	illumination along path in back of Haggens								
A5	Redesign Fred Meyer to Kmart intersection (including pedestrian crossing)	•	•	•			_	•	Yes
B1	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
В3	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0		0	•	•	Yes
В7	Replace/widen Boones Ferry Road bridge over Tualatin River	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	Yes
C1	Build trail along river from Boones Ferry to downtown, extend to greenway	•	•		-	•	•	•	Yes
C4	Create grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with connection to Seneca	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D2	Upgrade Nyberg interchange for bicyclist safety	•	•		0	•	•	0	Yes
D6	Improve sidewalks and bicycle lane at Boones Ferry to Lower Boones Ferry	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	Yes
D7	Bike and pedestrian treatments near Bridgeport Village	7	-	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
D8	Provide signage to accommodate bicycles on Boones Ferry	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D9	Add bicycle lane on Martinazzi north of Warm Springs	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
F1	Encourage multimodal circulation and transit-oriented redevelopment	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
F2	Look for opportunities to open downtown's connection to the riverfront	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
F4	Add structured parking in the downtown core	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A2	Consider raised intersections on Martinazzi	0	•	•	0	_	•	•	No
A4	Reduce speeds near Bridgeport Village	0	•	0	0	•	N/A	0	No
A7	Add pedestrian island on Martinazzi Ave north of Seneca	0	•	0	•		-	•	No
C6	Create road connections between Boones Ferry Rd and SW 90th Ave	•	0	N/A	•	0	•	0	No
D4	Add pedestrian crossing at the WES stop (Seneca)	0	0	•	0		•	0	No
D10	Coordinate traffic signal timing to accommodate pedestrians	0	N/A	•	0	0	•	0	No
D11	Add focused pedestrian crossing over Boones Ferry Road at Tonka	0	•	1.	0	-	•	0	No
F3	Eliminate parking minimum development requirements and consider parking maximums	N/A	•	0	0	N/A	N/A	0	No
A6	Add roundabout at Boones Ferry and Lower Boones Ferry Road	•	0	0	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
В9	Widen Boones Ferry Rd	•	_	•	•	0	•	0	Refinement topic area
B10	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	7	7	0	•	0	•	0	Refinement topic area
C2	Provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	•	-	•	•	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
C5	Improve downtown core street connectivity		•	•	0	•	•	0	Refinement topic area
D1	Redesign pedestrian crossings, consider flashing lights	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement topic area
D3	Optimize intersections to reduce conflicts along Boones Ferry and Tualatin Sherwood Roads	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement topic area

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Industrial and Freight Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert/ Martinazzi	•	-	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
A5	Extend 124th Ave to the south	•	•	•	•	—	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide coordinated signal timing and access management along major arterials	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A11	Address congestion on Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	_	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A12	Synchronize turn signals to/from Boones Ferry to Tualatin-Sherwood; coordinate with the train signal	•	N/A	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
B1	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	•	N/A			•	•	•	Yes
В3	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
C5	Extend 65th Ave north	•	_	0	•	0	•	0	Yes
C9	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A	•	0	•	0	•	Yes
C12	Create an east/west connection across I-5 (near Greenhill Rd)			-	•	•	•	•	Yes (with Basalt Creek)
D1	Coordinate freight receiving/ shipping times	•	•	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
D3	Provide incentives to telecommute		_	N/A	•	•	•	•	Yes
D5	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0	•	•	N/A	•	Yes
D11	Encourage off-peak usage on Herman Rd and Tualatin-Sherwood Rd		N/A	N/A	•	•	N/A	•	Yes
D14	Add measures to reduce truck traffic on local and minor collectors	0	•	•	0	-	•	-	Yes
D22	Improve 65th Ave south across I-205; widen and address dip in the roadway	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	-	Yes

Page 5 As of June, 2012

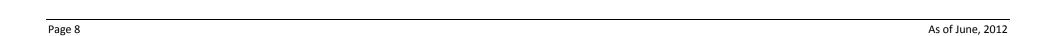
ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
D23	Ensure that future roundabout designs can accommodate larger trucks	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
C14	Widen Myslony St to standards - reduce on- street parking	•	•	N/A	•	N/A		•	Only with urban upgrade
C15	Upgrade Cipole Rd to standards with sidewalks and bike lanes	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Only with urban upgrade
C16	Improve Tonquin Rd between Oregon St and Waldo Way	•	•	N/A	-	N/A		•	Only with urban upgrade
A7	Remove NB right turn light on Boones Ferry	•	0	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
C4	Add a left turn from Teton to Tualatin Rd	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
C6	Improve 115th Ave	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	No
C8	Add signal to Tualatin and Boones Ferry intersection	•	•	N/A		0	•	0	No
C10	Extend 95th Ave north to Tualatin Rd	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	No
C13	Provide travel options by improving connectivity in the roadway system	•			-	•	•	•	No
D2	Add vision and sound walls; reduce cut- through traffic	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	No
D6	Improve signs to direct traffic to correct street		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
D10	Improve Tualatin-Sherwood and Martinazzi signal timing	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D12	Make "Truck Route" signs larger	N/A	N/A	•	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D16	Increase speed limit to 40 or 45 MPH on 124th Ave	•	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
D20	Improve southbound left turns at 63rd and Lower Boones Ferry	-	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	No
B2	Add rail station with easy offload and access for industry in the west part of town	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Needs Refinement
C17	Improve circulation east of the Bridgeport/ I-5 Interchange		•	•	•	•	•	_	Needs Refinement

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A2	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A9	Improvements to help mobility of through- traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	•	•	0		•	Refinement Topic Area
A13	Widen Boones Ferry Rd through downtown	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
C3	Provide north-south vehicle connectivity over Tualatin River	•	•	•	•		•	0	Refinement Topic Area
C7	Improve cross-section on Herman Rd	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D7	Add traffic signal at 97th Ave and Tualatin- Sherwood Rd	•	•				N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D8	Improve visibility, add signal restrict left turns from 108th onto Tualatin	•	•	-	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D9	Add a signal at Tualatin Rd and Teton Ave/Jurgens Rd	•	N/A	7	-	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D13	Add traffic calming on Tualatin Road	0	0	•	0	•	•	-	Refinement Topic Area
D15	Improve turning radius from Herman Rd northbound onto 108th Ave			N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D17	Reconfigure the intersection of 115th and Tualatin-Sherwood	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D18	Improve turning radius from Tualatin- Sherwood to Cipole	-		N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D19	Improve NB right and left turns onto Herman	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area
D21	Improve SB left turns from Jurgens and 106th onto Tualatin	-	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Refinement Topic Area

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Major Corridors and Intersections Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A1	Reduce speeds, add guardrail and shoulders to this section of Grahams Ferry Rd	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
А3	Consistent speed zones for Tualatin High School and Byrom Elementary School	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
A6	Consistent use of yellow turn signals at traffic signals	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
B2	Signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•	•			-	0	•	Yes
B6	Rethink access between Tualatin Road and Tualatin Community Park	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
В8	Prohibit left turns out of 108th Ave <u>or</u> remove trees in the southwest corner	0	•	0		•	0	•	Yes
В9	Coordinate signal timing on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	Yes
B10	Redesign Nyberg/Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing	-	•		•	•	•	•	Yes
B16	Add bus pullouts on Boones Ferry Rd	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	Yes
B21	Extend 124th Ave to south		-	_	•	•	•	•	Yes
B23	Add a dedicated right turn lane on Teton at Tualatin-Sherwood	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	Yes
C2	Extend 65th Ave to the north	•		0	•	0	•	0	Yes
C4	Improve traffic flow on Lower Boones Ferry Rd between Bridgeport Village and downtown	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D1	Add eastbound lane on Tualatin-Sherwood from Martinazzi to I-5	•	•	0	•	0	•	•	Yes
A2	Add traffic signal at Tualatin High School	•	•	_	N/A	_	0	0	No
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
B14	Reconfigure Boones Ferry at Tualatin Road	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	No

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
B15	Add a 4-way stop by 90th Ave at Kaiser	0	•	•	0	-	•	•	No
B20	Roundabout or signal at Nyberg and 65 th intersection	•	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	No
B22	Address congestion caused by high school	•	•	•	•	-	0	•	No
C7	Revise connection between Tualatin and Boones Ferry near the railroad tracks	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	No
C9	Widen Sagert to 2-lanes each way	•	•	0	•	0	0	0	No
D2	Better signs needed to direct traffic to correct street	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A4	Improve sight distance at I-5 and Nyberg Rd interchange	N/A	•	N/A		-	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A5	Add traffic signal on Tualatin Rd at 108th	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A8	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•				•	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B1	Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	•	•	0	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
В5	Restrict right turn on red at Nyberg Interchange	0		N/A	0	•	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B12	Make two right turn lanes from I-5 north onto Nyberg Rd	•	•	N/A	•	0	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B13	Extend NB left turn and create a SB right turn lane on Boones Ferry at Tualatin- Sherwood to reduce backup from WES train	•		•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B17	Widen Boones Ferry Rd at the south end of the City	•	•	•	•	0	•	0	Refinement Topic Area
B24	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	-	•	N/A	•	•	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
C12	Look for ways to provide north-south connectivity over Tualatin River for vehicles	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	Refinement Topic Area

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Neighborhood Livability Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
А3	Reroute school buses away from Tualatin	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
A8	Community Park and railroad crossings Reduce speed, possibly add trail through wooded area	0	•	•	0	*	7	•	Yes
B1	Add signal or roundabout at Sagert and Martinazzi	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	Yes
B4	Improve intersection at Avery and Teton	•	•	N/A	-	N/A	N/A	•	Yes
C1	Extend 124th Ave to south	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
C2	Consider removing trucks/adding truck info signs along 108th/105th Aves	0	N/A		0	•	•	•	Yes
C3	Balance needs of neighborhood with local truck movement along Avery St; provide turn lane for traffic entering into school	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	Yes
C7	Extend 65th Ave to the north	•	-	0	•	0	•	0	Yes
D3	Provide a multi-use path along the river	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D4	Multi-use path on 65th Ave between Borland and Nyberg		-	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D5	Repair sidewalk gap on south side of Borland	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D6	Add multi-use path as part of Tualatin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D9	Build the Tonquin Trail	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D10	Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D11	Connect to Tualatin Path	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D12	Add benches for walkers throughout city	N/A	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D13	Create a bicycle boulevard system connecting major areas	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
E1	Provide transit serving local resident needs in north Tualatin, between 99W and downtown Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
D8	Add bike facilities and continuous sidewalks along Graham's Ferry Road	•	•	•	N/A	•	•	•	Only with urban upgrade
В3	Realign Sagert /Borland to one intersection	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
B5	Address congestion caused by high school	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	No
C6	Create a street between Boones Ferry Rd and Bridgeport Rd	•	•	0	0	0	0	0	No
F2	Remove right turn light in the northbound direction on Tualatin Rd out of the Police Station	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•	No
A1	Discourage through and truck traffic along Tualatin Rd while encouraging through and truck traffic along Herman Rd	•	•				•	0	Refinement Topic Area
A4	Add a roundabout at Boones Ferry Rd and Norwood Rd.	•	•	0	0	0	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A5	Make Boones Ferry Rd more pedestrian- friendly	•			•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A6	Improve intersection at 108th and Tualatin	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
Α9	Eliminate free right turns – on Herman Rd at Teton Ave and Tualatin Rd	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
B2	Add a dedicated right turn lane into apartments near Nyberg Woods Shopping Center	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
В6	Adjust signal timing to give priority to Tualatin Road through traffic		-	0	•	0	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
B8	Add right turn lane on Tualatin-Sherwood at 124th	•	•	N/A	•	•	0	•	Refinement Topic Area
D2	Add pedestrian islands on Boones Ferry, near Byrom ES and Tualatin HS	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
D7	Provide focused pedestrian crossing improvements along Tualatin Road	0	•	•	0	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area

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Transit Preliminary Project Recommendations

ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A2	Provide bus transit service on 124th Street	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
A3	Provide bus transit service on Avery Street	•	N/A	•	•	-		•	Yes
A5	Extend bus service to east Tualatin	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	_	Yes
А7	Explore a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service	•	N/A	•			•	•	Yes
A8	Provide a loop bus route serving local residents	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes
A10	Expand shuttle for industrial and manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares	•	N/A			•	•	•	Yes
A12	General – need extended service for all transit	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	0	Yes/ Focus on 96
B2	Provide high capacity transit service on Tualatin-Sherwood Road	•	N/A		•	•	•	•	Yes (combine with South Corridor conversation)
C1	Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transitoriented development opportunities, and local transit connections	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D1	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin		N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Yes
D2	Look for potential park-and-ride locations in south Tualatin	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	Yes
D3	Add parking capacity at Tualatin Park-and-Ride - Potential structure	•	N/A	•	•	0	•	•	Yes
A6	Provide express bus service between Tualatin and Salem	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No

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ID	Project Idea	Access / Mobility	Safety	Vibrant Community	Economy	Health / Environment	Equity	Ability to be Implemented	Preliminary Recommendation
A13	General – use more energy efficient buses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A14	Coordinate bus schedules with WES schedule	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
A16	Add stops on higher volume routes	0	N/A	•	N/A	-	_	0	No
B1	Add more bicycle storage at the WES station	•	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	No
В4	Build an elevated pedestrian bridge to connect the Tualatin park-and-ride with shopping	•	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	No
D4	Look for opportunities to reduce size of or relinquish underutilized park-and-ride lots and transfer spaces to higher utilized areas	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	No
D5	Add a park-and-ride in east Tualatin	•	N/A	•	N/A	•	•	•	No
A1	Provide bus transit service on Herman Road	•	N/A	•	•	•	•	•	Refinement Topic Area
A4	Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Road between downtown and 99W	•	N/A	•	7	-	•	•	Refinement Topic Area

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City of Tualatin

Refinement Areas (Part 1) Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
July 19, 2012

Presentation Outline

- Focus of tonight's discussion
- Refinement area presentation and discussion
 - Nyberg interchange
 - 65th Avenue
 - North-south connectivity
 - Herman Road and Tualatin Road
- Next steps and preview of August meeting

Where We Are In the TSP Process

STEP 1 STEP 2 STEP 3 STEP 4 Develop and Create and Identify Needs and Make Recommendations **Opportunities** Evaluate Solutions Adopt the Plan Develop Goals and Prepare Draft Project Create a Long List of Objectives Recommendations **Potential Solutions** Develop a Survey Existing Refine Project Draft TSP Screen/Evaluate Conditions Recommendations How Ideas Help Adopt the Meet Goals and Forecast Future **Prioritize Project** Final TSP We are Objectives Conditions Recommendations here * Public Involvement * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included Activities Included

Progress Since our June 21st Meeting...

- 1. Mobilized the team to conduct additional analysis on refinement areas
 - ✓ Traffic and safety
 - ✓ Conceptual design
 - Environmental and policy
- 2. Team meetings to share information, package options
- 3. Discuss options with City, agencies

Our Seven Refinement Topic Areas

- 1. Nyberg interchange
- 2. 65th Avenue
- 3. North to south connectivity
- 4. Herman Road and Tualatin Road
- 5. Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 6. Boones Ferry Road
- 7. Tualatin's Downtown Circulation

Tonight's Discussion Focuses on 1-4

- 1. Nyberg interchange
- 2. 65th Avenue
- 3. North to south connectivity
- 4. Herman Road and Tualatin Road
- 5. Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 6. Boones Ferry Road
- 7. Tualatin's Downtown Circulation

Next Month's Discussion Focuses on 5-7

- 1. Nyberg interchange
- 2. 65th Avenue
- 3. North to south connectivity
- 4. Herman Road and Tualatin Road
- Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- 6. Boones Ferry Road
- 7. Tualatin's Downtown Circulation

Plus we will answer questions and revisit anything as needed from tonight's meeting

Organization of Presentation

- Goal statement
- Description and sketch of possible solution
- Considerations
 - Local traffic, safety
 - City-wide traffic
 - Design considerations/constraints
 - Environmental/policy considerations

Your Role Tonight

- 1. Discuss as a task force the tradeoffs of various solutions
- 2. What are the benefits of doing something, vs. doing nothing?
- 3. What are the impacts?
- 4. Weigh in on forwarding options to the Summit

An Overall Context

- The TSP is in preliminary recommendations stage, through September
- We hope to reach resolution on some items tonight
- We don't expect to reach resolution on everything
- The conversation continues...
 - Online
 - August TTF meeting
 - September summit



Refinement Area Discussion

By Topic Area



Refinement Area #1: Nyberg Interchange



Goal Statement (#1 of 2)

Address safety at the Nyberg Interchange for all modes



Possible Solution



- A. Paint bike lanes
- B. Redesign bike lane at east end of interchange
- C. Skip striping on bike lane at west end of interchange
- D. Improve lane signage west of interchange
- E. Move guardrail on SB off ramp
- F. Disallow right turns on red from SB off ramp
- G.Redesign WB-NB movement to enhance safety
- H. Redesign NB off ramp to discourage traffic getting off and then right back onto I-5

Nyberg Interchange - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	Minor effects on motor vehicle traffic	
	Moderate safety benefits	
City-wide traffic	Minimal effect on city-wide traffic	•
Design Constraints /	Revisions can be incorporated with minor impacts	
Considerations	Provides better delineation for traffic and bicyclists	
	Redesigns the NB on ramp to allow double rights	
	Discourages the NB through traffic with minor impacts	
Environmental /	Painted pavement would require ODOT review/approval	
Policy Considerations	• Recent precedent for painted bike lanes on ODOT facility	_
	Minor changes to the interchange configuration will not	
	impact the wetlands preservation district	











Discussion

Technical team recommendation:
Yes, move this option forward to the Summit



Goal Statement (#2 of 2)

Reduce congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Road for eastbound drivers

Possible Solution

 Add a new lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Road in the eastbound direction from Martinazzi to I-5





Nyberg Interchange - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	Minor increase in EB traffic accessing freeway	
	Operations stay relatively consistent	•
	Could detract from bicycle and pedestrian safety	
City-wide traffic	This potential solution has minimal effect on city-wide traffic	•
Design Constraints /	Width of Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Nyberg Street from	
Considerations	Martinazzi to the east is tight	
	No impacts forecasted to the Fred Meyer truck access road	
	Requires removal of mature street trees	_
	• Possible solution would be to shift lanes and widen to median	
	Past Fred Meyer intersection, widening would likely require	
	walls, structure widening and impacts to sensitive areas	
Environmental /	The area is already built	
Policy Considerations	Only impacts are to the landscaping strip between the	
	roadway and Fred Meyer	











Discussion

Technical team recommendation:

Yes, forward on to summit as a long-term solution (10-20 year timeframe)



Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue



Goal Statements

- 1. Provide north-south connectivity east of I-5
- 2. Address forecasted future congestion along 65th Avenue

Possible Solution

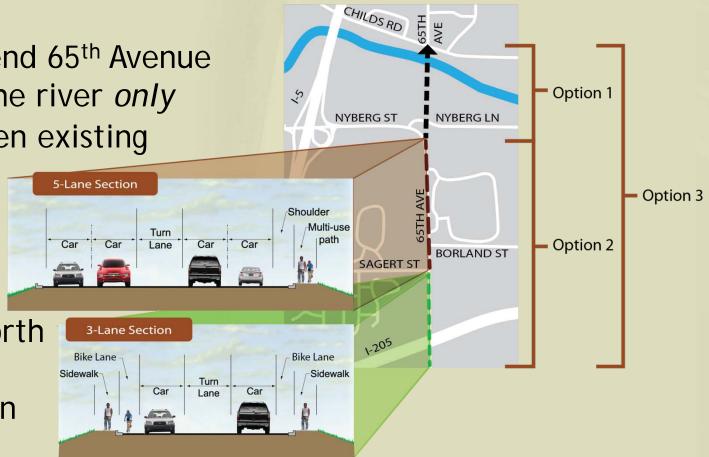
Option 1: Extend 65th Avenue north across the river only

Option 2: Widen existing

section of 65th Avenue only

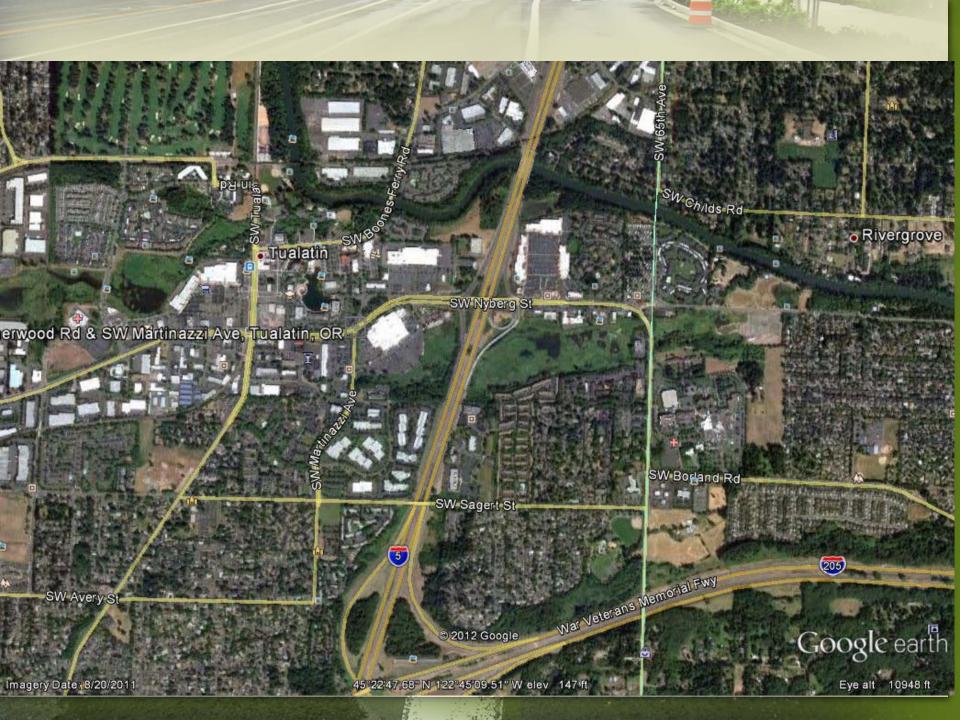
Option 3:

Extend 65th Avenue north and widen existing section



65th Avenue - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	 Extension allows for Connectivity to north Potential for 1,000-1,200 vehicles during PM peak hour Widening allows Capacity to service the future demand on the roadway and at intersections 	
City-wide traffic	 Extension would Reduce traffic on I-5 and Boones Ferry Road Create slight increase in traffic on Tualatin Sherwood Road eastbound over the Nyberg interchange 	



65th Avenue - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints /	• Extension considerations:	
Considerations	➤ 40' ± right of way available from river to Childs	
	➤ Alignment could be designed to avoid lift station	
	east/south of Nyberg Lane	
	Widening considerations:	
	➤ Widening Borland to Nyberg possible for bikes and peds	
	with minor impacts until structure crossing Nyberg	
	Creek and wetlands area	
	➤ Widening for lane/capacity involves more significant	
	right of way and utility impacts	
	➤ Signal at Sagert less impactful than combining Sagert	
	and Borland into one intersection	
Environmental /	 Multi-jurisdictional coordination needed 	
Policy Considerations	• Impacts to Metro riparian class I-III habitat	
	• Easements or right of way required to extend and/or widen	
	65 th Avenue	











Discussion

Technical team recommendation: Forward Option 3 (Extend 65th Avenue to north, widen existing section) on to summit



Refinement Area #3: North to South Connectivity



Goal Statement

Improve north-south connectivity west of I-5

Possible Solution

Note: All options below extend north across the Tualatin River, west of I-5

- Option 1: Extend west of railroad tracks, east of country club
- Option 2: Widen Boones Ferry Road
- Option 3: Extend 90th to north (not shown)
- Option 4: Extend west of country club (not shown)

North-South Connectivity - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	 Allows for better north-south connectivity 	
	 New roadway potential to carry up to 1,000-1,500 vehicles in each direction during PM peak hour 	
City-wide traffic	 Potential draw from Hwy 99W, Boones Ferry Road, and Interstate 5 	
	 Potential to affect Downtown roadways, potentially difficult tie-ins with existing street network, impact varies depending on alignment 	

North-South Connectivity - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 All options require significant right of way All options require coordination with Oregon Department of Transportation Rail Division regarding rail crossings Option to widen Boones Ferry Road has most impacts to existing buildings, followed by extension of 90th and extension west of country club 	
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Multi-jurisdictional coordination needed Impacts to historic structures Extension is included in Tigard TSP and Washington County TSP 	











Discussion

Technical Team Recommendation:

None at this time. Obtain input
from TTF, come back to August
TTF to discuss what (if any)
option is forwarded to summit



Refinement Area #4: Herman Road and Tualatin Road



Goal Statement

Encourage through traffic to move onto Herman Road and off of Tualatin Road

Possible Solution



- A. Reclassify Herman
- B. Upgrade the remaining section of Herman
- C. Lower speeds on Tualatin
- D. Eliminate free right turn at Tualatin/Herman intersection, consider roundabout
- E. Add signals at the east and west ends of Tualatin
- F. Remove trees at Tualatin and 108th
- G. Modify channelization of 124th and Tualatin, consider roundabout
- H. Signage to indicate that Tualatin is for local traffic

Herman Road and Tualatin Road - Findings

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Local traffic/safety	 Major effect is shifting of traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road On the west end traffic is diverted to 124th On the east end traffic is diverted to Herman Small amount of traffic shifted to Tualatin-Sherwood Road Some traffic diverted along Hwy 99W up to Durham Road 	
City-wide traffic	Minimal effects to city-wide trafficMajority of effects are local	•

Tualatin Road and Herman Road - Findings

	ideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Consider	Constraints / rations	 Traffic calming can be installed with minor impacts Projects could be chicane type improvements (lane weave) or speed tables Coordination with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue and Tualatin Police likely needed Improvements to Herman and the intersection of Tualatin/ Herman require right of way New locations for signals recommended at Jurgens and 115th have not been analyzed for warrants Removal of tree(s) at Teton, at the SW quadrant improve sight distance but have impacts to natural resources 	
Environn Policy Co	nental / onsiderations	 Some adjacent land would be required north of Herman to widen to three lanes Potential impact some landscaping and parking Planter circles and speed table design standards would need to be added to the City's code 	•











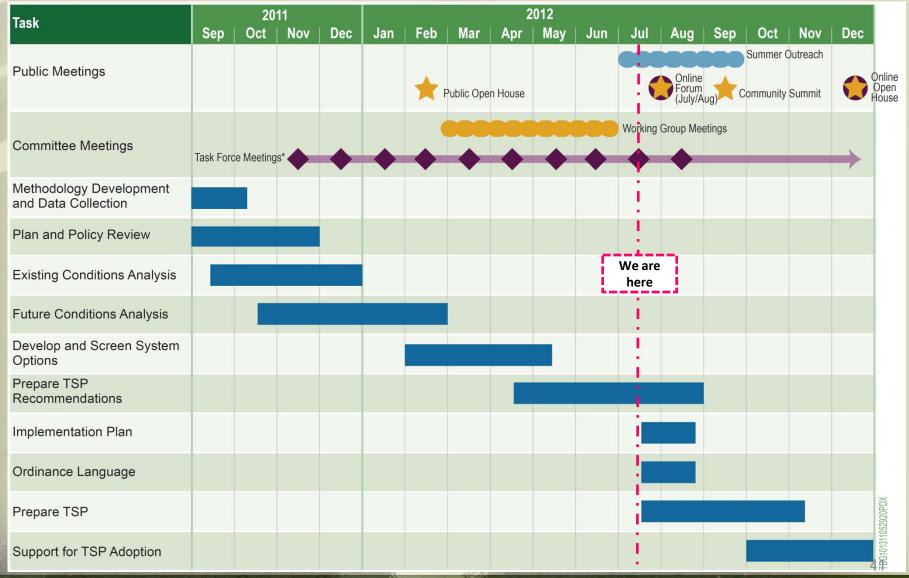
Discussion

Technical team recommendation: Yes, move this option forward to Summit

What Happens Next?

- July continue analysis and respond to TTF questions
- August 23 meeting review/discuss findings for remaining refinement areas
 - What are the benefits?
 - What are the impacts?
 - What are we willing to accept?
- Transportation Community Summit in September (September 20th)

Transportation System Plan Timeline



Refinement Area #1: Nyberg Interchange

Concept Package #1: Safety-Focused Solutions

Goal Statement

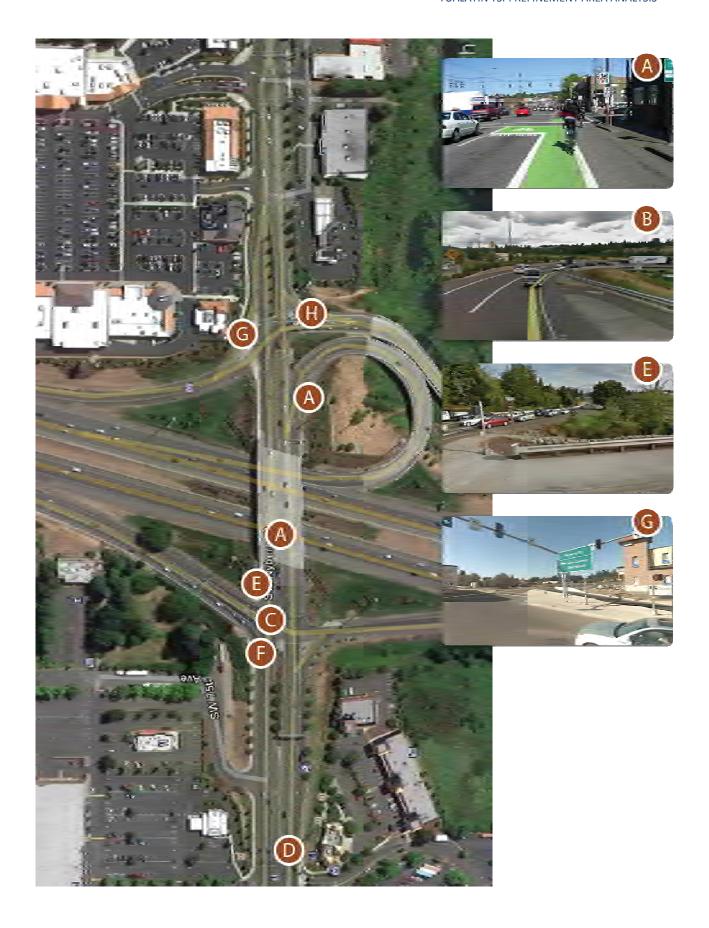
The primary goal for this refinement area is to address safety concerns at the Nyberg interchange, for all modes. The interchange serves as the main connection between Tualatin and the I-5 freeway, but also via Nyberg Road provides a main connection between downtown and east Tualatin. The interchange ramps have the highest crash rates in Tualatin, including several reported bicycle- and pedestrian-related crashes.

Possible Solution

The following solutions are put forth as one package at the Nyberg interchange area:

- A. Paint the pavement through the interchange area to make the bicycle lane more visible and distinct from travel lanes
- B. Redesign location of bicycle lane at the east end of interchange
- C. Bring bicycle lane across and over at west end of interchange with skip striping
- D. Improve lane signage west of the interchange to help vehicles be in the correct lane before entering interchange area
- E. Move guardrail on southbound off ramp to improve sight distance
- F. Disallow right turns on red from southbound off ramp
- G. Redesign westbound-northbound movement to enhance safety
- H. Redesign northbound off ramp to discourage traffic getting off and then right back onto I-5

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic and safety near the interchange?	 Minor effects on motor vehicle traffic Moderate safety benefits from visible separation between bicycle and motor vehicle traffic 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Minimal effect on city-wide traffic	
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Striping revisions can be incorporated with minor impacts Provides better delineation for traffic and bicyclists Redesigns the northbound on ramp terminal to allow double rights Discourages the northbound through traffic with minor impacts 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Painted pavement would require ODOT review/approval Recent precedent for painted bike lanes on ODOT facility Minor changes to the interchange configuration will not impact the wetlands preservation district 	•



Refinement Area #1: Nyberg Interchange

Concept Package #2: Adding lane to Tualatin-Sherwood Road from Martinazzi to I-5 (eastbound direction)

Goal Statement

Concept package #2 addresses a goal to reduce congestion on Tualatin-Sherwood Road for eastbound drivers between Martinazzi Avenue and I-5. Traffic backups have been reported at the southbound on ramps which have been verified through field visits. However, traffic analysis for the Nyberg interchange does not show congestion concerns either now (2012 traffic volumes) or in the future (forecasted 2035 traffic volumes). The southbound on-ramps with I-5 operate at a Level of Service (LOS) D now and anticipated in the future, and the northbound on-ramps with I-5 operate at LOS B now and anticipated LOS C in the future.



Potential Solution

Add a new lane on Tualatin-Sherwood Road in the eastbound direction from Martinazzi to I-5.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic near the interchange?	 Minor increase in eastbound traffic accessing the freeway (50-100 vehicles during the PM peak hour) Operations stay relatively consistent Could detract from bicycle and pedestrian safety 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	This potential solution has minimal effect on city-wide traffic	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Width of Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Nyberg Street from Martinazzi to the east is tight No impacts forecasted to the Fred Meyer truck access road, though walls may be needed to ensure truck access retained Requires removal of mature street trees Possible solution would be to shift lanes and widen to the median Past the Fred Meyer intersection, widening would likely require walls, structure widening and impacts to sensitive areas 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 The area is already built Only impacts are to the landscaping strip between the roadway and Fred Meyer 	•

Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 1: Extending North into River Grove Only

Goal Statement

This option provides an alternative to crossing the Tualatin River in a north-south direction east of I-5. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as a major north-south route. It serves residents and medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is of concern due to expected residential and business growth. 65th Avenue has sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.



Potential Solution

Extend 65th Avenue north of its current terminus near Nyberg Road to 65th Avenue

across the Tualatin River in River Grove. At its crossing over the Tualatin River, the bridge could be a narrower cross section as a turn lane would not be needed. Reconstruct intersection of 65th Avenue and Nyberg Street and consider a roundabout at this location.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 New connection has the potential for 1,000 to 1,200 motor vehicles during the PM peak hour Allows for connectivity to the north Slight increase in traffic on Sagert Street, Borland Road, 50th Avenue, SW Wilke Road, and Nyberg Lane 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Reduces traffic on I-5 and Boones Ferry Road Slight increase in traffic on Tualatin Sherwood Road eastbound over the Nyberg interchange Traffic would be impacted in River Grove and Lake Oswego 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Available right of way is 40' ± from river to SW Childs St Alignment could be designed to avoid impacts to recently constructed lift station east/north of the bridge Connection to the local roadway network north of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Solution requires multi-jurisdictional coordination Adjacent to land zoned high density residential where transportation facilities are an allowed use Impacts to Metro Riparian class Habitats I-III 	•

Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 2: Widening to Existing Sections of 65th Avenue Only

Goal Statement

This option addresses forecasted future congestion on 65th Avenue. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as the major north-south route east of I-5. It serves residents and medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is problematic due to expected residential and business growth. This facility has some sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.

Potential Solution

This potential solution consists of the following:

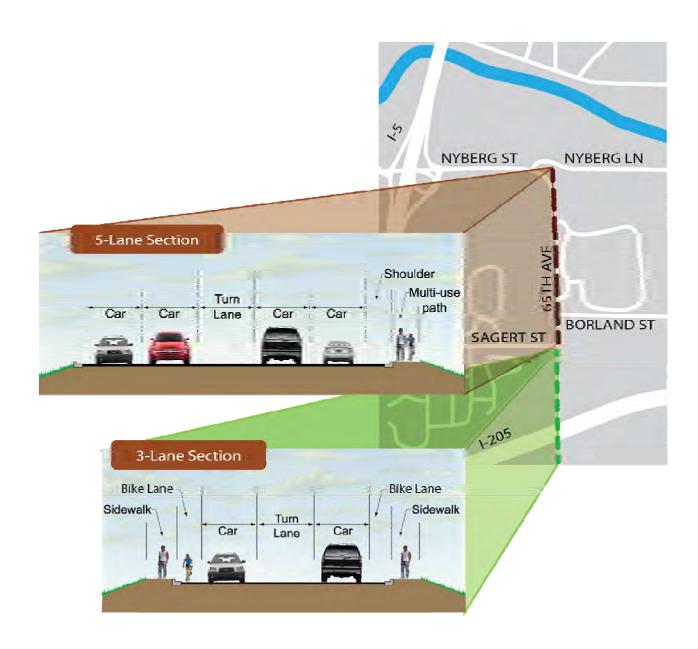
- Widen 65th Avenue to 4 or 5 lanes between Nyberg Road and Sagert Street
- Widen the road to 3 lanes south of Sagert Street across I-205 to city limits
- Address the dips in the existing road
- Bicyclists and pedestrians would be accommodated via:
 - o A separated bicycle and pedestrian multi-use path located near 65th Avenue, OR
 - o Via continuous bicycle lanes and sidewalks on 65th Avenue
- New traffic signal at Sagert Street and 65th Avenue would operate in conjunction with the existing signal at 65th Avenue and Borland (traffic progresses through both intersections in one signal cycle) OR
- Realign intersections at Sagert Street/65th and 65th/Borland into one intersection

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Helps meet future motor vehicle demand along 65th Avenue Little new vehicle activity attracted to the roadway (150-200 new PM peak hour vehicles) over what is expected without widening 	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Little effect realized city-wide	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Widening north of Borland to Nyberg street to accommodate bicyclists or a multi-use path likely possible with minor impacts until the structure crossing Nyberg Creek and the wetlands area Widening for lane/capacity likely to involve more significant right of way and utility impacts Realignment of Borland/Sagert intersection to one location, likely the current location of Sagert/65th Alignment dictates the extent of impacts, but could include the utility substation, or private structure 	
Consideration Area	Comments	Score

Environmental / Policy Considerations

- Realigning the Sagert and Borland intersections would have right-of-way impacts
- Widening the roadway would require some easements
- Replacing the bridge over Nyberg Creek Greenway to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians on the structure





Refinement Area #2: 65th Avenue

Option 3: Extending North into River Grove AND Widening Existing Section

Goal Statement

This option provides an alternative to crossing the Tualatin River in a north-south direction east of I-5, as well as addresses forecasted future congestion on 65th Avenue. The 65th Avenue corridor serves as the major north-south route east of I-5. It serves residents and major medical facilities located east and west of 65th Avenue, notably the Legacy Meridian Park hospital. 65th Avenue is owned and maintained by Washington County. Although current traffic levels are within accepted County and City standards, future traffic is problematic due to expected residential and business growth. This facility has some sidewalk gaps and lacks bicycle lanes.

Potential Solution

- Extend 65th Avenue to the north as described in Option 1
- Widen the existing sections of 65th Avenue as described in Option 2

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Combination of extending 65th Avenue and widening the roadway is similar to the extension alone Widening allows capacity to service the future demand on the roadway and at intersections 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	• Similar effects as the 65 th Avenue extension	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 See constraints/considerations from the two previous options 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Solution requires multi-jurisdictional coordination Adjacent to land zoned high density residential where transportation facilities are an allowed use Impacts to Metro Riparian class Habitats I-III The City of Rivergrove does not have a TSP 	•

Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

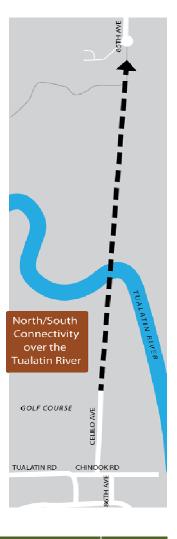
Option 1: Extension East of Country Club and West of Railroad Track

Goal Statement

This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to connect with Boones Ferry Road, and an extension to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard.

Potential Solution

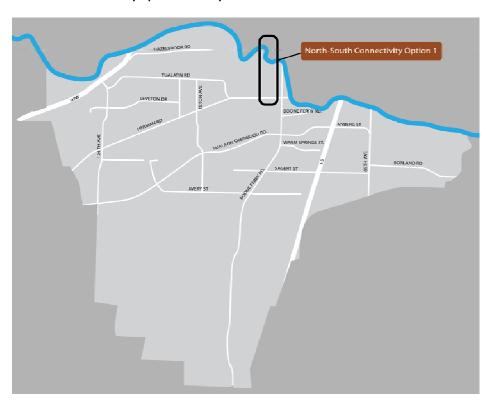
- An extension west of the railroad tracks, in the general vicinity of SW 86th Avenue east of the Country Club appears to be feasible
- Road would extend northward in the vicinity of SW Celilo Road and connect with SW 85th Avenue north of the Tualatin River



Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	New extension allows connectivity north/south across the Tualatin River	
	 New roadway has the potential to carry up to 1,000 – 1,200 vehicles in each direction during PM peak hour 	_
	Will increase traffic on Boones Ferry Road in front of Tualatin Community Park – uncertain whether signal warrant would be met	

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Tualatin, Herman, 99W, and Boones Ferry Road (north of the Tualatin River) experience a moderate decrease in traffic Boones Ferry Road immediately south of Celilo Road has an increase in traffic leading up to the extension 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Does not impact Tualatin Community Park At least one, if not two railroad crossings would be upgraded and require crossing orders from ODOT Rail North improvements to alignment would extend along the west edge of the tracks and tie into 85th Ave on the north side of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 An extension of Hall Boulevard into Tualatin is included in the Tigard TSP (long-term not fiscally constrained project list) and in the Washington County TSP 	0

North-South Connectivity Option 1 Vicinity



Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Option 2: Widen Boones Ferry Road

Goal Statement

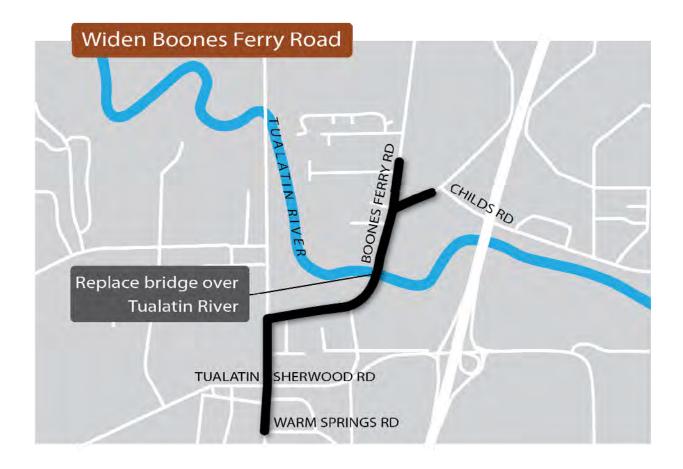
This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5, by increasing capacity along the existing Boones Ferry Road between downtown and north of the river, towards the communities of Durham and Tigard. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to connect with Boones Ferry Road, and an extension to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard. The extension of Tualatin Road project would have impacted Tualatin Community Park. After a robust community conversation the City decided not to pursue this project, and an amendment was voted in March 2011 to amend the City Charter (Chapter XI) to prevent the transfer, sale, vacation or major change in use of city parks without a public vote.

Potential Solution

- Widening Boones Ferry Road between the intersection of Lower Boones Ferry Road to the north and Warm Springs to the south
- Widening explored through:
 - o Retaining a three-lane section with intersection improvements and coordinated signal timing
 - o Widening to four lanes, limiting turning pockets to intersections
 - o Widening to five lanes, with two travel lanes in each direction and a centerturn lane transitioning to a turn pocket at intersections
- All options assume replacement of the Tualatin River bridge

Consideration Area	Comments	
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Potential to shift traffic from Tualatin-Sherwood Road (east of Boones Ferry Road) and away from the Nyberg interchange 	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Moderate shift in traffic from Hwy 99W/Durham Road to Boones Ferry Road Moderate shift in traffic from I-5 between the Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg interchanges to Boones Ferry Road 	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 4 lane and 5 lane options have significant impacts to right of way/access All options likely require coordination and improvements to the railroad crossing north of the bridge Widening at Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road south of the intersection is problematic Constraints are railroad to the west and McDonald's drive thru to the east 	0
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 ODOT is interested in a jurisdictional transfer from ODOT to the City if bridge is replaced The City or ODOT could initiate the transfer process The City would then be responsible for maintenance and upkeep on the new or modified bridge The County would be required to approve the transfer The existing bridge is within the Tualatin River Greenway 	0



Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Other Options Considered but Dismissed

Extension west of Country Club

The team considered placing the northerly extension west of the Country Club, but dismissed this for the following reasons:

- 1. Traffic flows on the new arterial lessened traffic on 99w, but did not address congestion on Tualatin arterials, including Boones Ferry Road.
- 2. Disruption to the community in the Hazelbrook area, and especially for residents at its eastern edge including SW Shawnee Trail, and SW Cheyenne Way, was thought to be too great.
- 3. Geometrically, it was deemed difficult to place an arterial in this vicinity without creating an additional 90 degree turn. This in turn would create safety concerns associated with driver expectation, speed, and sight visibility.
- 4. This general location is aligned with a northward bend in the Tualatin River, which could make construction of a new river crossing difficult.
- 5. Connections with the roadway network in Tigard would be difficult. SW 92nd Avenue is the nearest roadway north of the river but connections to it are problematic, and it does not continue northward beyond SW Durham Road.

Extension north of SW 90th Avenue

The team explored extending SW 90th Avenue northward, but dismissed this concept for the following reasons:

- It would bisect the Tualatin Country Club, a regional destination.
 The Tualatin Country Club serves patrons from throughout the south Metro area and is a major employer in Tualatin. Bisecting the club would make it difficult for it to continue its current operations as a golf course.
- 2. Connections with the roadway network in Tigard would be difficult. Extending SW 90th Avenue north across the Tualatin River connects with Cook Park in Tigard. It would be difficult to design an alignment that avoided impacts to this park, though it could be possible to align the river crossing so that it touched down east of the park's boundary.

This alignment could be reconsidered in the future if the Country Club were to redevelop to another use.

Refinement Area #4: Herman Road and Tualatin Road

Goal Statement

The refinements along these two corridors aim to encourage some through traffic to move onto Herman Road, and off of Tualatin Road, as a way to improve safety and livability for residents north of Tualatin Road. Herman Road and Tualatin Road run parallel to each other in north Tualatin. Both provide connections to downtown at the east and to 99W at the west. Herman Road is located in Tualatin's industrial center, and Tualatin Road features some industrial and manufacturing to the south, but residential to the north.

Potential Solution

The following projects have been explored as a package:

- A. Reclassify Herman Road as a Minor Arterial, and retain Tualatin Road's classification as a Major Collector
- B. Upgrade the remaining section of Herman Road as a 3-lane cross section between Tualatin Road and Teton Road
- C. Lowering speeds on Tualatin Road
- D. Eliminate the free right turn at Tualatin Road at the intersection with Herman Road, and consider a roundabout at this location
- E. Add signals at the east and west ends of Tualatin Road, such as in the vicinity of 115th Avenue and Jurgens Avenue
- F. Remove trees at intersection of Tualatin Road and 108th Avenue to improve sight distance at this location
- G. Modify channelization of 124th Avenue and Tualatin Road to encourage traffic to proceed along 124th to the intersection with Herman Road. Consider a roundabout at this location
- H. Signage that indicates that Tualatin Road is for local traffic

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Major effect is shifting of traffic from Tualatin Road to Herman Road On the west end traffic is diverted to 124th Avenue On the east end traffic is diverted to Herman Road Small amount of traffic shifted to Tualatin-Sherwood Road Some traffic diverted along Hwy 99W up to Durham Road 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Minimal effects to city-wide trafficMajority of effects are local	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Traffic calming projects can be installed with minor impacts Projects could be chicane type improvements (lane weave) or speed tables Coordination with Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue and Tualatin Police likely needed Improvements to Herman Road and the intersection of Tualatin/Herman Road would require right of way but are straight forward with likely impacts to some access Signal improvements at the intersection of Tualatin Rd/108th Ave were not met as recently as the last 5 years New locations for signals recommended at Jurgens and 115th have not been analyzed for warrants Removal of tree(s) at Teton, at the SW quadrant improve sight distance but have impacts to natural resources 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Some adjacent land would be required north of Herman to widen to three lanes Potential impact some landscaping and parking Planter circles and speed table design standards would need to be added to the City's code 	•













City of Tualatin

Refinement Areas (Part 2) Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
August 23, 2012

Goal of Tonight's Discussion

- Discuss final refinement areas
 - North-south connectivity
 - Tualatin-Sherwood Road
 - Boones Ferry Road
 - Downtown connectivity
- Recommend what projects move forward for packaging and discussion at Transportation Summit

Last Week's Meeting

- We heard a few things from you
 - Provide more details about our analysis this helps you weigh the tradeoffs
 - Be creative think outside the box
 - Be sensitive to parks,
 homes/businesses, historic properties

This presents a challenge...



Your Team's Goals for Tonight

- 1. Provide as many details as we can
- 2. Put forward some ideas that address the challenges
- 3. Be sensitive to the constraints that exist

A Reminder of our Goals and Objectives

No.	Goal	Representative Criteria
1.	Access and Mobility	Provide efficient and quick travel between point A and B, Provide connectivity within the City between popular destinations and residential areas
2.	Safety	Address known safety locations, address geometric deficiencies
3.	Vibrant Community	Support a livable community with family-friendly neighborhoods, maintain a small town feel
4.	Equity	Promote a fair distribution of benefits and burdens, consider access to transit for all users
5.	Economy	Support a vibrant City Center and community, Consider positive and negative effects of alternatives on adjacent residential and business areas
6.	Health/Environment	Provide interconnected networks for bicyclists and pedestrians, protect park land and create an environmentally sustainable community
7.	Ability to be Implemented	Promote fiscal responsibility, strive for broad community and political support



Refinement Area #3: North to South Connectivity



Goal Statement

Improve north-south connectivity west of I-5

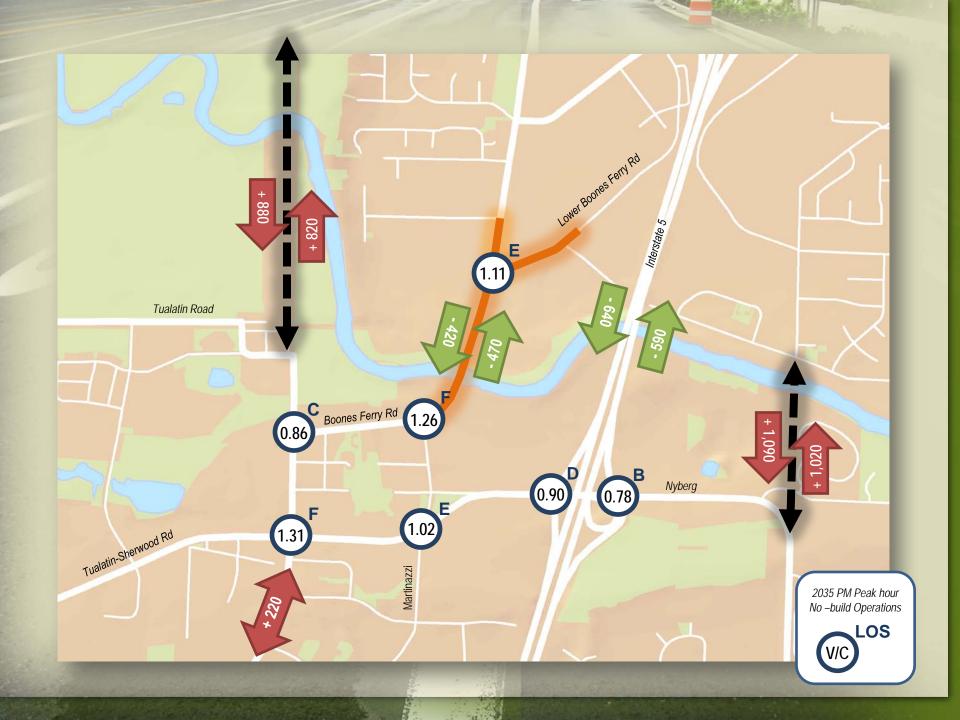
From our July Meeting...

Look at a hybrid option that:

- Constructs a twolane road connecting from Tualatin Road to Hall Boulevard north of the river
- Widens Boones Ferry Road to five lanes between Martinazzi and Lower Boones Ferry
- Assumes extension of 65th Avenue







What Does This Do For Tualatin?

Area	Benefits	Impacts
Traffic	 Decreases traffic on 99W, Boones Ferry Road (east of Tualatin Road), I-5 Decreases traffic on Herman and Tualatin Roads 	Increases traffic into downtown and onto Tualatin-Sherwood Road
Design	 Removes one 90 degree turn on Tualatin Road 	 Requires significant right of way Additional at-grade crossing of RR tracks might be difficult
Environmental / Policy	 Extension included in Tigard and Washington County TSPs Does NOT impact Sweek House If local connection is made at Tualatin Community Park, helps circulation into park 	 Additional environmental analysis would be needed related to river crossing, crossing of trail(s), and noise and air quality assessments



Discussion

Technical Team Does NOT Offer a Recommendation:

Ultimately, this needs to be a Community Decision





Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road



Goal Statement

Relieve congestion and improve safety for all modes

Option #1: Complete Five Lane Section



Option #2: Retain Three Lane Section

- One travel lane in each direction
- Center turn lane
- Retains shoulder bicycle lanes and sidewalks
- Coordinated signal timing
- Spot improvements at key intersections

What Do These Options Do For Traffic?



PM Peak Hour Operations

Tualatin-Sherwood Road &	2011 Existing	Retain Three Lane Cross Section	Widen to Full Five-Lane Cross Section
A I-5 Northbound	0.68 (B)	0.78 (B)	0.78 (B)
B I-5 Southbound	0.79 (D)	0.90 (D)	0.90 (D)
C Martinazzi Ave	0.94 (D)	1.02 (E)	1.02 (E)
D Boones Ferry Road	0.93 (D)	1.31 (F)	1.31 (F)
E 90 th Avenue	0.60 (C)	0.78 (C)	0.78 (C)
F Teton Avenue	0.79 (D)	0.95 (E)	0.95 (E)
G Avery St	0.71 (B)	0.99 (E)	0.92 (D)
H 124 th Avenue	0.60 (C)	1.33 (F)	0.92 (C)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	West of Boones Ferry Rd	East of Boones Ferry Road
65 th Extension	+ 50 vehicles	+180 vehicles
North/South Connection	+ 170 vehicles	-50 vehicles
Hybrid (both 65 th and North/South)	+130 vehicles	+80 vehicles
TSM Option	Negligible	Negligible

What are the Other Benefits to Tualatin?

Area	Five-Lane	Three-Lane
Design Constraints	 Setbacks appear to allow widening with minor impacts to properties Some drainage/water quality basins may require relocation 	 None – this largely retains existing cross section. Widening at key intersections could be accommodated with no major design concerns
Environmental / Policy	 Project is included in Washington County TSP 	 This option is not consistent with the Washington County TSP











Discussion

Technical team recommendation:

Move five-lane option forward to summit



Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road



Goal Statement

Reduce congestion and improve safety on Boones Ferry Road throughout Tualatin

Three Segments of Boones Ferry Road



Segment A: North of Martinazzi



- Replace current bridge, widen to four lanes with bike lanes and
- Transition to three lanes south of bridge with transition at Martinazzi (left turn lane)

Segment B: Through Downtown



- Option 1: Retain 3-Lane Section
- Option 2: Widen to 4-lanes 2 lanes in each direction (center turn lane goes away)
- Option 3: Widen to 5-lanes 2 lanes in each direction with center turn lane

Segment C: South of Warm Springs



- Option 1: 3-lane section with widening at key intersections, coordinated signal timing
- Option 2: 5-lane section (2 travel lanes in each direction with center turn lane)

Boones Ferry Road Traffic: All Options



PM Peak Hour Operations

B &	oones Ferry Road	2011 Existing	2035 No-Build	Widen South of Tualatin- Sherwood Rd to Norw ood	Widen North of Martinazzi to Lower Boones
B	Lower Boones Ferry	0.76 (C)	1.11 (E)	1.11 (E)	0.89 (C)
C	Martinazzi Ave	0.89 (D)	1.26 (F)	1.26 (F)	1.33 (F)
(D)	Tualatin Road	0.62 (B)	0.86 (C)	0.86 (C)	0.92 (C)
E	Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	0.93 (D)	1.31 (F)	1.30 (F)	1.31 (F)
F	Sagert St	0.75 (C)	1.11 (E)	0.84 (C)	1.11 (E)
G	Avery St	0.87 (C)	1.15 (F)	0.96 (D)	1.15 (F)
	Ibach St	0.70 (B)	0.98 (D)	0.88 (C)	0.98 (D)

V/C ratio (Level-of-Service)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	South of Tualatin-Sherwood Rd	TSR to Martinazzi Rd	North of Martinazzi
65th Extension	- 70 vehicles	-180 vehicles	-440 vehicles 🔱
North/South Connection	+ 520 vehicles 🏠	-270 vehicles	-570 vehicles 🔱
Hybrid (both 65th and North/South)	+220 vehicles	-500 vehicles	-890 vehicles 🔱

What are the Benefits for Tualatin?

Area			Segment A		Segment B		Segment C
Design	3-lane	•	No impacts	•	No impacts	•	No impacts
	4-lane	•	N/A	•	Would require ROW Access impacts	•	N/A
	5-lane	•	Minor impacts Little ROW needed Railroad coordination needed	•	Would require additional ROW Would require reconstructed accesses	•	Could improve curves and grade for sight distance improvements Some structures close to ROW line
Environmental/	3-lane	•	None	•	None	•	None
Policy	4-lane	•	N/A	•	Business impacts Difficult turning movements	•	N/A
	5-lane	•	Some landscaping impacts adjacent to road	•	Impacts businesses in this segment	•	Impacts setbacks and landscaping (no houses) Near Woodrose Nature Park



Discussion

Technical team recommendation:

Move forward with

Segment A: Five lanes

Segment B: Three lanes

Segment C: Three lanes

To the summit



Refinement Area #7: Downtown Connectivity

Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road Intersection



Notes:

- Signal timing is already optimized at this intersection, but other phasing/timing/ coordination alternatives may be tested
- Changing the signal timing to 120 seconds could improve the V/C ratio from 1.30 (F) to 1.22 (F)
- Intersection is well over capacity, even a test of 140 second signal cycle with right turns on every approach yields a V/C of 1.06 (E)

PM Peak Hour Operations

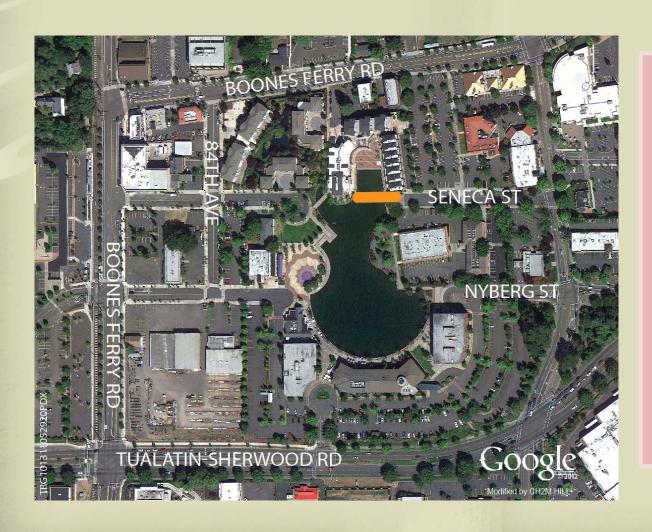
	Tualatin-Sherwood Road/Boones Ferry Road
Existing Conditions	0.93 (D)
2035 No-Build	1.31 (F)
Added Eastbound Right Turn Pocket	1.18 (E)
Added Westbound Right Turn Pocket	1.31 (F)
Added Southbound Right Turn Pocket	1.18 (E)

Other Connectivity Options

Option	West of Boones Ferry Rd	East of Boones Ferry Road	North of TSR	South of TSR
65 th Extension	+ 50 vehicles	+180 vehicles	-60 vehicles	- 70 vehicles
North/South Connection	+ 170 vehicles	-50 vehicles	+420 vehicles	+ 520 vehicles
Hybrid (both 65 th and North/South)	+130 vehicles	+80 vehicles	+280 vehicles	+220 vehicles
TSM Option	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

V/C ratio (Level-of-Service)

Connectivity in the Downtown Core



- Bridge over the lake was screened out
- Tunnel under the lake was screened out
- At least we can improve connectivity for bicyclists and pedestrians



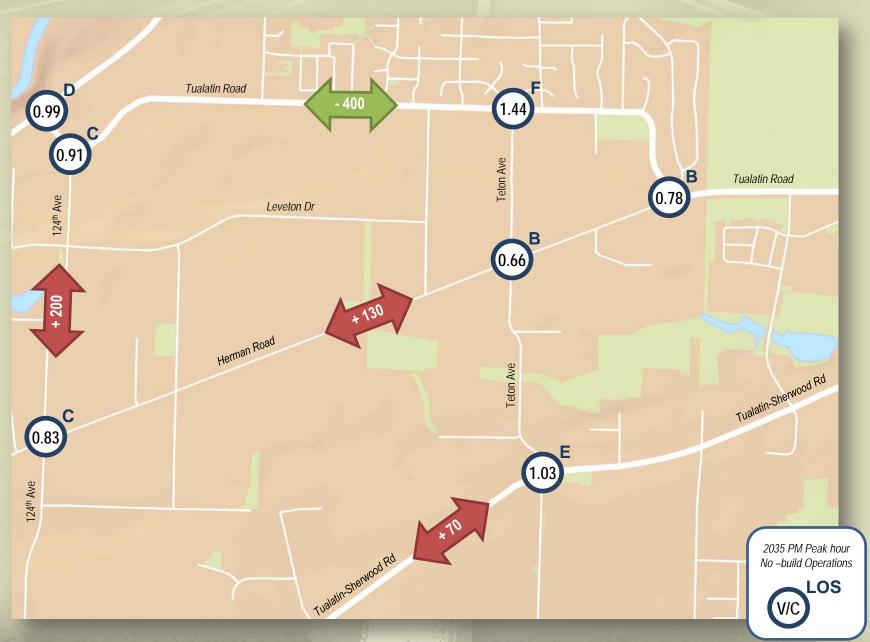
Revisiting Refinement Area #4: Herman Road and Tualatin Road

Refined Solution



Add something on teton

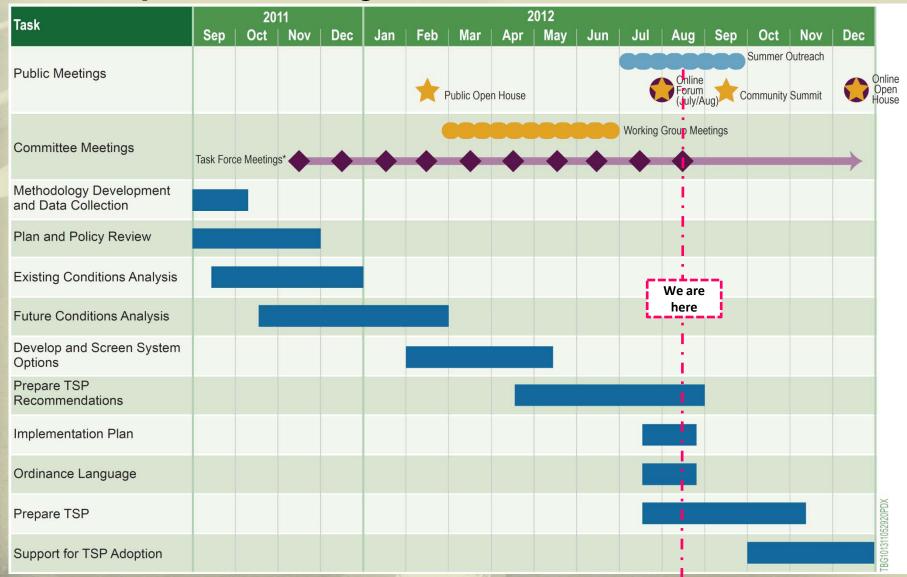
- A. Reclassify Herman to a minor arterial
- B. Upgrade section of Herman to 2 lanes
- C. Lower speeds on Tualatin
- D. Eliminate free right turn at Tualatin/Herman intersection, consider roundabout
- E. Add signals at the east and west ends of Tualatin
- F. Remove trees at Tualatin and 108th
- G. Modify channelization of 124th and Tualatin, consider roundabout
- H. Signage to indicate that Tualatin is for local traffic



Thank You! What Happens Next?

- Package all the recommendations
- Traffic analysis of the system together
 - Does it work?
 - What are we benefits to Tualatin?
 - What are the benefits to the region?
 - What are the costs?
- Transportation Community Summit in September (September 20th)

Transportation System Plan Timeline





Thank you!

Refinement Area #3: North/South Connectivity

Option 3: Hybrid. Two-lane local road connecting to Hall Boulevard, extending 65th Avenue across the Tualatin River, and Widening Boones Ferry Road.

Goal Statement

This option improves connectivity in the north-south direction west of I-5. Connections in Tualatin west of I-5 are limited to Boones Ferry Road and 99W in the north-south direction, and Tualatin Road and Herman Road in the east-west direction. In the 2001 Tualatin TSP, there was a project to extend Tualatin Road to the north to connect with Hall Boulevard in Tigard.



Potential Solution

- An extension west of the railroad tracks, in the general vicinity of SW 86th Avenue east of the Country Club
- Road would extend northward in the vicinity of SW Celilo Road and connect with SW 85th Avenue north of the Tualatin River
- Combine extending to Hall Boulevard with widening Boones Ferry Road, and extending SW 65th Avenue north over the River

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 New extension allows connectivity north/south across the Tualatin River 	
	 New two lane local roadway could carry up to 800-900 vehicles in each direction during the 2035 PM peak hour 	
	Will increase traffic on Boones Ferry Road in front of Tualatin Community Park – uncertain whether signal warrant would be met	_
	 Tualatin-Sherwood Rd and Boones Ferry Rd V/C deteriorates slightly from 1.30, LOS F to 1.37, LOS F 	
	 Connections would increase PM Peak hour intersection volume by 400 vehicles, primarily north/south through vehicles. 	

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Tualatin, Herman, 99W, and Boones Ferry Road (north of the Tualatin River) experience a moderate decrease in traffic Boones Ferry Road immediately south of Celilo Road has an 	•
	increase in traffic leading up to the extension	
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Does not physically impact Tualatin Community Park At least one, if not two railroad crossings would need crossing improvements and would require coordination with the Railroad and ODOT Rail. North improvements to alignment would extend along the west edge of the tracks and tie into 85th Ave on the north side of the river 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 An extension of Hall Boulevard into Tualatin is included in the Tigard TSP (long-term not fiscally constrained project list) and in the Washington County TSP Potential impacts (likely temporary) to the Tualatin River and adjacent natural resources. Potential impacts to wetlands/sensitive areas west of the existing railroad tracks north of Tualatin Road. 	0

Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Option 1: Five-Lane Section Teton to Cipole

Goal Statement

Relieve congestion and improve safety for all modes along Tualatin-Sherwood Road within the City of Tualatin.

Tualatin-Sherwood Road serves as the major east-west arterial through Tualatin. It connects residents, employees, and visitors to the I-5 freeway system, to the community of Sherwood, and areas west. Tualatin-Sherwood Road is owned and maintained by Washington County. West of 124th Avenue average daily traffic volumes are higher than 26,000 vehicles.

Though there are continuous sidewalks and bicycle lanes throughout the corridor, including a buffered bicycle lane west of downtown, the team has heard from the community that the traffic volumes still make this corridor feel unsafe from the vantage point of a bicyclist. Crossing this arterial at key intersections can be difficult for a pedestrian.

Potential Solution

Widen Tualatin-Sherwood Road to five lanes, retaining continuous buffered bicycle lanes and sidewalks between Teton to the east and Cipole to the west.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Serves future demand that is beginning to be seen today Minor to moderate increases in traffic seen on Avery Street, 124th Avenue, and new connection between 112th and Myslony Widening Tualatin-Sherwood Road from 3 to 5 lanes changes V/C and LOS at the following intersections: Improves 124th Ave: from 1.33, LOS F to 0.92, LOS C Improves Avery St: from 0.99, LOS E to 0.92, LOS D Teton Ave deteriorates slightly: from 0.95, LOS E to 1.03, LOS E 	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Draws traffic away from Hwy 99W, Tualatin Road, Herman Road, and the Cipole Rd extension New traffic on Tualatin-Sherwood Road forecasted to be approximately 200-350 vehicles in each direction during afternoon rush hour 	•

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Right-of-way setbacks likely allow widening with minor impacts to properties from Teton west to Cipole Some drainage/water quality basins that would likely need to be relocated Major design complications not anticipated 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Most widening impacts would be to landscaping Project is included in Washington County TSP Any widening west of Cipole would require coordination with Sherwood. 	•



Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Option 2: Transportation System Management

Goal Statement

Relieve congestion and improve safety for all modes along Tualatin-Sherwood Road within the City of Tualatin.

Tualatin-Sherwood Road serves as the major east-west arterial through Tualatin. It connects residents, employees, and visitors to the I-5 freeway system, to the community of Sherwood, and areas west. Tualatin-Sherwood Road is owned and maintained by Washington County. West of 124th Avenue average daily traffic volumes are higher than 26,000 vehicles. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry Road is the most congested intersection in the community of Tualatin, and serves as a activity hub, with the WES Commuter Rail station and commercial businesses on all four corners. Crossing this arterial at key intersections can be difficult for a pedestrian.

Potential Solution

The team explored keeping Tualatin-Sherwood Road as a three-lane section west of Teton, improving travel conditions via coordinated signal timing and intersection-specific treatments that would reduce overall conflicts and delay.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 There could be a modest shift of traffic to utilize Tualatin-Sherwood Road if TSM type enhancements occur and make the corridor more efficient. Likely shift in traffic would come from Herman Road, Tualatin Road, and Avery Street. 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Most impacts would be local with little city-wide effect.	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	• N/A.	N/A
Environmental / Policy Considerations	• None	•

Refinement Area #5: Tualatin-Sherwood Road

Drilling Down on the Tualatin-Sherwood Road / Boones Ferry Road Intersection

Goal Statement

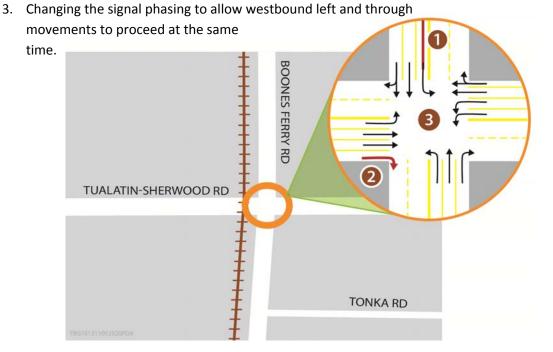
The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry Road is one of the busiest in the City. It is the junction of two major arterials, serves traffic moving north-south and east-west, has commercial businesses on all four corners, and is the location of WES commuter rail service. The intersection is already wide and intimidating to pedestrians. Right-of-way is limited for further widening.

Potential Solution

The team looked into several treatments that would improve conditions at this intersection while minimizing further widening.

These include:

- 1. Lengthening the southbound left turn pocket on Boones Ferry Road
- 2. Adding a right turn pocket on Tualatin-Sherwood Road



Draft as of: August 13, 2012

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 Overall intersection operation improvements allow for better east/west traffic flow. Capacity improvements on side streets could allow for a signal timing shift on Tualatin-Sherwood Road. The intersection is still likely to be over capacity by 2035 (PM peak hour). 	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Most impacts would be local with little city-wide effect.	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Lengthening the southbound left turn pocket would have impacts to the northbound turn pocket at Nyberg Street and the Hagens parking lot. Adding a right turn pocket on Tualatin-Sherwood Road would require improvements to the signal and railroad crossing and sidewalk/planter on Tualatin-Sherwood Road and available right-of-way width would need to be reviewed for adequacy. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Drainage ditch impacts from the right turn pocket on eastbound Tualatin-Sherwood Rd. Adding a turn pocket would move Tualatin-Sherwood Road closer to the business at that corner. 	•

Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Five-lane option North of Martinazzi Avenue

Goal Statement

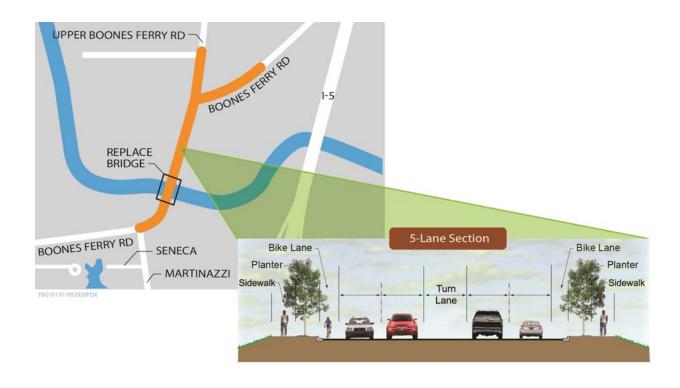
Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs — to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Between Warm Springs and the Tualatin River, Boones Ferry Road is one of the major streets serving the core of downtown.

North of the river it transitions to Upper Boones Ferry Road to Durham and Tigard, and Lower Boones Ferry Road to serve the Bridgeport Village Regional Center. Our team's analysis has found the intersection of Boones Ferry Road and Lower Boones Ferry Road is one of the more congested intersections in the City. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Solution

The team explored widening Boones Ferry Road between the intersection of Lower Boones Ferry Road to the north and Martinazzi to the south, as well as keeping that section three-lanes. Assumes replacement of the Tualatin River bridge.

Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	Could potentially shift traffic from Tualatin-Sherwood Road (east of Boones Ferry Road) and away from the Nyberg interchange.	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Would shift traffic from Hwy 99W/Durham Road, and from Interstate 5 between the Boones Ferry Road and Nyberg interchanges onto Boones Ferry Road 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would have minor (likely temporary) impacts on natural resources. Would require little, if any right-of-way. However accesses would be affected and would need to be reconstructed. The railroad crossing between the bridge and Lower Boones Ferry Road would require coordination with ODOT Rail and the Railroad. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Widening Boones Ferry Road would not impact any structures, mainly landscaping adjacent to the roadway. 	•



Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Options between Martinazzi Avenue and Warm Springs Avenue

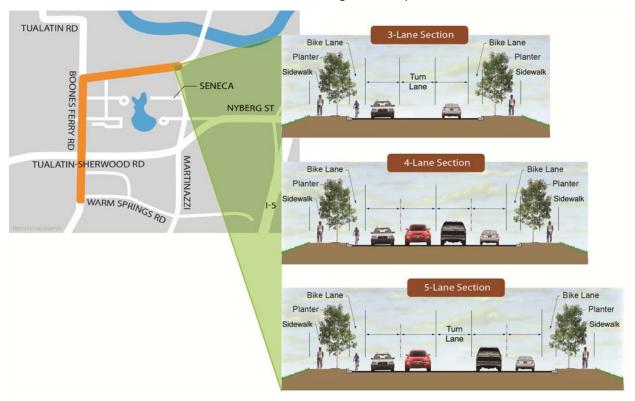
Goal Statement

Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs – to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Between Warm Springs and the Tualatin River, Boones Ferry Road is one of the major streets serving the core of downtown. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood and Boones Ferry Roads is one of the most congested intersections in the city. The intersection of Tualatin-Sherwood Road and Boones Ferry road is also the site of 50 crashes in the last five years and has been flagged by Washington County as a location of safety concern. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Potential Solution

The team explored three options between Martinazzi and Warm Springs:

- a) Retaining a three-lane section with intersection improvements and coordinated signal timing;
- b) Widening to four lanes, limiting turning pockets to intersections; and
- c) Widening to five lanes, with two travel lanes in each direction and a center-turn lane transitioning to a turn pocket at intersections.



Consideration Area	Three-Lane Section with Intersection Improvements and Signal Timing		Four-Lane Section with Turn Pockets at Intersection		Five-lane Section with Center Turn lane	
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	Signal timing improvements alone have a minor improvement, but there would still be intersection deficiencies.	•	 Would improve operations along the corridor to better meet demand, while shifting traffic from Interstate 5 and away from the Nyberg interchange. Could add delay on the corridor due to turning vehicles in the travel lane 	•	Would improve operations along the corridor to better meet demand, while shifting traffic from Interstate 5 and away from the Nyberg interchange.	•
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	 Effects are mostly local with signal timing improvements. 	•	 The effects are mostly local Shifts traffic away from I-5 and the Nyberg Interchange 	•	 The biggest effect is the shift from traffic away from Interstate 5 and the Nyberg interchange. 	•
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would not impact natural resources. Minor impacts associated with intersection improvements. 	•	 Would have minor (likely temporary) impacts on natural resources. Would require right-of-way, and would impact accesses. 	•	 Would have minor impacts on natural resources. Would require additional right-of-way and reconstructed accesses. 	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	Few impacts – maintains the existing cross-section	•	 Would impact businesses and parking between Martinazzi and Warm Springs Would make it more difficult for turning vehicles to access driveways in this section. 	•	 Would impact businesses and parking between Martinazzi and Warm Springs. 	0

Refinement Area #6: Boones Ferry Road

Options South of Warm Springs

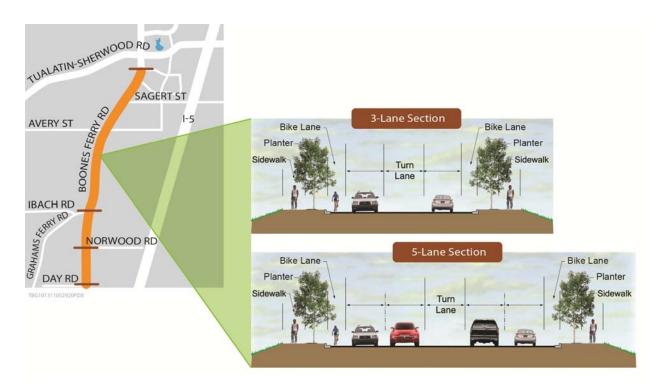
Goal Statement

Boones Ferry Road serves as the main north-south arterial in Tualatin west of I-5. It connects Tualatin with Wilsonville to the south and Durham and Tigard to the north. Because of its length, Boones Ferry Road serves different needs — to the south it serves the many residents of south Tualatin, and the Byrom Elementary and Tualatin High Schools. Overall the corridor has seen four reported crashes involving bicyclists, and two involving pedestrians, in the last three years.

Potential Solution

The team explored widening Boones Ferry Road to five lanes between Warm Springs and Ibach, and between Ibach and Norwood. Between Norwood and Day Boones Ferry Road will be expanded to three lanes (this latter project is planned for construction by Washington County).

The other option is to keep Boones Ferry Road at three lanes and improve signal timing and make targeted improvements at intersections.



Consideration Area	Three Lane Cross Section		Five Lane Cross Section		
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	 The three lane section would slightly improve intersection operations Would not add additional vehicles on the roadway 	0	 The 5 lane option would address 2035 PM peak hour capacity and operational deficiencies along Boones Ferry Road. Widening would add approximately 200-300 vehicles in each direction along Boones Ferry Road. Widening Boones Ferry Road from 3 to 5 lanes changes V/C and LOS at the following intersections: Improves Sagert St: from 1.11, LOS E to 0.84, LOS C Improves Avery St: from 1.15, LOS F to 0.96, LOS D Improves Ibach St: from 0.98, LOS D to 0.88, LOS C 	•	
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	Would have little effect on city- wide traffic	0	 Moderate levels of traffic would shift from the new 124th Avenue extension, 65th Avenue, and 105th Avenue/Blake Street (a local roadway) to Boones Ferry Road. 	•	
Design Constraints / Considerations	 Would have few impacts on right-of-way as the roadway is already 3 lanes wide. Intersection improvements could require additional room to add turn lanes, etc, though few impacts are anticipated 	•	 Widening to 5-lanes is relatively straight forward from Warm Springs to Norwood. There may be some opportunities to improve vertical profiles and horizontal curves for sight distance. Right of way varies throughout the corridor with some newer developments having full width for 5-lanes, while other areas have structures up to the ROW line. 	•	
Environmental / Policy Considerations	• None	•	 Some houses are very close to Boones Ferry Road between Warm Springs and Norwood. Widening Boones Ferry Road in this area would impact setbacks and landscaping; though no houses would be impacted. Widening the roadway could have some small impacts to Little Woodrose Nature Park, depending on the design of the widening. There are no other environmental concerns as the area is already built-up residential. 	0	

Refinement Area #7: Downtown Connectivity

Connections for Nyberg and Seneca

Goal Statement

Connectivity within the downtown core is limited by the Lake at the Commons, the railroad line, and high traffic volumes along the Boones Ferry Road and Tualatin-Sherwood Road corridors.

Potential Solution

Connect both sides of Seneca Street via a pedestrian and bicycle bridge over the lake. Connect to existing path around the lake, providing a connection for through east-west bicycle and pedestrian traffic.



Consideration Area	Comments	Score
How would this solution affect traffic locally?	No effects on local traffic	N/A
How would this solution affect traffic city-wide?	No effects on city-wide traffic	N/A
Design Constraints / Considerations	Impacts to lake are temporary and minor	•
Environmental / Policy Considerations	 Tualatin Commons and Tualatin Commons Park are Cityowned parks The lake is human-made and a bridge and is not expected to impact habitat 	•





City of Tualatin Putting it all Together

Tualatin TSP

Presentation to
Tualatin Transportation Task Force
September 20, 2012

Presentation Outline

- Review highlights from modal plans
 - Transit
 - Bicycle, Pedestrian, and Trail
 - Roadway
 - Intersections
 - Street Upgrades and Extensions
 - Freight
- Review traffic findings from key scenarios

Where We Are In the TSP Process

STEP 1

Identify Needs and Opportunities

Develop Goals and Objectives

Survey Existing Conditions

Forecast Future Conditions

* Public Involvement Activities Included

STEP 2

Develop and Evaluate Solutions

Create a Long List of Potential Solutions

Screen/Evaluate How Ideas Help Meet Goals and Objectives

* Public Involvement Activities Included

STEP 3

Make Recommendations

STEP 4

Create and Adopt the Plan

Prepare Draft Project Recommendations

Refine Project
Recommendations

Prioritize Project Recommendations

* Public Involvement Activities Included Develop a
Draft TSP
We are
here
Adopt the

Final TSP

* Public Involvement Activities Included

Progress Since our August 23rd Meeting...

- 1. We met with City Council on September 10th
 - ✓ Direction to not model North-South Connectivity option for tonight's meeting
- We developed the transit, roadway, bicycle, pedestrian, and trail modal plans
- 3. We have prepared cost estimates, funding sources, and prioritization

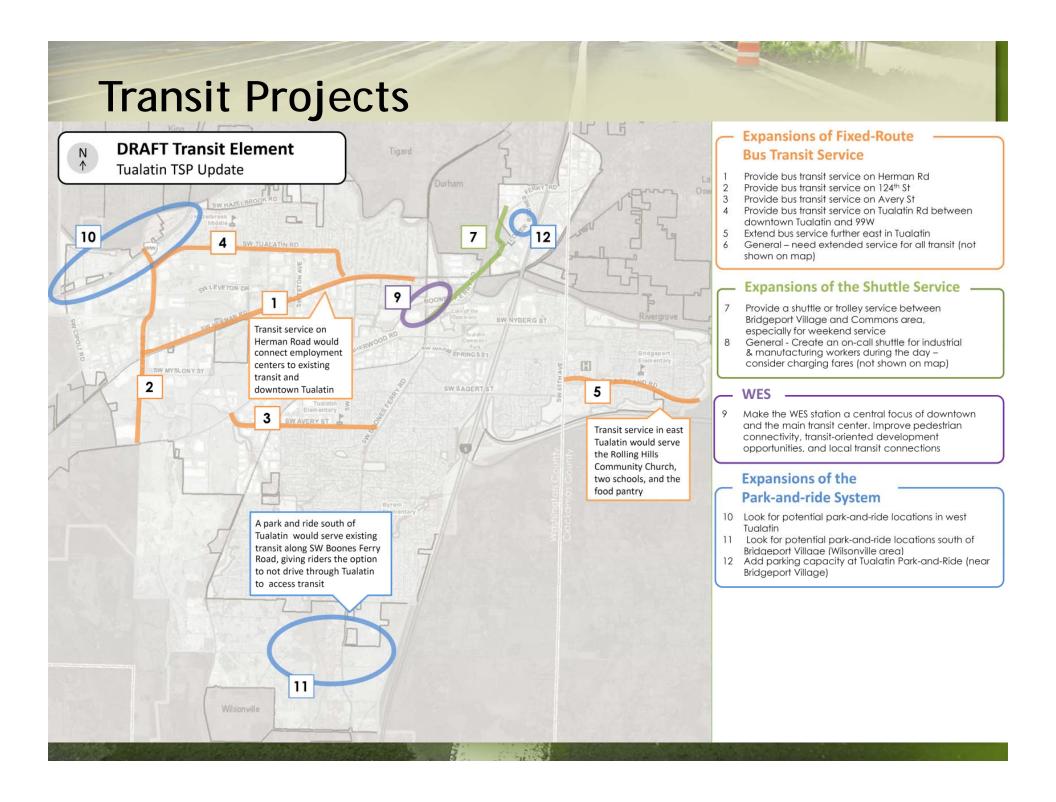
What We're Asking of You Tonight

- Do the modal plans reflect Tualatin's goals and objectives for its TSP?
- Do we have the priorities right?
- Talk about the traffic implications of doing nothing, vs.
 - Expanding capacity of the existing network
 - Extending 65th Avenue
 - Expanding Boones Ferry Road north of downtown

A Reminder of our Goals and Objectives

	No.	Goal	Representative Criteria
	1.	Access and Mobility	Provide efficient and quick travel between point A and B, Provide connectivity within the City between popular destinations and residential areas
	2.	Safety	Address known safety locations, address geometric deficiencies
	3.	Vibrant Community	Support a livable community with family-friendly neighborhoods, maintain a small town feel
	4.	Equity	Promote a fair distribution of benefits and burdens, consider access to transit for all users
	5.	Economy	Support a vibrant City Center and community, Consider positive and negative effects of alternatives on adjacent residential and business areas
	6.	Health/Environment	Provide interconnected networks for bicyclists and pedestrians, protect park land and create an environmentally sustainable community
Marie Control	7.	Ability to be Implemented	Promote fiscal responsibility, strive for broad community and political support





Shuttle Circulator Route

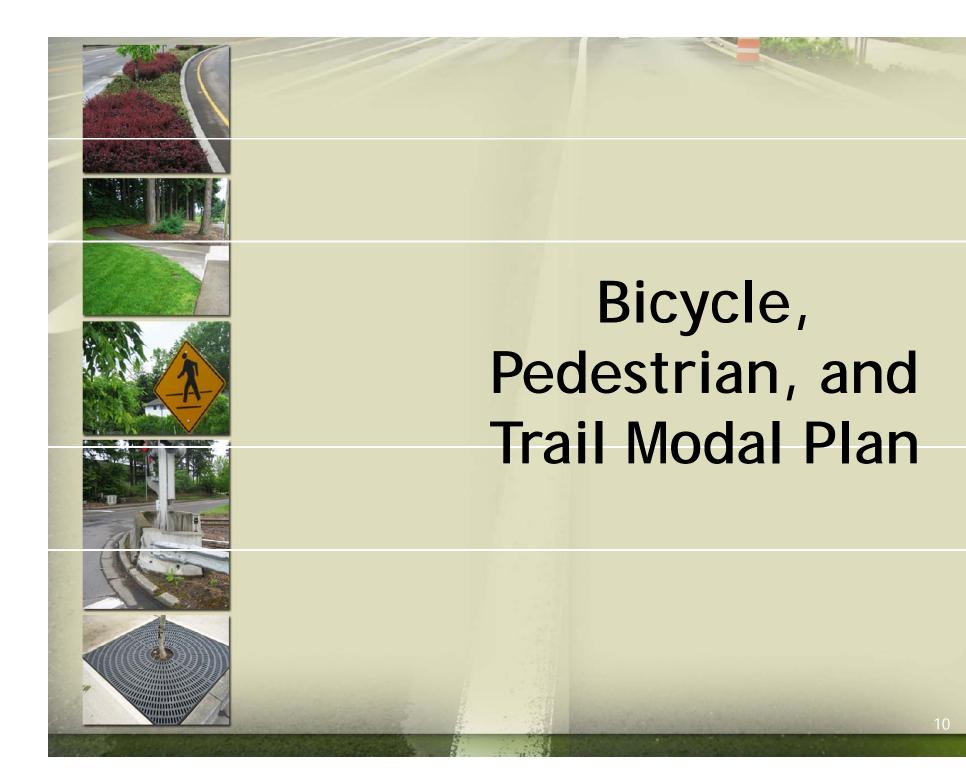


Tualatin Shuttle

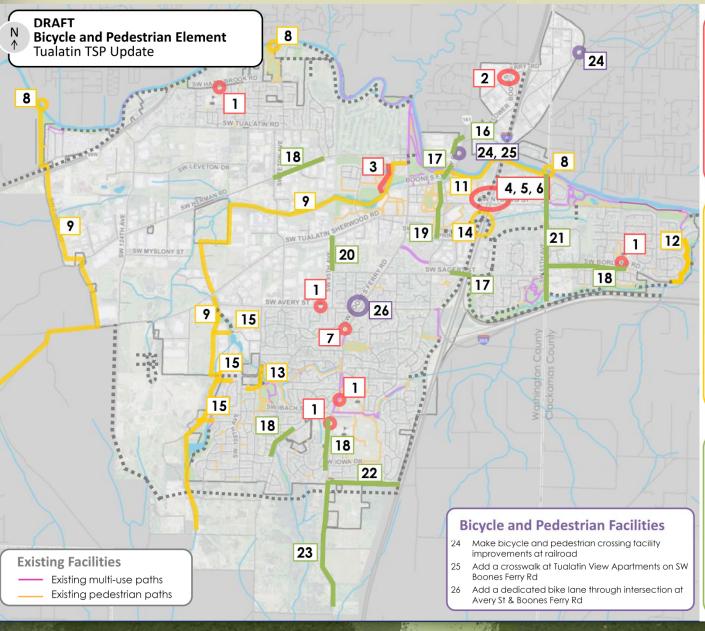
The Tualatin shuttle runs weekdays in the morning and afternoon rush hours, connecting people coming from regional transit and residential areas to jobs in Tualatin's employment centers. Its operations are managed by the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce. At least one shuttle bus provides service from downtown Portland.

Proposed improvements to the shuttle service include:

- Apply for funding to support a second shuttle in the afternoon, and to expand service hours
- ✓ Implement a partially fixed route for Van 1 that works in a counterclockwise loop and serves the Tualatin Park and Ride and the downtown WES station every 30 minutes
- Print a route map and schedule, and display on board and at employment areas, station locations, and Chamber of Commerce
- ✓ Advertise service, on WES trains and bus routes serving Tualatin



Bicycle, Pedestrian, and Trail Map



Safety Improvements

- Add wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School at all public schools
- Add colored bike lanes on Bridgeport Road near
 Bridgeport Village
- 3 Upgrade bridge surface along the path behind the Haggen shopping center
- 4 Add a colored bike lane through the ramps at Nyberg Interchange
- 5 Add striping for the bicycle lane across the I-5 southbound off-ramp
- 6 Redesign bike lane on the east side of the Nyberg Interchange
- 7 Improve visibility and illumination at crosswalk at Siletz Dr & Boones Ferry Rd

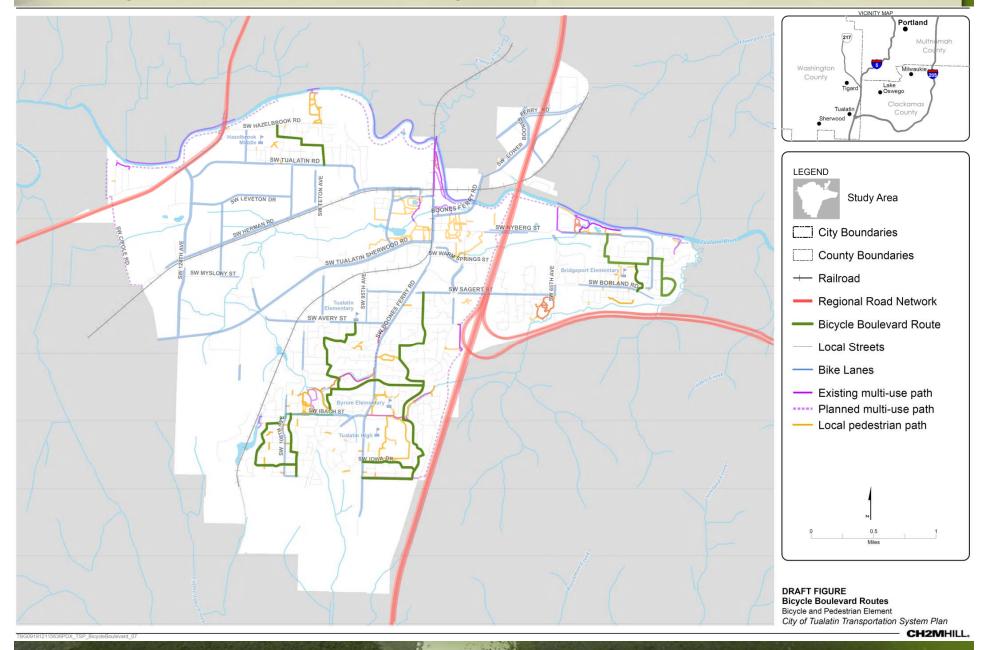
Multi-Use Trails

- 8 Build bridges for pedestrian and bicycle access over the Tualatin River near Cipole Road, 108th Avenue, and 65th Avenue
- 9 Build the Tonquin Trail
- Build multi-use paths from the previously adopted Tualatin Pedestrian, Bikeway, and Greenway Plans (indicated by _____)
- 11 Build trail along Tualatin River from the Community Park, extend to Tualatin River Greenway
- 12 Fill gaps in the multi-use path as part of the Tualatin River Greenway
- Add a trall on the east side of SW 105th Avenue, SWS Blake Street, and SW 108th Avenue through Ibach Park to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians
- 14 Add I-5 multi-use undercrossing connect to existing multi-use paths
- 15 Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods

Bicycle and Pedestrian Urban Upgrades

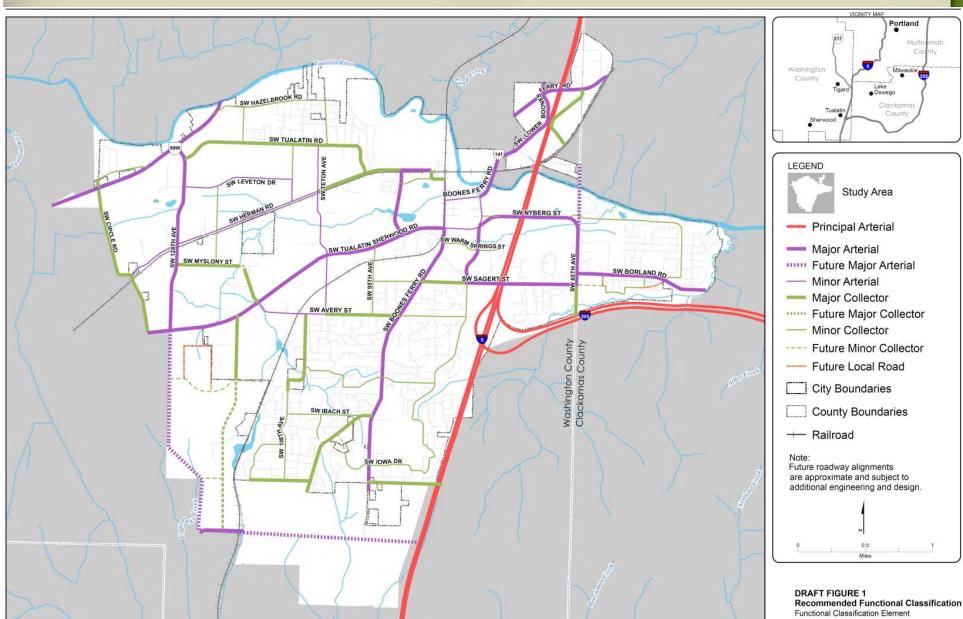
- 16 Fill sidewalk gaps and add colored bicycle lanes at SW Boones Ferry and SW Lower Boones Ferry Roads
- 17 Add a separate bicycle and pedestrian bridge adjacent to SW Boones Ferry Road, add sidewalks to the SW Sagert Street bridge
- 18 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Borland Road, SW Grahams Ferry Road, and SW Herman Road
- 19 Add bicycle lanes on Martinazzi Avenue
- 20 Add bicycle lanes on SW 95th Avenue
- 21 Add a multi-use path along SW 65th Avenue between I-205 and the Tualatin River
- 22 Add a multi-use path (or sidewalks and bicycle lanes) on SW Norwood Road
- 23 Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd

Bicycle Boulevard System



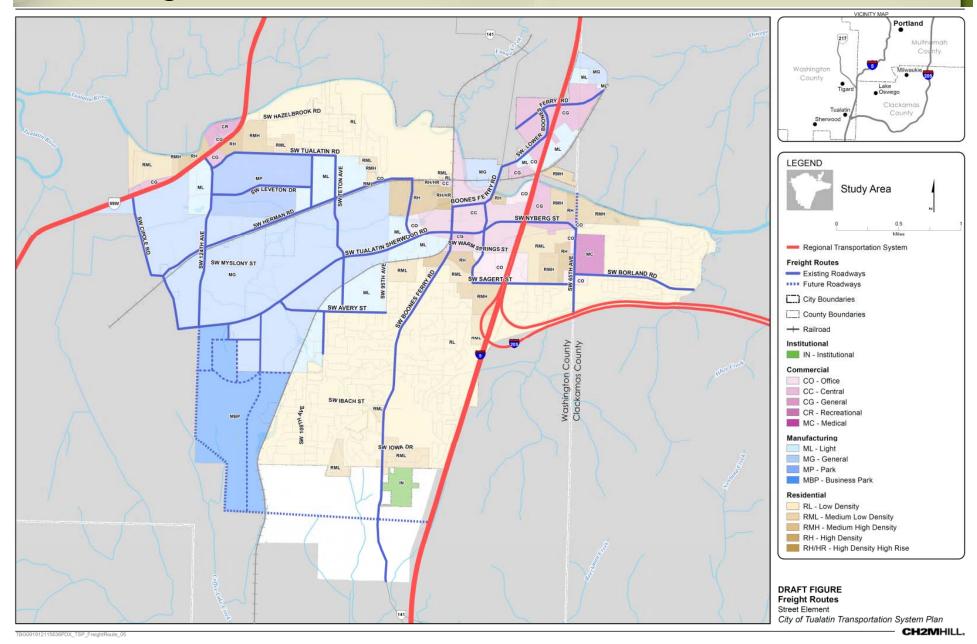


Functional Classification Network

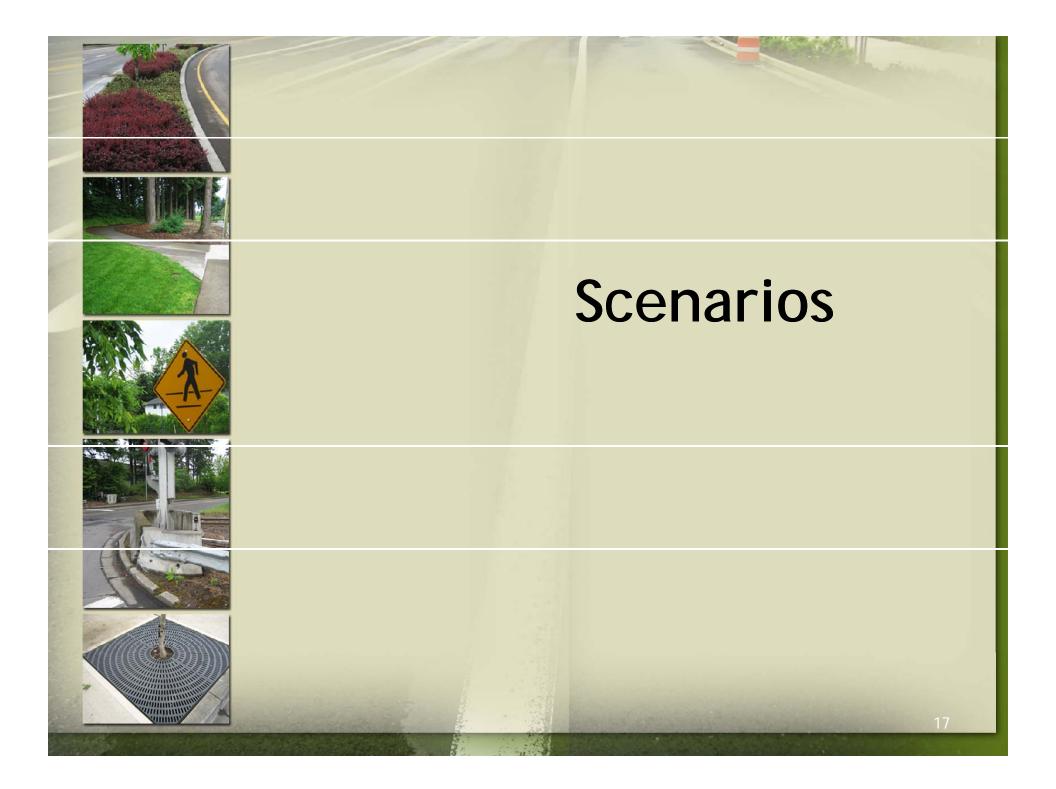


City of Tualatin Transportation System Plan

Freight Element



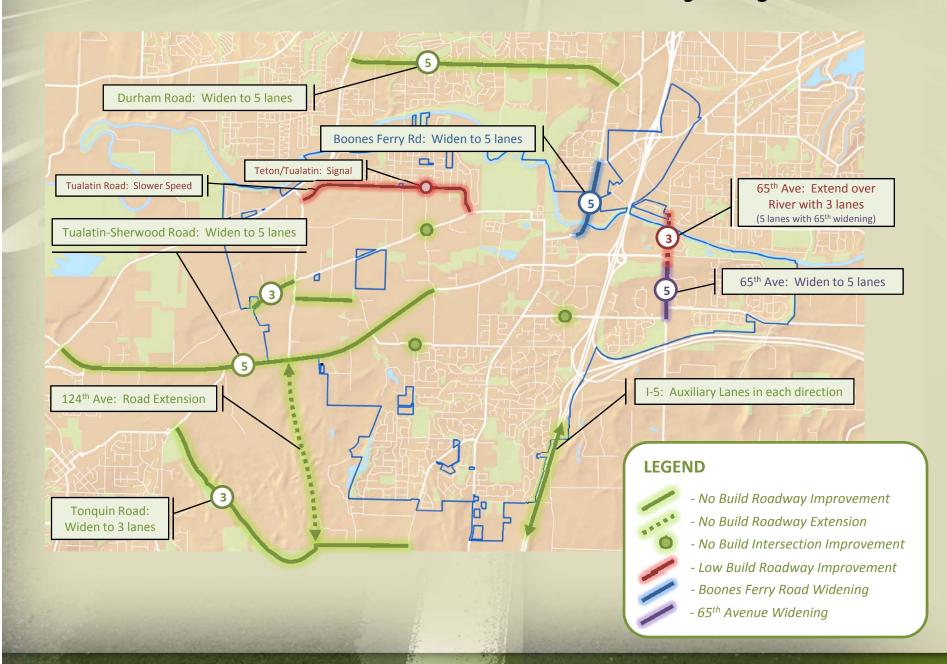
Roadway Element Map Intersection Improvements **DRAFT Roadway Element** Add signal at SW Tualatin Road and SW 115th Avenue **Tualatin TSP Update** Remove trees at intersection of SW Tualatin Road and SW 108th Avenue to improve sight distance Add signal at SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Avenue Remove the free right turn at SW Tualatin Road at the intersection of SW Herman Road, Consider a roundabout. 3 Add an eastbound right turn lane on SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road at SW 15 18 Boones Ferry Road Extend the southbound left turn pocket on SW Boones Ferry Road at SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road 23 Move guardrail on southbound off ramp to improve sight distance 32 19 Northbound I-5 on- ramp: reduce pedestrian island, add an additional lane Add signage at the northbound off ramp to discourage traffic getting off 5, 6 and then back onto I-5 Redesign SW Nyberg Street and Fred Meyer intersection and improve 24 pedestrian crossing. Add striping and a pedestrian island. Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi Ave 22 16 7, 8, 21 25 Add a dedicated right turn lane on southbound SW Teton Avenue and SW 9.10 m Tualatin-Sherwood Road 12 27 Improve intersection at SW Avery Street and SW Teton Avenue – add southbound right turn pocket Add a right turn lane from westbound SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road to 11 northbound SW 124th Avenue 28 **Roadway Signs** 13 Add signage indicating that Tualatin Road is for local traffic Improve lane signage west of the Nyberg interchange to indicate lanes passing through the interchange area Add truck info signs along 108th/105th Avenues to indicate that these roads are for local traffic **Roadway Changes** 31 33 20 18 Add traffic calming on SW Tualatin Road Create a grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with a connection to SW Seneca Street 20 Add bus pullouts on SW Boones Ferry Road at existing bus stops where possible 17 34 **Urban Upgrades** Upgrade SW Cipole Road to roadway standards (widen travel lanes, add bicycle lanes and sidewalks) Upgrade SW Herman Road to a 3-lane cross section between SW 124th Avenue and SW Cipole Road 30 Upgrade SW Herman Road to a 2-lane urban cross section between SW Tualatin Road and SW Teton Avenue Widen SW Teton Avenue to a 3-lane cross section Widen SW 65th Avenue to 3- or 5-lanes Uparade SW Myslony Street to roadway standards Widen SW Tualatin-Sherwood Rd to 5 lanes between SW Teton Avenue and SW Cipole Road 35 Add a center turn lane or median on SW Avery Street between SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood **New Streets and Street Extensions** 32 Extend SW 65th Ave north over the Tualatin River Upgrade Grahams Ferry Road to roadway standards (widen travel lanes, add bicycle lanes and sidewalks) Build the roadways from the SW Concept Plan Upgrade SW Tonquin Road between SW Waldo Way and SW Grahams Ferry Road (widen travel lanes, add Note: All locations are Extend SW 124th Avenue South sidewalks and bicycle lanes approximate Create an east-west connection across I-5 Upgrade SW Boones Ferry Road to a 3 Jane cross section throughout.

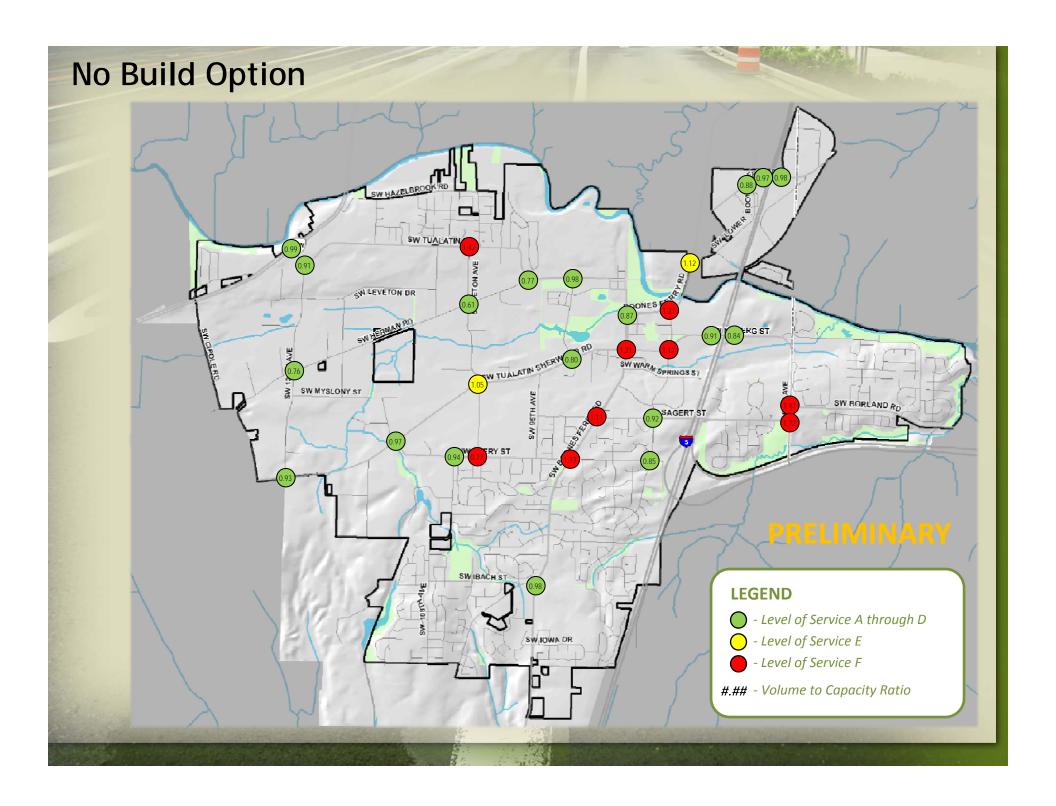


Scenarios Rely on TTF Guidance

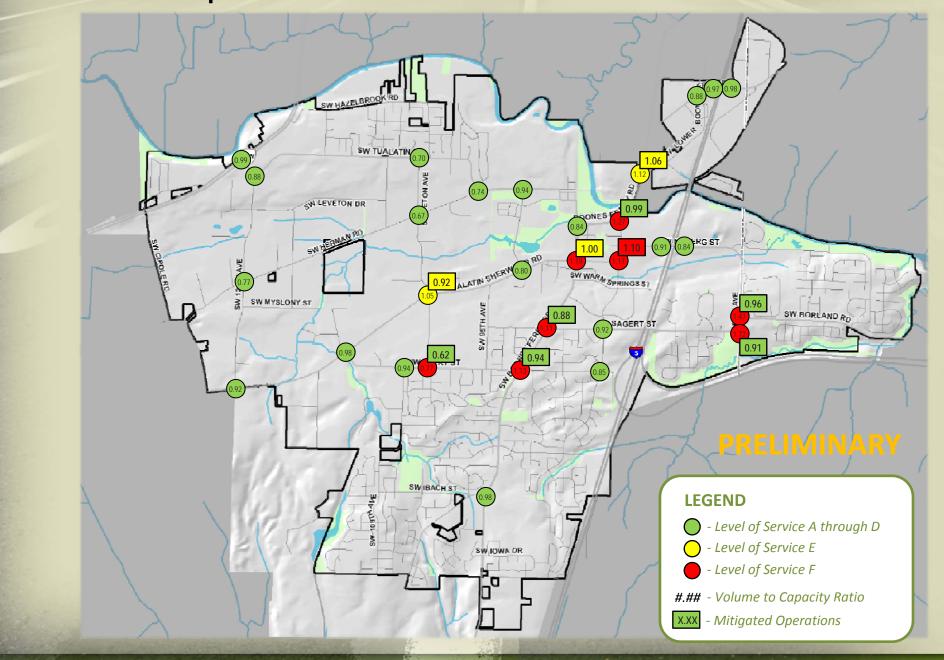
- 1. Includes compilation of guidance from 7 refinement areas
- 2. Looked at various options for 65th Avenue
 - a. No extension
 - b. 2-lane bridge extension
 - c. 5-lane widening of 65th with 4-lane bridge extension
- 3. Looked at widening Boones Ferry Road north of Martinazzi

Assumed Future 2035 Scenarios and Roadway Projects

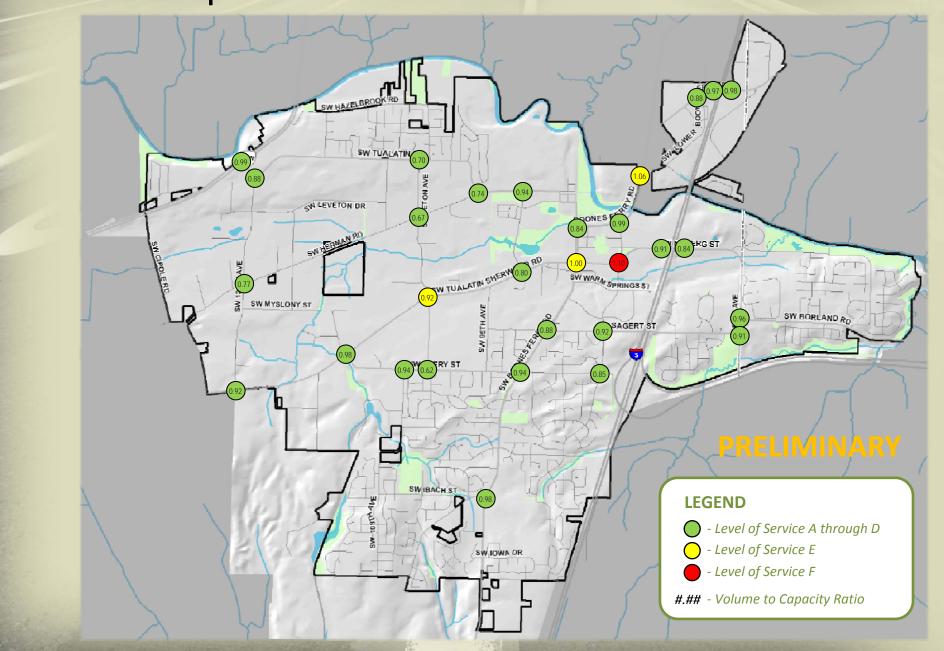




LOW Build Option - Without 65th Ave Extension



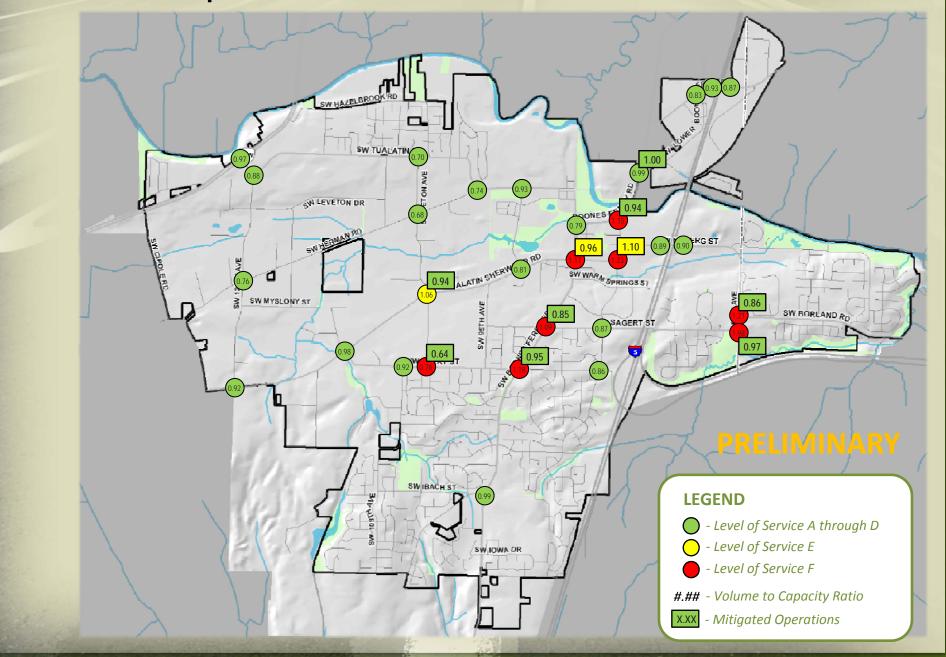
LOW Build Option - Without 65th Ave Extension



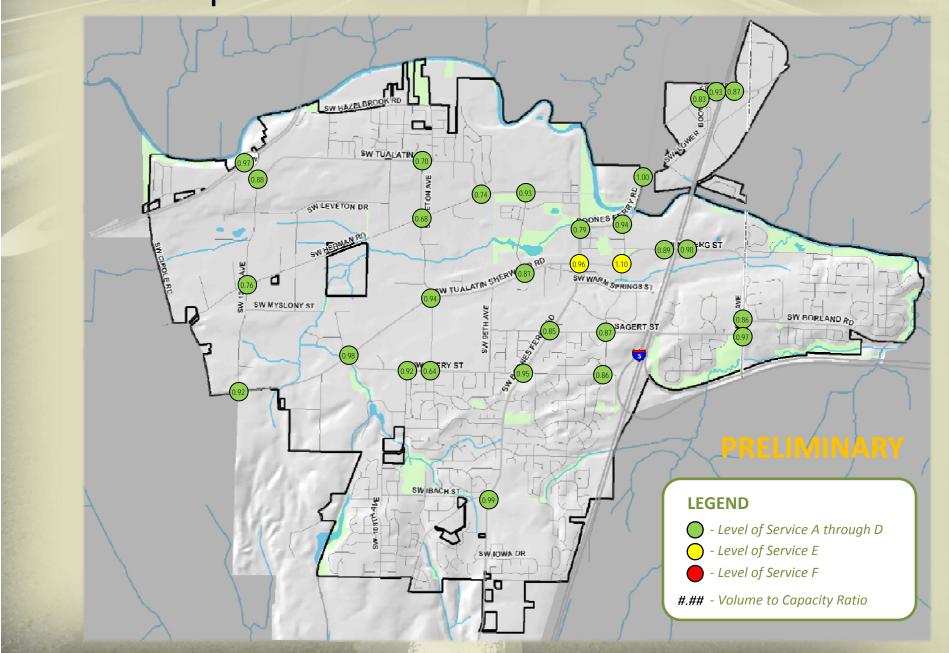
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension SW TUALATINO N LEVETON DR SW WARM SPRINGS ST SW MYSLONY ST **LEGEND** - Level of Service A through D - Level of Service E Level of Service F #.## - Volume to Capacity Ratio X.XX - Mitigated Operations

LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension SW TUALATINO N LEVETON DR SW WARM SPRINGS ST SW MYSLONY ST **LEGEND** - Level of Service A through D - Level of Service E Level of Service F #.## - Volume to Capacity Ratio

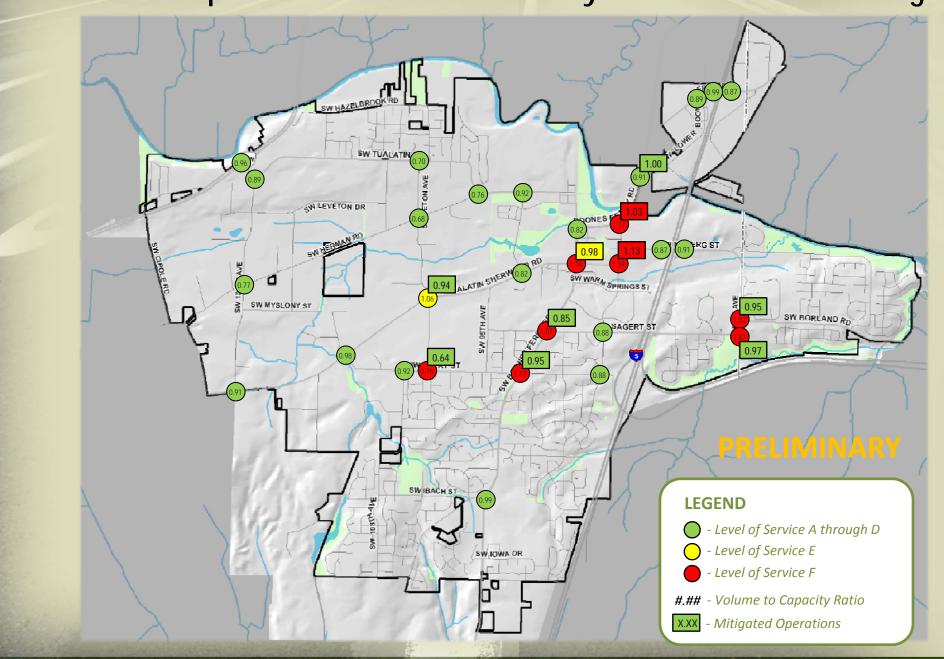
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension and 5 Lane



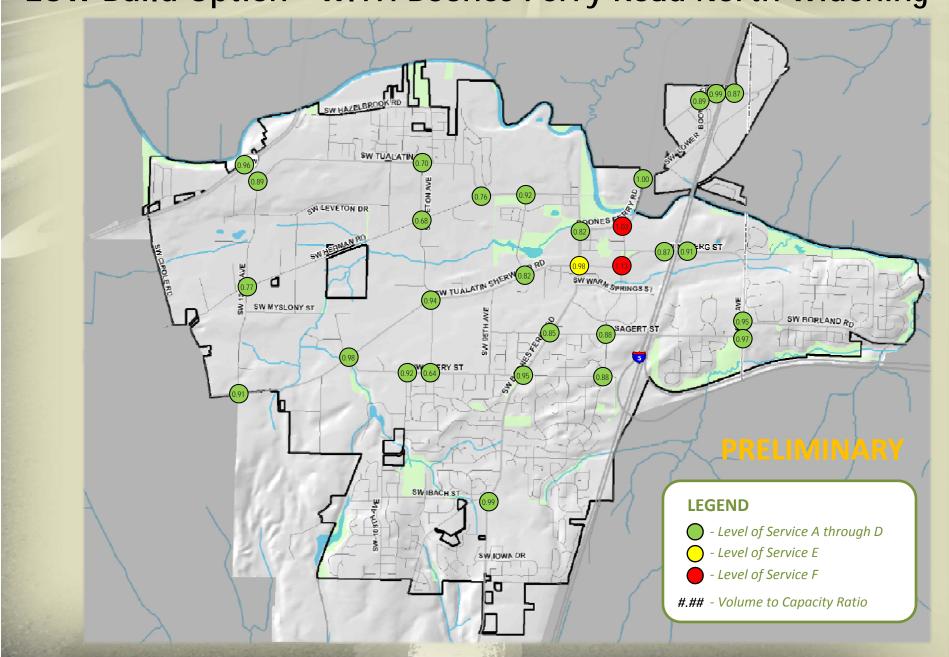
LOW Build Option - WITH 65th Ave Extension and 5 Lane



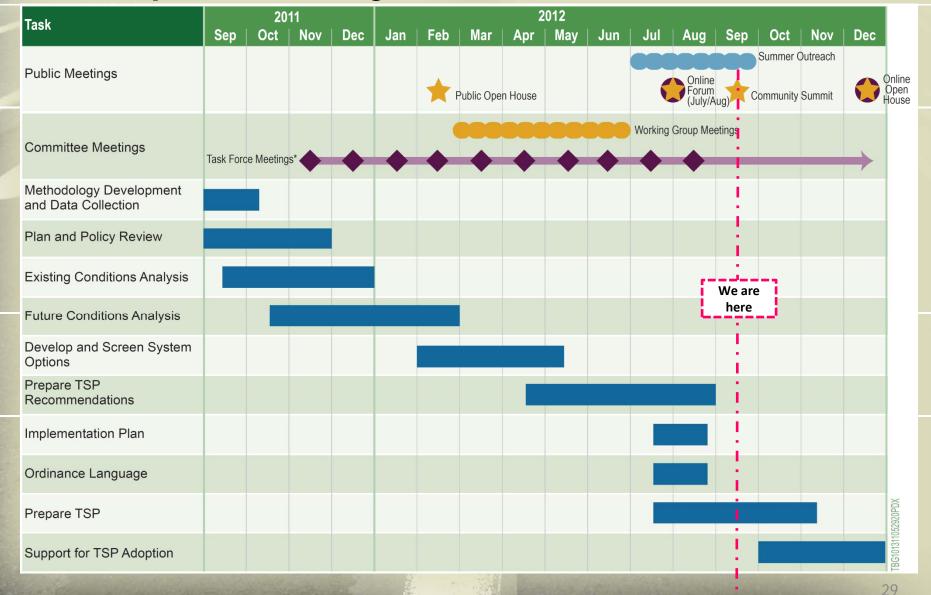
LOW Build Option - WITH Boones Ferry Road North Widening



LOW Build Option - WITH Boones Ferry Road North Widening



Transportation System Plan Timeline



What Happens Next?

- Discuss and finalize TSP recommendations
- Refine the implementation
 - Code language
 - Prioritization
 - Costs and funding
- Develop the draft TSP
- Begin discussing TSP document with Planning Commission, TPARK, and City Council













City of Tualatin

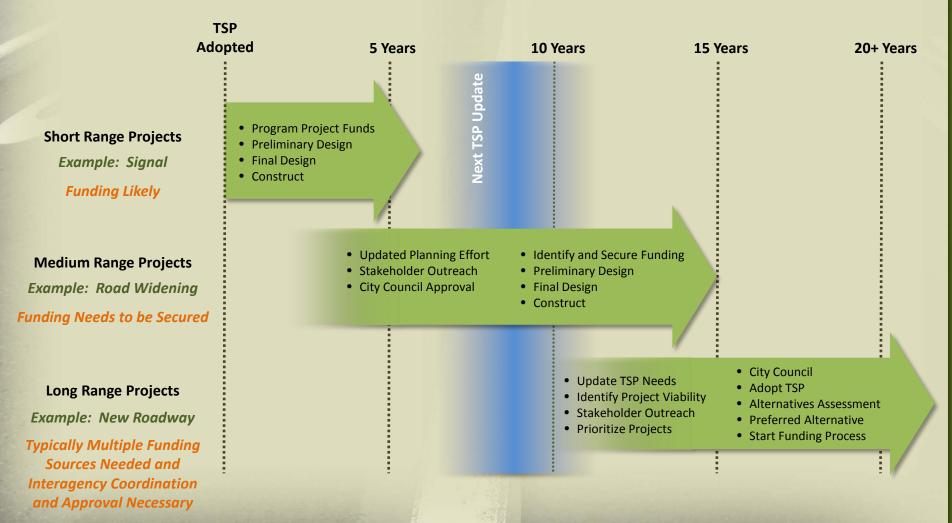
Overview of Traffic Analysis Tualatin TSP

Presentation to Tualatin Task Force November 1, 2012

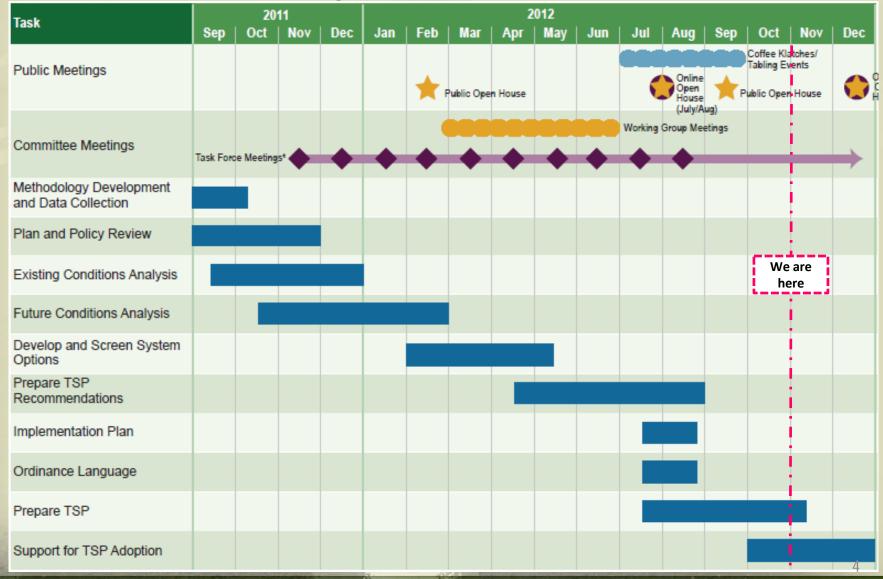
Where We Are In the TSP Process

STEP 1 STEP 2 STEP 3 STEP 4 Develop and Create and Identify Needs and Make Recommendations **Opportunities** Evaluate Solutions Adopt the Plan Develop Goals and Prepare Draft Project Create a Long List of Objectives Recommendations **Potential Solutions** Develop a Survey Existing Refine Project Draft TSP Screen/Evaluate Conditions Recommendations We are How Ideas Help Adopt the here Meet Goals and Forecast Future **Prioritize Project** Final TSP Objectives Conditions Recommendations * Public Involvement * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included * Public Involvement Activities Included Activities Included

What happens to projects after adoption?



Transportation System Plan Timeline



Progress Since our September 20th Meeting...

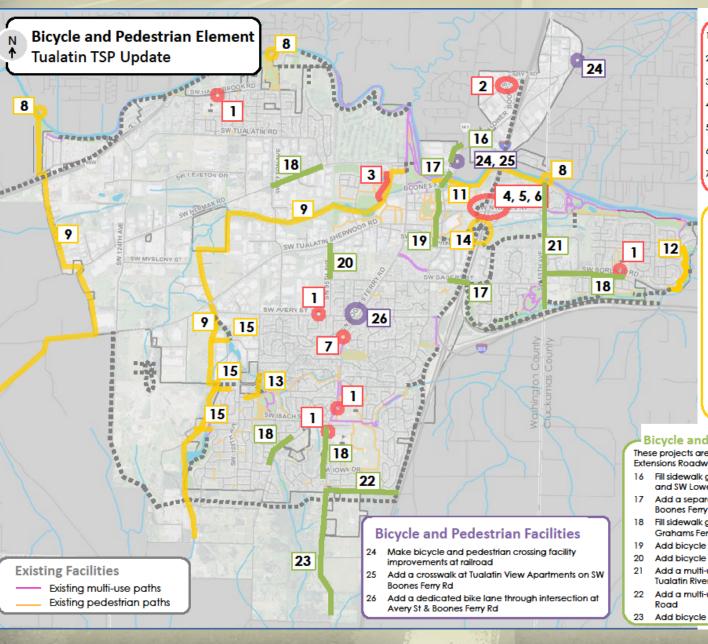
- 1. Decided on "Low Build" Scenario
- 2. Additional travel time results requested for scenarios:
 - No-build
 - Low build
 - Low build + 65th Ave (2 lane)
 - Low build + Boones Ferry Road widening
 - Low build + 65th Ave (2 lane) + BFR widening

3. Tabled decisions on:

- 65th Avenue extension
- Boones Ferry Road widening



Bicycle/Pedestrian Element



Safety Improvements

- Add wayfinding signs for Safe Routes to School at all public schools
- Add colored bike lanes on Bridgeport Road near Bridgeport Village
- 3 Upgrade bridge surface along the path behind the Haggen shopping center
- 4 Add a colored bike lane through the ramps at Nyberg Interchange
- 5 Add striping for the bicycle lane across the I-5 southbound off-ramp
- 6 Redesign bike lane on the east side of the Nyberg Interchange
- 7 Improve visibility and illumination at crosswalk at Siletz Dr & Boones Ferry Rd

Multi-Use Trails

- Build bridges for pedestrian and bicycle access over the Tualatin River near Cipole Road, 108th Avenue, and 65th Avenue
- Build the Tonquin Trail
- Build multi-use paths from the previously adopted Tualatin Pedestrian, Bikeway, and Greenway Plans (indicated by *** **)
- Build trail along Tualatin River from the Community Park, extend to Tualatin River Greenway
- 12 Fill gaps in the multi-use path as part of the Tualatin River Greenway
- 13 Add a trail on the east side of SW 105th Avenue, SWS Blake Street, and SW 108th Avenue through Ibach Park to accommodate bicyclists and pedestrians
- 14 Add I-5 multi-use undercrossing connect to existing multi-use paths
- 15 Connect Tonquin trail with neighborhoods

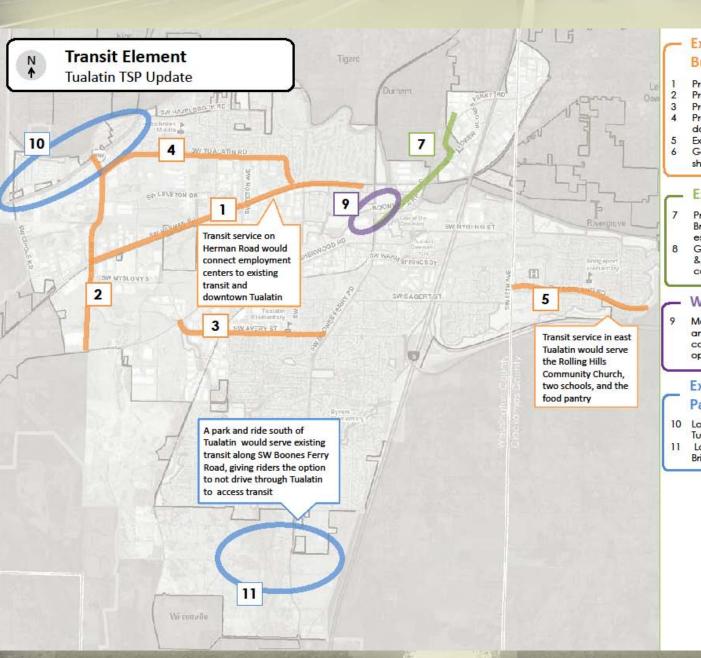
Bicycle and Pedestrian Urban Upgrades

These projects are also included on the Urban Upgrades and Street Extensions Roadway Figure

- 16 Fill sidewalk gaps and add colored bicycle lanes at SW Boones Ferry and SW Lower Boones Ferry Roads
- 7 Add a separate bicycle and pedestrian bridge adjacent to SW Boones Ferry Road, add sidewalks to the SW Sagert Street bridge
- 18 Fill sidewalk gaps on SW Boones Ferry Road, SW Borland Road, SW Grahams Ferry Road, and SW Herman Road
- Add bicycle lanes on Martinazzi Avenue
- 20 Add bicycle lanes on SW 95th Avenue
- Add a multi-use path along SW 65th Avenue between I-205 and the Tualatin River
- Add a multi-use path (or sidewalks and bicycle lanes) on SW Norwood Road
- 23 Add bicycle lanes on Boones Ferry Rd to Day Rd



Transit Element



Expansions of Fixed-Route Bus Transit Service

- Provide bus transit service on Herman Rd
- 2 Provide bus transit service on 124th St
- 3 Provide bus transit service on Avery St
- 4 Provide bus transit service on Tualatin Rd between downtown Tualatin and 99W
- 5 Extend bus service further east in Tualatin
- 6 General need extended service for all transit (not shown on map)

Expansions of the Shuttle Service

- Provide a shuttle or trolley service between Bridgeport Village and Commons area, especially for weekend service
- B General Create an on-call shuttle for industrial & manufacturing workers during the day – consider charging fares (not shown on map)

WES

9 Make the WES station a central focus of downtown and the main transit center. Improve pedestrian connectivity, transit-oriented development opportunities, and local transit connections

Expansions of the Park-and-ride System

- 10 Look for potential park-and-ride locations in west Tualatin
- Look for potential park-and-ride locations south of Bridgeport Village (Wilsonville area)



Tualatin Shuttle

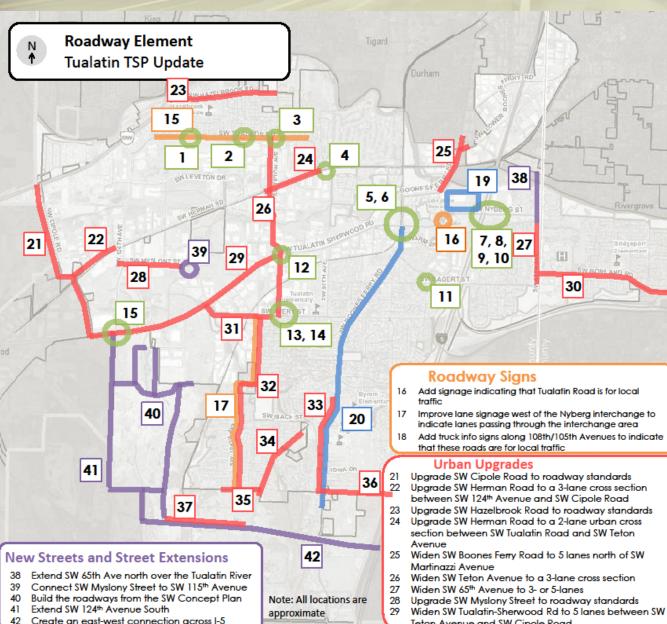
The Tualatin shuttle runs weekdays in the morning and afternoon rush hours, connecting people coming from regional transit and residential areas to jobs in Tualatin's employment centers. Its operations are managed by the Tualatin Chamber of Commerce. At least one shuttle bus provides service from downtown Portland.

Proposed improvements to the shuttle service include:

- ✓ Apply for funding to support a second shuttle in the afternoon, and to expand service hours
- Implement a partially fixed route for Van 1 that works in a counterclockwise loop and serves the Tualatin Park and Ride and the downtown WES station every 30 minutes
- Print a route map and schedule, and display on board and at employment areas, station locations, and Chamber of Commerce
- ✓ Advertise service, on WES trains and bus routes serving Tualatin



Major Corridors and Intersections



Intersection Improvements

- Add signal at SW Tualatin Road and SW 115th Avenue
- Remove trees at intersection of SW Tualatin Road and SW 108th Avenue to improve sight distance
- Add signal at SW Tuglatin Road and SW Teton Avenue
- Remove the free right turn at SW Tualatin Road at the intersection of SW Herman Road. Consider a roundabout
- Add an eastbound right turn lane on SW Tuglatin-Sherwood Road at SW Boones Ferry Road
- Extend the southbound left turn pocket on SW Boones Ferry Road at SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- Move guardrail on southbound off ramp to improve sight distance
- Northbound I-5 on- ramp; reduce pedestrian island, add an additional lane
- Add signage at the northbound off ramp to discourage traffic getting off and then back onto 1-5
- Redesign SW Nyberg Street and Fred Meyer intersection and improve pedestrian crossing. Add striping and a pedestrian island.
- 11 Add a signal or roundabout at Sagert St and Martinazzi
- Add a dedicated right turn lane on southbound SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood Road
- Improve intersection at SW Avery Street and SW Teton Avenue - add southbound right turn pocket
- Add a signal at SW Avery and SW Teton
- Add a right turn lane from westbound SW Tuglatin-Sherwood Road to northbound SW 124th Avenue

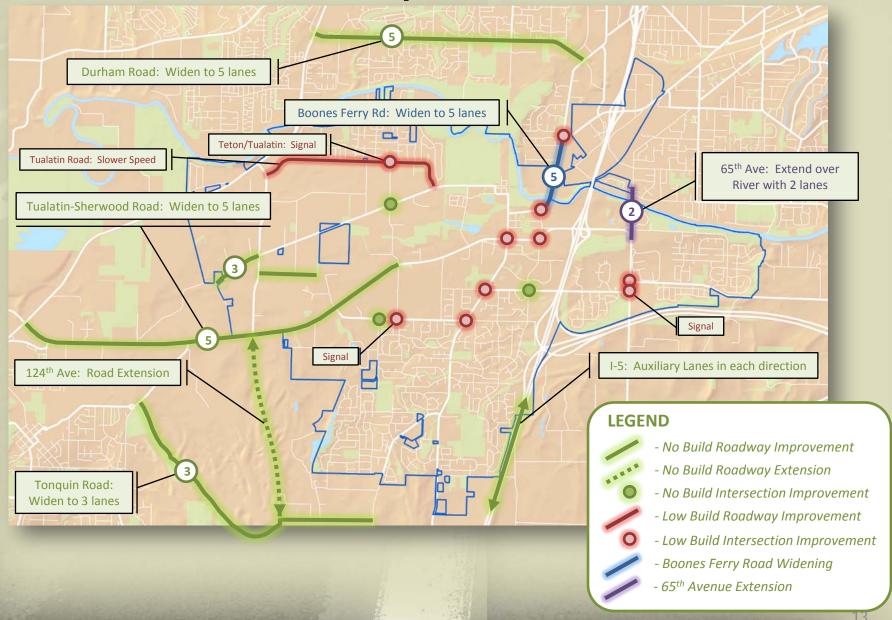
Roadway Changes

- 19 Create a grid system near Kmart upon redevelopment with a connection to SW Seneca Street
- Add bus pullouts on SW Boones Ferry Road at existing bus stops where possible

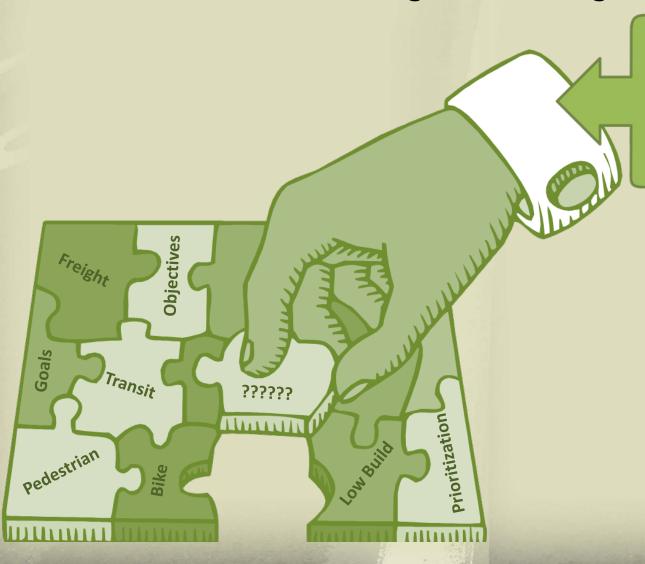
Teton Avenue and SW Cipole Road

- Upgrade SW Borland Road to roadway standards
- Add a center turn lane or median on SW Avery Street between SW Teton Avenue and SW Tualatin-Sherwood
- 32 Upgrade SW 105th/Blake Street/108th Avenues to roadway standards
- Upgrade SW Boones Ferry Road to a 3 lane cross section throughout.
- Upgrade Grahams Ferry Road to roadway standards
- Upgrade SW Helenius Road to roadway standards
- Upgrade SW Norwood Road to roadway standards
- Upgrade SW Tonguin Road between SW Waldo Way and SW Grahams Ferry Road

Future Potential Improvements

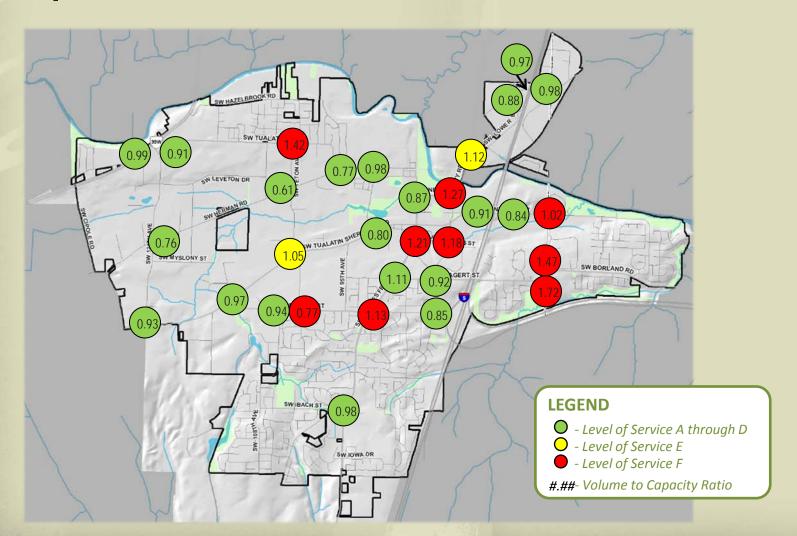


What we are looking for tonight

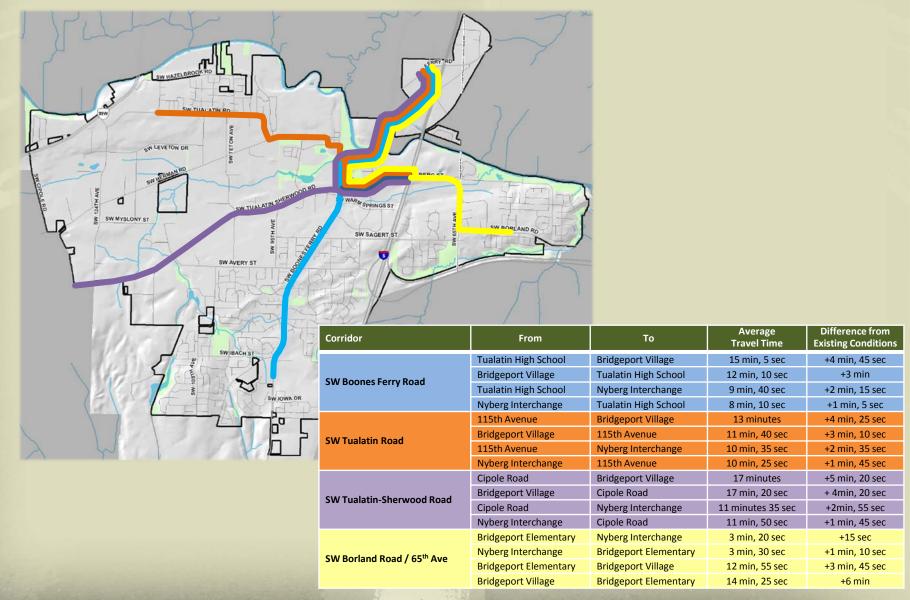


- Just Low Build
- 65th Avenue Extension
- Boones Ferry Road Widening
- 65th Avenue AND Boones
 Ferry Road Widening

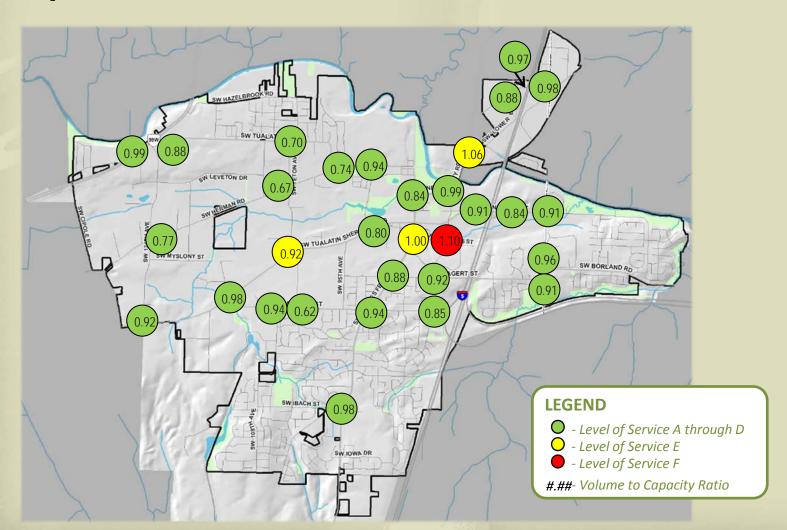
No-build Operations



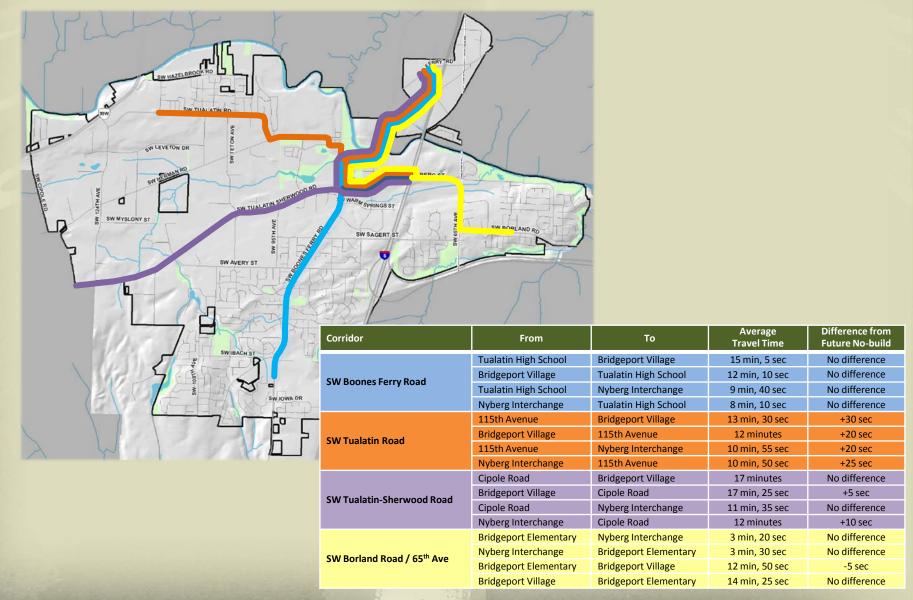
No-build Travel Times



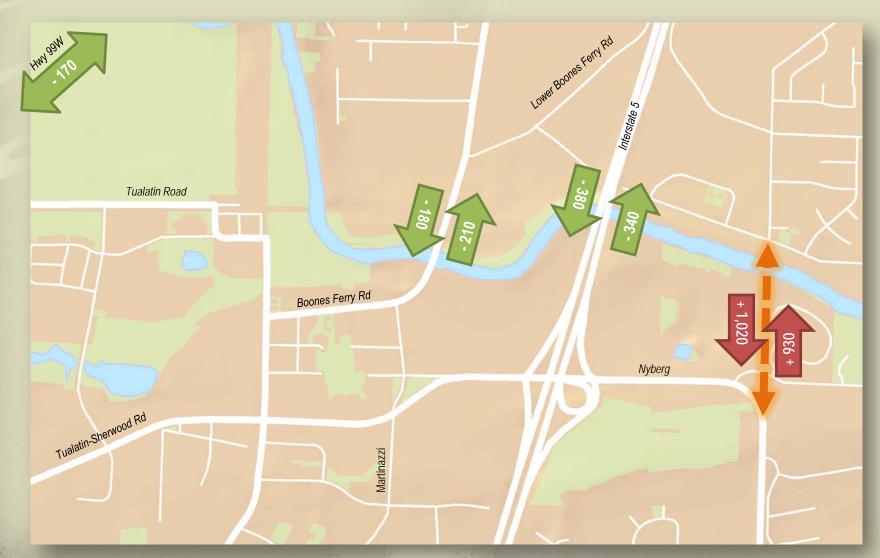
Low Build Operations



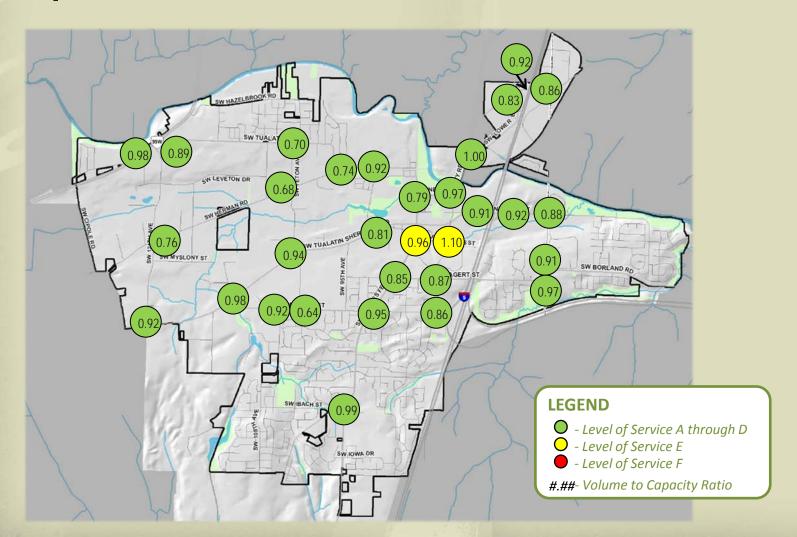
Low Build Travel Times



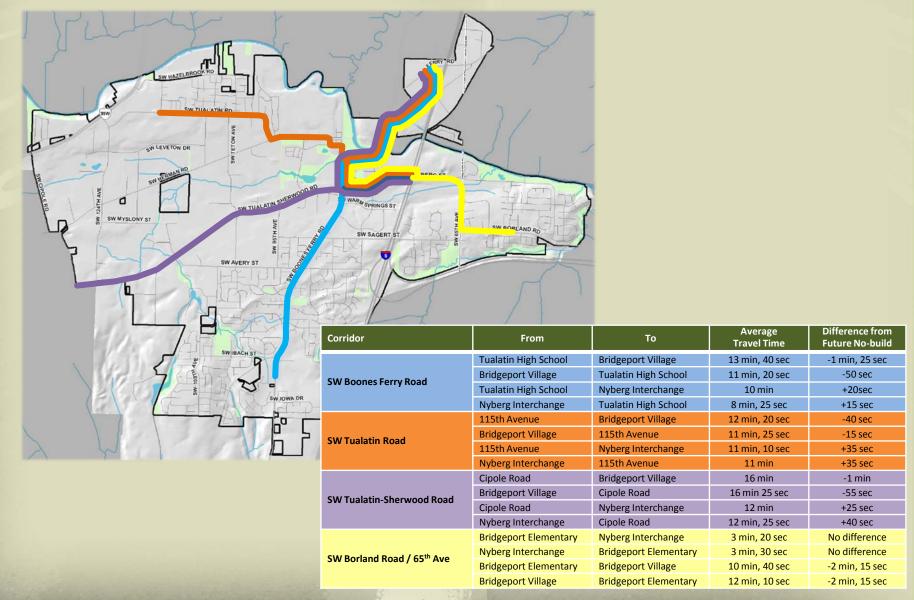
Low Build + 65th Ave Extension Volume Shifts



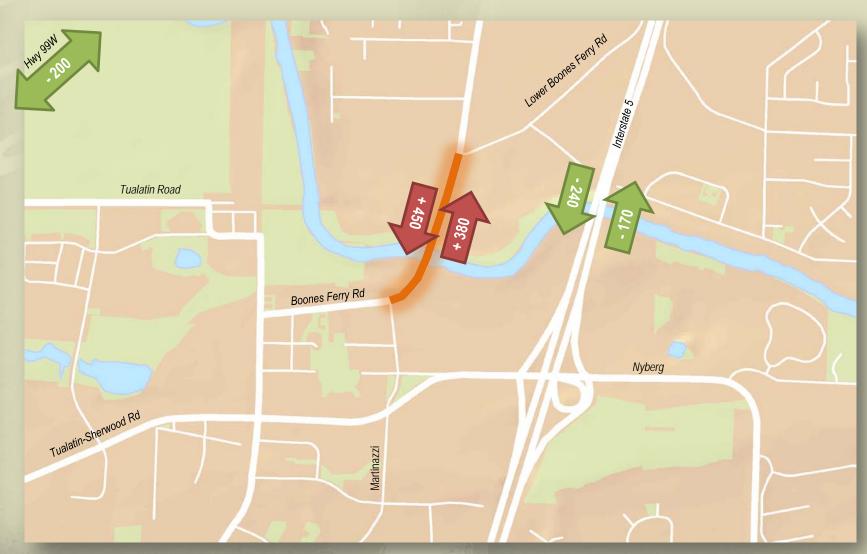
Low Build + 65th Ave Extension Operations



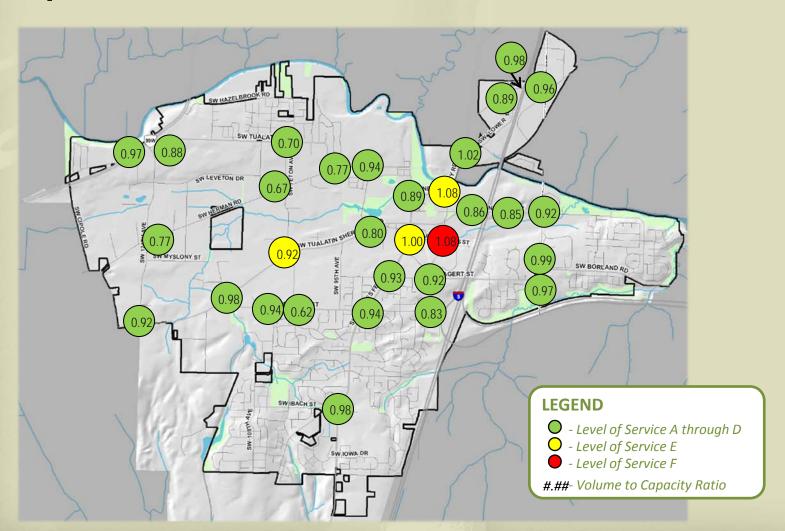
Low Build + 65th Ave Extension Travel Times



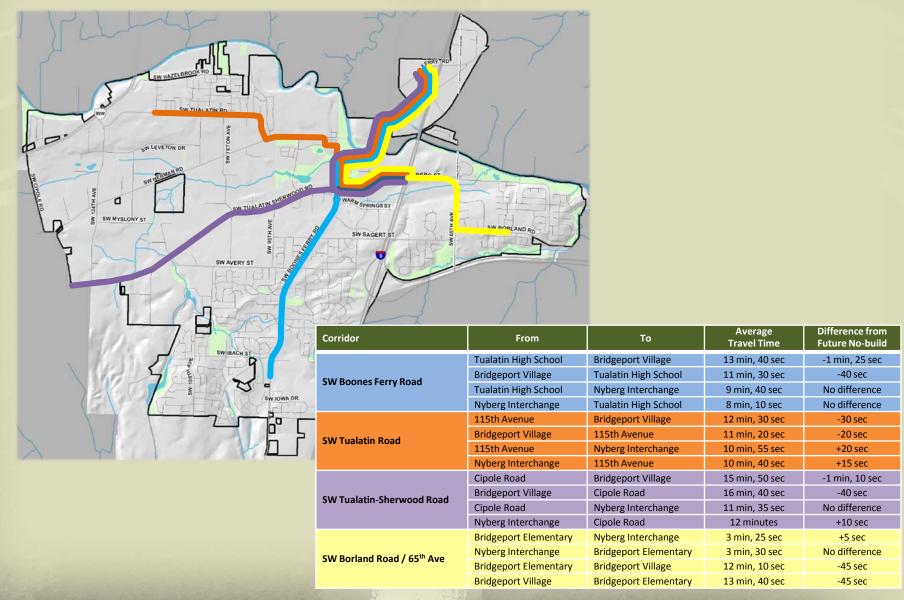
Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening Volume Shifts



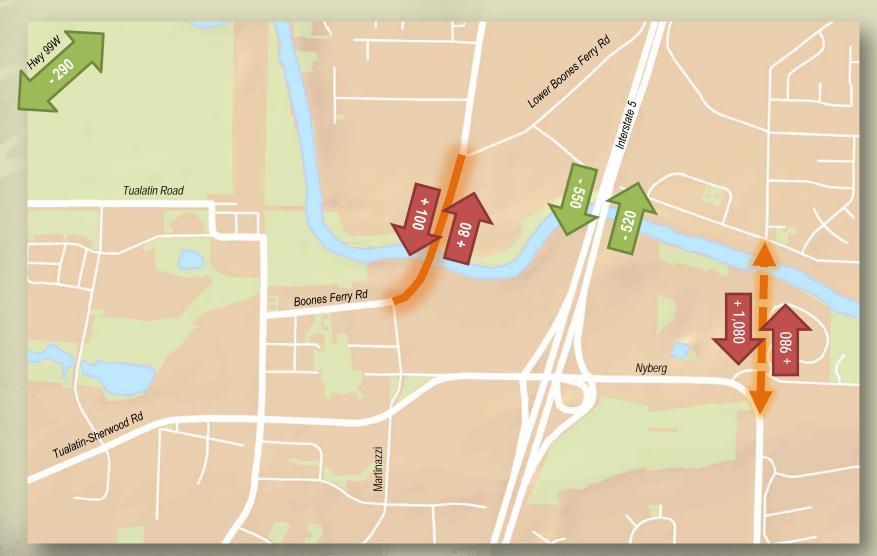
Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening Operations



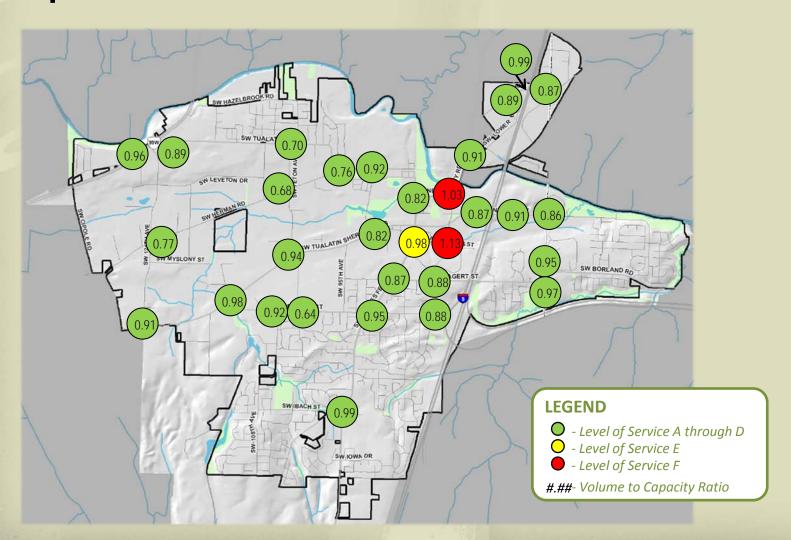
Low Build + Boones Ferry Road Widening Travel Times



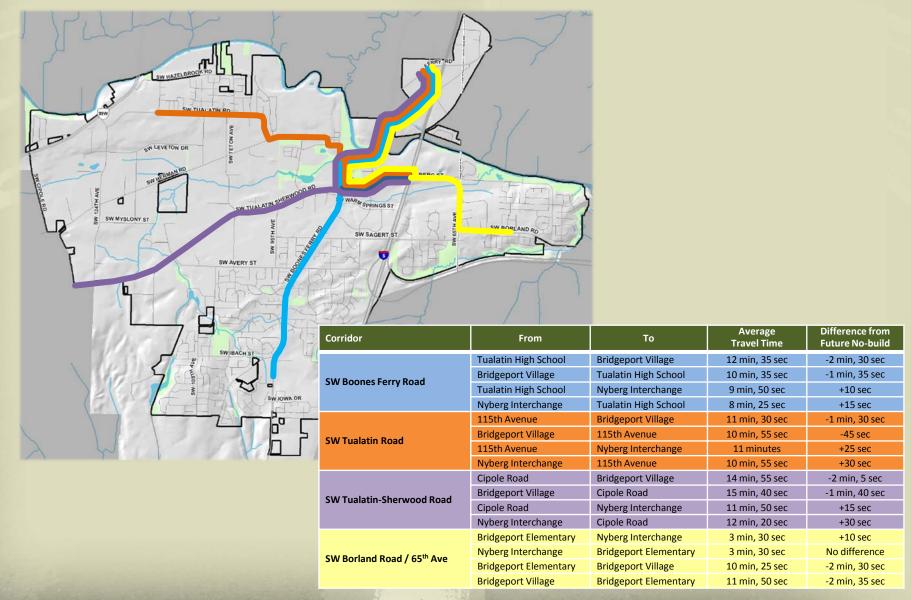
Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening Volume Shifts



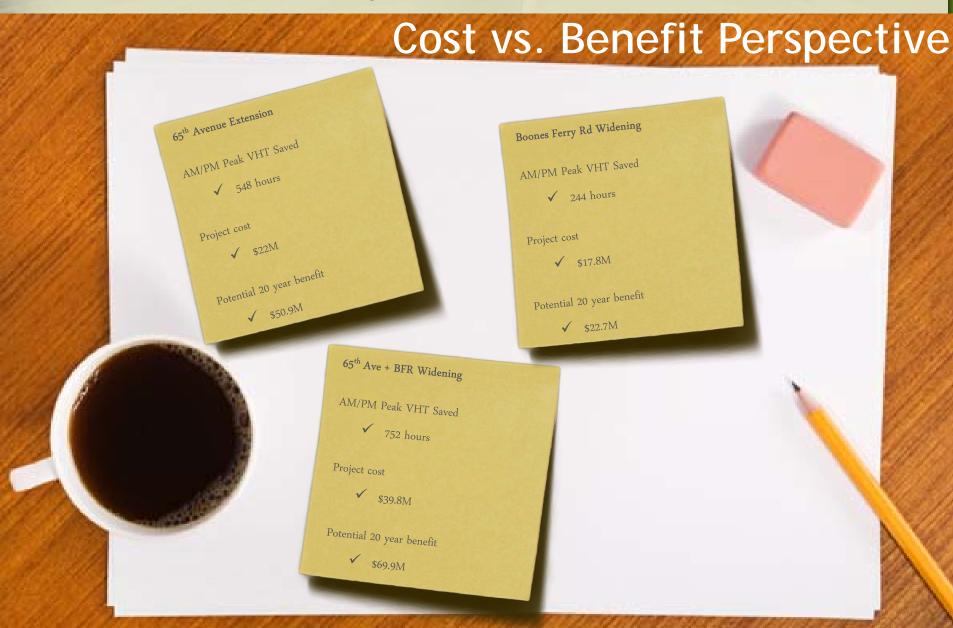
Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening Operations



Low Build + 65th Ave + BFR Widening Travel Times



How do these projects pencil out?



Summary of Operations and Travel Time Findings

- Tualatin becomes very congested in the future
- Low Build does a fair job of mitigating intersection operations, but minor travel time changes
- 65th Avenue extension pulls traffic from Boones Ferry Road and enhances that travel time
- Boones Ferry Road widening helps enhance travel times, but creates some intersection issues in downtown
- Combination of 65th Avenue and Boones Ferry Road widening enhances travel times in North Tualatin, but has similar downtown intersection issues

Technical Team Recommendation

- In addition to the Low Build projects, include:
 - Include Boones Ferry Road widening project from Martinazzi to Lower Boones Ferry Road
 - Include 65th Avenue extension as a <u>refinement plan</u> project
 - Establishes and acknowledges the need for improvements and connectivity in the area
 - Acknowledges the need to work collaboratively with surrounding jurisdictions
 - Identifies a project area that goes into deeper planning analysis to determine details

What happens if I hold up my "STOP" sign? STOP



- Project is recommended to not be included in the TSP
- Does not preclude project from being considered in future TSP updates
- Does not preserve the potential right-of-way

What happens if I hold up my "GO" sign?

- Project recommended to be included in the TSP
- Preserves potential right-of-way when new development comes to the table
- Additional study/coordination is necessary
- It will take a while for these projects to be built



Appendix H Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan

Figure 11-4: Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan



